



# wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 8, 2026 – 09:19 PM UTC

PDB ID : 4ABO / pdb\_00004abo  
EMDB ID : EMD-2005  
Title : Mal3 CH domain homology model and mammalian tubulin (2XRP) docked into the 8.6-Angstrom cryo-EM map of Mal3-GTPgammaS-microtubules  
Authors : Maurer, S.P.; Fourniol, F.J.; Bohner, G.; Moores, C.A.; Surrey, T.  
Deposited on : 2011-12-09  
Resolution : 8.60 Å(reported)  
Based on initial model : 2XRP

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

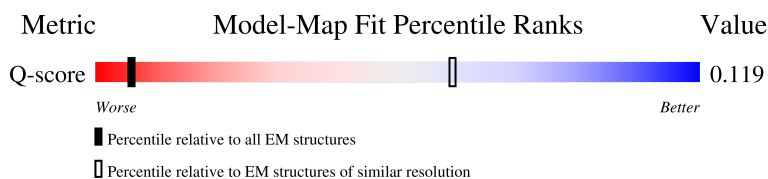
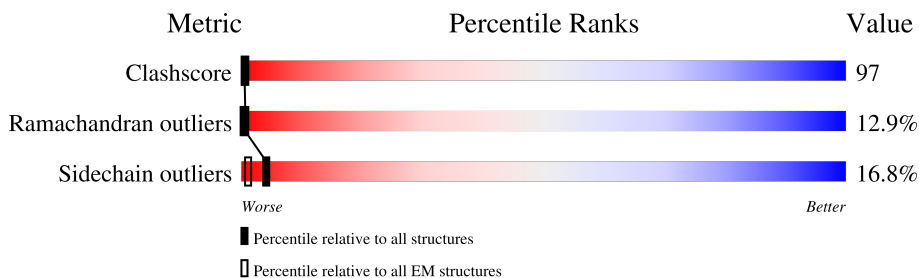
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132  
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)  
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0  
Buster-report : wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)  
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)  
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)  
MapQ : 1.9.13  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

# 1 Overall quality at a glance i

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  
*ELECTRON MICROSCOPY*

The reported resolution of this entry is 8.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	292 ( 8.10 - 9.10 )

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion  $< 40\%$ ). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	445	17% 55% 22% . .
1	C	445	16% 56% 22% . .
1	E	445	17% 56% 21% . .
1	G	445	16% 56% 22% . .

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
2	B	451	
2	D	451	
2	F	451	
2	H	451	
3	I	145	

## 2 Entry composition i

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 27996 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called TUBULIN BETA CHAIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	426	Total 3350	C 2105	N 574	O 646	S 25	0	0
1	C	426	Total 3350	C 2105	N 574	O 646	S 25	0	0
1	E	426	Total 3350	C 2105	N 574	O 646	S 25	0	0
1	G	426	Total 3350	C 2105	N 574	O 646	S 25	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called TUBULIN ALPHA-1A CHAIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	B	429	Total 3333	C 2114	N 568	O 630	S 21	0	0
2	D	429	Total 3333	C 2114	N 568	O 630	S 21	0	0
2	F	430	Total 3357	C 2125	N 571	O 640	S 21	0	1
2	H	429	Total 3333	C 2114	N 568	O 630	S 21	0	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called MICROTUBULE INTEGRITY PROTEIN MAL3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
3	I	118	Total 984	C 628	N 173	O 178	S 5	0	1

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

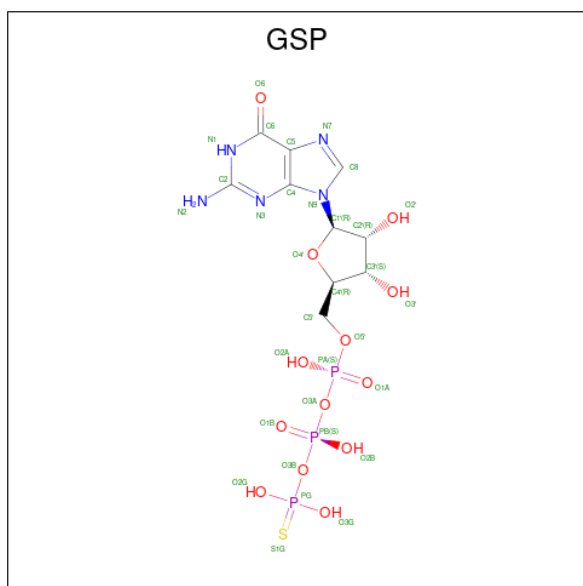
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
I	-2	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q10113
I	-1	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q10113
I	0	MET	-	expression tag	UNP Q10113

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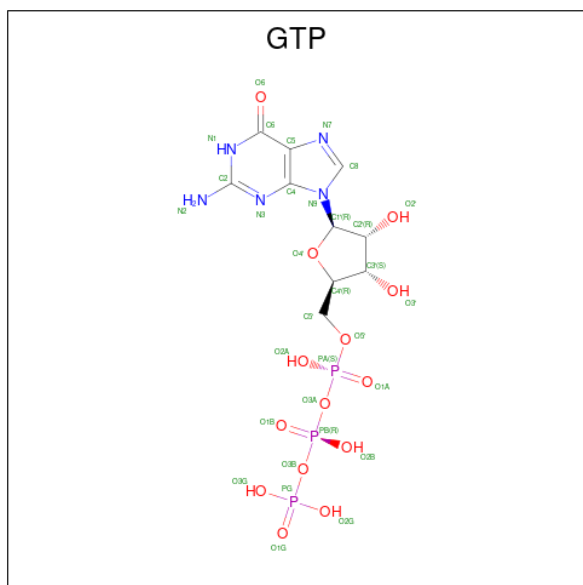
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
I	1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q10113

- Molecule 4 is 5'-GUANOSINE-DIPHOSPHATE-MONOTHIOPHOSPHATE (CCD ID: GSP) (formula: C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>13</sub>P<sub>3</sub>S).



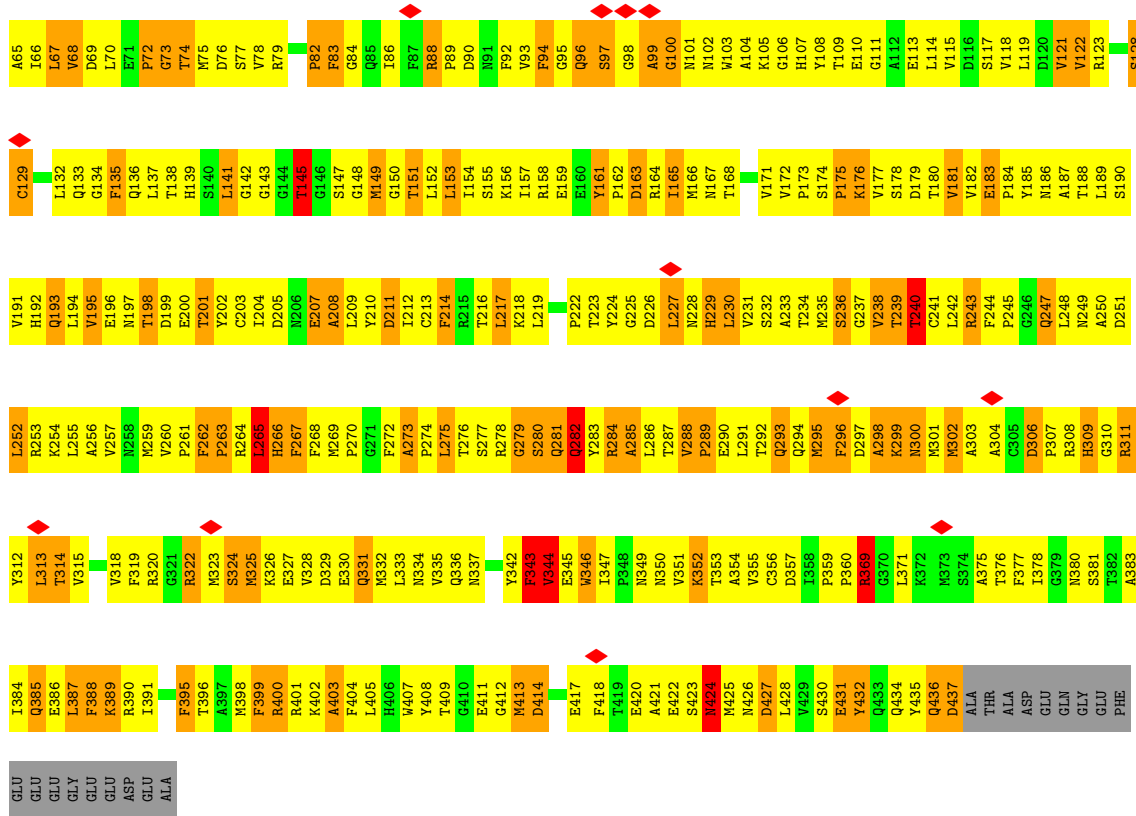
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	
			Total	C	N	O	P		S
4	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	S	0
			32	10	5	13	3	1	
4	C	1	Total	C	N	O	P	S	0
			32	10	5	13	3	1	
4	E	1	Total	C	N	O	P	S	0
			32	10	5	13	3	1	
4	G	1	Total	C	N	O	P	S	0
			32	10	5	13	3	1	

- Molecule 5 is GUANOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (CCD ID: GTP) (formula: C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>14</sub>P<sub>3</sub>).

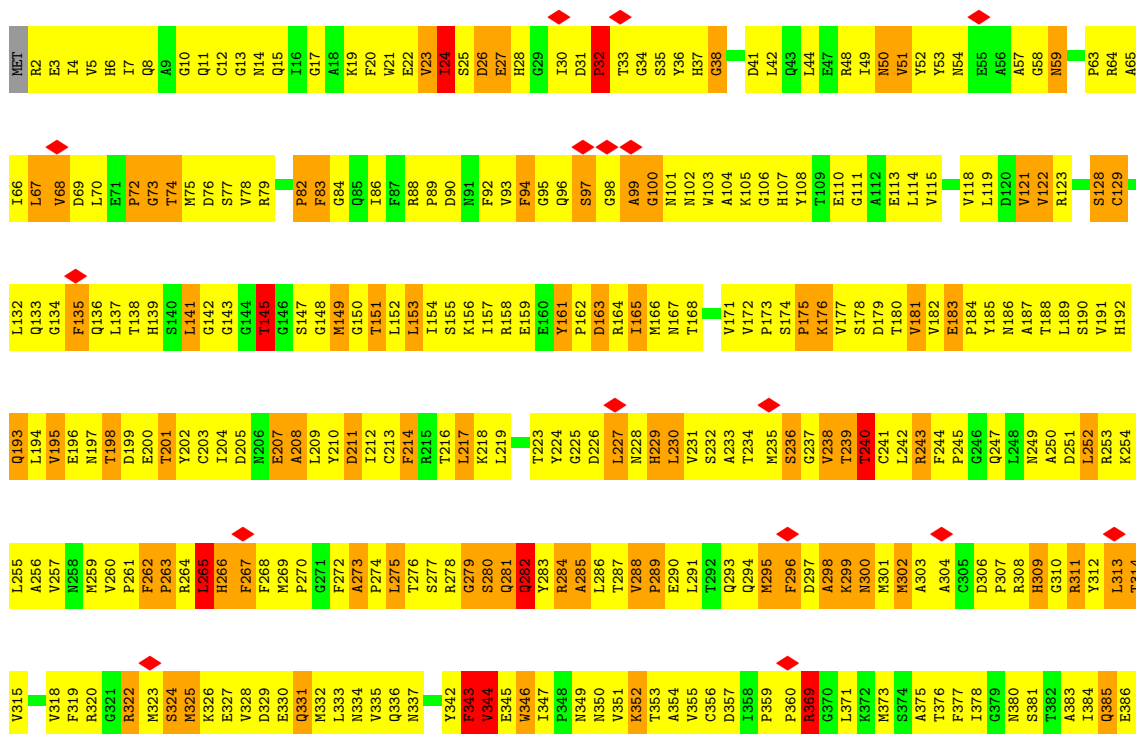
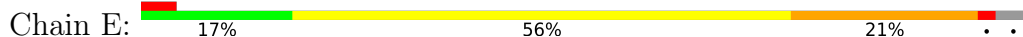


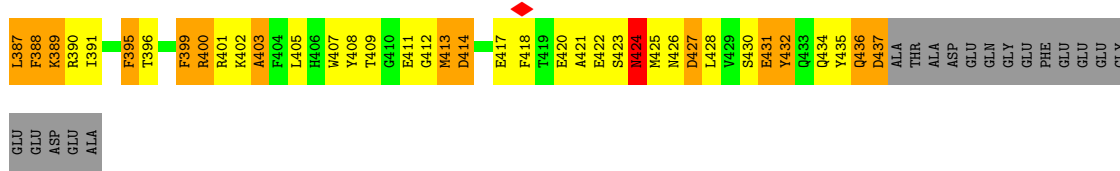
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	P	
5	B	1	Total 32	C 10	N 5	O 14	P 3	0
5	D	1	Total 32	C 10	N 5	O 14	P 3	0
5	F	1	Total 32	C 10	N 5	O 14	P 3	0
5	H	1	Total 32	C 10	N 5	O 14	P 3	0



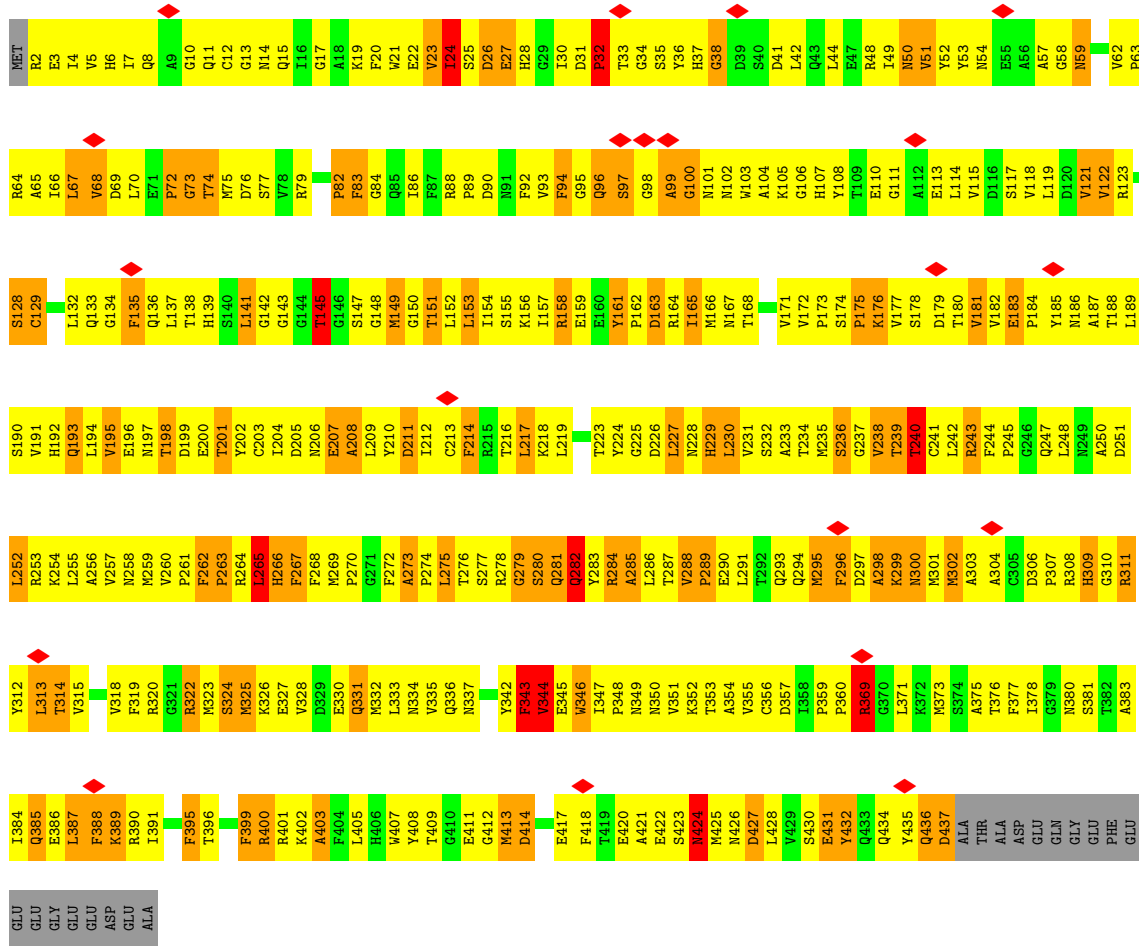
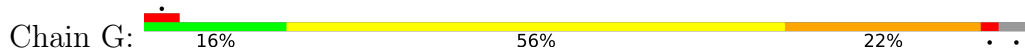


• Molecule 1: TUBULIN BETA CHAIN

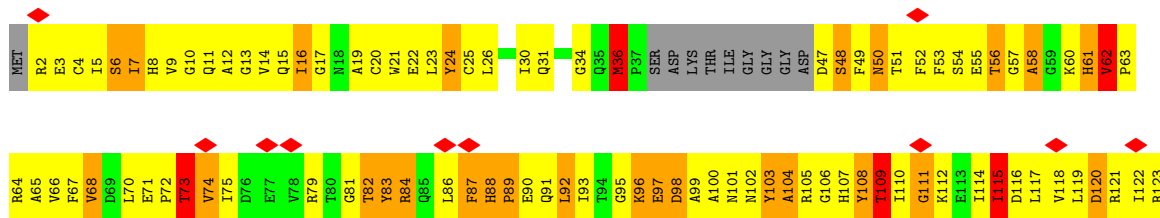
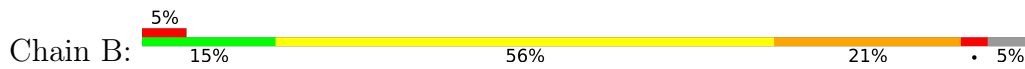




• Molecule 1: TUBULIN BETA CHAIN



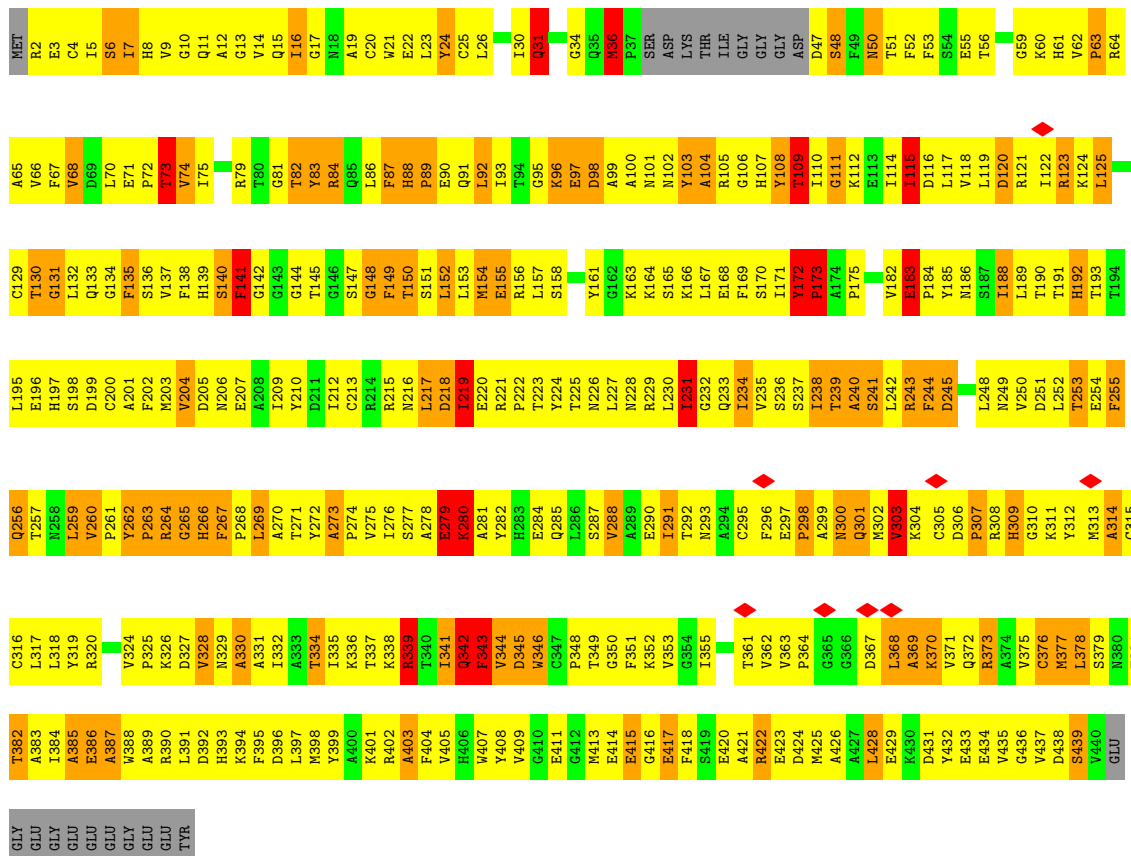
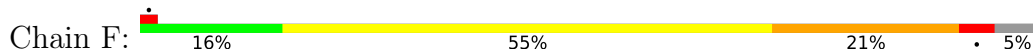
• Molecule 2: TUBULIN ALPHA-1A CHAIN



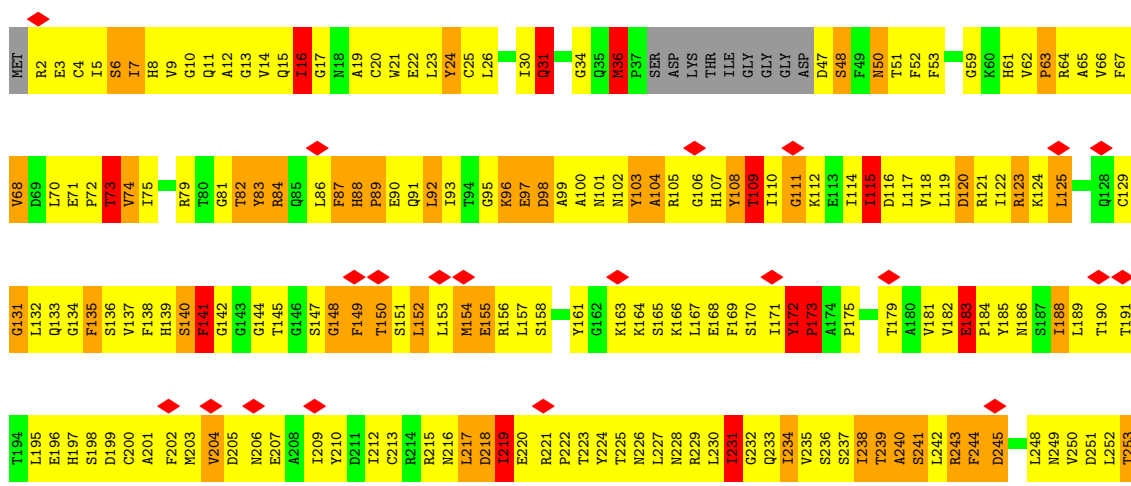
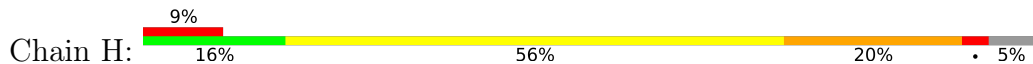


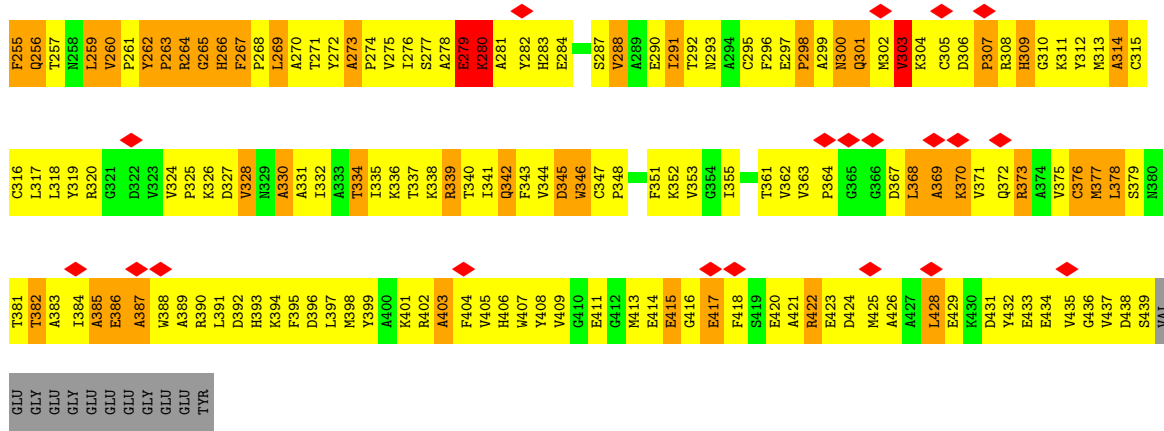
W437
D438
S439
VAL
GLU
GLY
GLU
GLU
GLU
GLU
GLU
TYR

• Molecule 2: TUBULIN ALPHA-1A CHAIN

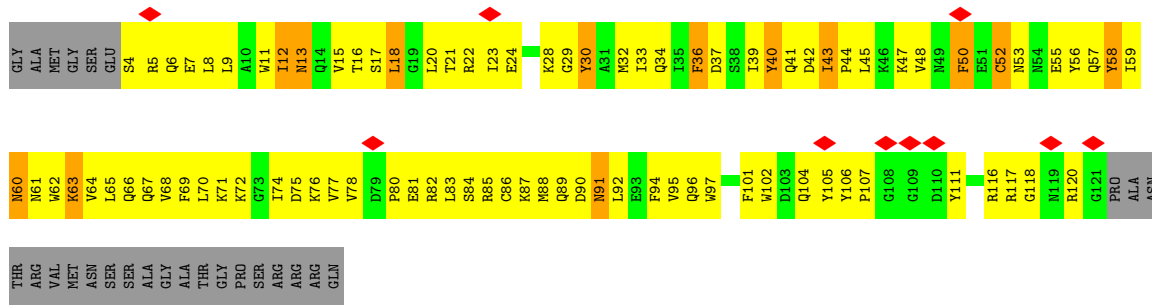
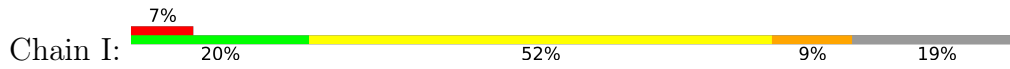


• Molecule 2: TUBULIN ALPHA-1A CHAIN





● Molecule 3: MICROTUBULE INTEGRITY PROTEIN MAL3



## 4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	HELICAL, twist=Not provided°, rise=Not provided Å, axial sym=Not provided	Depositor
Number of particles used	129000	Depositor
Resolution determination method	Not provided	
CTF correction method	FREALIGN	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TECNAI F20	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	200	Depositor
Electron dose ( $e^-/\text{Å}^2$ )	17	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	700	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	3600	Depositor
Magnification	68000	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN ULTRASCAN 4000 (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	8.564	Depositor
Minimum map value	-3.887	Depositor
Average map value	0.982	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	1.791	Depositor
Recommended contour level	1.9	Depositor
Map size (Å)	110.0, 110.0, 198.0	wwPDB
Map dimensions	50, 50, 90	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	2.2, 2.2, 2.2	Depositor

## 5 Model quality i

### 5.1 Standard geometry i

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GTP, GSP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.63	0/3425	1.11	22/4640 (0.5%)
1	C	0.63	0/3425	1.11	22/4640 (0.5%)
1	E	0.63	0/3425	1.11	23/4640 (0.5%)
1	G	0.63	0/3425	1.11	23/4640 (0.5%)
2	B	1.33	4/3409 (0.1%)	1.12	23/4627 (0.5%)
2	D	1.33	4/3409 (0.1%)	1.12	24/4627 (0.5%)
2	F	1.37	5/3433 (0.1%)	1.81	46/4659 (1.0%)
2	H	1.33	4/3409 (0.1%)	1.13	24/4627 (0.5%)
3	I	1.25	0/1006	1.56	16/1357 (1.2%)
All	All	1.06	17/28366 (0.1%)	1.24	223/38457 (0.6%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
2	F	0	3

The worst 5 of 17 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	D	92	LEU	C-N	52.12	1.98	1.33
2	H	92	LEU	C-N	52.09	1.98	1.33
2	B	92	LEU	C-N	52.05	1.98	1.33
2	F	92	LEU	C-N	51.97	1.98	1.33
2	B	298	PRO	C-N	35.87	1.73	1.33

The worst 5 of 223 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	F	346	TRP	CD2-CE2-CZ2	-57.70	64.70	122.40
2	F	439	SER	O-C-N	-56.64	32.38	123.00
2	F	346	TRP	CZ3-CH2-CZ2	-28.95	83.87	121.50
2	F	343	PHE	CA-CB-CG	-19.21	94.59	113.80
2	F	346	TRP	CE3-CZ3-CH2	-13.27	103.85	121.10

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	F	342	GLN	Peptide
2	F	345	ASP	Peptide
2	F	439	SER	Mainchain

## 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3350	0	3228	581	0
1	C	3350	0	3228	638	0
1	E	3350	0	3228	579	0
1	G	3350	0	3228	711	0
2	B	3333	0	3222	681	0
2	D	3333	0	3222	713	0
2	F	3357	0	3254	690	0
2	H	3333	0	3222	761	0
3	I	984	0	963	247	0
4	A	32	0	12	3	0
4	C	32	0	12	1	0
4	E	32	0	12	3	0
4	G	32	0	12	6	0
5	B	32	0	12	6	0
5	D	32	0	12	4	0
5	F	32	0	12	5	0
5	H	32	0	12	4	0
All	All	27996	0	26891	5345	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including

hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 97.

The worst 5 of 5345 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:G:257:VAL:HG21	2:H:407:TRP:CG	1.28	1.66
2:B:296:PHE:CE1	2:B:341:ILE:HD11	1.32	1.62
2:H:296:PHE:CE1	2:H:341:ILE:HD11	1.32	1.61
2:D:296:PHE:CE1	2:D:341:ILE:HD11	1.32	1.59
2:D:57:GLY:N	2:H:284:GLU:HG3	1.27	1.50

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [\(i\)](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	424/445 (95%)	274 (65%)	94 (22%)	56 (13%)	0	4
1	C	424/445 (95%)	274 (65%)	94 (22%)	56 (13%)	0	4
1	E	424/445 (95%)	273 (64%)	95 (22%)	56 (13%)	0	4
1	G	424/445 (95%)	274 (65%)	94 (22%)	56 (13%)	0	4
2	B	423/451 (94%)	279 (66%)	87 (21%)	57 (14%)	0	4
2	D	423/451 (94%)	281 (66%)	85 (20%)	57 (14%)	0	4
2	F	424/451 (94%)	283 (67%)	86 (20%)	55 (13%)	0	4
2	H	423/451 (94%)	278 (66%)	88 (21%)	57 (14%)	0	4
3	I	116/145 (80%)	112 (97%)	3 (3%)	1 (1%)	14	51
All	All	3505/3729 (94%)	2328 (66%)	726 (21%)	451 (13%)	0	4

5 of 451 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	23	VAL
1	A	24	ILE
1	A	32	PRO
1	A	50	ASN
1	A	82	PRO

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	366/381 (96%)	305 (83%)	61 (17%)	2	10
1	C	366/381 (96%)	306 (84%)	60 (16%)	2	10
1	E	366/381 (96%)	306 (84%)	60 (16%)	2	10
1	G	366/381 (96%)	306 (84%)	60 (16%)	2	10
2	B	353/377 (94%)	287 (81%)	66 (19%)	1	8
2	D	353/377 (94%)	288 (82%)	65 (18%)	1	8
2	F	360/377 (96%)	295 (82%)	65 (18%)	2	9
2	H	353/377 (94%)	289 (82%)	64 (18%)	2	9
3	I	105/124 (85%)	103 (98%)	2 (2%)	50	67
All	All	2988/3156 (95%)	2485 (83%)	503 (17%)	4	10

5 of 503 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	D	279	GLU
2	H	48	SER
1	E	265	LEU
2	H	7	ILE
2	H	234	ILE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 144 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	G	282	GLN
3	I	67	GLN
1	G	337	ASN
2	H	101	ASN
1	C	334	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

8 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	GSP	C	1438	-	33,34,34	1.77	5 (15%)	47,54,54	1.51	8 (17%)
5	GTP	D	500	-	33,34,34	1.91	4 (12%)	50,54,54	1.04	5 (10%)
5	GTP	H	500	-	33,34,34	1.90	4 (12%)	50,54,54	1.03	5 (10%)
4	GSP	E	1438	-	33,34,34	1.77	5 (15%)	47,54,54	1.51	8 (17%)
4	GSP	G	1438	-	33,34,34	1.77	5 (15%)	47,54,54	1.51	8 (17%)
5	GTP	B	500	-	33,34,34	2.04	5 (15%)	50,54,54	1.37	6 (12%)
5	GTP	F	500	-	33,34,34	1.91	4 (12%)	50,54,54	1.03	5 (10%)
4	GSP	A	1438	-	33,34,34	1.77	5 (15%)	47,54,54	1.51	8 (17%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	GSP	C	1438	-	-	3/21/38/38	0/3/3/3
5	GTP	D	500	-	-	3/22/38/38	0/3/3/3
5	GTP	H	500	-	-	3/22/38/38	0/3/3/3
4	GSP	E	1438	-	-	3/21/38/38	0/3/3/3
4	GSP	G	1438	-	-	3/21/38/38	0/3/3/3
5	GTP	B	500	-	-	3/22/38/38	0/3/3/3
5	GTP	F	500	-	-	3/22/38/38	0/3/3/3
4	GSP	A	1438	-	-	3/21/38/38	0/3/3/3

The worst 5 of 37 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	A	1438	GSP	PB-O3B	6.76	1.66	1.59
4	E	1438	GSP	PB-O3B	6.74	1.66	1.59
4	C	1438	GSP	PB-O3B	6.72	1.66	1.59
4	G	1438	GSP	PB-O3B	6.68	1.66	1.59
5	D	500	GTP	PA-O3A	-5.96	1.53	1.59

The worst 5 of 53 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	B	500	GTP	O2G-PG-O3B	5.05	121.56	104.64
4	G	1438	GSP	O2B-PB-O3B	4.47	119.36	107.27
4	A	1438	GSP	O2B-PB-O3B	4.46	119.33	107.27
4	E	1438	GSP	O2B-PB-O3B	4.46	119.32	107.27
4	C	1438	GSP	O2B-PB-O3B	4.45	119.30	107.27

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 24 torsion outliers are listed below:

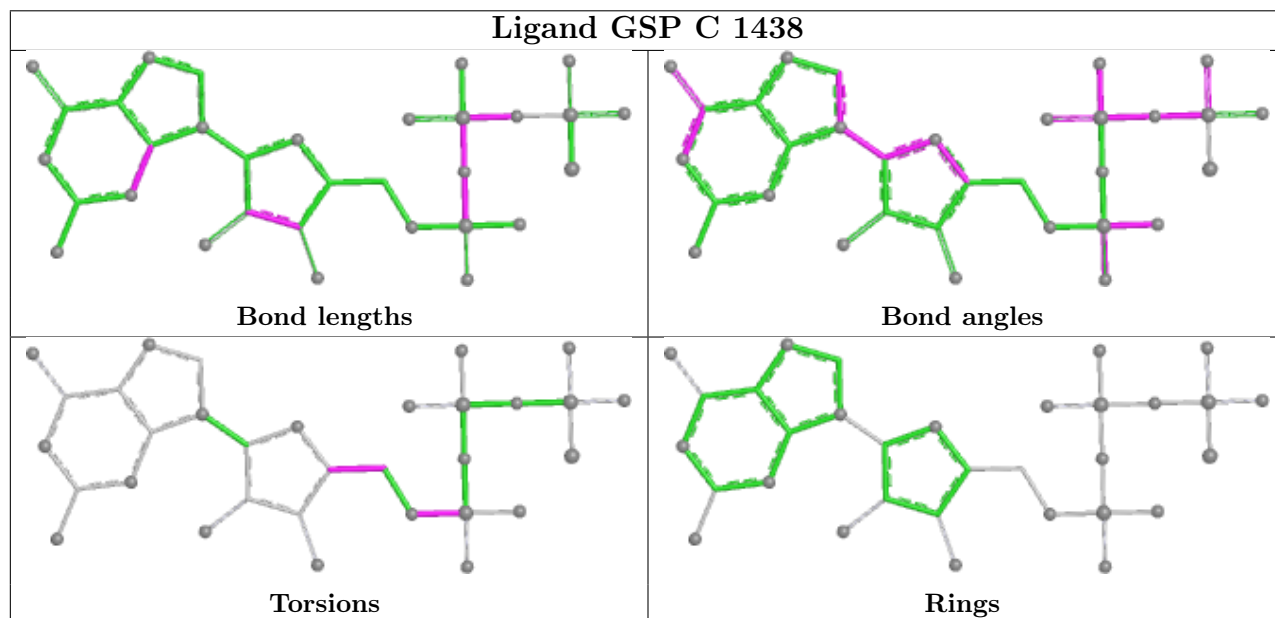
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	1438	GSP	C5'-O5'-PA-O2A
4	A	1438	GSP	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'
4	C	1438	GSP	C5'-O5'-PA-O2A
4	C	1438	GSP	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'
4	E	1438	GSP	C5'-O5'-PA-O2A

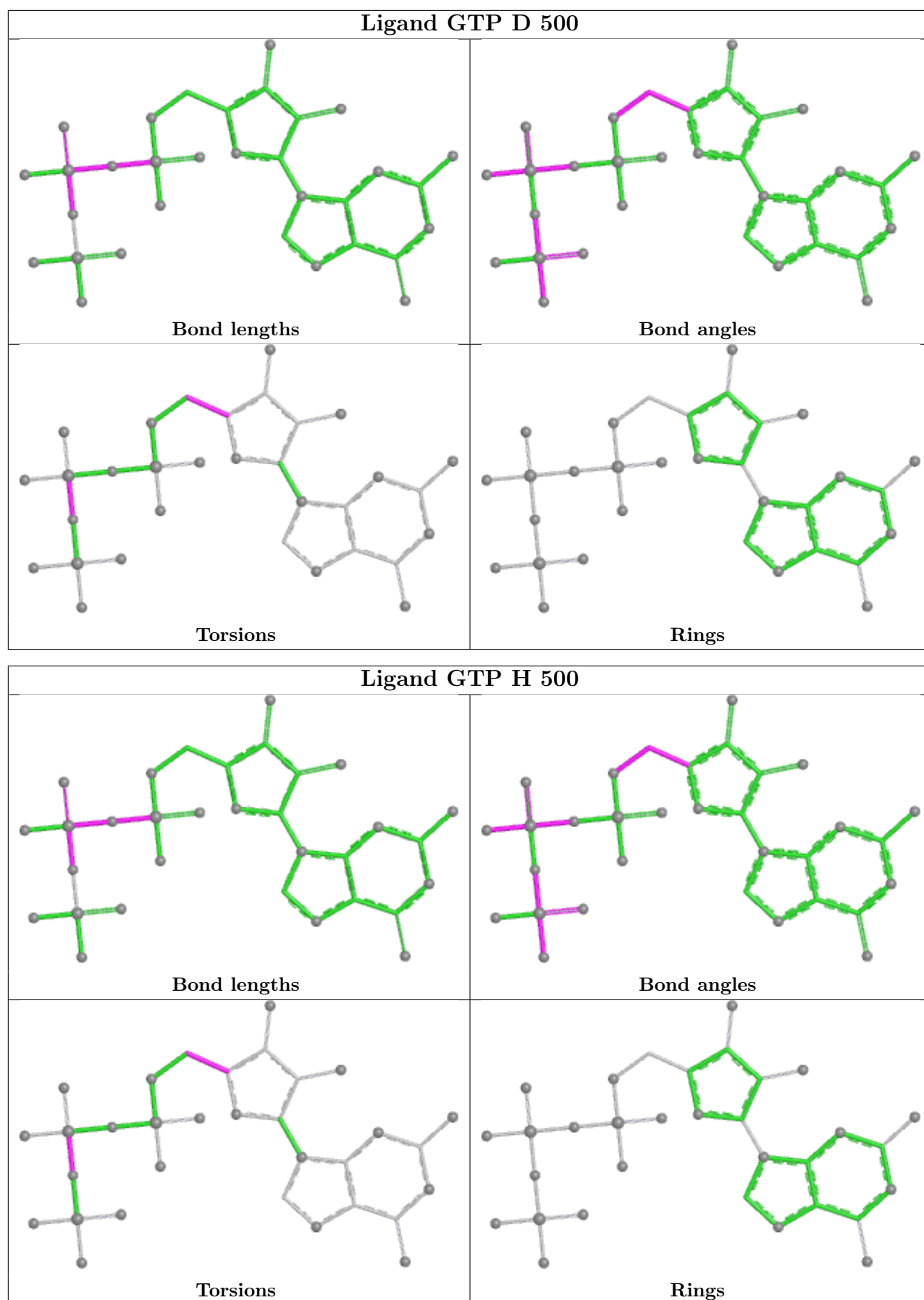
There are no ring outliers.

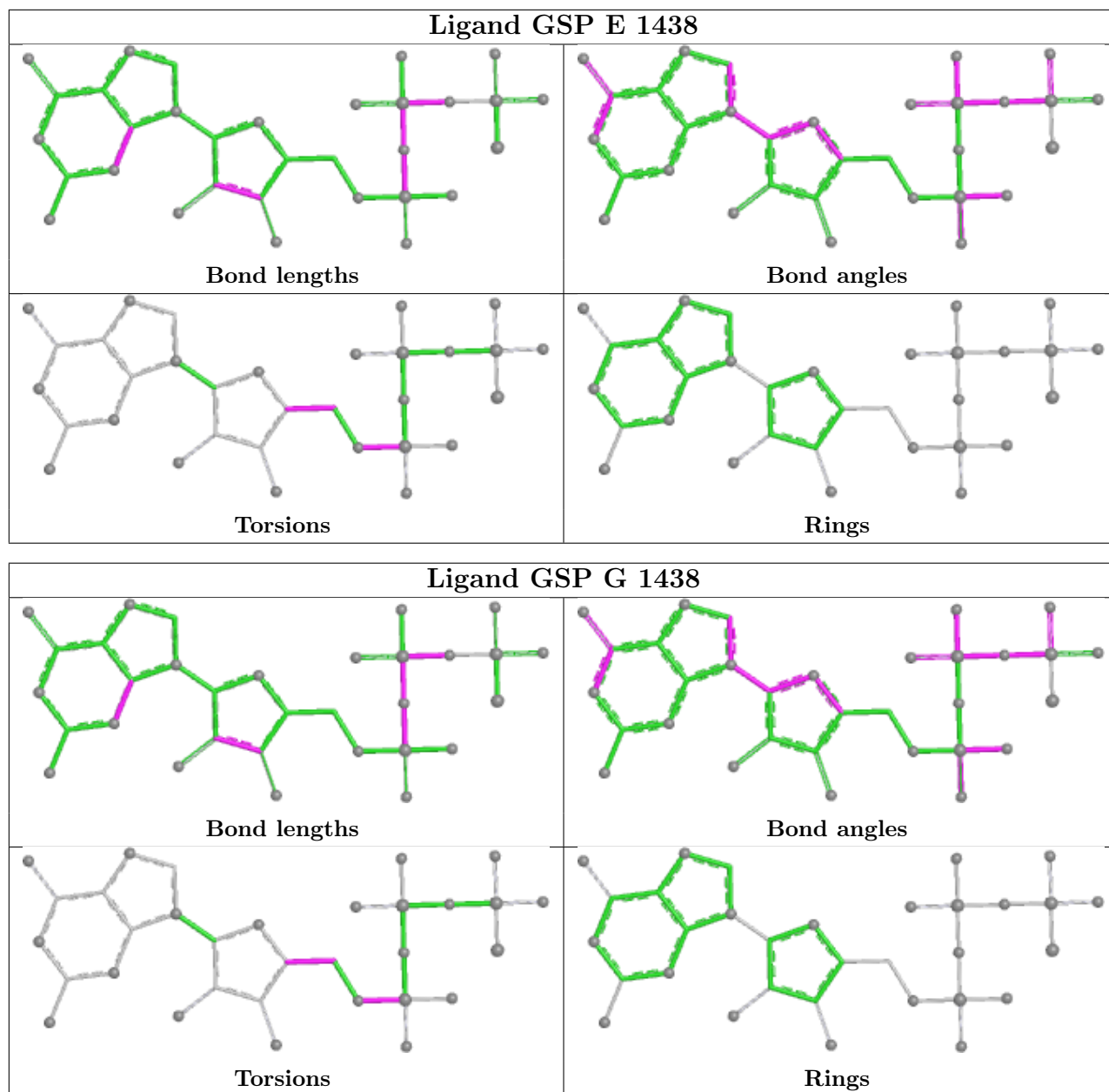
8 monomers are involved in 32 short contacts:

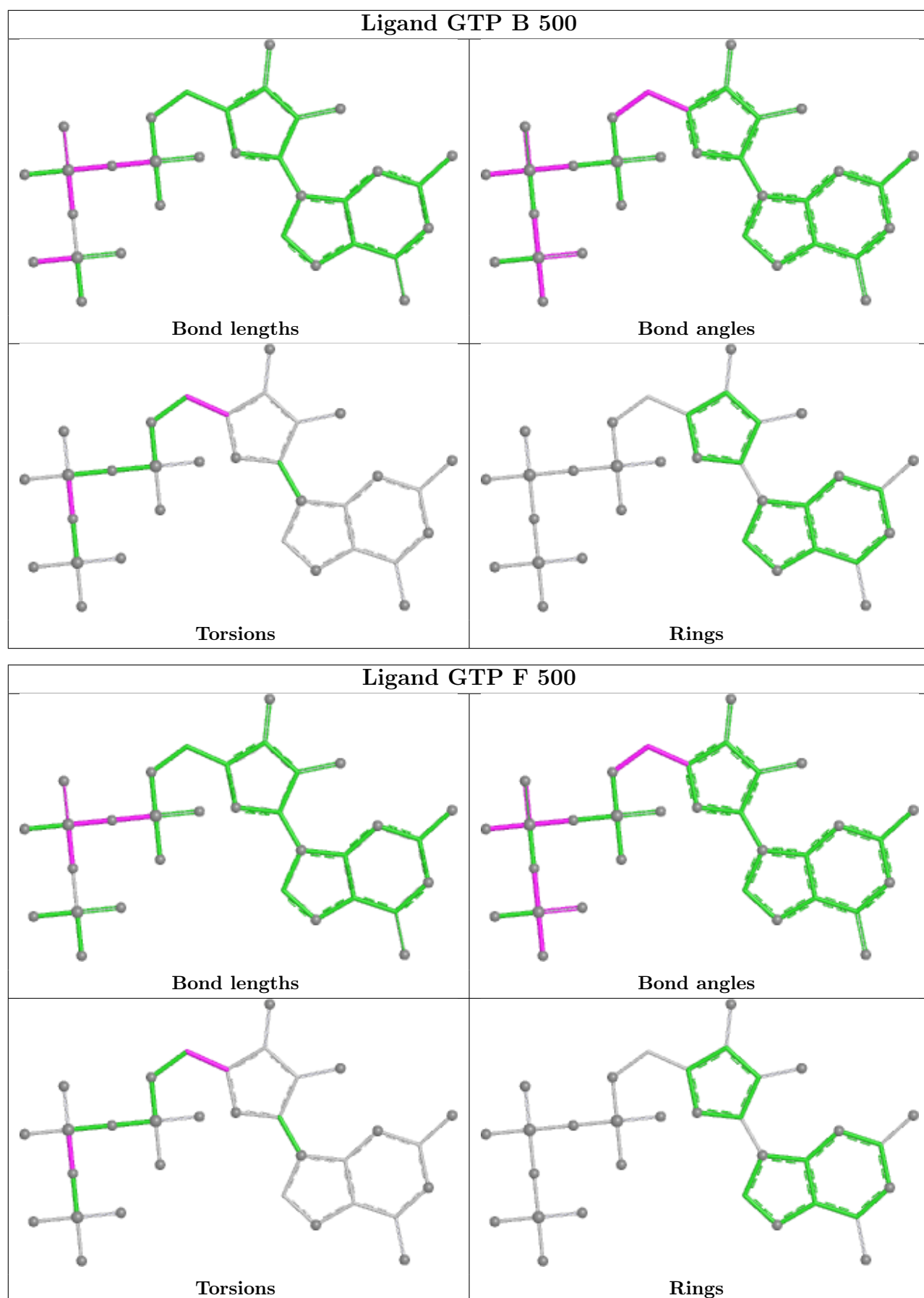
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	C	1438	GSP	1	0
5	D	500	GTP	4	0
5	H	500	GTP	4	0
4	E	1438	GSP	3	0
4	G	1438	GSP	6	0
5	B	500	GTP	6	0
5	F	500	GTP	5	0
4	A	1438	GSP	3	0

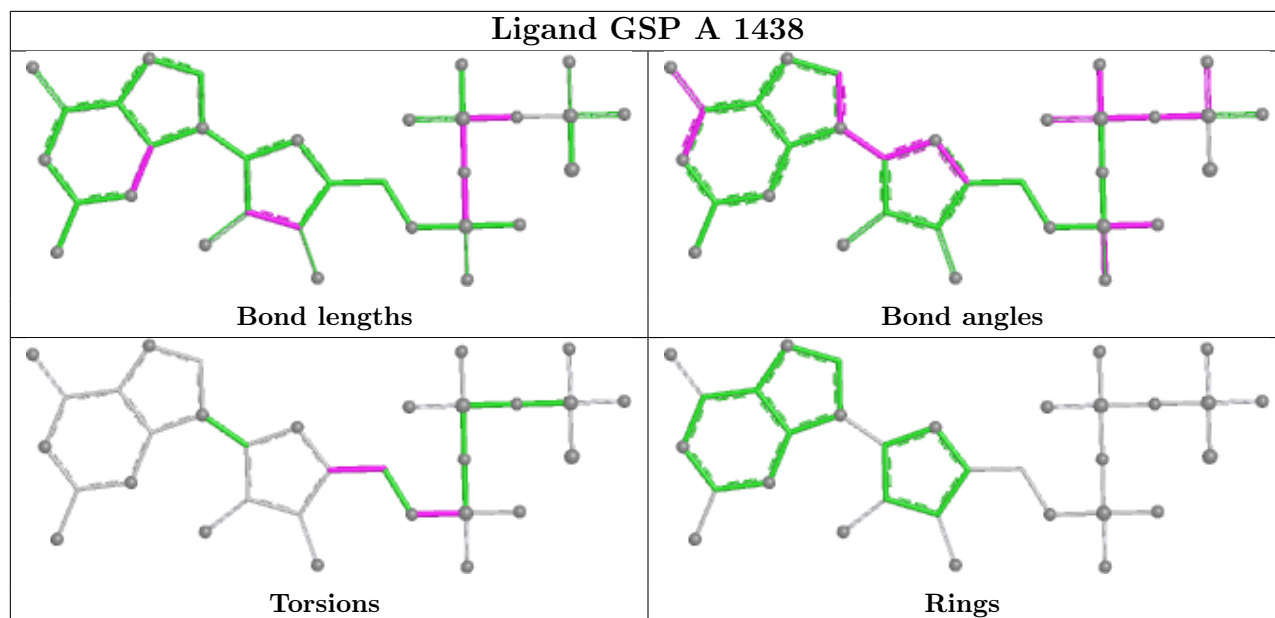
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.











## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

The following chains have linkage breaks:

Mol	Chain	Number of breaks
2	B	4
2	D	4
2	F	4
2	H	4

The worst 5 of 16 chain breaks are listed below:

Model	Chain	Residue-1	Atom-1	Residue-2	Atom-2	Distance (Å)
1	B	274:PRO	C	275:VAL	N	2.09
1	D	274:PRO	C	275:VAL	N	2.09
1	F	274:PRO	C	275:VAL	N	2.09
1	H	274:PRO	C	275:VAL	N	2.09
1	B	92:LEU	C	93:ILE	N	1.98

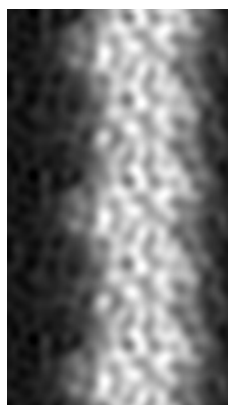
## 6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-2005. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

### 6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

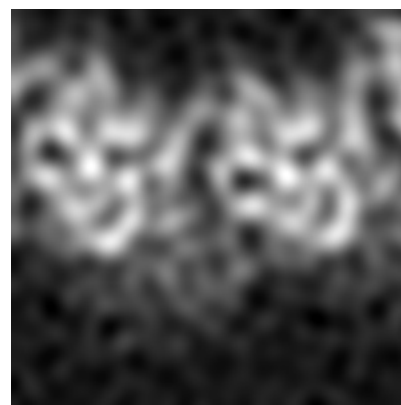
#### 6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

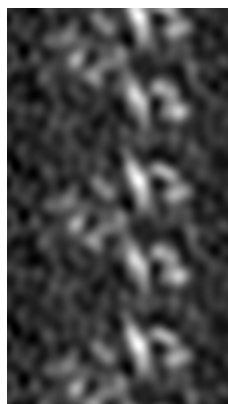


Z

The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

### 6.2 Central slices [i](#)

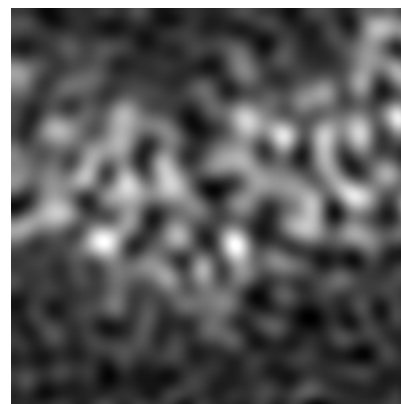
#### 6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 25



Y Index: 25

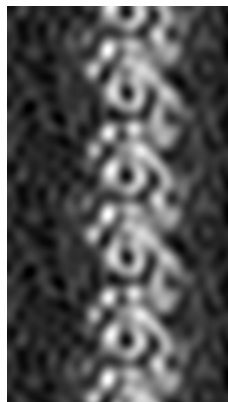


Z Index: 45

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.3 Largest variance slices [\(i\)](#)

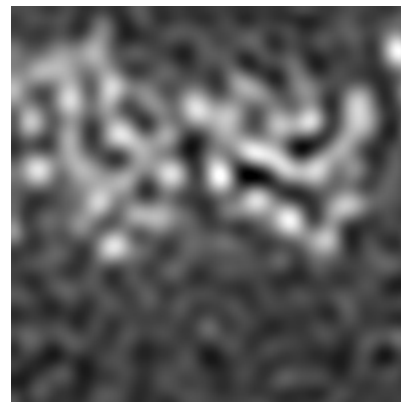
### 6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 34



Y Index: 24

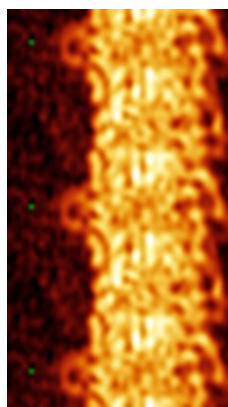


Z Index: 52

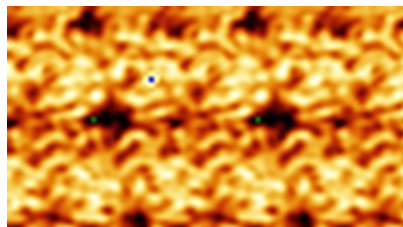
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [\(i\)](#)

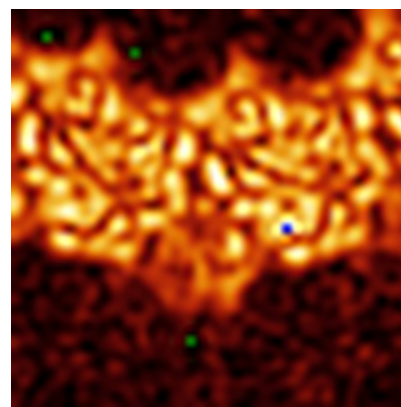
### 6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

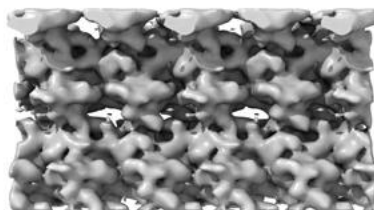
The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

## 6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

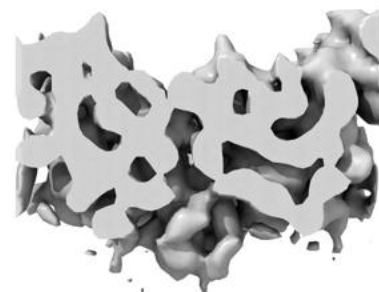
### 6.5.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 1.9. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

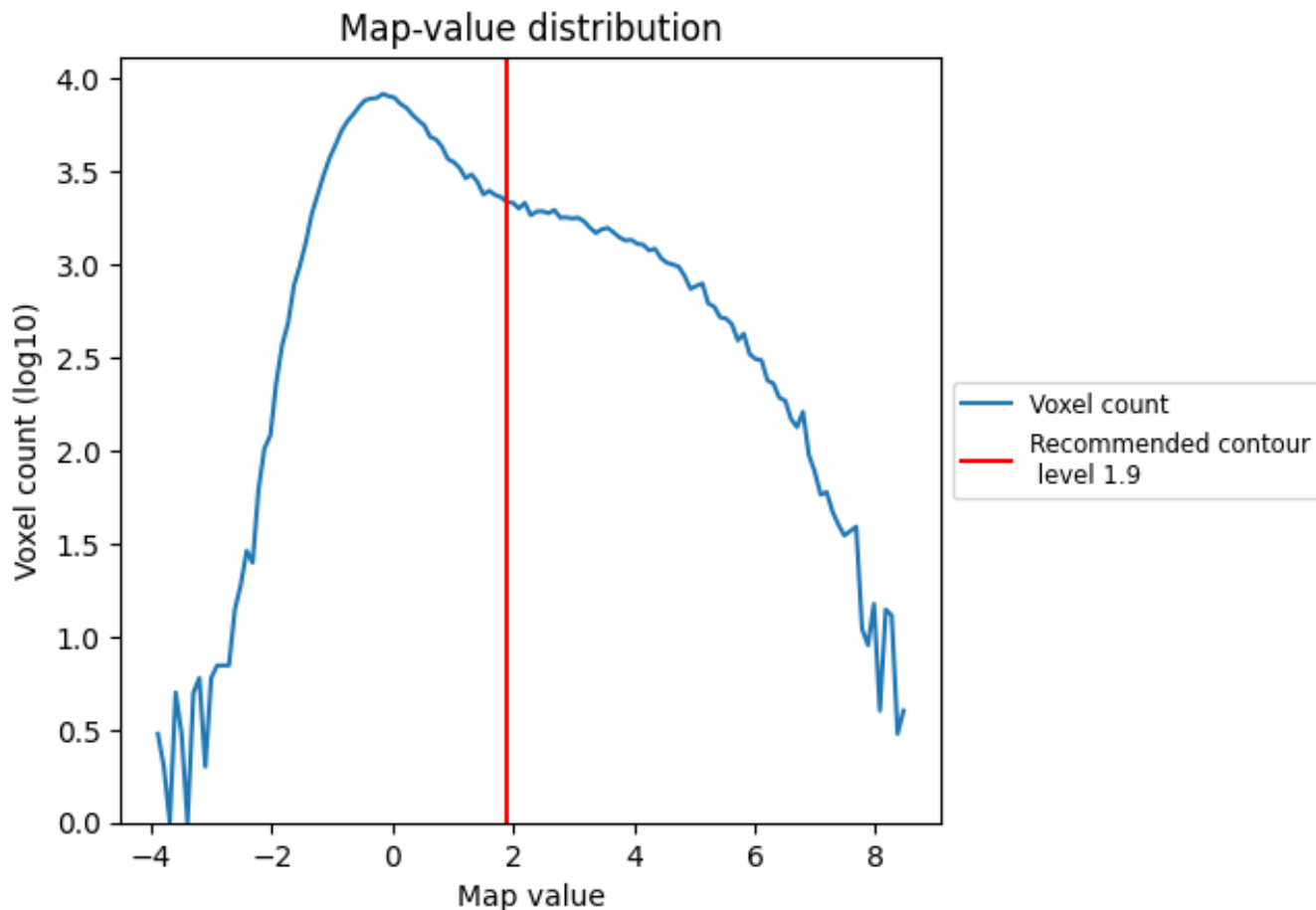
## 6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

## 7 Map analysis [i](#)

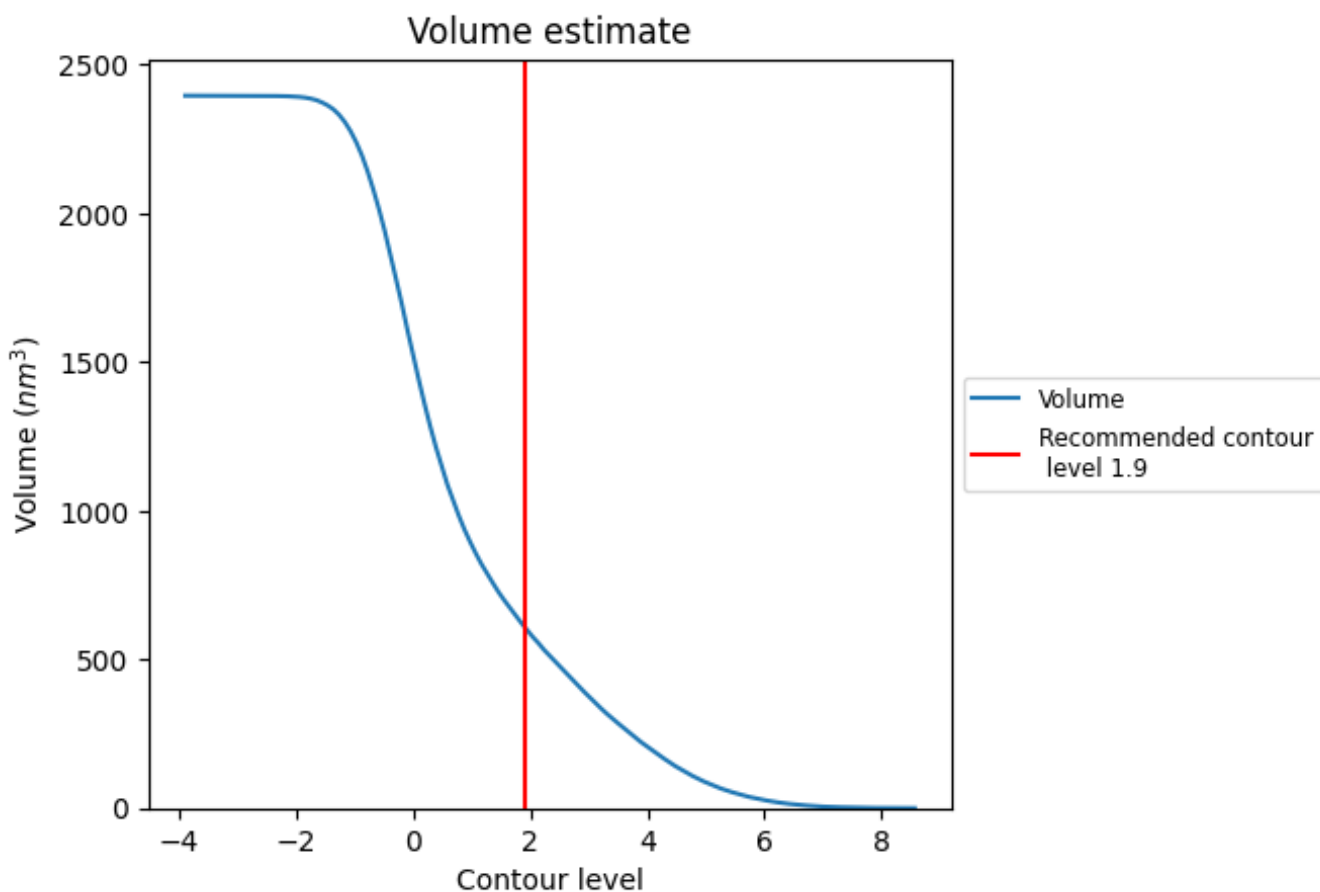
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

### 7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

## 7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 611 nm<sup>3</sup>; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 552 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

## 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [i](#)

This section was not generated. The rotationally averaged power spectrum is only generated for cubic maps.

## 8 Fourier-Shell correlation

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

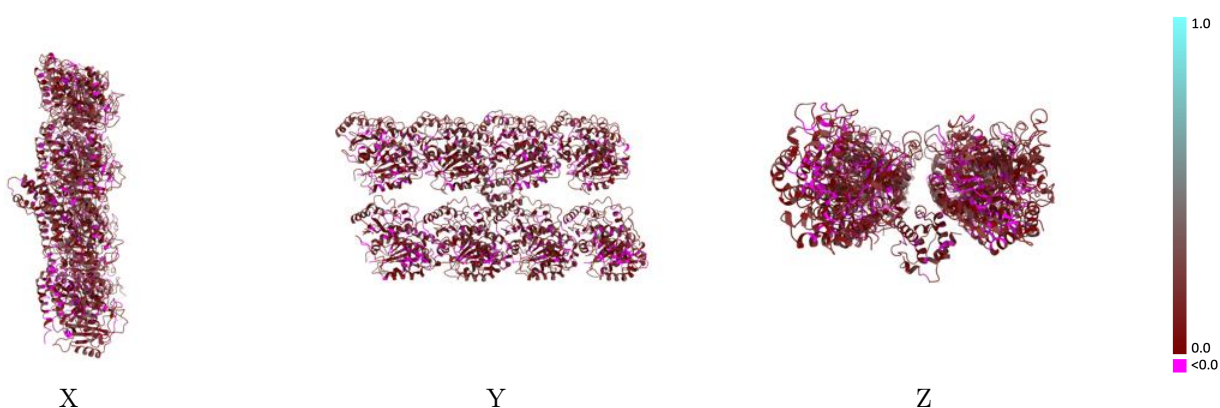
## 9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-2005 and PDB model 4ABO. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 7.

### 9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)

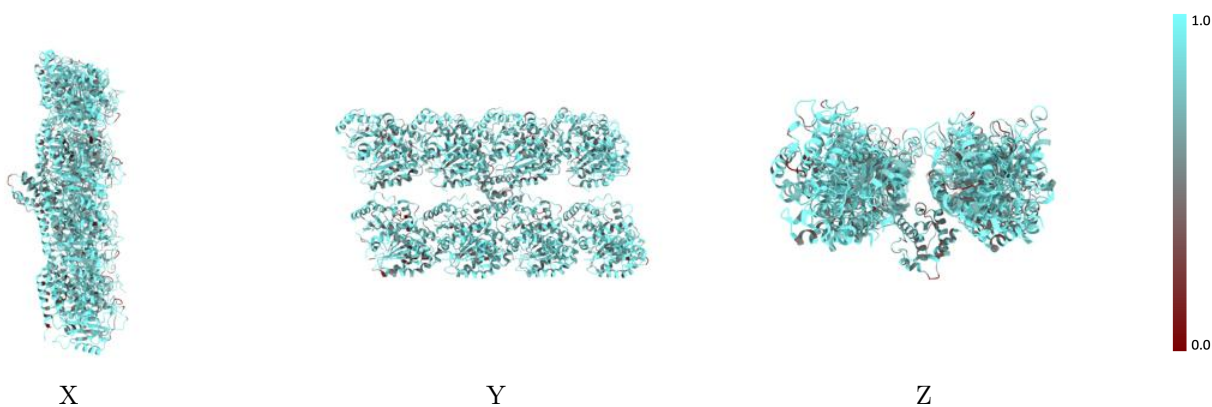
This section was not generated.

### 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



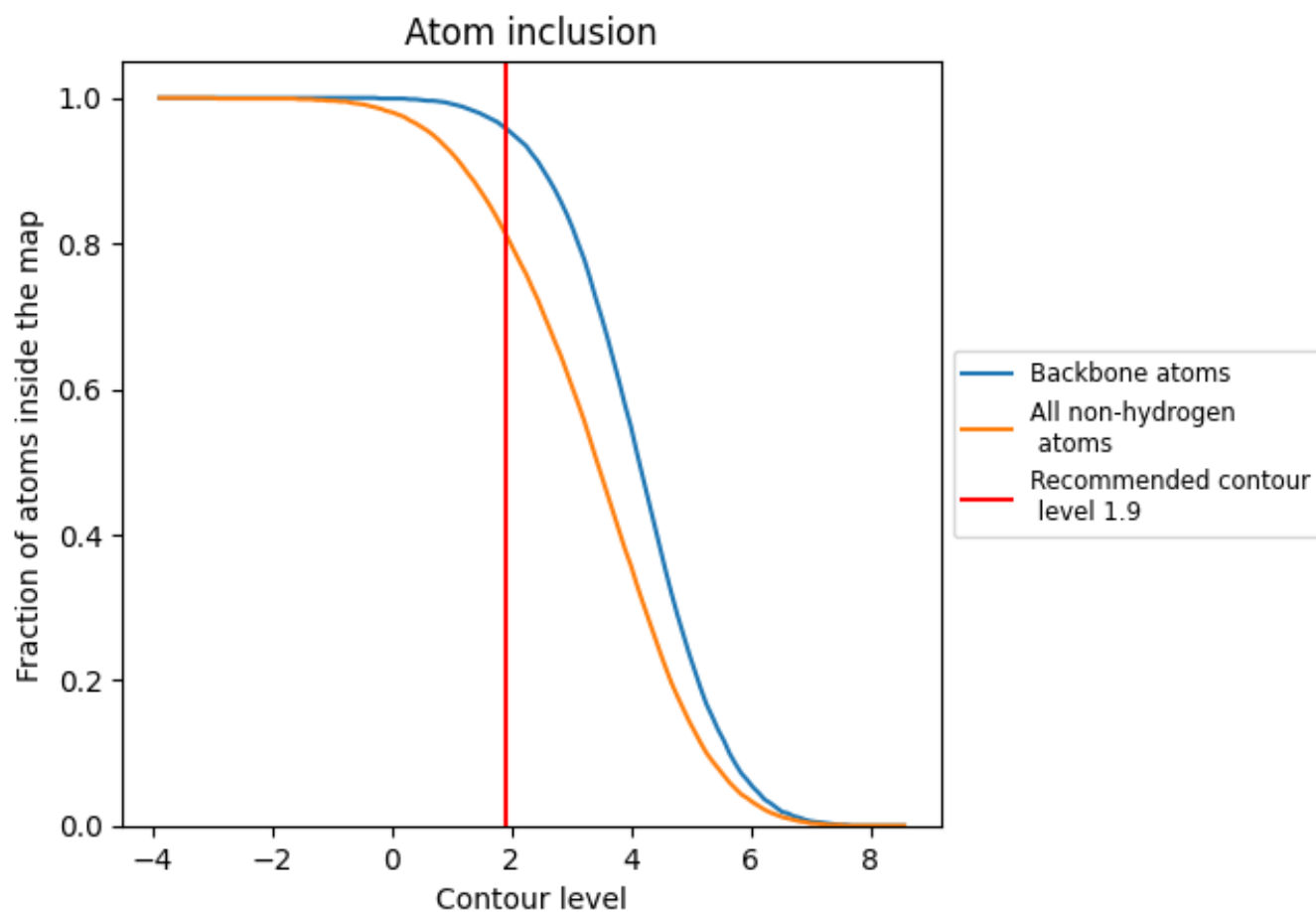
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

### 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (1.9).





















## 9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 96% of all backbone atoms, 81% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

## 9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (1.9) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.8130	 0.1190
A	 0.8230	 0.1280
B	 0.8110	 0.1180
C	 0.8260	 0.1270
D	 0.8040	 0.1150
E	 0.8300	 0.1170
F	 0.8210	 0.1250
G	 0.8250	 0.1230
H	 0.7880	 0.0940
I	 0.7170	 0.1380

