



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 6, 2026 – 06:11 PM UTC

PDB ID : 6B7Y / pdb_00006b7y
EMDB ID : EMD-7065
Title : Cryo-EM structure of human insulin degrading enzyme
Authors : Liang, W.G.; Zhang, Z.; Bailey, L.J.; Kossiakoff, A.A.; Tan, Y.Z.; Wei, H.; Carragher, B.; Potter, S.C.; Tang, W.J.
Deposited on : 2017-10-05
Resolution : 6.50 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

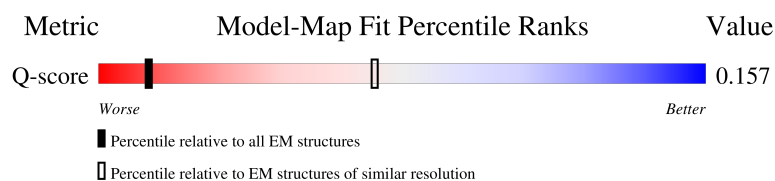
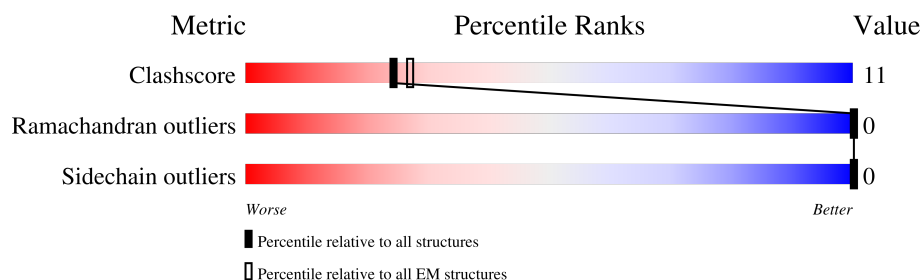
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 6.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	556 (6.00 - 7.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	966	 71% 28% .
1	B	966	 70% 27% .

2 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 15410 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Insulin-degrading enzyme.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	949	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			7748	4995	1302	1429	22		
1	B	939	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			7662	4942	1284	1415	21		

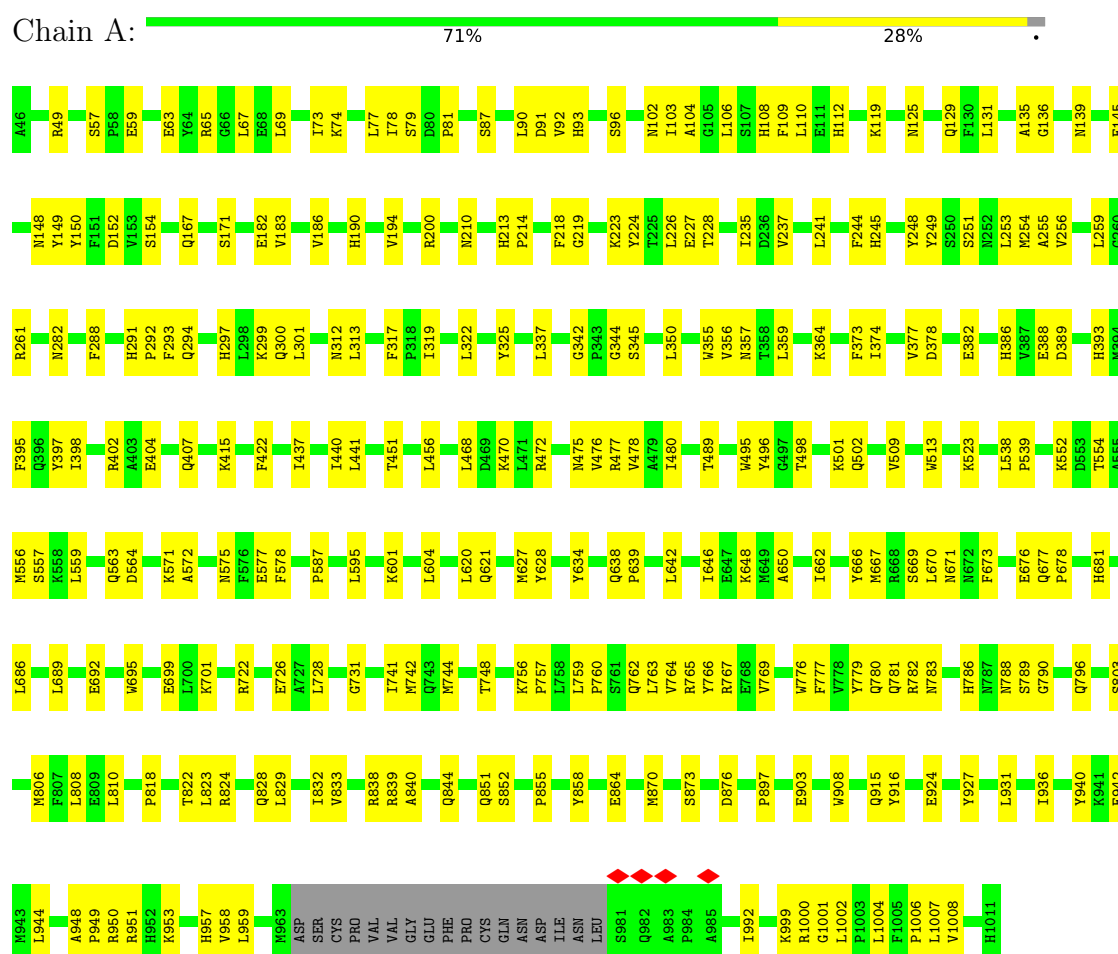
There are 22 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	110	LEU	CYS	conflict	UNP P14735
A	171	SER	CYS	conflict	UNP P14735
A	178	ALA	CYS	conflict	UNP P14735
A	257	VAL	CYS	conflict	UNP P14735
A	414	LEU	CYS	conflict	UNP P14735
A	573	ASN	CYS	conflict	UNP P14735
A	590	SER	CYS	conflict	UNP P14735
A	789	SER	CYS	conflict	UNP P14735
A	812	ALA	CYS	conflict	UNP P14735
A	819	ALA	CYS	conflict	UNP P14735
A	904	SER	CYS	conflict	UNP P14735
B	110	LEU	CYS	conflict	UNP P14735
B	171	SER	CYS	conflict	UNP P14735
B	178	ALA	CYS	conflict	UNP P14735
B	257	VAL	CYS	conflict	UNP P14735
B	414	LEU	CYS	conflict	UNP P14735
B	573	ASN	CYS	conflict	UNP P14735
B	590	SER	CYS	conflict	UNP P14735
B	789	SER	CYS	conflict	UNP P14735
B	812	ALA	CYS	conflict	UNP P14735
B	819	ALA	CYS	conflict	UNP P14735
B	904	SER	CYS	conflict	UNP P14735

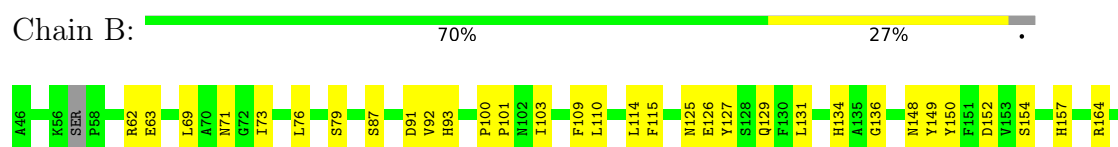
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Insulin-degrading enzyme



• Molecule 1: Insulin-degrading enzyme



L944	K826	P678	K558	R423	P284	E176
R950	E827	E692	L589	E428	L285	S177
K953	I832	D706	F561	S435	H291	A178
H957	W833	V707	K562	K436	P292	K179
V968	F834		Q563	I437	F293	E182
L959	L846	R711	D564	V449	K299	D187
E962		L712	F568	L450	Q300	F202
MET	I849	H724	K571	E457	Y302	E205
ASP	I850	I725	A572	E458	K303	K206
SER	Q851	E726	N573		Y314	N210
CYS	P855	A727	L574	P461	V315	
PRO	P856	L728	N575	I464	T316	
VAL	H857	G731	F576	F578	F317	
GLY	Y858	N732	F579	F579	P318	
GLU	F866	Q743	D586	L468	L322	
PHE	M870	E746	P587	D469		
PRO	M870	D747	L588	R472	K327	
CYS	S873	T748	H589	P473		
GLN	M877	L749		E474	P330	
ASN			M592	N475	H340	
ASP				V476		
ILE	Q883	L758	Y596	R477		
ASN		L759		V478	L346	
LEU				A479		
SER	I886	V764	L600	I480	L350	
GLN	Q887	R765	K601		Q363	
ALA	A888	Y766	L604	T489	K364	
PRO	R892	W776	N605	I505	M371	
ALA	R893	Q780	A608	E508	N252	
LEU	L894	R781		V509	F372	
PRO		R782	A611	I510	F373	
GLN	L900	N783		Q514	I374	
P989		E784	L616	F522	I375	
K999	E903		D619	P525		
R1000	S904	Y795	T623	F530	H386	
G1001	A905	D798	Y625	F530	D389	
L1002	K906	S789	G626	I537	I390	
P1003	F918	G790	M627	L538	M394	
L1004			Y628	Y547	K400	
	E924	S803	L629	P548	L401	
	V925	E804	S630	A549	R402	
	A926	M806	G633	L550	F275	
	Y927	L810	Y634	W409	S276	
		I815	Q638	E413	E277	
	L931	T822	L642	A419	V278	
	E934	L823			K281	
	I937				N282	
	Y940				V283	
H1011	M943					

4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	24425	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	7.9, 6.8	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	940	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2200	Depositor
Magnification	46598	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k), GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.082	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.132	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.004	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.014	Depositor
Map size ($\text{\AA}$)	343.36, 343.36, 343.36	wwPDB
Map dimensions	320, 320, 320	wwPDB
Map angles ($^\circ$)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing ($\text{\AA}$)	1.073, 1.073, 1.073	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.34	0/7942	0.69	0/10744
1	B	0.33	0/7853	0.69	0/10620
All	All	0.33	0/15795	0.69	0/21364

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	7748	0	7686	169	0
1	B	7662	0	7581	166	0
All	All	15410	0	15267	328	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 11.

The worst 5 of 328 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:244:PHE:O	1:B:248:TYR:HB2	1.84	0.78
1:B:419:ALA:O	1:B:423:ARG:HB2	1.86	0.74

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:839:ARG:HG2	1:A:844:GLN:HA	1.71	0.71
1:B:245:HIS:HA	1:B:249:TYR:HB2	1.72	0.70
1:A:317:PHE:HB2	1:A:373:PHE:HB3	1.73	0.69

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	945/966 (98%)	906 (96%)	39 (4%)	0	100	100
1	B	933/966 (97%)	902 (97%)	31 (3%)	0	100	100
All	All	1878/1932 (97%)	1808 (96%)	70 (4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	840/861 (98%)	840 (100%)	0	100	100
1	B	828/861 (96%)	828 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	1668/1722 (97%)	1668 (100%)	0	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 26 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	844	GLN
1	A	915	GLN
1	B	957	HIS
1	A	914	GLN
1	B	157	HIS

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

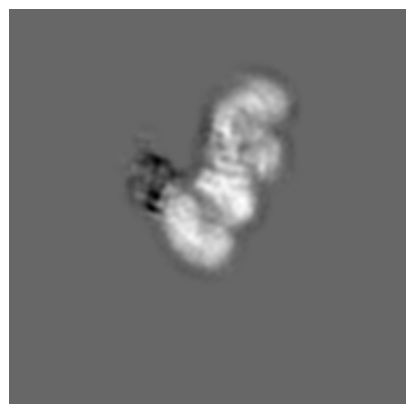
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-7065. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

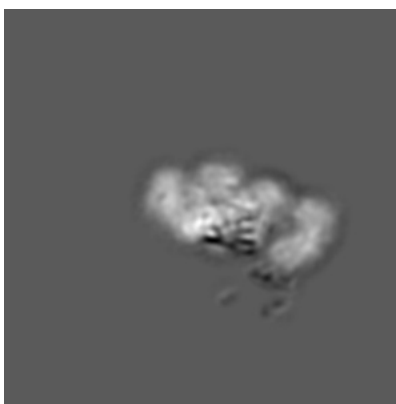
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

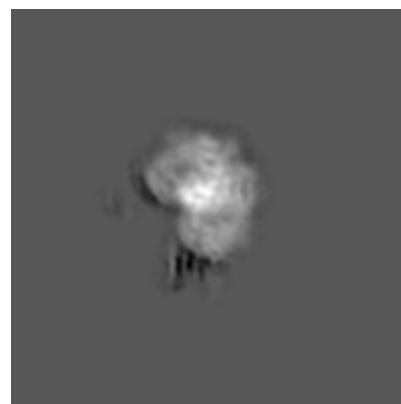
6.1.1 Primary map



X

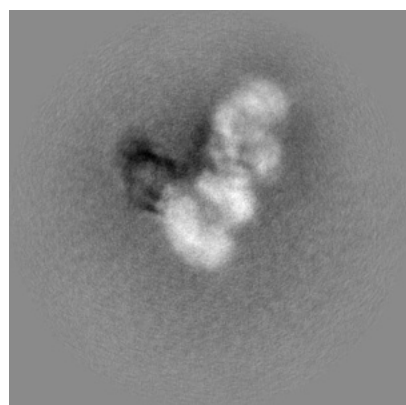


Y

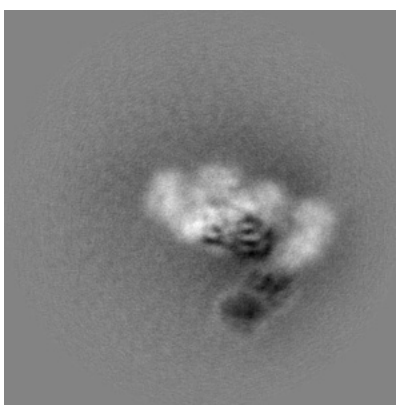


Z

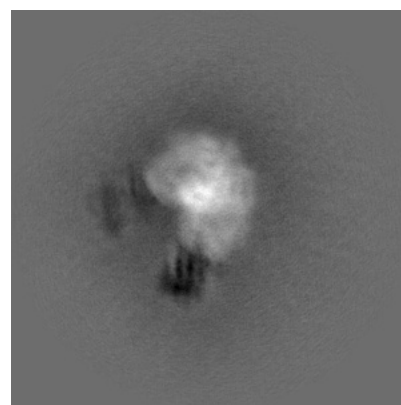
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y



Z

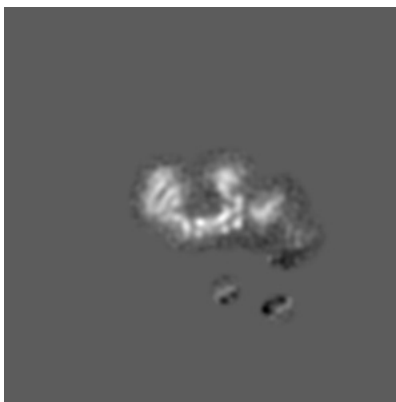
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 160

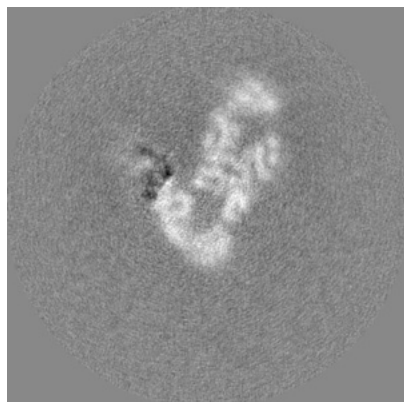


Y Index: 160

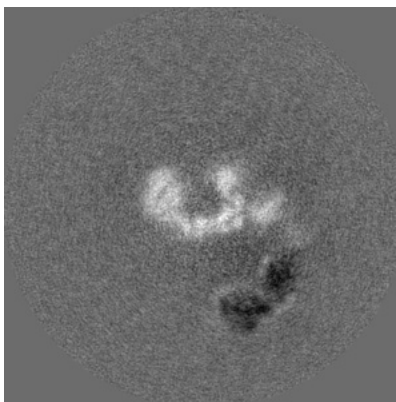


Z Index: 160

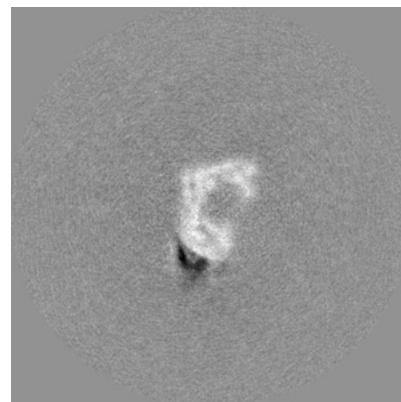
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 160



Y Index: 160



Z Index: 160

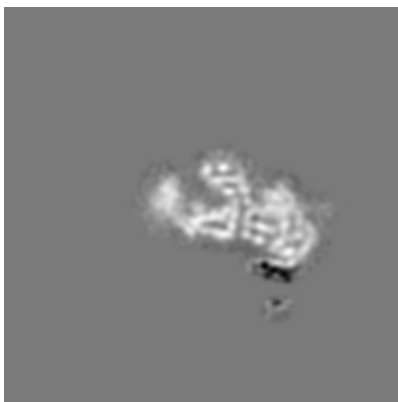
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 151

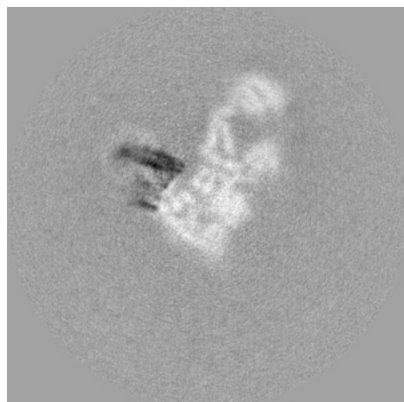


Y Index: 173

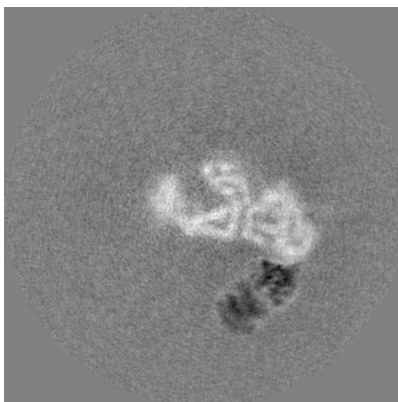


Z Index: 160

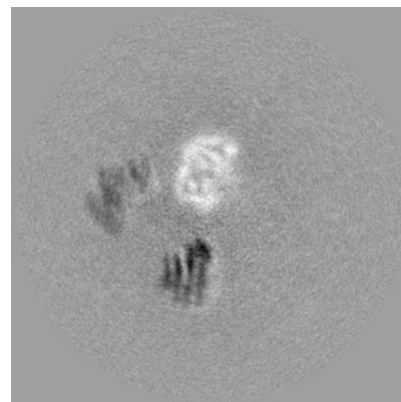
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 151



Y Index: 171

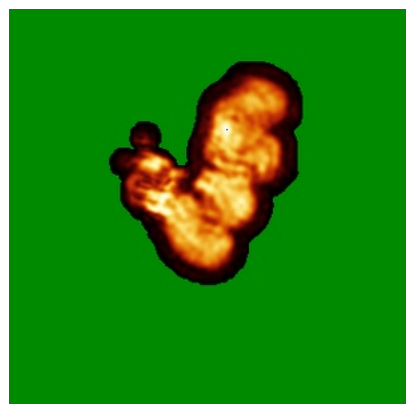


Z Index: 199

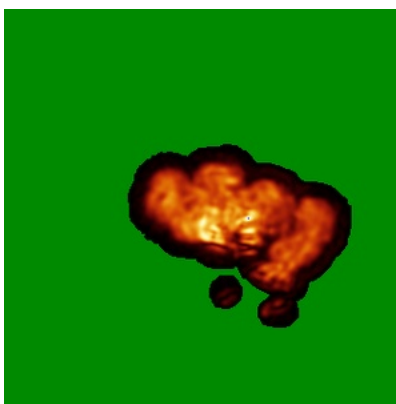
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

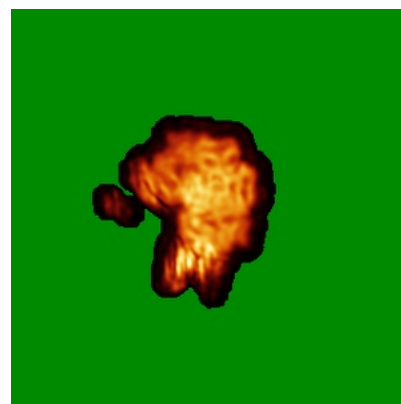
6.4.1 Primary map



X

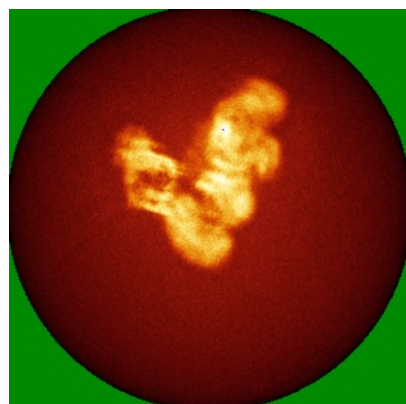


Y

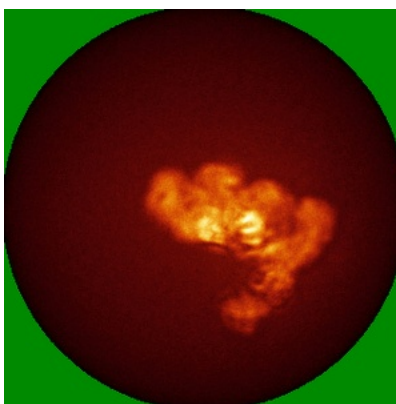


Z

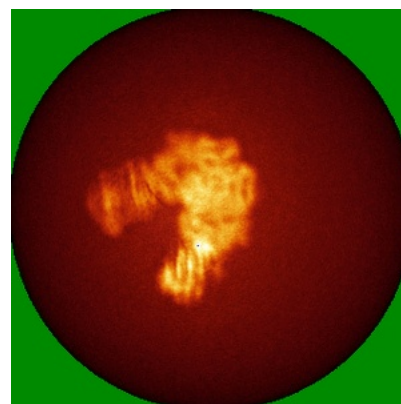
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

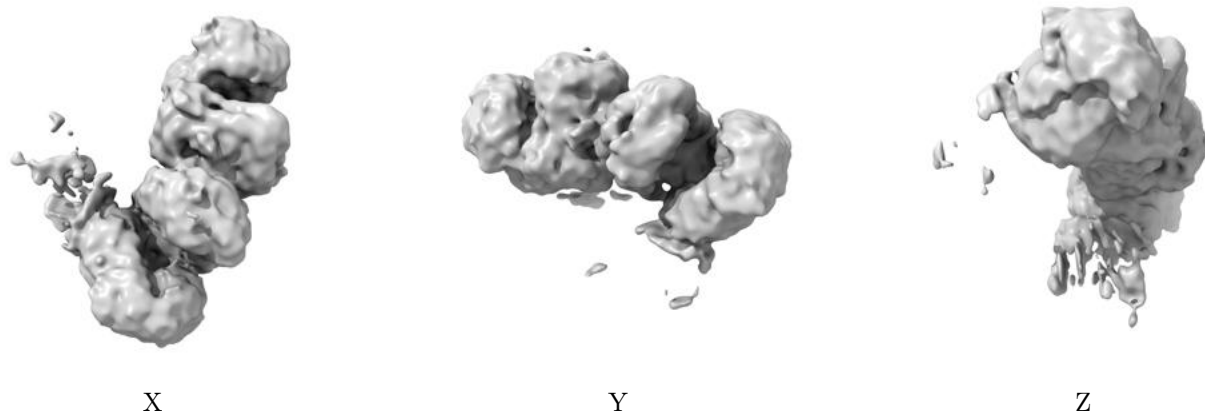


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

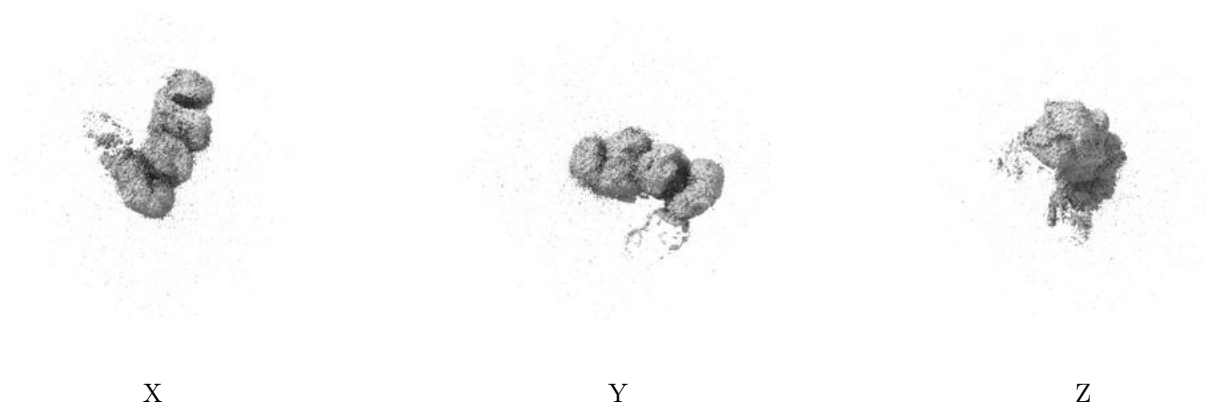
6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.014. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

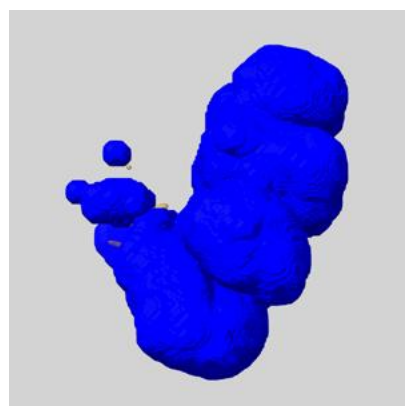
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

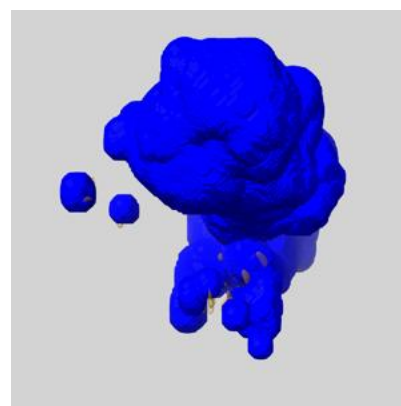
6.6.1 emd_7065_msk_1.map [i](#)



X



Y

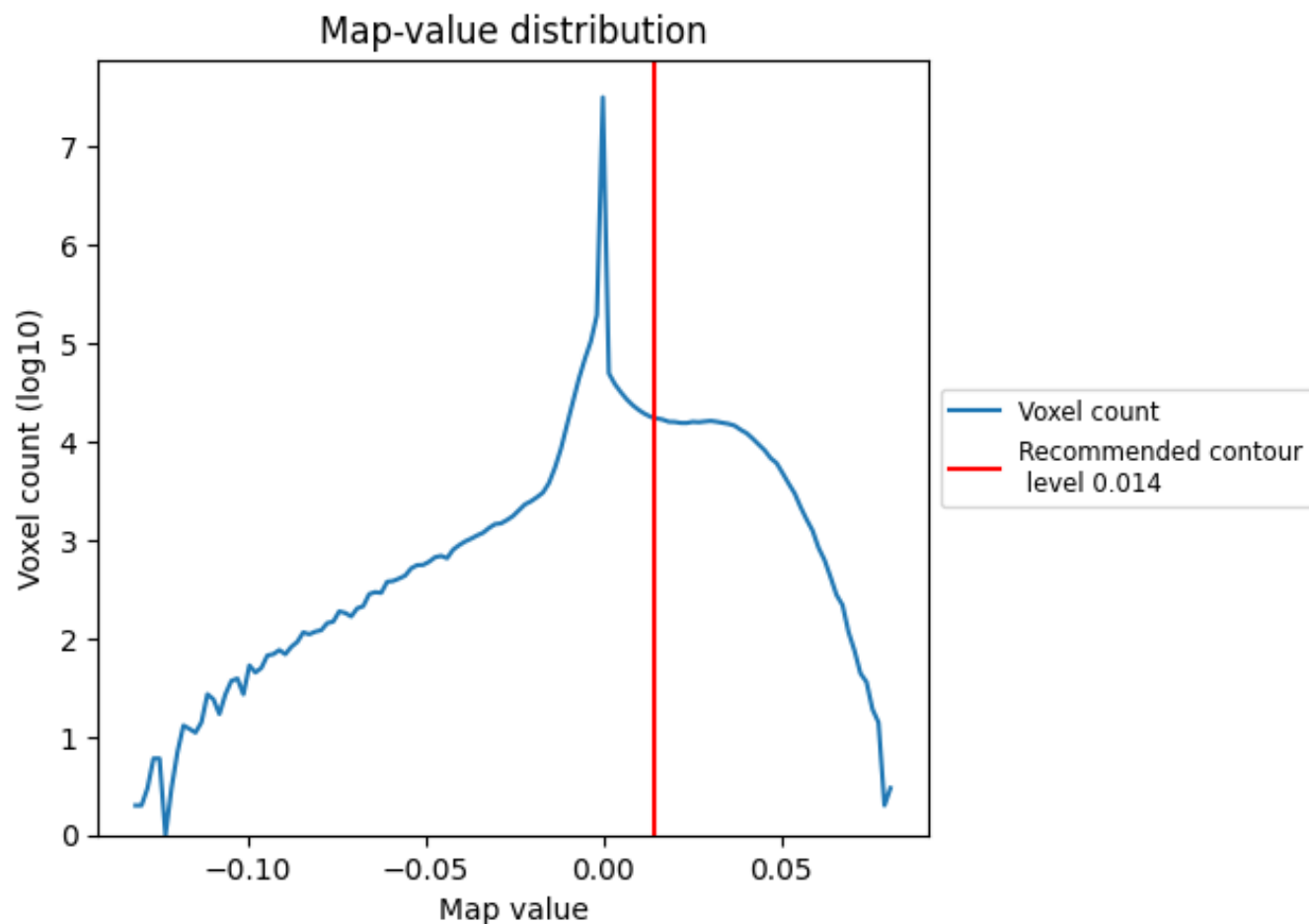


Z

7 Map analysis [i](#)

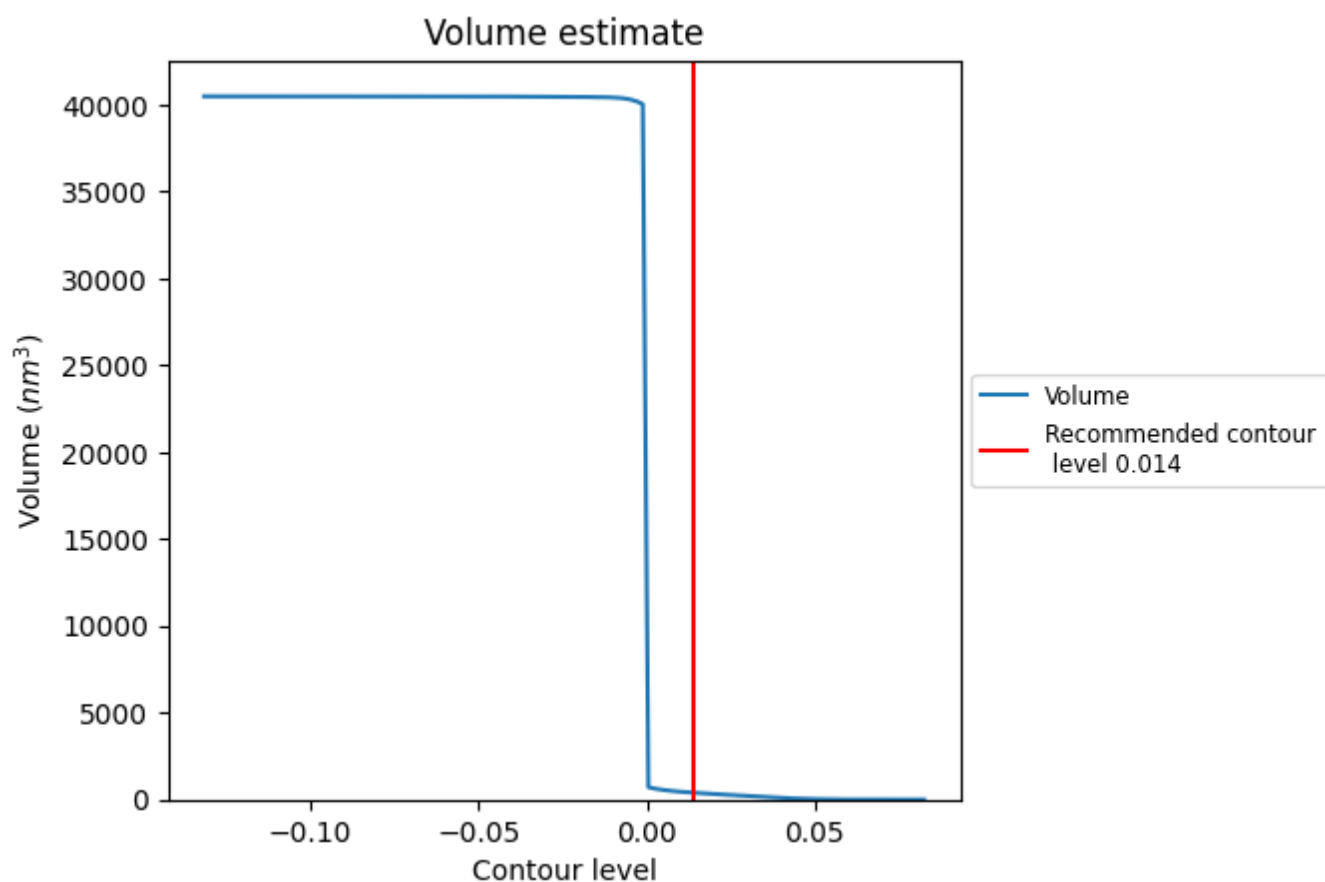
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

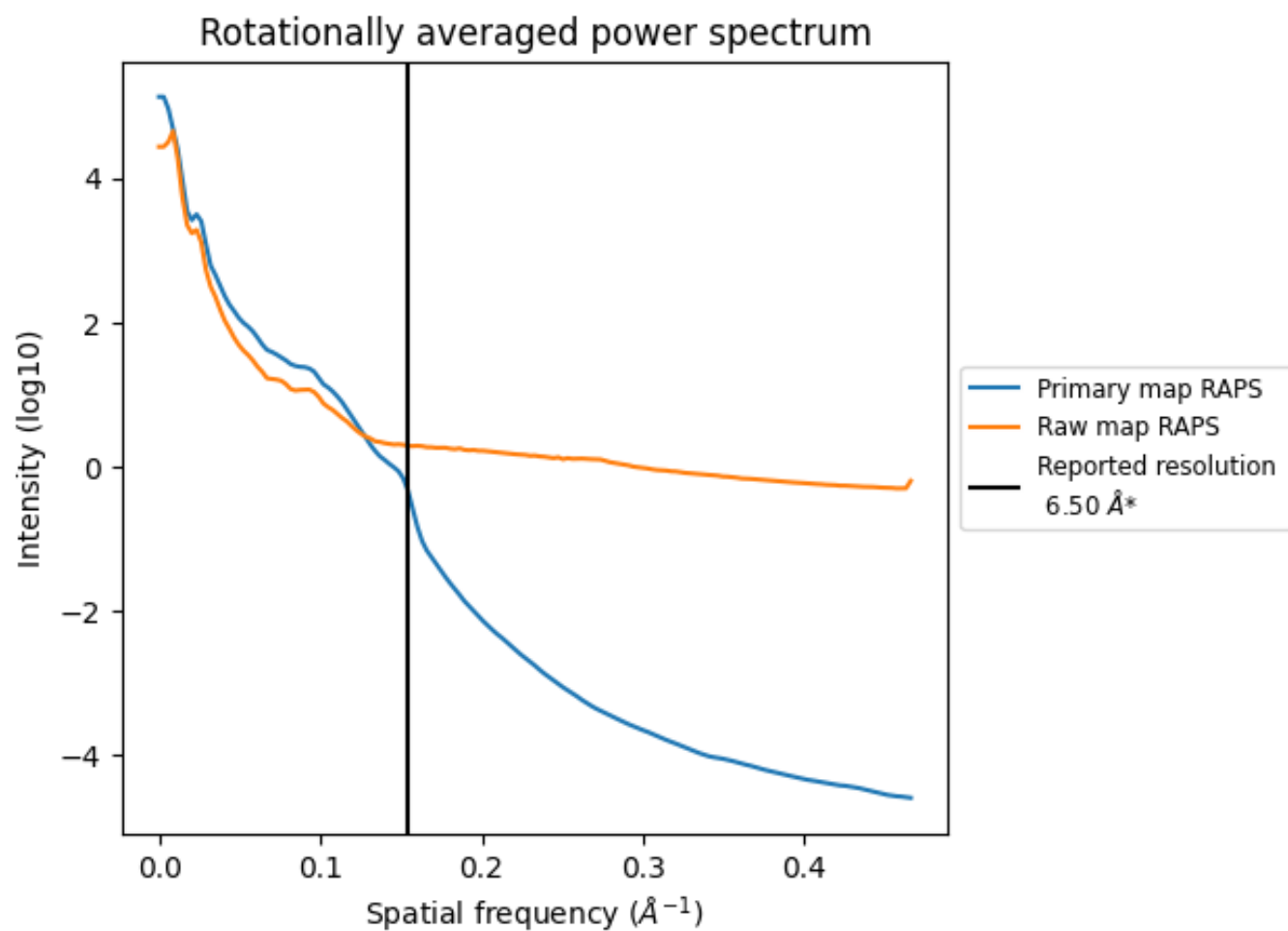
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 393 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 355 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

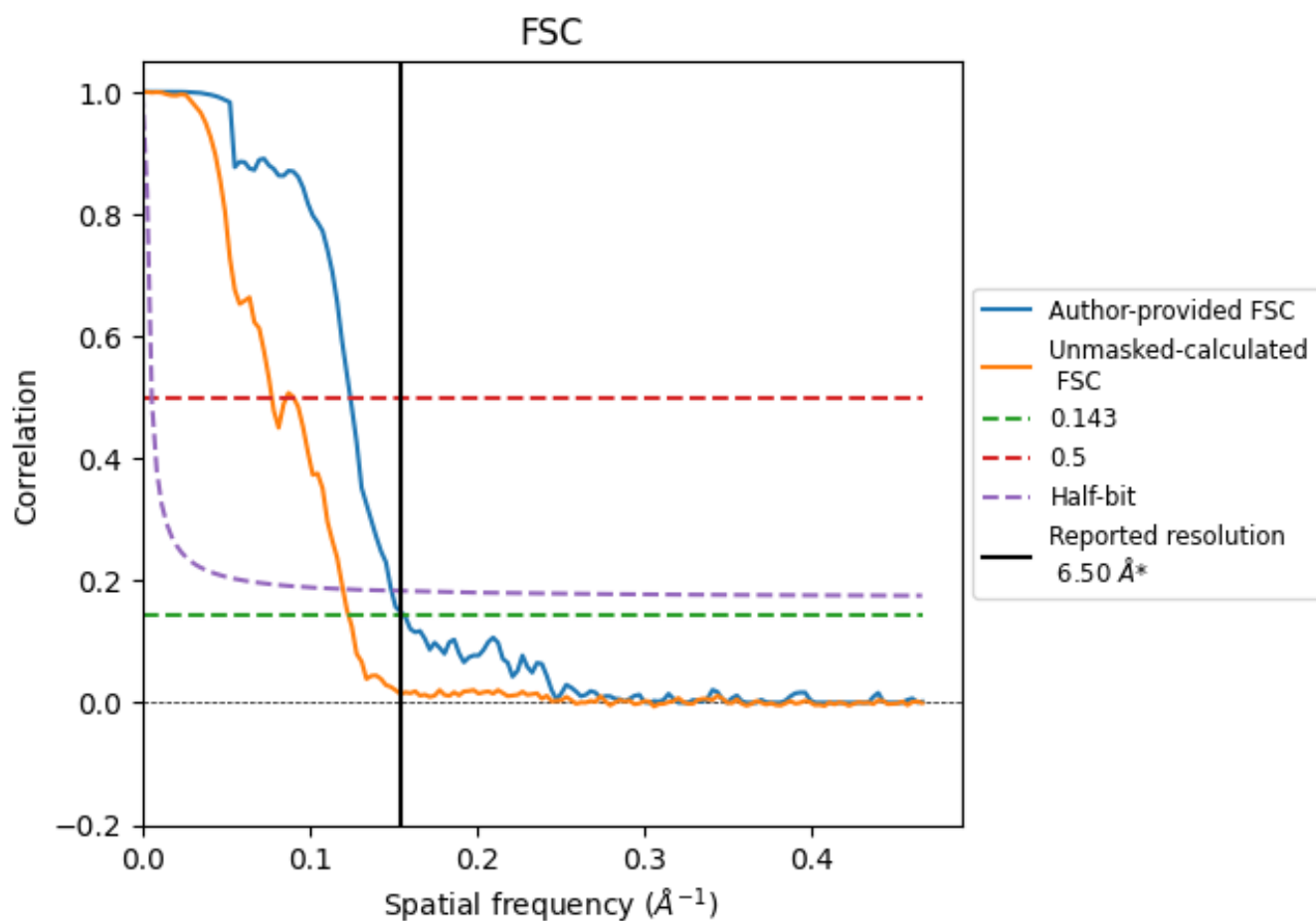


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.154 $\text{\AA}^{-1}$

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of $0.154 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

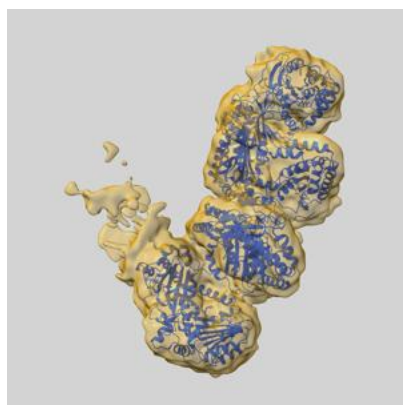
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	6.50	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	6.40	8.04	6.71
Unmasked-calculated*	8.11	12.92	8.34

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 8.11 differs from the reported value 6.5 by more than 10 %

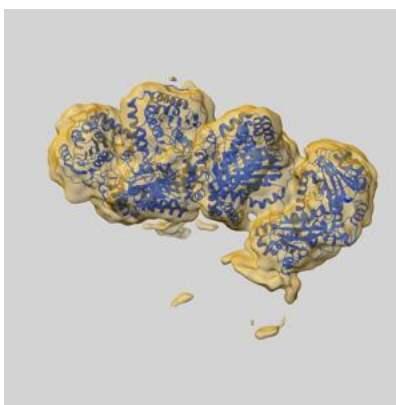
9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-7065 and PDB model 6B7Y. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in [section 3](#) on [page 4](#).

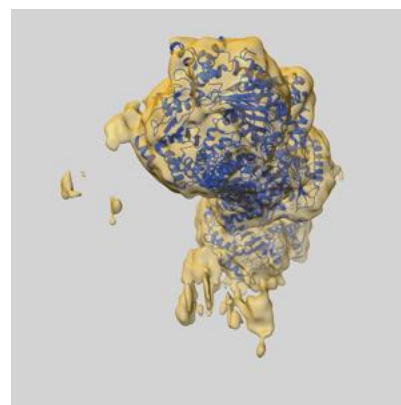
9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



X



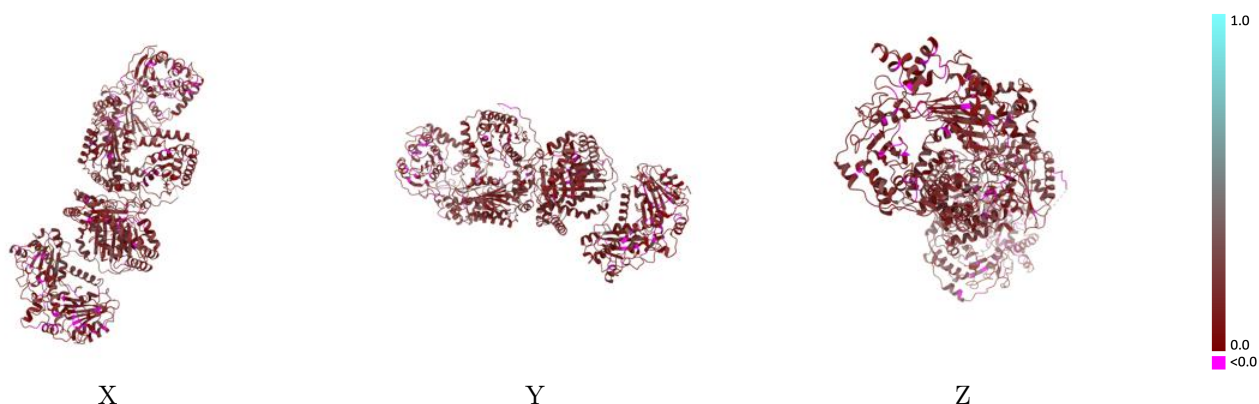
Y



Z

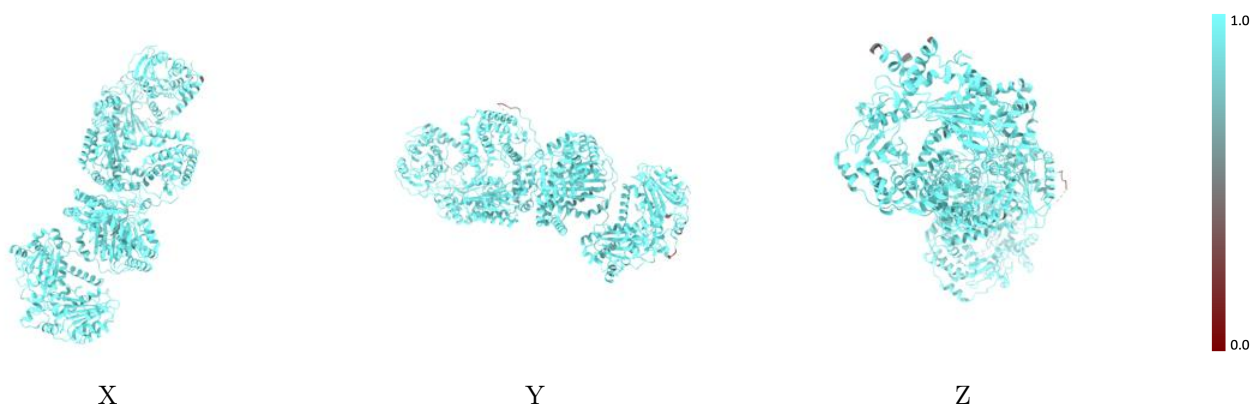
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.014 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



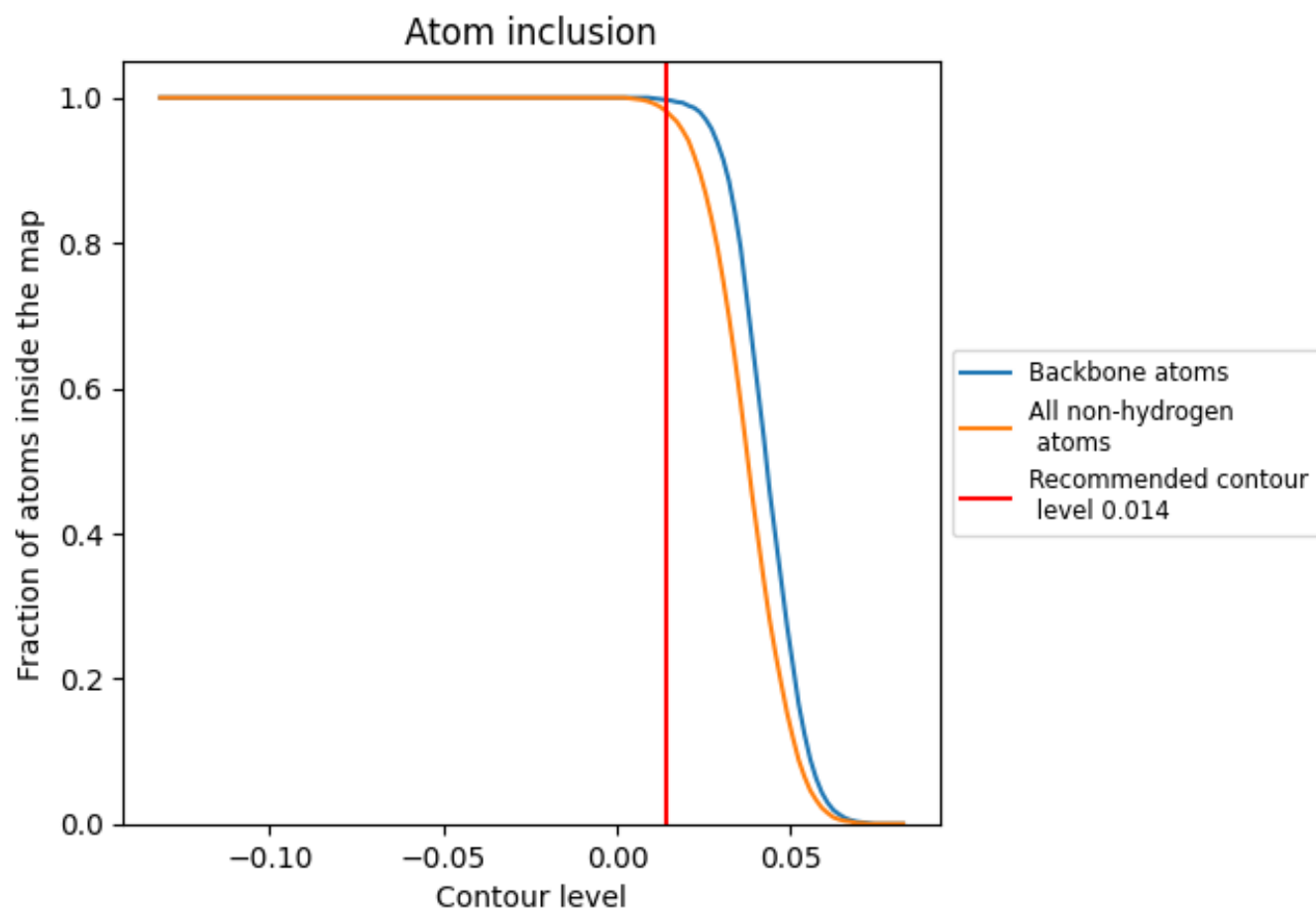
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.014).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 100% of all backbone atoms, 98% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.014) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.9820	0.1570
A	0.9910	0.1590
B	0.9720	0.1560

