



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 8, 2026 – 09:30 AM UTC

PDB ID : 7D7V / pdb_00007d7v
Title : Crystal Structure of the Domain1 of NAD⁺ Riboswitch with nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide (NAD⁺) and U1A protein
Authors : Chen, H.; Ren, A.M.
Deposited on : 2020-10-06
Resolution : 2.80 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Buster-report	:	wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4	:	9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

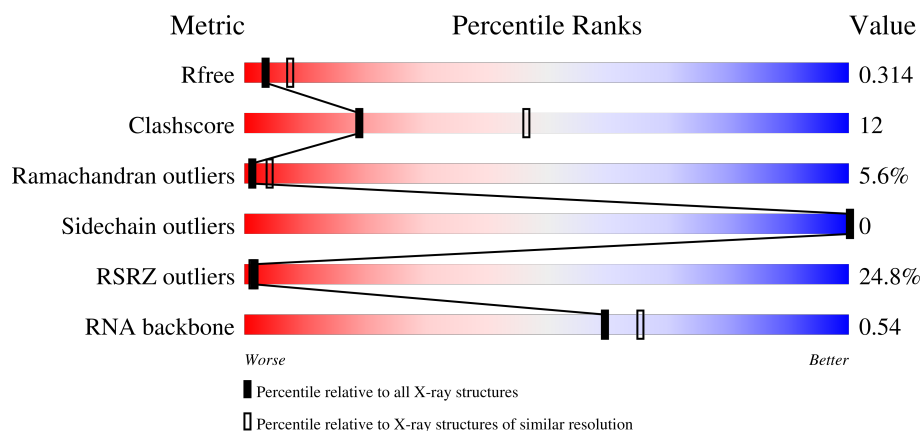
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	3866 (2.80-2.80)
Clashscore	190562	4276 (2.80-2.80)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	4196 (2.80-2.80)
Sidechain outliers	187428	4198 (2.80-2.80)
RSRZ outliers	180081	3869 (2.80-2.80)
RNA backbone	3983	1114 (3.00-2.60)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	57	2% 65% 25% 11%
2	C	92	39% 50% 47% .

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	MG	A	104	-	-	-	X
4	MG	A	105	-	-	-	X

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2081 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a RNA chain called 17delU1A (58-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	57	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0	0
			1210	539	215	399	57			

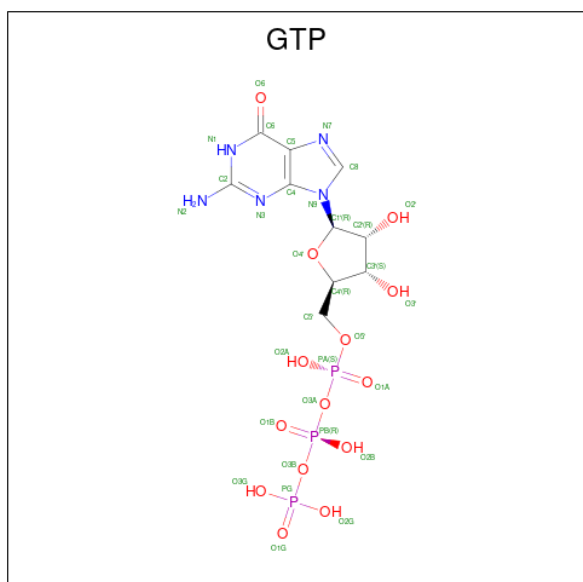
- Molecule 2 is a protein called U1 small nuclear ribonucleoprotein A.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	C	92	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			746	477	132	134	3			

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
C	128	HIS	TYR	engineered mutation	UNP P09012
C	133	ARG	GLN	engineered mutation	UNP P09012

- Molecule 3 is GUANOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (CCD ID: GTP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{14}P_3$).

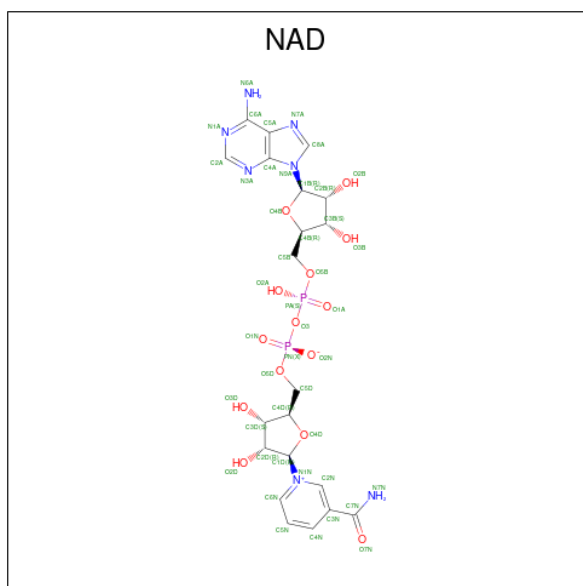


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			32	10	5	14	3		

- Molecule 4 is MAGNESIUM ION (CCD ID: MG) (formula: Mg) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	8	Total	Mg	0	0
			8	8		

- Molecule 5 is NICOTINAMIDE-ADENINE-DINUCLEOTIDE (CCD ID: NAD) (formula: C₂₁H₂₇N₇O₁₄P₂) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			44	21	7	14	2		

- Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	39	Total	O	0	0
			39	39		
6	C	2	Total	O	0	0
			2	2		

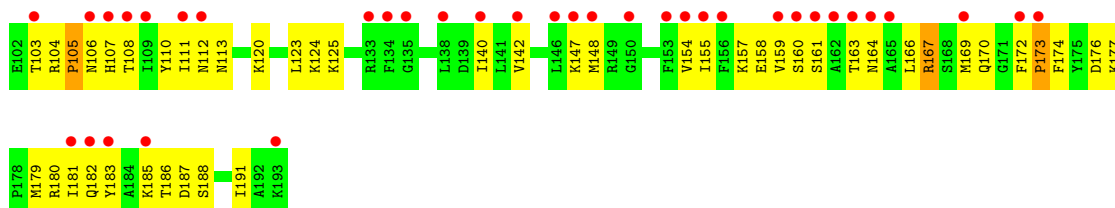
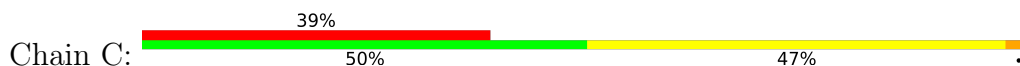
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: 17delU1A (58-MER)



- Molecule 2: U1 small nuclear ribonucleoprotein A



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 61 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	68.59Å 68.59Å 333.85Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	50.00 – 2.80 50.00 – 2.80	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.1 (50.00-2.80) 98.9 (50.00-2.80)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.08	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.44 (at 2.80Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX v1.14	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.250 , 0.308 0.253 , 0.314	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	605 reflections (4.86%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	70.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.608	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.28 , 37.2	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.48$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	2081	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	76.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.87% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GTP, MG, NAD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.14	0/1349	0.30	0/2100
2	C	0.20	0/759	0.46	0/1017
All	All	0.16	0/2108	0.36	0/3117

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
2	C	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	C	104	ARG	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1210	0	620	13	0
2	C	746	0	766	33	0
3	A	32	0	12	0	0
4	A	8	0	0	0	0
5	A	44	0	26	1	0
6	A	39	0	0	1	0
6	C	2	0	0	0	0
All	All	2081	0	1424	41	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

All (41) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:C:164:ASN:HA	2:C:167:ARG:HG3	1.63	0.79
2:C:157:LYS:HD3	2:C:158:GLU:HG2	1.74	0.68
2:C:158:GLU:N	2:C:161:SER:OG	2.24	0.67
2:C:111:ILE:HG21	2:C:179:MET:HE2	1.76	0.65
1:A:31:G:N7	2:C:112:ASN:ND2	2.38	0.65
2:C:105:PRO:HD2	2:C:183:TYR:HB2	1.82	0.60
2:C:108:THR:OG1	2:C:154:VAL:O	2.22	0.57
2:C:107:HIS:CE1	2:C:188:SER:H	2.22	0.57
1:A:33:A:H4'	2:C:148:MET:HE3	1.87	0.56
1:A:35:U:H2'	1:A:36:C:H5''	1.87	0.55
1:A:50:G:N7	6:A:201:HOH:O	2.33	0.55
2:C:147:LYS:H	2:C:147:LYS:HD2	1.72	0.54
2:C:159:VAL:HG13	2:C:160:SER:H	1.73	0.54
2:C:107:HIS:CE1	2:C:187:ASP:HA	2.45	0.52
2:C:108:THR:OG1	2:C:155:ILE:HA	2.11	0.51
2:C:187:ASP:HB2	2:C:191:ILE:HD11	1.93	0.50
1:A:32:C:N4	2:C:182:GLN:HG2	2.26	0.50
2:C:160:SER:HA	2:C:163:THR:HG23	1.93	0.49
2:C:166:LEU:HD13	2:C:181:ILE:HB	1.94	0.48
2:C:172:PHE:O	2:C:174:PHE:N	2.46	0.48
2:C:186:THR:OG1	2:C:187:ASP:N	2.48	0.47
1:A:14:C:H5''	1:A:15:G:OP2	2.15	0.47
2:C:140:ILE:HG13	2:C:154:VAL:HG22	1.97	0.46
2:C:169:MET:HB2	2:C:181:ILE:HD11	1.96	0.46
1:A:20:U:H2'	1:A:21:U:C6	2.50	0.46
1:A:32:C:H41	2:C:182:GLN:HG2	1.79	0.46
1:A:50:G:H2'	1:A:51:G:O4'	2.15	0.46

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:C:172:PHE:HD1	2:C:173:PRO:HD2	1.82	0.44
2:C:113:ASN:HD21	2:C:177:LYS:HE2	1.82	0.44
2:C:123:LEU:HD23	2:C:142:VAL:HG11	1.99	0.43
2:C:179:MET:O	2:C:180:ARG:HG3	2.18	0.43
2:C:159:VAL:HG13	2:C:160:SER:N	2.33	0.43
1:A:42:A:O2'	1:A:43:G:OP1	2.32	0.43
2:C:125:LYS:HE3	2:C:125:LYS:HB2	1.81	0.43
2:C:110:TYR:N	2:C:182:GLN:O	2.52	0.42
1:A:54:G:N3	5:A:110:NAD:H2A	2.34	0.42
2:C:103:THR:C	2:C:105:PRO:HD3	2.44	0.42
1:A:46:A:H2'	1:A:47:A:C8	2.55	0.41
2:C:120:LYS:HE3	2:C:124:LYS:HE3	2.03	0.41
1:A:32:C:N3	2:C:185:LYS:HG3	2.36	0.41
2:C:176:ASP:N	2:C:176:ASP:OD1	2.53	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
2	C	90/92 (98%)	72 (80%)	13 (14%)	5 (6%)	1 4

All (5) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	C	105	PRO
2	C	170	GLN
2	C	167	ARG
2	C	106	ASN
2	C	173	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
2	C	82/83 (99%)	82 (100%)	0	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Backbone Outliers	Pucker Outliers
1	A	56/57 (98%)	9 (16%)	1 (1%)

All (9) RNA backbone outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	10	U
1	A	11	C
1	A	14	C
1	A	32	C
1	A	35	U
1	A	36	C
1	A	38	G
1	A	43	G
1	A	58	C

All (1) RNA pucker outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	42	A

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 10 ligands modelled in this entry, 8 are monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	GTP	A	101	-	33,34,34	0.95	0	50,54,54	1.52	8 (16%)
5	NAD	A	110	4	46,48,48	1.18	5 (10%)	64,73,73	1.53	10 (15%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	GTP	A	101	-	-	0/22/38/38	0/3/3/3
5	NAD	A	110	4	-	11/30/62/62	0/5/5/5

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
5	A	110	NAD	C5A-C4A	4.68	1.47	1.39
5	A	110	NAD	C5A-C6A	2.76	1.48	1.41
5	A	110	NAD	C8A-N7A	2.33	1.36	1.31
5	A	110	NAD	C5A-N7A	-2.21	1.35	1.39
5	A	110	NAD	O4D-C1D	2.03	1.43	1.40

All (18) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	A	110	NAD	C5A-C4A-N3A	-5.87	118.64	126.72

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	A	101	GTP	C5-C4-N3	-4.62	121.03	128.39
3	A	101	GTP	C2-N3-C4	4.56	120.16	112.30
5	A	110	NAD	N3A-C4A-N9A	4.54	134.90	127.17
5	A	110	NAD	C4A-C5A-N7A	-3.68	106.37	110.58
5	A	110	NAD	C2A-N3A-C4A	3.67	120.80	111.83
5	A	110	NAD	N3A-C2A-N1A	-3.10	123.89	128.58
3	A	101	GTP	N9-C4-N3	2.91	131.76	125.95
3	A	101	GTP	N9-C8-N7	-2.70	108.40	113.40
5	A	110	NAD	C5A-N7A-C8A	2.65	107.62	103.45
3	A	101	GTP	C2-N1-C6	-2.63	120.34	125.11
5	A	110	NAD	C4A-N9A-C8A	2.63	108.50	105.74
3	A	101	GTP	C8-N7-C5	2.41	108.56	104.26
3	A	101	GTP	C5-C6-N1	2.40	119.36	113.25
3	A	101	GTP	O6-C6-C5	-2.39	120.23	126.53
5	A	110	NAD	C6A-C5A-N7A	2.16	136.25	132.09
5	A	110	NAD	C3B-C2B-C1B	2.06	105.36	101.46
5	A	110	NAD	N9A-C8A-N7A	-2.04	111.04	113.94

There are no chirality outliers.

All (11) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	110	NAD	C5B-O5B-PA-O2A
5	A	110	NAD	C5B-O5B-PA-O3
5	A	110	NAD	C5D-O5D-PN-O1N
5	A	110	NAD	O4D-C1D-N1N-C2N
5	A	110	NAD	O4D-C1D-N1N-C6N
5	A	110	NAD	C2N-C3N-C7N-O7N
5	A	110	NAD	C2N-C3N-C7N-N7N
5	A	110	NAD	C4N-C3N-C7N-O7N
5	A	110	NAD	C4N-C3N-C7N-N7N
5	A	110	NAD	O4D-C4D-C5D-O5D
5	A	110	NAD	C5B-O5B-PA-O1A

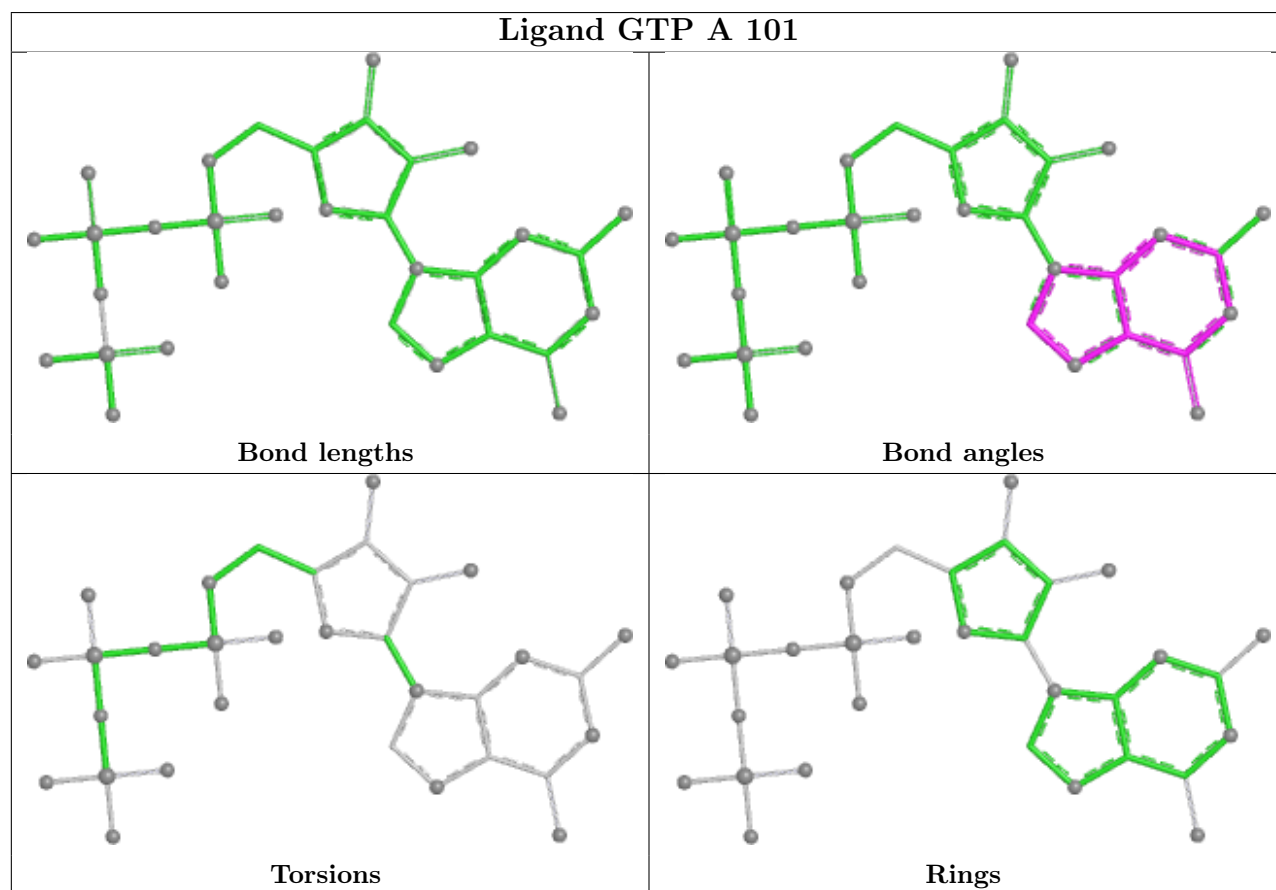
There are no ring outliers.

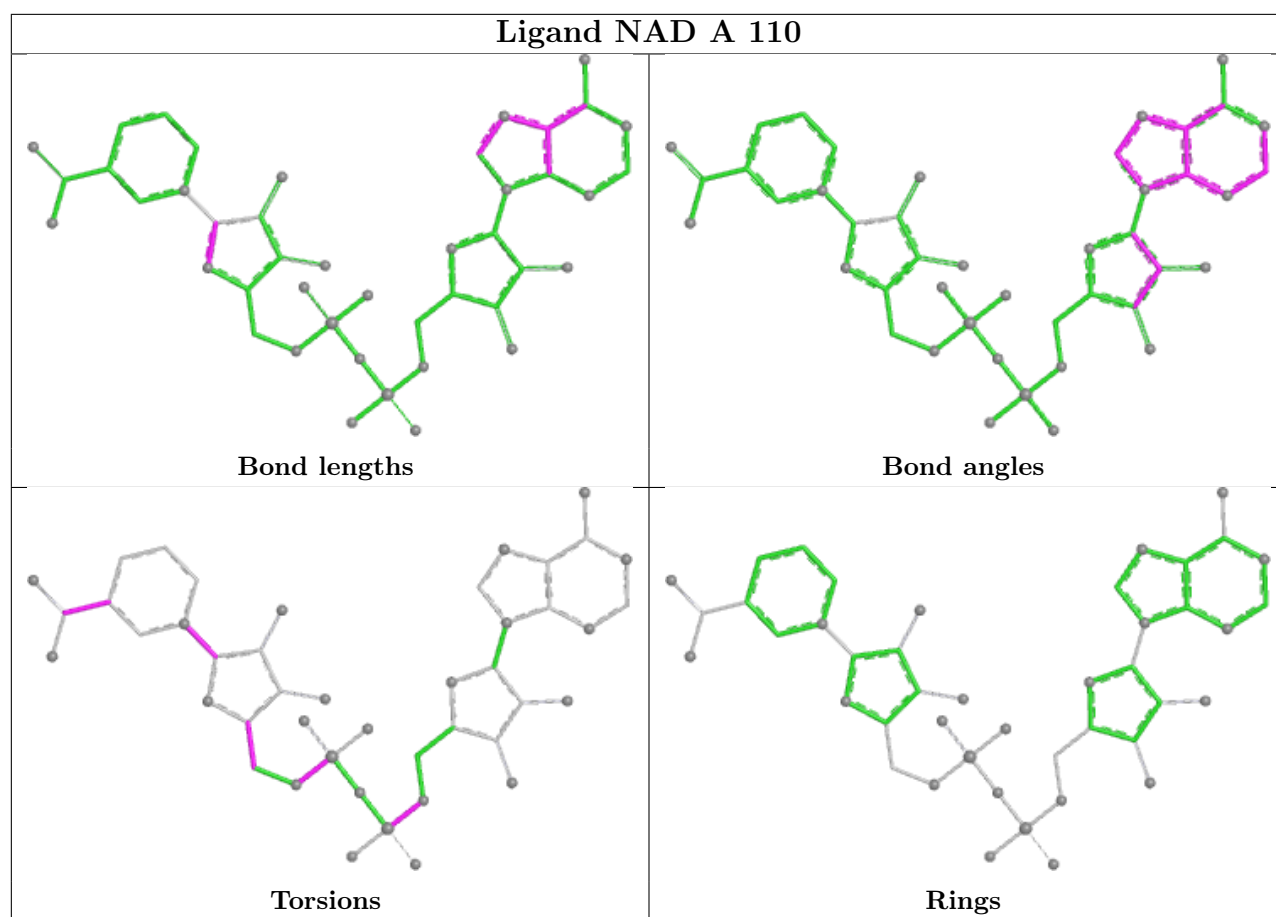
1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	110	NAD	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths,

bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	57/57 (100%)	0.27	1 (1%) 67 58	47, 57, 93, 104	0
2	C	92/92 (100%)	1.70	36 (39%) 1 0	59, 107, 130, 137	0
All	All	149/149 (100%)	1.15	37 (24%) 2 1	47, 89, 129, 137	0

All (37) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	C	162	ALA	4.9
2	C	159	VAL	4.6
2	C	107	HIS	4.6
2	C	161	SER	4.2
2	C	160	SER	4.0
2	C	134	PHE	3.5
2	C	183	TYR	3.5
2	C	112	ASN	3.5
2	C	103	THR	3.4
2	C	163	THR	3.3
2	C	155	ILE	3.1
2	C	148	MET	3.0
2	C	108	THR	2.9
2	C	140	ILE	2.9
2	C	165	ALA	2.9
1	A	35	U	2.8
2	C	106	ASN	2.7
2	C	156	PHE	2.6
2	C	164	ASN	2.6
2	C	154	VAL	2.6
2	C	133	ARG	2.6
2	C	173	PRO	2.5
2	C	153	PHE	2.5
2	C	135	GLY	2.4

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	C	109	ILE	2.4
2	C	147	LYS	2.3
2	C	150	GLY	2.2
2	C	181	ILE	2.2
2	C	182	GLN	2.1
2	C	111	ILE	2.1
2	C	142	VAL	2.1
2	C	146	LEU	2.1
2	C	169	MET	2.1
2	C	193	LYS	2.1
2	C	138	LEU	2.0
2	C	185	LYS	2.0
2	C	172	PHE	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

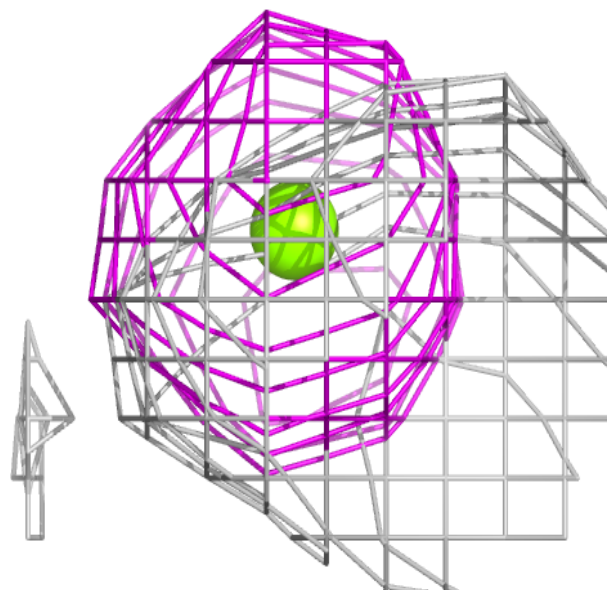
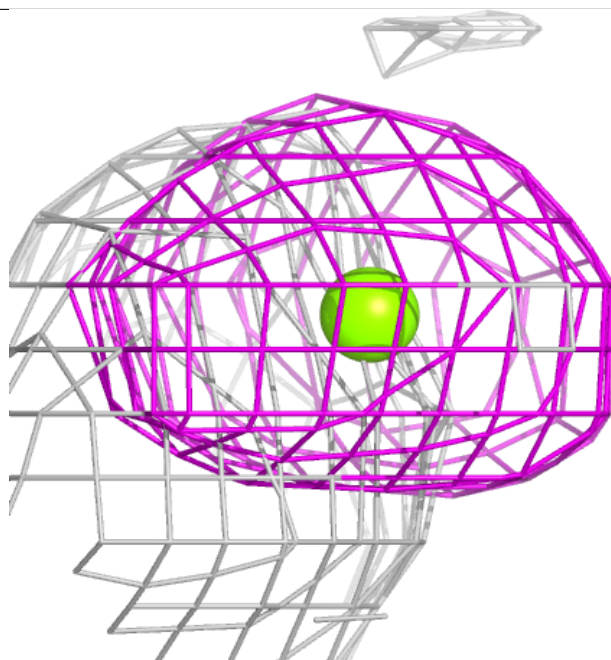
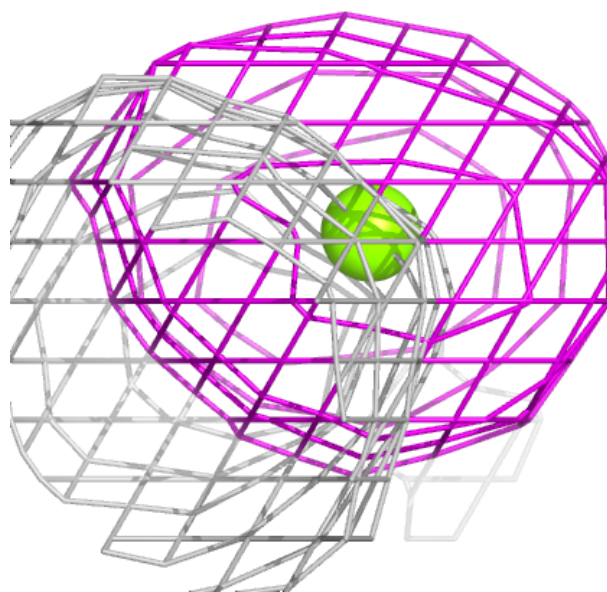
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
4	MG	A	104	1/1	0.61	0.52	51,51,51,51	0
4	MG	A	105	1/1	0.70	0.47	49,49,49,49	0
4	MG	A	102	1/1	0.75	0.39	50,50,50,50	0
4	MG	A	109	1/1	0.80	0.17	76,76,76,76	0
4	MG	A	103	1/1	0.84	0.28	50,50,50,50	0
3	GTP	A	101	32/32	0.86	0.14	54,61,98,113	0
5	NAD	A	110	44/44	0.89	0.16	51,65,108,110	0
4	MG	A	106	1/1	0.94	0.19	60,60,60,60	0
4	MG	A	107	1/1	0.99	0.05	58,58,58,58	0
4	MG	A	108	1/1	0.99	0.03	58,58,58,58	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

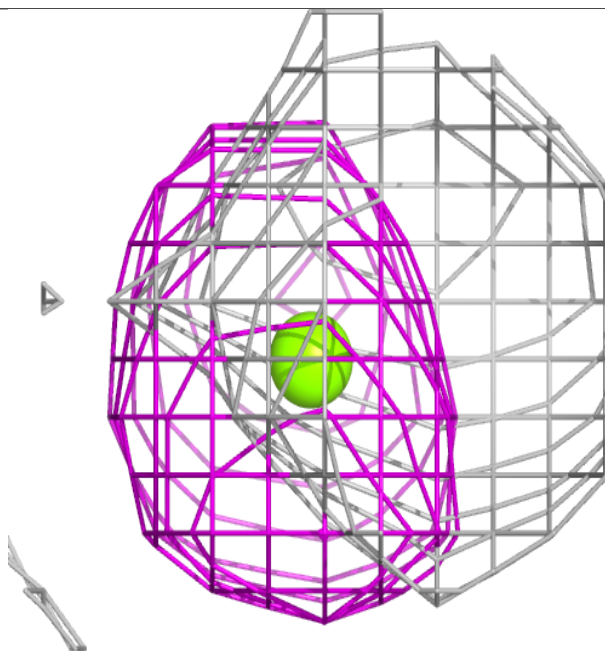
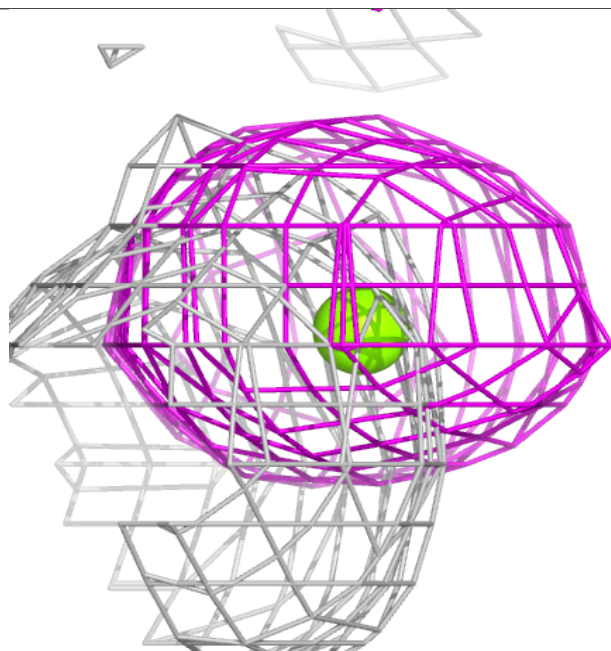
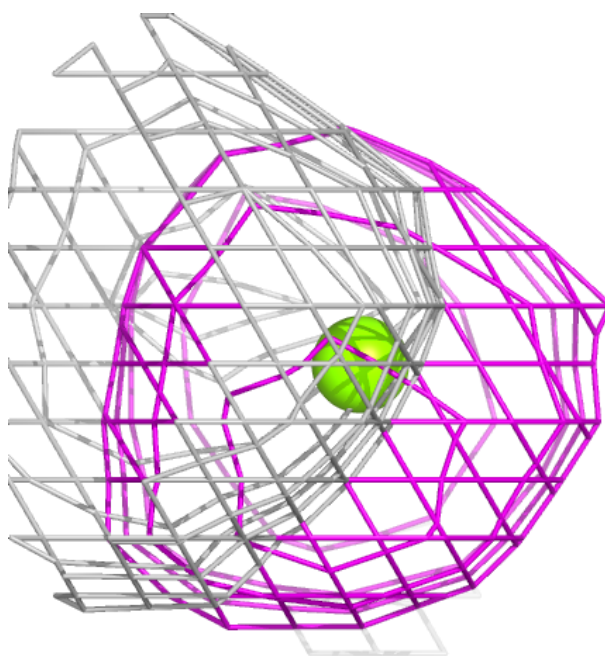
Electron density around MG A 104:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



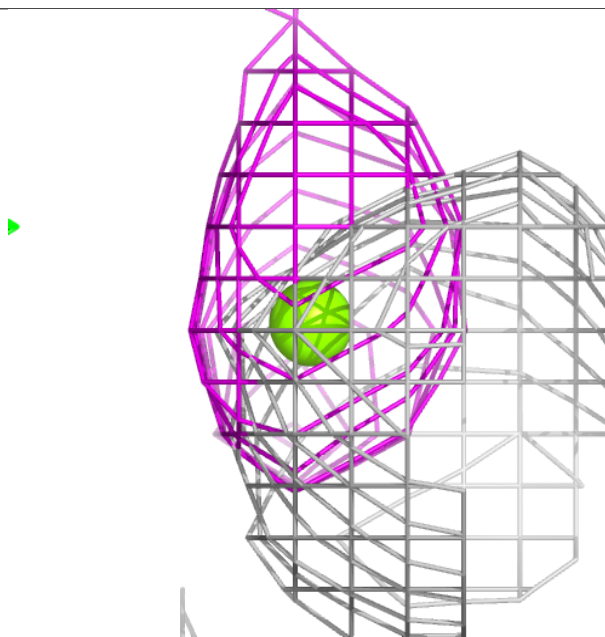
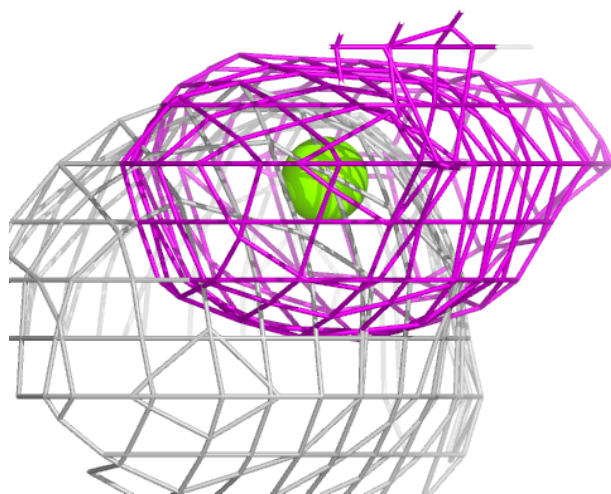
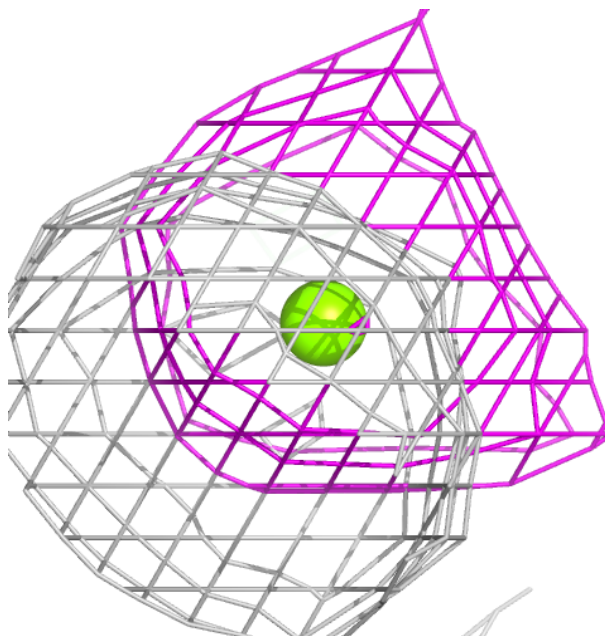
Electron density around MG A 105:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



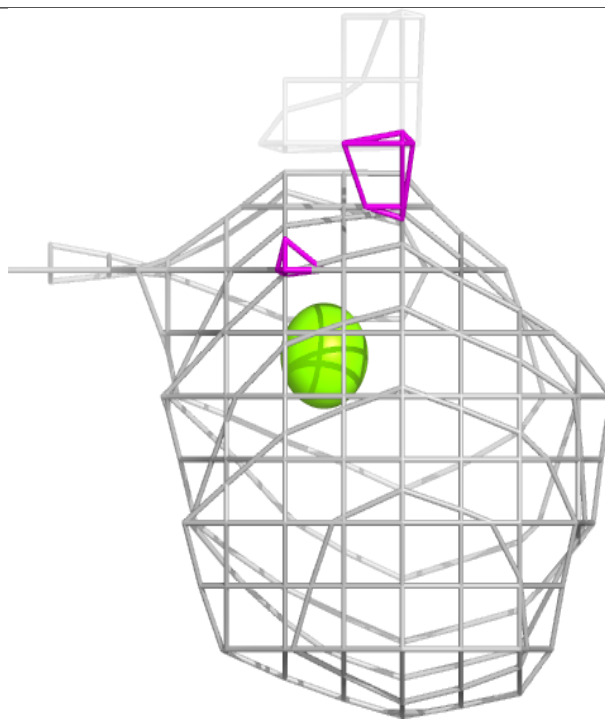
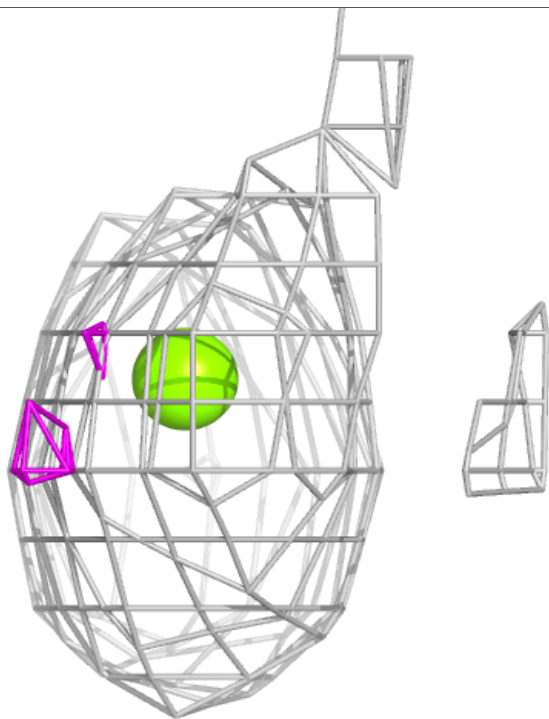
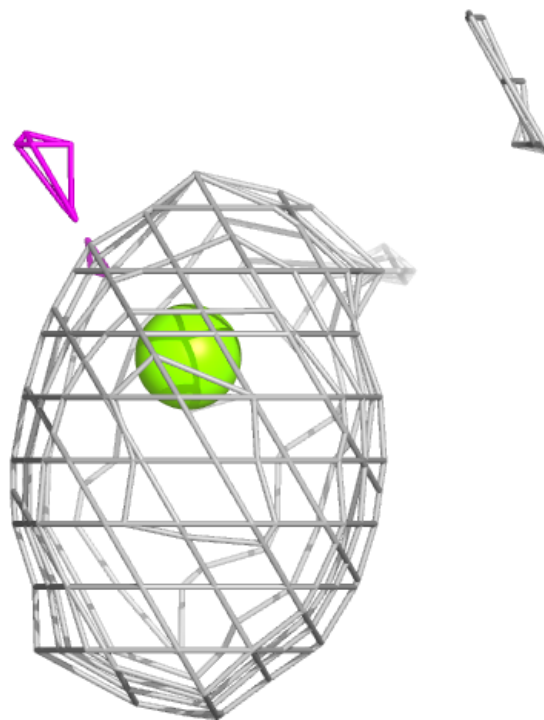
Electron density around MG A 102:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



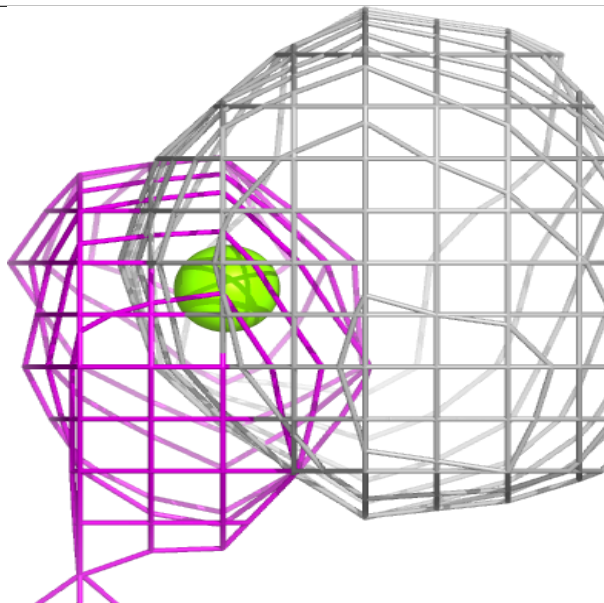
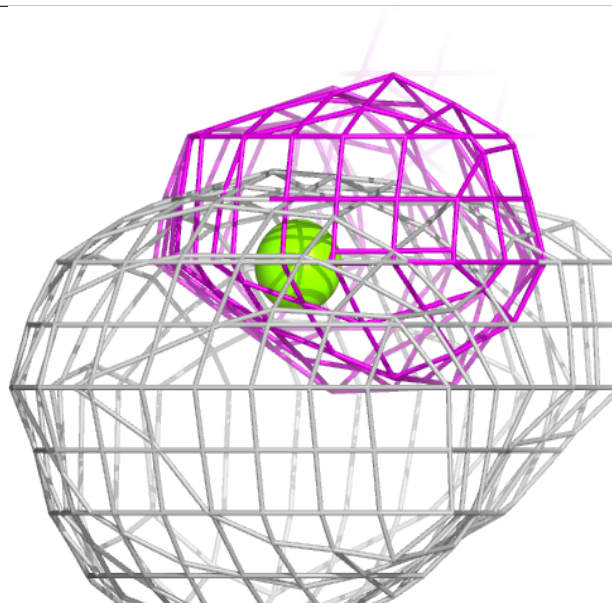
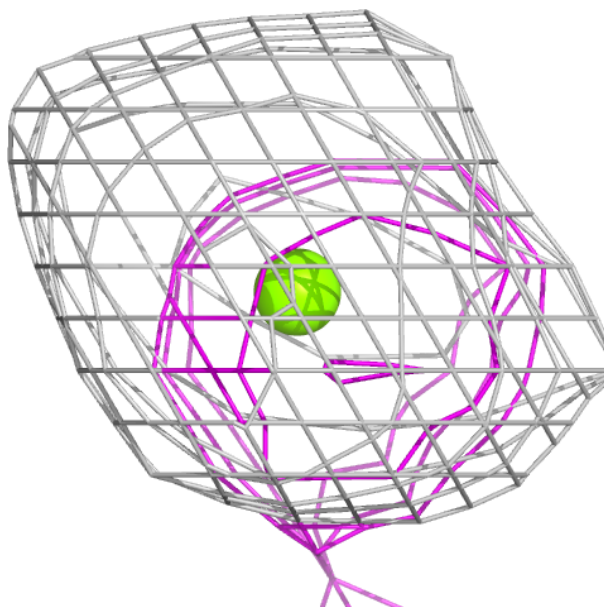
Electron density around MG A 109:

$2mF_o - DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 $mF_o - DF_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



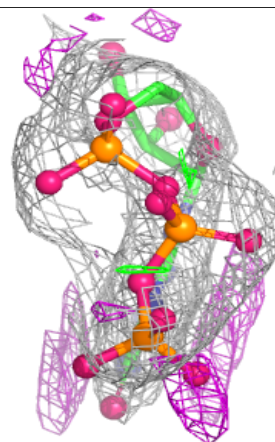
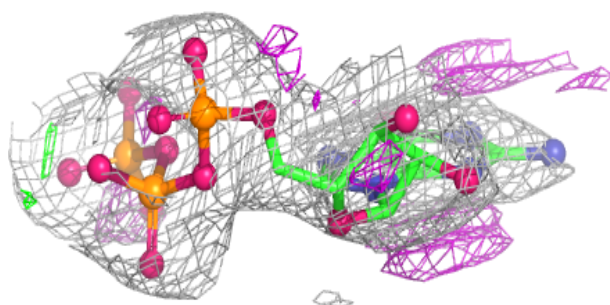
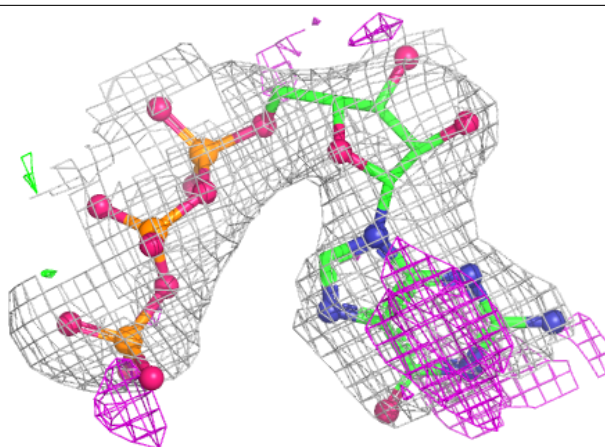
Electron density around MG A 103:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

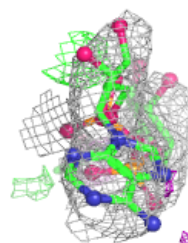
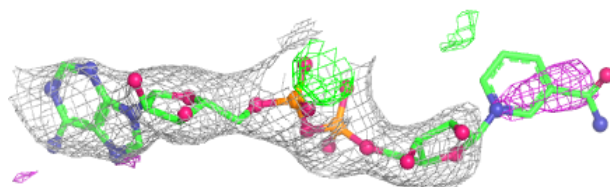
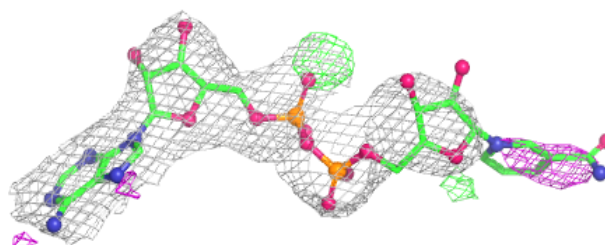


Electron density around GTP A 101:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

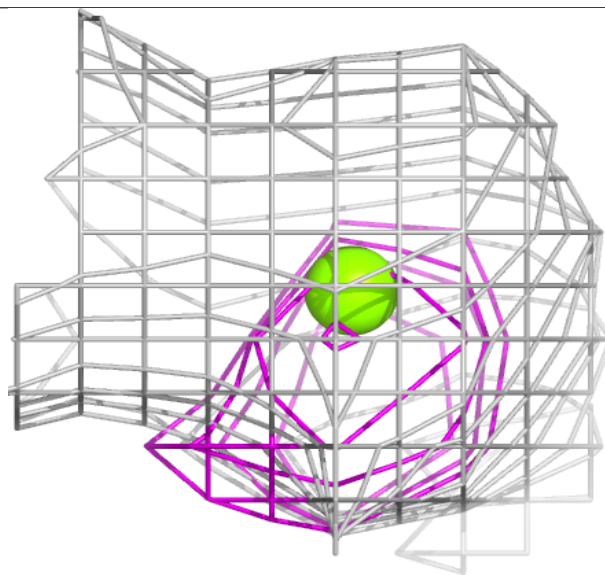
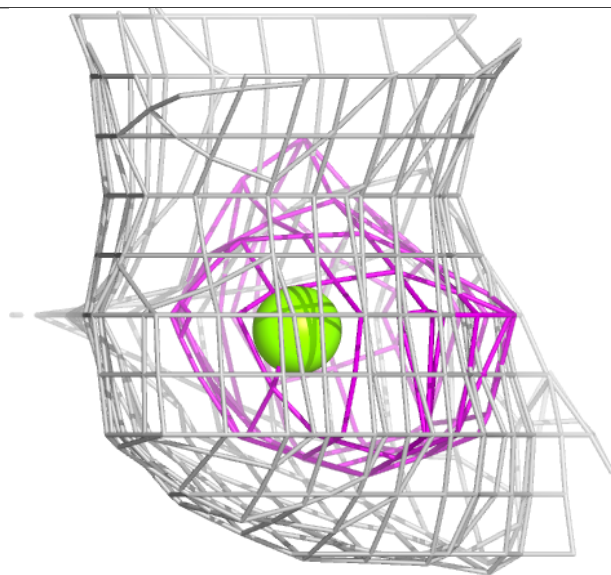
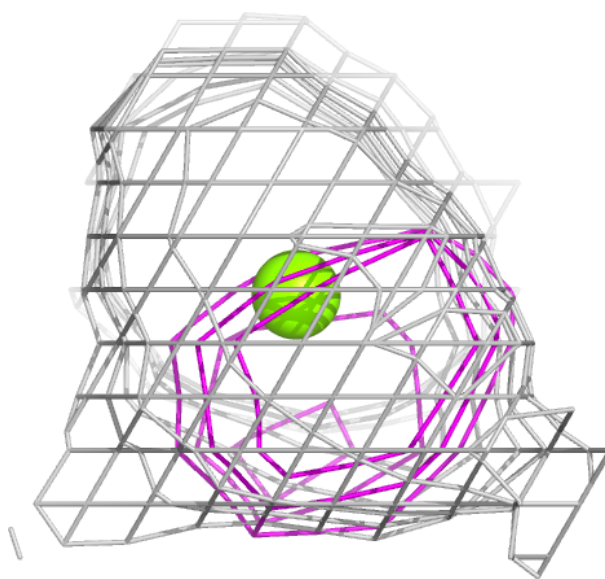
**Electron density around NAD A 110:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



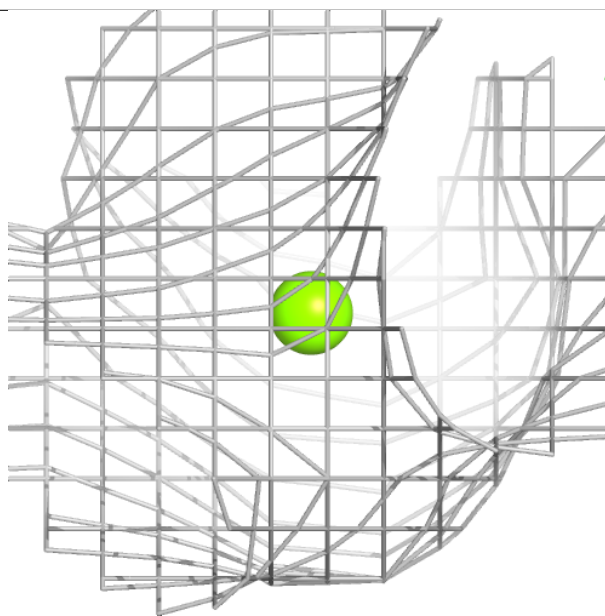
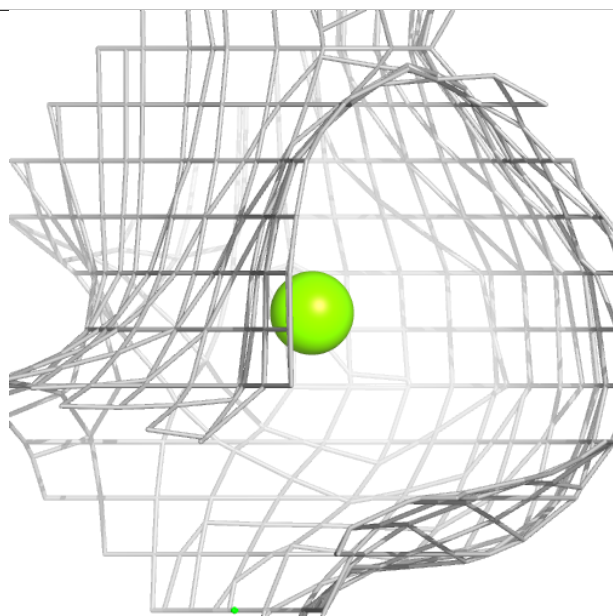
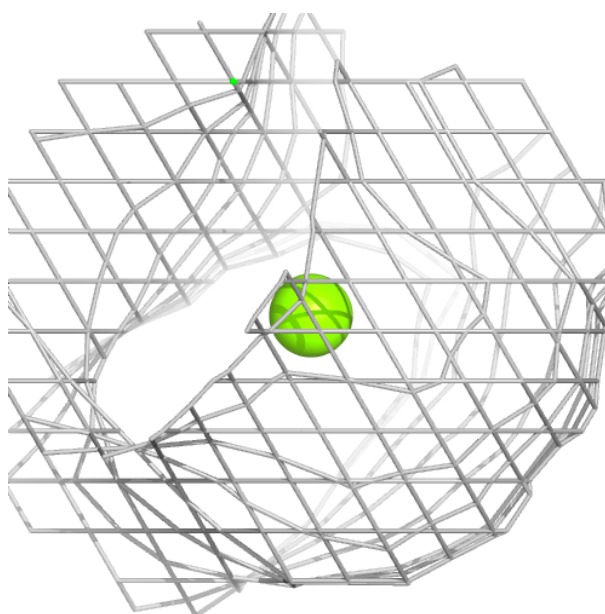
Electron density around MG A 106:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



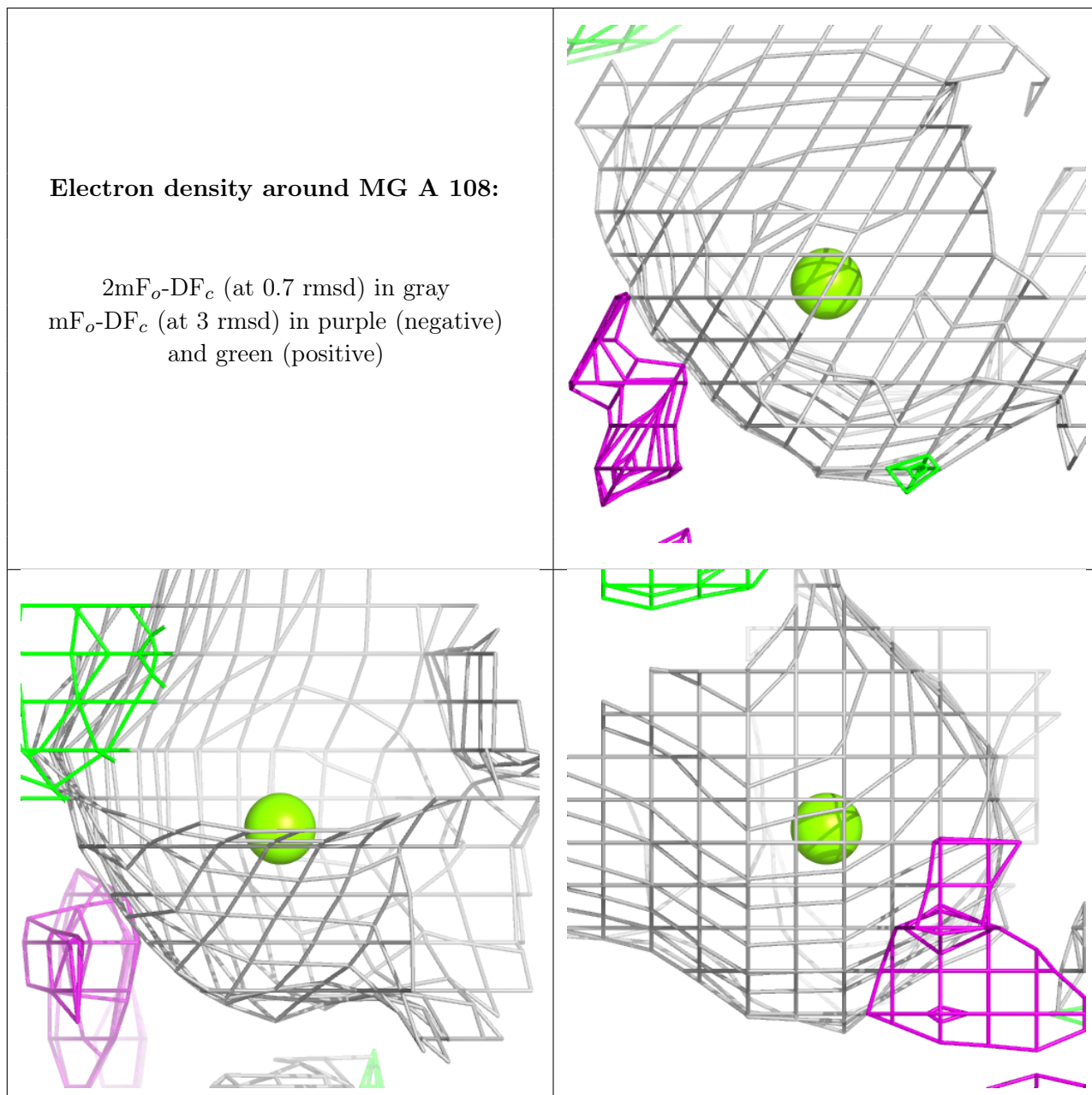
Electron density around MG A 107:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



Electron density around MG A 108:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.