



wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 7, 2026 – 04:08 AM UTC

PDB ID : 6AP5 / pdb_00006ap5
BMRB ID : 30334
Title : H, ¹³C, and ¹⁵N Chemical Shift Assignments and structure of Thioredoxin from Mycobacterium thermoresistibile ATCC 19527 and NCTC 10409
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Deposited on : 2017-08-17

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

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A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
wwPDB-RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

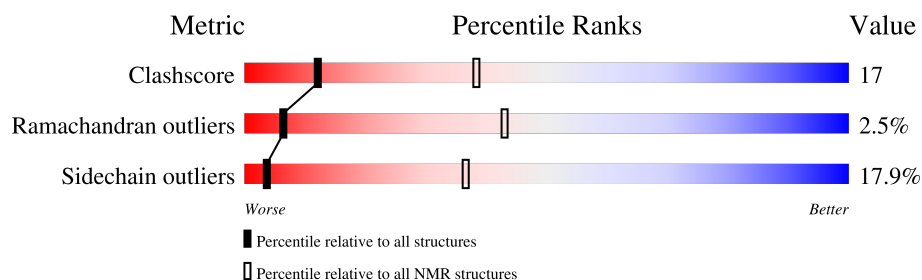
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 86%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	229148	14424
Ramachandran outliers	224038	12848
Sidechain outliers	223484	12823

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	115	53% 30% • 15%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 4 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *closest to the average*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:12-A:54, A:61-A:115 (98)	0.67	4

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters and 2 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 3, 4, 7, 11, 13, 16, 19, 20
2	5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 15
3	2, 17
Single-model clusters	14; 18

3 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 1753 atoms, of which 878 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Thioredoxin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	115	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			1753	555	878	150	164	6	

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	MET	-	expression tag	UNP G7CIN2
A	2	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP G7CIN2
A	3	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP G7CIN2
A	4	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP G7CIN2
A	5	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP G7CIN2
A	6	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP G7CIN2
A	7	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP G7CIN2
A	8	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP G7CIN2

5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 200 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
Analysis	refinement	
CYANA	structure calculation	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1226
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1226
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	86%

6 Model quality [i](#)

6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	741	765	765	26±4
All	All	14820	15300	15300	517

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 17.

5 of 118 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:24:VAL:HG13	1:A:31:VAL:HG21	0.98	1.35	20	16
1:A:85:THR:HG23	1:A:99:VAL:HG22	0.86	1.45	13	4
1:A:46:VAL:HG12	1:A:50:LEU:HD23	0.83	1.49	10	1
1:A:85:THR:HG23	1:A:99:VAL:HG12	0.78	1.51	8	7
1:A:75:ALA:HB1	1:A:80:VAL:HG11	0.69	1.62	7	4

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	97/115 (84%)	75±2 (78±2%)	19±2 (20±2%)	2±1 (3±1%)	6	43
All	All	1940/2300 (84%)	1505 (78%)	386 (20%)	49 (3%)	6	43

5 of 6 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	37	ALA	20
1	A	40	CYS	13
1	A	61	LEU	8
1	A	79	GLN	5
1	A	101	ALA	2

6.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	82/96 (85%)	67±3 (82±4%)	15±3 (18±4%)	4	36
All	All	1640/1920 (85%)	1347 (82%)	293 (18%)	4	36

5 of 42 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	16	THR	20
1	A	102	LYS	20
1	A	21	LYS	19
1	A	29	THR	19
1	A	107	LEU	18

6.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 86% for the well-defined parts and 81% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: 00916.prot

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1226
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1226
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	8

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction $\pm$ precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	109	-0.10 ± 0.18	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	102	0.05 ± 0.19	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	101	-0.15 ± 0.19	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	103	0.48 ± 0.35	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 86%, i.e. 1128 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1308. 0 out of 22 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	477/483 (99%)	195/195 (100%)	190/196 (97%)	92/92 (100%)
Sidechain	627/761 (82%)	415/501 (83%)	207/241 (86%)	5/19 (26%)

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	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Aromatic	24/64 (38%)	12/32 (38%)	10/30 (33%)	2/2 (100%)
Overall	1128/1308 (86%)	622/728 (85%)	407/467 (87%)	99/113 (88%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	109	ARG	NE	121.21	76.53 – 92.65	22.7
1	A	76	ARG	NE	120.65	76.53 – 92.65	22.4
1	A	97	ARG	NE	119.88	76.53 – 92.65	21.9
1	A	36	TRP	NE1	99.40	118.53 – 139.98	-13.9
1	A	7	HIS	CB	19.10	19.76 – 40.75	-5.3
1	A	24	VAL	HG11	-0.50	-0.48 – 2.12	-5.1
1	A	24	VAL	HG12	-0.50	-0.48 – 2.12	-5.1
1	A	24	VAL	HG13	-0.50	-0.48 – 2.12	-5.1

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

