



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 9, 2026 – 03:24 PM UTC

PDB ID : 8BYL / pdb_00008byl
EMDB ID : EMD-16327
Title : Cryo-EM structure of SKP1-SKP2-CKS1 from the SCFSKP2 E3 ligase complex
Authors : Rowland, R.J.; Salamina, M.; Endicott, J.A.; Noble, M.E.M.
Deposited on : 2022-12-13
Resolution : 3.50 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

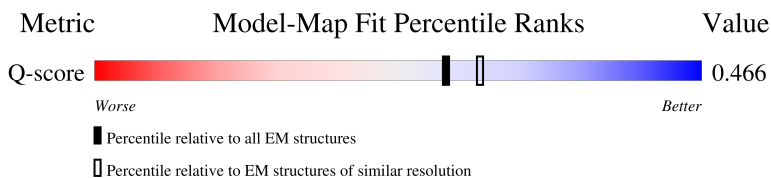
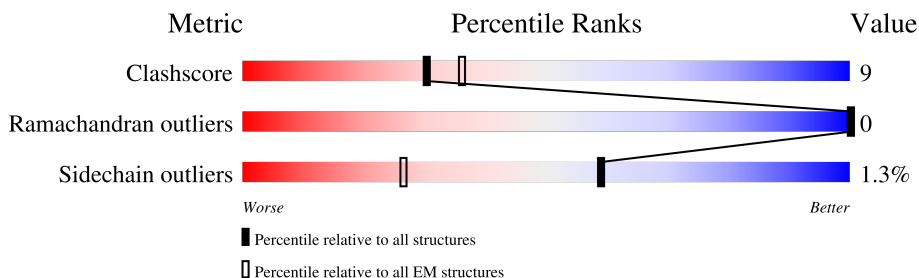
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	13950 (3.00 - 4.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	163	12% 80% 14% • 5%
2	B	424	61% 17% • 22%
3	C	79	68% 19% 13%
4	D	198	7% • 92%

2 Entry composition

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4378 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called S-phase kinase-associated protein 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	155	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1111	695	182	230	4		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called S-phase kinase-associated protein 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	B	332	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2585	1645	445	478	17		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Cyclin-dependent kinases regulatory subunit 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	C	69	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			584	380	101	100	3		

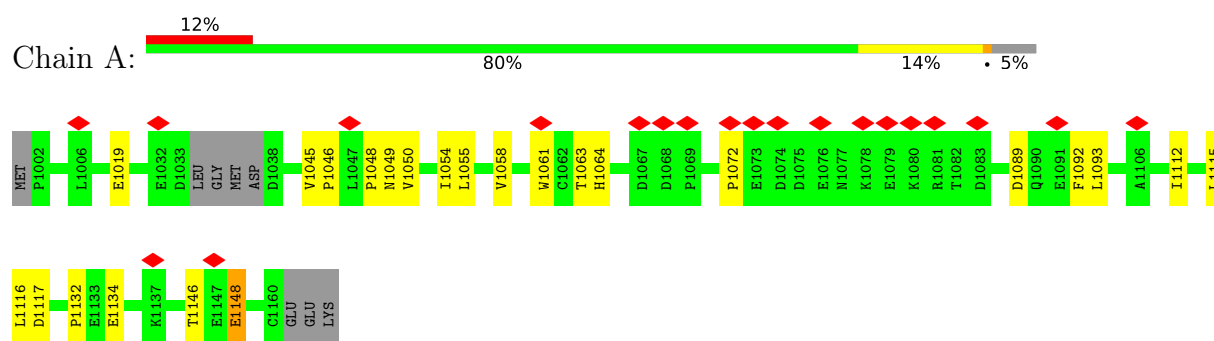
- Molecule 4 is a protein called Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1B.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	D	15	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			98	55	17	25	1		

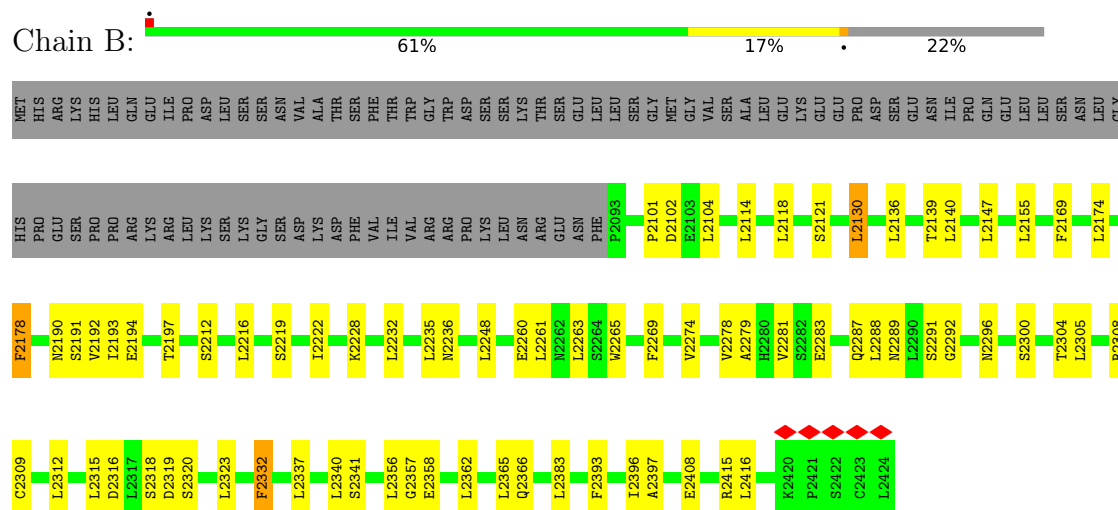
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

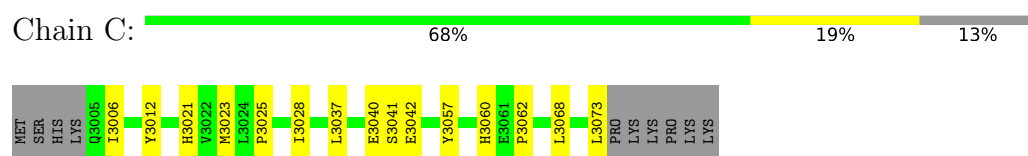
• Molecule 1: S-phase kinase-associated protein 1



• Molecule 2: S-phase kinase-associated protein 2

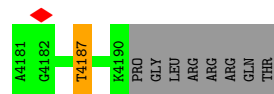


• Molecule 3: Cyclin-dependent kinases regulatory subunit 1



• Molecule 4: Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1B

	ALA	ASN	MET
	PRO	PHE	SER
	ALA	ASP	ASN
	ASN	PHE	VAL
	SER	GLN	ARG
	GLU	ASN	VAL
	ASP	HIS	SER
	THR	LYS	ASN
	HIS	PRO	GLY
	LEU	LEU	SER
	VAL	GLU	PRO
	ASP	GLY	SER
	PRO	PRO	LEU
	LYS	TYR	GLU
	THR	GLU	ARG
	ASP	TRP	MET
	PRO	GLN	ASP
	SER	GLU	ALA
	ASP	VAL	ARG
	SER	GLU	GLN
	GLN	LYS	ALA
	THR	GLY	GLU
	GLY	SER	HIS
	LEU	LEU	PRO
	ALA	PRO	LYS
	GLU	GLU	PRO
	GLN	PHE	SER
	CYS	TYR	ALA
	ALA	TYR	CYS
	GLY	ARG	ARG
	ILE	PRO	ASN
	ARG	PRO	LEU
	LYS	ARG	PHE
	ARG	PRO	GLY
	PRO	PRO	PRO
	ALA	LYS	VAL
	ALA	GLY	ASP
	THR	ASP	HIS
	ASP	CYS	GLU
	SER	LYS	LEU
	SER	VAL	GLU
	THR	PRO	THR
	GLN	ALA	ARG
	ASN	GLN	ASP
	LYS	SER	GLU
	ARG	GLN	LYS
	ALA	ASP	HIS
	ASN	ASP	CYS
	ARG	VAL	GLY
	THR	SER	ASP
	GLU	GLY	SER
	GLU	SER	MET
	ASN	ARG	GLU
	VAL	PRO	GLU
	SER	ALA	ALA
	D4176	ALA	SER
	G4177	PRO	GLN
	S4178	LEU	ARG
		ILE	LYS
		GLY	THR



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	136325	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	65	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1000	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	3000	Depositor
Magnification	130000	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	2.193	Depositor
Minimum map value	-1.542	Depositor
Average map value	-0.001	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.028	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.149	Depositor
Map size ($\text{\AA}$)	321.00003, 321.00003, 321.00003	wwPDB
Map dimensions	300, 300, 300	wwPDB
Map angles ($^\circ$)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing ($\text{\AA}$)	1.07, 1.07, 1.07	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: TPO

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.21	0/1131	0.52	2/1552 (0.1%)
2	B	0.15	0/2636	0.33	0/3583
3	C	0.15	0/604	0.41	2/820 (0.2%)
4	D	0.14	0/87	0.41	0/116
All	All	0.16	0/4458	0.40	4/6071 (0.1%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	1072	PRO	N-CA-CB	5.97	109.89	103.33
1	A	1132	PRO	CB-CA-C	-5.47	103.18	111.44
3	C	3012	TYR	CA-C-N	-5.11	114.23	122.82
3	C	3012	TYR	C-N-CA	-5.11	114.23	122.82

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1111	0	954	15	0
2	B	2585	0	2600	54	0
3	C	584	0	555	11	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	D	98	0	75	1	0
All	All	4378	0	4184	77	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

All (77) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:2320:SER:OG	2:B:2323:LEU:HD12	1.59	1.02
2:B:2320:SER:OG	2:B:2323:LEU:CD1	2.38	0.72
2:B:2114:LEU:HB2	2:B:2416:LEU:CD1	2.20	0.71
2:B:2140:LEU:HD21	2:B:2155:LEU:HD23	1.73	0.70
2:B:2332:PHE:HZ	2:B:2358:GLU:HB3	1.60	0.66
1:A:1058:VAL:HG13	1:A:1061:TRP:HB2	1.80	0.62
2:B:2278:VAL:HG12	2:B:2305:LEU:HD13	1.80	0.62
1:A:1146:THR:HG23	1:A:1148:GLU:H	1.65	0.61
2:B:2193:ILE:HG23	2:B:2197:THR:HG23	1.84	0.59
1:A:1045:VAL:HG12	1:A:1048:PRO:HD2	1.85	0.59
1:A:1089:ASP:O	1:A:1093:LEU:N	2.36	0.57
2:B:2114:LEU:HB2	2:B:2416:LEU:HD12	1.85	0.57
1:A:1089:ASP:HB2	1:A:1092:PHE:HA	1.84	0.57
2:B:2174:LEU:HD11	2:B:2178:PHE:CZ	2.39	0.57
2:B:2102:ASP:OD1	2:B:2130:LEU:HD11	2.05	0.57
2:B:2274:VAL:O	2:B:2278:VAL:HG22	2.05	0.56
2:B:2265:TRP:NE1	3:C:3041:SER:OG	2.35	0.56
2:B:2136:LEU:O	2:B:2415:ARG:NH2	2.38	0.56
2:B:2312:LEU:HD22	2:B:2315:LEU:HD22	1.87	0.56
2:B:2191:SER:OG	2:B:2192:VAL:N	2.39	0.55
2:B:2292:GLY:HA2	2:B:2319:ASP:HB2	1.88	0.54
2:B:2357:GLY:HA3	2:B:2383:LEU:HD21	1.88	0.54
2:B:2232:LEU:HD13	2:B:2235:LEU:HD13	1.91	0.53
3:C:3021:HIS:CE1	3:C:3023:MET:HE2	2.44	0.53
3:C:3060:HIS:ND1	3:C:3062:PRO:HD2	2.24	0.53
3:C:3021:HIS:HE1	3:C:3023:MET:HE2	1.74	0.52
2:B:2289:ASN:HB2	2:B:2396:ILE:HG21	1.92	0.51
2:B:2174:LEU:HD11	2:B:2178:PHE:HZ	1.75	0.50
2:B:2101:PRO:HD2	2:B:2104:LEU:HD12	1.95	0.49
1:A:1134:GLU:OE2	1:A:1134:GLU:N	2.41	0.49
2:B:2408:GLU:N	2:B:2408:GLU:OE1	2.46	0.49
2:B:2279:ALA:O	2:B:2308:ARG:NH1	2.46	0.48

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:2291:SER:HB2	2:B:2318:SER:HB2	1.95	0.48
1:A:1050:VAL:O	1:A:1054:ILE:HG22	2.14	0.48
1:A:1019:GLU:OE1	1:A:1019:GLU:N	2.30	0.48
2:B:2114:LEU:HB2	2:B:2416:LEU:HD11	1.96	0.48
2:B:2281:VAL:O	2:B:2308:ARG:NH2	2.39	0.48
2:B:2341:SER:HB2	2:B:2366:GLN:HB2	1.96	0.47
2:B:2362:LEU:HD21	2:B:2365:LEU:HD13	1.96	0.47
2:B:2194:GLU:HG2	2:B:2197:THR:HG22	1.97	0.47
1:A:1112:ILE:HG23	1:A:1115:LEU:HB2	1.95	0.47
2:B:2174:LEU:HD21	2:B:2178:PHE:CE1	2.50	0.47
2:B:2130:LEU:O	2:B:2130:LEU:HD23	2.16	0.46
2:B:2300:SER:O	2:B:2304:THR:HG22	2.14	0.46
2:B:2337:LEU:HD21	2:B:2340:LEU:HB2	1.97	0.46
2:B:2212:SER:HA	2:B:2236:ASN:HB3	1.97	0.46
2:B:2393:PHE:HA	3:C:3042:GLU:HG2	1.96	0.46
1:A:1116:LEU:HD12	1:A:1116:LEU:HA	1.77	0.45
2:B:2190:ASN:CG	3:C:3037:LEU:HD12	2.42	0.45
2:B:2248:LEU:HD11	2:B:2263:LEU:HD21	1.99	0.44
3:C:3006:ILE:HG12	3:C:3025:PRO:HD3	1.99	0.44
2:B:2169:PHE:CD1	2:B:2169:PHE:O	2.70	0.44
2:B:2174:LEU:HD21	2:B:2178:PHE:HE1	1.82	0.44
2:B:2260:GLU:HB3	2:B:2397:ALA:HB2	2.00	0.44
2:B:2269:PHE:O	2:B:2296:ASN:ND2	2.51	0.44
3:C:3025:PRO:HG2	3:C:3028:ILE:HG12	2.00	0.44
2:B:2316:ASP:OD1	2:B:2318:SER:OG	2.31	0.43
1:A:1055:LEU:HD13	1:A:1115:LEU:HD21	2.00	0.43
1:A:1063:THR:HB	1:A:1064:HIS:H	1.59	0.43
2:B:2219:SER:H	2:B:2222:ILE:HG22	1.83	0.43
4:D:4187:TPO:HG22	4:D:4187:TPO:O3P	2.19	0.43
2:B:2283:GLU:HA	2:B:2309:CYS:SG	2.59	0.43
3:C:3057:TYR:CE1	3:C:3068:LEU:HB3	2.53	0.43
2:B:2228:LYS:HB3	2:B:2228:LYS:HE3	1.79	0.43
2:B:2118:LEU:O	2:B:2121:SER:OG	2.32	0.43
3:C:3073:LEU:HD12	3:C:3073:LEU:HA	1.93	0.43
2:B:2261:LEU:HD23	2:B:2288:LEU:HD11	2.02	0.42
2:B:2265:TRP:CZ2	3:C:3040:GLU:HB3	2.55	0.42
2:B:2169:PHE:O	2:B:2169:PHE:HD1	2.02	0.42
2:B:2356:LEU:HD23	2:B:2356:LEU:HA	1.89	0.42
2:B:2287:GLN:HB3	2:B:2396:ILE:CD1	2.49	0.41
1:A:1046:PRO:HA	1:A:1049:ASN:HD21	1.85	0.41
1:A:1117:ASP:OD2	1:A:1117:ASP:C	2.64	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:2139:THR:OG1	2:B:2415:ARG:N	2.53	0.41
2:B:2337:LEU:HD11	2:B:2340:LEU:HB2	2.03	0.40
1:A:1045:VAL:HG13	1:A:1046:PRO:HD2	2.02	0.40
2:B:2288:LEU:HD12	2:B:2288:LEU:HA	1.98	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	151/163 (93%)	142 (94%)	9 (6%)	0	100	100
2	B	330/424 (78%)	314 (95%)	16 (5%)	0	100	100
3	C	67/79 (85%)	65 (97%)	2 (3%)	0	100	100
4	D	12/198 (6%)	12 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	560/864 (65%)	533 (95%)	27 (5%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	107/150 (71%)	106 (99%)	1 (1%)	70	76
2	B	298/392 (76%)	293 (98%)	5 (2%)	53	70

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
3	C	62/76 (82%)	62 (100%)	0	100	100
4	D	8/170 (5%)	8 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	475/788 (60%)	469 (99%)	6 (1%)	59	72

All (6) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1148	GLU
2	B	2130	LEU
2	B	2147	LEU
2	B	2178	PHE
2	B	2216	LEU
2	B	2332	PHE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1051	ASN
2	B	2199	HIS
2	B	2224	ASN
3	C	3021	HIS

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
4	TPO	D	4187	4	8,10,11	0.68	0	10,14,16	0.95	1 (10%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	TPO	D	4187	4	-	5/9/11/13	-

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed($^{\circ}$)	Ideal($^{\circ}$)
4	D	4187	TPO	O-C-CA	-2.39	118.62	124.77

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	D	4187	TPO	N-CA-CB-CG2
4	D	4187	TPO	N-CA-CB-OG1
4	D	4187	TPO	C-CA-CB-CG2
4	D	4187	TPO	O-C-CA-CB
4	D	4187	TPO	CG2-CB-OG1-P

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	D	4187	TPO	1	0

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

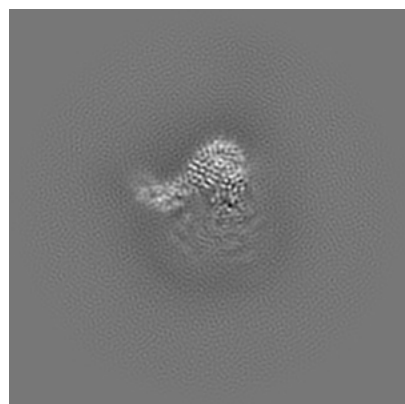
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-16327. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

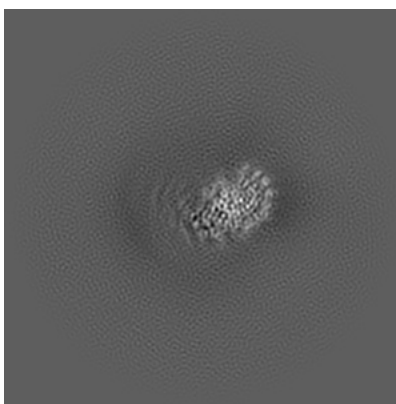
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

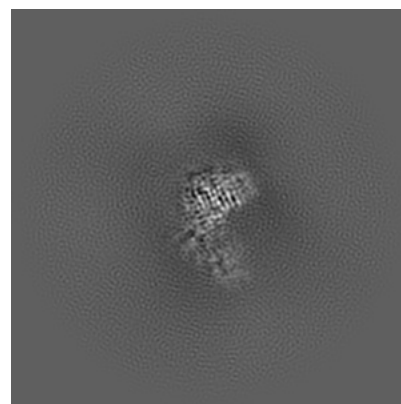
6.1.1 Primary map



X

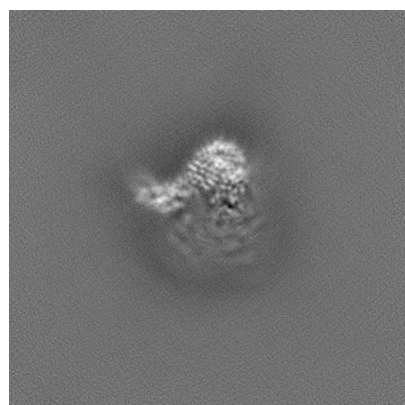


Y

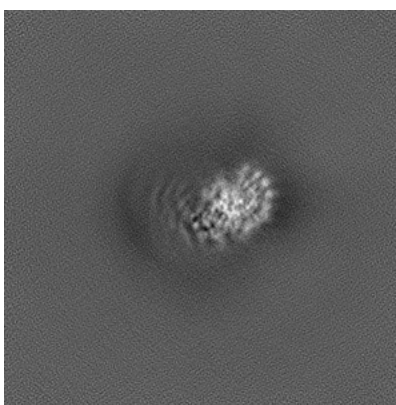


Z

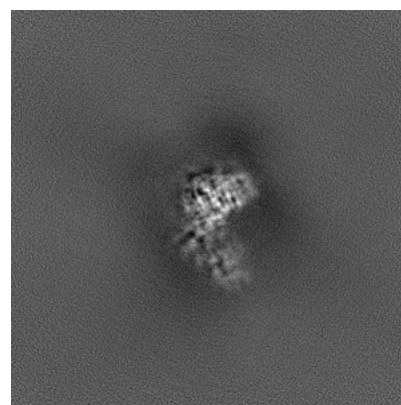
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

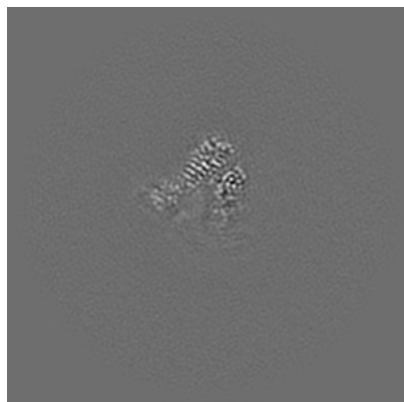


Z

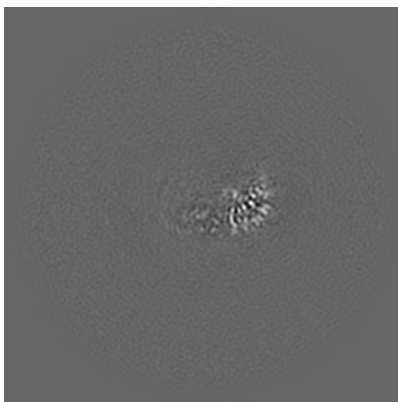
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

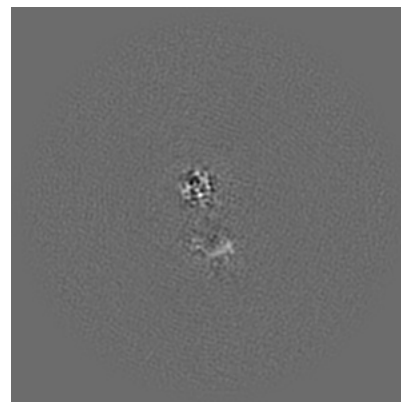
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 150

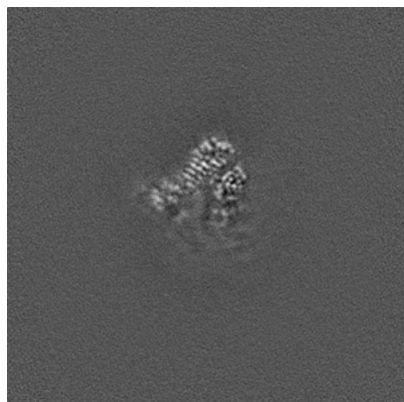


Y Index: 150

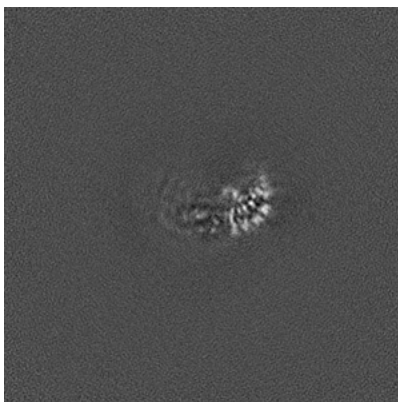


Z Index: 150

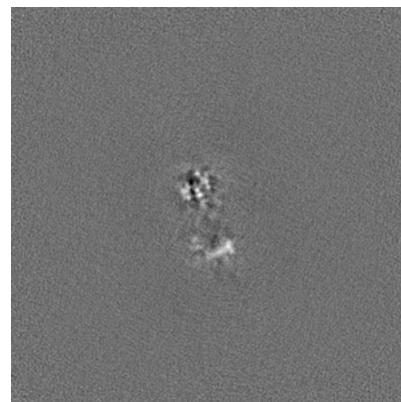
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 150



Y Index: 150

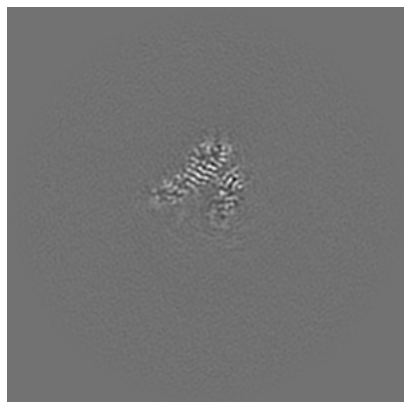


Z Index: 150

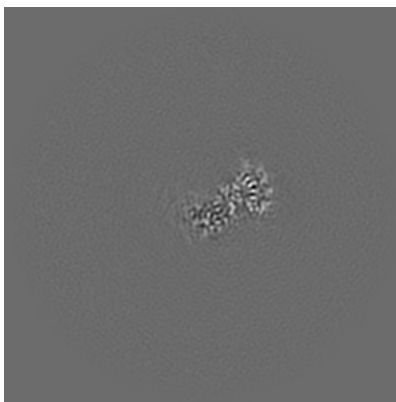
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

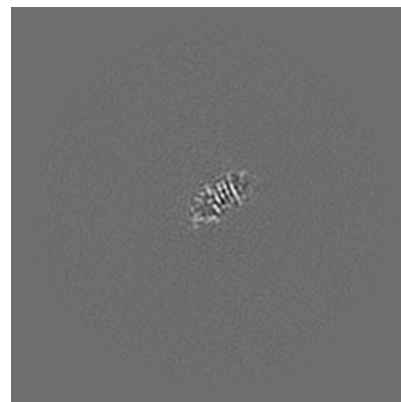
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 148

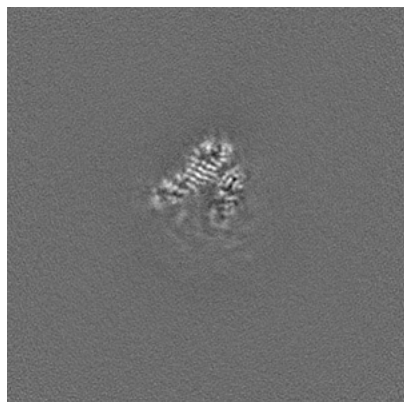


Y Index: 162

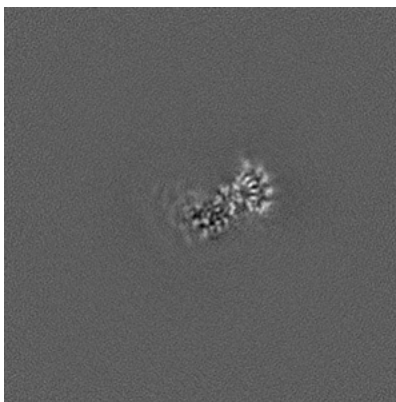


Z Index: 185

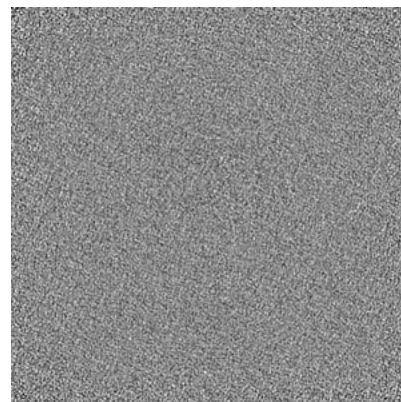
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 148



Y Index: 162

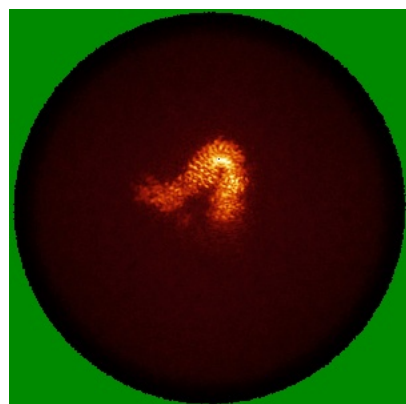


Z Index: 0

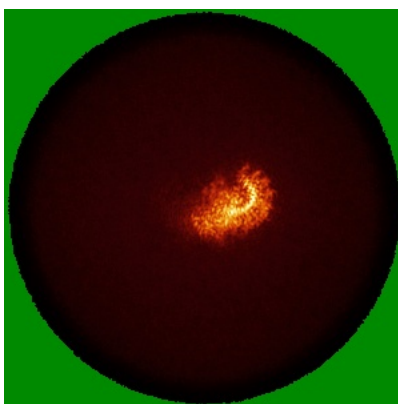
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

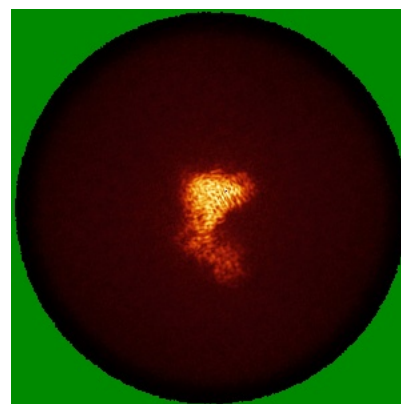
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y

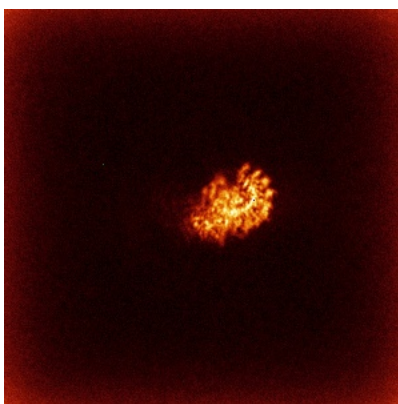


Z

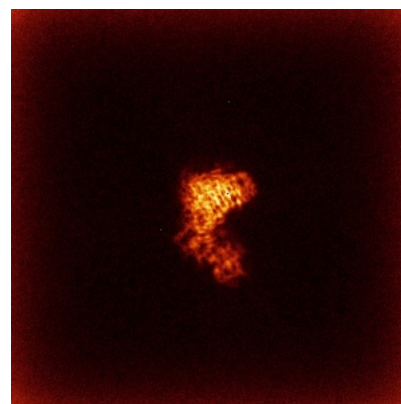
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

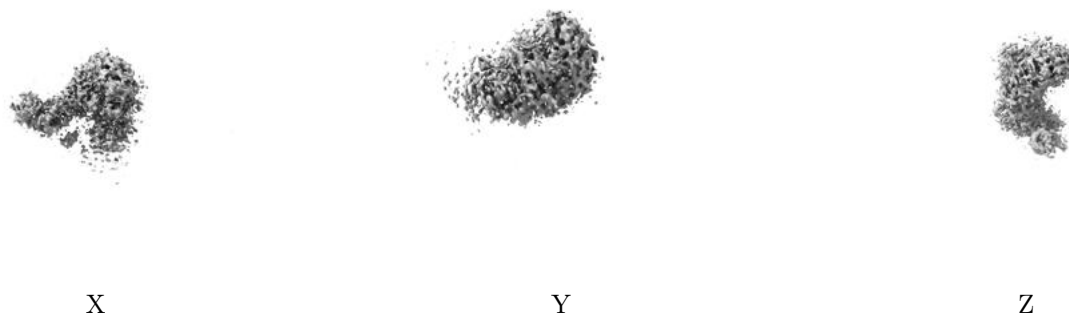


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

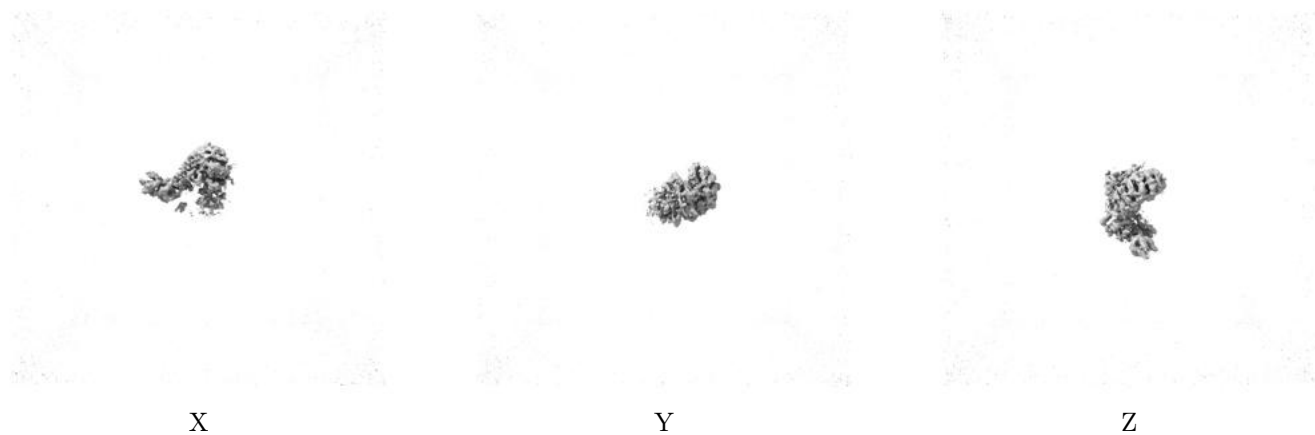
6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.149. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

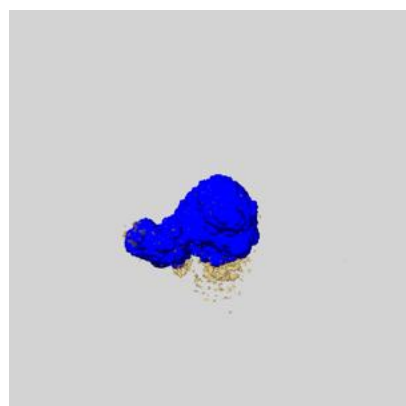
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

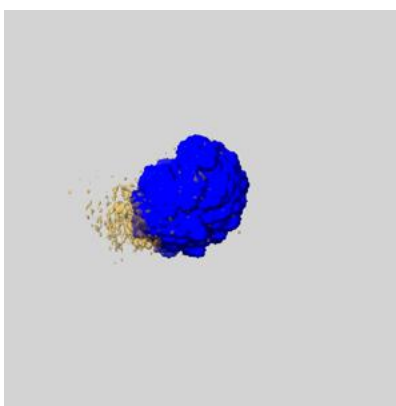
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

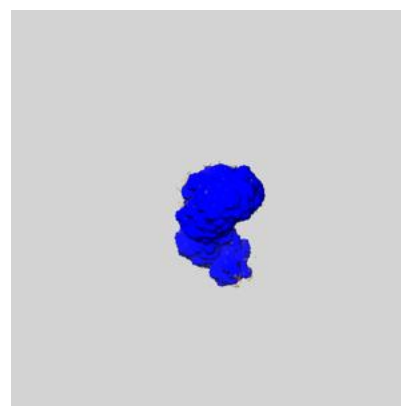
6.6.1 emd_16327_msk_1.map [i](#)



X



Y

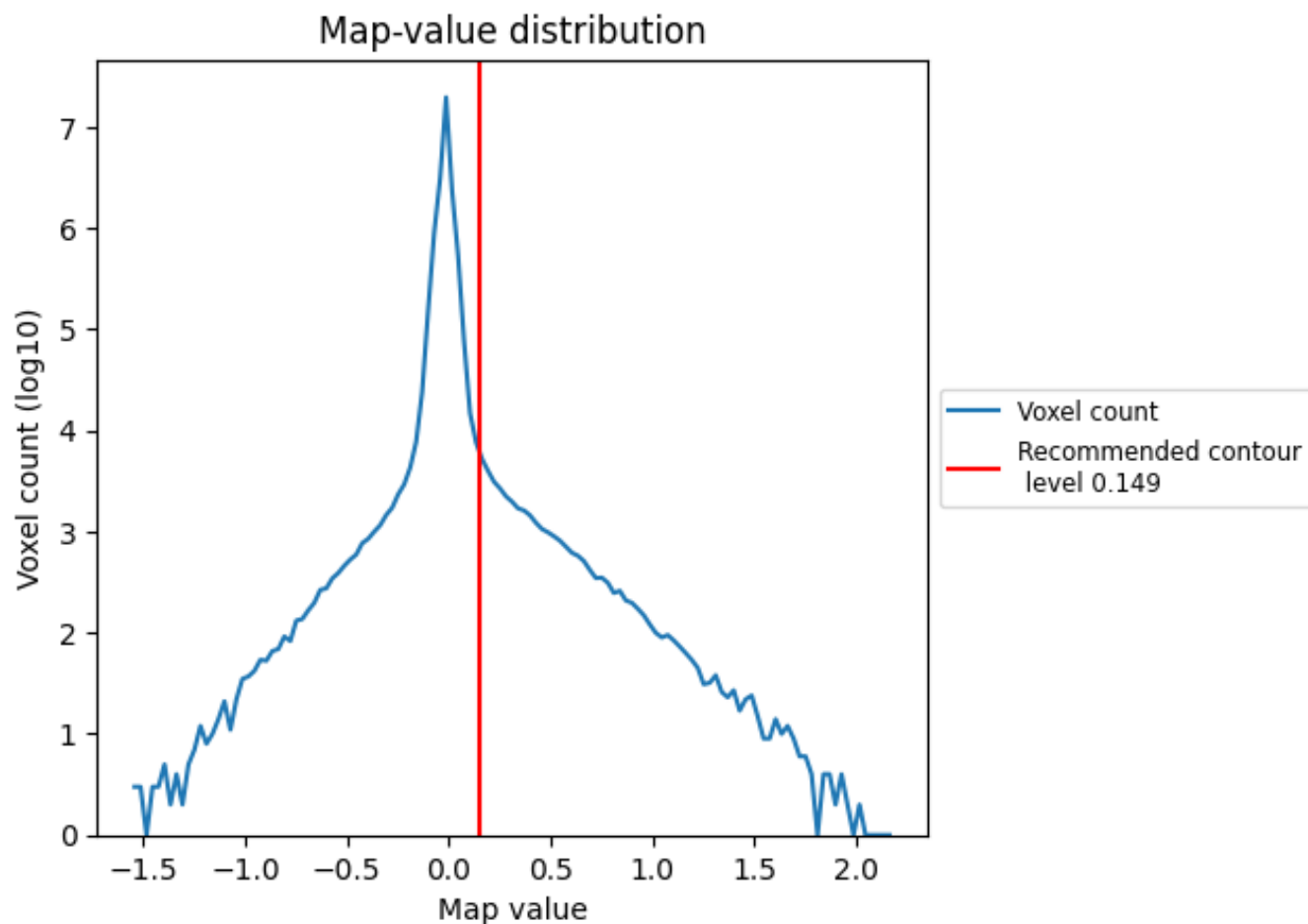


Z

7 Map analysis [i](#)

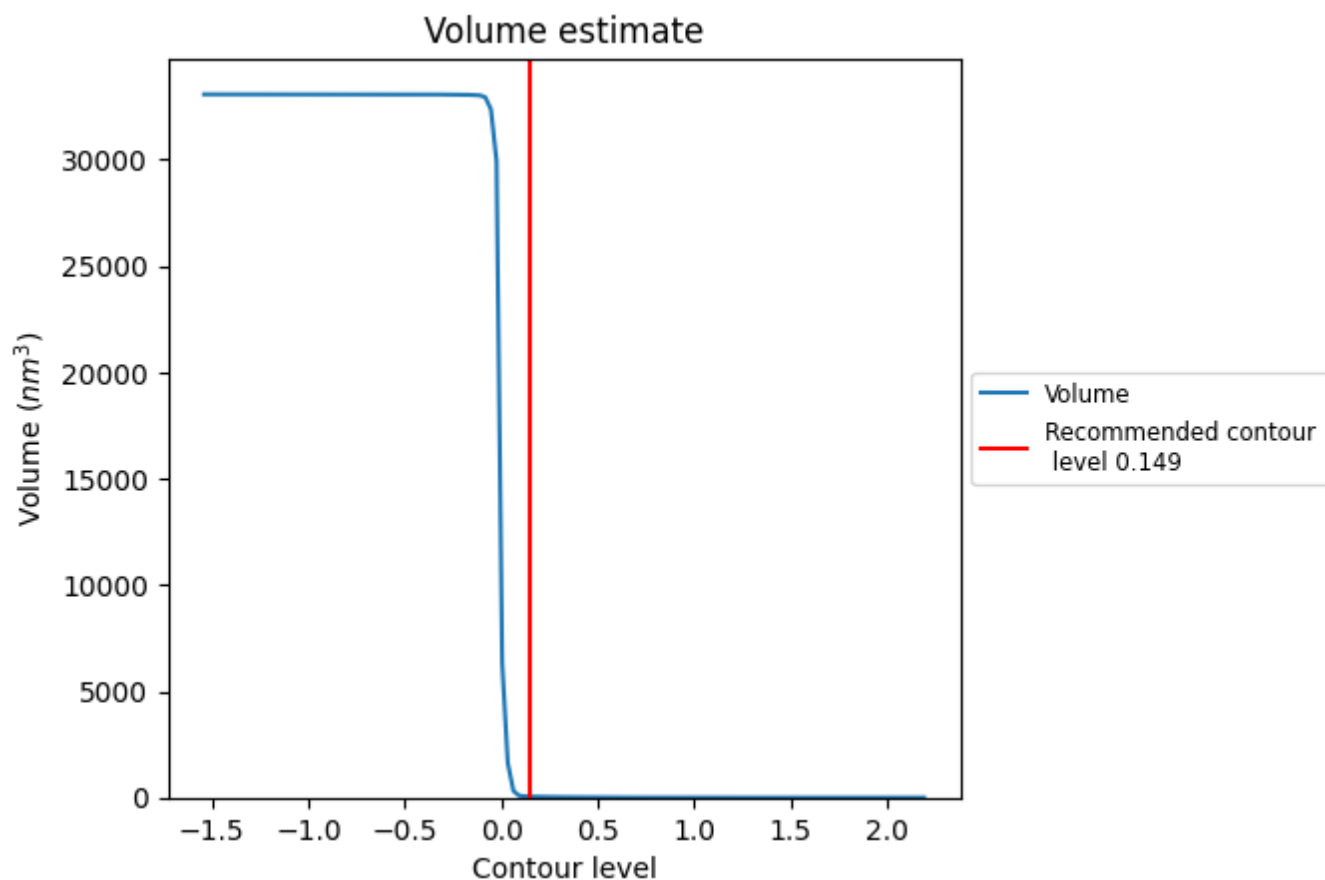
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

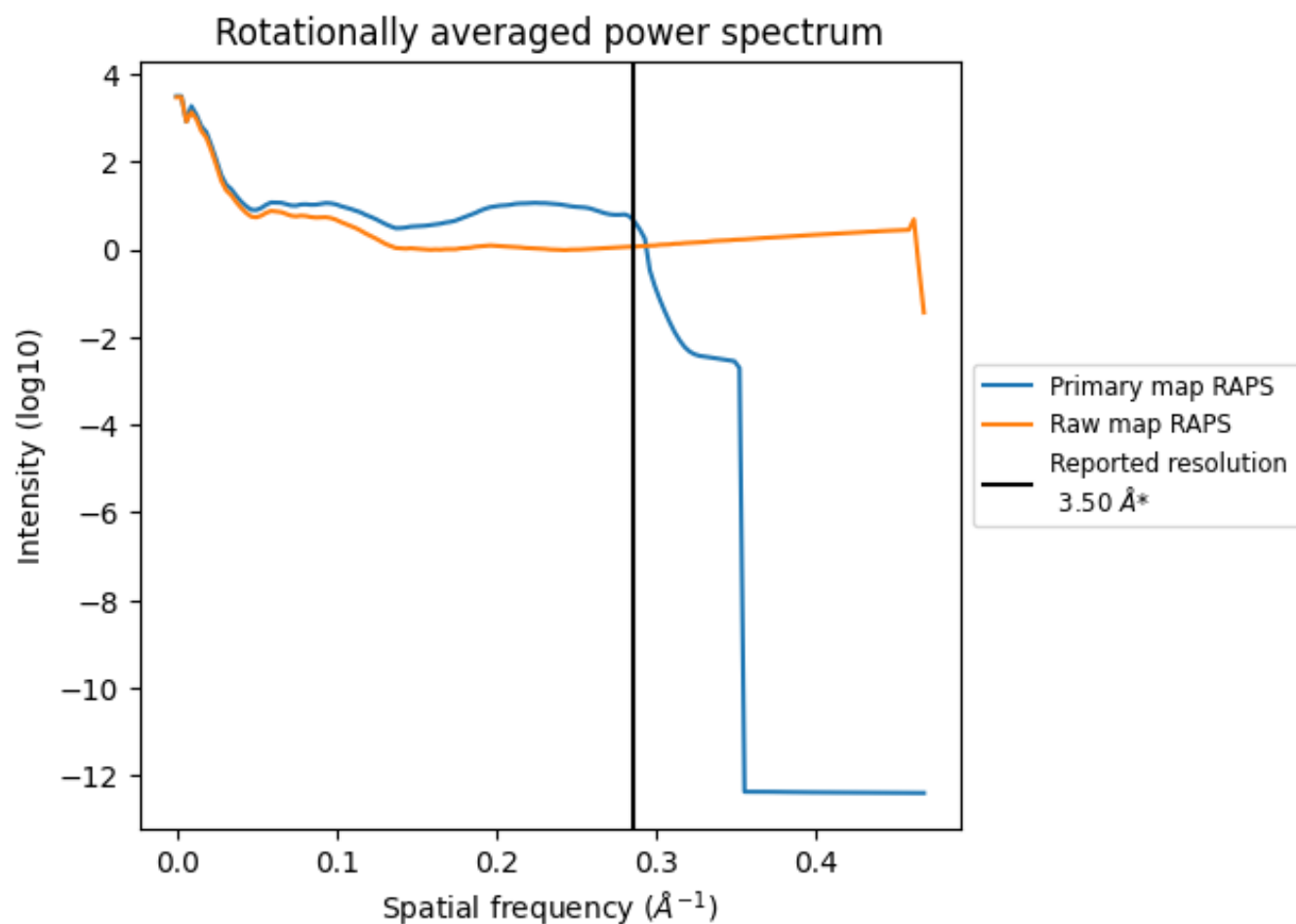
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 47 nm^3 ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 43 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

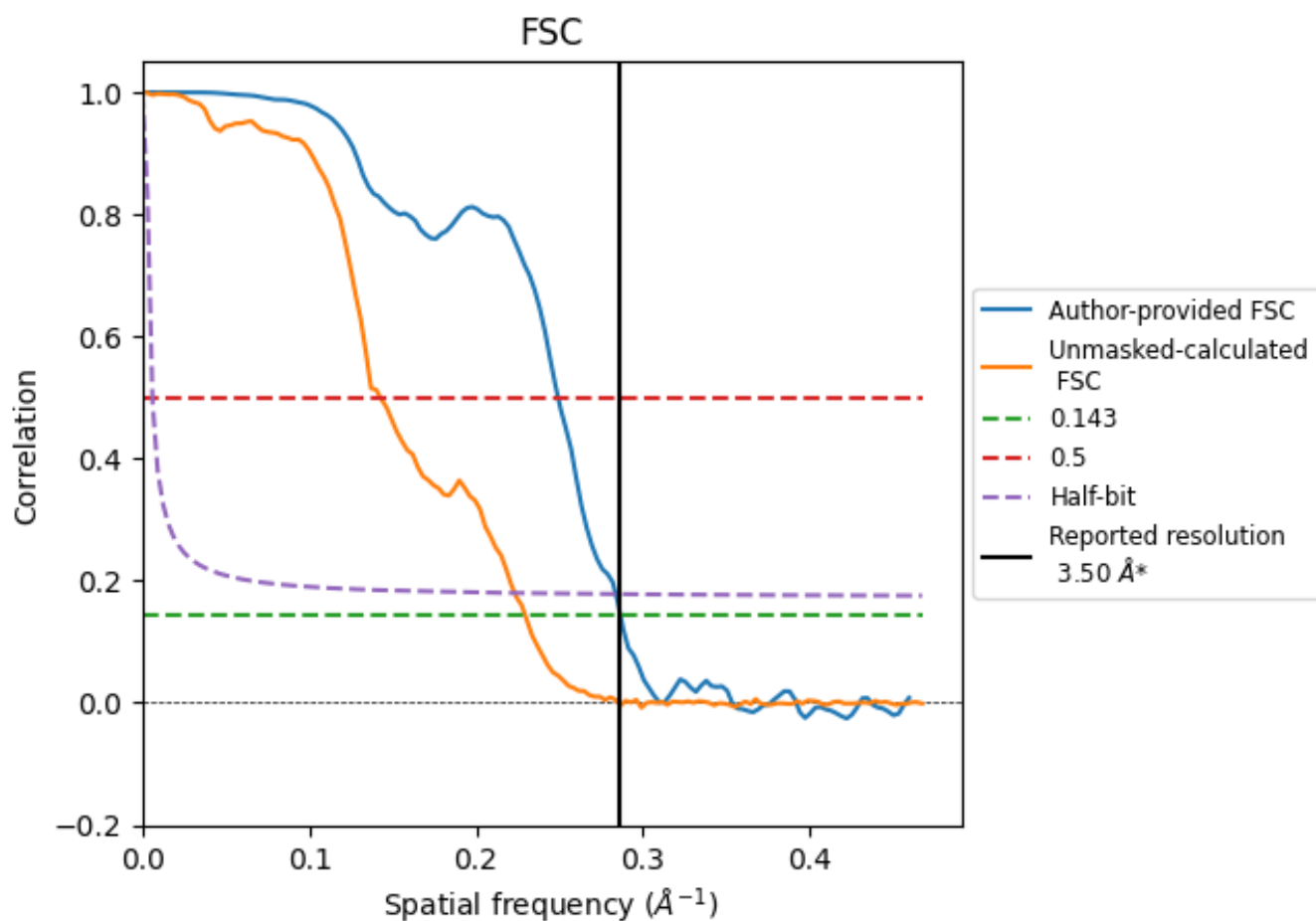


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.286 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.286 $\text{\AA}^{-1}$

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

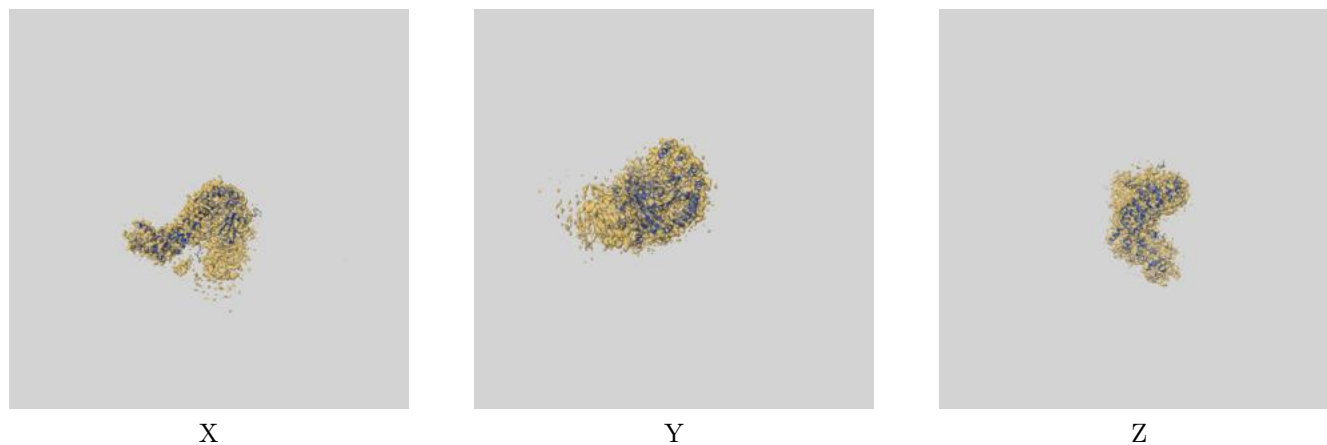
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.50	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	3.49	4.01	3.52
Unmasked-calculated*	4.36	7.01	4.48

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 4.36 differs from the reported value 3.5 by more than 10 %

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-16327 and PDB model 8BYL. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in [section 3](#) on [page 4](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



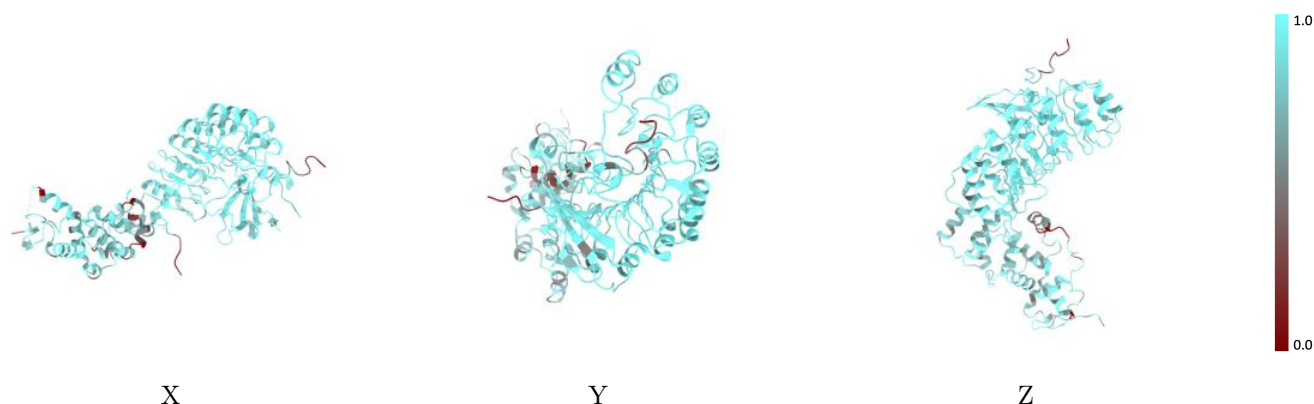
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.149 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



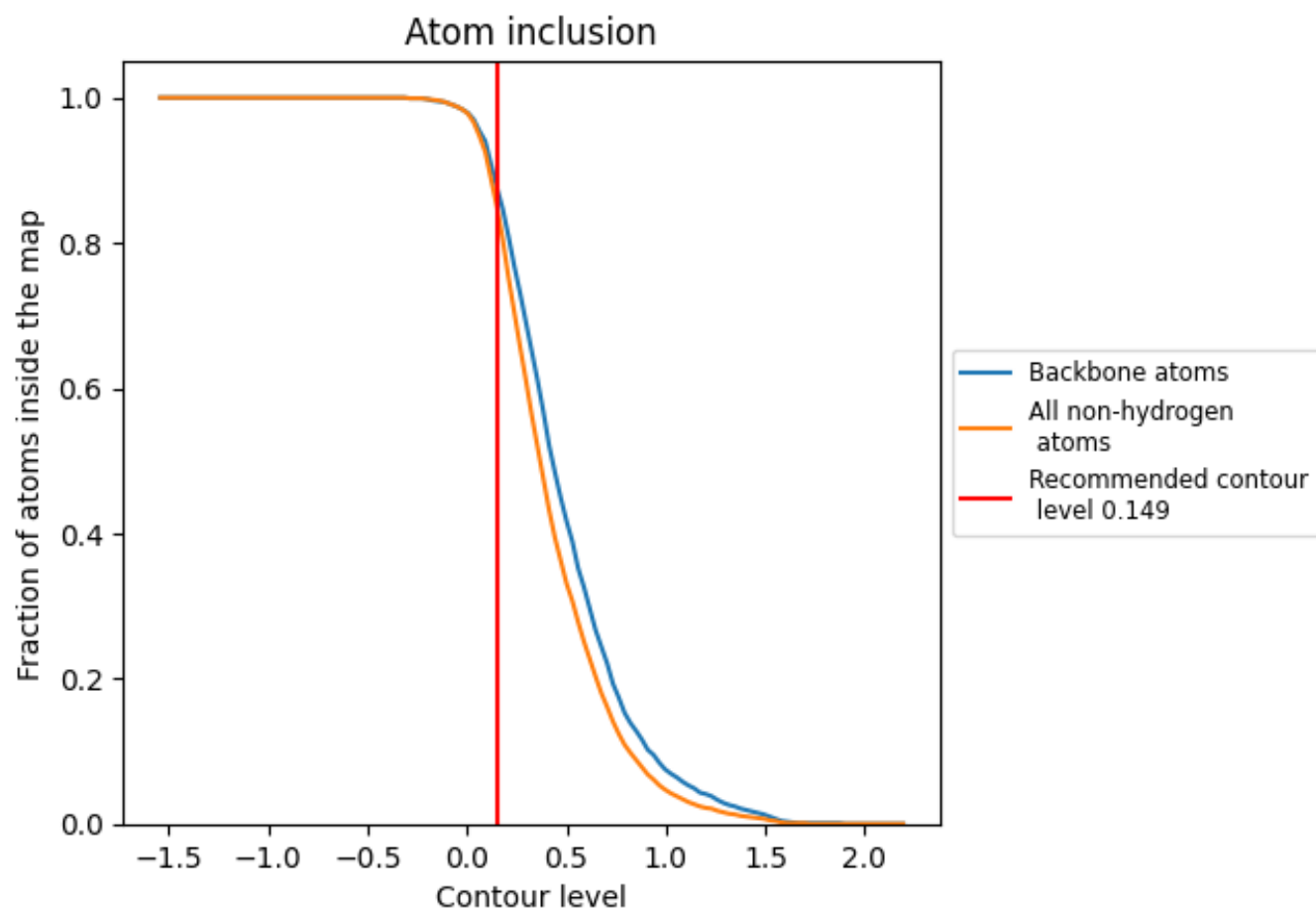
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.149).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 88% of all backbone atoms, 85% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.149) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.8520	0.4660
A	0.7380	0.3780
B	0.9050	0.4970
C	0.8890	0.5080
D	0.5710	0.3830

