



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 5, 2026 – 05:21 PM UTC

PDB ID : 4DDM / pdb_00004ddm
Title : Pantothenate synthetase in complex with 2,1,3-benzothiadiazole-5-carboxylic acid
Authors : Silvestre, H.L.
Deposited on : 2012-01-18
Resolution : 1.83 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 2.0
EDS : 3.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4 : 9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness : 1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

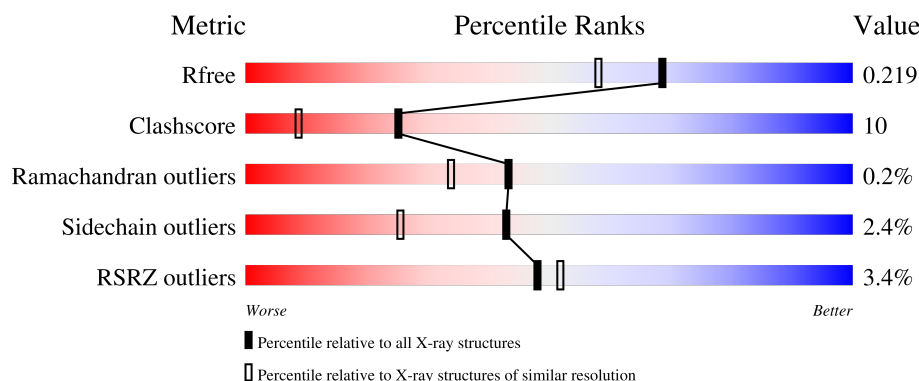
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.83 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	1296 (1.84-1.84)
Clashscore	190562	1329 (1.84-1.84)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	1318 (1.84-1.84)
Sidechain outliers	187428	1318 (1.84-1.84)
RSRZ outliers	180081	1296 (1.84-1.84)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	301	5% 82% 13% • •
1	B	301	2% 74% 16% • 9%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	EOH	A	403	-	-	X	-
3	EOH	B	403	-	-	X	-
4	OHO	A	406	-	-	X	-
4	OHO	B	401	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4805 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Pantothenate synthetase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	289	Total	C	N	O	S	0	7	0
			2167	1369	389	403	6			
1	B	275	Total	C	N	O	S	0	8	0
			2095	1325	381	383	6			

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

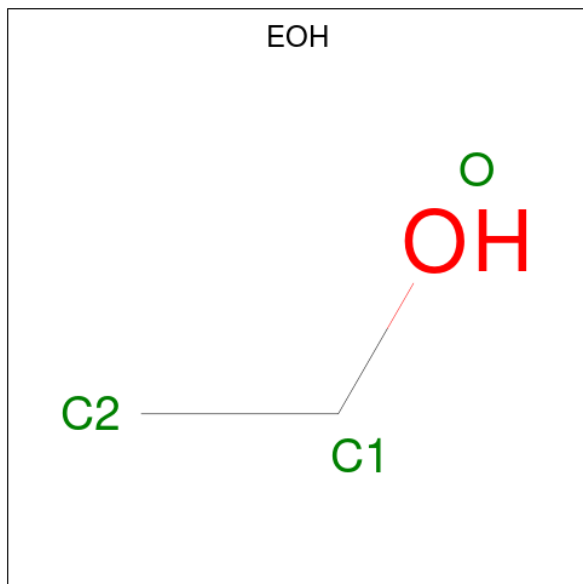
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	2	ALA	THR	engineered mutation	UNP P0A5R0
A	77	GLY	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP P0A5R0
B	2	ALA	THR	engineered mutation	UNP P0A5R0
B	77	GLY	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP P0A5R0

- Molecule 2 is GLYCEROL (CCD ID: GOL) (formula: $C_3H_8O_3$).



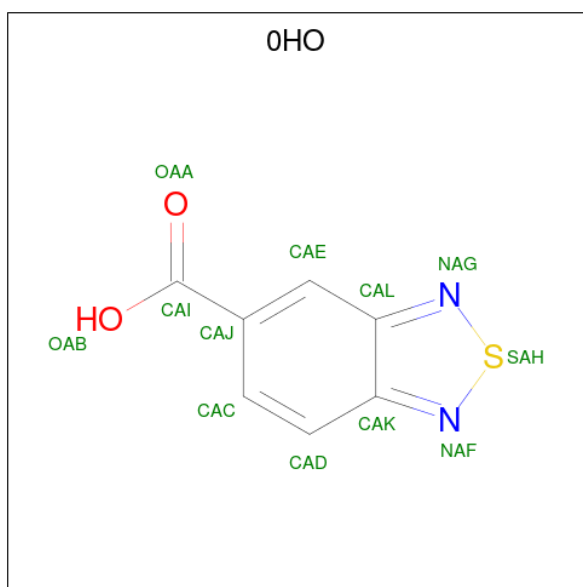
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		
2	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		
2	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		

- Molecule 3 is ETHANOL (CCD ID: EOH) (formula: C_2H_6O).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			3	2	1		
3	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			3	2	1		
3	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			3	2	1		

- Molecule 4 is 2,1,3-benzothiadiazole-5-carboxylic acid (CCD ID: 0HO) (formula: $C_7H_4N_2O_2S$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			12	7	2	2	1		
4	B	1	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			12	7	2	2	1		

- Molecule 5 is 1,2-ETHANEDIOL (CCD ID: EDO) (formula: $C_2H_6O_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			4	2	2		

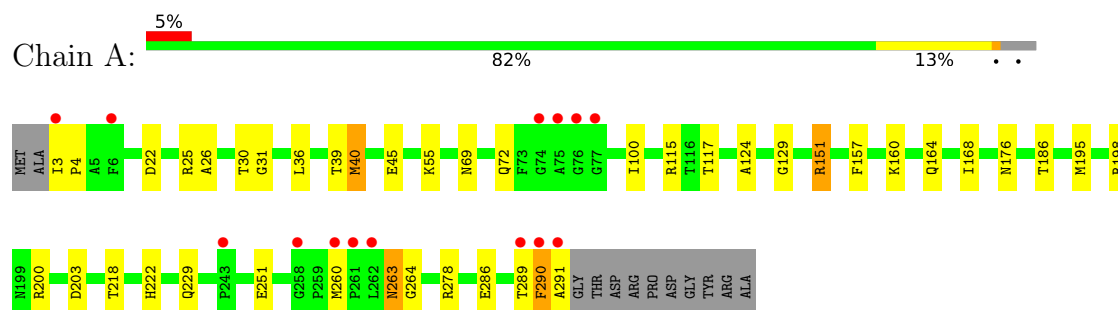
- Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	249	Total 249	O 249	0	0
6	B	239	Total 239	O 239	0	0

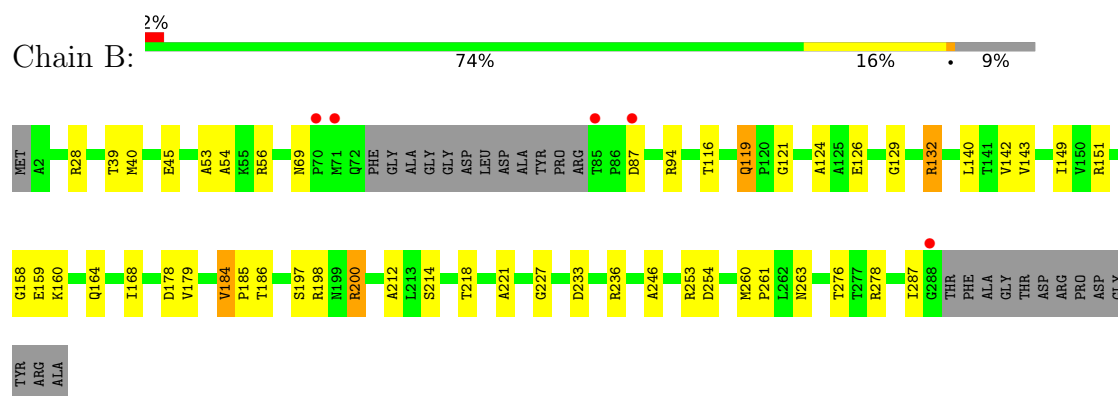
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Pantothenate synthetase



• Molecule 1: Pantothenate synthetase



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	48.45Å 71.04Å 81.97Å 90.00° 99.49° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	35.52 – 1.83 35.52 – 1.83	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.9 (35.52-1.83) 99.9 (35.52-1.83)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.07	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.07	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.34 (at 1.83Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.5.0102	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.164 , 0.221 0.163 , 0.219	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	2449 reflections (5.05%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	22.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.041	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.37 , 50.7	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	4805	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	25.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.56% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GOL, EDO, EOH, OHO

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	1.37	4/2206 (0.2%)	1.20	4/3014 (0.1%)
1	B	1.38	10/2135 (0.5%)	1.15	4/2914 (0.1%)
All	All	1.37	14/4341 (0.3%)	1.17	8/5928 (0.1%)

All (14) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	B	54	ALA	CA-CB	-6.54	1.42	1.53
1	B	221	ALA	CA-CB	5.92	1.62	1.53
1	A	100	ILE	CA-C	5.79	1.60	1.52
1	B	227	GLY	C-O	5.72	1.29	1.24
1	B	184	VAL	CA-CB	5.64	1.58	1.54
1	B	53	ALA	CA-CB	5.34	1.61	1.53
1	B	246	ALA	CA-CB	5.27	1.59	1.53
1	A	36	LEU	N-CA	5.25	1.52	1.46
1	B	179	VAL	C-O	5.17	1.29	1.23
1	B	116	THR	C-O	5.14	1.30	1.24
1	A	251	GLU	CA-C	-5.14	1.46	1.52
1	A	151	ARG	CA-CB	5.11	1.57	1.52
1	B	276	THR	CA-CB	5.08	1.62	1.53
1	B	212	ALA	N-CA	5.03	1.52	1.46

All (8) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	40	MET	CG-SD-CE	-10.06	78.76	100.90
1	B	121	GLY	CA-C-N	7.75	127.39	119.56
1	B	121	GLY	C-N-CA	7.75	127.39	119.56
1	A	31	GLY	N-CA-C	6.06	123.42	115.36
1	A	278	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-5.74	115.76	121.50

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	132	ARG	CA-C-N	5.61	125.28	119.56
1	B	132	ARG	C-N-CA	5.61	125.28	119.56
1	A	151	ARG	CB-CA-C	-5.25	107.47	111.20

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2167	0	2200	33	0
1	B	2095	0	2159	50	0
2	A	18	0	24	2	0
3	A	6	0	12	4	0
3	B	3	0	6	18	0
4	A	12	0	3	7	0
4	B	12	0	3	4	0
5	B	4	0	6	1	0
6	A	249	0	0	8	2
6	B	239	0	0	9	1
All	All	4805	0	4413	85	2

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

All (85) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:164:GLN:HE22	4:A:406:0HO:H3	1.17	1.05
1:A:263:ASN:CG	1:A:264:GLY:H	1.71	0.99
1:B:158:GLY:HA3	3:B:403:EOH:H11	1.45	0.95
1:B:164:GLN:HE22	4:B:401:0HO:H3	1.37	0.90
1:A:229[B]:GLN:NE2	6:A:530:HOH:O	2.04	0.89
1:A:164:GLN:NE2	4:A:406:0HO:H3	1.88	0.86
1:B:184:VAL:O	3:B:403:EOH:H22	1.75	0.86

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:117:THR:OG1	3:A:403:EOH:H21	1.76	0.84
1:A:69:ASN:HD22	1:A:72:GLN:HE21	1.23	0.84
1:A:186[B]:THR:HG23	6:A:647:HOH:O	1.78	0.83
3:B:403:EOH:H12	6:B:733:HOH:O	1.79	0.83
5:B:402:EDO:H12	6:B:530:HOH:O	1.78	0.83
1:A:115:ARG:O	3:A:403:EOH:H22	1.80	0.82
1:A:186[B]:THR:CG2	6:A:647:HOH:O	2.30	0.77
1:B:56:ARG:NH1	6:B:691:HOH:O	2.16	0.74
1:A:263:ASN:CG	1:A:264:GLY:N	2.44	0.72
1:B:160:LYS:HB2	3:B:403:EOH:O	1.93	0.69
1:A:286:GLU:HB3	1:A:290:PHE:HB3	1.75	0.68
1:B:197:SER:O	1:B:200:ARG:HD2	1.94	0.67
1:B:184:VAL:O	3:B:403:EOH:C2	2.43	0.65
1:A:22:ASP:OD1	1:A:25:ARG:NH2	2.28	0.65
1:A:176:ASN:HB3	2:A:405:GOL:H12	1.79	0.65
1:A:198:ARG:NH1	6:A:611:HOH:O	2.24	0.65
1:B:159:GLU:H	3:B:403:EOH:H22	1.64	0.62
1:B:164:GLN:NE2	4:B:401:OHO:H3	2.12	0.62
1:B:233:ASP:CG	1:B:236[C]:ARG:HH11	2.09	0.60
1:B:185:PRO:O	3:B:403:EOH:H23	2.02	0.60
1:B:278:ARG:HG2	1:B:278:ARG:HH11	1.68	0.59
1:B:158:GLY:CA	3:B:403:EOH:H11	2.25	0.59
2:A:405:GOL:H11	1:B:149:ILE:HA	1.83	0.59
1:B:278:ARG:HG2	1:B:278:ARG:NH1	2.18	0.59
1:A:151:ARG:HH22	1:B:178:ASP:CB	2.19	0.55
1:B:214:SER:O	1:B:218[B]:THR:HG22	2.07	0.55
1:B:214:SER:O	1:B:218[A]:THR:HG23	2.07	0.55
3:B:403:EOH:H12	6:B:732:HOH:O	2.06	0.54
1:B:260:MET:SD	1:B:261:PRO:HD2	2.48	0.54
1:A:157:PHE:CZ	1:A:168:ILE:HD13	2.43	0.54
1:B:158:GLY:HA3	3:B:403:EOH:C1	2.29	0.54
1:B:69:ASN:CG	1:B:142[B]:VAL:HG21	2.33	0.53
1:A:218[B]:THR:O	1:A:222:HIS:HD2	1.92	0.53
1:B:143:VAL:HG11	1:B:168[A]:ILE:HD12	1.92	0.52
1:A:200:ARG:NH2	6:A:592:HOH:O	2.42	0.51
1:B:260:MET:HE2	1:B:287:ILE:CG1	2.41	0.50
1:A:39:THR:HA	4:A:406:OHO:CAE	2.43	0.49
1:B:126:GLU:OE1	1:B:253:ARG:NH1	2.45	0.49
1:B:151:ARG:NH2	6:B:639:HOH:O	2.46	0.48
1:B:160:LYS:N	3:B:403:EOH:O	2.43	0.48
1:A:39:THR:HA	4:A:406:OHO:H2	1.96	0.48

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:218[A]:THR:O	1:A:222:HIS:HD2	1.95	0.48
1:B:198:ARG:HD2	6:B:643:HOH:O	2.13	0.47
1:B:94:ARG:NH2	6:B:685:HOH:O	2.32	0.47
1:B:159:GLU:N	3:B:403:EOH:H22	2.28	0.46
1:B:260:MET:HE2	1:B:287:ILE:HG12	1.97	0.46
1:A:40:MET:N	4:A:406:0HO:H2	2.30	0.46
1:B:158:GLY:CA	3:B:403:EOH:C2	2.93	0.46
1:A:286:GLU:O	1:A:291:ALA:HB2	2.17	0.45
1:B:186:THR:HA	3:B:403:EOH:H23	1.99	0.45
1:B:158:GLY:HA2	3:B:403:EOH:C2	2.47	0.45
1:B:278:ARG:HH11	1:B:278:ARG:CG	2.30	0.45
1:B:45:GLU:HG2	6:B:556:HOH:O	2.18	0.44
1:A:124:ALA:O	1:A:129:GLY:HA3	2.18	0.44
1:B:39:THR:C	4:B:401:0HO:H2	2.42	0.44
1:B:132:ARG:HD2	6:B:585:HOH:O	2.18	0.43
1:A:45:GLU:HB3	1:A:195:MET:SD	2.58	0.43
1:B:140:LEU:CD2	1:B:168[A]:ILE:HD13	2.48	0.43
1:B:278:ARG:NH1	1:B:278:ARG:CG	2.80	0.43
1:B:287:ILE:HD13	1:B:287:ILE:HA	1.85	0.43
3:A:403:EOH:C2	1:B:119:GLN:HG2	2.48	0.43
1:B:185:PRO:C	3:B:403:EOH:H23	2.44	0.42
1:A:3:ILE:HG22	1:A:4:PRO:O	2.19	0.42
1:B:158:GLY:CA	3:B:403:EOH:C1	2.95	0.42
1:B:40:MET:HG3	4:B:401:0HO:H2	2.02	0.42
1:A:151:ARG:HH22	1:B:178:ASP:HB3	1.83	0.41
1:B:254:ASP:HB3	1:B:261:PRO:HD3	2.03	0.41
1:A:26:ALA:O	1:A:30:THR:HG23	2.21	0.41
3:A:403:EOH:H23	1:B:119:GLN:CG	2.51	0.41
1:B:124:ALA:O	1:B:129:GLY:HA3	2.21	0.41
1:A:3:ILE:HD12	1:A:3:ILE:N	2.36	0.41
1:A:186[A]:THR:HG23	6:A:738:HOH:O	2.21	0.41
1:A:186[B]:THR:HG21	6:A:647:HOH:O	2.05	0.41
1:A:39:THR:C	4:A:406:0HO:H2	2.46	0.40
4:A:406:0HO:SAH	6:A:744:HOH:O	2.63	0.40
1:B:254:ASP:OD1	1:B:254:ASP:C	2.64	0.40
1:B:160:LYS:CB	3:B:403:EOH:O	2.66	0.40
1:A:203:ASP:OD1	1:A:203:ASP:C	2.65	0.40

All (2) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
6:A:571:HOH:O	6:B:724:HOH:O[2_656]	1.86	0.34
6:A:615:HOH:O	6:A:649:HOH:O[2_645]	2.13	0.07

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	292/301 (97%)	284 (97%)	7 (2%)	1 (0%)	36	25
1	B	280/301 (93%)	276 (99%)	4 (1%)	0	100	100
All	All	572/602 (95%)	560 (98%)	11 (2%)	1 (0%)	43	34

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	290	PHE

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	220/223 (99%)	215 (98%)	5 (2%)	44	27
1	B	214/223 (96%)	209 (98%)	5 (2%)	44	27
All	All	434/446 (97%)	424 (98%)	10 (2%)	43	27

All (10) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	55	LYS
1	A	160[A]	LYS
1	A	260	MET
1	A	263	ASN
1	A	289	THR
1	B	28	ARG
1	B	87	ASP
1	B	119	GLN
1	B	200	ARG
1	B	263	ASN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (7) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	7	HIS
1	A	72	GLN
1	A	148	GLN
1	A	164	GLN
1	A	222	HIS
1	B	164	GLN
1	B	170	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

9 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and

the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
2	GOL	A	402	-	5,5,5	0.26	0	5,5,5	1.30	0
3	EOH	B	403	-	2,2,2	0.43	0	1,1,1	0.34	0
5	EDO	B	402	-	3,3,3	0.28	0	2,2,2	0.93	0
3	EOH	A	404	-	2,2,2	0.49	0	1,1,1	0.46	0
4	0HO	B	401	-	13,13,13	2.63	4 (30%)	13,18,18	1.83	4 (30%)
3	EOH	A	403	-	2,2,2	0.44	0	1,1,1	0.41	0
4	0HO	A	406	-	13,13,13	3.18	6 (46%)	13,18,18	1.93	4 (30%)
2	GOL	A	401	-	5,5,5	0.82	0	5,5,5	0.80	0
2	GOL	A	405	-	5,5,5	0.30	0	5,5,5	0.94	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	GOL	A	402	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
5	EDO	B	402	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
4	0HO	B	401	-	-	0/4/4/4	0/2/2/2
4	0HO	A	406	-	-	0/4/4/4	0/2/2/2
2	GOL	A	401	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
2	GOL	A	405	-	-	4/4/4/4	-

All (10) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	A	406	0HO	CAE-CAL	-6.97	1.32	1.40
4	A	406	0HO	CAD-CAK	-6.41	1.33	1.40
4	B	401	0HO	CAD-CAK	-6.05	1.33	1.40
4	B	401	0HO	CAE-CAL	-5.13	1.34	1.40
4	A	406	0HO	CAJ-CAI	-4.43	1.40	1.49
4	B	401	0HO	CAL-CAK	-3.34	1.34	1.45
4	B	401	0HO	CAJ-CAI	-3.24	1.42	1.49
4	A	406	0HO	CAL-CAK	-2.85	1.36	1.45
4	A	406	0HO	SAH-NAG	2.41	1.66	1.62
4	A	406	0HO	OAB-CAI	-2.36	1.23	1.30

All (8) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	B	401	0HO	CAD-CAC-CAJ	-3.83	116.21	121.43
4	A	406	0HO	CAD-CAC-CAJ	-3.68	116.42	121.43
4	A	406	0HO	NAG-SAH-NAF	-3.64	96.55	100.70
4	A	406	0HO	CAK-NAF-SAH	2.80	108.11	106.23
4	B	401	0HO	OAB-CAI-CAJ	2.64	121.62	114.84
4	B	401	0HO	CAC-CAD-CAK	2.63	123.94	120.80
4	B	401	0HO	OAB-CAI-OAA	-2.50	117.99	123.35
4	A	406	0HO	OAB-CAI-CAJ	2.12	120.28	114.84

There are no chirality outliers.

All (9) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	405	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
2	A	401	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
2	A	402	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
2	A	405	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
2	A	402	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3
2	A	405	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2
2	A	405	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3
2	A	401	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2
5	B	402	EDO	O1-C1-C2-O2

There are no ring outliers.

6 monomers are involved in 36 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	B	403	EOH	18	0
5	B	402	EDO	1	0
4	B	401	0HO	4	0
3	A	403	EOH	4	0
4	A	406	0HO	7	0
2	A	405	GOL	2	0

5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	289/301 (96%)	-0.14	14 (4%) 35 37	6, 22, 46, 58	9 (3%)
1	B	275/301 (91%)	-0.29	5 (1%) 67 75	5, 21, 40, 60	9 (3%)
All	All	564/602 (93%)	-0.21	19 (3%) 48 52	5, 21, 45, 60	18 (3%)

All (19) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	85	THR	3.9
1	B	71	MET	3.3
1	A	75	ALA	3.2
1	A	289	THR	3.1
1	A	291	ALA	3.1
1	A	258	GLY	3.1
1	A	3	ILE	2.9
1	A	260	MET	2.8
1	A	76	GLY	2.6
1	A	290	PHE	2.6
1	A	261	PRO	2.5
1	A	77	GLY	2.4
1	A	74	GLY	2.3
1	B	288	GLY	2.3
1	A	262	LEU	2.2
1	A	6	PHE	2.1
1	B	87	ASP	2.1
1	A	243	PRO	2.1
1	B	70	PRO	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors($\text{\AA}^2$)	Q<0.9
2	GOL	A	405	6/6	0.78	0.15	43,53,54,57	0
3	EOH	A	404	3/3	0.81	0.16	31,31,32,32	0
3	EOH	B	403	3/3	0.86	0.19	36,36,40,41	0
4	OHO	A	406	12/12	0.87	0.10	19,32,37,47	12
3	EOH	A	403	3/3	0.88	0.12	30,30,35,35	0
2	GOL	A	402	6/6	0.89	0.12	33,42,46,49	0
4	OHO	B	401	12/12	0.90	0.09	18,23,30,41	12
5	EDO	B	402	4/4	0.95	0.10	25,25,27,30	0
2	GOL	A	401	6/6	0.97	0.05	14,16,17,17	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.