



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 5, 2026 – 04:58 AM UTC

PDB ID : 3DIN / pdb_00003din
Title : Crystal structure of the protein-translocation complex formed by the SecY channel and the SecA ATPase
Authors : Zimmer, J.; Nam, Y.; Rapoport, T.A.
Deposited on : 2008-06-20
Resolution : 4.50 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Buster-report	:	wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4	:	9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

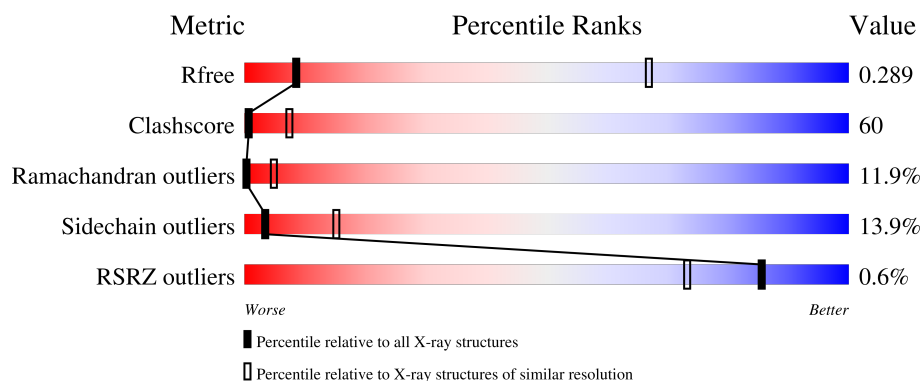
1 Overall quality at a glance ⓘ

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 4.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	1127 (5.10-3.90)
Clashscore	190562	1002 (5.06-3.94)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	1060 (5.10-3.90)
Sidechain outliers	187428	1043 (5.10-3.90)
RSRZ outliers	180081	1122 (5.10-3.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	871	20% 52% 19% 6%
1	B	871	20% 52% 19% 6%
2	C	431	27% 46% 16% 8%
2	F	431	27% 46% 16% 8%
3	D	65	29% 52% 14%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
3	G	65	
4	E	76	
4	H	76	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
6	ADP	A	873	-	-	X	-
6	ADP	B	873	-	-	X	-
7	BEF	A	874	-	-	X	-
7	BEF	B	874	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 21368 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Protein translocase subunit secA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	816	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			6613	4215	1131	1239	28			
1	B	816	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			6613	4215	1131	1239	28			

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Preprotein translocase subunit SecY.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	C	396	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3124	2071	518	524	11			
2	F	396	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3124	2071	518	524	11			

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Preprotein translocase subunit secE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	D	56	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			431	294	64	73			
3	G	56	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			431	294	64	73			

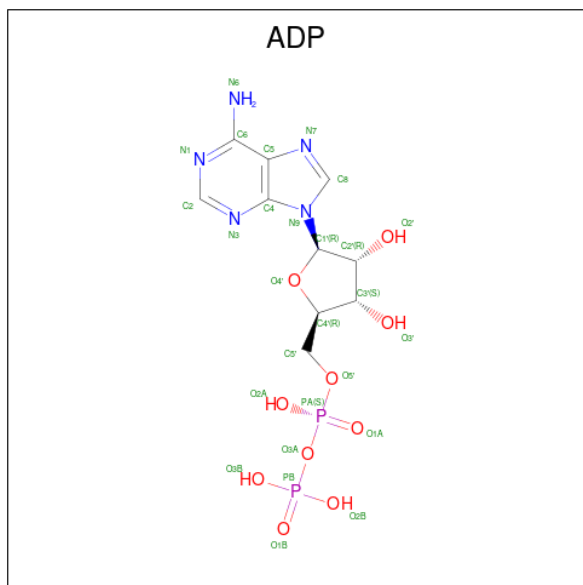
- Molecule 4 is a protein called Preprotein translocase subunit SecG.

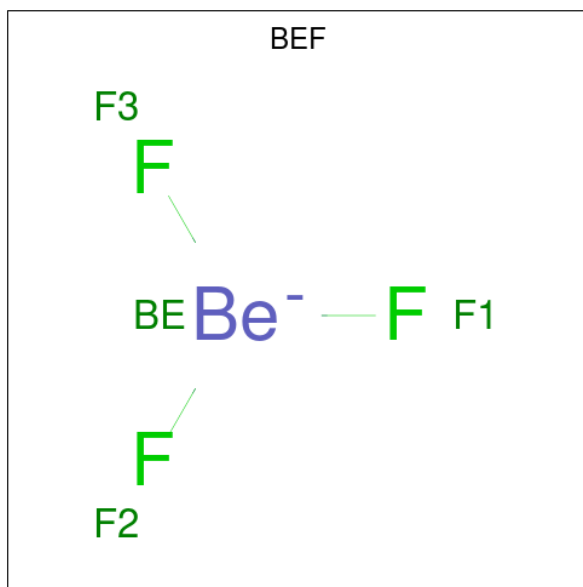
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	E	65	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			484	318	80	83	3			
4	H	65	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			484	318	80	83	3			

- Molecule 5 is MAGNESIUM ION (CCD ID: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0
5	B	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0

- Molecule 6 is ADENOSINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE (CCD ID: ADP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{15}N_5O_{10}P_2$).



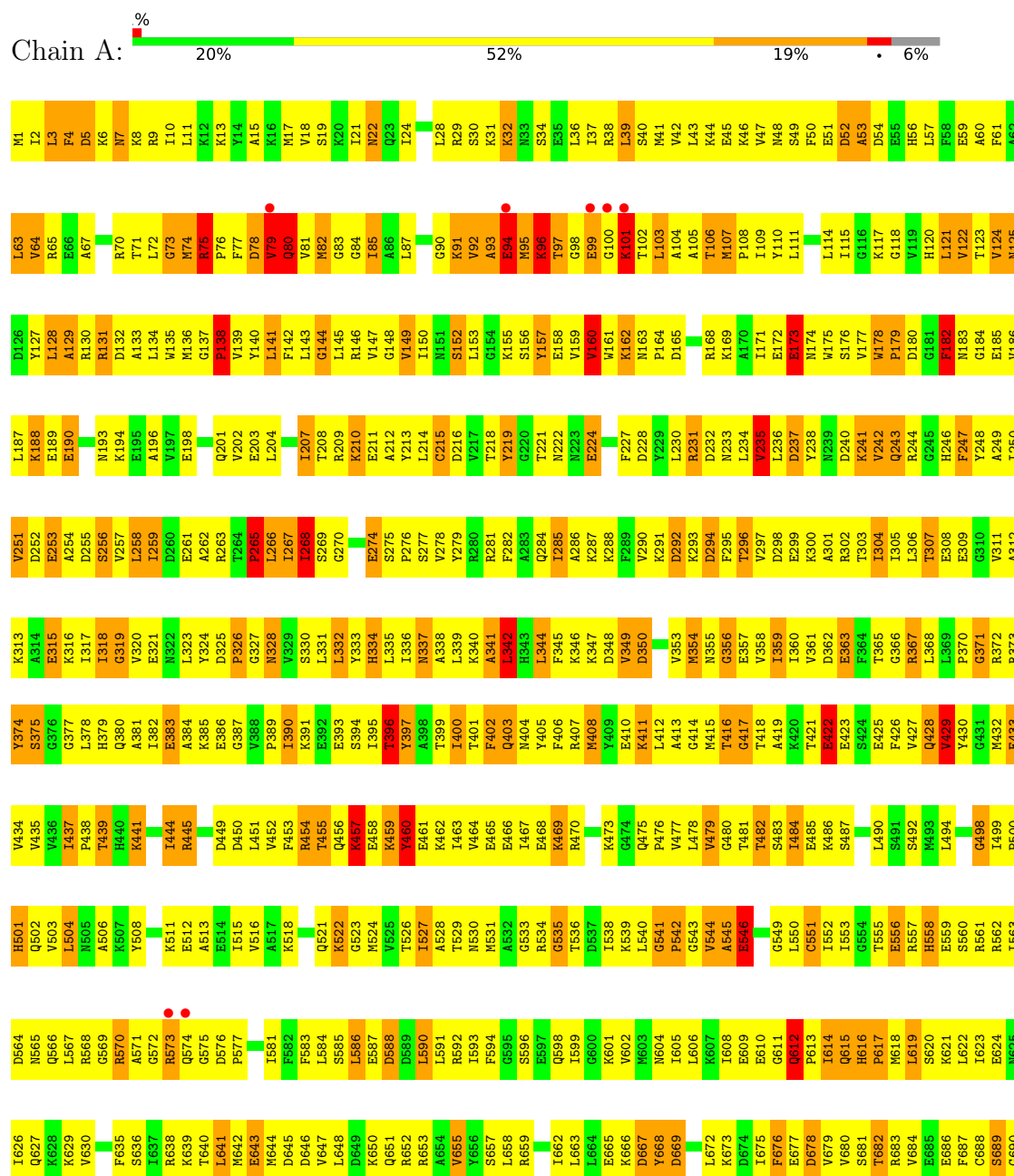


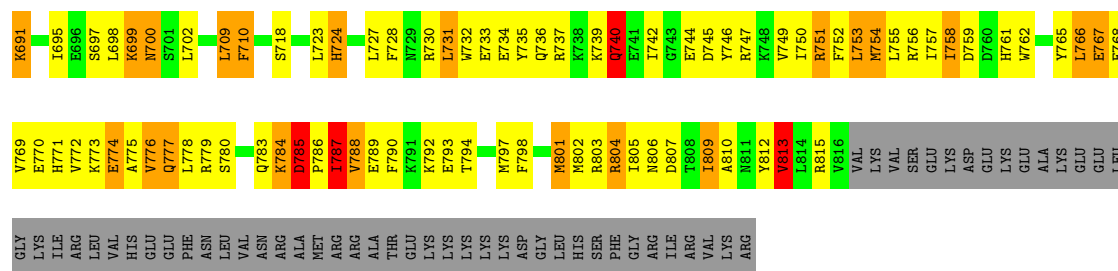
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	1	Total	Be	F	0	0
			4	1	3		
7	B	1	Total	Be	F	0	0
			4	1	3		

3 Residue-property plots

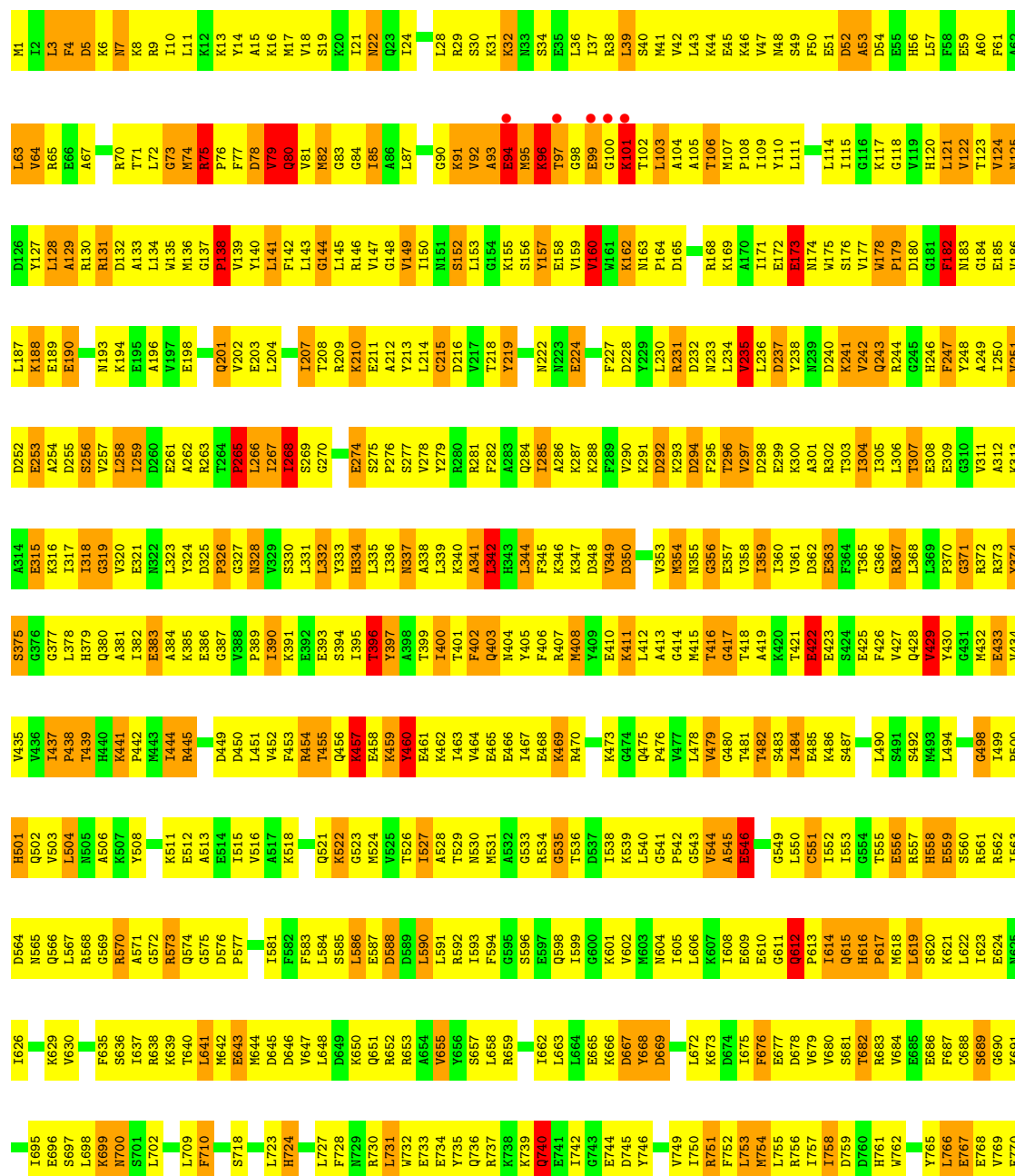
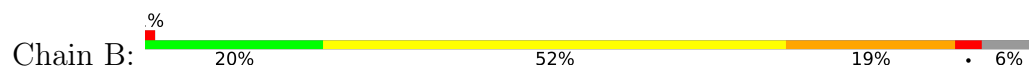
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

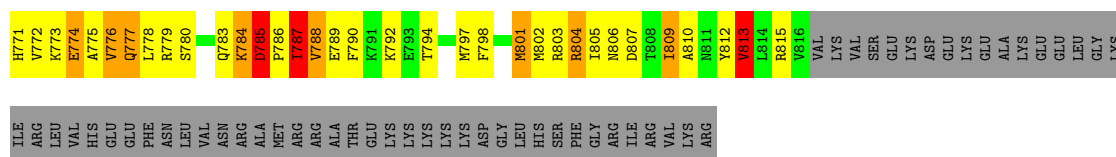
• Molecule 1: Protein translocase subunit secA





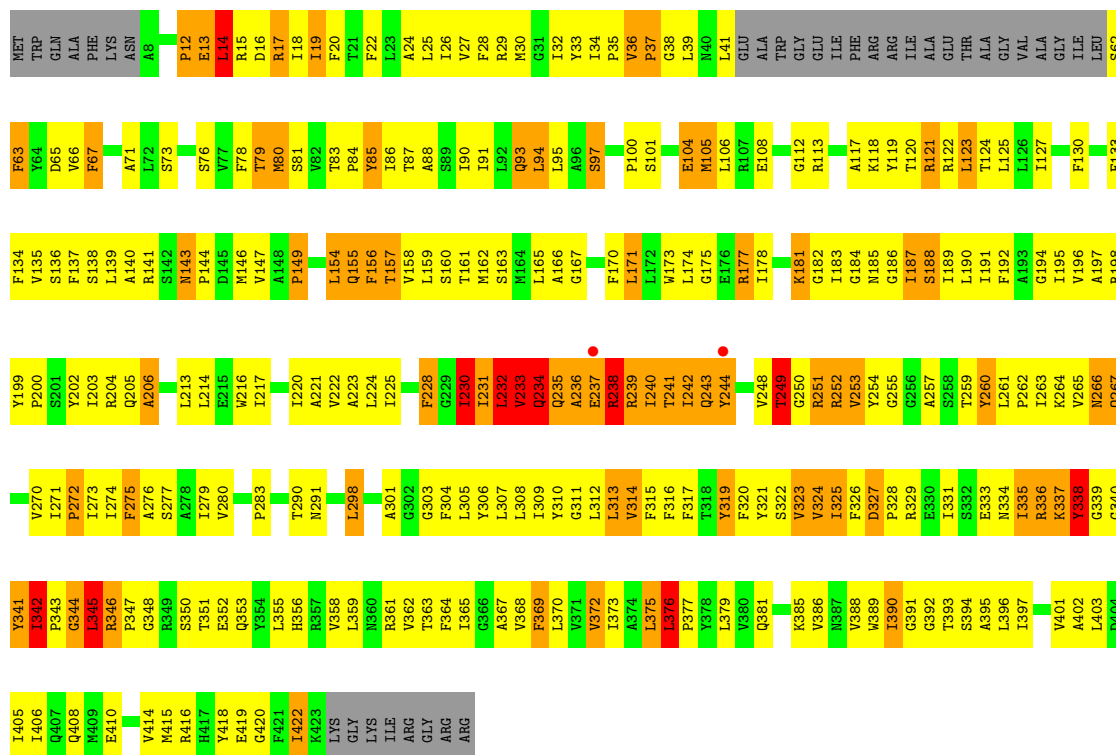
• Molecule 1: Protein translocase subunit secA





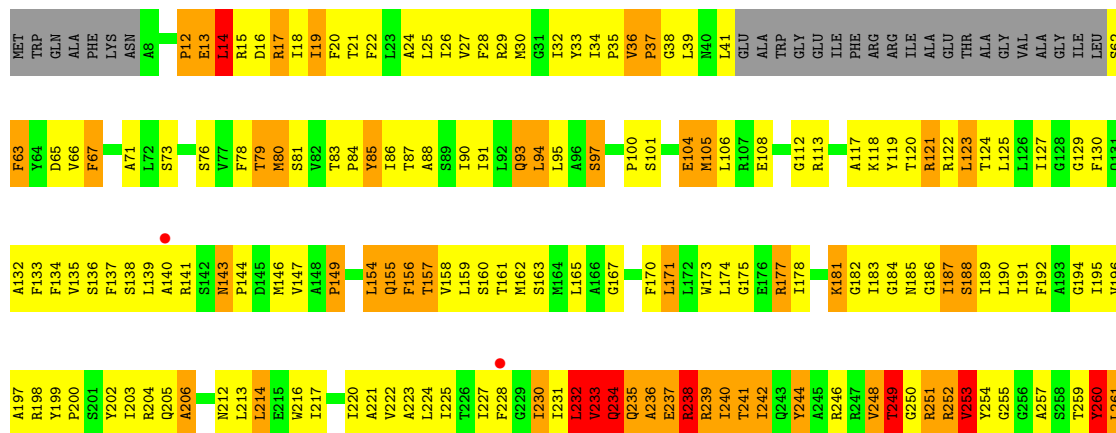
• Molecule 2: Preprotein translocase subunit SecY

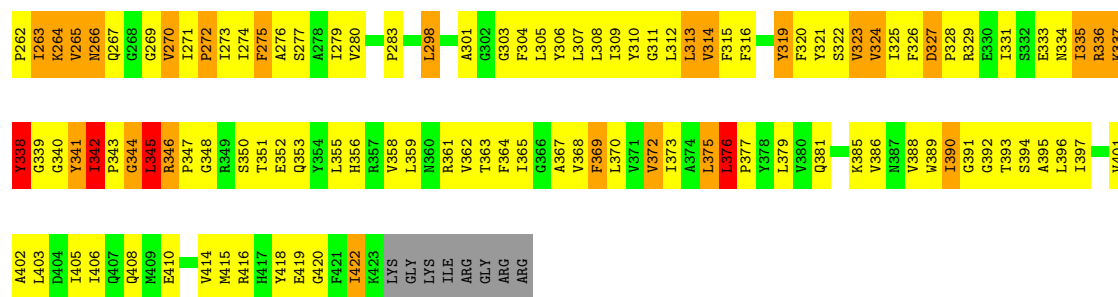
Chain C: 27% 46% 16% 8%



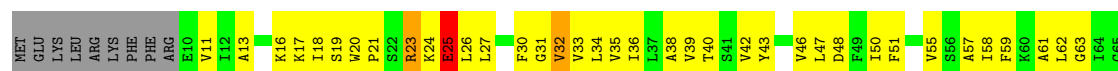
• Molecule 2: Preprotein translocase subunit SecY

Chain F: 27% 46% 16% 8%

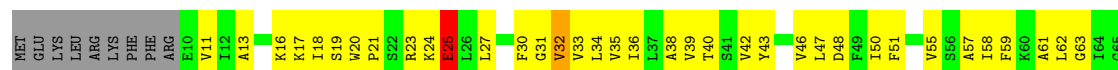




• Molecule 3: Preprotein translocase subunit secE



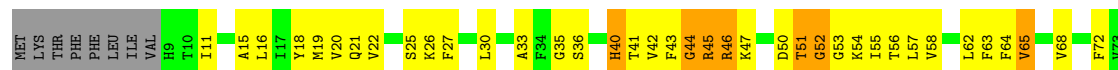
• Molecule 3: Preprotein translocase subunit secE



• Molecule 4: Preprotein translocase subunit SecG



• Molecule 4: Preprotein translocase subunit SecG



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	101.62Å 156.00Å 358.15Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	15.00 – 4.50 15.00 – 4.50	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	97.7 (15.00-4.50) 94.3 (15.00-4.50)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.07	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.26 (at 4.54Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.279 , 0.303 0.286 , 0.289	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1678 reflections (4.83%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	205.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.402	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.28 , 427.9	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.44$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.27$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	21368	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	356.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.72% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BEF, MG, ADP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.37	1/6730 (0.0%)	0.98	46/9048 (0.5%)
1	B	0.37	1/6730 (0.0%)	0.98	44/9048 (0.5%)
2	C	0.65	7/3194 (0.2%)	1.11	25/4329 (0.6%)
2	F	0.60	6/3194 (0.2%)	1.10	25/4329 (0.6%)
3	D	0.31	0/440	0.92	3/596 (0.5%)
3	G	0.32	0/440	0.92	3/596 (0.5%)
4	E	0.29	0/492	0.97	5/662 (0.8%)
4	H	0.29	0/492	0.97	5/662 (0.8%)
All	All	0.46	15/21712 (0.1%)	1.02	156/29270 (0.5%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
2	F	0	1

The worst 5 of 15 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	C	235	GLN	C-N	11.04	1.43	1.33
2	C	235	GLN	N-CA	9.22	1.57	1.45
2	F	235	GLN	C-N	9.15	1.42	1.33
2	F	234	GLN	C-N	9.04	1.44	1.33
2	C	234	GLN	C-N	8.97	1.44	1.33

The worst 5 of 156 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	C	236	ALA	N-CA-C	13.42	125.50	108.19
2	F	236	ALA	N-CA-C	13.00	126.17	108.23
1	B	4	PHE	N-CA-C	-11.56	99.19	113.18
1	A	4	PHE	N-CA-C	-11.56	99.19	113.18
2	C	234	GLN	OE1-CD-NE2	-10.44	112.17	122.60

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	F	260	TYR	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	6613	0	6689	952	2
1	B	6613	0	6689	926	2
2	C	3124	0	3275	363	0
2	F	3124	0	3275	349	0
3	D	431	0	460	31	0
3	G	431	0	460	34	0
4	E	484	0	508	34	0
4	H	484	0	508	30	0
5	A	1	0	0	0	0
5	B	1	0	0	0	0
6	A	27	0	12	41	0
6	B	27	0	12	39	0
7	A	4	0	0	4	0
7	B	4	0	0	5	0
All	All	21368	0	21888	2609	2

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 60.

The worst 5 of 2609 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:76:PRO:HD2	6:A:873:ADP:N6	1.34	1.40
1:A:76:PRO:CD	6:A:873:ADP:HN62	1.40	1.34
1:B:76:PRO:HD2	6:B:873:ADP:N6	1.45	1.30
1:B:76:PRO:CD	6:B:873:ADP:HN62	1.50	1.25
1:B:101:LYS:HE2	7:B:874:BEF:F2	1.31	1.21

All (2) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:498:GLY:O	1:B:518:LYS:NZ[1_455]	2.07	0.13
1:A:518:LYS:NZ	1:B:498:GLY:O[1_455]	2.17	0.03

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	814/871 (94%)	510 (63%)	207 (25%)	97 (12%)	0	5
1	B	814/871 (94%)	511 (63%)	206 (25%)	97 (12%)	0	5
2	C	392/431 (91%)	260 (66%)	80 (20%)	52 (13%)	0	3
2	F	392/431 (91%)	262 (67%)	78 (20%)	52 (13%)	0	3
3	D	54/65 (83%)	41 (76%)	9 (17%)	4 (7%)	1	10
3	G	54/65 (83%)	41 (76%)	9 (17%)	4 (7%)	1	10
4	E	63/76 (83%)	46 (73%)	12 (19%)	5 (8%)	1	10
4	H	63/76 (83%)	46 (73%)	12 (19%)	5 (8%)	1	10
All	All	2646/2886 (92%)	1717 (65%)	613 (23%)	316 (12%)	0	5

5 of 316 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	75	ARG
1	A	95	MET
1	A	131	ARG
1	A	152	SER
1	A	178	TRP

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	717/766 (94%)	610 (85%)	107 (15%)	3	14
1	B	717/766 (94%)	609 (85%)	108 (15%)	3	13
2	C	331/356 (93%)	287 (87%)	44 (13%)	4	16
2	F	331/356 (93%)	284 (86%)	47 (14%)	3	15
3	D	47/56 (84%)	45 (96%)	2 (4%)	26	48
3	G	47/56 (84%)	45 (96%)	2 (4%)	26	48
4	E	53/64 (83%)	48 (91%)	5 (9%)	8	26
4	H	53/64 (83%)	48 (91%)	5 (9%)	8	26
All	All	2296/2484 (92%)	1976 (86%)	320 (14%)	3	15

5 of 320 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	546	GLU
2	F	188	SER
1	B	614	ILE
1	B	785	ASP
2	F	270	VAL

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 60 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	C	360	ASN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	F	143	ASN
1	B	222	ASN
2	F	93	GLN
2	F	407	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 6 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
6	ADP	A	873	7	28,29,29	2.22	5 (17%)	43,45,45	2.01	12 (27%)
7	BEF	B	874	6	0,3,3	-	-	-		
7	BEF	A	874	6	0,3,3	-	-	-		
6	ADP	B	873	7	28,29,29	2.22	5 (17%)	43,45,45	2.01	13 (30%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	ADP	A	873	7	-	0/16/32/32	0/3/3/3
6	ADP	B	873	7	-	0/16/32/32	0/3/3/3

The worst 5 of 10 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
6	A	873	ADP	C8-N7	6.75	1.44	1.31
6	B	873	ADP	C8-N7	6.75	1.44	1.31
6	B	873	ADP	C8-N9	5.96	1.47	1.37
6	A	873	ADP	C8-N9	5.93	1.47	1.37
6	A	873	ADP	PA-O3A	5.47	1.65	1.59

The worst 5 of 25 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
6	B	873	ADP	N9-C8-N7	-7.14	103.81	113.94
6	A	873	ADP	N9-C8-N7	-7.12	103.83	113.94
6	B	873	ADP	N3-C2-N1	-4.28	122.11	128.58
6	A	873	ADP	N3-C2-N1	-4.26	122.13	128.58
6	B	873	ADP	C5-C4-N3	-4.13	121.03	126.72

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

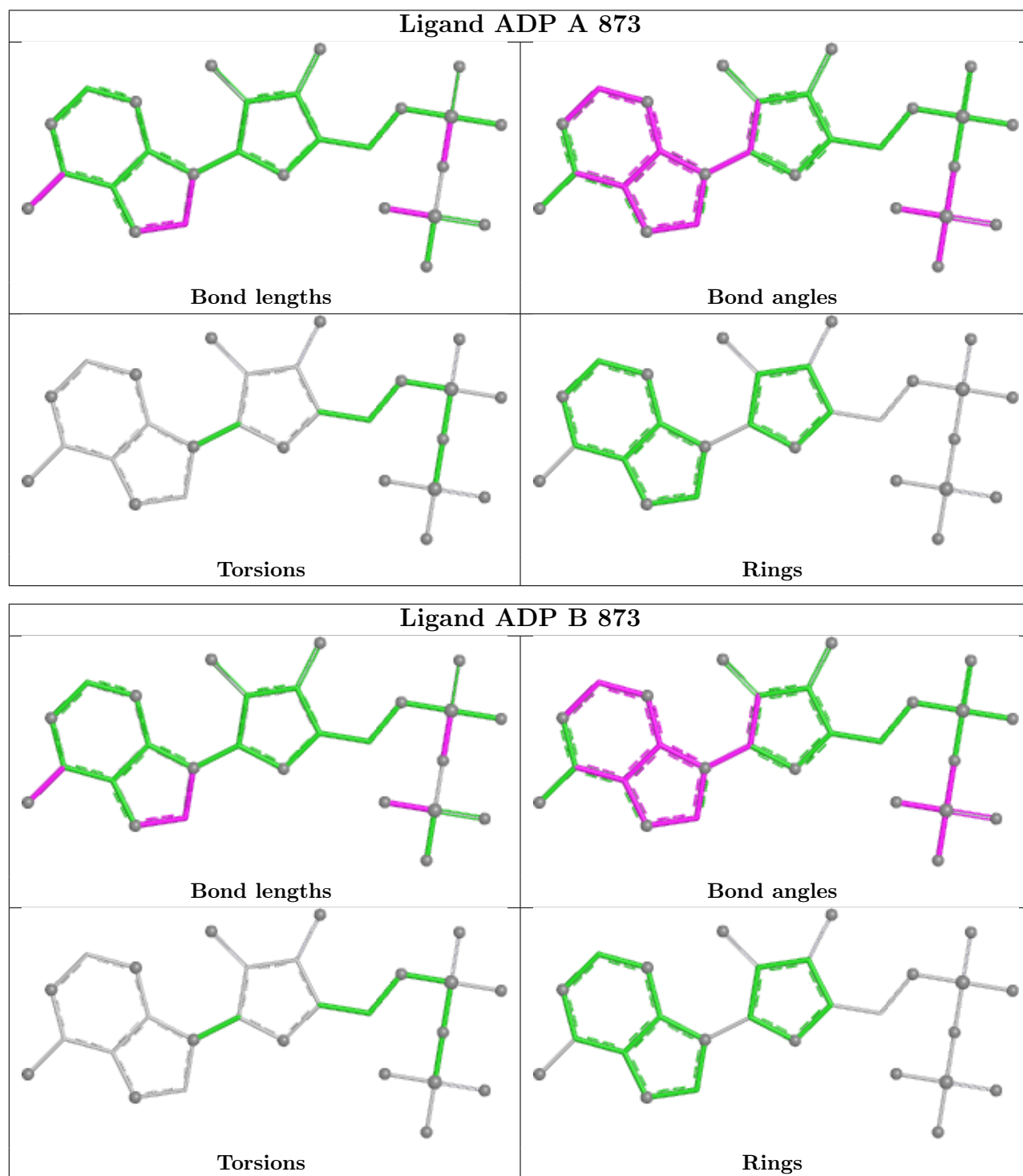
There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 89 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	A	873	ADP	41	0
7	B	874	BEF	5	0
7	A	874	BEF	4	0
6	B	873	ADP	39	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier.

The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ > 2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q < 0.9
1	A	816/871 (93%)	-0.45	7 (0%) 81 67	108, 306, 457, 500	0
1	B	816/871 (93%)	-0.44	5 (0%) 85 73	108, 306, 457, 500	0
2	C	396/431 (91%)	-0.40	2 (0%) 87 75	223, 429, 500, 500	0
2	F	396/431 (91%)	-0.38	2 (0%) 87 75	223, 429, 500, 500	0
3	D	56/65 (86%)	-0.56	0 100 100	322, 414, 500, 500	0
3	G	56/65 (86%)	-0.48	0 100 100	322, 414, 500, 500	0
4	E	65/76 (85%)	-0.44	0 100 100	326, 444, 490, 500	0
4	H	65/76 (85%)	-0.46	0 100 100	326, 444, 490, 500	0
All	All	2666/2886 (92%)	-0.43	16 (0%) 85 73	108, 365, 489, 500	0

The worst 5 of 16 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	99	GLU	6.4
1	A	101	LYS	5.5
1	B	99	GLU	4.7
1	B	101	LYS	3.6
1	A	94	GLU	2.9

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

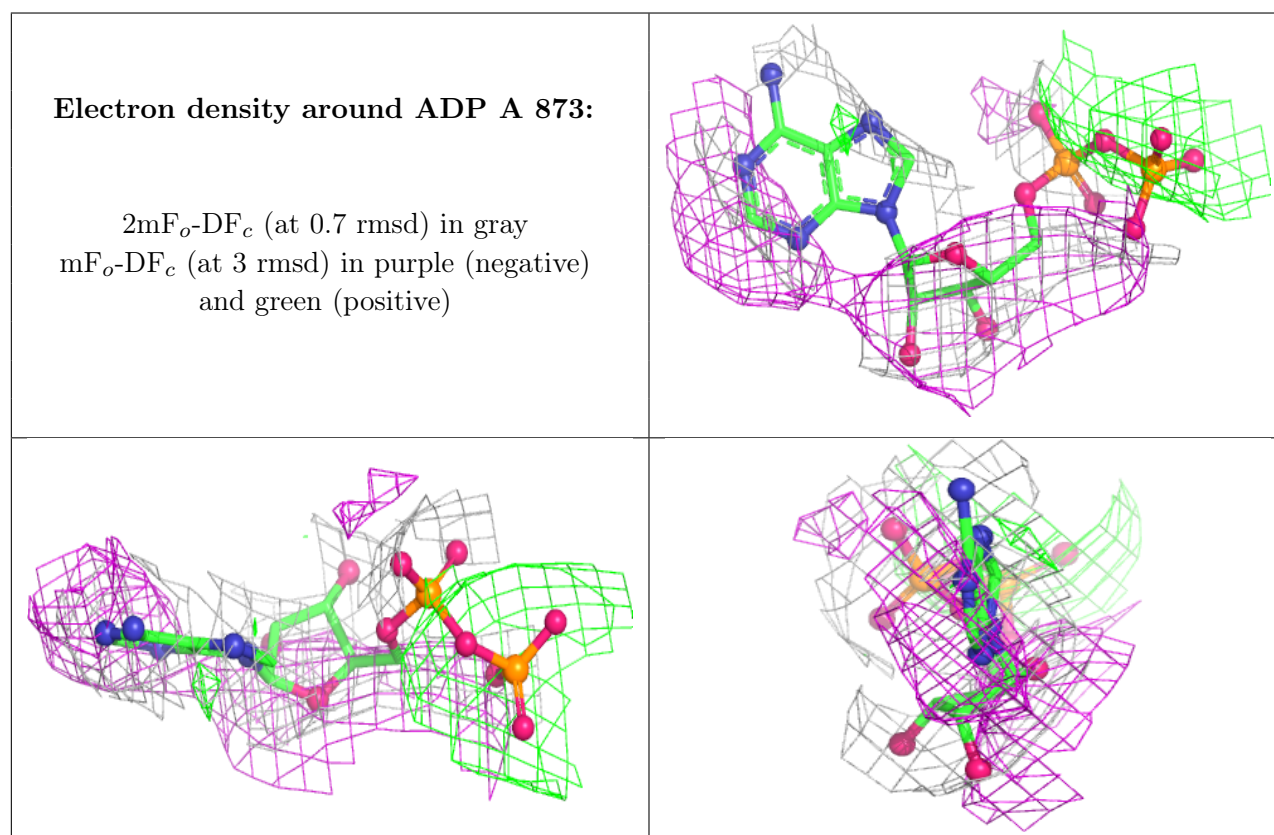
There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

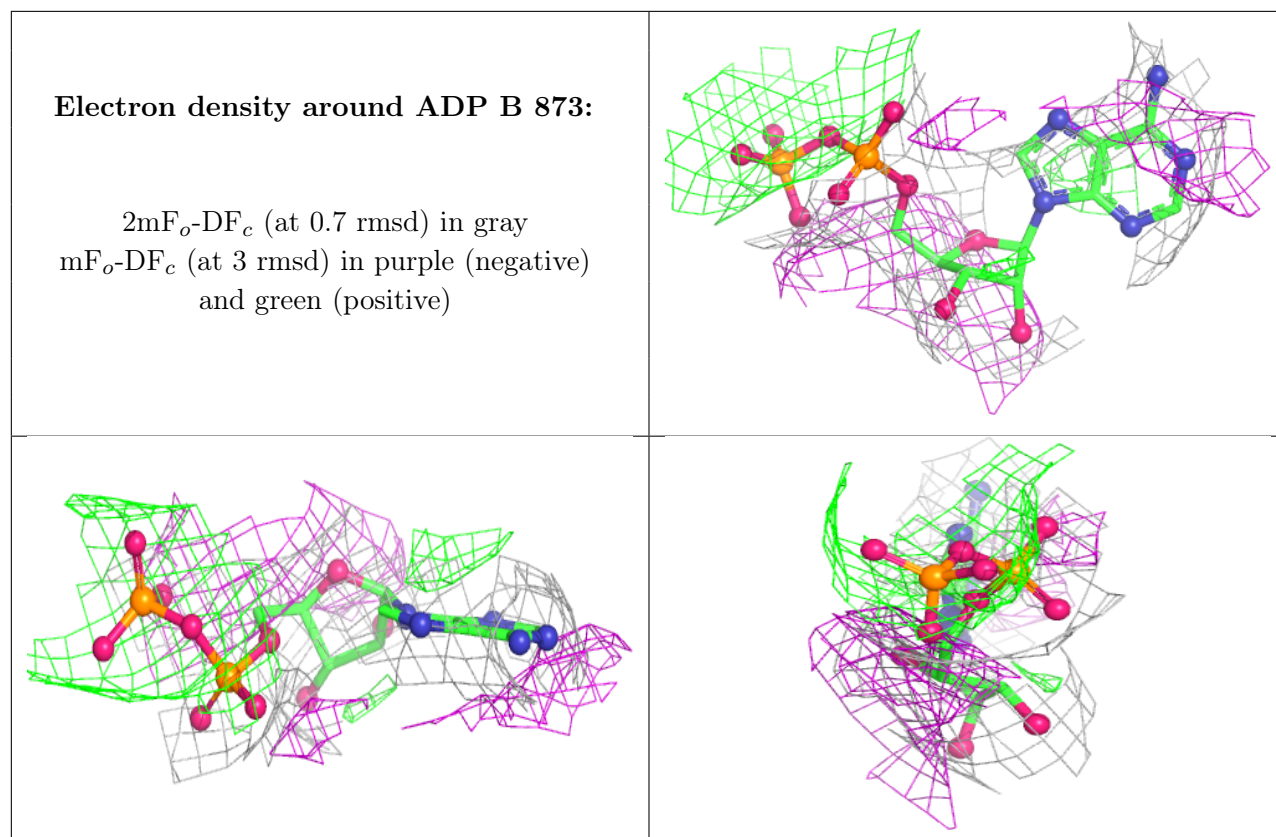
6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q<0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
6	ADP	A	873	27/27	0.60	0.16	134,186,192,399	0
7	BEF	A	874	4/4	0.66	0.15	112,134,154,241	0
6	ADP	B	873	27/27	0.70	0.15	134,186,192,399	0
7	BEF	B	874	4/4	0.80	0.12	112,134,154,241	0
5	MG	A	872	1/1	0.82	0.18	130,130,130,130	0
5	MG	B	872	1/1	0.93	0.12	130,130,130,130	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.