



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 8, 2026 – 01:19 PM UTC

PDB ID : 4BPQ / pdb_00004bpq
EMDB ID : EMD-2387
Title : Structure and substrate induced conformational changes of the secondary citrate-sodium symporter CitS revealed by electron crystallography
Authors : Kebbel, F.; Kurz, M.; Arbeit, M.; Gruetter, M.G.; Stahlberg, H.
Deposited on : 2013-05-27
Resolution : 6.00 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

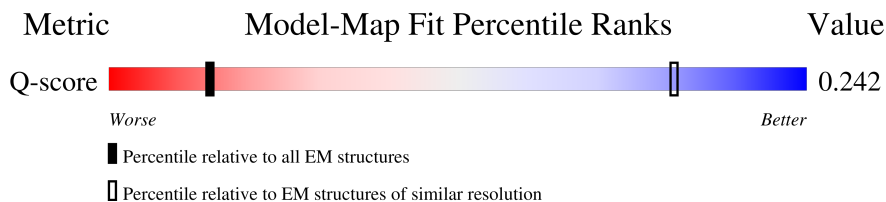
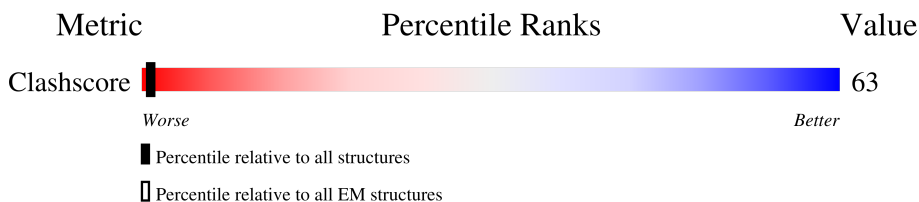
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON CRYSTALLOGRAPHY

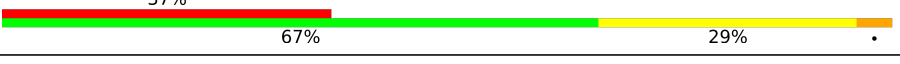
The reported resolution of this entry is 6.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Q-score	-	25397	525 (5.50 - 6.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	318	
1	B	318	

2 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 3110 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called CITRATE\ :SODIUM SYMPORTER.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
1	A	304	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			1520	912	304	304		
1	B	318	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			1590	954	318	318		



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	CRYSTALLOGRAPHY	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	2D CRYSTAL, a =Not provided Å, b =Not provided Å, c =Not provided Å, γ =Not provided°, space group=Not provided	Depositor
Number of images used	Not provided	
Resolution determination method	OTHER	Depositor
CTF correction method	Not provided	
Microscope	FEI/PHILIPS CM200FEG	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	200	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	6	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	300	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2500	Depositor
Magnification	50000	Depositor
Image detector	KODAK SO-163 FILM	Depositor
Maximum map value	244.378	Depositor
Minimum map value	-151.810	Depositor
Average map value	0.381	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	19.640	Depositor
Recommended contour level	46.2	Depositor
Map size (Å)	100.0, 100.0, 100.0	wwPDB
Map dimensions	100, 100, 100	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.0, 1.0, 1.0	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

There are no protein, RNA or DNA chains available to summarize Z scores of covalent bonds and angles.

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	22
1	B	0	24
All	All	0	46

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 46 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	106	UNK	Mainchain
1	A	46	UNK	Mainchain
1	A	47	UNK	Mainchain
1	A	8	UNK	Mainchain
1	A	9	UNK	Mainchain

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1520	0	327	126	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	B	1590	0	342	135	0
All	All	3110	0	669	237	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 63.

The worst 5 of 237 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:73:UNK:CB	1:B:417:UNK:HA	1.08	1.51
1:A:396:UNK:CA	1:B:72:UNK:CB	1.84	1.51
1:A:396:UNK:HA	1:B:72:UNK:CB	1.05	1.49
1:A:73:UNK:CB	1:B:417:UNK:CA	1.93	1.47
1:A:101:UNK:CB	1:A:257:UNK:C	1.95	1.44

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

There are no protein backbone outliers to report in this entry.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report in this entry.

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

The following chains have linkage breaks:

Mol	Chain	Number of breaks
1	B	14
1	A	13

The worst 5 of 27 chain breaks are listed below:

Model	Chain	Residue-1	Atom-1	Residue-2	Atom-2	Distance (Å)
1	A	224:UNK	C	234:UNK	N	58.60
1	B	222:UNK	C	232:UNK	N	58.60
1	A	323:UNK	C	333:UNK	N	51.51
1	B	321:UNK	C	331:UNK	N	51.51
1	A	115:UNK	C	125:UNK	N	43.69

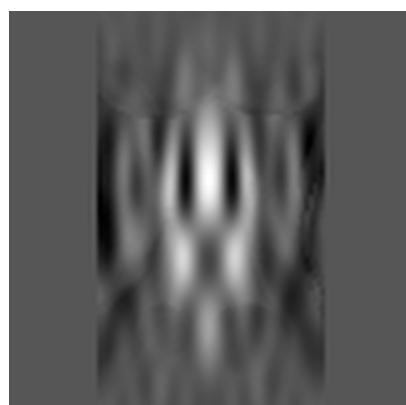
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-2387. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

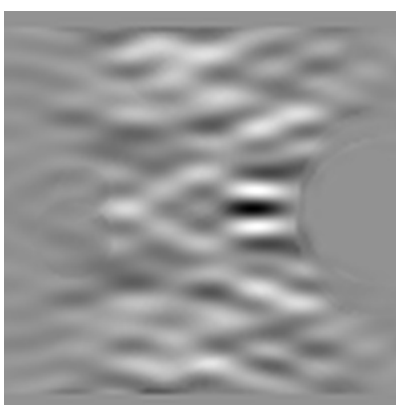
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

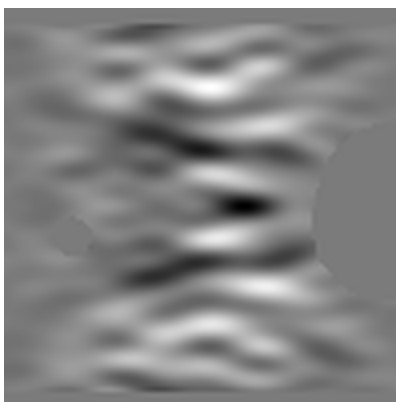
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

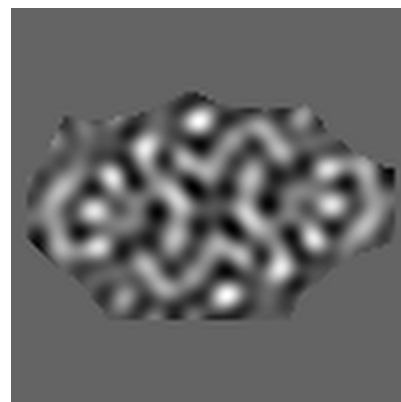
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 50



Y Index: 50



Z Index: 50

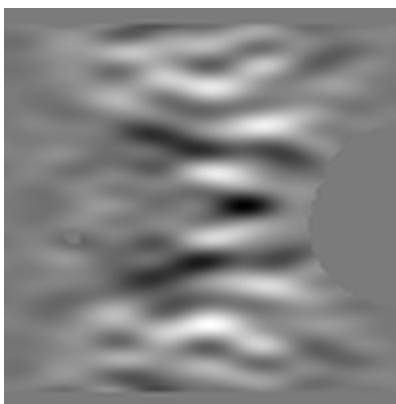
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

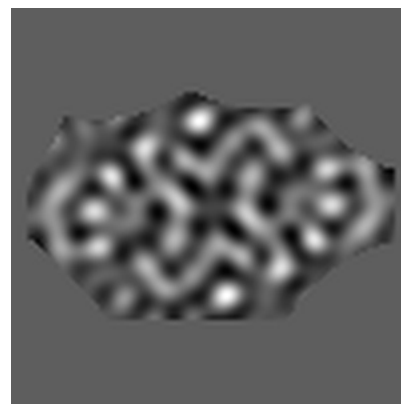
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 47



Y Index: 49

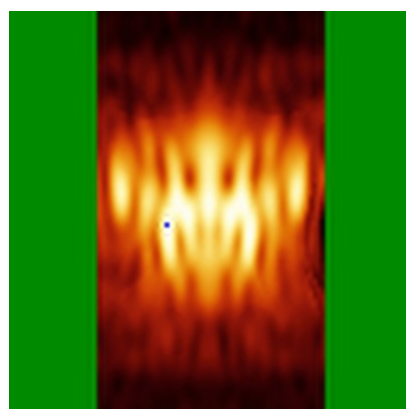


Z Index: 51

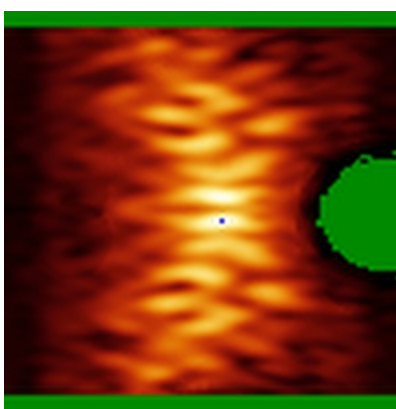
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

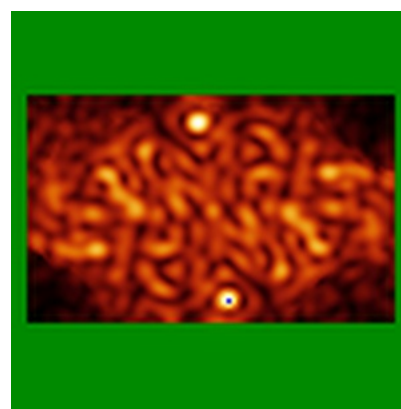
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y

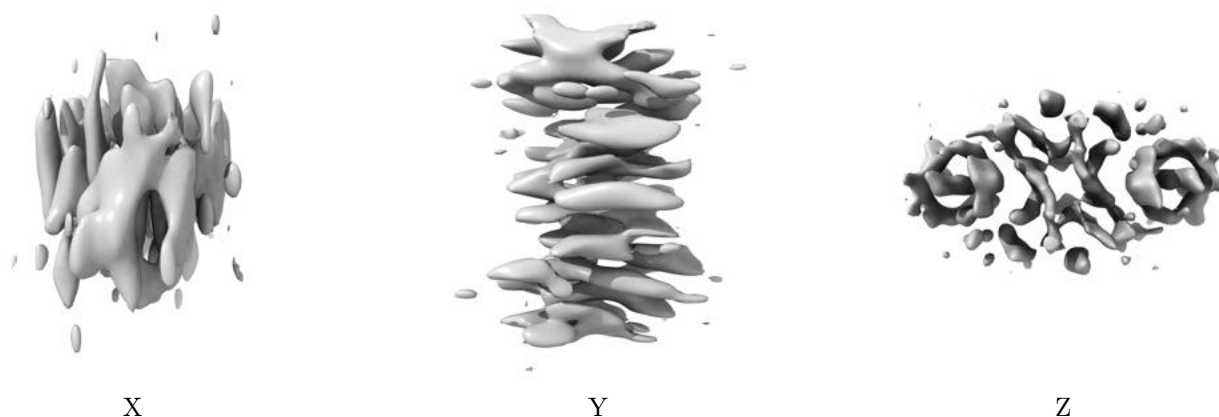


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 46.2. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

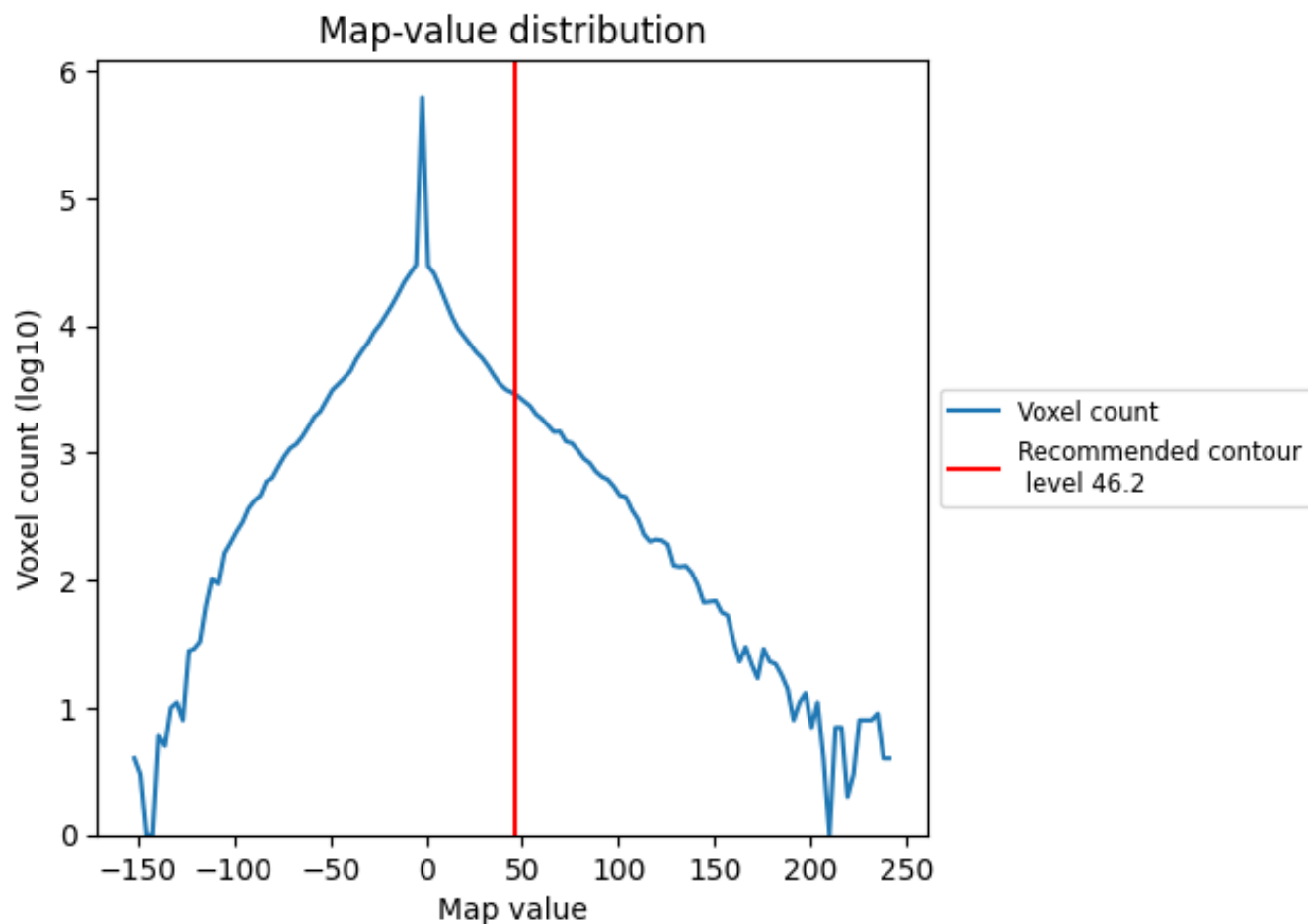
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

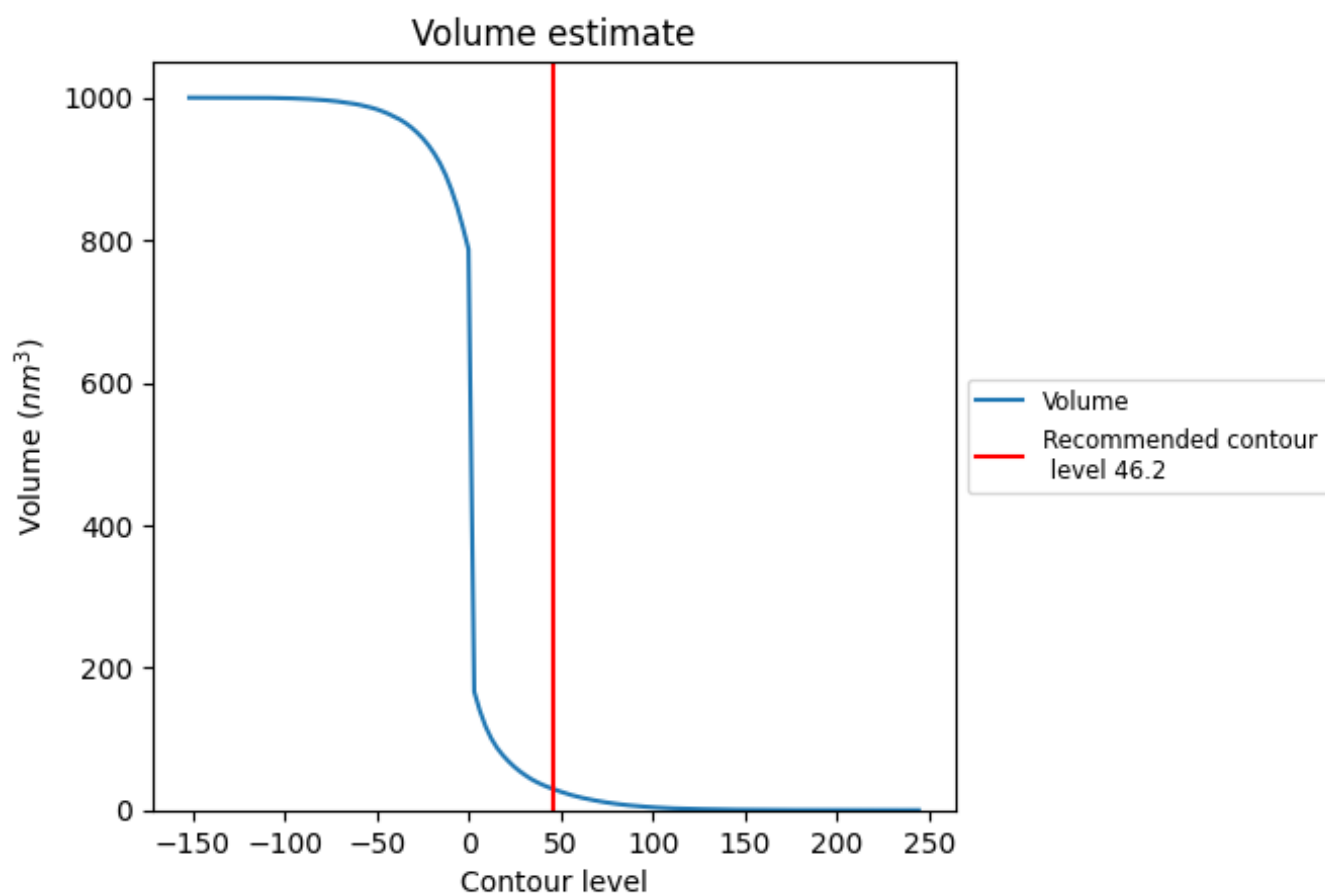
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

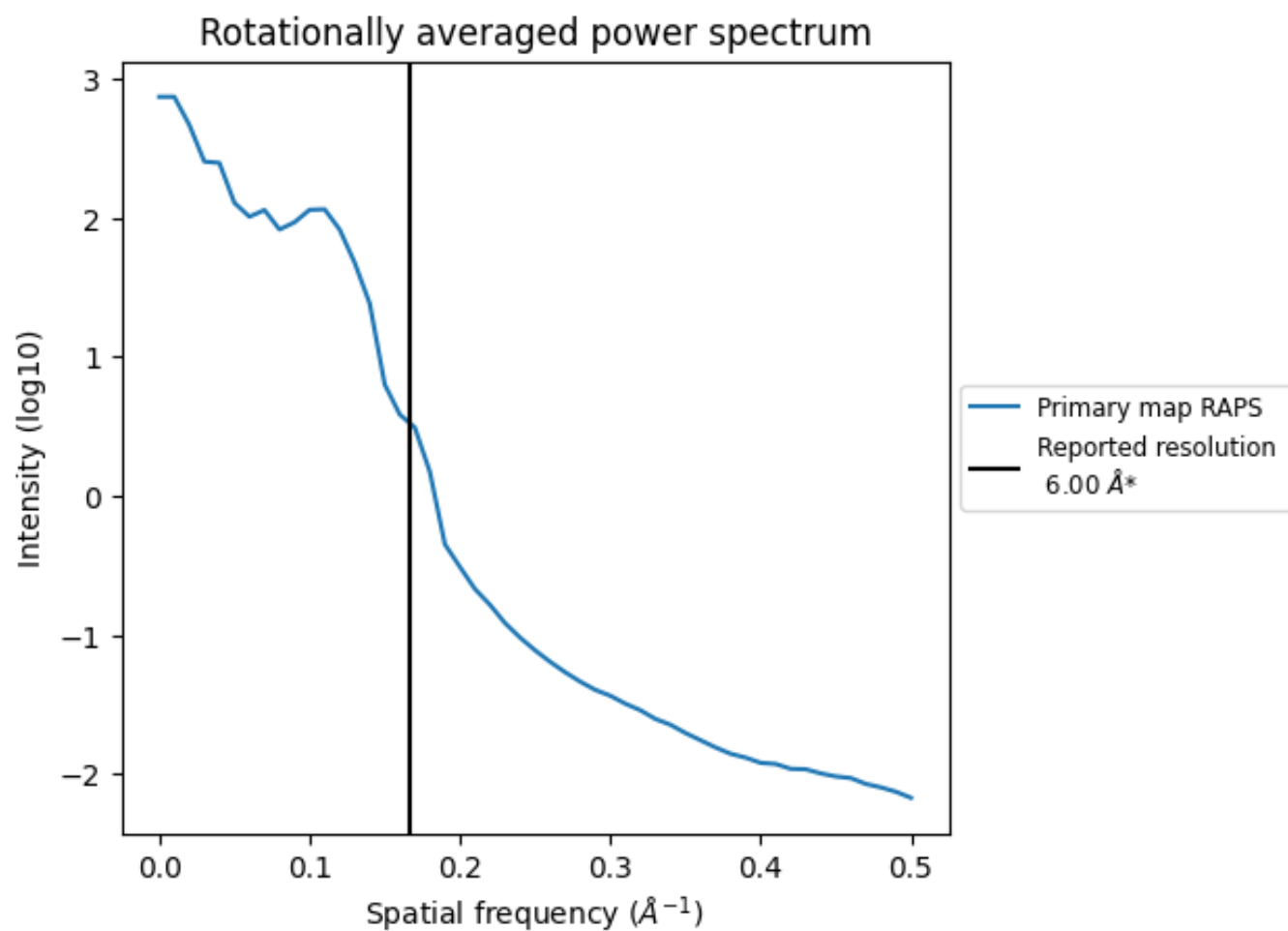
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 29 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 27 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.167 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

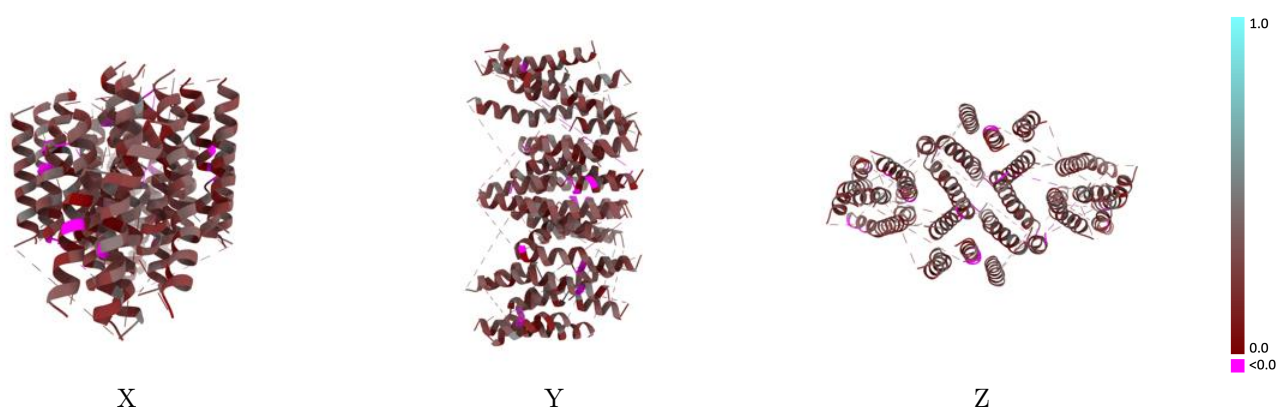
9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-2387 and PDB model 4BPQ. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 4.

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)

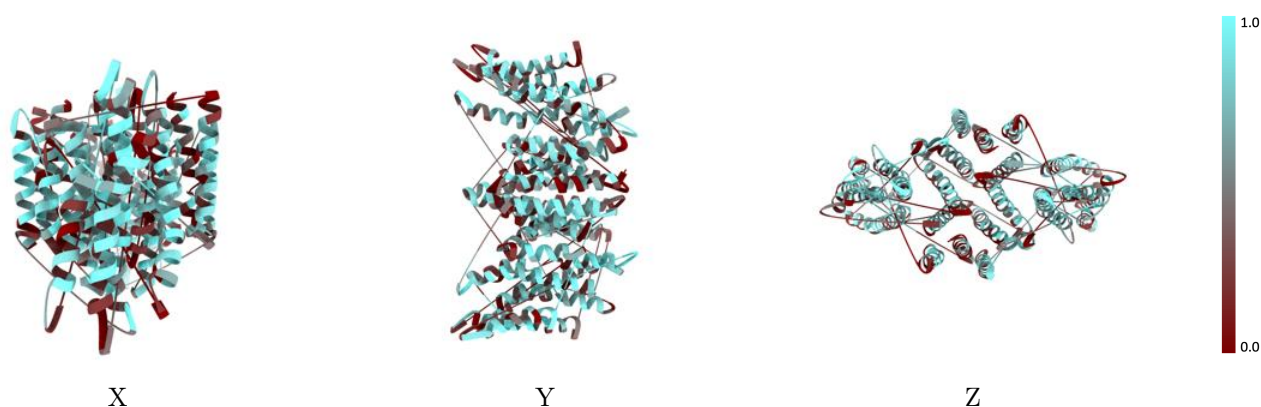
This section was not generated.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



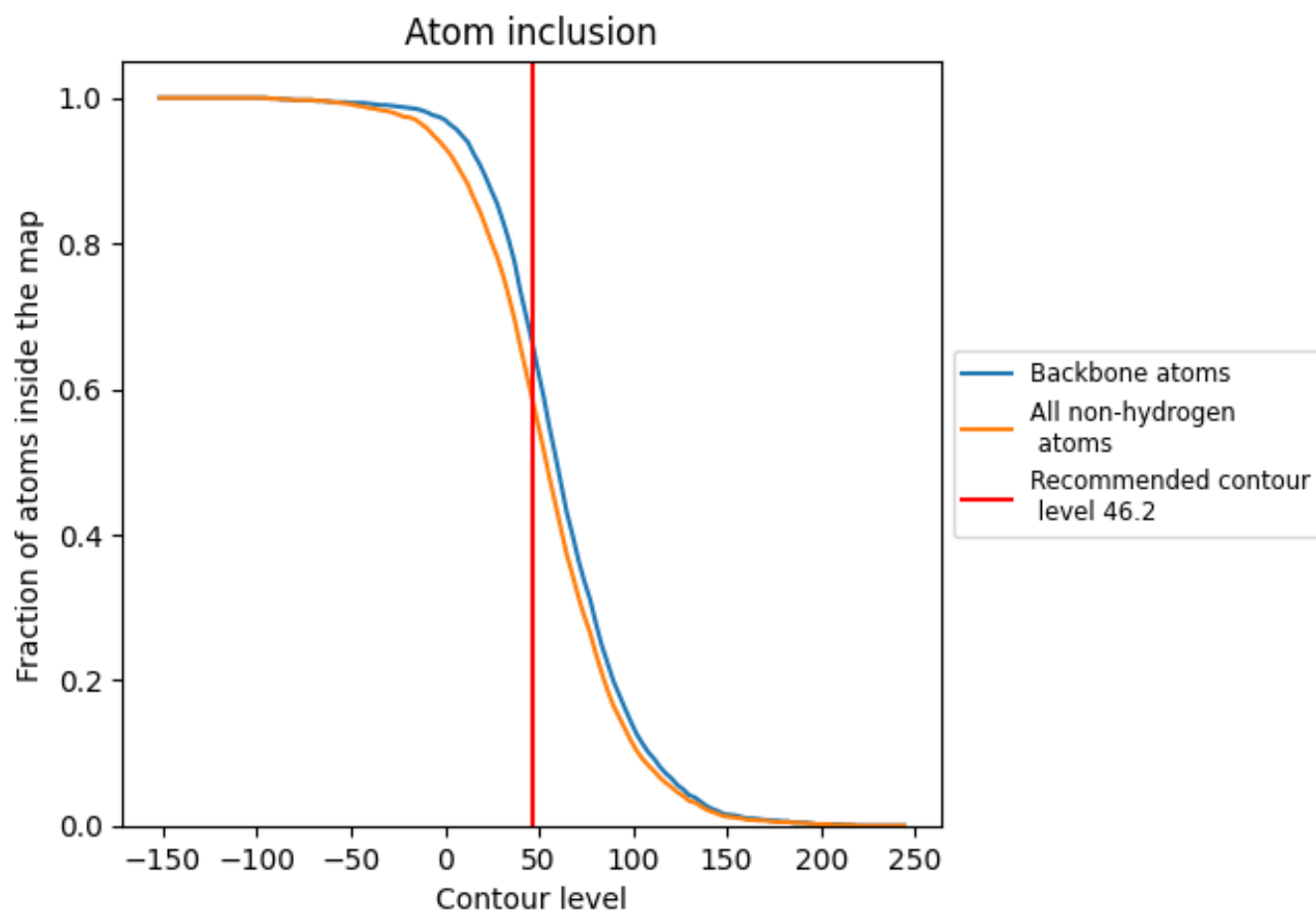
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (46.2).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 67% of all backbone atoms, 59% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (46.2) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.5900	0.2420
A	0.5850	0.2410
B	0.5960	0.2430

