



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 5, 2026 – 02:14 PM UTC

PDB ID : 3C16 / pdb_00003c16
Title : Complex of GS-Alpha with the Catalytic Domains of Mammalian Adenylyl Cyclase: Complex with Adenosine-5'-Triphosphate and Ca
Authors : Mou, T.-C.; Sprang, S.R.
Deposited on : 2008-01-22
Resolution : 2.87 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Buster-report	:	wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4	:	9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

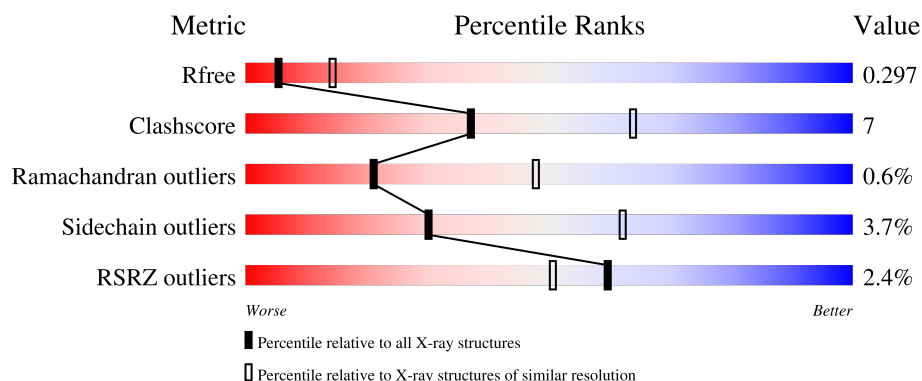
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.87 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	3557 (2.90-2.86)
Clashscore	190562	3801 (2.90-2.86)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	3699 (2.90-2.86)
Sidechain outliers	187428	3702 (2.90-2.86)
RSRZ outliers	180081	3558 (2.90-2.86)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	225	2% 67% 16% 16%
2	B	212	3% 69% 18% 12%
3	C	402	% 66% 16% 18%

2 Entry composition

There are 10 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5739 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Adenylate cyclase type 5.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	190	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1484	933	260	274	17			

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	356	MET	-	expression tag	UNP P30803
A	357	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P30803
A	358	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P30803
A	359	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P30803
A	360	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P30803
A	361	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P30803
A	362	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P30803
A	476	MET	VAL	engineered mutation	UNP P30803

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Adenylate cyclase type 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	186	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1443	921	236	276	10			

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(s) subunit alpha isoforms short.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	C	331	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2710	1718	472	507	13			

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
C	373	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P04896

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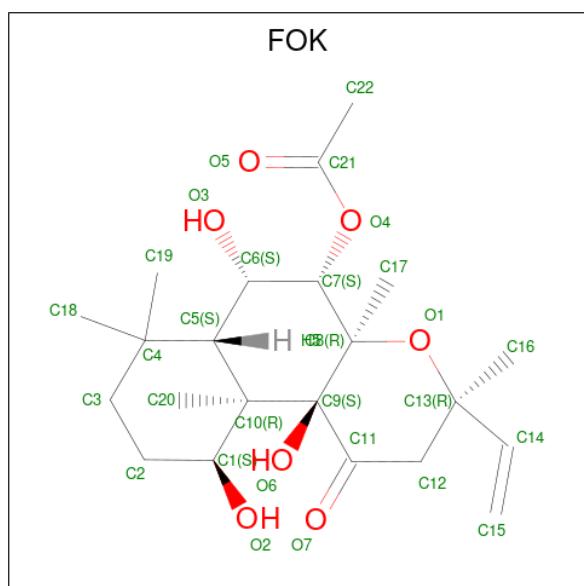
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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
C	374	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P04896
C	375	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P04896
C	376	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P04896
C	377	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P04896
C	378	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P04896
C	379	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P04896
C	380	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P04896

- Molecule 4 is CALCIUM ION (CCD ID: CA) (formula: Ca).

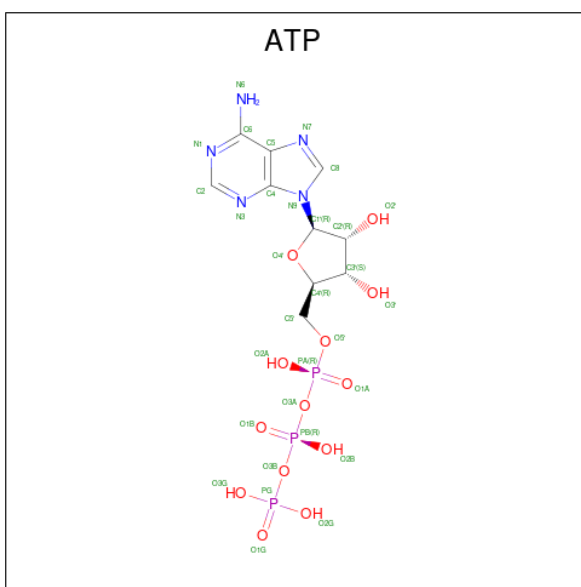
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	2	Total Ca 2 2	0	0

- Molecule 5 is FORSKOLIN (CCD ID: FOK) (formula: C₂₂H₃₄O₇).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total C O 29 22 7	0	0

- Molecule 6 is ADENOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (CCD ID: ATP) (formula: C₁₀H₁₆N₅O₁₃P₃).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			31	10	5	13	3		

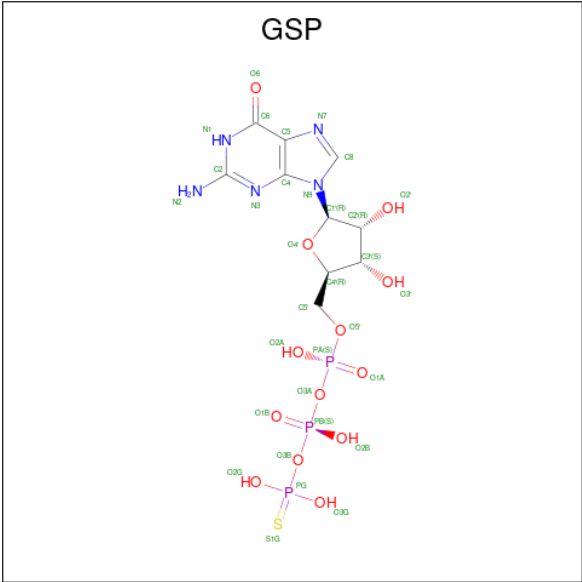
- Molecule 7 is CHLORIDE ION (CCD ID: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	C	1	Total Cl 1 1	0	0

- Molecule 8 is MAGNESIUM ION (CCD ID: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	C	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0

- Molecule 9 is 5'-GUANOSINE-DIPHOSPHATE-MONOTHIOPHOSPHATE (CCD ID: GSP) (formula: $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_5\text{O}_{13}\text{P}_3\text{S}$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	
9	C	1	Total	C	N	O	P	S	0	0
			32	10	5	13	3	1		

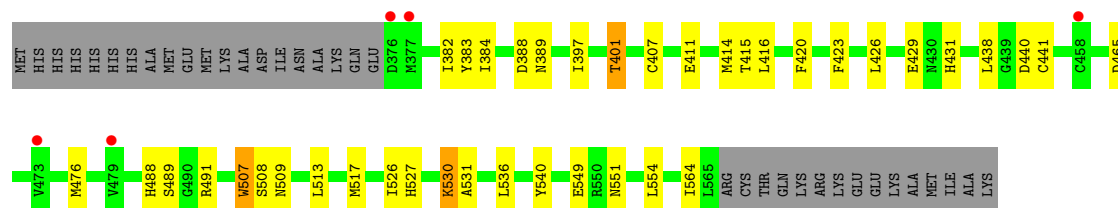
- Molecule 10 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
10	A	6	Total	O	0
			6	6	

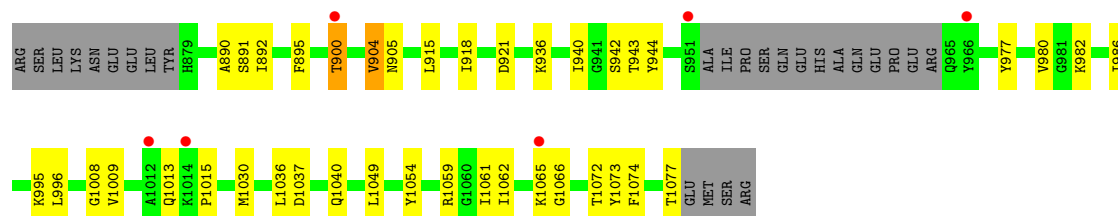
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

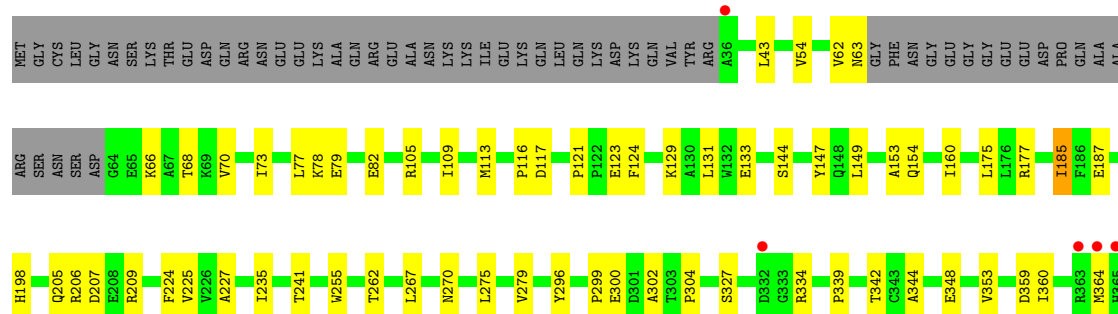
• Molecule 1: Adenylate cyclase type 5



• Molecule 2: Adenylate cyclase type 2



• Molecule 3: Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(s) subunit alpha isoforms short



1366

ARG
GLN
TYR
GLU
LEU
LEU
GLY
GLY
HIS
HIS
HIS
HIS
HIS

4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	118.33Å 133.53Å 70.70Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	15.00 – 2.87 15.00 – 2.87	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	85.9 (15.00-2.87) 85.3 (15.00-2.87)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.18	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.66 (at 2.89Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0019	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.249 , 0.299 0.246 , 0.297	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1156 reflections (4.42%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	43.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.129	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.29 , 28.1	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.44$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.27$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.88	EDS
Total number of atoms	5739	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	40.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.55% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ATP, MG, FOK, CL, GSP, CA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.39	0/1512	0.81	0/2038
2	B	0.45	0/1468	0.80	1/1982 (0.1%)
3	C	0.43	0/2767	0.82	0/3744
All	All	0.43	0/5747	0.81	1/7764 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	1008	GLY	N-CA-C	5.60	118.70	110.80

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1484	0	1454	21	0
2	B	1443	0	1441	23	0
3	C	2710	0	2657	35	0
4	A	2	0	0	0	0
5	A	29	0	34	3	0
6	A	31	0	12	0	0
7	C	1	0	0	1	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
8	C	1	0	0	0	0
9	C	32	0	12	2	0
10	A	6	0	0	0	0
All	All	5739	0	5610	80	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

All (80) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:C:62:VAL:HG12	3:C:63:ASN:H	1.46	0.79
2:B:890:ALA:HB1	2:B:996:LEU:HD11	1.65	0.78
5:A:101:FOK:H173	5:A:101:FOK:H201	1.69	0.74
3:C:79:GLU:HA	3:C:82:GLU:HG2	1.70	0.73
5:A:101:FOK:H202	5:A:101:FOK:H193	1.73	0.70
3:C:62:VAL:HG12	3:C:63:ASN:N	2.10	0.67
2:B:891:SER:HA	2:B:943:THR:HA	1.80	0.64
2:B:1059:ARG:HH11	2:B:1062:ILE:HD11	1.66	0.61
3:C:129:LYS:O	3:C:133:GLU:HG2	2.01	0.60
1:A:397:ILE:HD12	1:A:440:ASP:HB2	1.84	0.59
2:B:918:ILE:HG12	2:B:986:ILE:HG13	1.85	0.58
1:A:426:LEU:HD22	1:A:465:ASP:HB3	1.85	0.58
2:B:1062:ILE:HD12	2:B:1072:THR:HG21	1.87	0.57
3:C:144:SER:HA	3:C:147:TYR:CE2	2.39	0.57
3:C:121:PRO:HB2	3:C:123:GLU:OE2	2.05	0.57
3:C:66:LYS:HE3	3:C:175:LEU:HD11	1.88	0.56
2:B:900:THR:HB	2:B:905:ASN:ND2	2.22	0.55
1:A:517:MET:HE3	1:A:527:HIS:ND1	2.22	0.54
3:C:82:GLU:HB2	3:C:113:MET:HE2	1.90	0.54
1:A:407:CYS:HB2	1:A:411:GLU:HB3	1.91	0.53
2:B:977:TYR:O	2:B:980:VAL:HB	2.09	0.52
2:B:900:THR:HB	2:B:905:ASN:HD21	1.73	0.52
1:A:411:GLU:HA	1:A:414:MET:HE3	1.91	0.51
1:A:526:ILE:HB	1:A:564:ILE:HD12	1.91	0.51
2:B:904:VAL:HG11	3:C:185:ILE:HB	1.93	0.51
3:C:187:GLU:OE2	3:C:198:HIS:ND1	2.44	0.51
3:C:344:ALA:HB3	9:C:395:GSP:N7	2.26	0.51
3:C:255:TRP:CE2	3:C:327:SER:HA	2.46	0.51
3:C:62:VAL:CG1	3:C:63:ASN:H	2.19	0.50
3:C:79:GLU:HA	3:C:82:GLU:CG	2.41	0.50

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:921:ASP:HB3	2:B:982:LYS:HD2	1.93	0.50
3:C:77:LEU:HD21	3:C:160:ILE:HG12	1.93	0.50
3:C:270:ASN:HA	3:C:342:THR:O	2.11	0.50
1:A:530:LYS:HD2	1:A:531:ALA:N	2.27	0.49
3:C:78:LYS:HA	3:C:124:PHE:HZ	1.77	0.49
3:C:70:VAL:HA	3:C:73:ILE:HD12	1.94	0.49
1:A:388:ASP:OD1	1:A:491:ARG:HB3	2.13	0.49
1:A:401:THR:HG21	2:B:1066:GLY:HA3	1.93	0.48
3:C:177:ARG:HA	9:C:395:GSP:O2'	2.12	0.48
2:B:891:SER:HB3	2:B:943:THR:HG23	1.95	0.48
2:B:995:LYS:HB2	2:B:1036:LEU:HD22	1.96	0.48
3:C:105:ARG:O	3:C:109:ILE:HG12	2.13	0.47
2:B:940:ILE:HB	2:B:943:THR:HB	1.96	0.47
5:A:101:FOK:H201	5:A:101:FOK:C17	2.42	0.46
1:A:383:TYR:C	1:A:384:ILE:HG13	2.39	0.46
2:B:892:ILE:HD12	2:B:942:SER:HB2	1.98	0.46
1:A:388:ASP:HB3	1:A:389:ASN:ND2	2.31	0.46
3:C:235:ILE:HG12	3:C:241:THR:O	2.15	0.45
2:B:1049:LEU:HB3	2:B:1054:TYR:HB2	1.99	0.45
3:C:144:SER:HB2	3:C:149:LEU:HD23	1.97	0.45
1:A:438:LEU:HB2	1:A:441:CYS:HB3	1.98	0.45
3:C:62:VAL:CG1	3:C:63:ASN:N	2.79	0.45
3:C:206:ARG:HG2	3:C:209:ARG:NH1	2.32	0.45
1:A:488:HIS:CD2	1:A:489:SER:O	2.70	0.45
3:C:275:LEU:O	3:C:279:VAL:HG23	2.17	0.44
3:C:300:GLU:C	3:C:302:ALA:H	2.27	0.43
3:C:43:LEU:O	3:C:224:PHE:HA	2.17	0.43
3:C:109:ILE:HG13	3:C:131:LEU:CD1	2.48	0.43
1:A:429:GLU:C	1:A:431:HIS:H	2.26	0.43
1:A:488:HIS:CG	1:A:489:SER:N	2.86	0.43
3:C:227:ALA:HB3	7:C:397:CL:CL	2.56	0.43
3:C:360:ILE:HG22	3:C:364:MET:HE2	2.00	0.42
1:A:536:LEU:HD11	1:A:540:TYR:CD1	2.54	0.42
3:C:205:GLN:O	3:C:209:ARG:HG3	2.20	0.42
3:C:302:ALA:C	3:C:304:PRO:HD3	2.45	0.42
2:B:1059:ARG:HG3	2:B:1074:PHE:CZ	2.54	0.41
3:C:342:THR:HG22	3:C:353:VAL:HG21	2.03	0.41
2:B:995:LYS:HD2	2:B:1037:ASP:OD2	2.20	0.41
1:A:420:PHE:HA	1:A:423:PHE:HB2	2.03	0.41
2:B:936:LYS:HD2	2:B:944:TYR:OH	2.20	0.41
2:B:1009:VAL:HG11	2:B:1015:PRO:HB3	2.01	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:C:296:TYR:OH	3:C:299:PRO:HD3	2.21	0.41
1:A:509:ASN:O	1:A:513:LEU:N	2.50	0.41
2:B:895:PHE:CZ	2:B:915:LEU:HB2	2.56	0.41
2:B:1040:GLN:HA	2:B:1073:TYR:O	2.21	0.41
1:A:507:TRP:O	1:A:508:SER:HB3	2.20	0.40
1:A:423:PHE:HA	1:A:426:LEU:HD12	2.03	0.40
2:B:1030:MET:O	2:B:1040:GLN:NE2	2.50	0.40
3:C:267:LEU:HB3	3:C:339:PRO:HA	2.04	0.40
1:A:551:ASN:HB3	1:A:554:LEU:HD12	2.04	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	188/225 (84%)	171 (91%)	17 (9%)	0	100	100
2	B	182/212 (86%)	174 (96%)	6 (3%)	2 (1%)	11	33
3	C	327/402 (81%)	306 (94%)	19 (6%)	2 (1%)	21	48
All	All	697/839 (83%)	651 (93%)	42 (6%)	4 (1%)	21	48

All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	C	116	PRO
2	B	1065	LYS
3	C	153	ALA
2	B	1013	GLN

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	159/189 (84%)	151 (95%)	8 (5%)	22	51
2	B	160/184 (87%)	156 (98%)	4 (2%)	42	72
3	C	298/357 (84%)	287 (96%)	11 (4%)	30	62
All	All	617/730 (84%)	594 (96%)	23 (4%)	30	62

All (23) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	382	ILE
1	A	401	THR
1	A	415	THR
1	A	416	LEU
1	A	476	MET
1	A	507	TRP
1	A	530	LYS
1	A	549	GLU
2	B	900	THR
2	B	904	VAL
2	B	1061	ILE
2	B	1077	THR
3	C	54	VAL
3	C	68	THR
3	C	117	ASP
3	C	154	GLN
3	C	185	ILE
3	C	207	ASP
3	C	225	VAL
3	C	262	THR
3	C	334	ARG
3	C	348	GLU
3	C	359	ASP

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (14) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	385	GLN
1	A	389	ASN
1	A	537	ASN
2	B	1001	ASN
2	B	1002	HIS
2	B	1013	GLN
2	B	1016	GLN
2	B	1050	GLN
3	C	38	HIS
3	C	75	ASN
3	C	127	HIS
3	C	154	GLN
3	C	245	GLN
3	C	355	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 7 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 3 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
6	ATP	A	1	4	32,33,33	2.16	8 (25%)	48,52,52	1.78	8 (16%)

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
9	GSP	C	395	8	33,34,34	1.75	2 (6%)	47,54,54	1.73	10 (21%)
5	FOK	A	101	-	29,31,31	1.07	1 (3%)	38,54,54	1.79	10 (26%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	ATP	A	1	4	-	6/22/38/38	0/3/3/3
9	GSP	C	395	8	-	1/21/38/38	0/3/3/3
5	FOK	A	101	-	-	2/7/80/80	0/3/3/3

All (11) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
9	C	395	GSP	PG-S1G	-8.53	1.72	1.90
6	A	1	ATP	PB-O3A	6.76	1.66	1.59
6	A	1	ATP	PA-O3A	5.10	1.65	1.59
5	A	101	FOK	O4-C21	4.72	1.45	1.35
6	A	1	ATP	PG-O1G	4.13	1.63	1.50
6	A	1	ATP	PB-O3B	3.86	1.63	1.59
6	A	1	ATP	C5-N7	-3.29	1.33	1.39
9	C	395	GSP	C2-N3	2.29	1.38	1.33
6	A	1	ATP	C1'-N9	2.22	1.52	1.46
6	A	1	ATP	PG-O2G	2.20	1.63	1.54
6	A	1	ATP	C8-N9	-2.13	1.33	1.37

All (28) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
6	A	1	ATP	C5-C4-N3	-6.07	118.36	126.72
9	C	395	GSP	C5-C4-N3	-5.15	120.19	128.39
9	C	395	GSP	C2-N3-C4	4.64	120.29	112.30
5	A	101	FOK	C7-O4-C21	-4.44	111.49	117.79
6	A	1	ATP	N3-C2-N1	-4.33	122.03	128.58
6	A	1	ATP	N3-C4-N9	3.93	133.85	127.17
5	A	101	FOK	O1-C8-C17	-3.81	105.25	110.17
6	A	1	ATP	C2-N3-C4	3.76	121.02	111.83
5	A	101	FOK	O4-C21-C22	3.68	117.65	111.09
5	A	101	FOK	O1-C8-C7	3.62	106.59	103.16

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
9	C	395	GSP	PB-O3B-PG	-3.40	120.71	133.17
9	C	395	GSP	N9-C4-N3	3.25	132.46	125.95
5	A	101	FOK	C13-O1-C8	3.18	124.85	119.86
6	A	1	ATP	C4-C5-N7	-3.03	107.12	110.58
9	C	395	GSP	C2-N1-C6	-3.03	119.62	125.11
6	A	1	ATP	C5-N7-C8	2.83	107.90	103.45
9	C	395	GSP	C5-C6-N1	2.66	120.01	113.25
9	C	395	GSP	N9-C8-N7	-2.65	108.48	113.40
5	A	101	FOK	C3-C4-C5	2.63	111.61	107.89
6	A	1	ATP	O3G-PG-O3B	2.62	113.42	104.64
9	C	395	GSP	C8-N7-C5	2.58	108.85	104.26
6	A	1	ATP	N9-C8-N7	-2.48	110.42	113.94
5	A	101	FOK	O4-C7-C6	2.47	112.84	107.71
5	A	101	FOK	O7-C11-C12	-2.38	117.20	121.97
9	C	395	GSP	O6-C6-C5	-2.24	120.63	126.53
9	C	395	GSP	C3'-C2'-C1'	2.16	105.56	101.46
5	A	101	FOK	C2-C1-C10	2.09	114.86	112.18
5	A	101	FOK	O4-C21-O5	-2.00	119.12	122.99

There are no chirality outliers.

All (9) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	A	1	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A
6	A	1	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O2A
6	A	1	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
5	A	101	FOK	C22-C21-O4-C7
5	A	101	FOK	O5-C21-O4-C7
6	A	1	ATP	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'
6	A	1	ATP	C3'-C4'-C5'-O5'
6	A	1	ATP	PA-O3A-PB-O1B
9	C	395	GSP	PA-O3A-PB-O2B

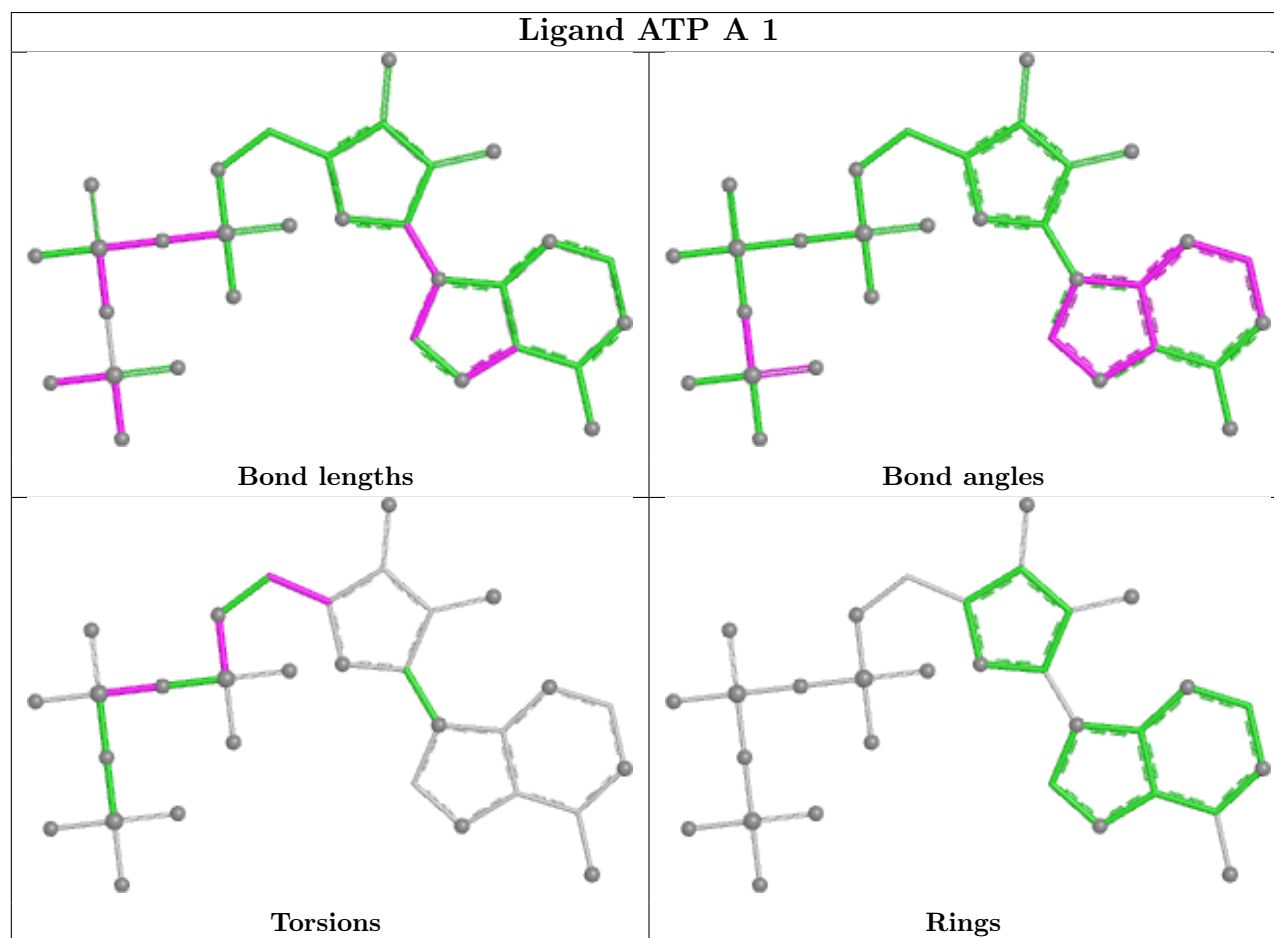
There are no ring outliers.

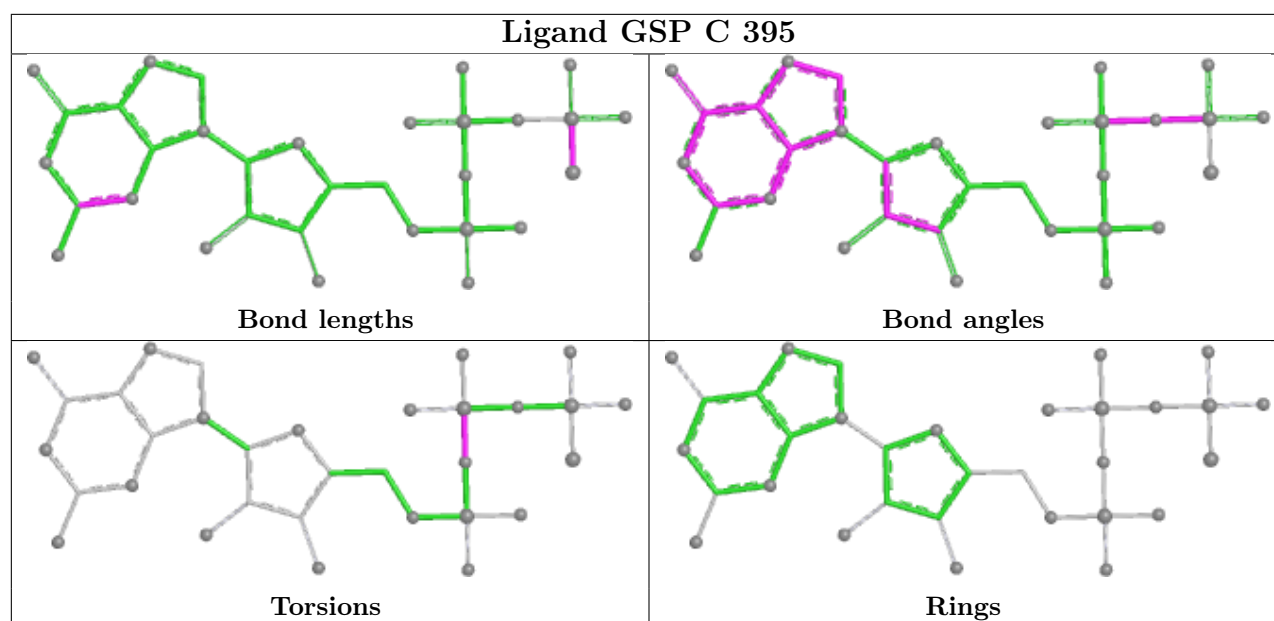
2 monomers are involved in 5 short contacts:

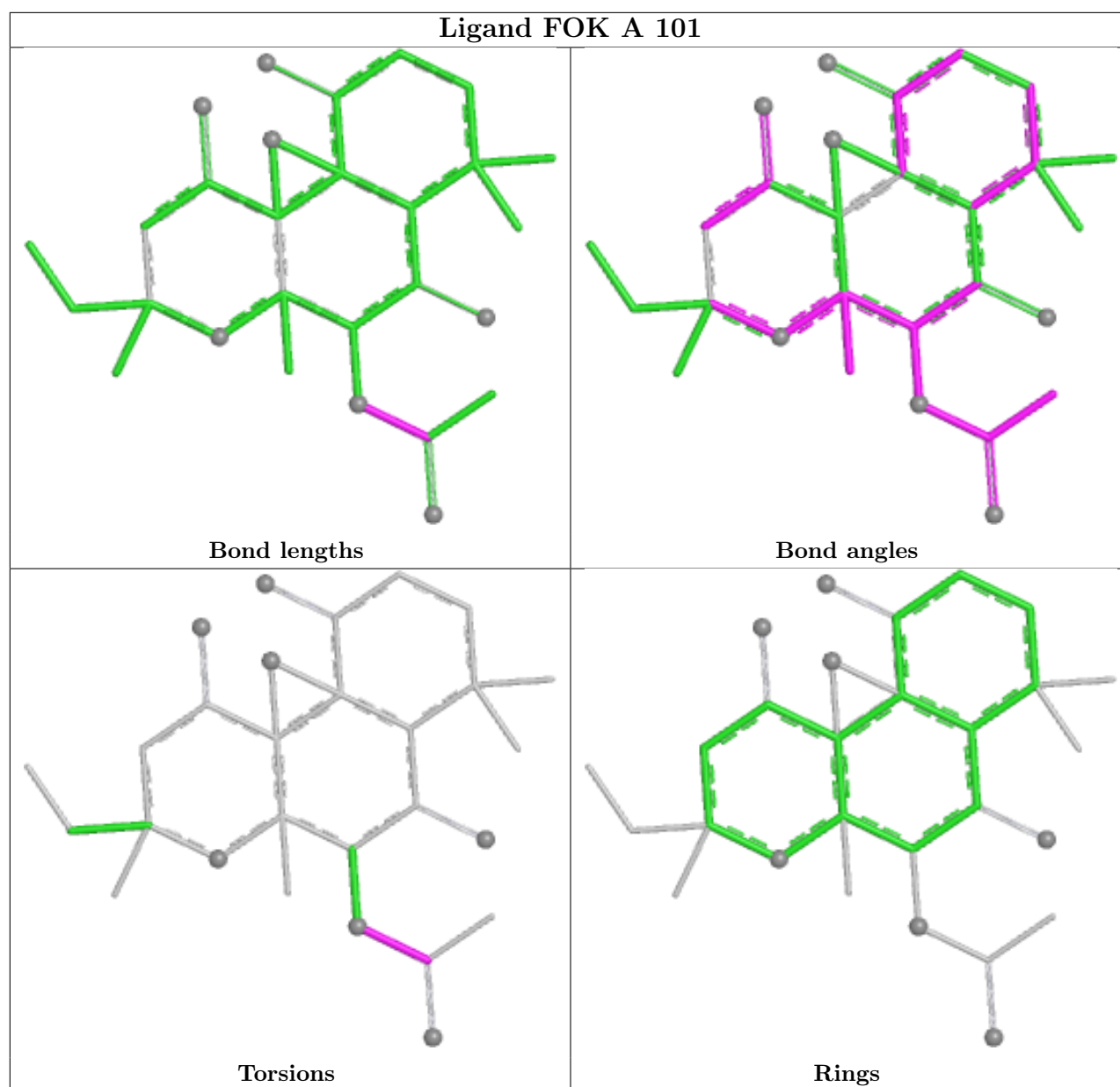
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
9	C	395	GSP	2	0
5	A	101	FOK	3	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths,

bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	190/225 (84%)	0.36	5 (2%) 57 48	18, 52, 82, 86	0
2	B	186/212 (87%)	-0.06	6 (3%) 50 41	16, 31, 71, 85	0
3	C	331/402 (82%)	-0.03	6 (1%) 67 60	17, 34, 66, 86	0
All	All	707/839 (84%)	0.06	17 (2%) 59 50	16, 37, 73, 86	0

All (17) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
3	C	36	ALA	5.4
3	C	364	MET	4.4
1	A	376	ASP	3.4
1	A	479	VAL	3.0
2	B	1012	ALA	2.8
3	C	363	ARG	2.7
1	A	473	VAL	2.7
3	C	366	LEU	2.4
3	C	332	ASP	2.3
1	A	458	CYS	2.3
2	B	1014	LYS	2.3
3	C	365	HIS	2.3
1	A	377	MET	2.2
2	B	1065	LYS	2.2
2	B	951	SER	2.2
2	B	966	TYR	2.0
2	B	900	THR	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

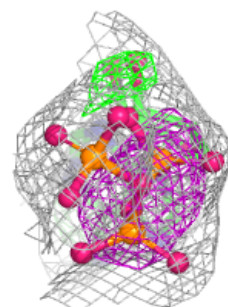
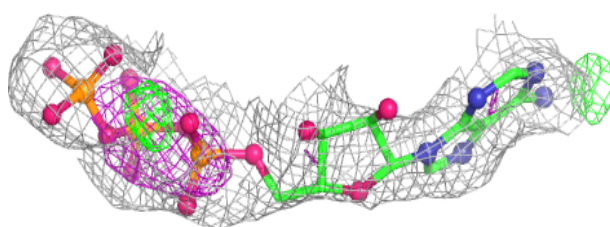
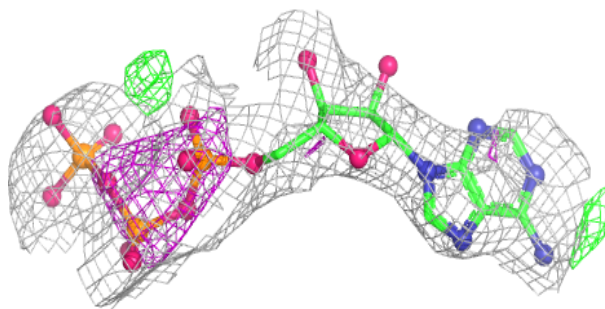
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors($\text{\AA}^2$)	Q<0.9
6	ATP	A	1	31/31	0.83	0.14	31,51,64,67	0
4	CA	A	29	1/1	0.90	0.06	49,49,49,49	0
9	GSP	C	395	32/32	0.92	0.10	17,22,32,41	0
5	FOK	A	101	29/29	0.93	0.10	16,33,49,50	0
7	CL	C	397	1/1	0.94	0.10	30,30,30,30	0
4	CA	A	30	1/1	0.96	0.03	38,38,38,38	0
8	MG	C	398	1/1	0.98	0.09	17,17,17,17	0

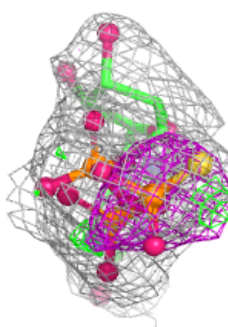
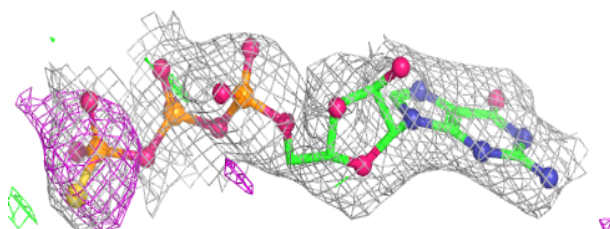
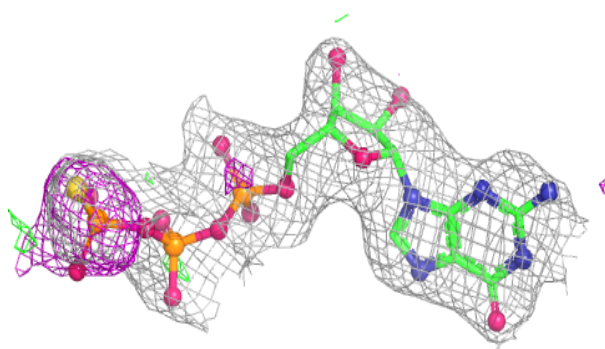
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around ATP A 1:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

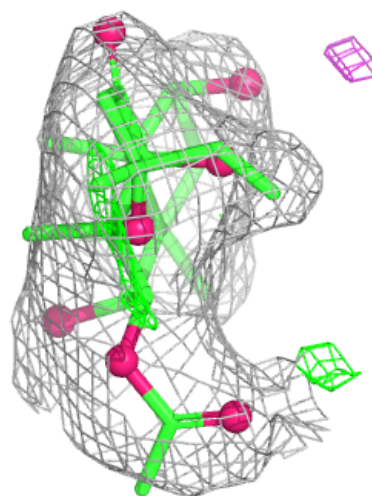
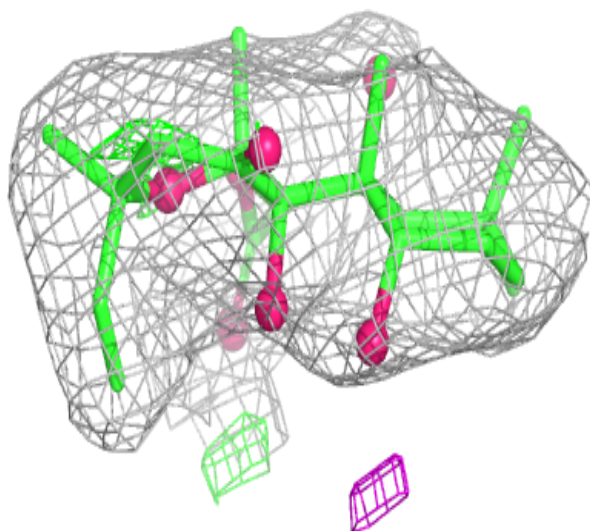
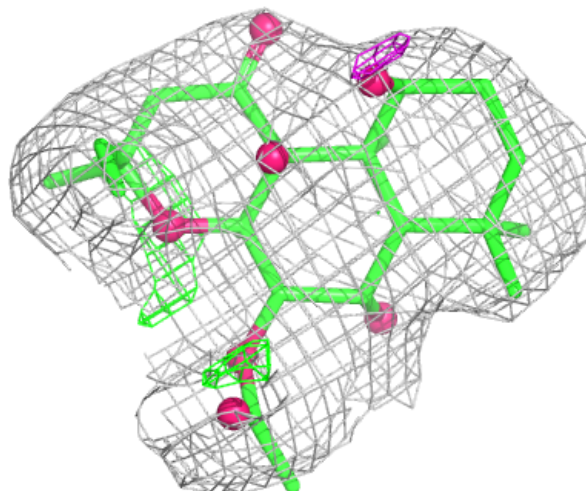
**Electron density around GSP C 395:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



Electron density around FOK A 101:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.