



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 10, 2026 – 03:41 PM UTC

PDB ID : 9AWJ / pdb_00009awj
EMDB ID : EMD-43925
Title : Bovine adult muscle nAChR bound to ACh
Authors : Li, H.; Hibbs, R.E.
Deposited on : 2024-03-05
Resolution : 2.45 Å(reported)
Based on initial model : .

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Buster-report : wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

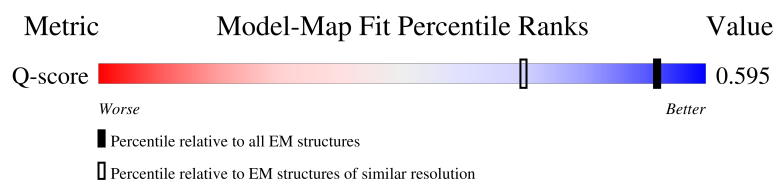
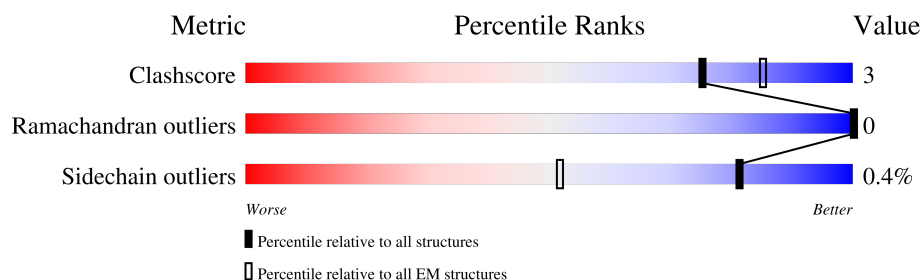
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.45 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	5931 (1.96 - 2.95)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	437	
1	C	437	
2	E	481	
3	D	495	

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
4	B	471	 81% 6% 13%
5	H	10	 50% 50%
6	I	4	 75% 25%
7	J	9	 67% 33%
8	K	7	 86% 14%
9	F	2	 50% 50%
9	G	2	 50% 50%
10	L	5	 60% 40%

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 13 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 34041 atoms, of which 17038 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Acetylcholine receptor subunit alpha.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
1	A	399	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			6468	2112	3246	512	579	19		
1	C	399	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			6466	2112	3244	512	579	19		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Acetylcholine receptor subunit beta.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
2	E	408	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			6627	2161	3312	538	605	11		

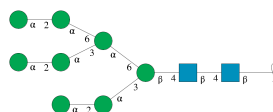
- Molecule 3 is a protein called Acetylcholine receptor subunit delta.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
3	D	427	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			6922	2251	3470	559	626	16		

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Acetylcholine receptor subunit epsilon.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
4	B	408	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			6440	2091	3216	517	601	15		

- Molecule 5 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



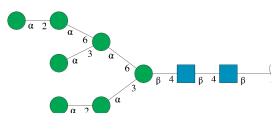
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
5	H	10	Total	C	H	N	O	
			220	64	104	2	50	
								0
								0

- Molecule 6 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



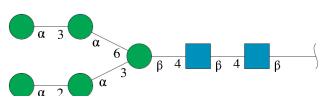
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
6	I	4	Total	C	H	N	O	
			96	28	46	2	20	
								0
								0

- Molecule 7 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)]alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
7	J	9	Total	C	H	N	O	
			199	58	94	2	45	
								0
								0

- Molecule 8 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
8	K	7	Total	C	H	N	O	
			158	46	75	2	35	
								0
								0

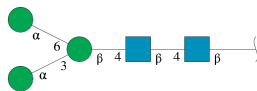
- Molecule 9 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a

cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



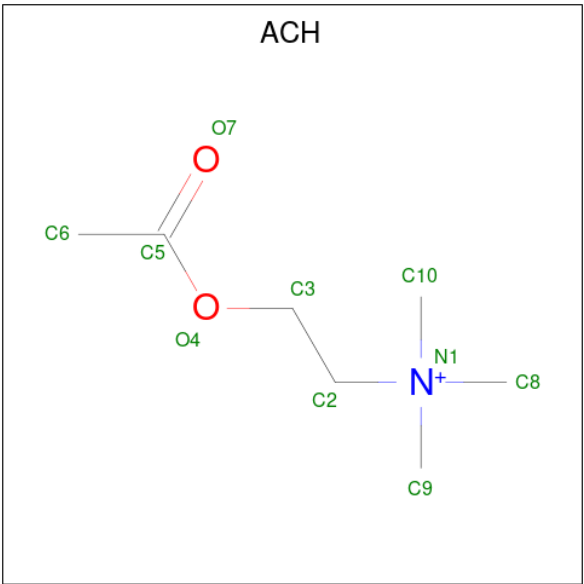
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
9	F	2	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0
			54	16	26	2	10		
9	G	2	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0
			54	16	26	2	10		

- Molecule 10 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



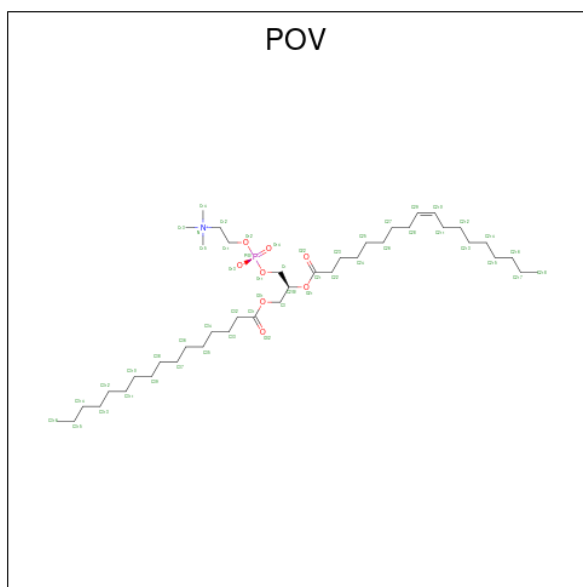
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
10	L	5	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0
			116	34	55	2	25		

- Molecule 11 is ACETYLCHOLINE (CCD ID: ACH) (formula: C₇H₁₆NO₂).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
11	A	1	Total	C	H	N	O	0
			26	7	16	1	2	
11	C	1	Total	C	H	N	O	0
			26	7	16	1	2	

- Molecule 12 is (2S)-3-(hexadecanoyloxy)-2-[(9Z)-octadec-9-enoyloxy]propyl 2-(trimethylammonio)ethyl phosphate (CCD ID: POV) (formula: C₄₂H₈₂NO₈P).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf
12	A	1	Total	C	H	N	O	P	0
			85	27	48	1	8	1	
12	E	1	Total	C	H	N	O	P	0
			79	25	44	1	8	1	

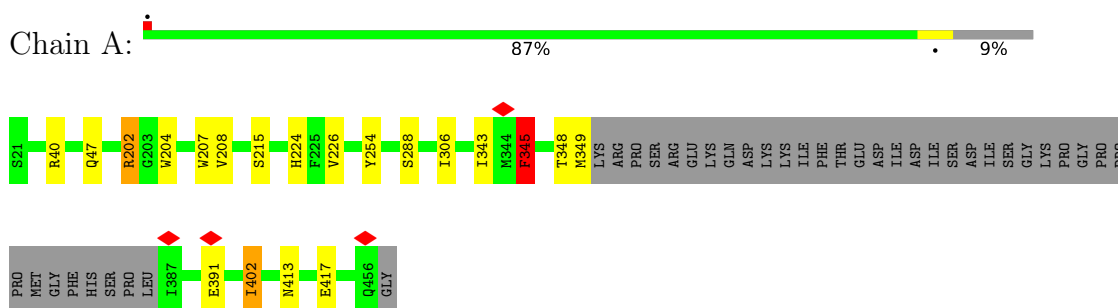
- Molecule 13 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
13	A	1	Total	O	0
			1	1	
13	E	1	Total	O	0
			1	1	
13	C	1	Total	O	0
			1	1	
13	D	1	Total	O	0
			1	1	
13	B	1	Total	O	0
			1	1	

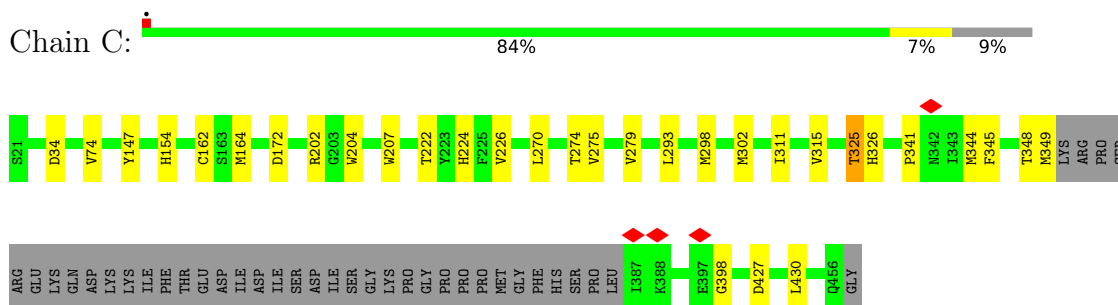
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

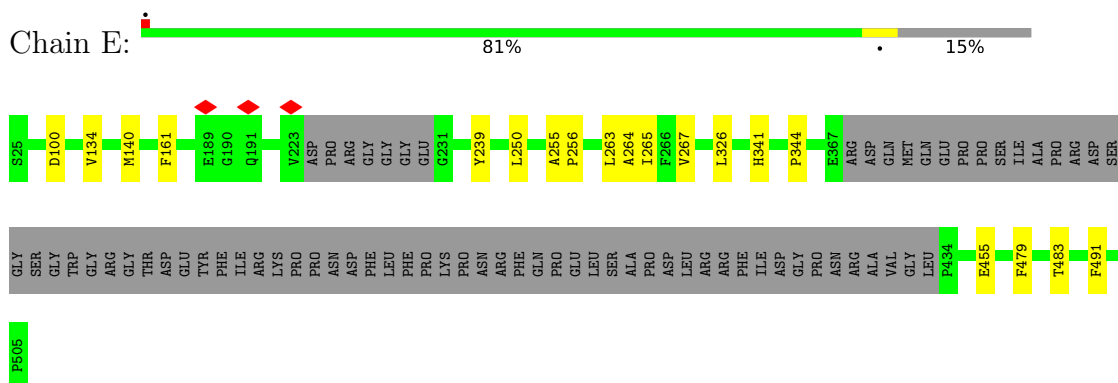
- Molecule 1: Acetylcholine receptor subunit alpha



- Molecule 1: Acetylcholine receptor subunit alpha



- Molecule 2: Acetylcholine receptor subunit beta



- Molecule 3: Acetylcholine receptor subunit delta

- Molecule 4: Acetylcholine receptor subunit epsilon

Chain B:

81% 6% 13%

K21 I51 Y83 N86 V176 D220 S221 A222 G223 L241 L253 T254 S255 V258 L281 T284 V285 F286 L290 T294 P295 Y307 L308 V311 N321 V325 N338 L346 L347 L350 P351 Q352 L353

ILE PRO ARG ALA ALA SER PRO PRO ARG ARG ALA SER SER SER LEU LEU LEU LEU LEU ARG ARG ALA GLU GLU ILE ILE LYS LYS PRO ARG SER GLU LEU VAL PHE GLN GLN ARG HIS ARG HIS GLY THR TRP THR ALA ALA THR LEU CYS GLN ASN LEU GLY ALA ALA A417 P418 E419 I420 R421

- Molecule 5: α -D-mannopyranose-(1-2)- α -D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[α -D-mannopyranose-(1-2)- α -D-mannopyranose-(1-6)] α -D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-[α -D-mannopyranose-(1-2)- α -D-mannopyranose-(1-3)] β -D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy- β -D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy- β -D-glucopyranose

Chain H:

Category	Percentage
Green	50%
Yellow	50%

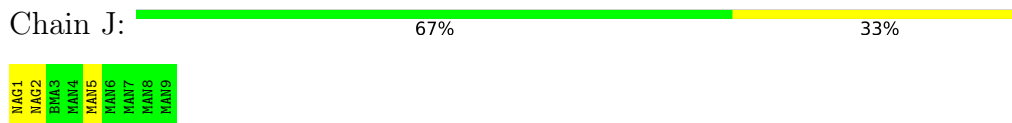
Legend:

Color	Label
Blue	MAG1
Orange	MAG2
Purple	BMA3
Light Blue	MAN4
Dark Blue	MAN5
Red	MAN6
Teal	MAN7
Light Green	MAN8
Dark Green	MAN9
Medium Green	MAN10

- Molecule 6: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain I:

• Molecule 7: α -D-mannopyranose-(1-2)- α -D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-[α -D-mannopyranose-(1-3)] α -D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-[α -D-mannopyranose-(1-2)- α -D-mannopyranose-(1-3)] β -D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy- β -D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy- β -D-glucopyranose



- Molecule 8: α -D-mannopyranose-(1-2)- α -D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[α -D-mannopyranose-(1-3)- α -D-mannopyranose-(1-6)] β -D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy- β -D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy- β -D-glucopyranose

Chain K:  86% 14%



- Molecule 9: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy- β -D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy- β -D-glucopyranose

Chain F:  50% 50% 50%



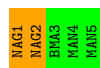
- Molecule 9: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy- β -D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy- β -D-glucopyranose

Chain G:  50% 50% 50%



- Molecule 10: α -D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[α -D-mannopyranose-(1-6)] β -D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy- β -D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy- β -D-glucopyranose

Chain L:  60% 40%



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	167900	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1600	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2000	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	FEI FALCON III (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.356	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.211	Depositor
Average map value	-0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.004	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.025	Depositor
Map size (Å)	478.72, 478.72, 478.72	wwPDB
Map dimensions	512, 512, 512	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.935, 0.935, 0.935	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ACH, NAG, MAN, BMA, POV

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.25	0/3308	0.45	1/4513 (0.0%)
1	C	0.24	0/3308	0.43	0/4513
2	E	0.18	0/3404	0.38	0/4642
3	D	0.18	0/3544	0.38	0/4835
4	B	0.21	0/3301	0.44	0/4512
All	All	0.21	0/16865	0.42	1/23015 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1
1	C	0	1
All	All	0	2

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	345	PHE	N-CA-C	-7.15	104.43	113.01

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	202	ARG	Sidechain
1	C	162	CYS	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3222	3246	3239	28	0
1	C	3222	3244	3239	23	0
2	E	3315	3312	3306	18	0
3	D	3452	3470	3463	15	0
4	B	3224	3216	3209	25	0
5	H	116	104	97	7	0
6	I	50	46	43	2	0
7	J	105	94	88	7	0
8	K	83	75	70	0	0
9	F	28	26	25	0	0
9	G	28	26	25	2	0
10	L	61	55	52	3	0
11	A	10	16	16	0	0
11	C	10	16	16	0	0
12	A	37	48	48	9	0
12	E	35	44	44	6	0
13	A	1	0	0	0	0
13	B	1	0	0	0	0
13	C	1	0	0	0	0
13	D	1	0	0	0	0
13	E	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	17003	17038	16980	105	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

All (105) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
10:L:1:NAG:H61	10:L:2:NAG:H82	1.30	1.07
4:B:325:VAL:HG21	4:B:455:ASP:OD1	1.64	0.98
1:A:413:ASN:O	1:A:417:GLU:HG2	1.69	0.93
4:B:325:VAL:HG11	4:B:455:ASP:OD1	1.71	0.91
4:B:325:VAL:HG11	4:B:455:ASP:CG	2.00	0.86
3:D:329:VAL:HG21	3:D:469:ASP:OD1	1.77	0.84

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:D:329:VAL:HG11	3:D:469:ASP:OD1	1.76	0.84
4:B:325:VAL:CG2	4:B:455:ASP:OD1	2.25	0.83
3:D:256:CYS:SG	3:D:312:LEU:HD21	2.23	0.79
1:A:343:ILE:HB	12:A:502:POV:H14A	1.64	0.79
4:B:325:VAL:HG11	4:B:455:ASP:OD2	1.83	0.79
1:C:315:VAL:HG11	1:C:427:ASP:OD1	1.83	0.79
4:B:325:VAL:CG1	4:B:455:ASP:OD1	2.32	0.77
1:A:288:SER:OG	4:B:241:LEU:HB3	1.87	0.73
1:A:204:TRP:CZ2	5:H:2:NAG:H61	2.25	0.70
1:A:207:TRP:CD2	5:H:7:MAN:H2	2.27	0.70
1:C:298:MET:O	1:C:302:MET:HG2	1.92	0.70
1:C:207:TRP:CD2	7:J:5:MAN:H2	2.28	0.68
7:J:1:NAG:H62	7:J:2:NAG:C7	2.25	0.67
1:C:348:THR:HG22	1:C:348:THR:O	1.97	0.65
1:A:349:MET:HE1	1:A:417:GLU:CB	2.28	0.64
2:E:491:PHE:CE1	12:E:601:POV:H24A	2.33	0.64
3:D:329:VAL:CG1	3:D:469:ASP:OD1	2.45	0.63
1:C:345:PHE:CD1	1:C:345:PHE:O	2.50	0.63
3:D:329:VAL:CG2	3:D:469:ASP:OD1	2.47	0.63
1:A:208:VAL:HG22	5:H:5:MAN:H62	1.79	0.62
4:B:286:PHE:O	4:B:290:ILE:HD12	1.99	0.62
5:H:1:NAG:H61	5:H:2:NAG:C7	2.30	0.62
2:E:265:ILE:HD11	2:E:483:THR:HG21	1.82	0.62
1:C:202:ARG:HB3	1:C:224:HIS:CE1	2.34	0.61
1:A:349:MET:HE1	1:A:417:GLU:HB2	1.84	0.60
2:E:161:PHE:CE1	12:E:601:POV:H23A	2.37	0.59
3:D:197:ILE:O	3:D:215:ARG:NH1	2.36	0.59
2:E:250:LEU:HD22	12:E:601:POV:H2	1.85	0.58
1:A:40:ARG:NH2	1:A:47:GLN:O	2.37	0.57
10:L:2:NAG:H83	10:L:2:NAG:H3	1.86	0.57
1:C:270:LEU:O	1:C:274:THR:HG23	2.05	0.57
1:C:204:TRP:HB2	7:J:2:NAG:H82	1.86	0.57
1:A:345:PHE:CE1	2:E:341:HIS:HB3	2.39	0.57
1:C:74:VAL:HG11	1:C:164:MET:HE1	1.86	0.57
1:A:343:ILE:CB	12:A:502:POV:H14A	2.33	0.56
3:D:272:ASP:OD1	3:D:273:CYS:N	2.37	0.56
1:A:254:TYR:CE1	12:A:502:POV:H26	2.41	0.56
1:C:224:HIS:CE1	7:J:1:NAG:H3	2.40	0.55
2:E:491:PHE:CD1	12:E:601:POV:H24A	2.42	0.55
2:E:250:LEU:CD2	12:E:601:POV:H2	2.38	0.54
3:D:329:VAL:HG11	3:D:469:ASP:CG	2.31	0.54

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:154:HIS:HA	1:C:293:LEU:HD22	1.91	0.53
12:A:502:POV:O11	12:A:502:POV:H12A	2.08	0.53
2:E:161:PHE:CZ	12:E:601:POV:H23A	2.44	0.52
1:C:341:PRO:HA	1:C:344:MET:HB2	1.91	0.52
4:B:83:TYR:HA	9:G:1:NAG:H81	1.90	0.52
1:A:345:PHE:CD1	12:A:502:POV:O13	2.63	0.51
1:C:222:THR:HB	7:J:2:NAG:H81	1.93	0.51
3:D:69:GLU:N	3:D:69:GLU:OE2	2.40	0.51
1:A:345:PHE:CD1	1:A:345:PHE:C	2.89	0.50
1:A:348:THR:O	1:A:349:MET:C	2.55	0.50
1:A:345:PHE:HE2	2:E:344:PRO:HD3	1.77	0.49
1:A:204:TRP:HB2	5:H:2:NAG:H82	1.94	0.48
1:A:343:ILE:CG1	12:A:502:POV:H14A	2.44	0.48
4:B:51:ILE:HD12	4:B:176:VAL:HG13	1.94	0.48
4:B:430:VAL:O	4:B:434:THR:HG23	2.14	0.48
4:B:281:LEU:O	4:B:284:THR:OG1	2.29	0.48
4:B:321:ASN:O	4:B:325:VAL:HG23	2.14	0.48
1:C:398:GLY:HA3	3:D:445:VAL:HG21	1.97	0.47
2:E:264:ALA:O	2:E:267:VAL:HG12	2.15	0.47
1:A:226:VAL:HG21	5:H:1:NAG:H82	1.97	0.46
1:A:349:MET:HE1	1:A:417:GLU:HB3	1.97	0.46
4:B:308:LEU:HA	4:B:311:VAL:HG12	1.97	0.46
2:E:263:LEU:HD13	3:D:320:THR:HG23	1.97	0.46
4:B:255:SER:HB3	4:B:311:VAL:HG21	1.97	0.46
1:A:345:PHE:HB3	12:A:502:POV:O14	2.15	0.46
4:B:307:TYR:HB2	4:B:473:ILE:HG21	1.97	0.46
1:A:306:ILE:HD13	4:B:253:LEU:HB3	1.97	0.46
4:B:338:MET:HE1	4:B:450:MET:CE	2.46	0.45
4:B:86:ASN:ND2	9:G:1:NAG:H82	2.32	0.45
2:E:239:TYR:CE2	6:I:1:NAG:H5	2.52	0.45
4:B:308:LEU:O	4:B:311:VAL:HG12	2.17	0.45
1:C:348:THR:O	1:C:349:MET:C	2.59	0.45
1:C:147:TYR:CE2	3:D:205:THR:HG21	2.53	0.44
1:A:402:ILE:HD11	4:B:434:THR:HG21	1.98	0.44
2:E:326:LEU:HD12	2:E:479:PHE:HE1	1.82	0.44
1:A:391:GLU:HB3	4:B:424:VAL:HG11	1.99	0.44
1:A:345:PHE:HE1	2:E:341:HIS:HB3	1.82	0.44
1:A:224:HIS:CD2	5:H:1:NAG:H3	2.53	0.43
1:C:34:ASP:OD1	1:C:34:ASP:N	2.49	0.43
3:D:156:TYR:O	3:D:159:PHE:N	2.49	0.43
4:B:294:THR:OG1	4:B:295:PRO:HD2	2.18	0.43

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:202:ARG:HB3	1:A:224:HIS:NE2	2.34	0.43
1:A:254:TYR:CZ	12:A:502:POV:H26	2.55	0.42
6:I:1:NAG:H82	6:I:1:NAG:H2	1.94	0.42
4:B:255:SER:CB	4:B:311:VAL:HG21	2.50	0.41
1:C:172:ASP:OD1	3:D:101:ARG:NH2	2.53	0.41
1:C:311:ILE:CG2	1:C:430:LEU:HD13	2.51	0.41
2:E:100:ASP:OD1	2:E:100:ASP:N	2.53	0.41
4:B:255:SER:O	4:B:258:VAL:HG12	2.20	0.41
12:A:502:POV:H22A	12:A:502:POV:H2	1.88	0.41
1:C:325:THR:OG1	1:C:326:HIS:N	2.53	0.41
2:E:134:VAL:HG22	2:E:140:MET:SD	2.61	0.41
2:E:255:ALA:HB3	2:E:256:PRO:HD3	2.03	0.41
10:L:2:NAG:C1	10:L:2:NAG:C8	2.98	0.40
1:C:275:VAL:O	1:C:279:VAL:HG13	2.21	0.40
1:C:207:TRP:CE2	7:J:5:MAN:H2	2.56	0.40
1:C:226:VAL:HG21	7:J:1:NAG:H82	2.02	0.40
2:E:263:LEU:HG	3:D:323:VAL:HG11	2.04	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	395/437 (90%)	384 (97%)	11 (3%)	0	100	100
1	C	395/437 (90%)	386 (98%)	9 (2%)	0	100	100
2	E	402/481 (84%)	393 (98%)	9 (2%)	0	100	100
3	D	423/495 (86%)	418 (99%)	5 (1%)	0	100	100
4	B	404/471 (86%)	395 (98%)	9 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	2019/2321 (87%)	1976 (98%)	43 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	368/402 (92%)	365 (99%)	3 (1%)	73	83
1	C	368/402 (92%)	367 (100%)	1 (0%)	86	91
2	E	377/438 (86%)	376 (100%)	1 (0%)	86	91
3	D	394/451 (87%)	391 (99%)	3 (1%)	73	83
4	B	360/410 (88%)	360 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	1867/2103 (89%)	1859 (100%)	8 (0%)	81	89

All (8) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	215	SER
1	A	345	PHE
1	A	402	ILE
2	E	455	GLU
1	C	325	THR
3	D	52	GLU
3	D	318	LEU
3	D	336	THR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (12) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	59	GLN
1	A	179	ASN
1	A	456	GLN
2	E	120	ASN
2	E	220	GLN
1	C	47	GLN
1	C	79	GLN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	135	HIS
3	D	452	ASN
4	B	43	GLN
4	B	115	ASN
4	B	119	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

39 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
9	NAG	F	1	9	14,14,15	0.38	0	17,19,21	0.98	1 (5%)
9	NAG	F	2	9	14,14,15	0.38	0	17,19,21	0.86	0
9	NAG	G	1	9	14,14,15	0.39	0	17,19,21	0.70	0
9	NAG	G	2	9	14,14,15	0.39	0	17,19,21	0.59	0
5	NAG	H	1	5,1	14,14,15	0.40	0	17,19,21	0.44	0
5	MAN	H	10	5	11,11,12	0.31	0	15,15,17	0.48	0
5	NAG	H	2	5	14,14,15	0.40	0	17,19,21	0.71	0
5	BMA	H	3	5	11,11,12	0.32	0	15,15,17	0.66	1 (6%)
5	MAN	H	4	5	11,11,12	0.41	0	15,15,17	0.80	0
5	MAN	H	5	5	11,11,12	0.36	0	15,15,17	0.63	0
5	MAN	H	6	5	11,11,12	0.30	0	15,15,17	0.47	0
5	MAN	H	7	5	11,11,12	0.43	0	15,15,17	0.55	0
5	MAN	H	8	5	11,11,12	0.30	0	15,15,17	0.54	0

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
5	MAN	H	9	5	11,11,12	0.43	0	15,15,17	0.51	0
6	NAG	I	1	6,2	14,14,15	0.37	0	17,19,21	0.59	0
6	NAG	I	2	6	14,14,15	0.37	0	17,19,21	0.53	0
6	BMA	I	3	6	11,11,12	0.24	0	15,15,17	0.52	0
6	MAN	I	4	6	11,11,12	0.29	0	15,15,17	0.49	0
7	NAG	J	1	7,1	14,14,15	0.38	0	17,19,21	0.56	0
7	NAG	J	2	7	14,14,15	0.40	0	17,19,21	0.53	0
7	BMA	J	3	7	11,11,12	0.28	0	15,15,17	0.60	0
7	MAN	J	4	7	11,11,12	0.29	0	15,15,17	0.55	0
7	MAN	J	5	7	11,11,12	0.39	0	15,15,17	0.54	0
7	MAN	J	6	7	11,11,12	0.27	0	15,15,17	0.50	0
7	MAN	J	7	7	11,11,12	0.28	0	15,15,17	0.48	0
7	MAN	J	8	7	11,11,12	0.40	0	15,15,17	0.48	0
7	MAN	J	9	7	11,11,12	0.39	0	15,15,17	0.52	0
8	NAG	K	1	3,8	14,14,15	0.37	0	17,19,21	0.67	1 (5%)
8	NAG	K	2	8	14,14,15	0.41	0	17,19,21	0.51	0
8	BMA	K	3	8	11,11,12	0.30	0	15,15,17	0.51	0
8	MAN	K	4	8	11,11,12	0.41	0	15,15,17	0.55	0
8	MAN	K	5	8	11,11,12	0.30	0	15,15,17	0.50	0
8	MAN	K	6	8	11,11,12	0.31	0	15,15,17	0.47	0
8	MAN	K	7	8	11,11,12	0.29	0	15,15,17	0.48	0
10	NAG	L	1	4,10	14,14,15	0.37	0	17,19,21	0.88	1 (5%)
10	NAG	L	2	10	14,14,15	0.38	0	17,19,21	1.02	1 (5%)
10	BMA	L	3	10	11,11,12	0.25	0	15,15,17	0.50	0
10	MAN	L	4	10	11,11,12	0.28	0	15,15,17	0.48	0
10	MAN	L	5	10	11,11,12	0.28	0	15,15,17	0.49	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
9	NAG	F	1	9	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
9	NAG	F	2	9	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
9	NAG	G	1	9	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
9	NAG	G	2	9	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	H	1	5,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	MAN	H	10	5	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	H	2	5	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	BMA	H	3	5	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	MAN	H	4	5	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
5	MAN	H	5	5	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
5	MAN	H	6	5	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
5	MAN	H	7	5	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
5	MAN	H	8	5	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
5	MAN	H	9	5	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	I	1	6,2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	I	2	6	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	BMA	I	3	6	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
6	MAN	I	4	6	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
7	NAG	J	1	7,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	NAG	J	2	7	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	BMA	J	3	7	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
7	MAN	J	4	7	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
7	MAN	J	5	7	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
7	MAN	J	6	7	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
7	MAN	J	7	7	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
7	MAN	J	8	7	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
7	MAN	J	9	7	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
8	NAG	K	1	3,8	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
8	NAG	K	2	8	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
8	BMA	K	3	8	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
8	MAN	K	4	8	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
8	MAN	K	5	8	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
8	MAN	K	6	8	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
8	MAN	K	7	8	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
10	NAG	L	1	4,10	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
10	NAG	L	2	10	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
10	BMA	L	3	10	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
10	MAN	L	4	10	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
10	MAN	L	5	10	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
10	L	2	NAG	C2-N2-C7	3.23	127.23	122.90
9	F	1	NAG	C1-C2-N2	3.06	115.26	110.43
10	L	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.62	115.70	112.19
8	K	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.15	115.07	112.19

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	H	3	BMA	C1-O5-C5	2.03	114.91	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

All (34) torsion outliers are listed below:

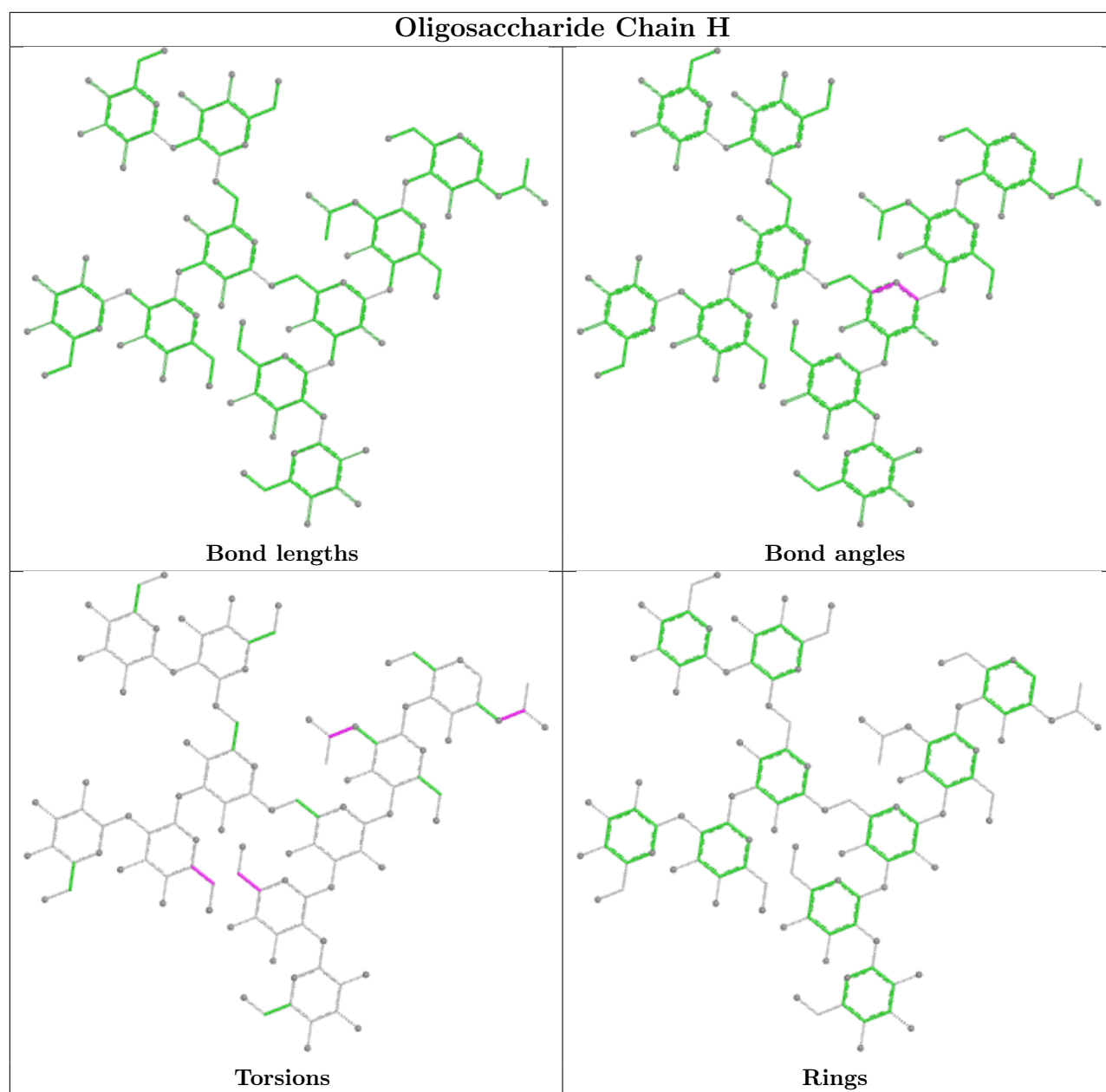
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	H	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
5	H	2	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
6	I	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
6	I	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
7	J	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
8	K	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
9	F	1	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
9	F	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
9	F	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
9	G	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
9	G	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
9	G	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
9	G	2	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
10	L	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
10	L	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
8	K	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
10	L	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
7	J	2	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
10	L	2	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
8	K	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
8	K	2	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
5	H	9	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	H	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
8	K	5	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
10	L	5	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
7	J	9	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	H	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
9	G	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
9	F	2	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
10	L	2	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
5	H	9	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6
5	H	5	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
9	F	2	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
10	L	2	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7

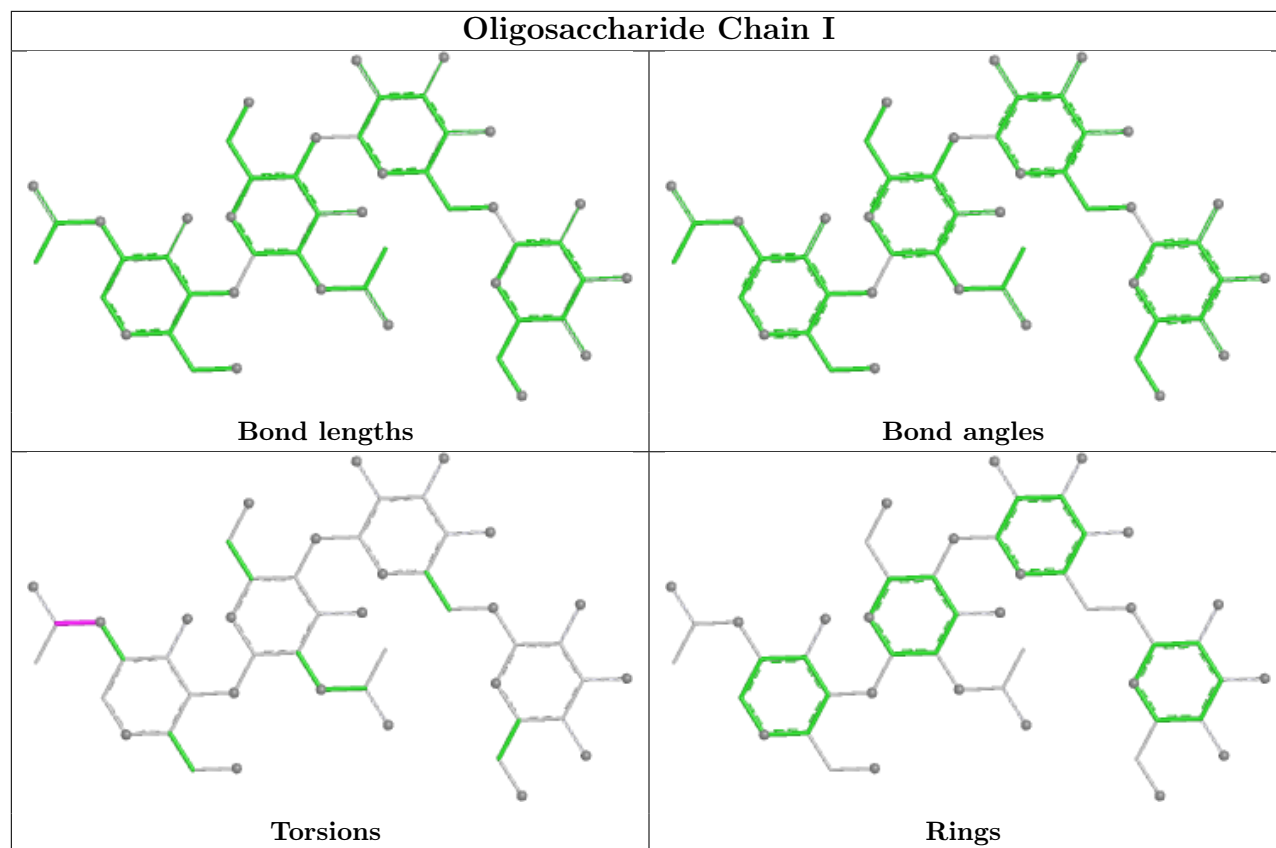
There are no ring outliers.

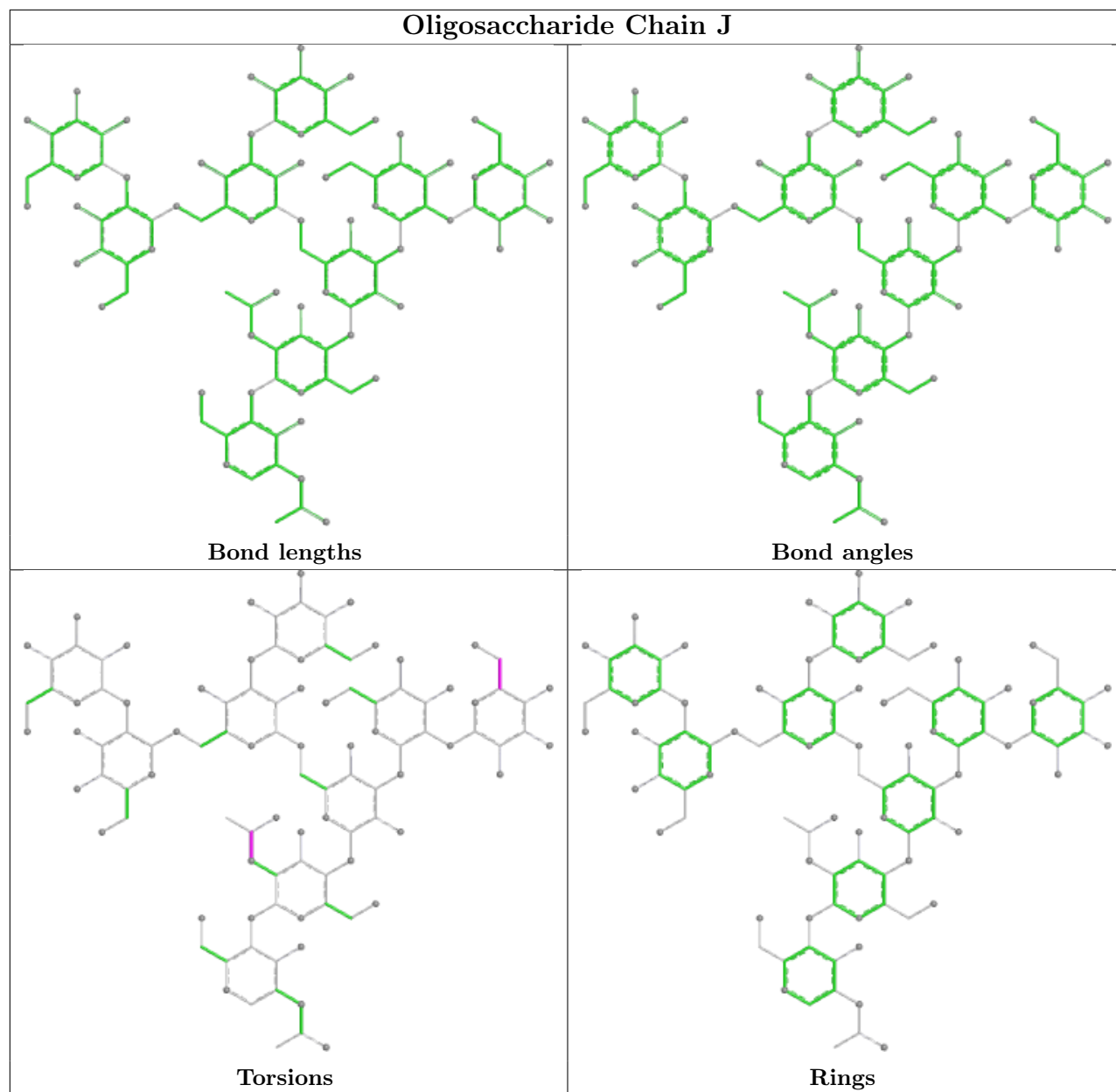
11 monomers are involved in 21 short contacts:

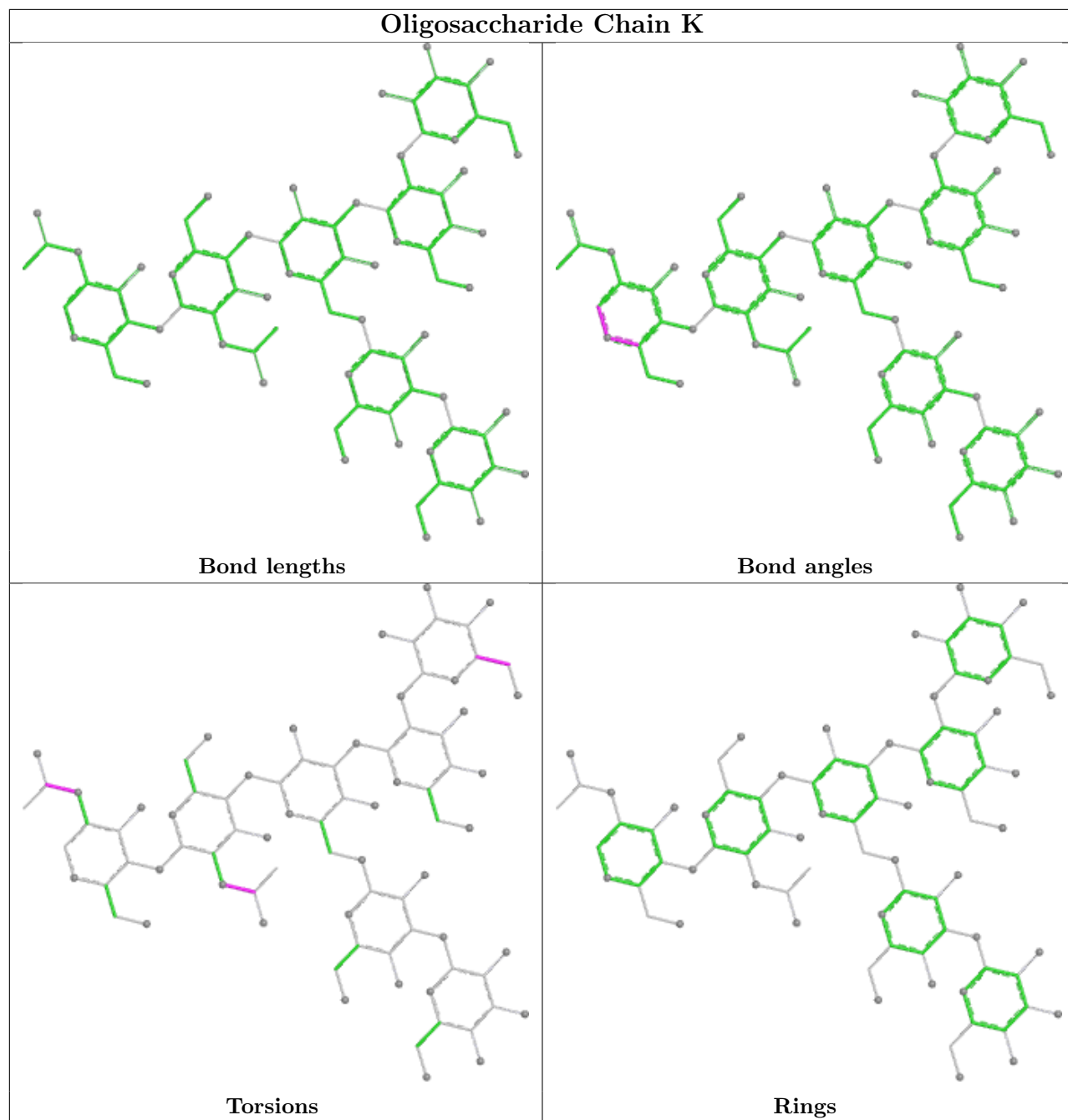
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	I	1	NAG	2	0
9	G	1	NAG	2	0
5	H	7	MAN	1	0
5	H	2	NAG	3	0
7	J	1	NAG	3	0
7	J	5	MAN	2	0
10	L	1	NAG	1	0
10	L	2	NAG	3	0
5	H	1	NAG	3	0
7	J	2	NAG	3	0
5	H	5	MAN	1	0

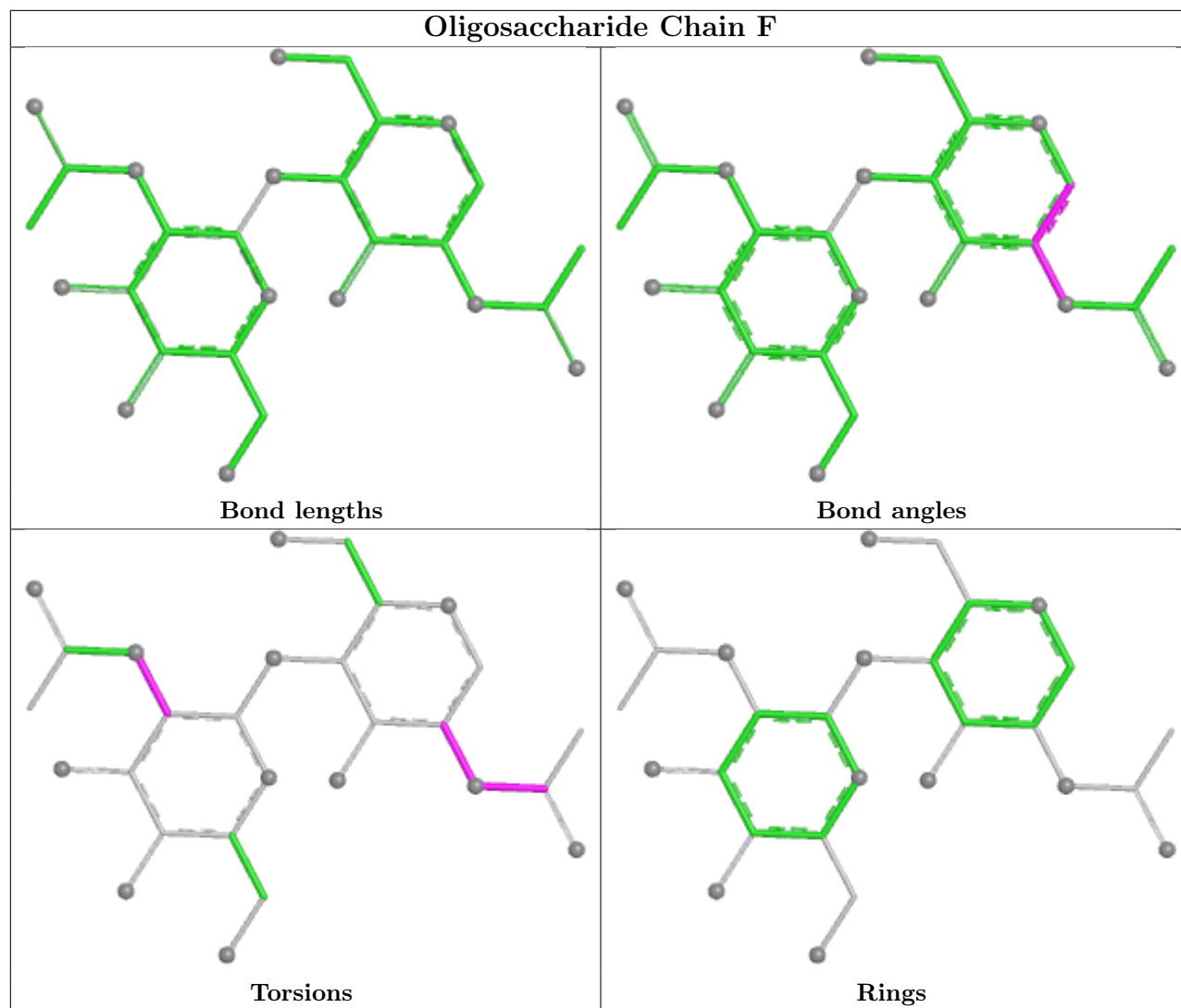
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.

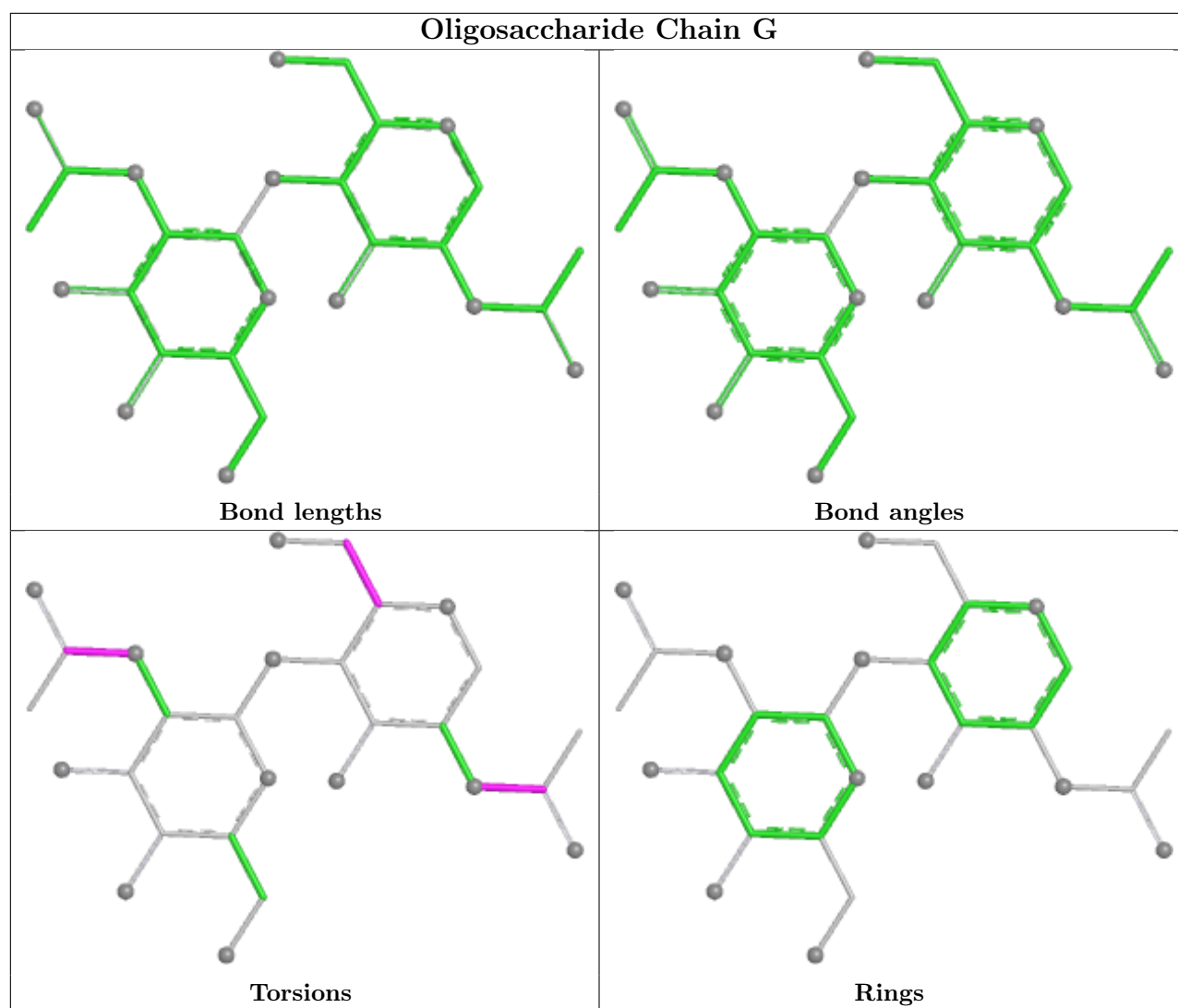


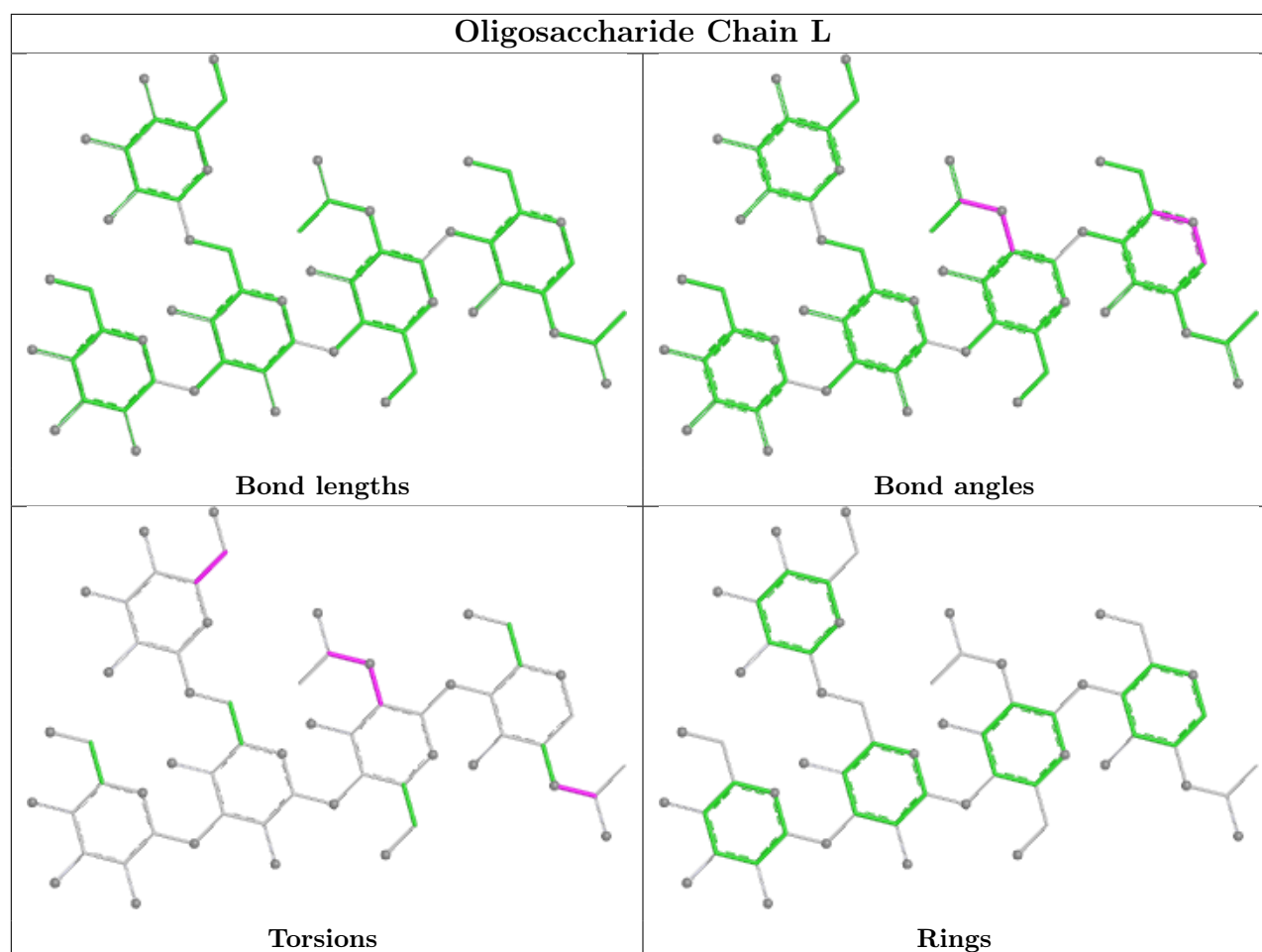












5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
11	ACH	C	501	-	9,9,9	0.35	0	12,12,12	0.59	0
12	POV	E	601	-	34,34,51	0.34	0	40,42,59	0.36	0
12	POV	A	502	-	36,36,51	0.32	0	42,44,59	0.41	0
11	ACH	A	501	-	9,9,9	0.38	0	12,12,12	0.47	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral

centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
11	ACH	C	501	-	-	0/7/7/7	-
12	POV	E	601	-	-	15/38/38/55	-
12	POV	A	502	-	-	11/40/40/55	-
11	ACH	A	501	-	-	3/7/7/7	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (29) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
11	A	501	ACH	N1-C2-C3-O4
12	A	502	POV	C1-O11-P-O14
12	A	502	POV	C12-C11-O12-P
12	A	502	POV	C22-C21-O21-C2
12	A	502	POV	O22-C21-O21-C2
12	E	601	POV	C22-C21-O21-C2
12	E	601	POV	O32-C31-O31-C3
12	E	601	POV	C32-C31-O31-C3
12	E	601	POV	O22-C21-O21-C2
12	A	502	POV	C32-C31-O31-C3
11	A	501	ACH	C6-C5-O4-C3
12	A	502	POV	O32-C31-O31-C3
11	A	501	ACH	O7-C5-O4-C3
12	A	502	POV	C11-C12-N-C13
12	E	601	POV	C11-C12-N-C13
12	E	601	POV	C11-C12-N-C15
12	A	502	POV	C11-C12-N-C14
12	E	601	POV	C21-C22-C23-C24
12	A	502	POV	C34-C35-C36-C37
12	E	601	POV	C11-C12-N-C14
12	A	502	POV	C11-C12-N-C15
12	E	601	POV	C36-C37-C38-C39
12	E	601	POV	C33-C34-C35-C36
12	E	601	POV	C31-C32-C33-C34
12	E	601	POV	C34-C35-C36-C37
12	E	601	POV	C311-C310-C39-C38
12	E	601	POV	C37-C38-C39-C310

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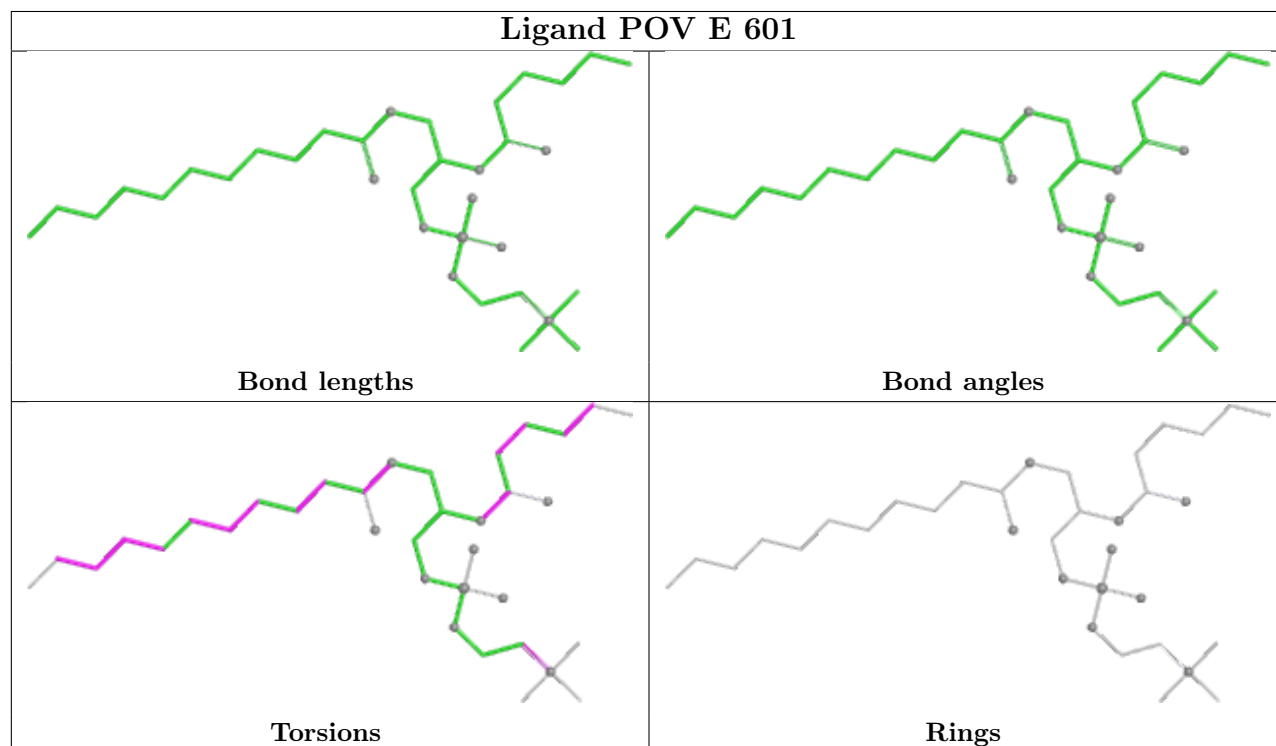
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
12	A	502	POV	O12-C11-C12-N
12	E	601	POV	C23-C24-C25-C26

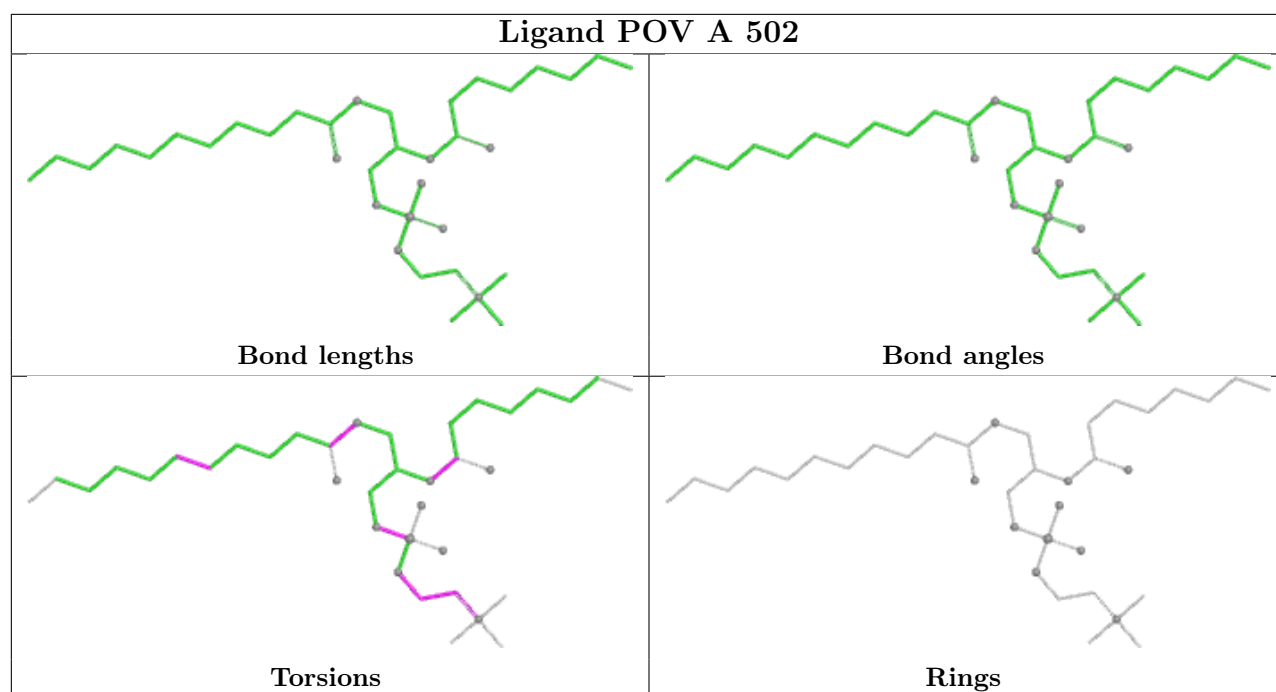
There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 15 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
12	E	601	POV	6	0
12	A	502	POV	9	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

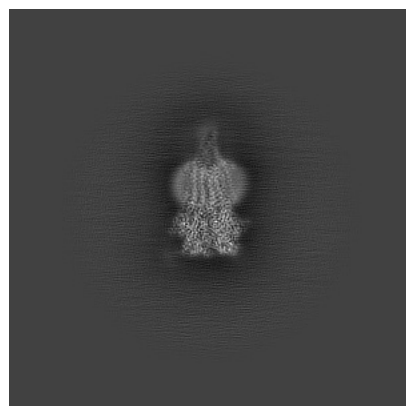
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-43925. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

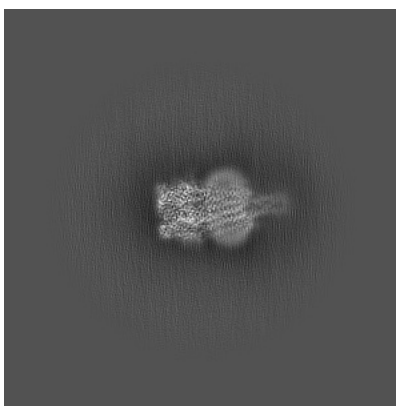
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

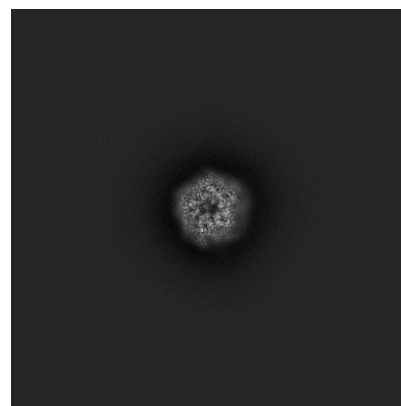
6.1.1 Primary map



X

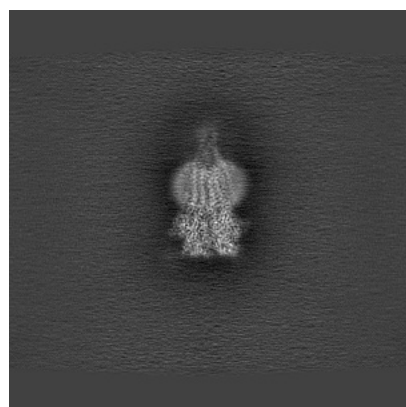


Y

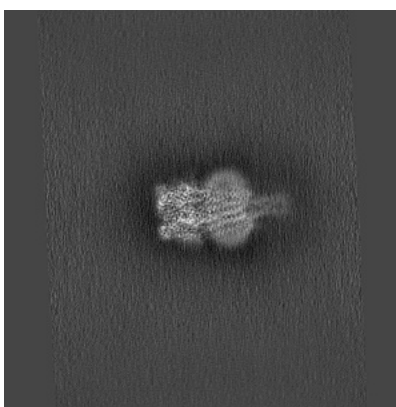


Z

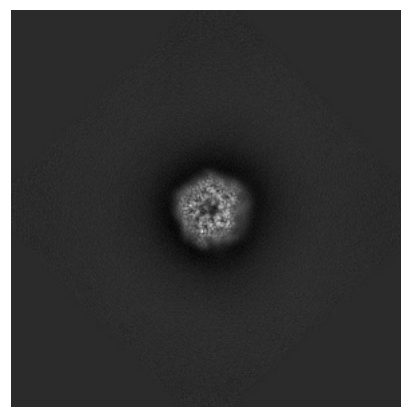
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

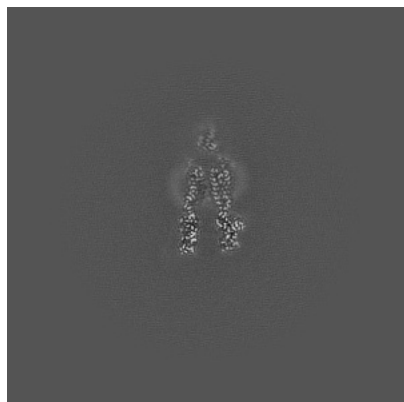


Z

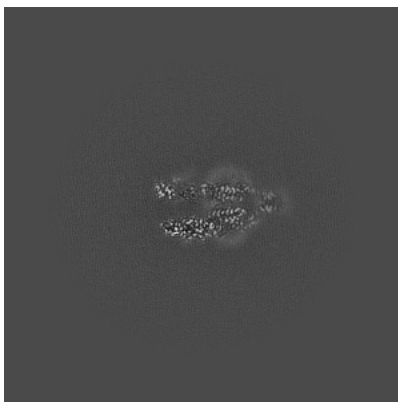
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

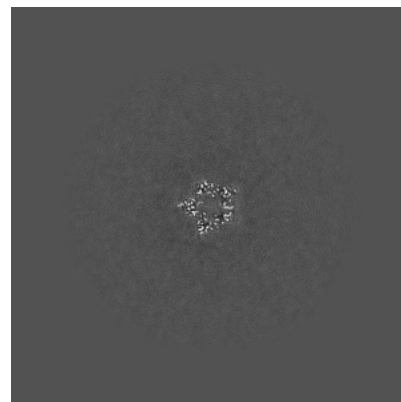
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 256

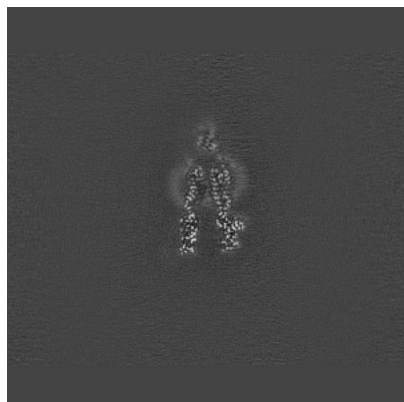


Y Index: 256

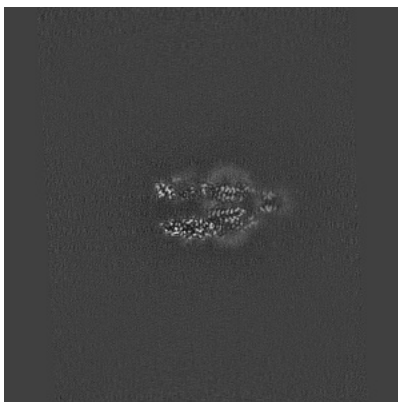


Z Index: 256

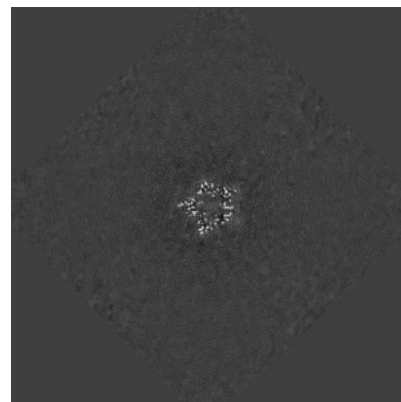
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 256



Y Index: 256

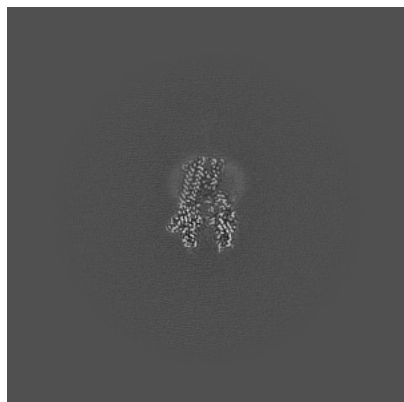


Z Index: 256

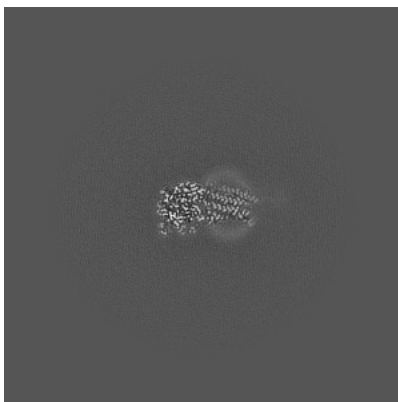
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

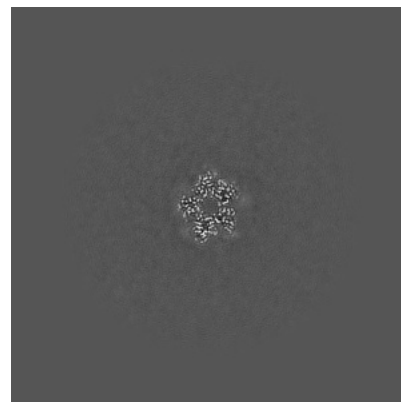
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 243

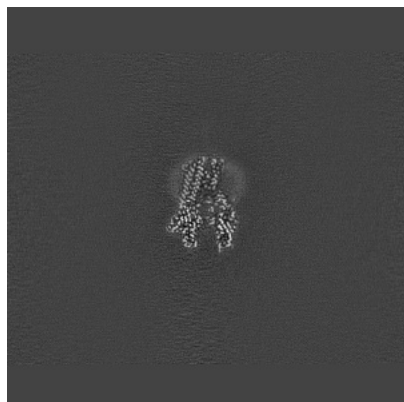


Y Index: 238

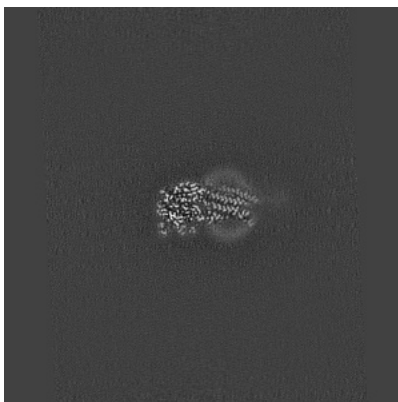


Z Index: 237

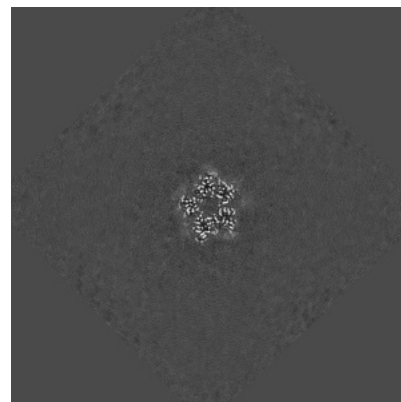
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 243



Y Index: 238

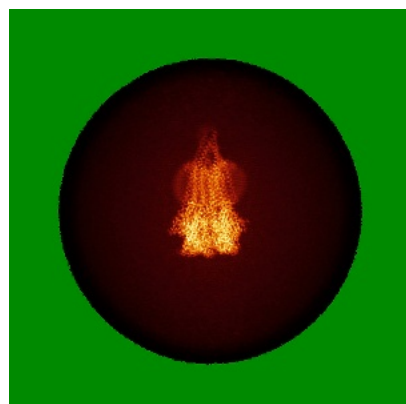


Z Index: 236

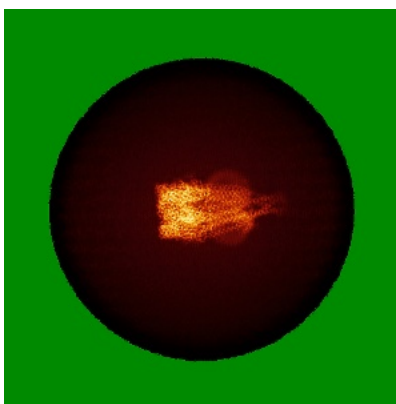
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

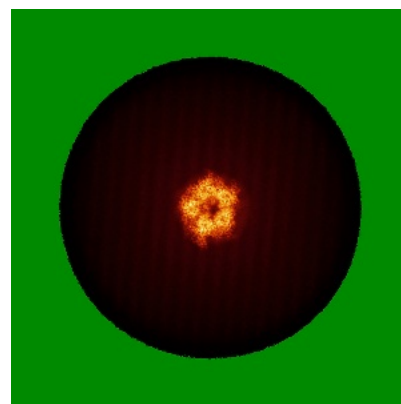
6.4.1 Primary map



X

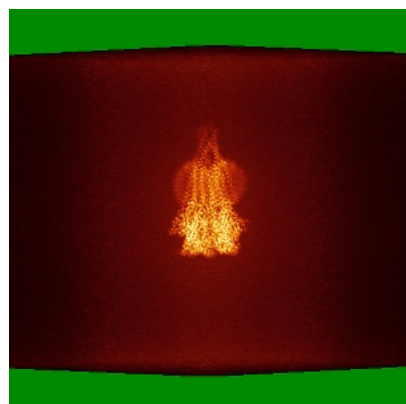


Y

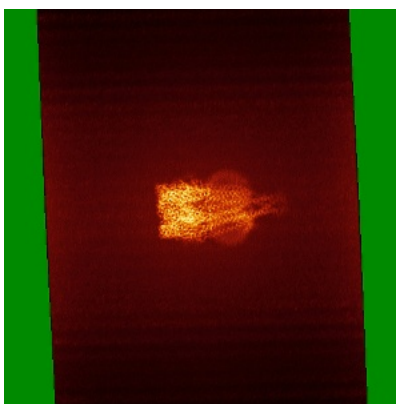


Z

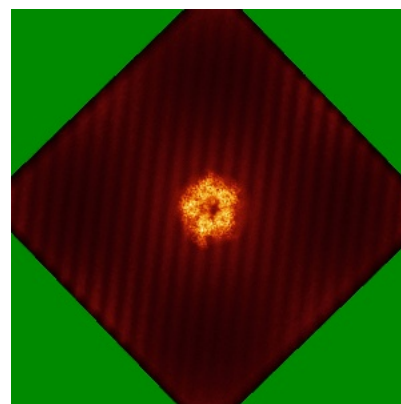
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

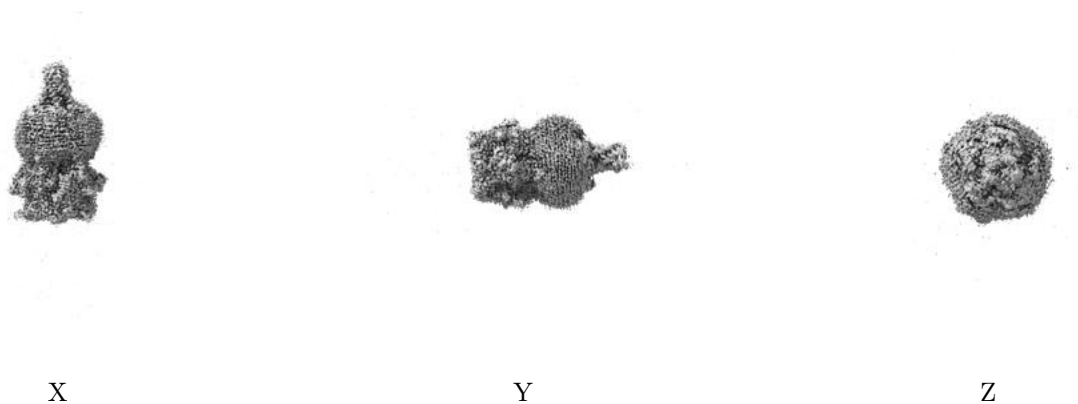


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

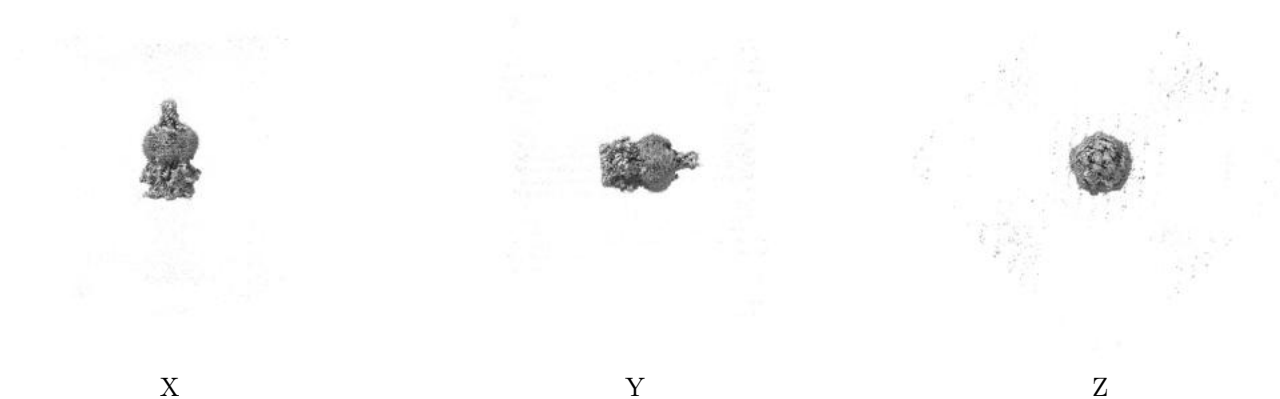
6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.025. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

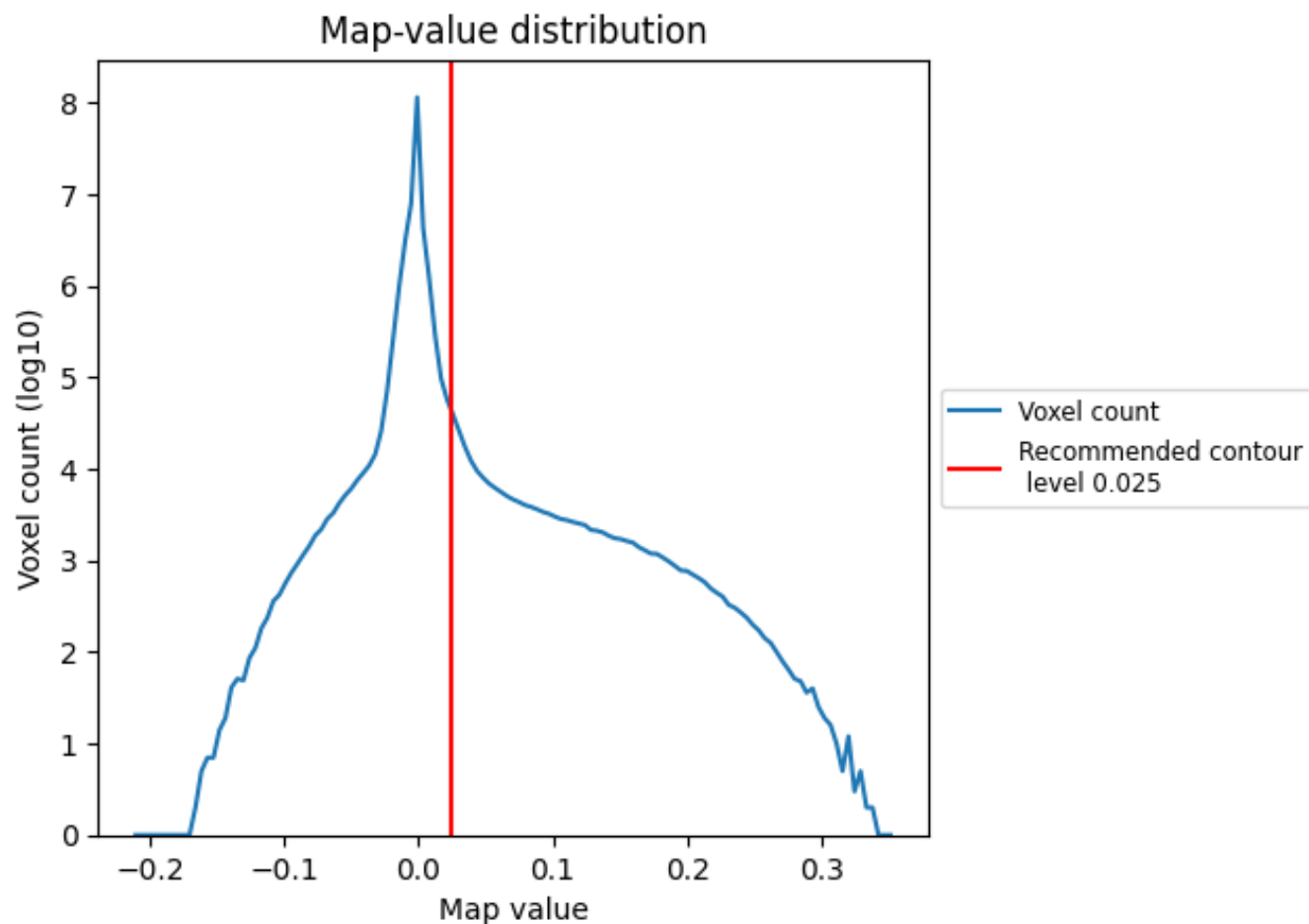
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

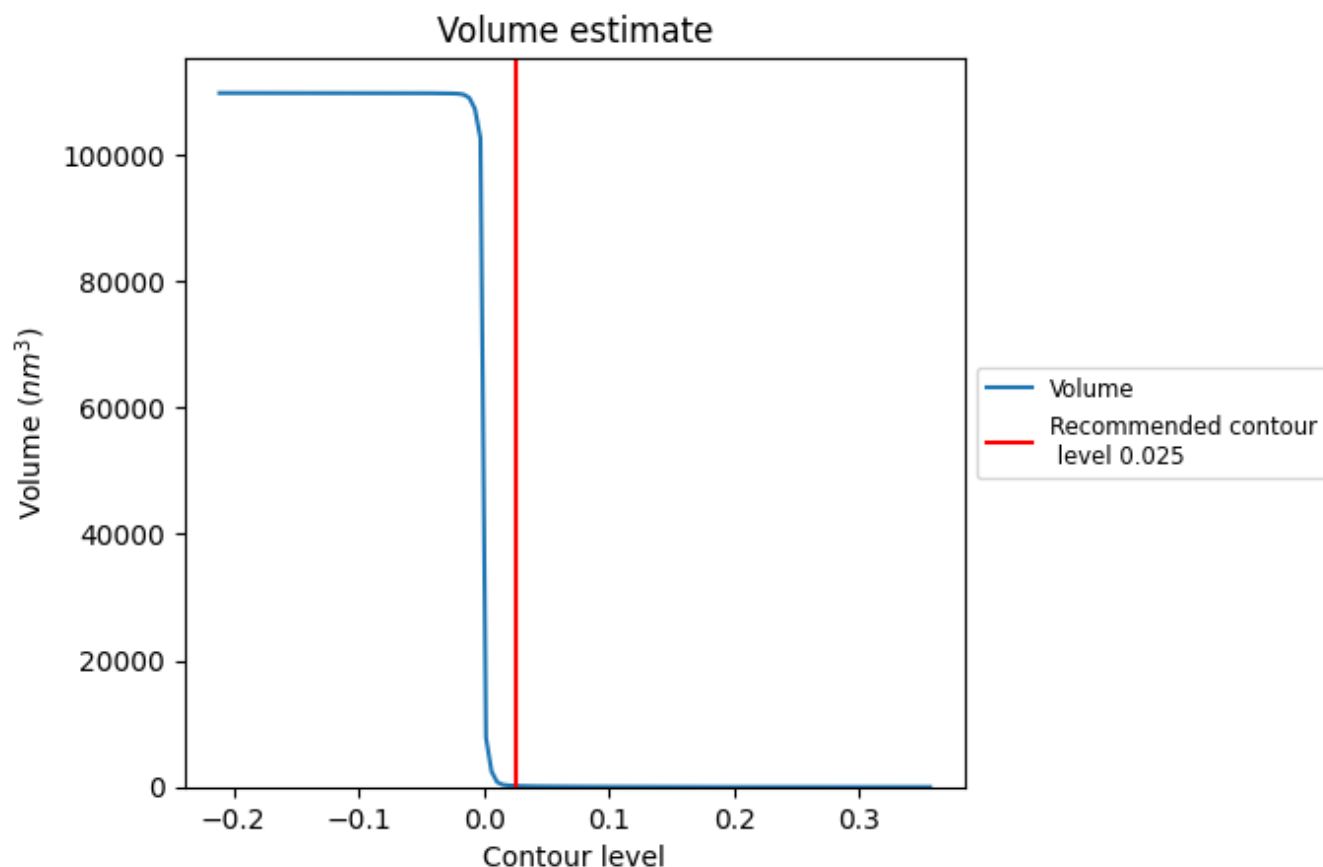
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

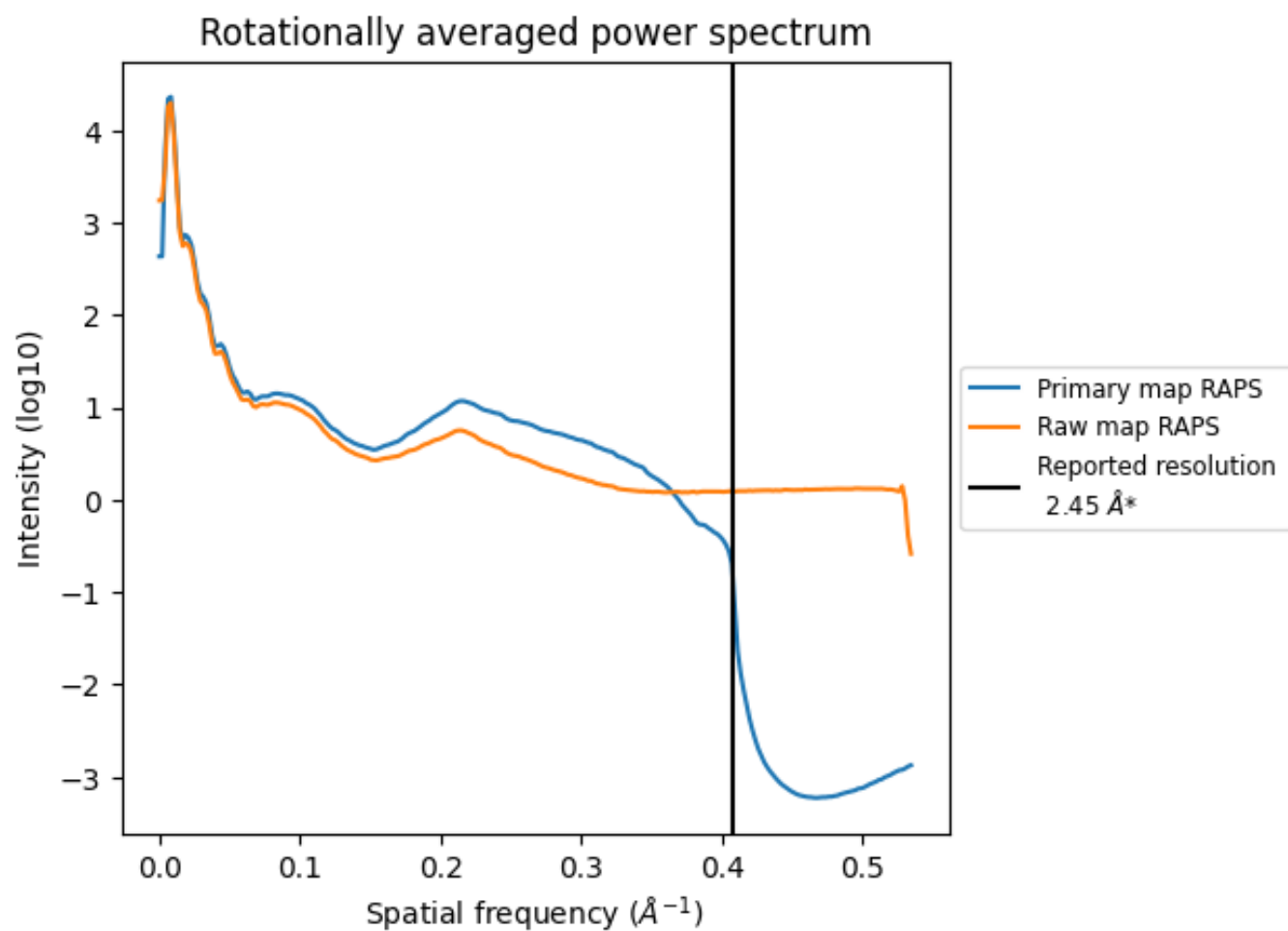
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 179 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 161 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [i](#)

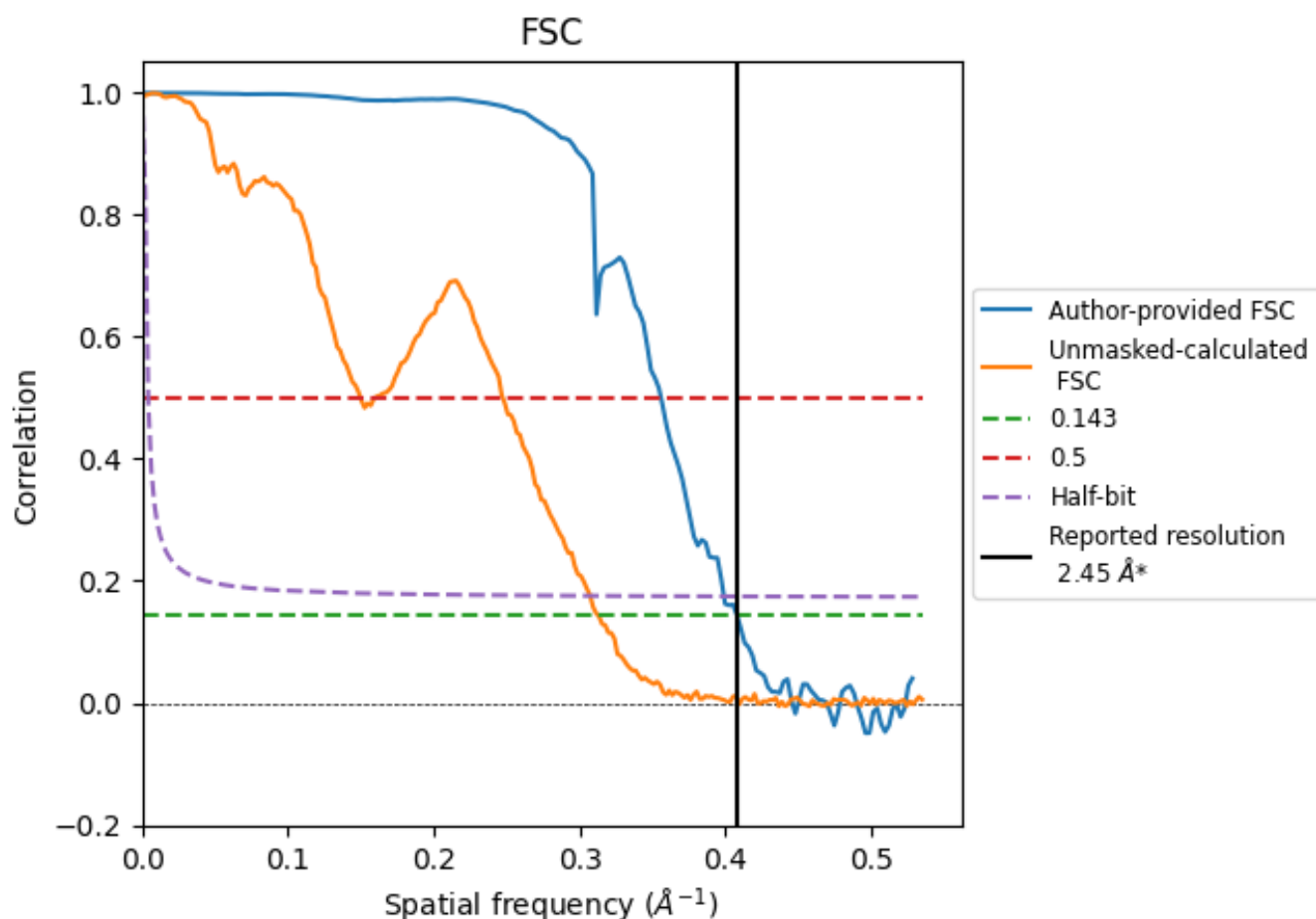


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.408 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of $0.408 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

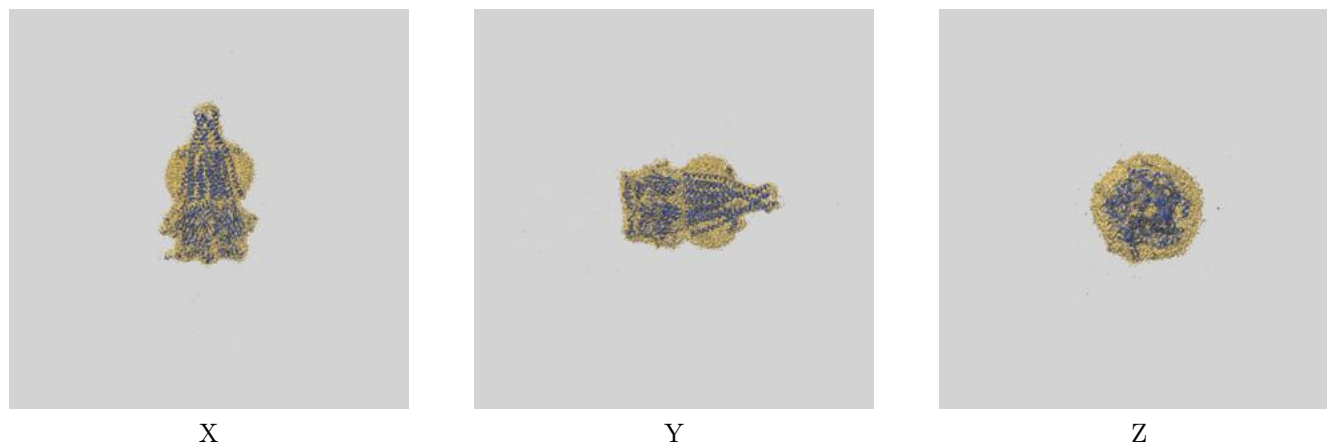
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	2.45	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	2.45	2.81	2.51
Unmasked-calculated*	3.20	6.68	3.26

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.20 differs from the reported value 2.45 by more than 10 %

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

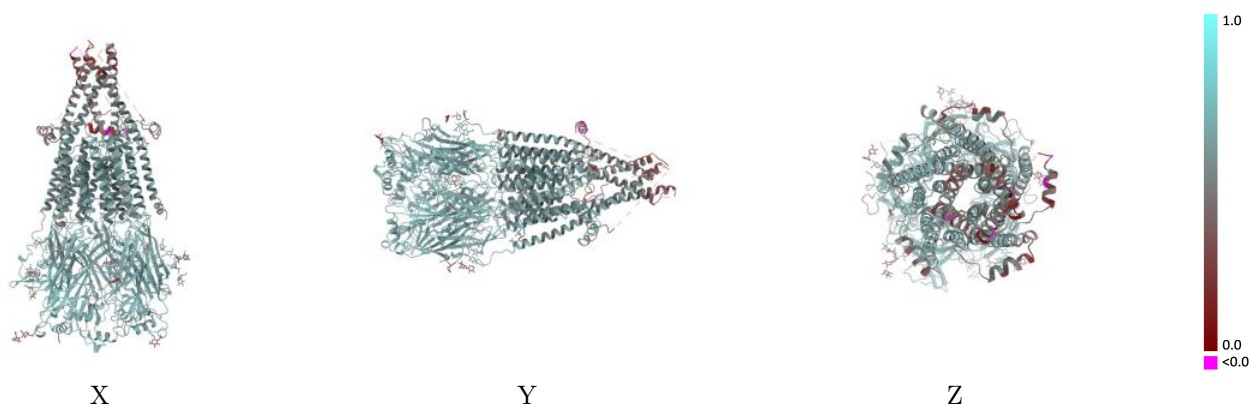
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-43925 and PDB model 9AWJ. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [8](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



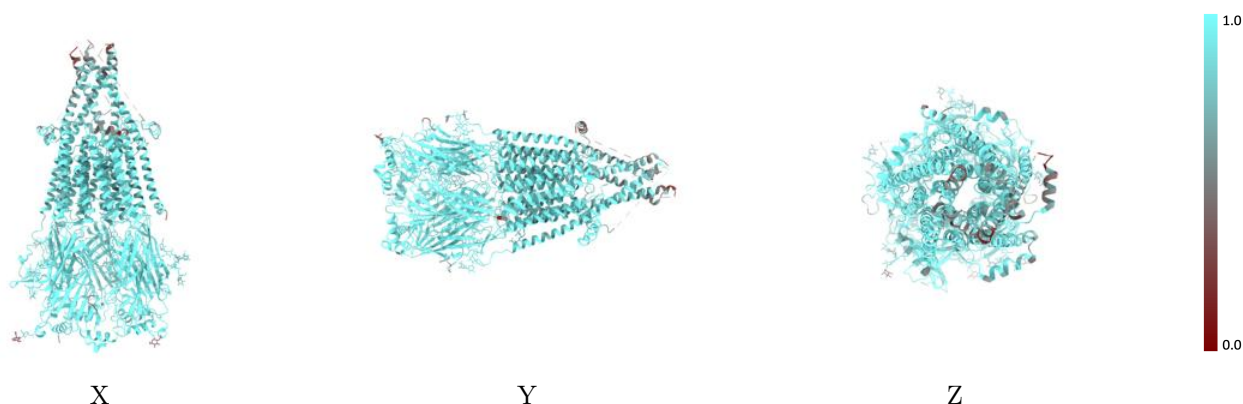
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.025 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



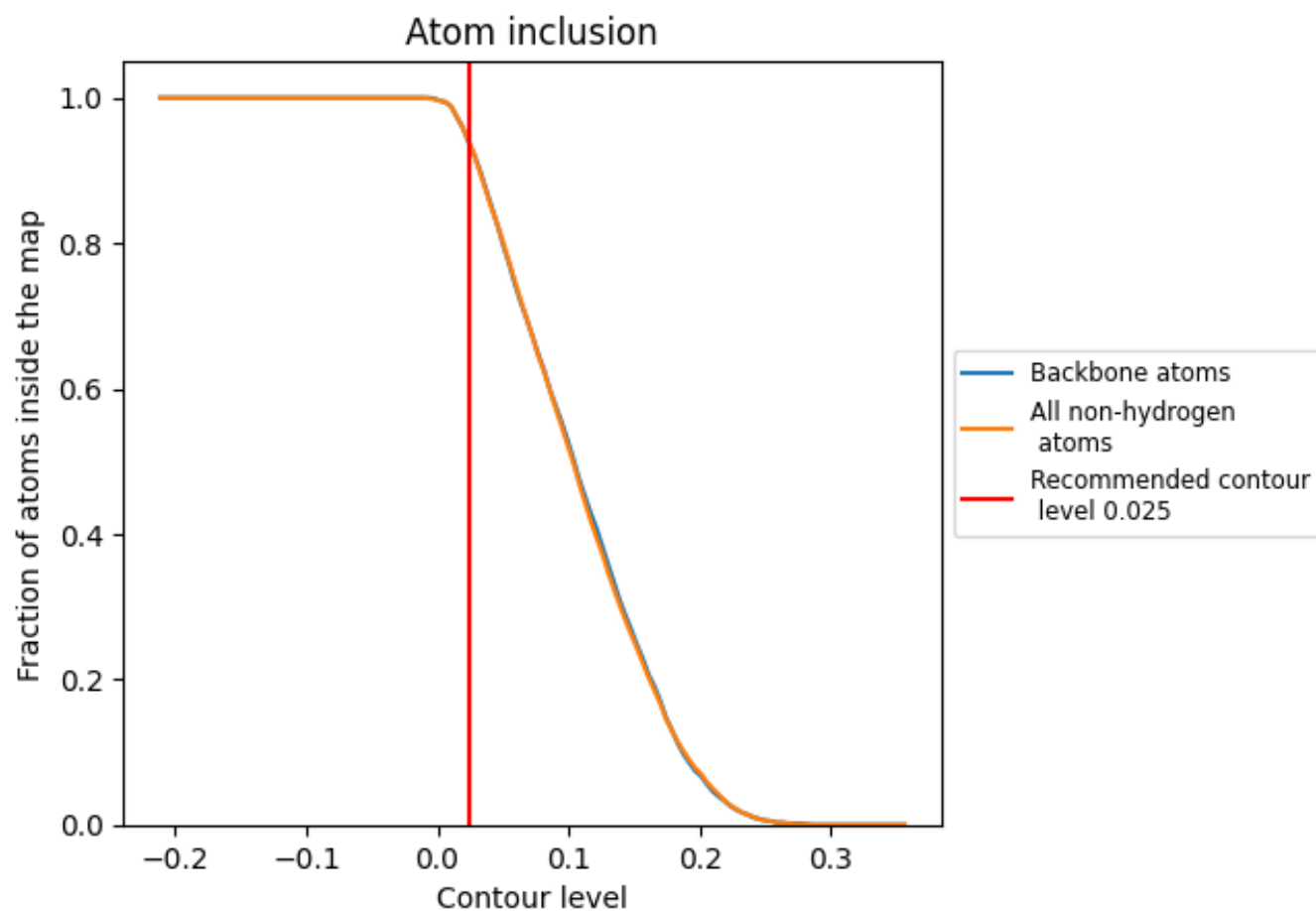
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.025).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 93% of all backbone atoms, 94% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.025) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.9360	 0.5950
A	 0.9460	 0.5970
B	 0.9210	 0.5800
C	 0.9330	 0.5950
D	 0.9520	 0.6160
E	 0.9590	 0.6090
F	 0.5000	 0.2180
G	 0.6070	 0.3910
H	 0.8620	 0.4750
I	 0.9000	 0.4080
J	 0.8950	 0.4940
K	 0.8310	 0.4240
L	 0.8200	 0.3950

