



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 10, 2026 – 04:59 PM UTC

PDB ID : 4DXU / pdb_00004dxu
Title : Crystal Structure of C-lobe of Bovine lactoferrin Complexed with aminocaproic acid at 1.46 Å Resolution
Authors : Shukla, P.K.; Gautam, L.; Sinha, M.; Kaur, P.; Sharma, S.; Singh, T.P.
Deposited on : 2012-02-28
Resolution : 1.46 Å (reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 2.0
EDS : 3.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4 : 9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness : 1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

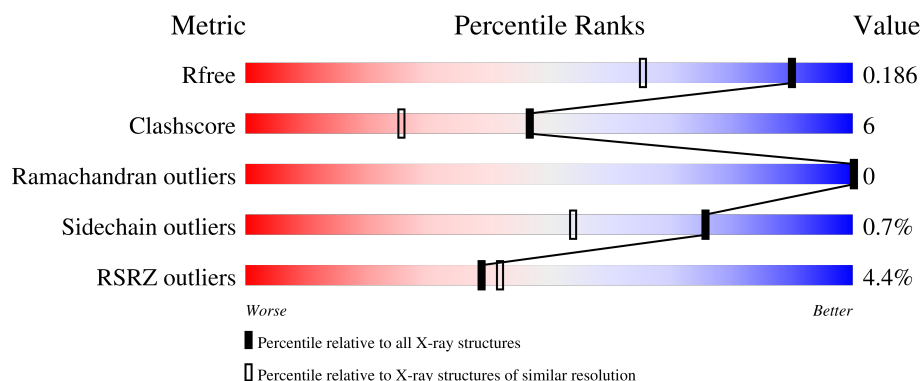
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.46 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	1756 (1.46-1.46)
Clashscore	190562	1795 (1.46-1.46)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	1776 (1.46-1.46)
Sidechain outliers	187428	1776 (1.46-1.46)
RSRZ outliers	180081	1756 (1.46-1.46)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	335	4% 82% 16% .
2	B	6	50% 67% 33%
3	C	2	50% 50%
3	D	2	100%

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 10 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3119 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Lactotransferrin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	335	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2560	1593	448	499	20			

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	565	LYS	ASN	conflict	UNP P24627
A	608	GLU	LYS	conflict	UNP P24627

- Molecule 2 is a protein called C-TERMINAL PEPTIDE OF Lactotransferrin.

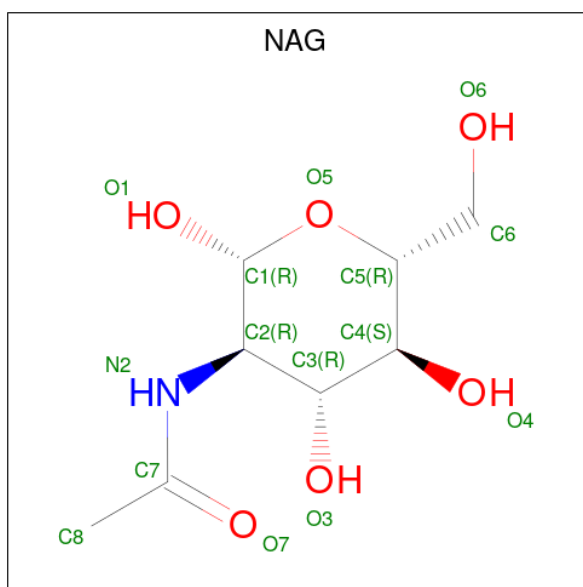
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	6	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			44	29	6	8	1			

- Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	C	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			28	16	2	10			
3	D	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			28	16	2	10			

- Molecule 4 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (CCD ID: NAG) (formula: C₈H₁₅NO₆).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		

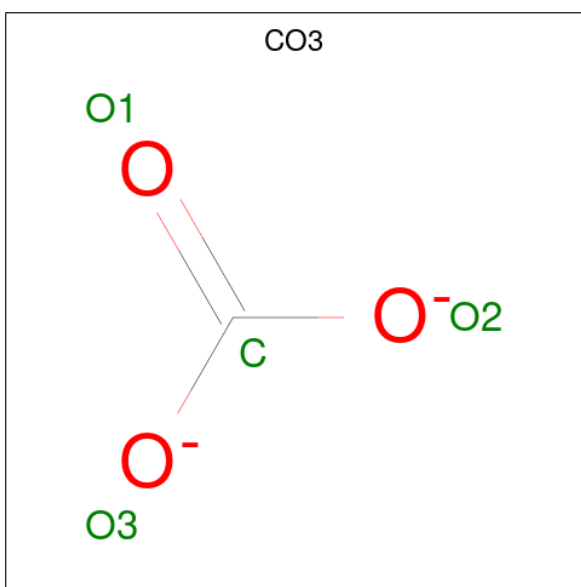
- Molecule 5 is FE (III) ION (CCD ID: FE) (formula: Fe).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	Fe	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 6 is ZINC ION (CCD ID: ZN) (formula: Zn).

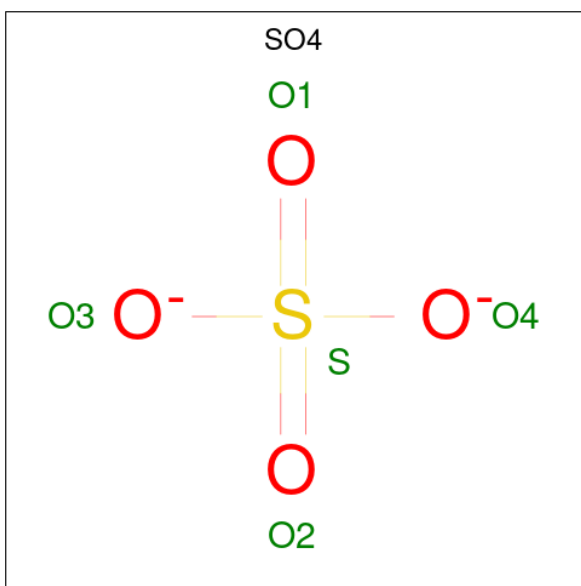
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	2	Total	Zn	0	0
			2	2		

- Molecule 7 is CARBONATE ION (CCD ID: CO3) (formula: CO₃).



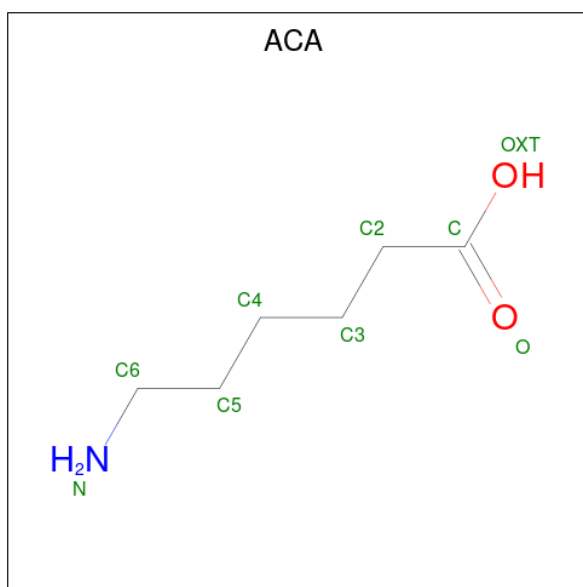
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			4	1	3		

- Molecule 8 is SULFATE ION (CCD ID: SO4) (formula: O₄S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		

- Molecule 9 is 6-AMINOHEXANOIC ACID (CCD ID: ACA) (formula: C₆H₁₃NO₂).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			9	6	1	2		

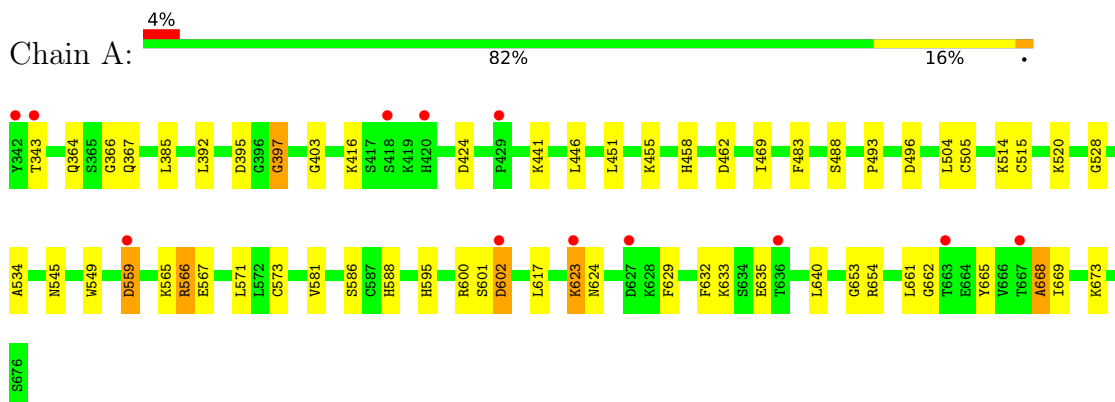
- Molecule 10 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
10	A	419	Total	O	0	0
			419	419		
10	B	5	Total	O	0	0
			5	5		

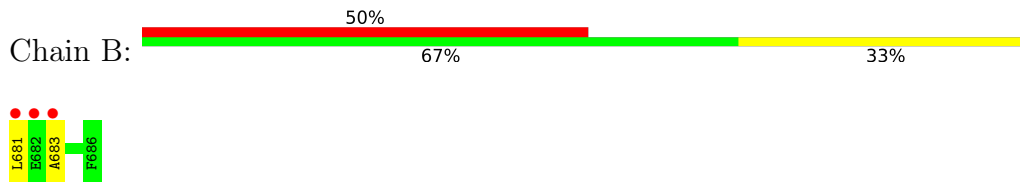
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Lactotransferrin



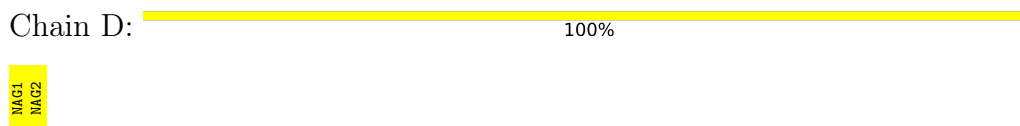
- Molecule 2: C-TERMINAL PEPTIDE OF Lactotransferrin



- Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



- Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	62.66Å 49.92Å 65.36Å 90.00° 107.31° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	62.40 – 1.46 62.40 – 1.46	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.5 (62.40-1.46) 99.5 (62.40-1.46)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.04	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.29 (at 1.46Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.6.0117	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.158 , 0.187 0.158 , 0.186	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	3376 reflections (5.04%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	14.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.428	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.36 , 37.1	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.017 for l,-k,h	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	3119	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	22.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.70% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN, CO3, SO4, ACA, FE, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	1.69	27/2608 (1.0%)	1.49	9/3533 (0.3%)
2	B	0.84	0/44	0.63	0/58
All	All	1.68	27/2652 (1.0%)	1.48	9/3591 (0.3%)

All (27) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	571	LEU	C-O	9.22	1.34	1.23
1	A	458	HIS	ND1-CE1	9.22	1.41	1.32
1	A	600	ARG	CD-NE	-6.63	1.36	1.46
1	A	624	ASN	N-CA	-6.31	1.38	1.46
1	A	602	ASP	C-O	-6.14	1.15	1.24
1	A	640	LEU	N-CA	6.04	1.53	1.46
1	A	566	ARG	CZ-NH1	5.80	1.40	1.32
1	A	496	ASP	N-CA	5.76	1.55	1.46
1	A	392	LEU	C-O	5.75	1.30	1.23
1	A	403	GLY	C-O	5.72	1.30	1.23
1	A	343	THR	CA-C	5.68	1.59	1.52
1	A	534	ALA	N-CA	5.66	1.53	1.46
1	A	469	ILE	N-CA	5.65	1.53	1.46
1	A	441	LYS	N-CA	5.61	1.53	1.46
1	A	397	GLY	N-CA	5.55	1.52	1.45
1	A	545	ASN	C-O	5.53	1.30	1.24
1	A	635	GLU	N-CA	5.41	1.54	1.46
1	A	588	HIS	CD2-NE2	5.38	1.43	1.37
1	A	601	SER	CB-OG	-5.30	1.31	1.42
1	A	668	ALA	N-CA	5.27	1.52	1.46
1	A	488	SER	C-O	5.21	1.30	1.24
1	A	493	PRO	N-CA	5.21	1.53	1.47
1	A	549	TRP	CA-C	-5.21	1.46	1.52
1	A	446	LEU	C-O	-5.13	1.17	1.24

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	424	ASP	CA-C	5.08	1.59	1.52
1	A	451	LEU	N-CA	5.07	1.52	1.46
1	A	385	LEU	C-O	5.03	1.30	1.24

All (9) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	559	ASP	N-CA-C	6.71	119.45	111.33
1	A	403	GLY	CA-C-O	-5.59	114.73	120.66
1	A	528	GLY	O-C-N	-5.44	116.91	122.19
1	A	586	SER	N-CA-C	5.31	119.31	112.41
1	A	566	ARG	N-CA-CB	-5.29	102.07	110.22
1	A	545	ASN	O-C-N	-5.26	116.54	122.12
1	A	573	CYS	O-C-N	-5.20	117.23	123.06
1	A	566	ARG	CA-C-O	5.10	125.86	120.10
1	A	441	LYS	O-C-N	5.02	127.44	122.12

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2560	0	2480	27	0
2	B	44	0	39	3	0
3	C	28	0	25	1	0
3	D	28	0	25	0	0
4	A	14	0	13	0	0
5	A	1	0	0	0	0
6	A	2	0	0	0	0
7	A	4	0	0	0	0
8	A	5	0	0	0	0
9	A	9	0	6	3	0
10	A	419	0	0	2	0
10	B	5	0	0	1	0
All	All	3119	0	2588	30	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (30) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:565:LYS:HE3	1:A:567:GLU:H	1.29	0.96
1:A:565:LYS:HE3	1:A:567:GLU:N	1.95	0.81
1:A:623:LYS:HZ2	1:A:623:LYS:HB3	1.49	0.77
1:A:520:LYS:HA	1:A:520:LYS:HE2	1.75	0.69
1:A:395:ASP:HA	1:A:595:HIS:CD2	2.36	0.60
1:A:617:LEU:CD2	1:A:623:LYS:HE3	2.32	0.59
1:A:669:ILE:CG2	1:A:673:LYS:HE2	2.36	0.56
1:A:505:CYS:O	1:A:514:LYS:HE2	2.06	0.55
1:A:565:LYS:HE3	1:A:567:GLU:CB	2.38	0.53
1:A:661:LEU:O	9:A:711:ACA:H51	2.10	0.52
1:A:366:GLY:C	1:A:367:GLN:HG2	2.36	0.51
1:A:623:LYS:HZ2	1:A:623:LYS:CB	2.22	0.51
1:A:665:TYR:N	9:A:711:ACA:N	2.54	0.50
1:A:617:LEU:HD23	1:A:623:LYS:HE3	1.92	0.50
1:A:632:PHE:O	1:A:633:LYS:HE3	2.12	0.49
2:B:681:LEU:O	2:B:681:LEU:HG	2.10	0.49
1:A:623:LYS:HB3	1:A:623:LYS:NZ	2.20	0.47
1:A:483:PHE:CD2	1:A:483:PHE:C	2.93	0.46
1:A:566:ARG:HG2	1:A:581:VAL:HG21	1.96	0.46
1:A:559:ASP:HB3	10:A:1001:HOH:O	2.16	0.46
2:B:681:LEU:HD23	2:B:681:LEU:N	2.31	0.46
1:A:416:LYS:HE2	1:A:416:LYS:HB2	1.59	0.45
1:A:653:GLY:O	1:A:654:ARG:C	2.58	0.45
1:A:662:GLY:HA3	9:A:711:ACA:C6	2.49	0.43
1:A:668:ALA:HB1	3:C:1:NAG:H83	2.00	0.42
1:A:364:GLN:HG3	1:A:629:PHE:HB2	2.02	0.42
2:B:683:ALA:HB1	10:B:704:HOH:O	2.18	0.42
1:A:602:ASP:HB2	10:A:804:HOH:O	2.18	0.42
1:A:397:GLY:HA3	1:A:462:ASP:O	2.20	0.41
1:A:455:LYS:HB3	1:A:504:LEU:HD11	2.02	0.41

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	333/335 (99%)	321 (96%)	12 (4%)	0	100	100
2	B	4/6 (67%)	2 (50%)	2 (50%)	0	100	100
All	All	337/341 (99%)	323 (96%)	14 (4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	278/278 (100%)	276 (99%)	2 (1%)	76	54
2	B	4/4 (100%)	4 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	282/282 (100%)	280 (99%)	2 (1%)	76	54

All (2) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	515	CYS
1	A	623	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	355	GLN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	364	GLN
1	A	420	HIS
1	A	585	GLN
1	A	624	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

4 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$
3	NAG	C	1	3,1	14,14,15	1.06	2 (14%)	17,19,21	1.55	4 (23%)
3	NAG	C	2	3	14,14,15	0.62	0	17,19,21	1.45	5 (29%)
3	NAG	D	1	3,1	14,14,15	1.16	2 (14%)	17,19,21	2.53	9 (52%)
3	NAG	D	2	3	14,14,15	0.82	1 (7%)	17,19,21	2.27	8 (47%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	C	1	3,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	C	2	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	D	1	3,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	D	2	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	D	1	NAG	C4-C5	2.13	1.57	1.53
3	C	1	NAG	C4-C3	2.06	1.57	1.52
3	D	1	NAG	C2-N2	2.02	1.49	1.46
3	D	2	NAG	C3-C2	2.02	1.56	1.52
3	C	1	NAG	O7-C7	2.01	1.27	1.23

All (26) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	D	2	NAG	C3-C4-C5	-5.64	100.01	110.23
3	D	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	4.49	118.20	112.19
3	D	1	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-4.00	105.11	111.29
3	D	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-3.84	117.76	122.90
3	C	1	NAG	C1-C2-N2	-3.40	105.07	110.43
3	D	2	NAG	O4-C4-C5	3.32	117.51	109.32
3	D	2	NAG	O6-C6-C5	-3.32	100.03	111.33
3	D	1	NAG	C1-C2-N2	-3.24	105.33	110.43
3	D	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2	2.96	127.21	121.98
3	D	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	-2.71	108.55	112.19
3	C	2	NAG	O4-C4-C5	2.66	115.87	109.32
3	D	2	NAG	O7-C7-C8	-2.60	117.43	122.05
3	D	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2	-2.55	111.88	116.12
3	D	1	NAG	O3-C3-C2	-2.47	104.27	109.40
3	D	1	NAG	O4-C4-C5	-2.43	103.35	109.32
3	D	2	NAG	O7-C7-N2	2.35	126.14	121.98
3	D	2	NAG	O3-C3-C2	-2.26	104.71	109.40
3	C	2	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.19	107.89	111.29
3	C	2	NAG	O7-C7-C8	-2.16	118.21	122.05
3	C	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.14	120.03	122.90
3	D	1	NAG	C3-C4-C5	-2.12	106.39	110.23
3	C	2	NAG	C2-N2-C7	2.10	125.71	122.90
3	C	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.08	114.98	112.19
3	C	1	NAG	O5-C5-C4	-2.07	105.80	110.83
3	D	2	NAG	O4-C4-C3	2.03	115.15	110.38
3	C	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.00	114.87	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

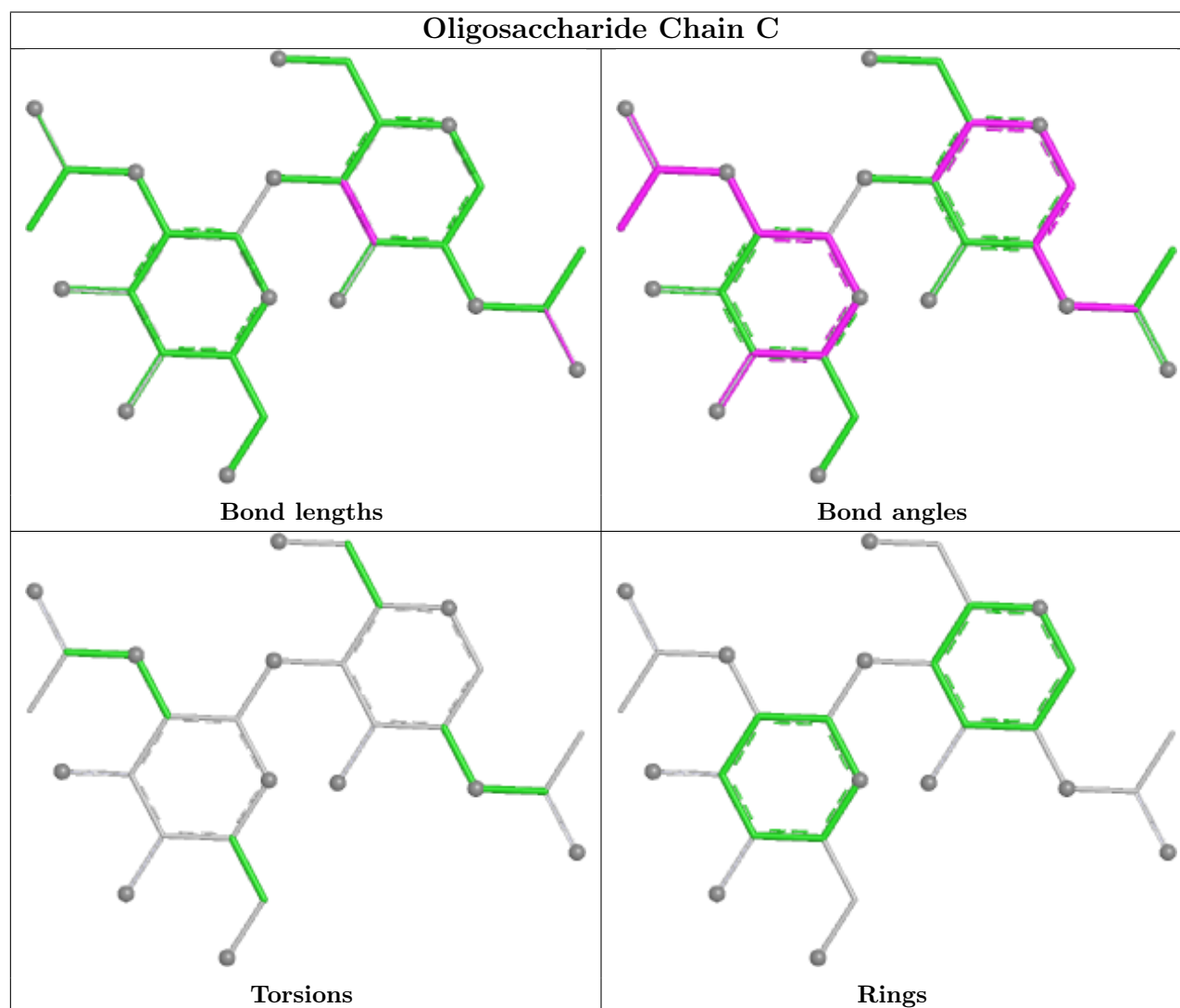
There are no torsion outliers.

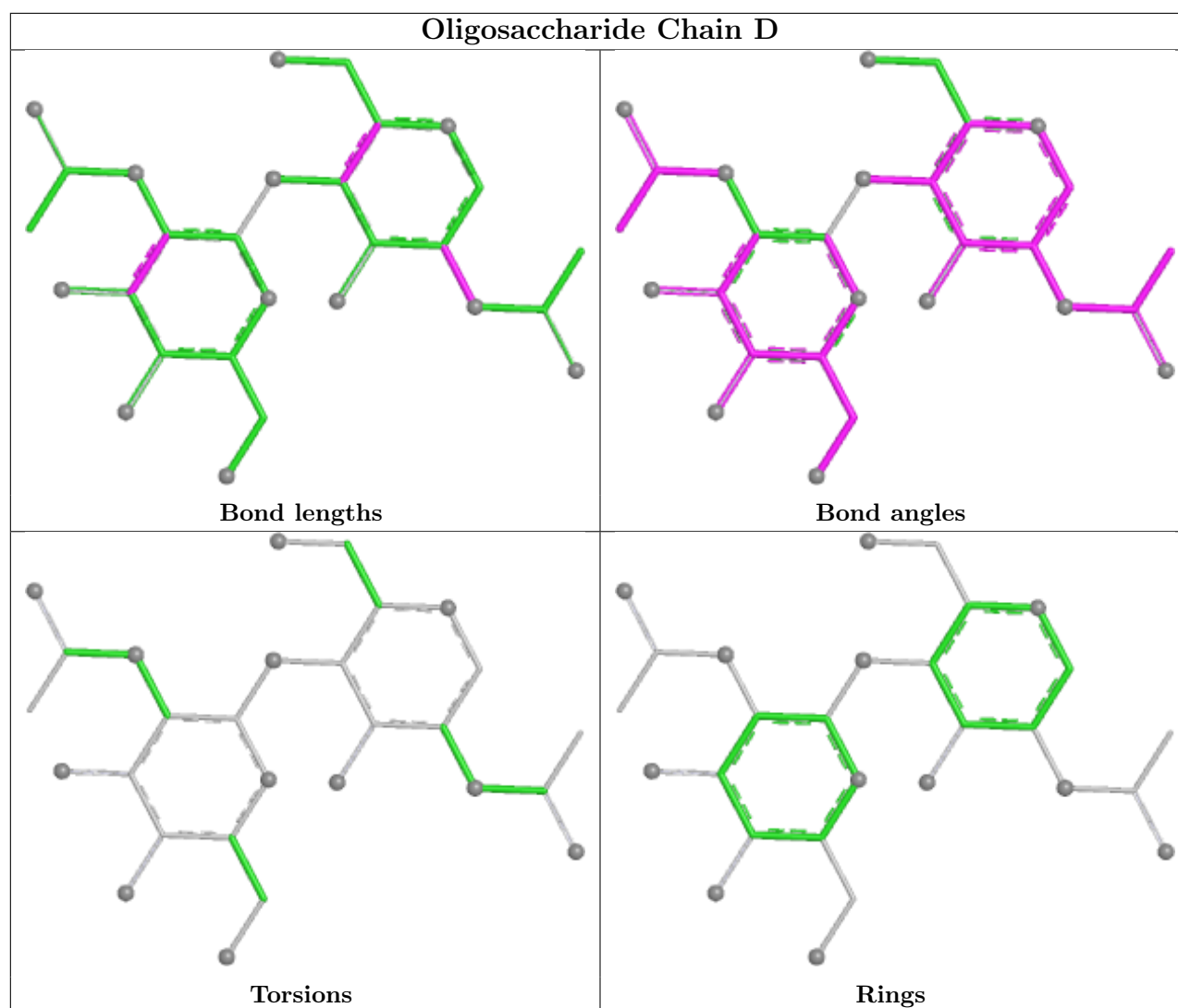
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	C	1	NAG	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 7 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
9	ACA	A	711	-	8,8,8	0.71	0	8,8,8	1.06	0
8	SO4	A	710	-	4,4,4	0.77	0	6,6,6	0.94	0
4	NAG	A	701	1	14,14,15	1.12	1 (7%)	17,19,21	2.09	5 (29%)

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
7	CO3	A	709	5	3,3,3	1.09	0	2,3,3	1.83	1 (50%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
9	ACA	A	711	-	-	4/6/6/6	-
4	NAG	A	701	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	A	701	NAG	O7-C7	2.41	1.28	1.23

All (6) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	A	701	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-4.67	104.07	111.29
4	A	701	NAG	O5-C5-C6	3.45	114.38	107.66
4	A	701	NAG	C1-C2-N2	3.05	115.25	110.43
4	A	701	NAG	O7-C7-N2	2.81	126.94	121.98
7	A	709	CO3	O3-C-O1	-2.29	113.82	119.68
4	A	701	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.02	114.90	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
9	A	711	ACA	C-C2-C3-C4
9	A	711	ACA	C3-C4-C5-C6
9	A	711	ACA	C2-C3-C4-C5
9	A	711	ACA	OXT-C-C2-C3

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
9	A	711	ACA	3	0

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	335/335 (100%)	-0.07	12 (3%) 46 48	9, 16, 38, 69	0
2	B	6/6 (100%)	2.81	3 (50%) 0 0	27, 31, 108, 109	0
All	All	341/341 (100%)	-0.02	15 (4%) 39 42	9, 16, 40, 109	0

All (15) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	B	681	LEU	6.3
1	A	342	TYR	5.3
2	B	683	ALA	4.2
1	A	418	SER	3.6
1	A	420	HIS	3.3
1	A	623	LYS	3.0
1	A	636	THR	2.5
1	A	663	THR	2.3
1	A	559	ASP	2.2
2	B	682	GLU	2.2
1	A	602	ASP	2.2
1	A	343	THR	2.2
1	A	667	THR	2.2
1	A	627	ASP	2.1
1	A	429	PRO	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

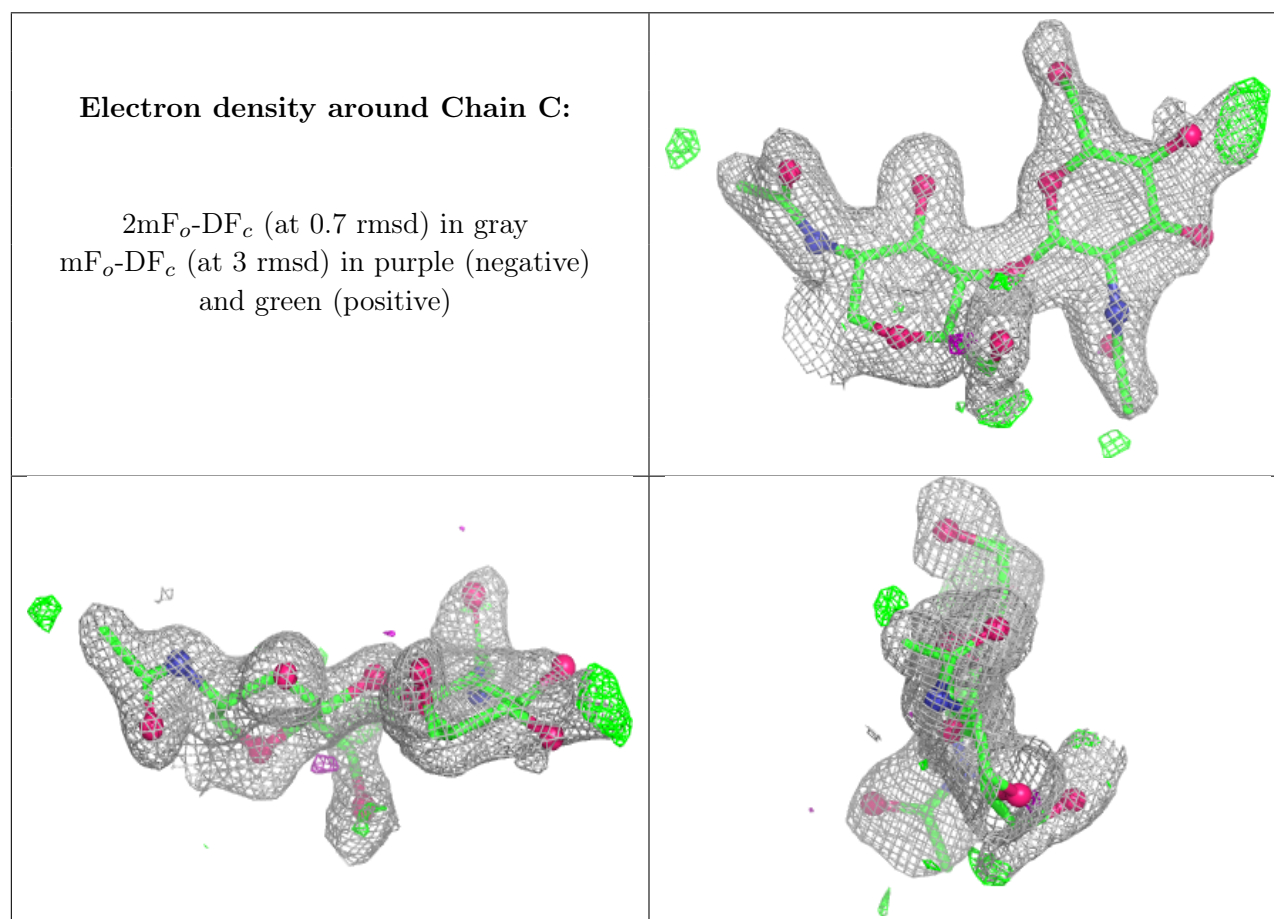
There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

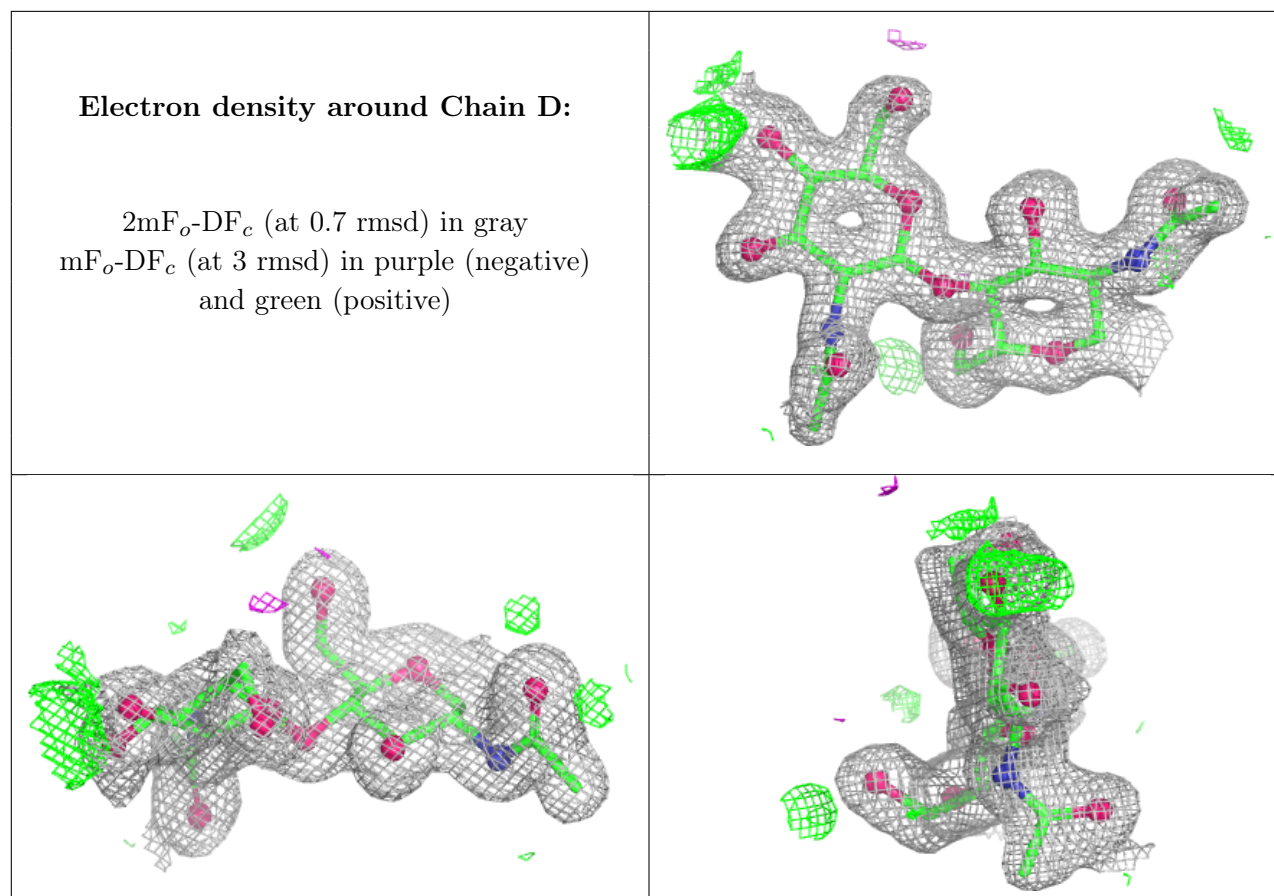
6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors($\text{\AA}^2$)	Q<0.9
3	NAG	C	2	14/15	0.80	0.14	42,50,57,61	0
3	NAG	C	1	14/15	0.86	0.11	28,34,44,46	0
3	NAG	D	2	14/15	0.87	0.12	29,33,40,42	0
3	NAG	D	1	14/15	0.97	0.06	17,21,25,31	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors($\text{\AA}^2$)	Q<0.9
9	ACA	A	711	9/9	0.75	0.20	27,46,59,62	0
4	NAG	A	701	14/15	0.85	0.12	25,35,41,49	0
8	SO4	A	710	5/5	0.92	0.10	35,41,47,53	0
6	ZN	A	708	1/1	0.97	0.05	18,18,18,18	0
6	ZN	A	707	1/1	0.99	0.02	13,13,13,13	0
7	CO3	A	709	4/4	0.99	0.03	10,10,10,10	0
5	FE	A	706	1/1	1.00	0.01	9,9,9,9	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.