



wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 5, 2026 – 07:19 AM UTC

PDB ID : 4BY9 / pdb_00004by9
BMRB ID : 19400
Title : The structure of the Box CD enzyme reveals regulation of rRNA methylation
Authors : Lapinaite, A.; Simon, B.; Skjaerven, L.; Rakwalska-Bange, M.; Gabel, F.;
Carlomagno, T.
Deposited on : 2013-07-18

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We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
wwPDB-RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2
BMRB Restraints Analysis : v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

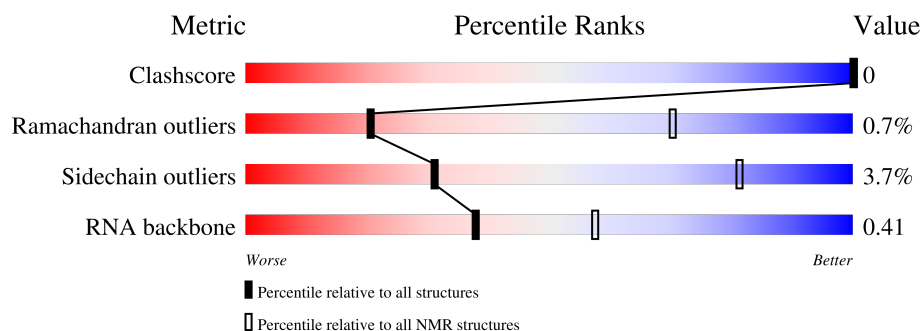
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 1%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



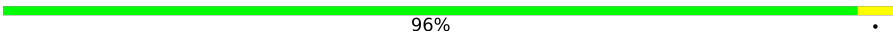
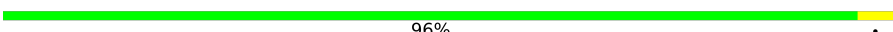
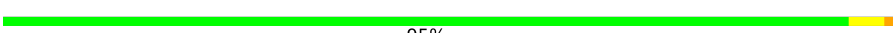
Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	229148	14424
Ramachandran outliers	224038	12848
Sidechain outliers	223484	12823
RNA backbone	8273	777

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	72	65% 28% 7%
1	B	72	62% 28% 10%
2	C	366	96% .
2	F	366	94% 6%
2	I	366	95% 5%
2	L	366	94% 6%
3	D	121	92% 8%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
3	G	121	 96% .
3	J	121	 94% 6%
3	M	121	 96% .
4	E	227	 91% 9%
4	H	227	 95% . .
4	K	227	 96% .
4	N	227	 96% .
5	W	11	 73% 18% 9%
5	X	11	 73% 27%
5	Y	11	 82% 18%
5	Z	11	 73% 27%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis ⓘ

This entry contains 1 models. Identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible.

3 Entry composition

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 52476 atoms, of which 25544 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a RNA chain called SSR26.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	72	Total	C	H	N	O	P	0
			2342	696	782	300	493	71	
1	B	72	Total	C	H	N	O	P	0
			2342	696	782	300	493	71	

- Molecule 2 is a protein called NOP5/NOP56 RELATED PROTEIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
2	C	366	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			6006	1903	3025	518	553	7	
2	F	366	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			6006	1903	3025	518	553	7	
2	I	366	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			6006	1903	3025	518	553	7	
2	L	366	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			6006	1903	3025	518	553	7	

- Molecule 3 is a protein called 50S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L7AE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
3	D	121	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			1906	591	980	153	179	3	
3	G	121	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			1906	591	980	153	179	3	
3	J	121	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			1906	591	980	153	179	3	
3	M	121	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			1906	591	980	153	179	3	

- Molecule 4 is a protein called FIBRILLARIN-LIKE RRNA/TRNA 2'-O-METHYLTRANSFERASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
4	E	227	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			3691	1174	1869	312	334	2	
4	H	227	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			3691	1174	1869	312	334	2	

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
4	K	227	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			3691	1174	1869	312	334	2	
4	N	227	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			3691	1174	1869	312	334	2	

- Molecule 5 is a RNA chain called 5'-R(*UP*CP*GP*CP*CP*CP*AP*UP*CP*AP*CP)-3'.

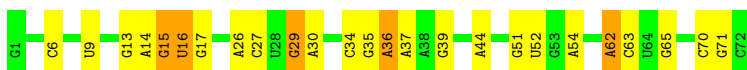
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
5	W	11	Total	C	H	N	O	P	0
			345	102	121	37	75	10	
5	X	11	Total	C	H	N	O	P	0
			345	102	121	37	75	10	
5	Y	11	Total	C	H	N	O	P	0
			345	102	121	37	75	10	
5	Z	11	Total	C	H	N	O	P	0
			345	102	121	37	75	10	

4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: SSR26

Chain A: 

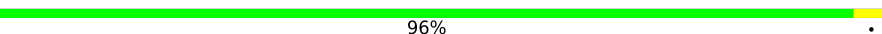


- Molecule 1: SSR26

Chain B: 



- Molecule 2: NOP5/NOP56 RELATED PROTEIN

Chain C: 

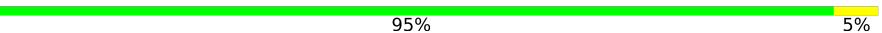


- Molecule 2: NOP5/NOP56 RELATED PROTEIN

Chain F: 

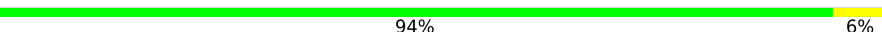


- Molecule 2: NOP5/NOP56 RELATED PROTEIN

Chain I: 



- Molecule 2: NOP5/NOP56 RELATED PROTEIN

Chain L: 



• Molecule 3: 50S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L7AE

Chain D: 92% 8%



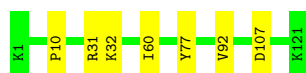
• Molecule 3: 50S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L7AE

Chain G: 96% .



• Molecule 3: 50S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L7AE

Chain J: 94% 6%



• Molecule 3: 50S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L7AE

Chain M: 96% .



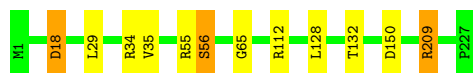
• Molecule 4: FIBRILLARIN-LIKE RRNA/TRNA 2'-O-METHYLTRANSFERASE

Chain E: 91% 9%



• Molecule 4: FIBRILLARIN-LIKE RRNA/TRNA 2'-O-METHYLTRANSFERASE

Chain H: 95% . .

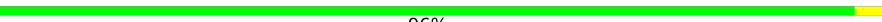


• Molecule 4: FIBRILLARIN-LIKE RRNA/TRNA 2'-O-METHYLTRANSFERASE

Chain K: 96% .



- Molecule 4: FIBRILLARIN-LIKE RRNA/TRNA 2'-O-METHYLTRANSFERASE

Chain N:  96% .



- Molecule 5: 5'-R(*UP*CP*GP*CP*CP*CP*AP*UP*CP*AP*CP)-3'

Chain W:  73% 18% 9%



- Molecule 5: 5'-R(*UP*CP*GP*CP*CP*CP*AP*UP*CP*AP*CP)-3'

Chain X:  73% 27%



- Molecule 5: 5'-R(*UP*CP*GP*CP*CP*CP*AP*UP*CP*AP*CP)-3'

Chain Y:  82% 18%



- Molecule 5: 5'-R(*UP*CP*GP*CP*CP*CP*AP*UP*CP*AP*CP)-3'

Chain Z:  73% 27%



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *ARIA*.

Of the ? calculated structures, 1 were deposited, based on the following criterion: ?.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CNS	refinement	1.2
NMRView	structure solution	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	319
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	319
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	1%

6 Model quality

6.1 Standard geometry

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.84	0/1751 (0.0%)	1.22	6/2734 (0.2%)
1	B	0.85	0/1751 (0.0%)	1.25	9/2734 (0.3%)
2	C	0.89	0/3036 (0.0%)	1.35	4/4085 (0.1%)
2	F	0.90	0/3036 (0.0%)	1.38	3/4085 (0.1%)
2	I	0.90	0/3036 (0.0%)	1.38	2/4085 (0.0%)
2	L	0.90	1/3036 (0.0%)	1.38	11/4085 (0.3%)
3	D	0.86	0/938 (0.0%)	1.36	4/1264 (0.3%)
3	G	0.87	0/938 (0.0%)	1.34	1/1264 (0.1%)
3	J	0.88	0/938 (0.0%)	1.38	0/1264 (0.0%)
3	M	0.87	0/938 (0.0%)	1.35	2/1264 (0.2%)
4	E	0.89	0/1861 (0.0%)	1.36	7/2515 (0.3%)
4	H	0.92	0/1861 (0.0%)	1.34	4/2515 (0.2%)
4	K	0.91	0/1861 (0.0%)	1.32	1/2515 (0.0%)
4	N	0.91	0/1861 (0.0%)	1.34	3/2515 (0.1%)
5	W	0.86	0/248 (0.0%)	1.22	1/383 (0.3%)
5	X	0.83	0/248 (0.0%)	1.26	0/383 (0.0%)
5	Y	0.83	0/248 (0.0%)	1.22	0/383 (0.0%)
5	Z	0.84	0/248 (0.0%)	1.35	1/383 (0.3%)
All	All	0.89	1/27834 (0.0%)	1.34	59/38456 (0.2%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0	12
1	B	0	13
2	F	0	4
2	I	0	3
2	L	0	2
3	J	0	1
4	H	0	4

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Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
4	K	0	3
4	N	0	2
5	W	0	3
5	X	0	3
5	Y	0	2
5	Z	0	1
All	All	0	53

All bond outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	L	302	PRO	CA-C	5.32	1.54	1.51

5 of 59 angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	E	114	LEU	CA-C-N	8.09	125.34	120.24
4	E	114	LEU	C-N-CA	8.09	125.34	120.24
1	A	15	G	C2'-C3'-O3'	6.76	119.64	109.50
1	B	49	G	C2'-C3'-O3'	6.61	123.61	113.70
4	N	114	LEU	CA-C-N	6.21	124.15	120.24

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 53 planar outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	9	U	Sidechain
1	A	16	U	Sidechain
1	A	17	G	Sidechain
1	A	29	G	Sidechain
1	A	34	C	Sidechain

6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
2	F	2981	3025	3025	1

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
2	I	2981	3025	3025	1
All	All	26932	25544	25544	2

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 0.

All clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)
2:F:68:ARG:HH12	2:F:72:GLU:CD	0.41	2.23
2:I:324:LYS:HE2	2:I:366:TYR:CE1	0.41	2.49

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
2	C	364/366 (99%)	338 (93%)	25 (7%)	1 (0%)	37 78
2	F	364/366 (99%)	338 (93%)	22 (6%)	4 (1%)	14 63
2	I	364/366 (99%)	351 (96%)	13 (4%)	0 (0%)	100 100
2	L	364/366 (99%)	343 (94%)	18 (5%)	3 (1%)	18 68
3	D	119/121 (98%)	113 (95%)	4 (3%)	2 (2%)	9 53
3	G	119/121 (98%)	110 (92%)	8 (7%)	1 (1%)	18 68
3	J	119/121 (98%)	110 (92%)	7 (6%)	2 (2%)	9 53
3	M	119/121 (98%)	114 (96%)	4 (3%)	1 (1%)	18 68
4	E	225/227 (99%)	211 (94%)	11 (5%)	3 (1%)	12 60
4	H	225/227 (99%)	212 (94%)	12 (5%)	1 (0%)	31 76
4	K	225/227 (99%)	210 (93%)	14 (6%)	1 (0%)	31 76
4	N	225/227 (99%)	211 (94%)	14 (6%)	0 (0%)	100 100
All	All	2832/2856 (99%)	2661 (94%)	152 (5%)	19 (1%)	20 70

5 of 19 Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	C	312	PRO
3	D	11	LYS
3	D	92	VAL
4	E	44	GLU
4	E	65	GLY

6.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
2	C	312/312 (100%)	302 (97%)	10 (3%)	35	84
2	F	312/312 (100%)	302 (97%)	10 (3%)	35	84
2	I	312/312 (100%)	300 (96%)	12 (4%)	30	81
2	L	312/312 (100%)	302 (97%)	10 (3%)	35	84
3	D	98/98 (100%)	93 (95%)	5 (5%)	23	73
3	G	98/98 (100%)	95 (97%)	3 (3%)	36	85
3	J	98/98 (100%)	94 (96%)	4 (4%)	28	79
3	M	98/98 (100%)	95 (97%)	3 (3%)	36	85
4	E	197/197 (100%)	183 (93%)	14 (7%)	15	64
4	H	197/197 (100%)	190 (96%)	7 (4%)	32	82
4	K	197/197 (100%)	192 (97%)	5 (3%)	42	88
4	N	197/197 (100%)	191 (97%)	6 (3%)	37	85
All	All	2428/2428 (100%)	2339 (96%)	89 (4%)	31	81

5 of 89 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	C	13	ASP
2	C	135	LEU
2	C	148	ARG
2	C	207	LYS
2	C	227	GLU

6.3.3 RNA ⓘ

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Backbone Outliers	Pucker Outliers	Suiteness
1	A	71/72 (99%)	12 (17%)	4 (6%)	0.45
1	B	71/72 (99%)	13 (18%)	6 (8%)	0.47
5	W	10/11 (91%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0.40
5	X	10/11 (91%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0.46
5	Y	10/11 (91%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0.48
5	Z	10/11 (91%)	1 (10%)	0 (0%)	0.35
All	All	182/188 (97%)	26 (14%)	10 (5%)	0.45

The overall RNA backbone suiteness is 0.41.

5 of 26 RNA backbone outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	14	A
1	A	15	G
1	A	16	U
1	A	26	A
1	A	27	C

5 of 10 RNA pucker outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	14	A
1	A	15	G
1	A	29	G
1	A	70	C
1	B	15	G

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation [i](#)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 1% for the well-defined parts and 1% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping [i](#)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	319
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	319
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing [i](#)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 1%, i.e. 319 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 44070. 0 out of 496 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Backbone	0/14184 (0%)	0/5752 (0%)	0/5712 (0%)	0/2720 (0%)
Sidechain	319/23816 (1%)	240/15440 (2%)	79/7420 (1%)	0/956 (0%)
Aromatic	0/2504 (0%)	0/1220 (0%)	0/1208 (0%)	0/76 (0%)
Sugar	0/2068 (0%)	0/1128 (0%)	0/940 (0%)	0/0 (—%)
Base	0/1498 (0%)	0/934 (0%)	0/318 (0%)	0/246 (0%)
Overall	319/44070 (1%)	240/24474 (1%)	79/15598 (1%)	0/3998 (0%)

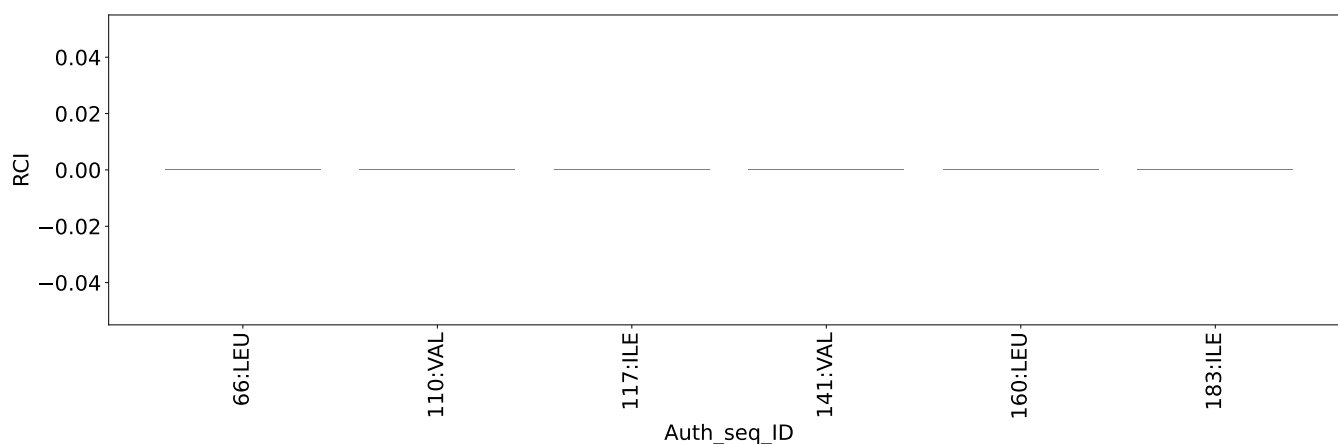
7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

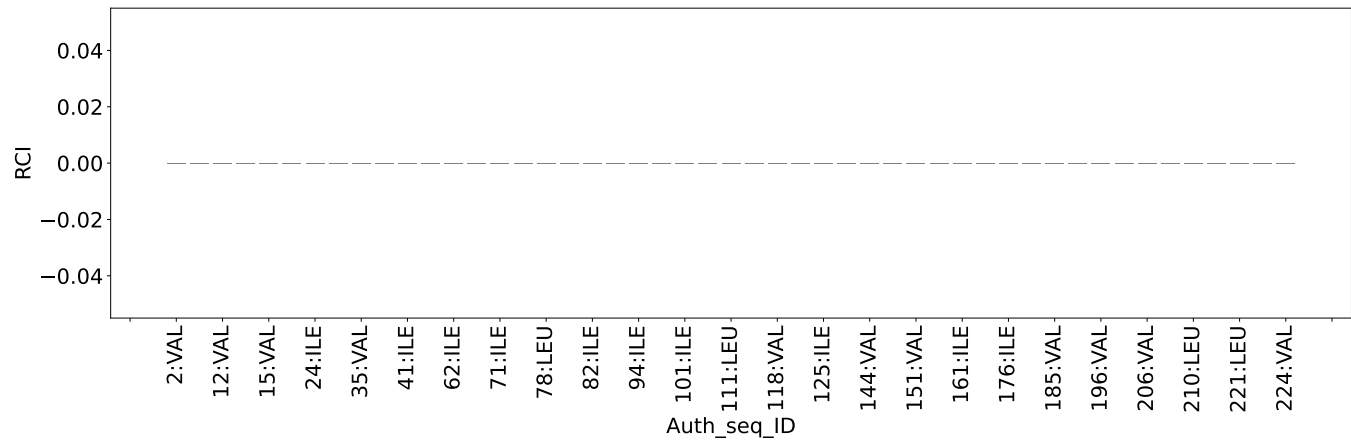
Random coil index (RCI) for chain C:



Random coil index (RCI) for chain D:



Random coil index (RCI) for chain E:



8 NMR restraints analysis

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	514
Intra-residue ($ i-j =0$)	0
Sequential ($ i-j =1$)	0
Medium range ($ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$)	0
Long range ($ i-j \geq 5$)	0
Inter-chain	514
Hydrogen bond restraints	0
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	0
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	0.2
Number of long range restraints per residue ¹	0.0

¹Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	2.0	0.12
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	3.0	0.36
>0.5 (Large)	155.0	21.8

8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model [i](#)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation. There are no dihedral-angle violations

9 Distance violation analysis [i](#)

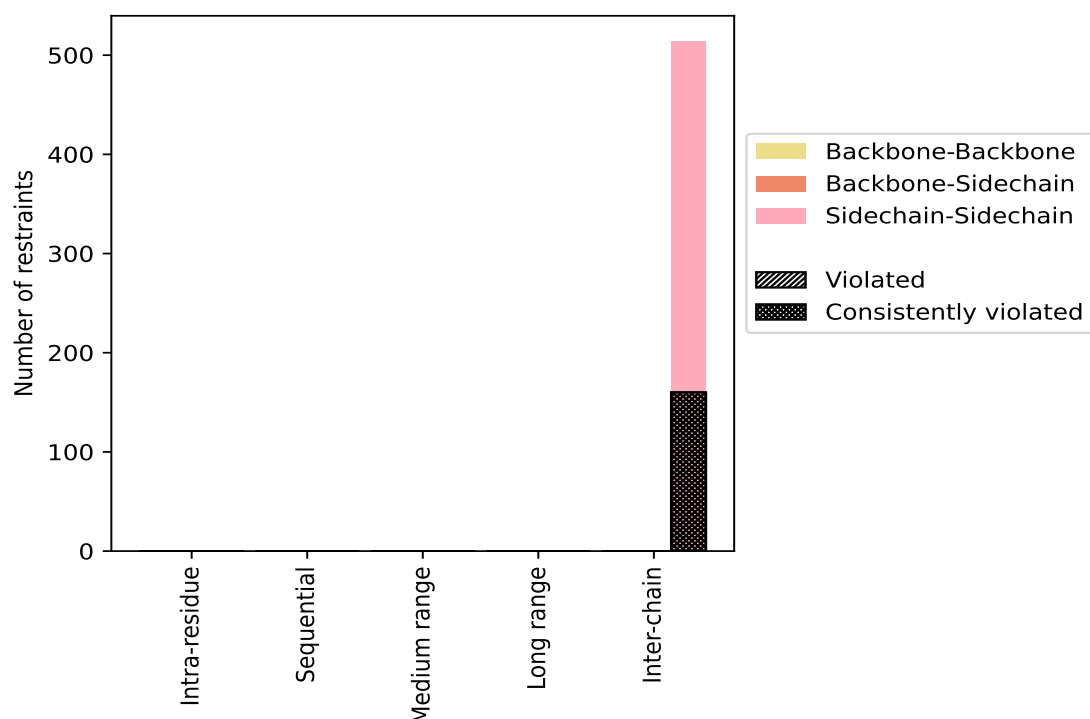
9.1 Summary of distance violations [i](#)

The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Restrains type	Count	% ¹	Violated ³			Consistently Violated ⁴		
			Count	% ²	% ¹	Count	% ²	% ¹
Intra-residue (i-j =0)	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sequential (i-j =1)	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Medium range (i-j >1 & i-j <5)	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Long range (i-j ≥5)	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Inter-chain	514	100.0	160	31.1	31.1	160	31.1	31.1
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	514	100.0	160	31.1	31.1	160	31.1	31.1
Hydrogen bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	514	100.0	160	31.1	31.1	160	31.1	31.1
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	514	100.0	160	31.1	31.1	160	31.1	31.1

¹ percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, ² percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, ³ violated in at least one model, ⁴ violated in all the models

9.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of distance restraints and violations [i](#)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfid bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model [i](#)

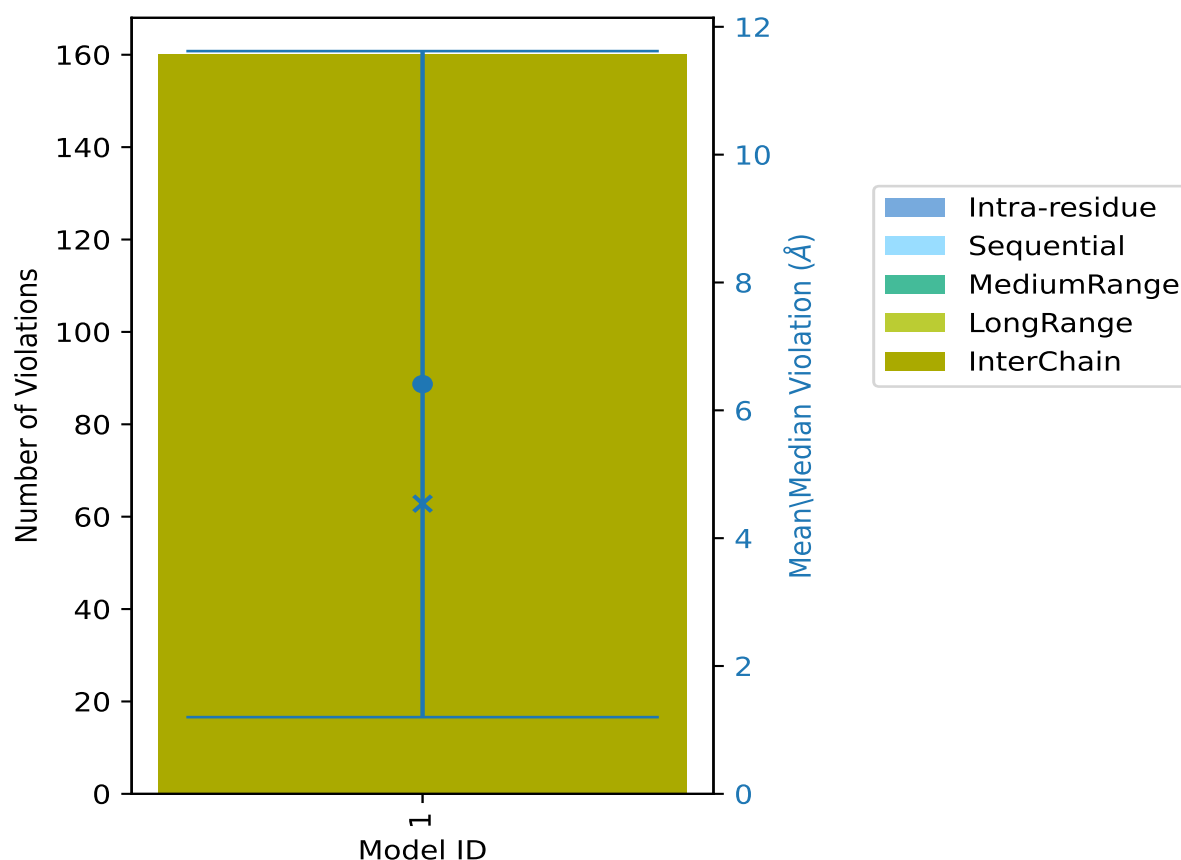
The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD ⁶ (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR ¹	SQ ²	MR ³	LR ⁴	IC ⁵	Total				
1	0	0	0	0	160	160	6.41	21.8	5.21	4.54

¹Intra-residue restraints, ²Sequential restraints, ³Medium range restraints, ⁴Long range restraints,

⁵Inter-chain restraints, ⁶Standard deviation

9.2.1 Bar graph : Distance Violation statistics for each model [i](#)



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble [i](#)

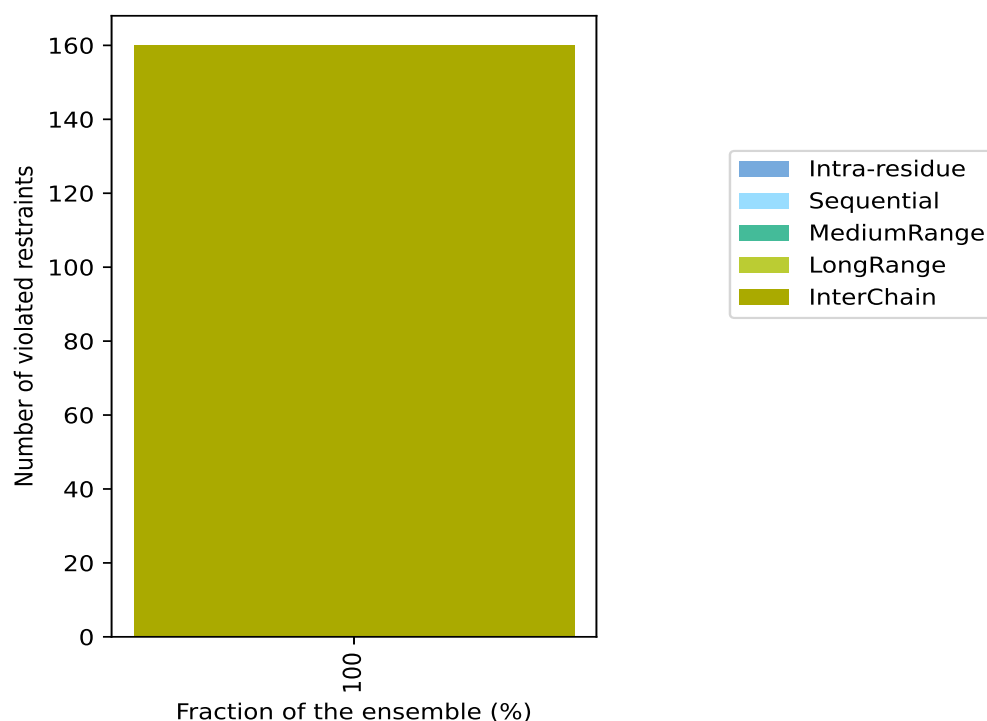
Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 354(IR:0, SQ:0, MR:0, LR:0, IC:354) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Number of violated restraints						Fraction of the ensemble	
IR ¹	SQ ²	MR ³	LR ⁴	IC ⁵	Total	Count ⁶	%
0	0	0	0	160	160	1	100.0

¹Intra-residue restraints, ²Sequential restraints, ³Medium range restraints, ⁴Long range restraints,

⁵Inter-chain restraints, ⁶ Number of models with violations

9.3.1 Bar graph : Distance violation statistics for the ensemble [i](#)



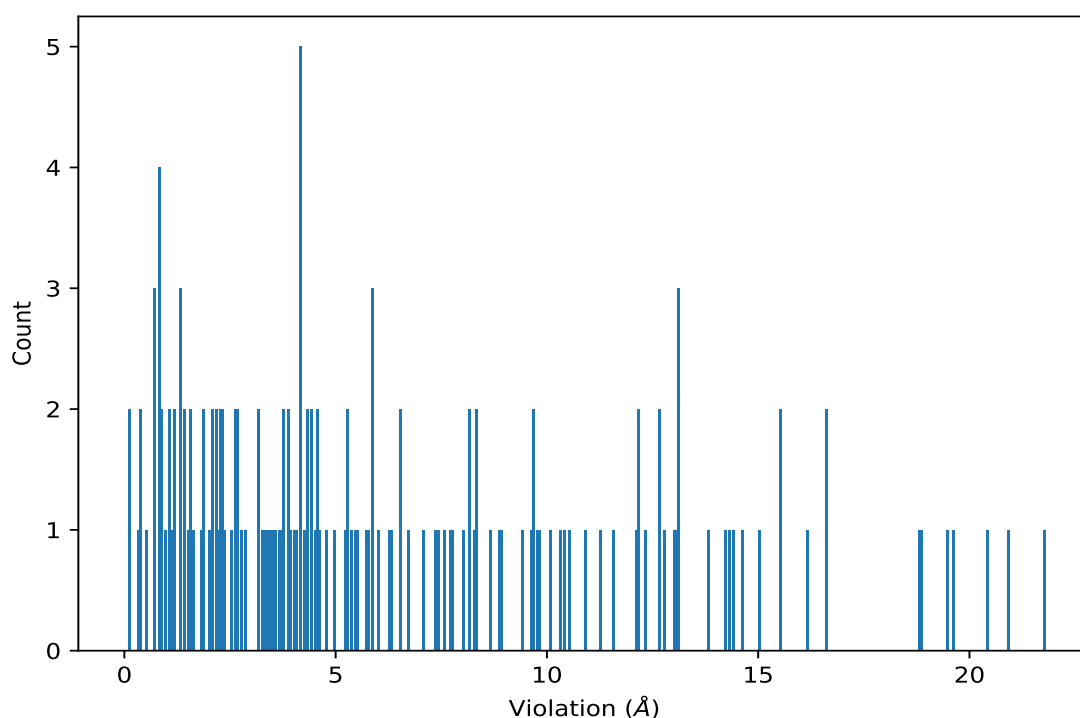
9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble [i](#)

No violations found

9.5 All violated distance restraints [i](#)

9.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of distance violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



9.5.2 Table : All distance violations [i](#)

The following table provides the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,218)	2:247:L:ASP:OD2	4:206:N:VAL:CG2	1	21.8
(1,29)	2:196:C:GLU:OE2	4:125:E:ILE:CD1	1	20.94
(1,162)	2:247:F:ASP:OD2	4:206:H:VAL:CG2	1	20.45
(1,411)	3:71:G:LYS:NZ	4:15:E:VAL:CG2	1	19.62
(1,465)	3:71:M:LYS:NZ	4:15:K:VAL:CG2	1	19.48
(1,212)	2:247:L:ASP:OD2	4:176:N:ILE:CD1	1	18.89
(1,37)	2:196:C:GLU:OE2	4:144:H:VAL:CG2	1	18.84
(1,180)	2:247:I:ASP:OD2	4:58:K:LEU:CD2	1	16.62
(1,156)	2:247:F:ASP:OD2	4:176:H:ILE:CD1	1	16.6
(1,93)	2:196:I:GLU:OE2	4:144:K:VAL:CG1	1	16.16

10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis ⓘ

No dihedral-angle restraints found