



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 9, 2026 – 04:05 PM UTC

PDB ID : 1BIS / pdb_00001bis
Title : HIV-1 INTEGRASE CORE DOMAIN
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Deposited on : 1998-06-19
Resolution : 1.95 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4	:	9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

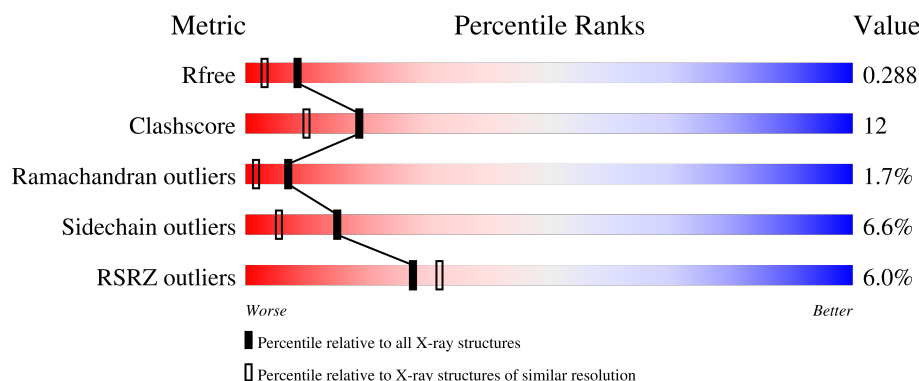
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.95 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	3494 (1.96-1.96)
Clashscore	190562	3612 (1.96-1.96)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	3587 (1.96-1.96)
Sidechain outliers	187428	3587 (1.96-1.96)
RSRZ outliers	180081	3495 (1.96-1.96)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	166	2% 66% 18% • 12%
1	B	166	8% 66% 20% 5% • 7%

2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3274 atoms, of which 820 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called HIV-1 INTEGRASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	146	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1370	713	250	194	208	5			
1	B	154	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1448	751	266	205	221	5			

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	48	SER	GLU	conflict	UNP P12497
A	49	HIS	ALA	conflict	UNP P12497
A	131	GLU	TRP	engineered mutation	UNP P12497
A	185	LYS	PHE	engineered mutation	UNP P12497
B	48	SER	GLU	conflict	UNP P12497
B	49	HIS	ALA	conflict	UNP P12497
B	131	GLU	TRP	engineered mutation	UNP P12497
B	185	LYS	PHE	engineered mutation	UNP P12497

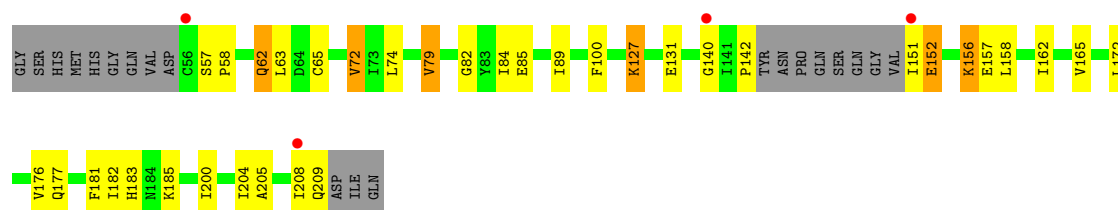
- Molecule 2 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	80	Total	H	O	0	0
			240	160	80		
2	B	72	Total	H	O	0	0
			216	144	72		

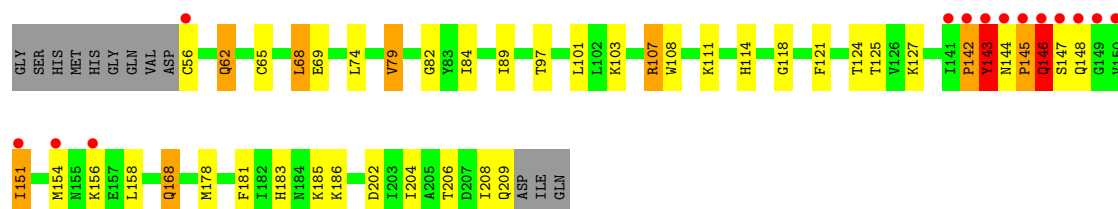
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: HIV-1 INTEGRASE



• Molecule 1: HIV-1 INTEGRASE



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	45.09Å 45.08Å 49.43Å 68.82° 64.74° 62.63°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	(Not available) – 1.95 43.75 – 1.95	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	93.8 ((Not available)-1.95) 94.0 (43.75-1.95)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.03	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	3.09 (at 1.95Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	X-PLOR 3.1	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.204 , 0.256 (Not available) , 0.288	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1012 reflections (4.85%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	24.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.205	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.39 , 50.7	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.50$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.017 for h,h-k,h-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	3274	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	23.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 11.19% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.61	0/1140	0.98	2/1540 (0.1%)
1	B	0.60	0/1205	1.00	5/1631 (0.3%)
All	All	0.60	0/2345	0.99	7/3171 (0.2%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (7) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	79	VAL	N-CA-C	7.65	119.34	110.62
1	B	156	LYS	N-CA-C	-5.72	104.42	111.40
1	A	85	GLU	N-CA-C	-5.60	99.54	109.06
1	A	79	VAL	N-CA-C	5.57	120.93	109.34
1	B	186	LYS	N-CA-C	5.36	118.09	110.10
1	B	143	TYR	N-CA-C	5.22	121.92	110.80
1	B	168	GLN	N-CA-C	5.21	119.26	113.01

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1120	250	1134	25	0
1	B	1182	266	1190	30	1
2	A	80	160	0	5	1
2	B	72	144	0	7	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
All	All	2454	820	2324	55	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

All (55) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:177:GLN:HG3	2:B:669:HOH:O	1.75	0.85
1:B:124:THR:HA	2:B:738:HOH:O	1.87	0.73
1:B:84:ILE:HD11	1:B:158:LEU:HD13	1.77	0.65
1:B:56:CYS:HG	1:B:143:TYR:HH	1.46	0.63
1:A:127:LYS:HE2	2:A:856:HOH:O	1.99	0.61
1:B:79:VAL:HG22	1:B:151:ILE:HD13	1.84	0.60
1:B:118:GLY:HA3	2:B:931:HOH:O	2.04	0.57
1:B:144:ASN:N	1:B:145:PRO:HD3	2.23	0.54
1:B:103:LYS:HD3	2:B:669:HOH:O	2.08	0.54
1:B:181:PHE:O	1:B:185:LYS:HG2	2.10	0.52
1:A:204:ILE:O	1:A:208:ILE:HG23	2.09	0.52
1:B:143:TYR:CD1	1:B:143:TYR:N	2.77	0.51
1:B:127:LYS:HD2	2:B:738:HOH:O	2.11	0.50
1:A:84:ILE:HD11	1:A:158:LEU:HD13	1.93	0.50
1:A:82:GLY:O	1:A:183:HIS:HE1	1.94	0.50
1:A:62:GLN:HG3	1:A:79:VAL:HG22	1.95	0.49
1:B:208:ILE:O	1:B:208:ILE:HG22	2.12	0.48
1:B:79:VAL:HG11	1:B:147:SER:HB3	1.95	0.48
1:A:156:LYS:HD3	1:A:157:GLU:N	2.29	0.48
1:B:79:VAL:CG1	1:B:147:SER:HB3	2.44	0.47
1:B:121:PHE:HE2	2:B:934:HOH:O	1.96	0.47
1:B:107:ARG:HG3	1:B:108:TRP:CD1	2.49	0.47
1:B:168:GLN:HB2	1:B:178:MET:HE1	1.97	0.47
1:B:82:GLY:O	1:B:183:HIS:HE1	1.99	0.46
1:A:200:ILE:HG12	1:A:204:ILE:HD12	1.97	0.45
1:B:62:GLN:HG2	1:B:114:HIS:HB2	1.99	0.45
1:A:151:ILE:HG23	1:A:152:GLU:H	1.82	0.44
1:B:125:THR:HG22	2:B:878:HOH:O	2.16	0.44
1:B:146:GLN:NE2	1:B:146:GLN:HA	2.33	0.44
1:A:140:GLY:HA2	2:A:483:HOH:O	2.18	0.44
1:B:74:LEU:HD22	1:B:89:ILE:HD13	2.00	0.44
1:A:165:VAL:HG11	1:A:182:ILE:CD1	2.48	0.43
1:B:202:ASP:O	1:B:206:THR:HG23	2.19	0.43

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:72:VAL:HG13	1:A:89:ILE:O	2.19	0.43
1:A:181:PHE:O	1:A:185:LYS:HG2	2.18	0.43
1:B:68:LEU:HD22	1:B:69:GLU:HG3	2.00	0.43
1:B:142:PRO:O	1:B:145:PRO:HD3	2.19	0.43
1:A:151:ILE:HG23	1:A:152:GLU:N	2.33	0.42
1:B:74:LEU:HD21	1:B:97:THR:HA	2.01	0.42
1:A:205:ALA:O	1:A:208:ILE:HG12	2.20	0.42
1:A:142:PRO:CD	2:A:537:HOH:O	2.68	0.42
1:A:142:PRO:HG3	2:A:637:HOH:O	2.20	0.42
1:A:156:LYS:HD3	1:A:157:GLU:H	1.83	0.41
1:A:84:ILE:CD1	1:A:158:LEU:HD13	2.50	0.41
1:B:146:GLN:NE2	1:B:148:GLN:OE1	2.51	0.41
1:B:147:SER:O	1:B:151:ILE:HB	2.20	0.41
1:B:204:ILE:O	1:B:208:ILE:HG13	2.20	0.41
1:A:65:CYS:SG	1:A:74:LEU:HD13	2.61	0.41
1:A:158:LEU:O	1:A:162:ILE:HG13	2.20	0.41
1:B:56:CYS:SG	1:B:143:TYR:OH	2.64	0.41
1:A:63:LEU:HD11	1:A:100:PHE:CE2	2.56	0.41
1:B:144:ASN:O	1:B:144:ASN:CG	2.63	0.41
1:A:142:PRO:HD3	2:A:537:HOH:O	2.20	0.41
1:A:57:SER:HA	1:A:58:PRO:HD3	1.89	0.40
1:A:172:LEU:O	1:A:176:VAL:HG23	2.21	0.40

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:127:LYS:HZ2	2:A:815:HOH:H1[1_554]	1.15	0.45

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	142/166 (86%)	138 (97%)	3 (2%)	1 (1%)	18	10
1	B	152/166 (92%)	147 (97%)	1 (1%)	4 (3%)	4	1
All	All	294/332 (89%)	285 (97%)	4 (1%)	5 (2%)	7	2

All (5) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	143	TYR
1	B	145	PRO
1	B	146	GLN
1	A	152	GLU
1	B	142	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	118/135 (87%)	112 (95%)	6 (5%)	21	10
1	B	125/135 (93%)	115 (92%)	10 (8%)	11	3
All	All	243/270 (90%)	227 (93%)	16 (7%)	15	5

All (16) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	62	GLN
1	A	72	VAL
1	A	127	LYS
1	A	131	GLU
1	A	156	LYS
1	A	209	GLN
1	B	62	GLN
1	B	65	CYS
1	B	68	LEU
1	B	101	LEU
1	B	107	ARG

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	111	LYS
1	B	146	GLN
1	B	151	ILE
1	B	154	MET
1	B	209	GLN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	62	GLN
1	A	114	HIS
1	A	183	HIS
1	B	137	GLN
1	B	168	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	146/166 (87%)	0.07	4 (2%) 56 62	11, 21, 46, 81	0
1	B	154/166 (92%)	0.24	14 (9%) 15 17	11, 21, 64, 87	0
All	All	300/332 (90%)	0.16	18 (6%) 27 32	11, 21, 59, 87	0

All (18) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	150	VAL	7.5
1	A	56	CYS	5.8
1	A	151	ILE	5.3
1	B	143	TYR	5.1
1	B	151	ILE	4.9
1	B	144	ASN	3.8
1	B	147	SER	3.8
1	B	141	ILE	3.6
1	B	149	GLY	3.2
1	B	148	GLN	3.0
1	B	146	GLN	3.0
1	A	208	ILE	3.0
1	B	142	PRO	2.9
1	B	154	MET	2.9
1	B	156	LYS	2.3
1	A	140	GLY	2.1
1	B	56	CYS	2.1
1	B	145	PRO	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.