



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 6, 2026 – 06:44 PM UTC

PDB ID : 5D4Q / pdb_00005d4q
Title : Crystal structure of GASDALIE IgG1 Fc
Authors : Ahmed, A.A.; Bjorkman, P.J.
Deposited on : 2015-08-08
Resolution : 2.39 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4	:	9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

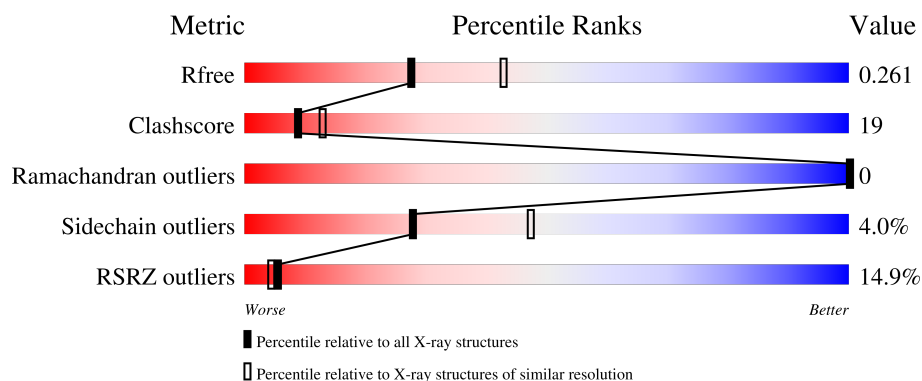
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.39 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	4912 (2.40-2.40)
Clashscore	190562	5391 (2.40-2.40)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	5320 (2.40-2.40)
Sidechain outliers	187428	5321 (2.40-2.40)
RSRZ outliers	180081	4916 (2.40-2.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	221	3% 67% 25% 6%
1	B	221	25% 63% 29% 6%
2	C	8	50% 25% 25%
2	D	8	38% 38% 25%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard

residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	NAG	D	1	-	-	X	-
2	BMA	D	3	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3594 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

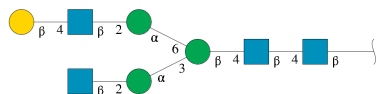
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Ig gamma-1 chain C region.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	208	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1656	1054	276	320	6			
1	B	208	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1635	1037	273	319	6			

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

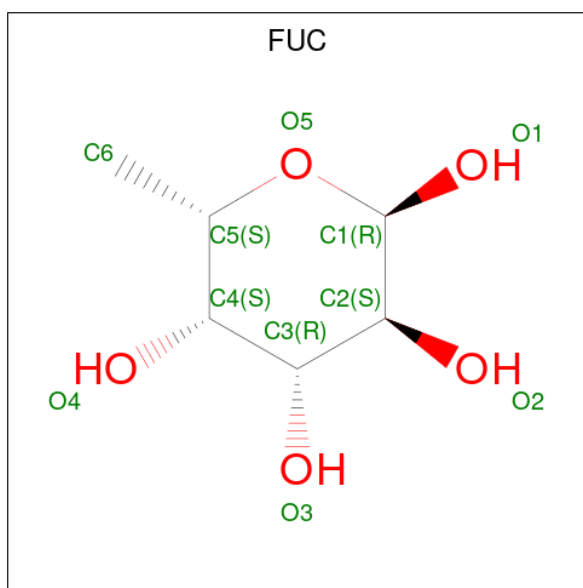
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	236	ALA	GLY	engineered mutation	UNP P01857
A	239	ASP	SER	engineered mutation	UNP P01857
A	330	LEU	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP P01857
A	332	GLU	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP P01857
B	236	ALA	GLY	engineered mutation	UNP P01857
B	239	ASP	SER	engineered mutation	UNP P01857
B	330	LEU	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP P01857
B	332	GLU	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP P01857

- Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-[2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	C	8	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			100	56	4	40			
2	D	8	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			100	56	4	40			

- Molecule 3 is alpha-L-fucopyranose (CCD ID: FUC) (formula: $C_6H_{12}O_5$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			10	6	4		

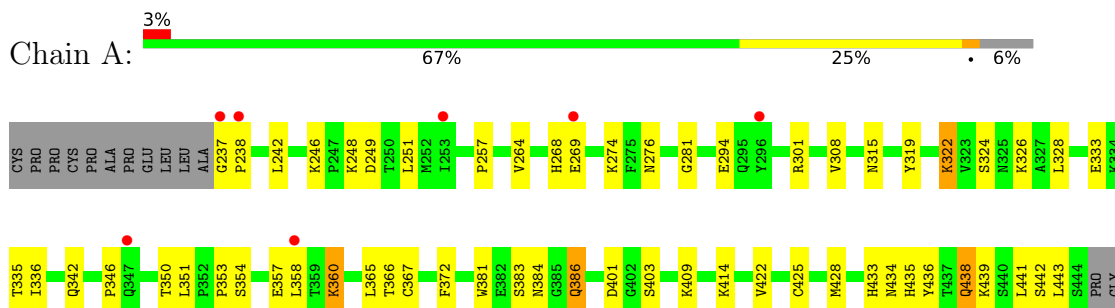
- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	55	Total	O	0	0
			55	55		
4	B	38	Total	O	0	0
			38	38		

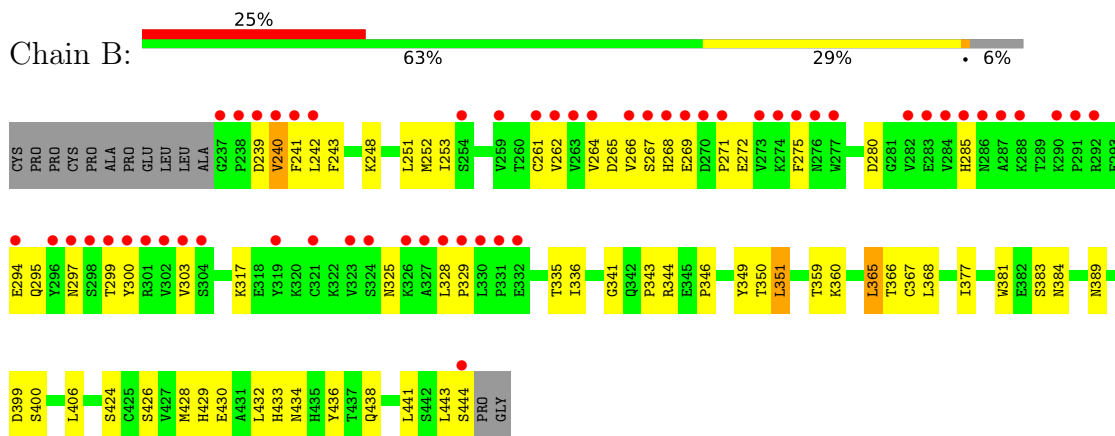
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Ig gamma-1 chain C region



- Molecule 1: Ig gamma-1 chain C region

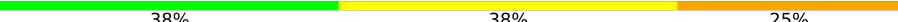


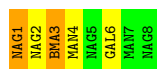
- Molecule 2: beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-[2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



- Molecule 2: beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-[2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

anose-(1-3)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acet
amido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain D:  38% 38% 25%



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	49.32Å 79.13Å 137.62Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	46.43 – 2.39 46.43 – 2.39	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.9 (46.43-2.39) 93.0 (46.43-2.39)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.14	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.84 (at 2.39Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.8.2_1309	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.241 , 0.258 0.245 , 0.261	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1993 reflections (9.04%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	42.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.449	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.33 , 39.8	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.48$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	3594	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	58.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 10.24% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG, FUC, GAL, MAN, BMA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.91	0/1702	0.88	4/2322 (0.2%)
1	B	0.81	0/1680	0.94	5/2296 (0.2%)
All	All	0.87	0/3382	0.91	9/4618 (0.2%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (9) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	351	LEU	CA-C-N	-7.26	114.43	119.66
1	B	351	LEU	C-N-CA	-7.26	114.43	119.66
1	B	389	ASN	N-CA-C	6.62	118.58	111.36
1	B	240	VAL	N-CA-C	6.25	116.86	110.05
1	B	251	LEU	N-CA-C	5.78	118.52	111.82
1	A	237	GLY	CA-C-N	-5.76	114.03	119.85
1	A	237	GLY	C-N-CA	-5.76	114.03	119.85
1	A	251	LEU	N-CA-C	5.56	118.27	111.82
1	A	249	ASP	N-CA-C	5.56	117.02	111.07

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1656	0	1603	46	3
1	B	1635	0	1558	79	2
2	C	100	0	85	2	1
2	D	100	0	85	22	1
3	B	10	0	10	3	0
4	A	55	0	0	3	0
4	B	38	0	0	3	0
All	All	3594	0	3341	127	4

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 19.

All (127) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:297:ASN:HD21	2:D:1:NAG:C1	1.12	1.55
1:B:297:ASN:ND2	2:D:1:NAG:C1	1.93	1.31
3:B:509:FUC:C1	2:D:1:NAG:O6	1.85	1.23
1:B:242:LEU:HD22	1:B:336:ILE:HB	1.23	1.20
1:A:436:TYR:CE1	1:A:438:GLN:OE1	1.99	1.15
1:A:238:PRO:HD2	1:A:328:LEU:HD13	1.23	1.13
1:A:360:LYS:O	1:A:414:LYS:HE2	1.51	1.10
1:B:266:VAL:CG1	1:B:300:TYR:HB2	1.80	1.10
1:A:248:LYS:HG3	1:A:428:MET:HE1	1.34	1.04
1:A:436:TYR:HE1	1:A:438:GLN:OE1	1.38	1.03
1:B:252:MET:HE3	1:B:428:MET:CE	1.95	0.95
1:B:242:LEU:CD2	1:B:336:ILE:HB	1.97	0.94
1:B:241:PHE:HZ	2:D:2:NAG:HO6	0.99	0.93
1:A:238:PRO:HD2	1:A:328:LEU:CD1	2.01	0.90
1:B:266:VAL:HG13	1:B:300:TYR:HB2	1.52	0.90
1:A:238:PRO:CD	1:A:328:LEU:HD13	2.03	0.89
1:B:252:MET:HE3	1:B:428:MET:HE1	1.54	0.88
1:B:242:LEU:HD21	1:B:336:ILE:CG2	2.03	0.88
1:A:436:TYR:CZ	1:A:438:GLN:OE1	2.27	0.87
1:B:241:PHE:CE1	2:D:3:BMA:C1	2.59	0.85
1:A:436:TYR:OH	1:A:438:GLN:OE1	1.97	0.81
1:B:241:PHE:HE1	2:D:3:BMA:H2	1.46	0.80
1:B:241:PHE:CE1	2:D:3:BMA:C2	2.65	0.79
1:A:248:LYS:HG3	1:A:428:MET:CE	2.12	0.78
1:B:297:ASN:HD21	2:D:1:NAG:C2	1.97	0.78
1:B:443:LEU:O	1:B:444:SER:OG	2.00	0.78
1:B:241:PHE:HE1	2:D:3:BMA:C2	1.95	0.77

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:274:LYS:HG2	1:A:324:SER:HB2	1.68	0.75
1:B:241:PHE:CE1	2:D:3:BMA:H2	2.22	0.74
1:B:242:LEU:HD21	1:B:336:ILE:HG21	1.68	0.73
1:B:285:HIS:N	4:B:602:HOH:O	2.17	0.72
1:B:242:LEU:CD2	1:B:336:ILE:CB	2.67	0.72
1:B:436:TYR:OH	1:B:438:GLN:OE1	2.05	0.72
1:B:242:LEU:CD2	1:B:336:ILE:CG2	2.70	0.69
4:B:601:HOH:O	2:D:6:GAL:O3	2.11	0.69
1:A:354:SER:OG	4:A:601:HOH:O	2.08	0.69
1:B:242:LEU:HD22	1:B:336:ILE:CB	2.12	0.68
1:B:261:CYS:SG	1:B:275:PHE:HE2	2.19	0.66
1:B:297:ASN:CG	2:D:1:NAG:C1	2.68	0.66
1:A:342:GLN:OE1	4:A:602:HOH:O	2.14	0.66
1:A:268:HIS:CE1	1:A:294:GLU:OE1	2.48	0.66
1:A:322:LYS:HE3	1:A:333:GLU:OE1	1.95	0.66
1:B:252:MET:HE3	1:B:428:MET:HE3	1.76	0.65
1:B:266:VAL:HG11	1:B:300:TYR:HB2	1.74	0.64
1:A:358:LEU:O	1:A:414:LYS:NZ	2.30	0.63
1:A:433:HIS:O	1:A:434:ASN:HB2	1.98	0.63
1:A:351:LEU:HB2	1:A:366:THR:HB	1.81	0.63
1:B:295:GLN:HB2	1:B:299:THR:HG23	1.83	0.61
1:B:265:ASP:HA	1:B:299:THR:OG1	2.01	0.60
1:B:241:PHE:CE1	2:D:3:BMA:H3	2.36	0.60
1:A:409:LYS:NZ	1:B:399:ASP:OD2	2.33	0.60
1:B:295:GLN:HB2	1:B:299:THR:CG2	2.33	0.59
1:A:436:TYR:HH	1:A:438:GLN:CD	2.11	0.59
1:B:239:ASP:O	1:B:239:ASP:OD1	2.22	0.57
1:B:252:MET:CE	1:B:428:MET:HE3	2.35	0.57
1:B:280:ASP:OD2	1:B:317:LYS:HG2	2.05	0.57
1:B:241:PHE:HE1	2:D:3:BMA:H3	1.70	0.56
1:A:350:THR:HB	1:A:441:LEU:HD13	1.88	0.56
1:B:267:SER:HB2	1:B:269:GLU:OE1	2.07	0.55
1:B:241:PHE:HE1	2:D:3:BMA:C3	2.20	0.54
1:A:264:VAL:HG12	1:A:301:ARG:HG3	1.90	0.54
1:B:433:HIS:O	1:B:434:ASN:HB2	2.07	0.54
1:B:252:MET:CE	1:B:428:MET:CE	2.80	0.53
1:A:257:PRO:HG2	1:A:308:VAL:O	2.09	0.53
1:A:242:LEU:CD2	1:A:336:ILE:HB	2.38	0.53
1:B:240:VAL:HG12	1:B:241:PHE:N	2.22	0.53
1:A:360:LYS:O	1:A:414:LYS:CE	2.41	0.52
1:B:242:LEU:HD21	1:B:336:ILE:HG22	1.91	0.52

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:248:LYS:CG	1:B:428:MET:HE1	2.40	0.51
1:B:261:CYS:SG	1:B:275:PHE:CE2	3.03	0.51
1:B:262:VAL:HG22	1:B:303:VAL:HG22	1.92	0.51
1:A:358:LEU:O	1:A:414:LYS:CE	2.59	0.51
1:B:241:PHE:CE1	2:D:3:BMA:C3	2.94	0.51
1:B:406:LEU:HD12	1:B:406:LEU:C	2.36	0.51
1:B:430:GLU:OE1	4:B:603:HOH:O	2.19	0.51
1:A:242:LEU:HD23	1:A:336:ILE:HB	1.94	0.50
3:B:509:FUC:C1	2:D:1:NAG:HO6	2.14	0.50
1:A:422:VAL:HG22	1:A:442:SER:HB3	1.93	0.50
1:B:248:LYS:HG3	1:B:428:MET:HE1	1.94	0.49
1:A:436:TYR:OH	1:A:438:GLN:CD	2.56	0.49
1:B:241:PHE:HZ	2:D:2:NAG:O6	1.79	0.49
1:B:248:LYS:HG3	1:B:428:MET:CE	2.43	0.48
1:A:357:GLU:HG3	1:B:349:TYR:CZ	2.48	0.48
1:A:264:VAL:HG11	2:C:2:NAG:H2	1.95	0.48
1:B:272:GLU:O	1:B:325:ASN:ND2	2.47	0.48
3:B:509:FUC:C2	2:D:1:NAG:O6	2.58	0.47
1:B:350:THR:OG1	1:B:441:LEU:HD13	2.15	0.47
1:B:242:LEU:CD2	1:B:336:ILE:HG21	2.36	0.47
1:A:276:ASN:HB2	1:A:322:LYS:HB3	1.97	0.47
1:A:248:LYS:CG	1:A:428:MET:HE1	2.25	0.47
1:B:241:PHE:CZ	2:D:3:BMA:C1	2.97	0.46
1:A:401:ASP:OD1	1:A:403:SER:OG	2.17	0.46
1:A:353:PRO:HG3	1:A:365:LEU:HD23	1.97	0.46
1:B:341:GLY:O	1:B:343:PRO:HD3	2.15	0.46
1:B:240:VAL:CG1	1:B:241:PHE:N	2.79	0.46
1:B:436:TYR:C	1:B:436:TYR:CD1	2.93	0.46
1:A:268:HIS:NE2	1:A:294:GLU:OE1	2.49	0.46
1:A:383:SER:O	1:A:386:GLN:HB2	2.16	0.45
1:B:243:PHE:CZ	2:D:4:MAN:H2	2.52	0.45
1:B:268:HIS:O	1:B:271:PRO:HD3	2.17	0.45
1:A:438:GLN:O	1:A:439:LYS:HD3	2.16	0.45
1:B:266:VAL:CG1	1:B:300:TYR:CB	2.73	0.45
1:B:365:LEU:HG	1:B:441:LEU:HD23	2.00	0.44
1:A:246:LYS:HG2	2:C:6:GAL:O4	2.18	0.44
1:B:241:PHE:CZ	2:D:2:NAG:H4	2.52	0.44
1:B:297:ASN:OD1	1:B:299:THR:HG22	2.18	0.43
1:B:377:ILE:HD12	1:B:429:HIS:HD2	1.83	0.43
1:A:433:HIS:C	1:A:435:HIS:H	2.27	0.43
1:B:350:THR:HB	1:B:441:LEU:HD22	2.01	0.43

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:367:CYS:HB2	1:A:381:TRP:CZ2	2.54	0.43
1:B:267:SER:CB	1:B:269:GLU:OE1	2.66	0.42
1:B:335:THR:HG22	1:B:336:ILE:N	2.33	0.42
1:B:367:CYS:HB2	1:B:381:TRP:CZ2	2.53	0.42
1:B:266:VAL:HG13	1:B:266:VAL:O	2.20	0.42
1:B:351:LEU:HB2	1:B:366:THR:HB	2.02	0.42
1:A:326:LYS:C	1:A:328:LEU:H	2.27	0.42
1:B:346:PRO:HG2	1:B:432:LEU:HD21	2.02	0.42
1:B:297:ASN:OD1	1:B:299:THR:CG2	2.67	0.42
1:A:358:LEU:O	1:A:414:LYS:CD	2.68	0.42
1:B:424:SER:OG	1:B:438:GLN:CG	2.68	0.42
1:B:328:LEU:HA	1:B:329:PRO:HD2	1.84	0.42
1:B:359:THR:C	1:B:360:LYS:HG2	2.46	0.41
1:B:377:ILE:HG13	1:B:428:MET:O	2.18	0.41
1:A:319:TYR:O	1:A:335:THR:HA	2.21	0.41
1:A:281:GLY:N	4:A:603:HOH:O	2.32	0.41
1:B:377:ILE:HD12	1:B:429:HIS:CD2	2.55	0.41
1:A:346:PRO:HG3	1:A:372:PHE:CB	2.51	0.40

All (4) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:384:ASN:OD1	2:C:5:NAG:O3[3_1047]	1.92	0.28
1:A:315:ASN:OD1	1:B:344:ARG:NH2[1_455]	2.03	0.17
1:A:384:ASN:ND2	2:D:6:GAL:C6[3_1057]	2.03	0.17
1:A:274:LYS:NZ	1:A:294:GLU:OE2[4_497]	2.13	0.07

5.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	206/221 (93%)	204 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
1	B	206/221 (93%)	200 (97%)	6 (3%)	0	100	100
All	All	412/442 (93%)	404 (98%)	8 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	192/205 (94%)	185 (96%)	7 (4%)	31	52
1	B	187/205 (91%)	179 (96%)	8 (4%)	26	44
All	All	379/410 (92%)	364 (96%)	15 (4%)	28	47

All (15) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	269	GLU
1	A	322	LYS
1	A	360	LYS
1	A	386	GLN
1	A	425	CYS
1	A	438	GLN
1	A	443	LEU
1	B	253	ILE
1	B	264	VAL
1	B	294	GLU
1	B	365	LEU
1	B	368	LEU
1	B	383	SER
1	B	400	SER
1	B	426	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	276	ASN
1	B	276	ASN
1	B	297	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

16 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
2	NAG	C	1	1,2	14,14,15	0.61	0	17,19,21	0.86	1 (5%)
2	NAG	C	2	2	14,14,15	0.48	0	17,19,21	0.77	1 (5%)
2	BMA	C	3	2	11,11,12	0.62	0	15,15,17	0.46	0
2	MAN	C	4	2	11,11,12	0.59	0	15,15,17	0.57	0
2	NAG	C	5	2	14,14,15	0.52	0	17,19,21	0.79	1 (5%)
2	GAL	C	6	2	11,11,12	0.62	0	15,15,17	0.28	0
2	MAN	C	7	2	11,11,12	0.48	0	15,15,17	0.49	0
2	NAG	C	8	2	14,14,15	0.68	0	17,19,21	0.78	0
2	NAG	D	1	2	14,14,15	0.72	0	17,19,21	0.72	1 (5%)
2	NAG	D	2	2	14,14,15	0.62	0	17,19,21	0.69	0
2	BMA	D	3	2	11,11,12	0.53	0	15,15,17	0.99	1 (6%)
2	MAN	D	4	2	11,11,12	0.54	0	15,15,17	0.62	0
2	NAG	D	5	2	14,14,15	0.54	0	17,19,21	0.87	0
2	GAL	D	6	2	11,11,12	0.50	0	15,15,17	0.55	0
2	MAN	D	7	2	11,11,12	0.43	0	15,15,17	0.63	0
2	NAG	D	8	2	14,14,15	0.64	0	17,19,21	0.85	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	C	1	1,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	C	2	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	BMA	C	3	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	C	4	2	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	C	5	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	GAL	C	6	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	C	7	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	C	8	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	D	1	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	D	2	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	BMA	D	3	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	D	4	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	D	5	2	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	GAL	D	6	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	D	7	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	D	8	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	D	3	BMA	C1-C2-C3	2.77	113.68	109.64
2	C	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.69	119.30	122.90
2	C	5	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.46	119.60	122.90
2	D	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.29	119.83	122.90
2	C	2	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.03	120.18	122.90

There are no chirality outliers.

All (16) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	C	6	GAL	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	C	6	GAL	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	D	6	GAL	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	D	8	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	C	5	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

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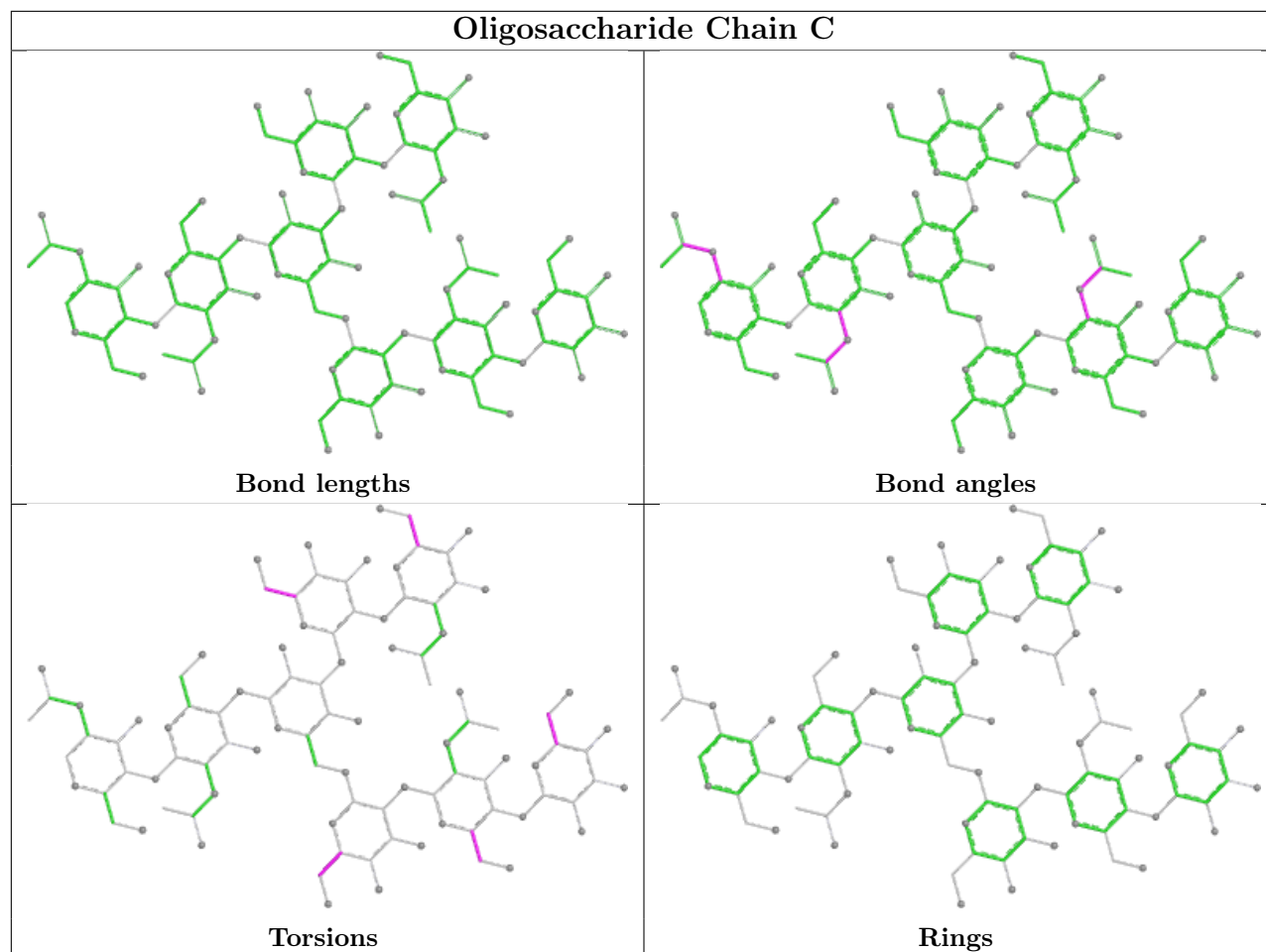
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	C	5	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	C	7	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	D	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	C	7	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	C	8	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	D	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	D	6	GAL	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	D	8	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	C	8	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	D	5	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
2	C	4	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6

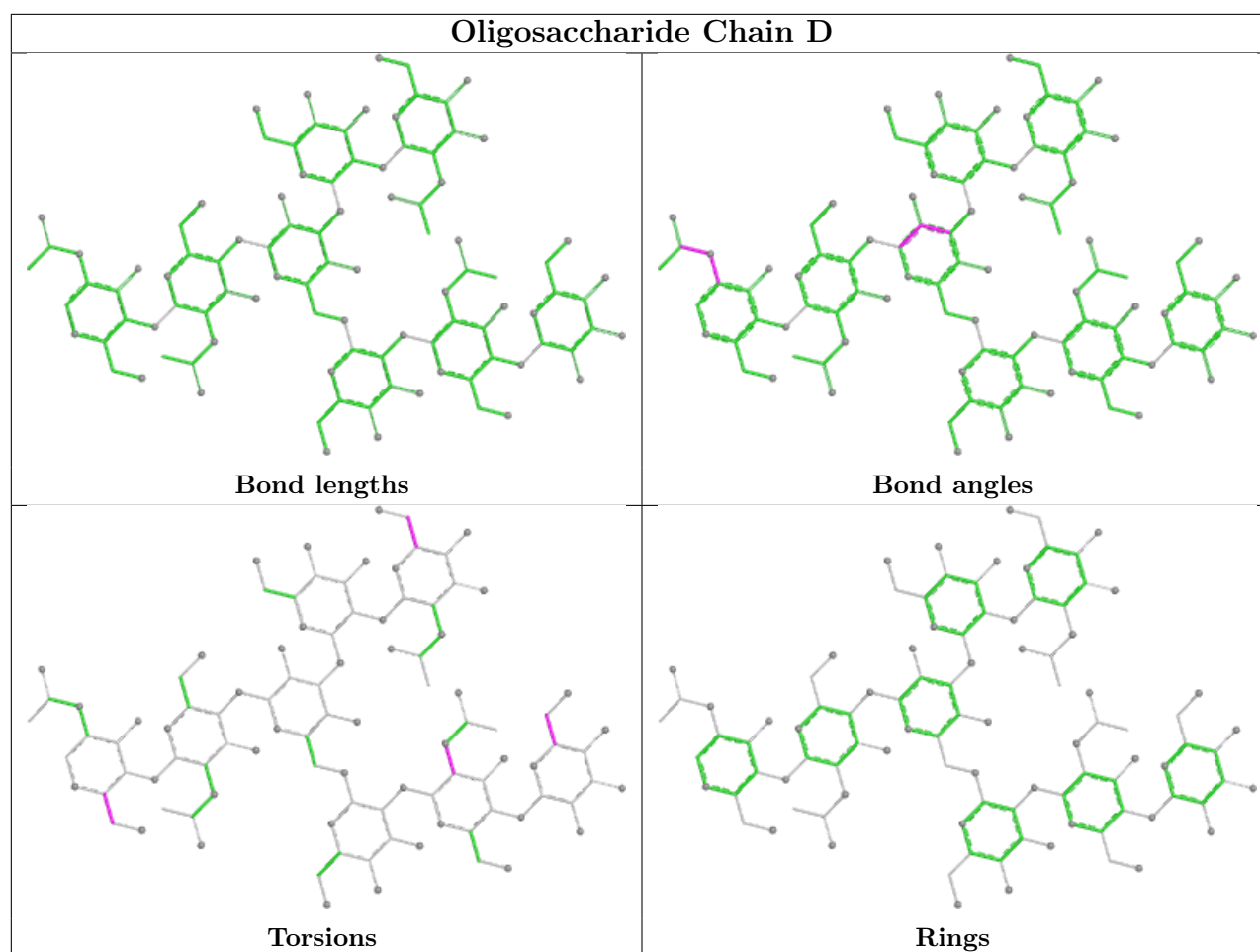
There are no ring outliers.

8 monomers are involved in 26 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	C	2	NAG	1	0
2	D	6	GAL	1	1
2	D	2	NAG	3	0
2	D	3	BMA	10	0
2	D	4	MAN	1	0
2	C	6	GAL	1	0
2	C	5	NAG	0	1
2	D	1	NAG	7	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
3	FUC	B	509	-	10,10,11	0.62	0	14,14,16	0.69	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	FUC	B	509	-	-	-	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	B	509	FUC	3	0

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	208/221 (94%)	0.55	7 (3%) 48 44	25, 48, 71, 87	0
1	B	208/221 (94%)	1.25	55 (26%) 1 1	25, 57, 115, 132	0
All	All	416/442 (94%)	0.90	62 (14%) 5 4	25, 50, 109, 132	0

All (62) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	239	ASP	5.5
1	B	296	TYR	5.3
1	B	271	PRO	5.2
1	B	261	CYS	5.0
1	A	237	GLY	4.8
1	B	264	VAL	4.6
1	B	262	VAL	4.6
1	B	266	VAL	4.3
1	B	329	PRO	4.2
1	B	327	ALA	4.1
1	B	300	TYR	4.1
1	B	323	VAL	4.0
1	B	240	VAL	4.0
1	B	238	PRO	3.9
1	B	275	PHE	3.9
1	B	291	PRO	3.8
1	B	302	VAL	3.8
1	B	292	ARG	3.7
1	B	277	TRP	3.6
1	B	303	VAL	3.6
1	B	263	VAL	3.5
1	B	237	GLY	3.5
1	B	273	VAL	3.3
1	B	321	CYS	3.3

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	242	LEU	3.1
1	B	328	LEU	3.0
1	B	330	LEU	3.0
1	B	287	ALA	2.9
1	B	324	SER	2.8
1	B	299	THR	2.8
1	B	331	PRO	2.8
1	B	268	HIS	2.8
1	B	283	GLU	2.8
1	B	285	HIS	2.8
1	B	270	ASP	2.8
1	B	241	PHE	2.8
1	B	282	VAL	2.8
1	B	444	SER	2.7
1	B	269	GLU	2.7
1	B	276	ASN	2.7
1	B	326	LYS	2.6
1	A	238	PRO	2.6
1	B	267	SER	2.6
1	B	254	SER	2.5
1	B	301	ARG	2.5
1	B	286	ASN	2.5
1	A	358	LEU	2.4
1	B	332	GLU	2.4
1	B	288	LYS	2.4
1	B	319	TYR	2.4
1	B	274	LYS	2.3
1	A	253	ILE	2.3
1	A	296	TYR	2.3
1	B	304	SER	2.3
1	B	290	LYS	2.3
1	B	297	ASN	2.2
1	A	269	GLU	2.2
1	B	259	VAL	2.1
1	B	284	VAL	2.1
1	A	347	GLN	2.1
1	B	298	SER	2.0
1	B	294	GLU	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates ⓘ

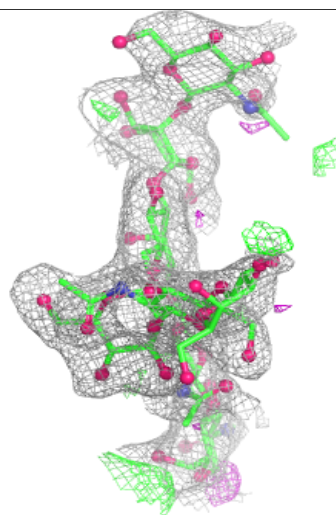
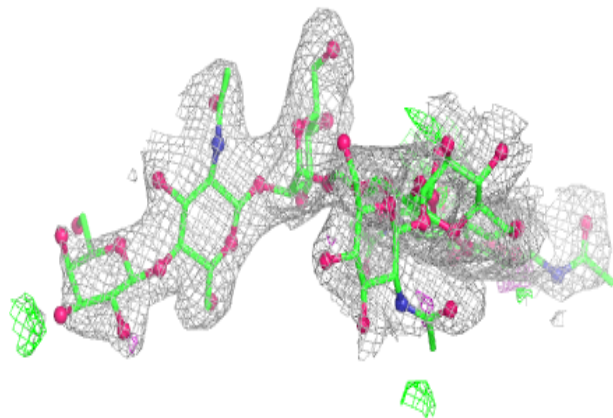
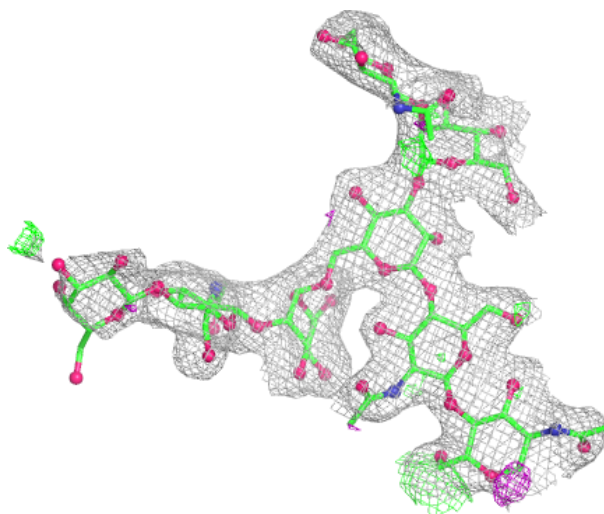
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q<0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

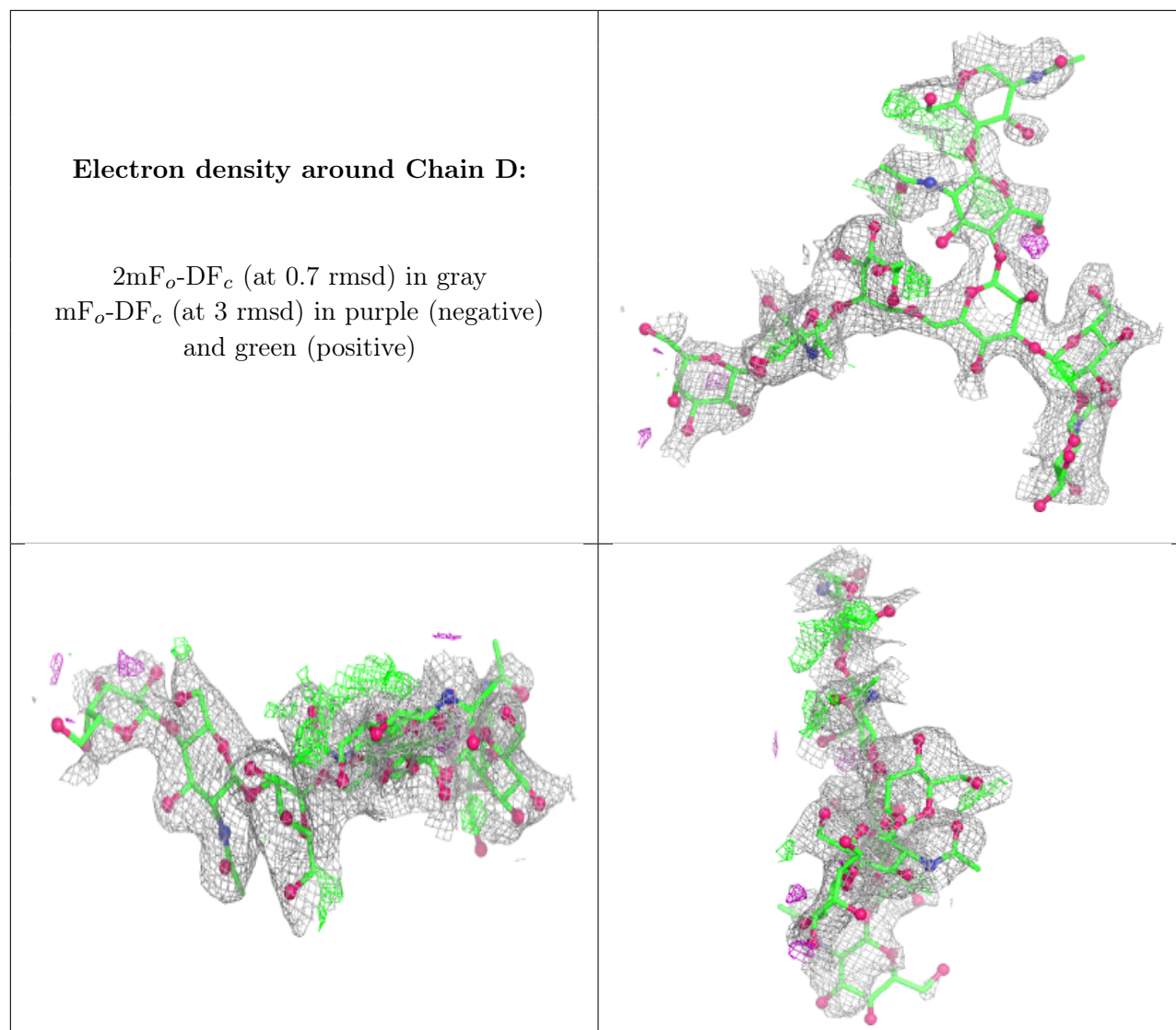
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
2	NAG	D	1	14/15	0.48	0.20	120,130,132,133	0
2	NAG	D	2	14/15	0.52	0.25	103,117,126,127	0
2	NAG	D	8	14/15	0.62	0.18	93,99,107,111	0
2	NAG	C	8	14/15	0.63	0.18	82,99,104,104	0
2	GAL	C	6	11/12	0.70	0.26	88,101,112,125	0
2	MAN	D	4	11/12	0.72	0.17	74,78,85,88	0
2	GAL	D	6	11/12	0.74	0.20	80,98,105,107	0
2	BMA	D	3	11/12	0.74	0.15	90,95,101,104	0
2	NAG	C	1	14/15	0.75	0.18	60,66,70,73	0
2	MAN	D	7	11/12	0.78	0.14	75,90,95,98	0
2	MAN	C	7	11/12	0.81	0.15	59,72,78,81	0
2	NAG	D	5	14/15	0.86	0.14	61,78,85,86	0
2	MAN	C	4	11/12	0.86	0.12	52,61,63,65	0
2	NAG	C	2	14/15	0.87	0.14	53,59,65,68	0
2	NAG	C	5	14/15	0.90	0.12	58,65,75,80	0
2	BMA	C	3	11/12	0.90	0.10	50,52,66,66	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around Chain C:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)





6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
3	FUC	B	509	10/11	0.27	0.22	99,103,108,109	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.