



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 9, 2026 – 06:55 PM UTC

PDB ID : 7DRX / pdb_00007drx
EMDB ID : EMD-30829
Title : Cryo-EM structure of Dnf1 from *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* in 90PS with beryllium fluoride (E2P state)
Authors : Xu, J.; He, Y.; Wu, X.; Li, L.
Deposited on : 2020-12-30
Resolution : 2.90 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Buster-report : wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

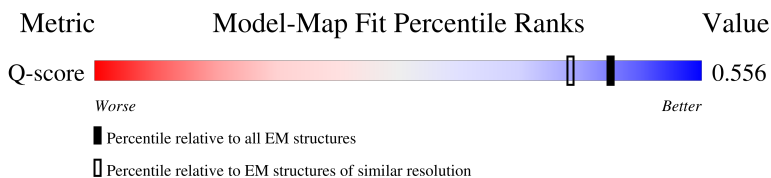
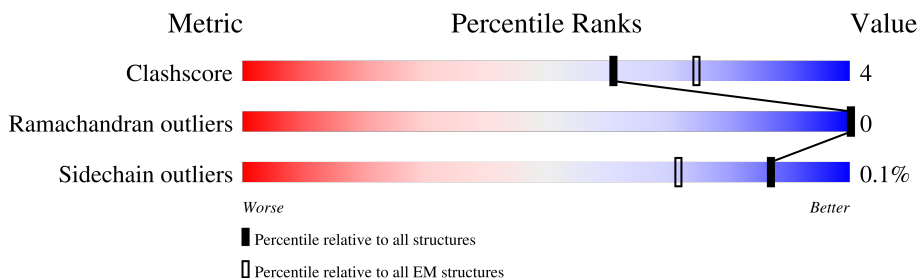
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	13054 (2.40 - 3.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	1571	
2	B	414	
3	C	3	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard

residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
5	BEF	A	1602	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 12433 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

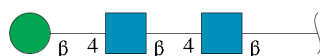
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Phospholipid-transporting ATPase DNF1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	1172	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			9351	6028	1548	1728	47		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Alkylphosphocholine resistance protein LEM3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	B	362	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2934	1884	494	543	13		

- Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.

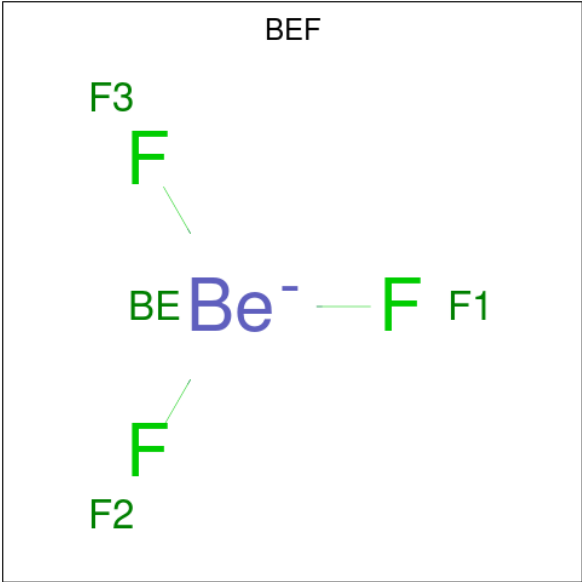


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
3	C	3	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			39	22	2	15		

- Molecule 4 is MAGNESIUM ION (CCD ID: MG) (formula: Mg).

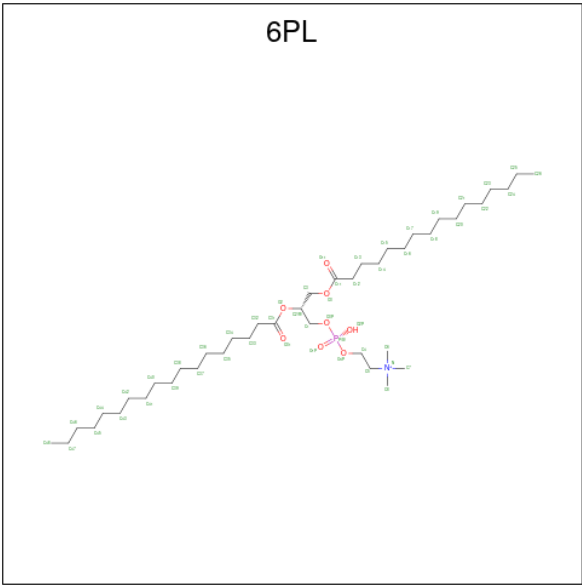
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
4	A	1	Total	Mg	0
			1	1	

- Molecule 5 is BERYLLIUM TRIFLUORIDE ION (CCD ID: BEF) (formula: BeF₃).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf
5	A	1	Total	Be	F	0
			4	1	3	

- Molecule 6 is (4S,7R)-4-HYDROXY-N,N,N-TRIMETHYL-9-OXO-7-[(PALMITOYLOXY)METHYL]-3,5,8-TRIOXA-4-PHOSPHAHEXACOSAN-1-AMINIUM 4-OXIDE (CCD ID: 6PL) (formula: C₄₂H₈₅NO₈P).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
6	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			52	42	1	8	1	
6	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			52	42	1	8	1	

ASN	GLY	LEU	GLY	GLY	GLY	PRO	SER	SER	ASN	TYR	SER	ARG	SER	SER	SER	LEU	VAL	VAL	THR	GLU	GLU	ILE	PRO	MET	THR	PHE	MET	HIS	ASN	GLN	GLY	GLY	ASP	GLY	ASN	ARG	TYR	PRO	SER	SER	GLY	TYR	GLN	LYS	THR	THR	THR	LEU	ASP	PRO	GLY	ILE	GLN	SER	PRO	GLN	PHE	GLN	ASN	GLN	ALA	GLN	THR	PHE
GLY	ARG	GLY	PRO	SER	THR	ASN	VAL	ARG	SER	SER	LEU	ASP	ARG	THR	ARG	GLU	GLN	MET	ILE	ALA	PHE	THR	MET	ASN	GLN	LEU	ASP	ASN	ARG	TYR	PRO	SER	VAL	GLU	ARG	ALA	LYS	THR	SER	LEU	ASP	PRO	GLY	VAL	THR	ASN	ALA	ALA	SER	LEU	ILE	GLY	THR	GLN	PHE	ASN	GLN	ALA	GLN	THR	PHE			

● Molecule 2: Alkylphosphocholine resistance protein LEM3

Chain B: 77% 10% 13%

MET	VAL	ASN	PHE	ASP	LEU	GLY	GLN	VAL	GLY	GLY	VAL	PHE	ARG	ARG	LYS	ASP	LYS	GLY	ALA	ILE	VAL	SER	GLY	ASP	ASN	PRO	GLU	GLU	GLU	GLU	ASP	VAL	ASP	ALA	SER	SER	GLU	PHE	GLU	GLU	GLU	ASP	VAL	LYS	PRO	VAL	ARG	THR	LYS	N50	E55	D56	D60	N87	N97
E102	I121	V129	P140	Q155	C159	Q160	L175	N176	C216	S220	K221	I227	P230	K235	N240	N249	N256	I264	R272	T324	R328	Q341	L342	L346	H347	W348	K357	G358	I359	Y360	N371	V377	Y378	C382																					
F398	I403	L409	S410	N411	ASN	MET	LYS																																																

● Molecule 3: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-ac etamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain C: 33% 67%

MAG1	MAG2	BM3
------	------	-----

4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	394420	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	8.0	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1000	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2000	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K2 BASE (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.212	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.120	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.003	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.015	Depositor
Map size (Å)	337.59998, 337.59998, 337.59998	wwPDB
Map dimensions	320, 320, 320	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.055, 1.055, 1.055	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BEF, BMA, 6PL, MG, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.28	0/9557	0.55	2/12951 (0.0%)
2	B	0.31	0/3017	0.55	0/4104
All	All	0.29	0/12574	0.55	2/17055 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1
2	B	0	2
All	All	0	3

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed($^{\circ}$)	Ideal($^{\circ}$)
1	A	1063	PHE	CA-C-N	5.47	140.13	127.00
1	A	1063	PHE	C-N-CA	5.47	140.13	127.00

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	1408	VAL	Mainchain
2	B	398	PHE	Mainchain,Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	9351	0	9341	87	0
2	B	2934	0	2842	27	0
3	C	39	0	32	0	0
4	A	1	0	0	0	0
5	A	4	0	0	3	0
6	A	104	0	168	2	0
All	All	12433	0	12383	109	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

All (109) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:1362:SER:HB3	1:A:1365:PHE:HB3	1.79	0.64
1:A:848:ARG:NH2	1:A:952:GLU:OE1	2.32	0.62
2:B:175:LEU:HB3	2:B:328:ARG:HB2	1.82	0.62
1:A:274:ASN:OD1	1:A:399:LYS:NZ	2.34	0.61
1:A:1067:ASN:OD1	1:A:1098:ARG:NH1	2.34	0.60
1:A:1032:ILE:HG23	1:A:1033:VAL:HG13	1.84	0.59
1:A:217:ASN:HA	1:A:550:ASN:HD21	1.69	0.58
1:A:1178:ARG:NH2	1:A:1243:ASP:OD2	2.36	0.58
1:A:474:PRO:HB2	1:A:533:LEU:HD11	1.84	0.58
1:A:637:LEU:HD12	1:A:1171:ARG:HH21	1.67	0.57
1:A:1255:LEU:HD22	1:A:1408:VAL:HG22	1.86	0.57
1:A:1126:LEU:HD21	1:A:1169:LEU:HD11	1.87	0.56
1:A:398:TRP:HE1	1:A:508:ARG:HH21	1.54	0.56
1:A:427:THR:HA	1:A:457:ARG:HH12	1.70	0.56
1:A:1363:ARG:O	2:B:272:ARG:NH2	2.38	0.56
1:A:1052:GLU:HB2	1:A:1088:ARG:HE	1.70	0.56
1:A:212:LEU:O	1:A:216:HIS:ND1	2.38	0.55
1:A:733:LEU:HD22	1:A:791:LYS:HE3	1.89	0.55
1:A:1037:LEU:HD22	1:A:1079:LEU:HB2	1.89	0.55
1:A:782:VAL:HG13	1:A:792:LEU:HD13	1.89	0.55
1:A:1400:GLN:NE2	1:A:1404:TYR:O	2.41	0.54

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:155:GLN:HE21	2:B:346:LEU:HB3	1.72	0.53
1:A:415:ILE:HD13	1:A:506:LEU:HB3	1.90	0.53
1:A:778:HIS:HD2	1:A:780:VAL:H	1.56	0.53
1:A:1007:ASN:OD1	1:A:1098:ARG:NH2	2.42	0.53
1:A:1229:PHE:HD1	1:A:1348:VAL:HG13	1.73	0.53
2:B:121:ILE:HD12	2:B:140:PRO:HG2	1.90	0.53
1:A:1280:GLN:NE2	1:A:1389:CYS:O	2.42	0.52
1:A:173:ASN:ND2	1:A:463:ALA:O	2.43	0.52
1:A:625:LYS:HB3	1:A:653:ASN:HA	1.91	0.52
1:A:418:ASP:HB2	1:A:524:PHE:HB2	1.91	0.52
1:A:1326:TYR:OH	1:A:1393:ARG:NH2	2.43	0.52
2:B:216:CYS:O	2:B:220:SER:OG	2.27	0.51
1:A:1138:ILE:HG23	1:A:1144:GLY:HA3	1.92	0.51
2:B:342:LEU:HD13	2:B:359:ILE:HD13	1.93	0.51
1:A:415:ILE:HD12	1:A:510:CYS:HB2	1.92	0.50
1:A:624:ILE:HD11	1:A:1235:ILE:HA	1.94	0.50
1:A:1431:ASP:O	1:A:1434:ARG:NH2	2.45	0.50
1:A:1356:TRP:O	1:A:1362:SER:OG	2.29	0.50
1:A:181:ILE:H	1:A:188:ILE:HD11	1.77	0.50
1:A:611:SER:O	1:A:1195:ASN:ND2	2.41	0.49
1:A:1092:LEU:O	1:A:1096:ASN:ND2	2.45	0.49
1:A:1384:VAL:HG21	2:B:377:VAL:HG13	1.95	0.49
1:A:1015:ILE:HG23	1:A:1040:TYR:HE2	1.77	0.48
6:A:1603:6PL:H332	6:A:1603:6PL:H182	1.95	0.48
1:A:667:ASP:OD2	5:A:1602:BEF:F1	2.21	0.48
1:A:1209:ASN:ND2	1:A:1214:SER:OG	2.46	0.48
1:A:616:SER:HB3	6:A:1604:6PL:H331	1.95	0.48
2:B:221:LYS:HB3	2:B:227:ILE:HG22	1.96	0.48
2:B:230:PRO:HB2	2:B:235:ALA:HB1	1.96	0.48
1:A:419:ILE:HB	1:A:506:LEU:HB2	1.95	0.47
2:B:55:GLU:HG3	2:B:60:GLN:HG3	1.95	0.47
1:A:776:LEU:HD23	1:A:823:LEU:HD12	1.97	0.47
2:B:160:GLN:HB3	2:B:341:GLN:HE21	1.80	0.47
1:A:1127:ALA:HB1	1:A:1137:MET:HG2	1.97	0.46
1:A:1357:SER:HB2	1:A:1368:ALA:H	1.79	0.46
1:A:420:ILE:HD13	1:A:500:ILE:HD13	1.97	0.46
2:B:102:GLU:HG2	2:B:129:VAL:HB	1.98	0.46
1:A:1240:LEU:O	1:A:1333:ARG:NH1	2.49	0.45
1:A:1413:GLU:HB3	2:B:403:ILE:HG22	1.98	0.45
1:A:1126:LEU:HD12	1:A:1143:VAL:HB	1.97	0.45
2:B:159:CYS:HB2	2:B:346:LEU:HD11	1.99	0.45

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:249:ASN:H	2:B:256:ASN:HD22	1.63	0.45
1:A:731:ARG:HH22	1:A:816:VAL:HA	1.81	0.45
1:A:1178:ARG:NH1	1:A:1249:SER:OG	2.48	0.45
2:B:97:ASN:ND2	2:B:371:ASN:O	2.49	0.45
1:A:1318:ILE:HD11	1:A:1381:VAL:HG12	1.97	0.45
1:A:669:THR:O	5:A:1602:BEF:F1	2.25	0.45
1:A:196:ILE:HG12	1:A:198:THR:HG23	1.99	0.44
1:A:276:LYS:HD2	1:A:395:LYS:HD3	1.98	0.44
1:A:731:ARG:HD2	1:A:791:LYS:HG2	1.99	0.44
1:A:1191:PHE:HD1	1:A:1234:VAL:HG11	1.81	0.44
1:A:1254:GLN:HB2	2:B:409:LEU:HD22	2.00	0.44
1:A:620:SER:O	1:A:624:ILE:HG12	2.17	0.44
1:A:1307:HIS:CD2	1:A:1309:TYR:H	2.35	0.44
1:A:838:ASN:HB2	1:A:852:ILE:HD13	1.99	0.44
1:A:1091:LEU:HD21	1:A:1121:LEU:HG	1.99	0.44
2:B:240:ASN:HB3	2:B:347:HIS:HB2	1.98	0.44
1:A:1014:VAL:HG12	1:A:1016:LYS:HB2	2.00	0.44
1:A:1194:LYS:HD3	1:A:1230:THR:HB	1.99	0.44
1:A:534:ASN:HB3	1:A:1107:PRO:HB2	2.00	0.43
1:A:1384:VAL:HB	2:B:378:TYR:CZ	2.53	0.43
1:A:782:VAL:HG21	1:A:817:GLY:HA2	2.01	0.43
1:A:867:LEU:HD13	1:A:917:GLU:HG3	2.00	0.43
1:A:1353:THR:O	1:A:1357:SER:OG	2.29	0.43
2:B:97:ASN:HD21	2:B:371:ASN:C	2.27	0.43
1:A:764:GLN:HE22	1:A:765:ARG:HH11	1.66	0.43
1:A:1175:VAL:HG22	1:A:1249:SER:HB2	2.01	0.43
1:A:1255:LEU:HD21	1:A:1411:VAL:HG21	2.01	0.42
1:A:667:ASP:OD1	1:A:1110:LYS:NZ	2.45	0.42
2:B:176:ASN:HB2	2:B:360:TYR:HB3	2.00	0.42
1:A:1247:THR:HG22	1:A:1427:TYR:H	1.84	0.42
1:A:814:SER:HB3	1:A:826:GLU:HB3	2.01	0.42
1:A:471:SER:OG	1:A:472:GLU:N	2.52	0.42
1:A:257:LYS:HB3	1:A:257:LYS:HE3	1.86	0.42
1:A:1130:ASP:OD1	5:A:1602:BEF:F1	2.28	0.42
1:A:710:THR:OG1	1:A:714:ARG:NH1	2.53	0.42
1:A:1194:LYS:HE3	1:A:1234:VAL:HG23	2.01	0.41
1:A:1040:TYR:HA	1:A:1043:GLU:HB3	2.03	0.41
2:B:56:ASP:N	2:B:56:ASP:OD1	2.54	0.41
1:A:1013:LEU:HB2	1:A:1070:ILE:HD13	2.02	0.41
1:A:1431:ASP:HB3	1:A:1434:ARG:HB3	2.03	0.41
2:B:87:VAL:HG13	2:B:382:GLY:HA3	2.03	0.41

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:264:ILE:HD13	2:B:264:ILE:HA	1.88	0.41
2:B:348:TRP:HD1	2:B:357:LYS:HD3	1.86	0.41
1:A:501:THR:H	1:A:504:ASN:HD22	1.68	0.40
1:A:1296:MET:HB2	2:B:324:THR:HB	2.03	0.40
1:A:501:THR:OG1	1:A:502:ILE:N	2.54	0.40
2:B:348:TRP:O	2:B:357:LYS:NZ	2.47	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	1168/1571 (74%)	1089 (93%)	79 (7%)	0	100	100
2	B	360/414 (87%)	343 (95%)	17 (5%)	0	100	100
All	All	1528/1985 (77%)	1432 (94%)	96 (6%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	1016/1367 (74%)	1015 (100%)	1 (0%)	88	97
2	B	318/364 (87%)	318 (100%)	0	100	100

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
All	All	1334/1731 (77%)	1333 (100%)	1 (0%)	87 97

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1234	VAL

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (17) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	411	ASN
1	A	437	ASN
1	A	454	ASN
1	A	477	ASN
1	A	534	ASN
1	A	674	GLN
1	A	685	ASN
1	A	778	HIS
1	A	915	GLN
1	A	1061	HIS
1	A	1419	HIS
2	B	97	ASN
2	B	113	ASN
2	B	125	HIS
2	B	155	GLN
2	B	256	ASN
2	B	341	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

3 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
3	NAG	C	1	2,3	14,14,15	0.82	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.82	4 (23%)
3	NAG	C	2	3	14,14,15	0.94	1 (7%)	17,19,21	0.90	1 (5%)
3	BMA	C	3	3	11,11,12	0.75	0	15,15,17	0.72	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	C	1	2,3	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	C	2	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	C	3	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	C	2	NAG	C1-C2	3.36	1.56	1.52
3	C	1	NAG	C1-C2	2.37	1.55	1.52

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	C	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	5.28	119.26	112.19
3	C	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.86	116.01	112.19
3	C	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	2.83	126.69	122.90
3	C	1	NAG	C1-C2-N2	2.81	114.86	110.43
3	C	1	NAG	O4-C4-C5	2.19	114.71	109.32

There are no chirality outliers.

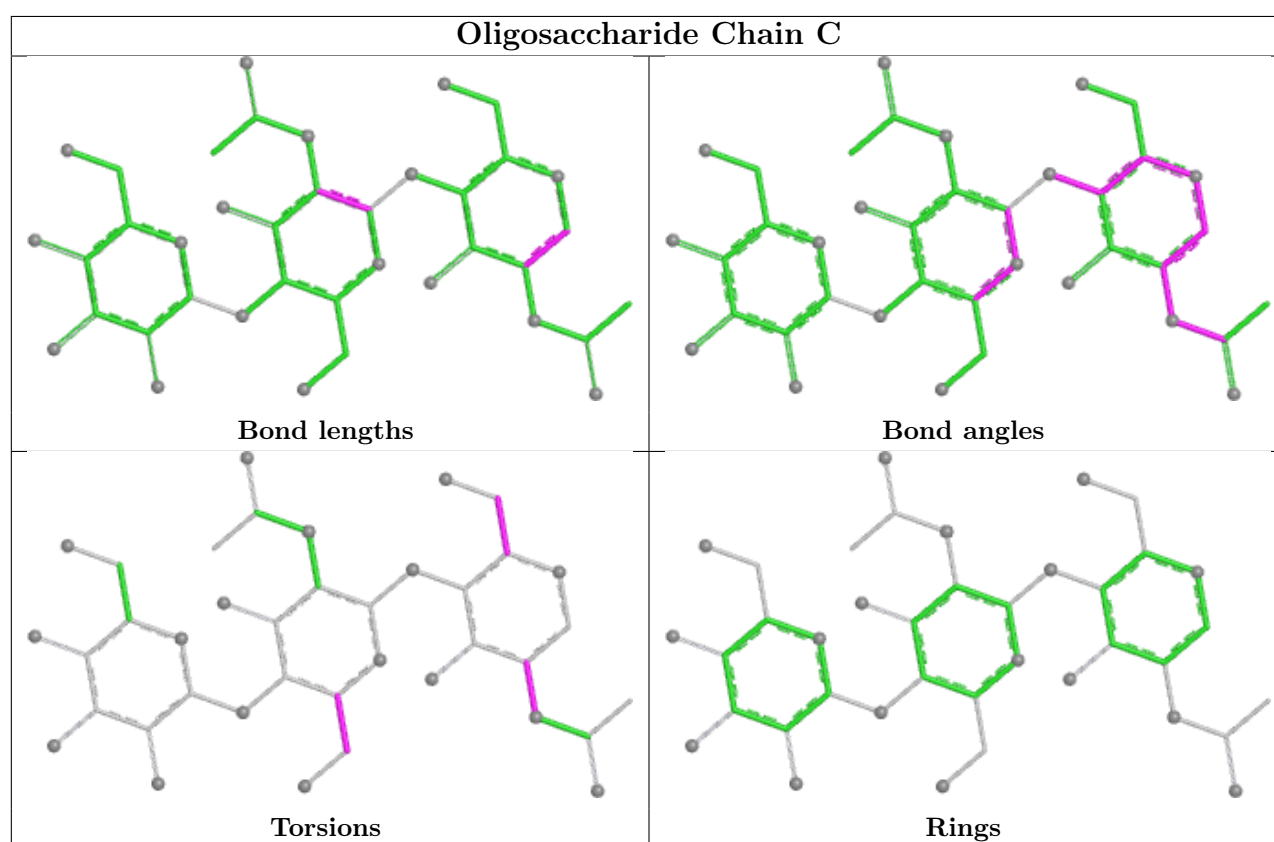
All (6) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	C	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	C	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	C	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	C	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	C	1	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
3	C	1	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.



5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 3 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the

expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
5	BEF	A	1602	-	0,3,3	-	-	-		
6	6PL	A	1603	-	51,51,51	0.31	0	57,59,59	0.69	2 (3%)
6	6PL	A	1604	-	51,51,51	0.28	0	57,59,59	0.36	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	6PL	A	1603	-	-	12/55/55/55	-
6	6PL	A	1604	-	-	8/55/55/55	-

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
6	A	1603	6PL	O2-C31-C32	3.87	119.86	111.48
6	A	1603	6PL	O2-C31-O31	-2.01	119.01	123.70

There are no chirality outliers.

All (20) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	A	1603	6PL	O31-C31-O2-C2
6	A	1603	6PL	C32-C31-O2-C2
6	A	1604	6PL	C32-C31-O2-C2
6	A	1604	6PL	O11-C11-O3-C3
6	A	1604	6PL	C12-C11-O3-C3
6	A	1603	6PL	O11-C11-O3-C3
6	A	1604	6PL	O31-C31-O2-C2
6	A	1603	6PL	C12-C11-O3-C3
6	A	1604	6PL	C36-C37-C38-C39
6	A	1603	6PL	C12-C13-C14-C15
6	A	1603	6PL	C11-C12-C13-C14
6	A	1603	6PL	C38-C39-C40-C41
6	A	1603	6PL	C19-C20-C21-C22
6	A	1604	6PL	C33-C34-C35-C36

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

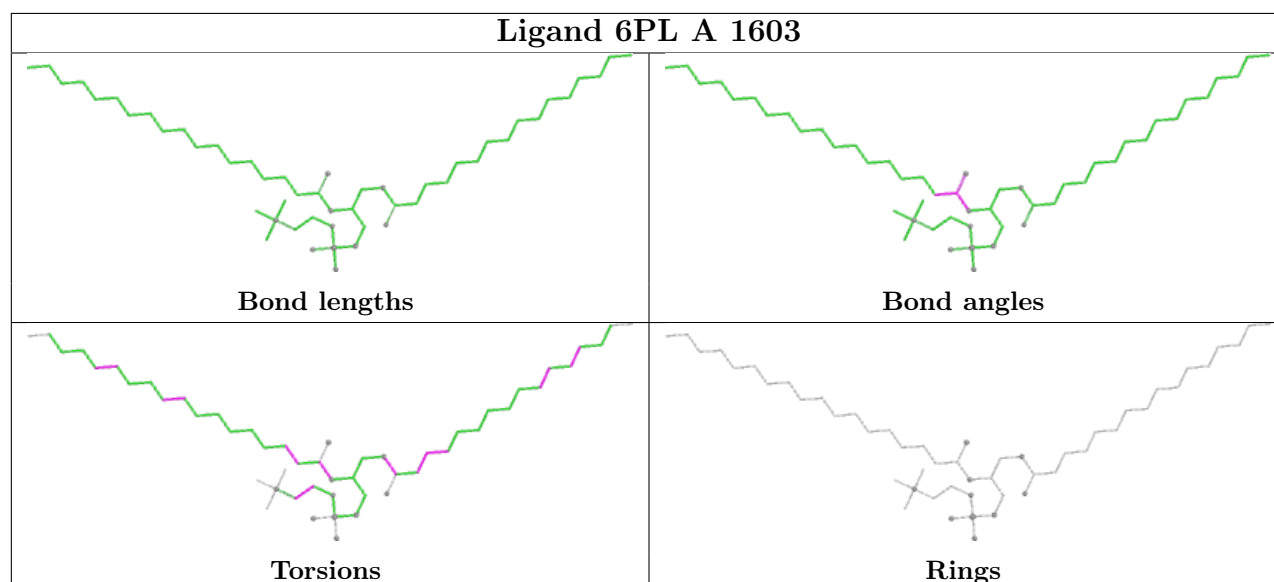
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	A	1603	6PL	O4P-C4-C5-N
6	A	1604	6PL	O2-C2-C3-O3
6	A	1603	6PL	C31-C32-C33-C34
6	A	1603	6PL	C21-C22-C23-C24
6	A	1604	6PL	C1-C2-C3-O3
6	A	1603	6PL	C42-C43-C44-C45

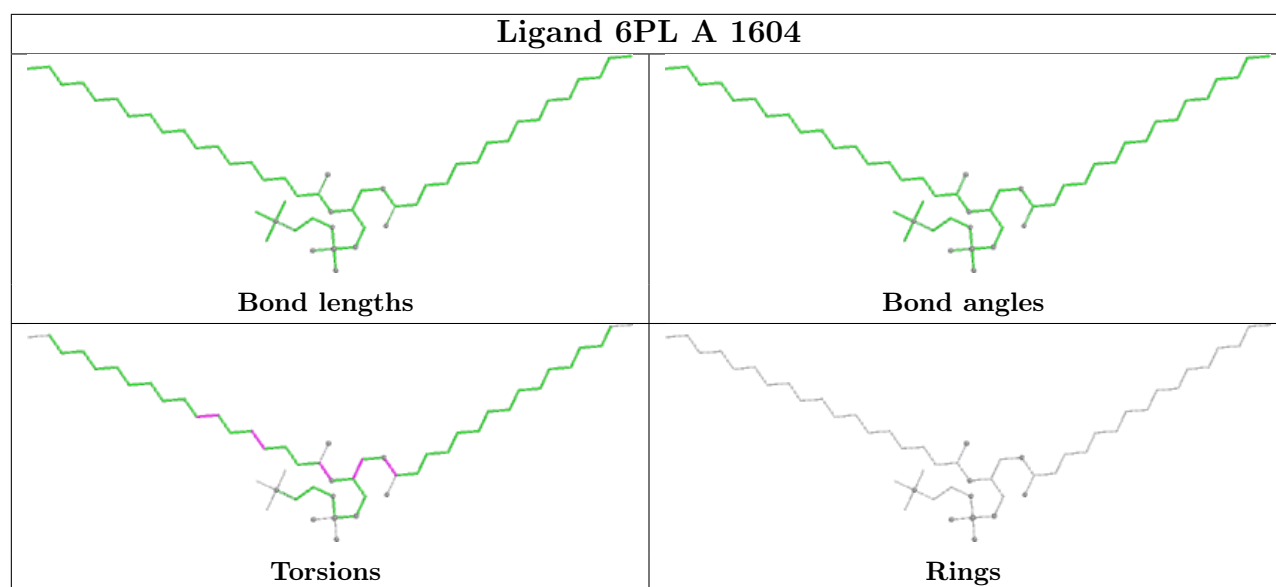
There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 5 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	1602	BEF	3	0
6	A	1603	6PL	1	0
6	A	1604	6PL	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

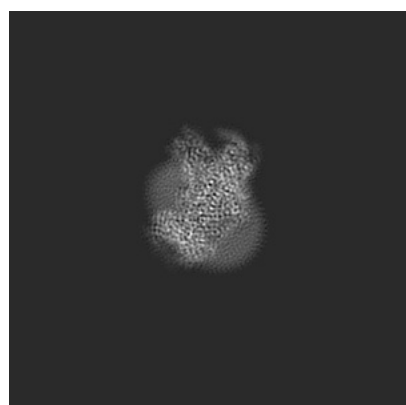
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-30829. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

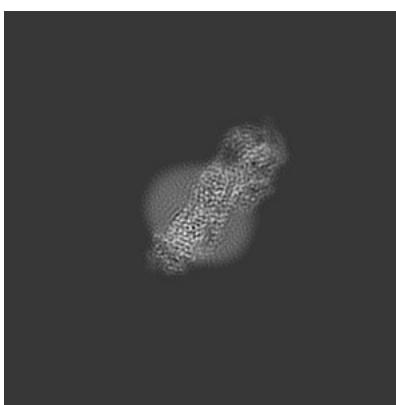
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

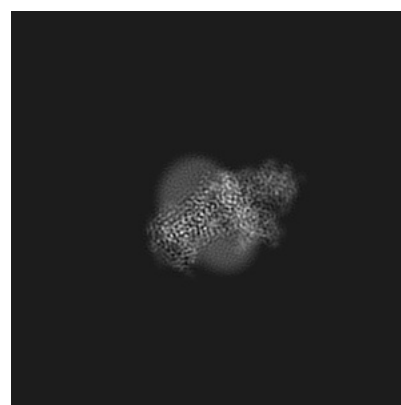
6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

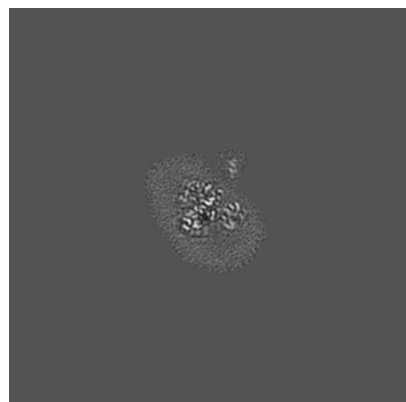


Z

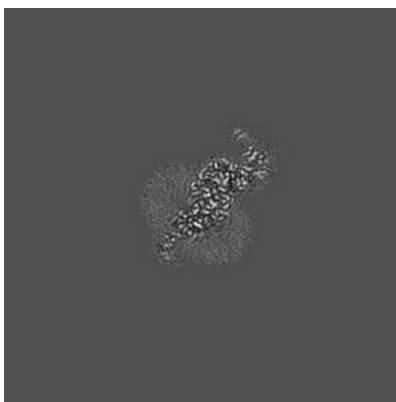
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

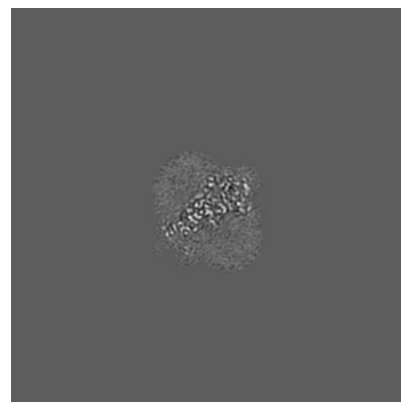
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 160



Y Index: 160

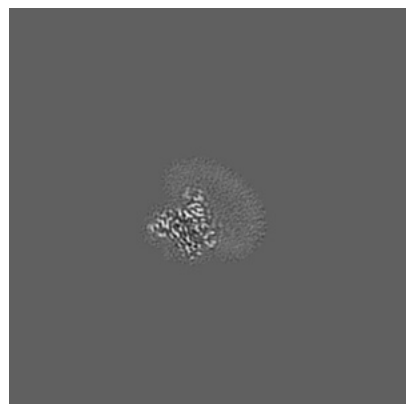


Z Index: 160

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

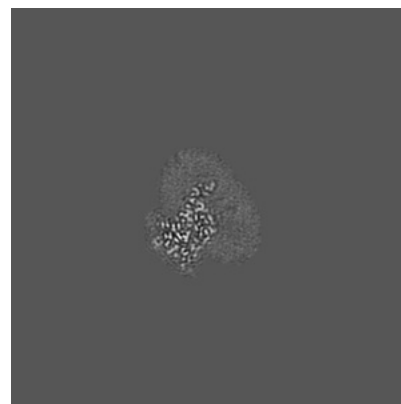
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 137



Y Index: 145

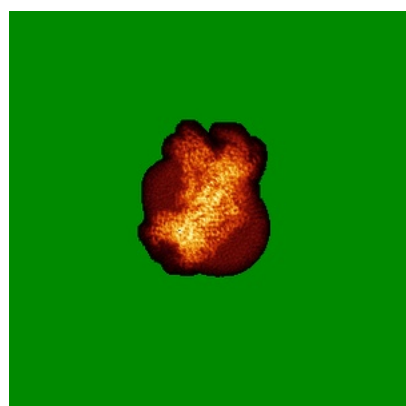


Z Index: 144

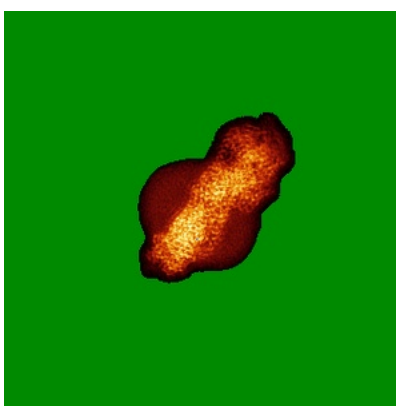
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

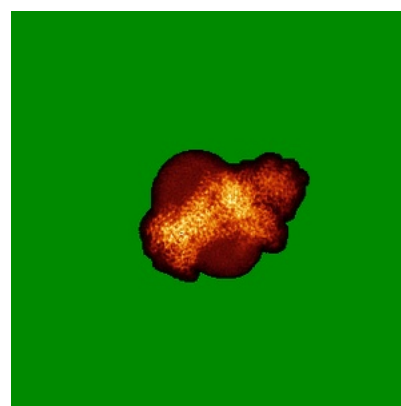
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y

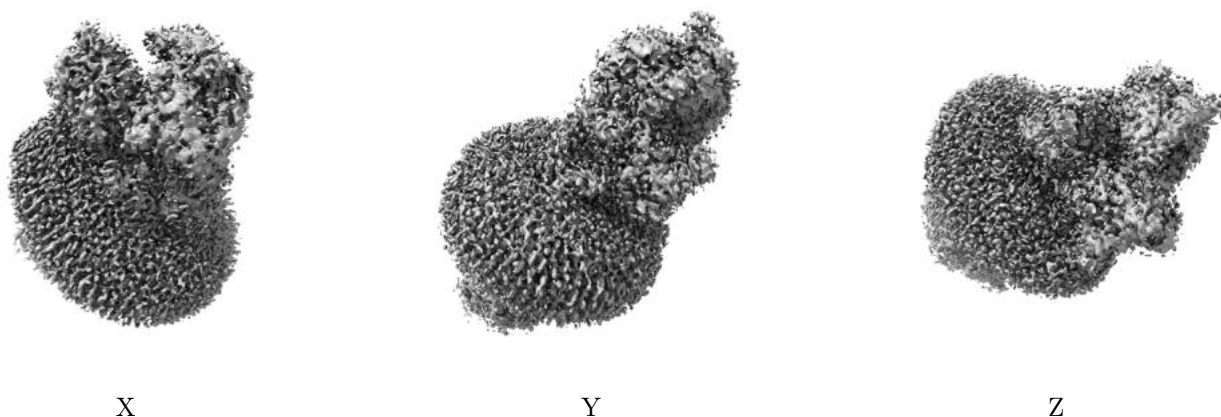


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.015. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

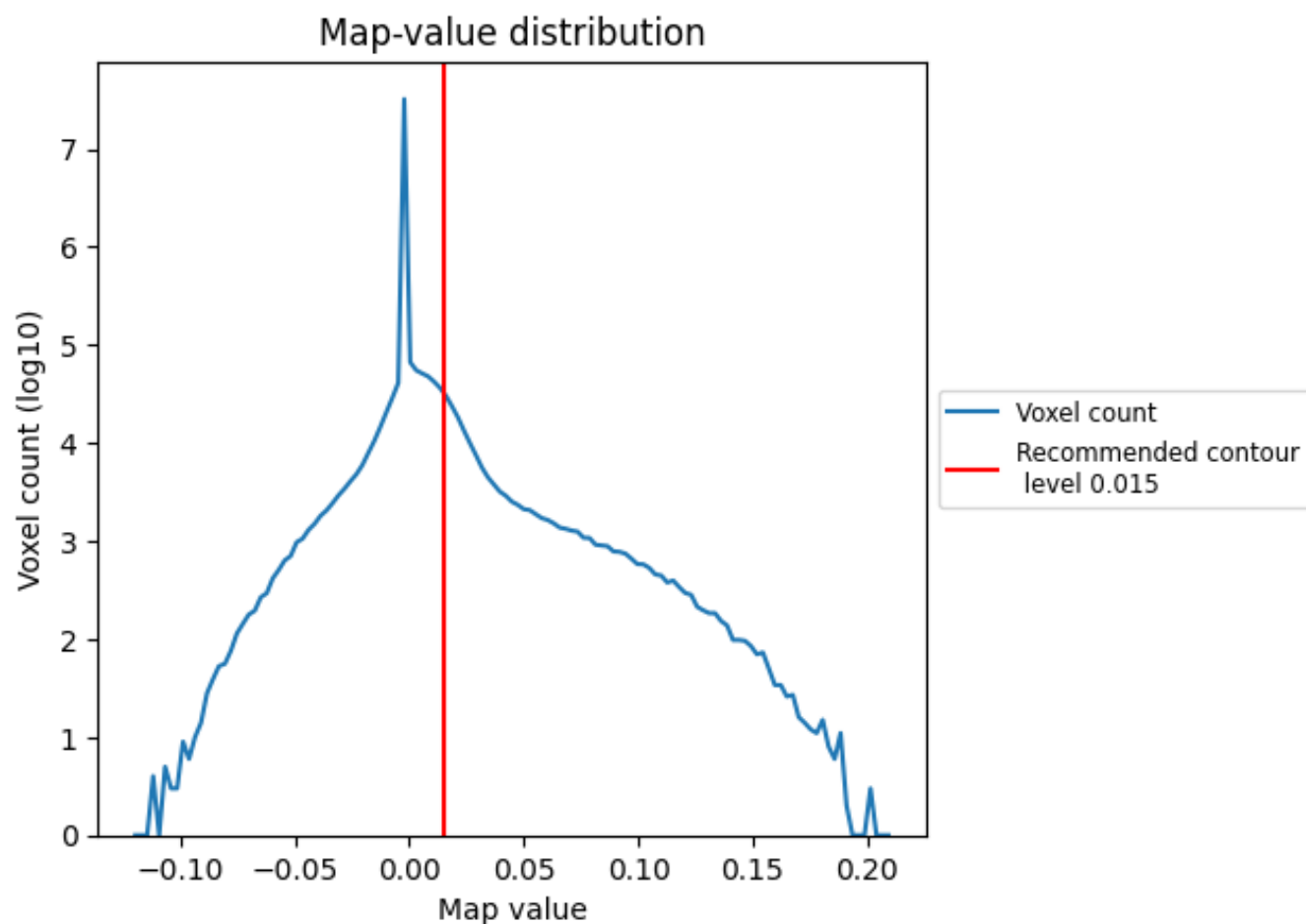
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

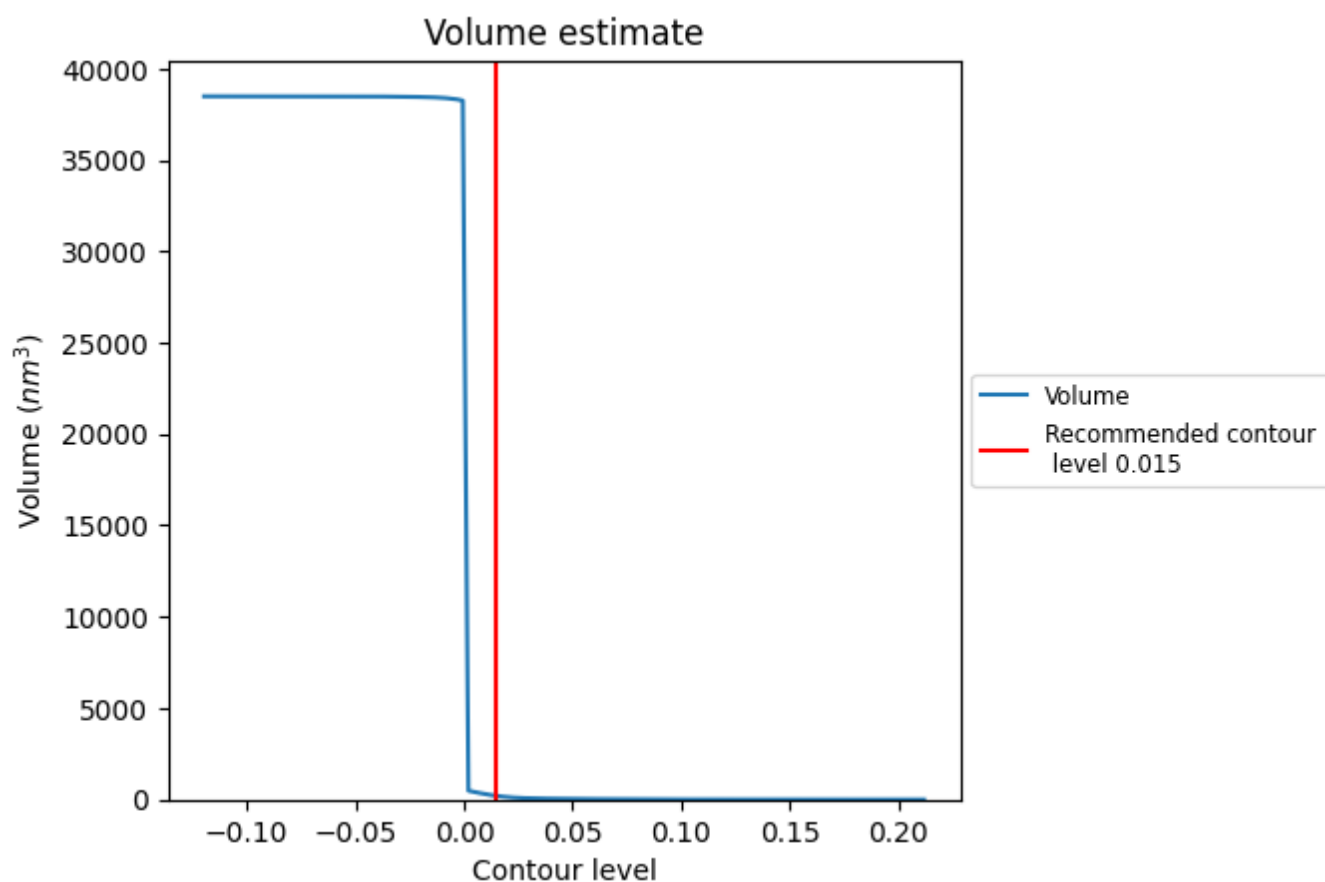
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

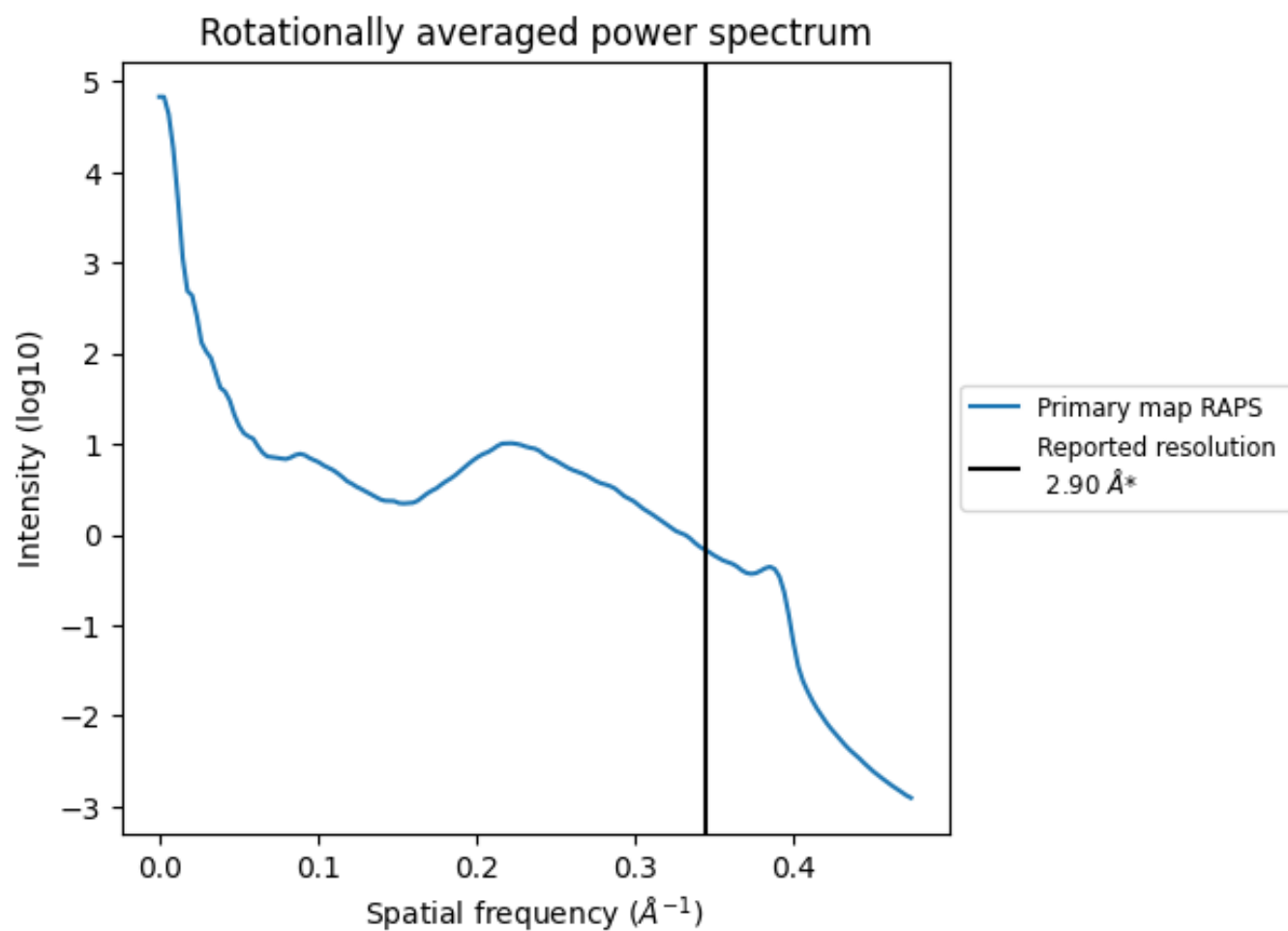
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 203 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 183 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.345 Å⁻¹

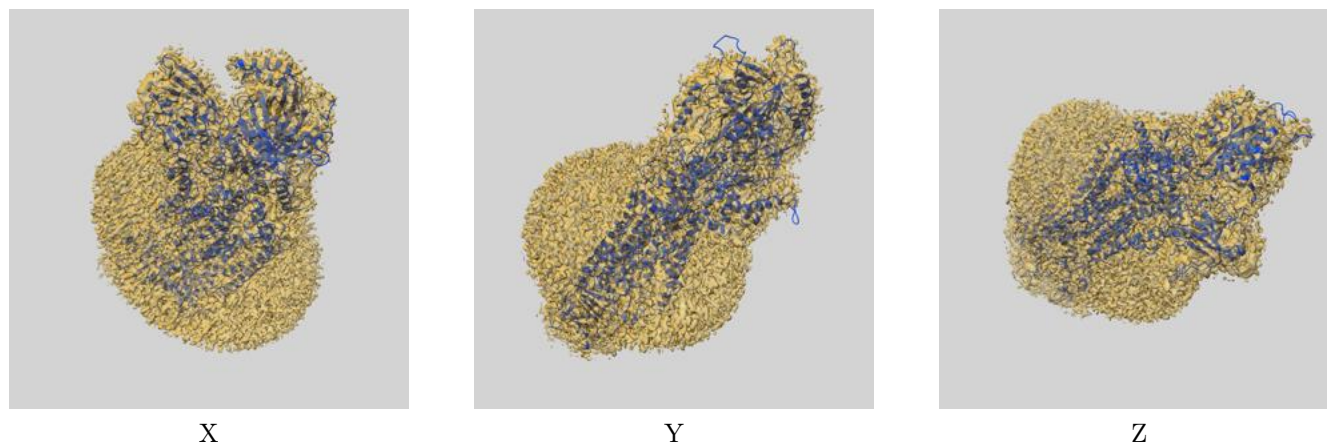
8 Fourier-Shell correlation

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

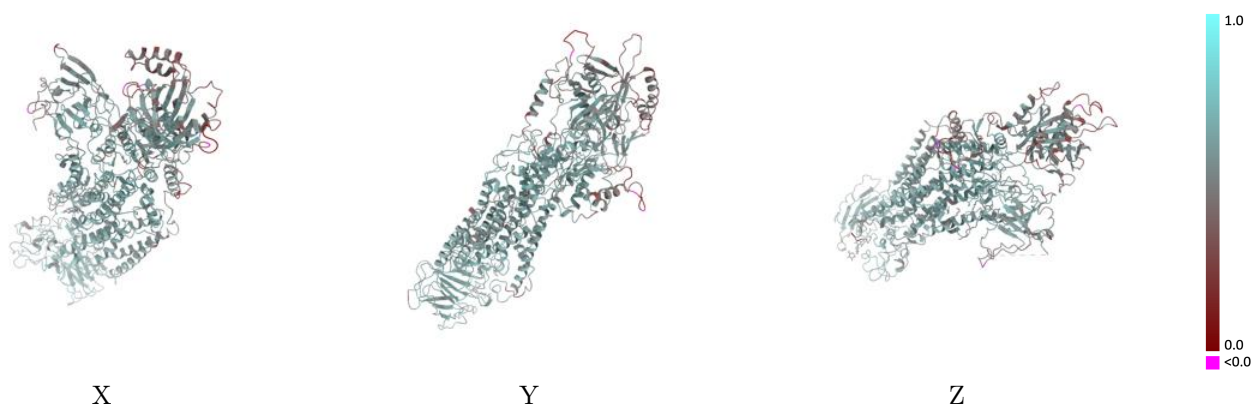
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-30829 and PDB model 7DRX. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in [section 3](#) on [page 6](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



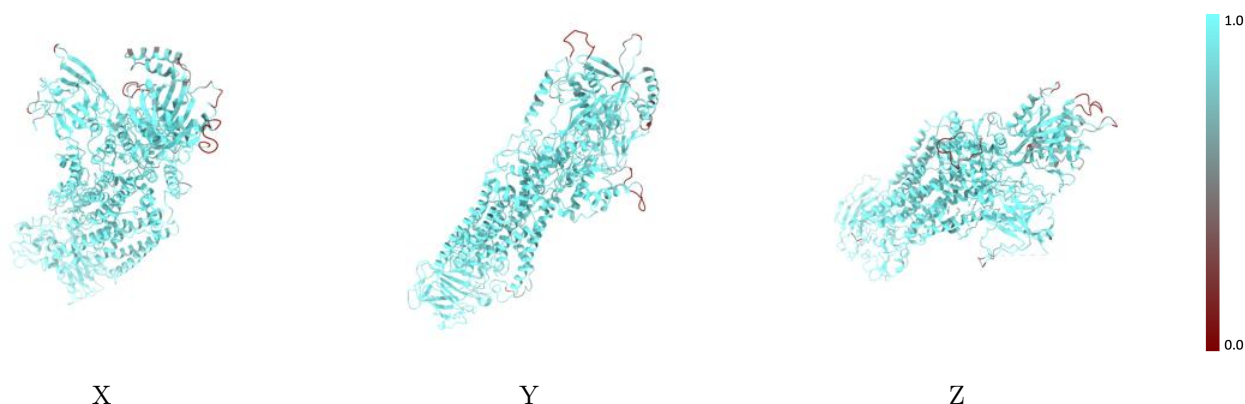
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.015 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



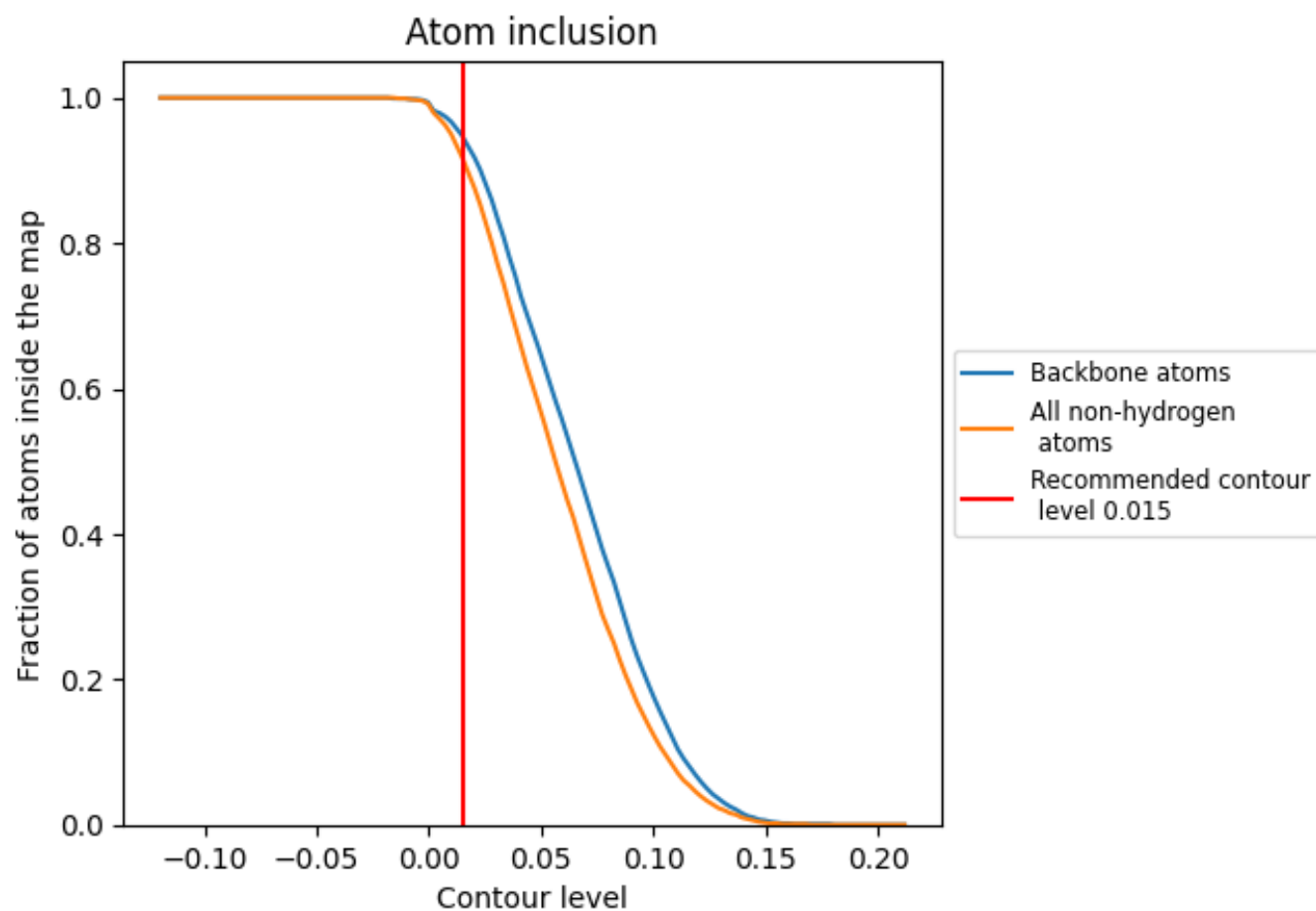
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.015).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 95% of all backbone atoms, 92% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.015) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.9160	0.5560
A	0.9040	0.5470
B	0.9550	0.5870
C	0.9230	0.4900

