



# wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 6, 2026 – 02:16 AM UTC

PDB ID : 7DAC / pdb\_00007dac  
BMRB ID : 36392  
Title : Human RIPK3 amyloid fibril revealed by solid-state NMR  
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with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0  
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)  
wwPDB-RCI : v\_1n\_11\_5\_13\_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)  
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)  
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

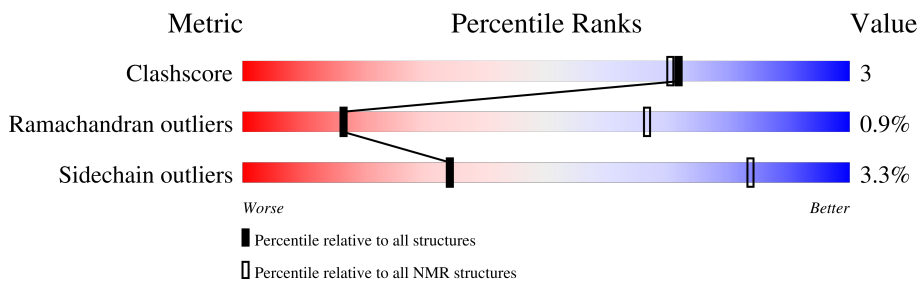
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*SOLID-STATE NMR*

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 7%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	229148	14424
Ramachandran outliers	224038	12848
Sidechain outliers	223484	12823

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	108	
1	B	108	
1	C	108	
1	D	108	
1	E	108	

## 2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 12 models. Model 1 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models).

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:1-A:29, B:1-B:29, C:1-C:29, D:1-D:29, E:1-E:29 (145)	1.04	1

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters and 1 single-model cluster was found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9
2	7, 11, 12
Single-model clusters	10

### 3 Entry composition [i](#)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 2210 atoms, of which 1095 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Receptor-interacting serine/threonine-protein kinase 3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
			Total	C	H	N	O		S
1	A	29	442	138	219	39	44	2	0
1	B	29	442	138	219	39	44	2	0
1	C	29	442	138	219	39	44	2	0
1	D	29	442	138	219	39	44	2	0
1	E	29	442	138	219	39	44	2	0

There are 35 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-35	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP Q9Y572
A	-34	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9Y572
A	-33	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9Y572
A	-32	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9Y572
A	-31	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9Y572
A	-30	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9Y572
A	-29	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9Y572
B	-35	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP Q9Y572
B	-34	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9Y572
B	-33	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9Y572
B	-32	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9Y572
B	-31	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9Y572
B	-30	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9Y572
B	-29	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9Y572
C	-35	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP Q9Y572
C	-34	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9Y572
C	-33	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9Y572
C	-32	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9Y572
C	-31	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9Y572
C	-30	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9Y572
C	-29	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9Y572
D	-35	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP Q9Y572
D	-34	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9Y572

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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
D	-33	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9Y572
D	-32	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9Y572
D	-31	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9Y572
D	-30	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9Y572
D	-29	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9Y572
E	-35	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP Q9Y572
E	-34	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9Y572
E	-33	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9Y572
E	-32	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9Y572
E	-31	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9Y572
E	-30	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9Y572
E	-29	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9Y572

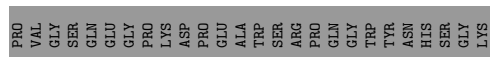
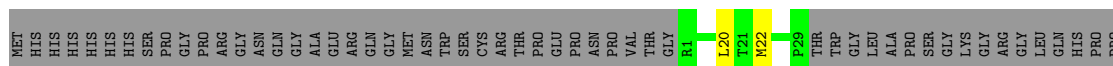
## 4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

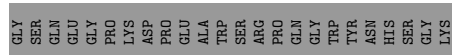
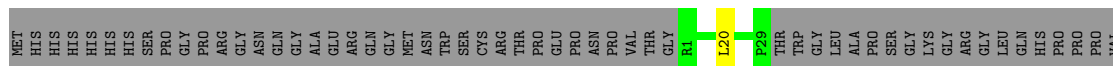
- Molecule 1: Receptor-interacting serine/threonine-protein kinase 3

Chain A:  25% . 73%



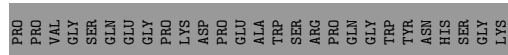
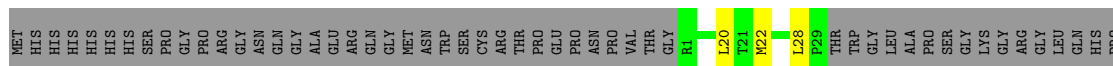
- Molecule 1: Receptor-interacting serine/threonine-protein kinase 3

Chain B:  26% . 73%



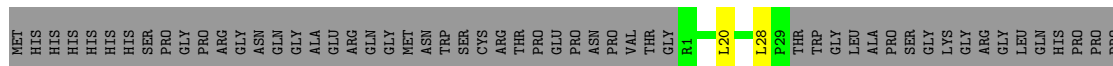
- Molecule 1: Receptor-interacting serine/threonine-protein kinase 3

Chain C:  24% . 73%



- Molecule 1: Receptor-interacting serine/threonine-protein kinase 3

Chain D:  25% . 73%





Chain D: 25% 73%

MET HIS HIS HIS HIS HIS HIS SER PRO PRO PRO ARG ARG ASN ASN GLN GLY ALA ALA ARG ARG GLN GLY R1 L20 T21 M22 P23 THR TRP TRP GLY LEU LEU ALA ALA PRO SER SER GLY LYS GLY ARG ARG GLY LEU LEU GLN HIS PRO PRO

PRO VAL GLY SER SER GLN GLY PRO PRO LYS ASP PRO PRO ARG ALA TRP SER SER PRO ALA TRP TYR ASN HIS SER SER GLY LYS

- Molecule 1: Receptor-interacting serine/threonine-protein kinase 3

Chain E: 27% 73%

MET HIS HIS HIS HIS HIS HIS SER PRO PRO PRO ARG ARG ASN ASN GLN GLY ALA ALA ARG ARG GLN GLY R1 P23 THR TRP GLY LEU LEU ALA ALA PRO SER SER GLY LYS GLY ARG GLY LEU LEU GLN HIS HIS PRO PRO PRO VAL GLY SER

GLN GLU PRO LYS ASP PRO GLU ALA TRP SER ARG PRO GLN GLY TRP TYR ASN HIS SER GLY LYS

## 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 96 calculated structures, 12 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CNS	refinement	
X-PLOR NIH	structure calculation	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	139
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	139
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	7%

Note: This is a solid-state NMR structure, where hydrogen atoms are typically not assigned a chemical shift value, which may lead to lower completeness of assignment measure.

## 6 Model quality [i](#)

### 6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	1.23±0.04	0±0/226 ( 0.0± 0.1%)	1.09±0.04	0±0/309 ( 0.1± 0.2%)
1	B	1.20±0.03	0±0/226 ( 0.0± 0.0%)	1.07±0.04	0±1/309 ( 0.1± 0.2%)
1	C	1.21±0.03	0±0/226 ( 0.0± 0.0%)	1.08±0.04	0±1/309 ( 0.1± 0.2%)
1	D	1.19±0.02	0±0/226 ( 0.0± 0.0%)	1.05±0.03	0±0/309 ( 0.0± 0.1%)
1	E	1.19±0.02	0±0/226 ( 0.0± 0.0%)	1.04±0.03	0±0/309 ( 0.0± 0.1%)
All	All	1.20	1/13560 ( 0.0%)	1.07	15/18540 ( 0.1%)

All unique bond outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	7	TYR	CA-C	-5.67	1.50	1.53	3	1

5 of 8 unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	7	TYR	CB-CA-C	-5.69	108.87	117.07	9	5
1	C	7	TYR	CB-CA-C	-5.56	109.07	117.07	8	2
1	B	7	TYR	CB-CA-C	-5.49	109.17	117.07	9	3
1	B	7	TYR	CA-C-O	5.24	120.98	117.94	5	1
1	C	9	CYS	N-CA-C	-5.23	107.56	114.04	7	1

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen

atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	223	219	221	1±1
1	B	223	219	221	3±2
1	C	223	219	221	2±2
1	D	223	219	221	2±2
1	E	223	219	221	1±1
All	All	13380	13140	13260	91

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

5 of 72 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:C:27:ALA:HB1	1:D:28:LEU:HD13	0.88	1.46	4	1
1:B:27:ALA:HB1	1:C:28:LEU:HD13	0.88	1.44	4	1
1:A:20:LEU:HD21	1:A:22:MET:HE3	0.82	1.48	5	3
1:B:20:LEU:HD21	1:B:22:MET:HE3	0.79	1.53	5	4
1:D:3:LEU:HD23	1:D:4:VAL:H	0.77	1.38	8	1

## 6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	27/108 (25%)	25±1 (93±5%)	2±1 (6±4%)	0±0 (1±1%)	23	72
1	B	27/108 (25%)	24±1 (90±5%)	2±1 (9±4%)	0±0 (1±2%)	16	66
1	C	27/108 (25%)	25±1 (93±4%)	2±1 (6±5%)	0±1 (1±2%)	16	66
1	D	27/108 (25%)	25±1 (92±3%)	2±1 (6±3%)	0±1 (2±3%)	11	57
1	E	27/108 (25%)	25±1 (93±3%)	2±1 (7±2%)	0±0 (0±1%)	37	78
All	All	1620/6480 (25%)	1494 (92%)	112 (7%)	14 (1%)	16	66

5 of 13 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	D	3	LEU	2
1	A	18	ASN	1
1	B	2	PRO	1
1	D	2	PRO	1
1	B	18	ASN	1

### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	26/89 (29%)	25±0 (98±2%)	1±0 (2±2%)	45	90
1	B	26/89 (29%)	25±1 (96±4%)	1±1 (4±4%)	28	78
1	C	26/89 (29%)	25±1 (96±4%)	1±1 (4±4%)	30	81
1	D	26/89 (29%)	25±1 (95±4%)	1±1 (5±4%)	24	75
1	E	26/89 (29%)	26±1 (98±2%)	0±1 (2±2%)	54	92
All	All	1560/5340 (29%)	1508 (97%)	52 (3%)	34	83

5 of 29 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	20	LEU	5
1	B	20	LEU	4
1	D	20	LEU	4
1	D	13	GLN	3
1	E	1	ARG	3

### 6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

## 6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 7% for the well-defined parts and 7% for the entire structure.

### 7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working\_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *human\_ripk3\_cs-nmrstar.txt*

#### 7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	139
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	139
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

#### 7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction $\pm$ precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	27	$-0.03 \pm 0.35$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	24	—	None (insufficient data)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	24	—	None (insufficient data)
$^{15}\text{N}$	25	$-0.41 \pm 1.64$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)

#### 7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 7%, i.e. 138 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1925. 0 out of 30 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^1\text{H}$	$^{13}\text{C}$	$^{15}\text{N}$
Backbone	75/715 (10%)	0/290 (0%)	51/290 (18%)	24/135 (18%)
Sidechain	63/1120 (6%)	0/730 (0%)	60/340 (18%)	3/50 (6%)

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	Total	<sup>1</sup> H	<sup>13</sup> C	<sup>15</sup> N
Aromatic	0/90 (0%)	0/40 (0%)	0/50 (0%)	0/0 (—%)
Overall	138/1925 (7%)	0/1060 (0%)	111/680 (16%)	27/185 (15%)

Note: This is a solid-state NMR structure, where hydrogen atoms are typically not assigned a chemical shift value, which may lead to lower completeness of assignment measure.

#### 7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

#### 7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

