



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 8, 2026 – 02:49 AM UTC

PDB ID : 9EPR / pdb_00009epr
EMDB ID : EMD-19884
Title : Cryo-EM Structure of Jumping Spider Rhodopsin-1 bound to a Gi heterotrimer
Authors : Tejero, O.; Pamula, F.; Koyanagi, M.; Nagata, T.; Afanasyev, P.; Das, I.; Deupi, X.; Sheves, M.; Terakita, A.; Schertler, G.F.X.; Rodrigues, M.J.; Tsai, C.-J.
Deposited on : 2024-03-19
Resolution : 4.90 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Buster-report : wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

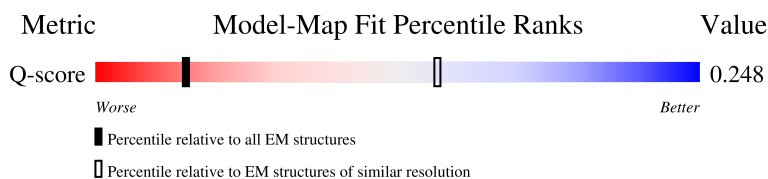
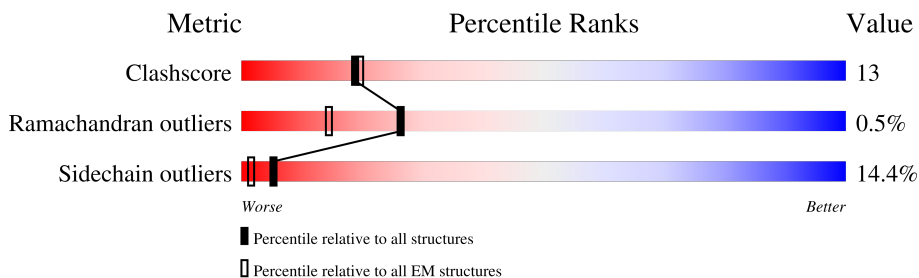
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 4.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	1274 (4.40 - 5.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	357	
2	B	340	
3	G	74	
4	R	380	

2 Entry composition

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7046 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(i) subunit alpha-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	214	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1724	1095	289	326	14		

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-2	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P63096
A	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P63096
A	0	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P63096

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(T) subunit beta-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	B	312	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2392	1481	425	466	20		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(T) subunit gamma-T1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	G	34	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			277	172	45	58	2		

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Kumopsin1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	R	330	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2633	1751	409	440	33		

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

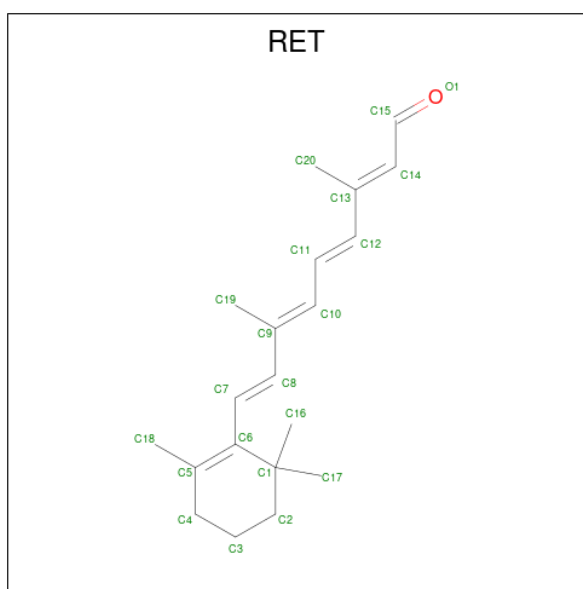
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
R	373	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP B1B1U5

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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
R	374	THR	-	expression tag	UNP B1B1U5
R	375	SER	-	expression tag	UNP B1B1U5
R	376	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP B1B1U5
R	377	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP B1B1U5
R	378	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP B1B1U5
R	379	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP B1B1U5
R	380	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP B1B1U5

- Molecule 5 is RETINAL (CCD ID: RET) (formula: $C_{20}H_{28}O$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

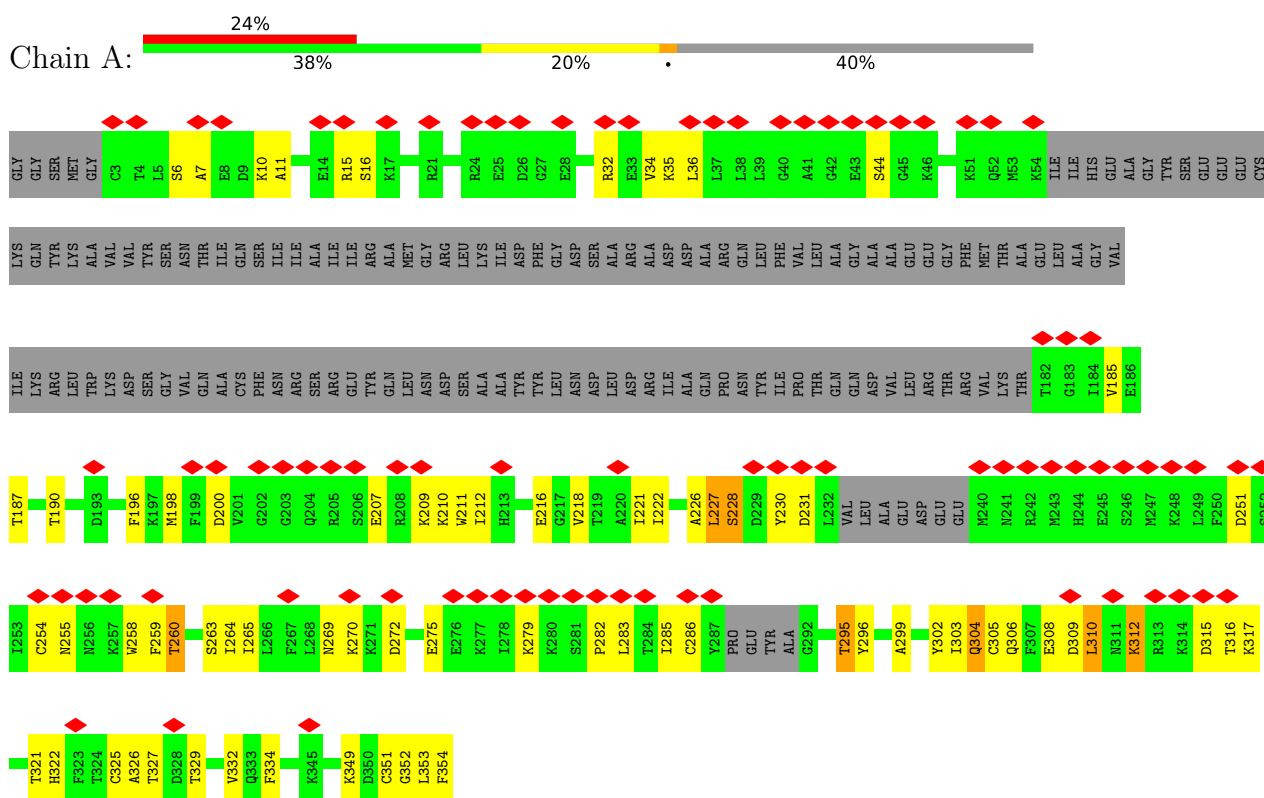


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
5	R	1	Total C 20 20	0

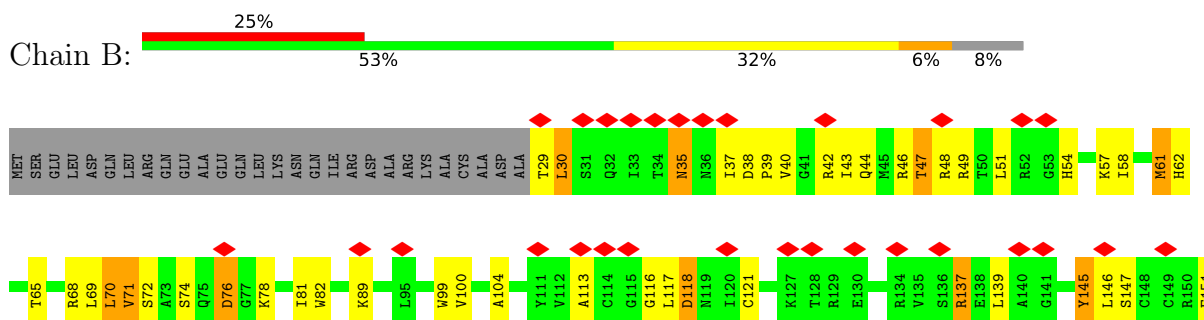
3 Residue-property plots

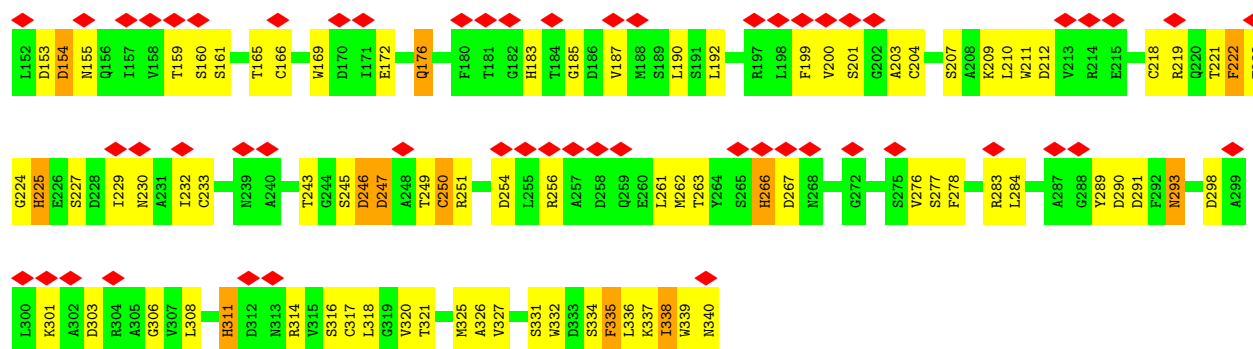
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(i) subunit alpha-1

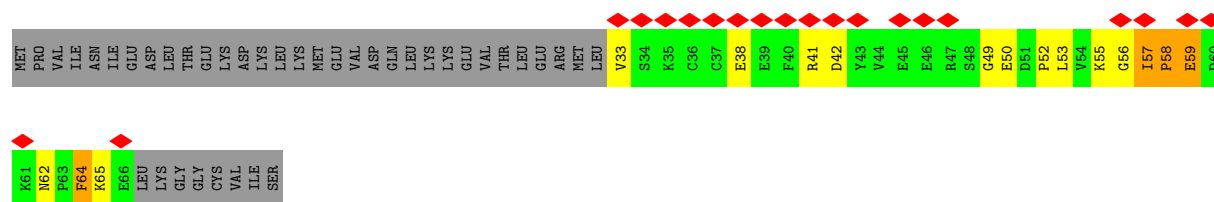
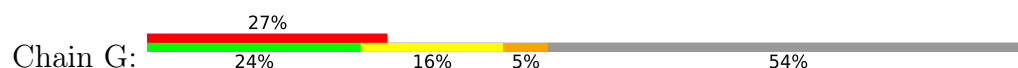


- Molecule 2: Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(T) subunit beta-1

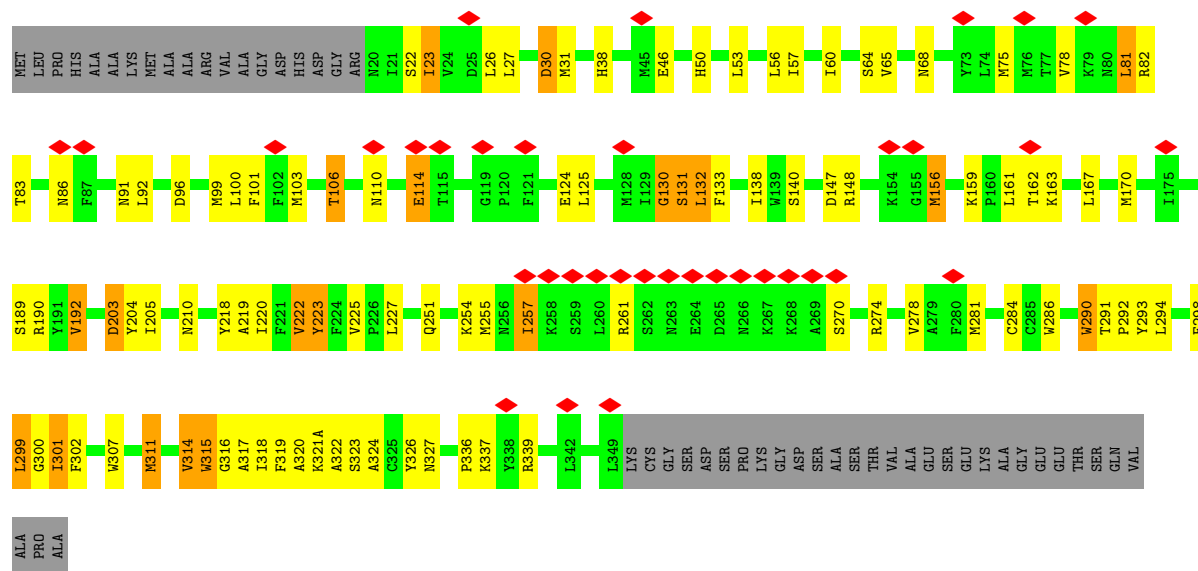




• Molecule 3: Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(T) subunit gamma-T1



• Molecule 4: Kumopsin1



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, POINT, POINT, POINT	Depositor
Number of particles used	399427, 399427, 399427, 399427	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF, FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF, FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF, FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	NONE, NONE	Depositor
Microscope	TFS KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	50.00	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1000	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2400	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 BIOQUANTUM (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.156	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.100	Depositor
Average map value	-0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.002	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.02	Depositor
Map size (Å)	339.68, 339.68, 339.68	wwPDB
Map dimensions	400, 400, 400	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.8492, 0.8492, 0.8492	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: RET

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.21	0/1750	0.56	0/2340
2	B	0.21	0/2439	0.54	0/3310
3	G	0.29	0/282	0.97	4/377 (1.1%)
4	R	0.28	0/2714	0.61	1/3689 (0.0%)
All	All	0.24	0/7185	0.60	5/9716 (0.1%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	G	57	ILE	N-CA-C	8.44	116.28	107.76
3	G	58	PRO	N-CA-C	-7.75	98.39	110.95
4	R	290	TRP	N-CA-C	7.03	121.09	112.23
3	G	59	GLU	N-CA-C	5.13	121.72	110.80
3	G	57	ILE	CB-CA-C	-5.11	105.24	110.71

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1724	0	1721	37	0
2	B	2392	0	2298	74	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	G	277	0	260	13	0
4	R	2633	0	2669	62	0
5	R	20	0	27	3	0
All	All	7046	0	6975	181	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 13.

All (181) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:G:52:PRO:HB2	3:G:57:ILE:HG12	1.41	1.00
4:R:192:VAL:HG22	4:R:203:ASP:HB3	1.74	0.70
3:G:59:GLU:HB2	3:G:62:ASN:OD1	1.92	0.69
1:A:299:ALA:O	1:A:303:ILE:HB	1.94	0.68
4:R:251:GLN:HE21	4:R:255:MET:HG2	1.60	0.67
4:R:293:TYR:OH	4:R:317:ALA:HA	1.95	0.67
4:R:92:LEU:HD21	4:R:327:ASN:HD22	1.60	0.66
4:R:99:MET:HB3	4:R:133:PHE:CG	2.32	0.65
4:R:106:THR:O	4:R:110:ASN:ND2	2.30	0.65
2:B:325:MET:O	2:B:340:ASN:ND2	2.32	0.63
2:B:61:MET:N	2:B:61:MET:SD	2.73	0.62
4:R:50:HIS:HE1	4:R:114:GLU:HA	1.66	0.61
2:B:169:TRP:HA	2:B:176:GLN:HA	1.81	0.61
1:A:322:HIS:ND1	1:A:325:CYS:SG	2.74	0.61
4:R:99:MET:HB3	4:R:133:PHE:CB	2.31	0.60
4:R:311:MET:N	4:R:311:MET:SD	2.73	0.60
2:B:61:MET:HA	2:B:72:SER:HA	1.84	0.60
2:B:44:GLN:HE22	2:B:306:GLY:HA2	1.66	0.59
4:R:223:TYR:CE2	4:R:294:LEU:HD22	2.38	0.58
2:B:246:ASP:OD1	2:B:246:ASP:N	2.36	0.58
4:R:204:TYR:CD1	4:R:300:GLY:HA3	2.39	0.58
2:B:337:LYS:HB3	2:B:339:TRP:HE1	1.69	0.58
2:B:104:ALA:HB3	2:B:113:ALA:HB3	1.85	0.58
5:R:401:RET:H181	5:R:401:RET:C8	2.34	0.57
2:B:331:SER:OG	2:B:332:TRP:N	2.38	0.57
1:A:185:VAL:HB	1:A:200:ASP:HB3	1.86	0.57
1:A:231:ASP:HA	1:A:283:LEU:HD13	1.86	0.56
2:B:118:ASP:N	2:B:118:ASP:OD1	2.38	0.56
2:B:159:THR:OG1	2:B:169:TRP:NE1	2.37	0.56
2:B:284:LEU:HG	2:B:298:ASP:HA	1.86	0.56

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:R:320:ALA:HA	4:R:323:SER:OG	2.05	0.56
2:B:37:ILE:O	2:B:283:ARG:NH2	2.39	0.56
2:B:254:ASP:HB2	2:B:261:LEU:HD11	1.88	0.56
4:R:204:TYR:HD1	4:R:300:GLY:HA3	1.71	0.55
1:A:302:TYR:O	1:A:306:GLN:N	2.39	0.55
4:R:57:ILE:O	4:R:60:ILE:HG12	2.06	0.55
1:A:36:LEU:HB3	1:A:222:ILE:HD11	1.90	0.54
2:B:146:LEU:HA	2:B:161:SER:HA	1.88	0.54
2:B:51:LEU:HG	2:B:338:ILE:HD11	1.90	0.54
4:R:315:TRP:HA	4:R:318:ILE:HB	1.90	0.54
1:A:187:THR:HB	1:A:198:MET:HB3	1.89	0.53
3:G:53:LEU:CD2	3:G:57:ILE:HD11	2.38	0.53
2:B:308:LEU:O	2:B:311:HIS:NE2	2.39	0.53
2:B:47:THR:O	2:B:48:ARG:NH1	2.42	0.53
1:A:254:CYS:SG	1:A:255:ASN:ND2	2.81	0.53
4:R:30:ASP:OD1	4:R:30:ASP:N	2.32	0.53
5:R:401:RET:H181	5:R:401:RET:H8	1.90	0.52
4:R:130:GLY:O	4:R:131:SER:C	2.52	0.52
2:B:71:VAL:HG22	2:B:81:ILE:HG12	1.90	0.52
2:B:201:SER:OG	2:B:211:TRP:NE1	2.43	0.52
4:R:103:MET:SD	4:R:321(A):LYS:HE3	2.50	0.52
2:B:321:THR:OG1	2:B:325:MET:N	2.42	0.52
1:A:230:TYR:HD1	1:A:283:LEU:HB2	1.75	0.51
2:B:183:HIS:NE2	2:B:201:SER:OG	2.37	0.51
2:B:185:GLY:HA3	2:B:204:CYS:HB2	1.93	0.51
4:R:317:ALA:O	4:R:321(A):LYS:HG2	2.10	0.51
2:B:230:ASN:ND2	2:B:246:ASP:OD1	2.44	0.51
4:R:64:SER:O	4:R:68:ASN:ND2	2.39	0.51
3:G:49:GLY:HA2	3:G:55:LYS:HD3	1.92	0.51
2:B:100:VAL:HA	2:B:116:GLY:HA3	1.93	0.51
2:B:212:ASP:HB2	2:B:219:ARG:HE	1.76	0.50
2:B:51:LEU:HB2	2:B:336:LEU:HD13	1.93	0.50
1:A:228:SER:H	1:A:270:LYS:HB3	1.76	0.50
4:R:53:LEU:O	4:R:57:ILE:HG13	2.11	0.50
1:A:310:LEU:O	1:A:312:LYS:NZ	2.43	0.50
2:B:291:ASP:O	2:B:293:ASN:ND2	2.44	0.50
2:B:233:CYS:HB3	2:B:278:PHE:HE1	1.77	0.50
2:B:298:ASP:HB3	2:B:303:ASP:H	1.76	0.50
2:B:39:PRO:HB3	2:B:283:ARG:HH12	1.76	0.50
4:R:159:LYS:HE2	4:R:161:LEU:HA	1.94	0.50
2:B:30:LEU:H	2:B:262:MET:HB2	1.77	0.50

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:251:ASP:O	1:A:255:ASN:HB2	2.12	0.50
2:B:38:ASP:OD1	2:B:38:ASP:N	2.44	0.50
1:A:7:ALA:HA	1:A:10:LYS:HD2	1.93	0.50
1:A:275:GLU:O	1:A:279:LYS:NZ	2.40	0.49
2:B:49:ARG:NH2	3:G:65:LYS:O	2.46	0.49
2:B:58:ILE:HG23	2:B:74:SER:HB2	1.94	0.49
2:B:48:ARG:NH2	2:B:340:ASN:OXT	2.46	0.49
2:B:209:LYS:NZ	2:B:221:THR:OG1	2.45	0.49
2:B:225:HIS:HD2	2:B:229:ILE:HG12	1.77	0.49
2:B:121:CYS:HB3	2:B:139:LEU:HB2	1.95	0.49
2:B:137:ARG:NH1	2:B:172:GLU:O	2.46	0.49
4:R:138:ILE:HD12	4:R:286:TRP:HE1	1.78	0.49
1:A:16:SER:HA	2:B:89:LYS:HB2	1.95	0.48
4:R:91:ASN:HD22	4:R:170:MET:HG2	1.77	0.48
1:A:295:THR:OG1	1:A:296:TYR:N	2.45	0.48
4:R:189:SER:OG	4:R:190:ARG:N	2.45	0.48
2:B:153:ASP:N	2:B:153:ASP:OD1	2.47	0.48
4:R:223:TYR:CZ	4:R:294:LEU:HD22	2.49	0.48
2:B:54:HIS:O	2:B:334:SER:OG	2.31	0.48
1:A:282:PRO:HB3	1:A:286:CYS:HB3	1.95	0.48
2:B:147:SER:OG	2:B:187:VAL:O	2.31	0.47
2:B:218:CYS:SG	2:B:221:THR:OG1	2.72	0.47
2:B:51:LEU:HD12	2:B:336:LEU:HD22	1.96	0.47
3:G:53:LEU:HD23	3:G:57:ILE:HD11	1.96	0.47
4:R:314:VAL:O	4:R:318:ILE:HG13	2.15	0.47
2:B:247:ASP:OD1	2:B:249:THR:OG1	2.33	0.47
4:R:257:ILE:HG13	4:R:261:ARG:HH22	1.80	0.47
2:B:261:LEU:HD22	3:G:33:VAL:HA	1.96	0.47
4:R:219:ALA:O	4:R:220:ILE:C	2.57	0.47
2:B:154:ASP:N	2:B:154:ASP:OD1	2.47	0.47
2:B:207:SER:HA	2:B:222:PHE:O	2.15	0.47
2:B:251:ARG:HG2	2:B:263:THR:HG22	1.96	0.47
1:A:227:LEU:N	1:A:269:ASN:O	2.40	0.47
4:R:60:ILE:HD11	4:R:321(A):LYS:HB3	1.96	0.47
4:R:162:THR:OG1	4:R:163:LYS:N	2.48	0.46
4:R:292:PRO:HG2	4:R:319:PHE:CE1	2.50	0.46
1:A:221:ILE:N	1:A:263:SER:O	2.47	0.46
1:A:352:GLY:O	4:R:148:ARG:NH2	2.49	0.46
1:A:260:THR:O	1:A:317:LYS:NZ	2.38	0.46
2:B:76:ASP:OD1	2:B:76:ASP:N	2.49	0.46
4:R:138:ILE:HD11	4:R:290:TRP:CE2	2.50	0.46

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:G:52:PRO:HB2	3:G:57:ILE:CG1	2.28	0.46
2:B:70:LEU:O	2:B:81:ILE:HA	2.16	0.45
3:G:57:ILE:O	3:G:58:PRO:C	2.58	0.45
4:R:103:MET:SD	4:R:103:MET:C	2.99	0.45
1:A:226:ALA:HA	1:A:269:ASN:HD22	1.81	0.45
1:A:272:ASP:OD1	1:A:272:ASP:N	2.48	0.45
2:B:137:ARG:HD3	2:B:137:ARG:HA	1.81	0.45
2:B:291:ASP:N	2:B:291:ASP:OD1	2.49	0.45
1:A:283:LEU:HB3	1:A:285:ILE:HG13	1.98	0.45
1:A:44:SER:HB2	1:A:226:ALA:H	1.81	0.44
2:B:46:ARG:HB2	2:B:48:ARG:HH12	1.82	0.44
4:R:336:PRO:HA	4:R:339:ARG:HB3	1.99	0.44
4:R:203:ASP:OD1	4:R:203:ASP:N	2.51	0.44
1:A:306:GLN:HG3	1:A:310:LEU:HD22	2.00	0.44
2:B:290:ASP:HA	2:B:314:ARG:HG3	1.99	0.44
2:B:316:SER:H	2:B:331:SER:HA	1.83	0.44
4:R:23:ILE:HG22	4:R:26:LEU:HD12	1.98	0.44
1:A:305:CYS:HA	1:A:308:GLU:HB2	1.99	0.44
2:B:227:SER:OG	2:B:245:SER:OG	2.32	0.44
4:R:322:ALA:C	4:R:324:ALA:N	2.74	0.44
1:A:353:LEU:HD11	4:R:148:ARG:HG2	2.00	0.44
4:R:81:LEU:O	4:R:86:ASN:ND2	2.51	0.44
2:B:68:ARG:HE	2:B:68:ARG:HB3	1.66	0.44
4:R:96:ASP:HA	4:R:99:MET:HG3	1.99	0.43
1:A:354:PHE:HB2	4:R:336:PRO:HD2	2.00	0.43
2:B:200:VAL:HG12	2:B:210:LEU:HA	2.00	0.43
3:G:52:PRO:O	3:G:56:GLY:N	2.52	0.43
2:B:35:ASN:HA	2:B:301:LYS:HD2	2.00	0.43
4:R:163:LYS:H	4:R:163:LYS:HG2	1.55	0.43
4:R:270:SER:O	4:R:274:ARG:N	2.45	0.43
4:R:100:LEU:C	4:R:100:LEU:HD23	2.44	0.43
1:A:349:LYS:HD3	1:A:354:PHE:HE2	1.83	0.43
3:G:41:ARG:NH1	3:G:42:ASP:OD1	2.52	0.43
4:R:218:TYR:HE2	5:R:401:RET:C5	2.32	0.43
4:R:254:LYS:HA	4:R:254:LYS:HD2	1.86	0.43
4:R:299:LEU:HD21	4:R:307:TRP:HB2	2.00	0.42
2:B:117:LEU:HD23	2:B:145:TYR:HB3	2.00	0.42
2:B:243:THR:O	2:B:250:CYS:HA	2.19	0.42
1:A:221:ILE:HB	1:A:264:ILE:HA	2.01	0.42
2:B:57:LYS:O	2:B:74:SER:OG	2.38	0.42
4:R:315:TRP:HA	4:R:318:ILE:CG1	2.50	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:326:ALA:HB2	1:A:334:PHE:HE2	1.83	0.42
4:R:75:MET:O	4:R:82:ARG:NH2	2.53	0.42
2:B:187:VAL:HA	2:B:203:ALA:HA	2.01	0.42
4:R:302:PHE:HD1	4:R:302:PHE:HA	1.73	0.42
1:A:207:GLU:HA	1:A:210:LYS:HG3	2.02	0.42
4:R:130:GLY:O	4:R:132:LEU:N	2.53	0.41
2:B:192:LEU:HD23	2:B:199:PHE:HB3	2.02	0.41
2:B:266:HIS:ND1	2:B:289:TYR:OH	2.41	0.41
2:B:335:PHE:HD1	2:B:335:PHE:HA	1.65	0.41
4:R:100:LEU:O	4:R:101:PHE:C	2.61	0.41
4:R:320:ALA:C	4:R:322:ALA:N	2.76	0.41
2:B:48:ARG:HD2	3:G:64:PHE:HB2	2.02	0.41
4:R:99:MET:SD	4:R:100:LEU:HB2	2.61	0.41
4:R:223:TYR:OH	4:R:291:THR:HG22	2.21	0.41
4:R:278:VAL:HA	4:R:281:MET:HE3	2.01	0.41
2:B:223:THR:OG1	2:B:224:GLY:N	2.53	0.41
2:B:42:ARG:HG2	2:B:44:GLN:HE21	1.86	0.41
4:R:316:GLY:HA2	4:R:319:PHE:HD1	1.86	0.41
2:B:54:HIS:CD2	2:B:82:TRP:HE1	2.39	0.40
1:A:35:LYS:NZ	1:A:216:GLU:O	2.55	0.40
1:A:304:GLN:NE2	1:A:308:GLU:OE2	2.49	0.40
3:G:38:GLU:HB3	3:G:41:ARG:HH21	1.86	0.40
1:A:11:ALA:HB1	1:A:15:ARG:HH12	1.86	0.40
1:A:36:LEU:HB2	1:A:198:MET:HA	2.02	0.40
2:B:326:ALA:HA	2:B:340:ASN:HD22	1.84	0.40
4:R:56:LEU:O	4:R:60:ILE:HG23	2.22	0.40
4:R:204:TYR:O	4:R:301:ILE:HG13	2.21	0.40
4:R:156:MET:HE3	4:R:156:MET:HB2	1.85	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	206/357 (58%)	186 (90%)	20 (10%)	0	100	100
2	B	310/340 (91%)	293 (94%)	17 (6%)	0	100	100
3	G	32/74 (43%)	27 (84%)	5 (16%)	0	100	100
4	R	328/380 (86%)	298 (91%)	26 (8%)	4 (1%)	10	42
All	All	876/1151 (76%)	804 (92%)	68 (8%)	4 (0%)	26	63

All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	R	131	SER
4	R	130	GLY
4	R	223	TYR
4	R	222	VAL

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	191/306 (62%)	164 (86%)	27 (14%)	3	15
2	B	260/283 (92%)	215 (83%)	45 (17%)	2	11
3	G	32/70 (46%)	30 (94%)	2 (6%)	16	38
4	R	287/322 (89%)	250 (87%)	37 (13%)	4	17
All	All	770/981 (78%)	659 (86%)	111 (14%)	5	14

All (111) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	6	SER
1	A	32	ARG
1	A	34	VAL
1	A	190	THR
1	A	196	PHE
1	A	209	LYS
1	A	211	TRP

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	212	ILE
1	A	218	VAL
1	A	227	LEU
1	A	228	SER
1	A	258	TRP
1	A	259	PHE
1	A	260	THR
1	A	265	ILE
1	A	295	THR
1	A	304	GLN
1	A	309	ASP
1	A	310	LEU
1	A	312	LYS
1	A	315	ASP
1	A	316	THR
1	A	321	THR
1	A	327	THR
1	A	329	THR
1	A	332	VAL
1	A	351	CYS
2	B	29	THR
2	B	30	LEU
2	B	35	ASN
2	B	40	VAL
2	B	43	ILE
2	B	47	THR
2	B	61	MET
2	B	62	HIS
2	B	65	THR
2	B	69	LEU
2	B	70	LEU
2	B	71	VAL
2	B	76	ASP
2	B	78	LYS
2	B	99	TRP
2	B	118	ASP
2	B	137	ARG
2	B	145	TYR
2	B	151	PHE
2	B	154	ASP
2	B	155	ASN
2	B	160	SER

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	165	THR
2	B	166	CYS
2	B	176	GLN
2	B	190	LEU
2	B	222	PHE
2	B	225	HIS
2	B	232	ILE
2	B	246	ASP
2	B	247	ASP
2	B	250	CYS
2	B	256	ARG
2	B	266	HIS
2	B	267	ASP
2	B	276	VAL
2	B	277	SER
2	B	293	ASN
2	B	311	HIS
2	B	317	CYS
2	B	318	LEU
2	B	320	VAL
2	B	327	VAL
2	B	335	PHE
2	B	338	ILE
3	G	50	GLU
3	G	64	PHE
4	R	22	SER
4	R	23	ILE
4	R	27	LEU
4	R	30	ASP
4	R	31	MET
4	R	38	HIS
4	R	46	GLU
4	R	65	VAL
4	R	78	VAL
4	R	81	LEU
4	R	83	THR
4	R	106	THR
4	R	114	GLU
4	R	124	GLU
4	R	125	LEU
4	R	132	LEU
4	R	140	SER

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	R	147	ASP
4	R	156	MET
4	R	167	LEU
4	R	192	VAL
4	R	203	ASP
4	R	205	ILE
4	R	210	ASN
4	R	222	VAL
4	R	225	VAL
4	R	227	LEU
4	R	257	ILE
4	R	284	CYS
4	R	298	PHE
4	R	299	LEU
4	R	301	ILE
4	R	311	MET
4	R	314	VAL
4	R	315	TRP
4	R	326	TYR
4	R	337	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (16) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	255	ASN
1	A	269	ASN
1	A	331	ASN
2	B	32	GLN
2	B	35	ASN
2	B	119	ASN
2	B	220	GLN
2	B	225	HIS
2	B	239	ASN
2	B	340	ASN
4	R	38	HIS
4	R	50	HIS
4	R	86	ASN
4	R	91	ASN
4	R	251	GLN
4	R	327	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
5	RET	R	401	4	20,20,21	0.84	1 (5%)	27,27,28	0.92	2 (7%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	RET	R	401	4	-	3/13/30/31	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
5	R	401	RET	C11-C10	-2.29	1.36	1.43

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	R	401	RET	C15-C14-C13	-2.27	115.55	127.72
5	R	401	RET	C8-C9-C10	2.01	122.17	119.01

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

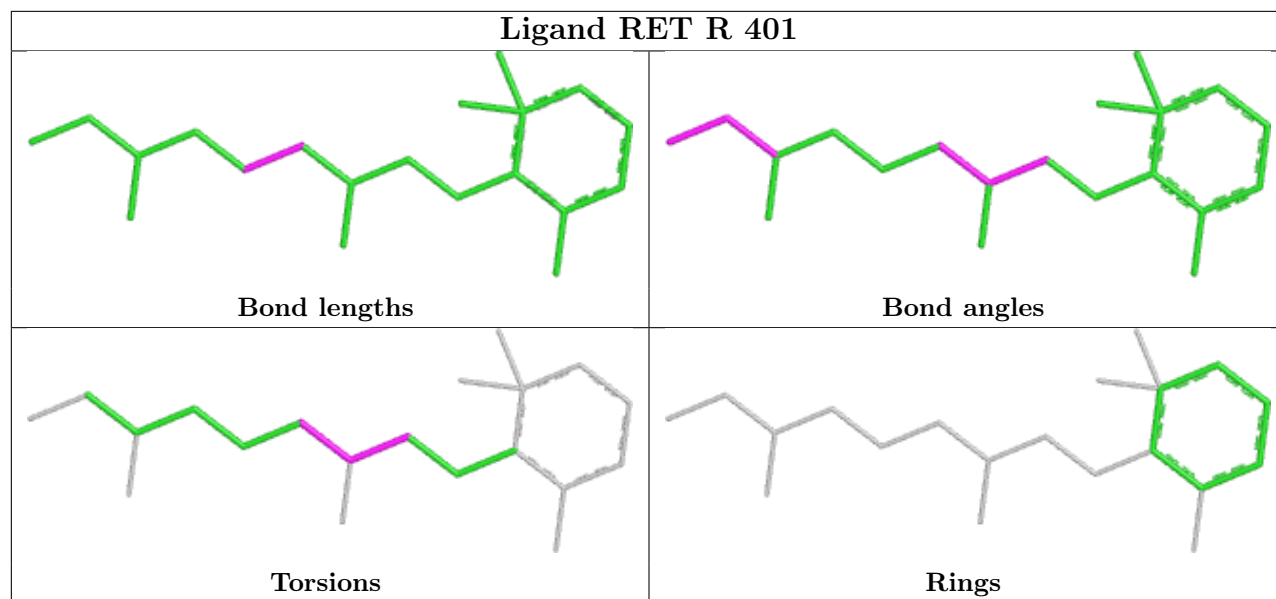
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	R	401	RET	C7-C8-C9-C19
5	R	401	RET	C11-C10-C9-C19
5	R	401	RET	C7-C8-C9-C10

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	R	401	RET	3	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-19884. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

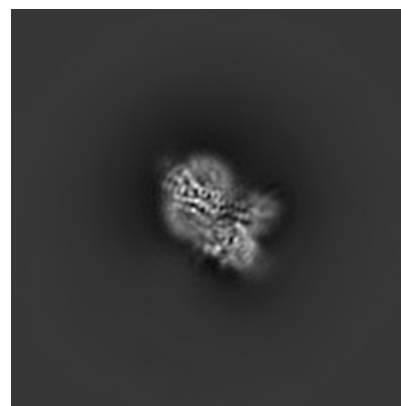
6.1.1 Primary map



X

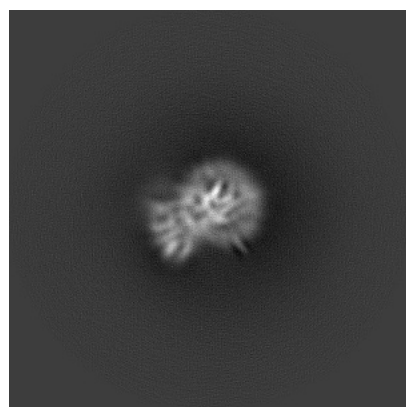


Y

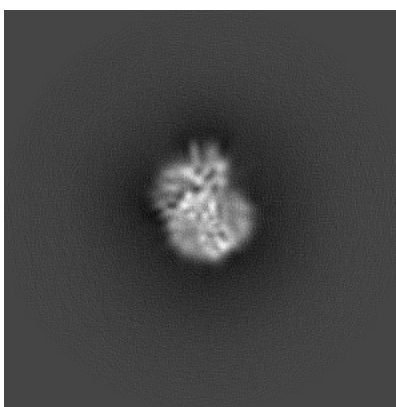


Z

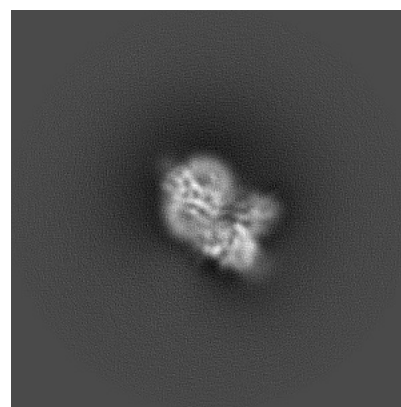
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

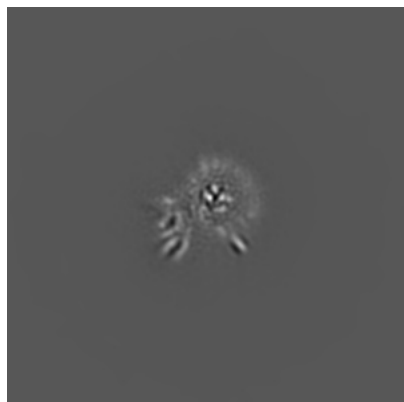


Z

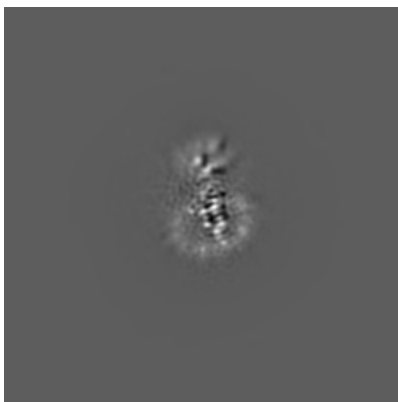
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

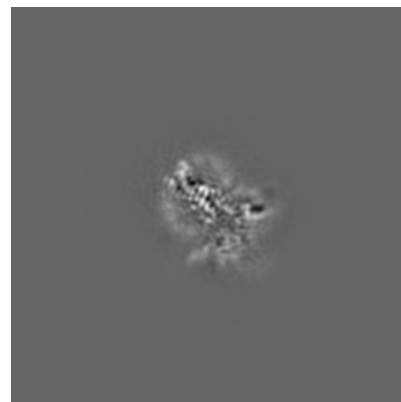
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 200

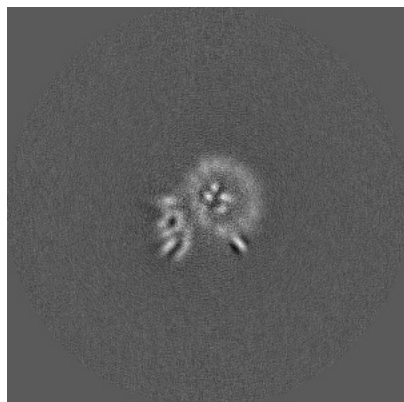


Y Index: 200

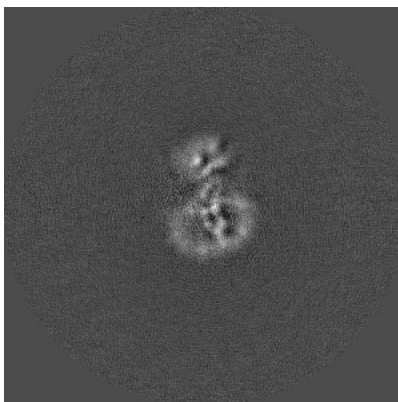


Z Index: 200

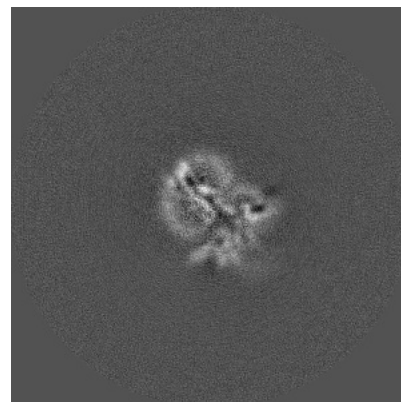
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 200



Y Index: 200

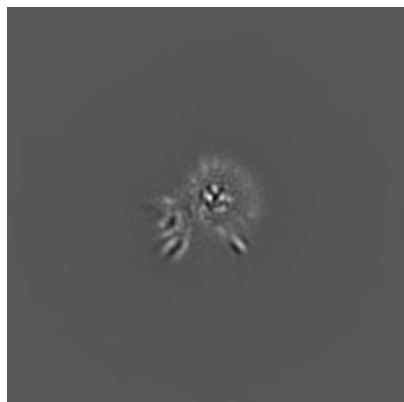


Z Index: 200

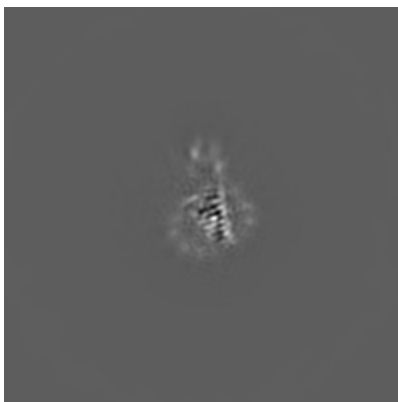
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

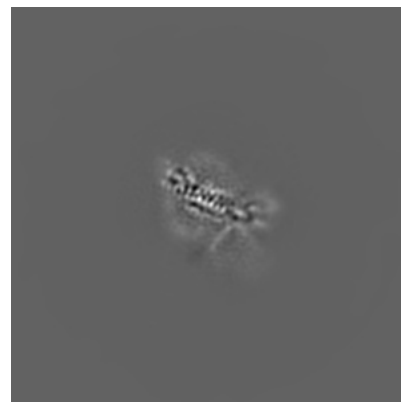
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 200

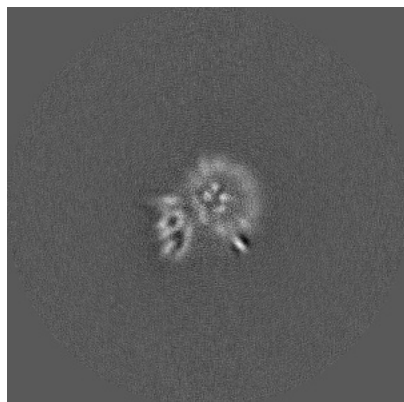


Y Index: 208

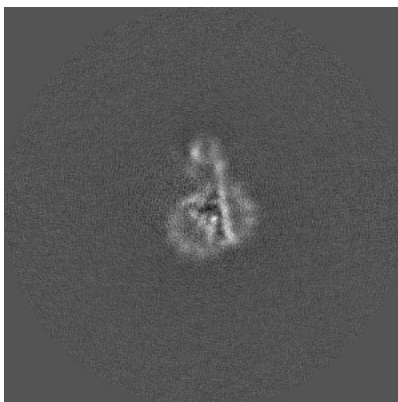


Z Index: 209

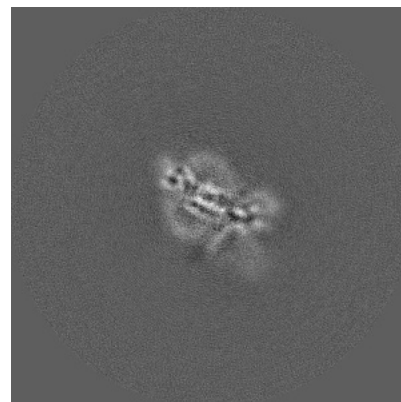
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 202



Y Index: 208



Z Index: 210

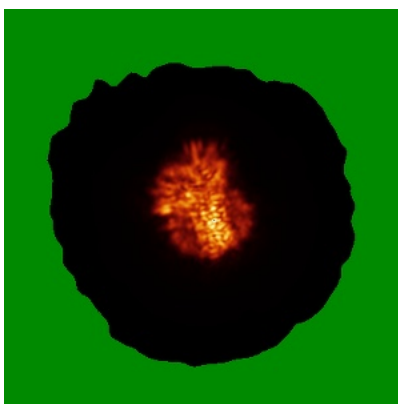
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

6.4.1 Primary map



X

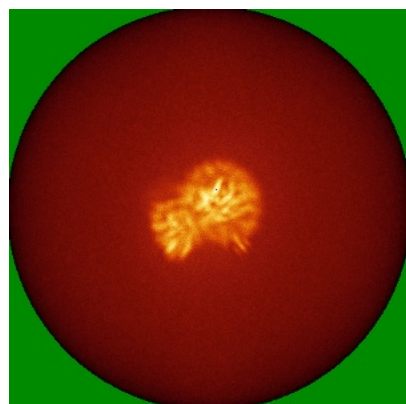


Y

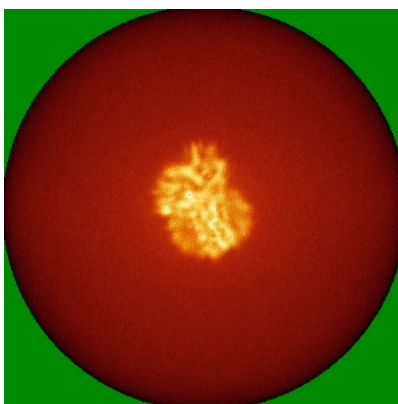


Z

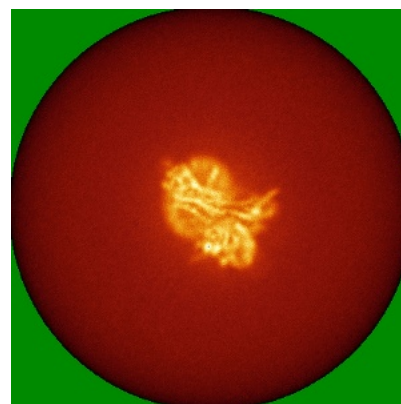
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.02. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

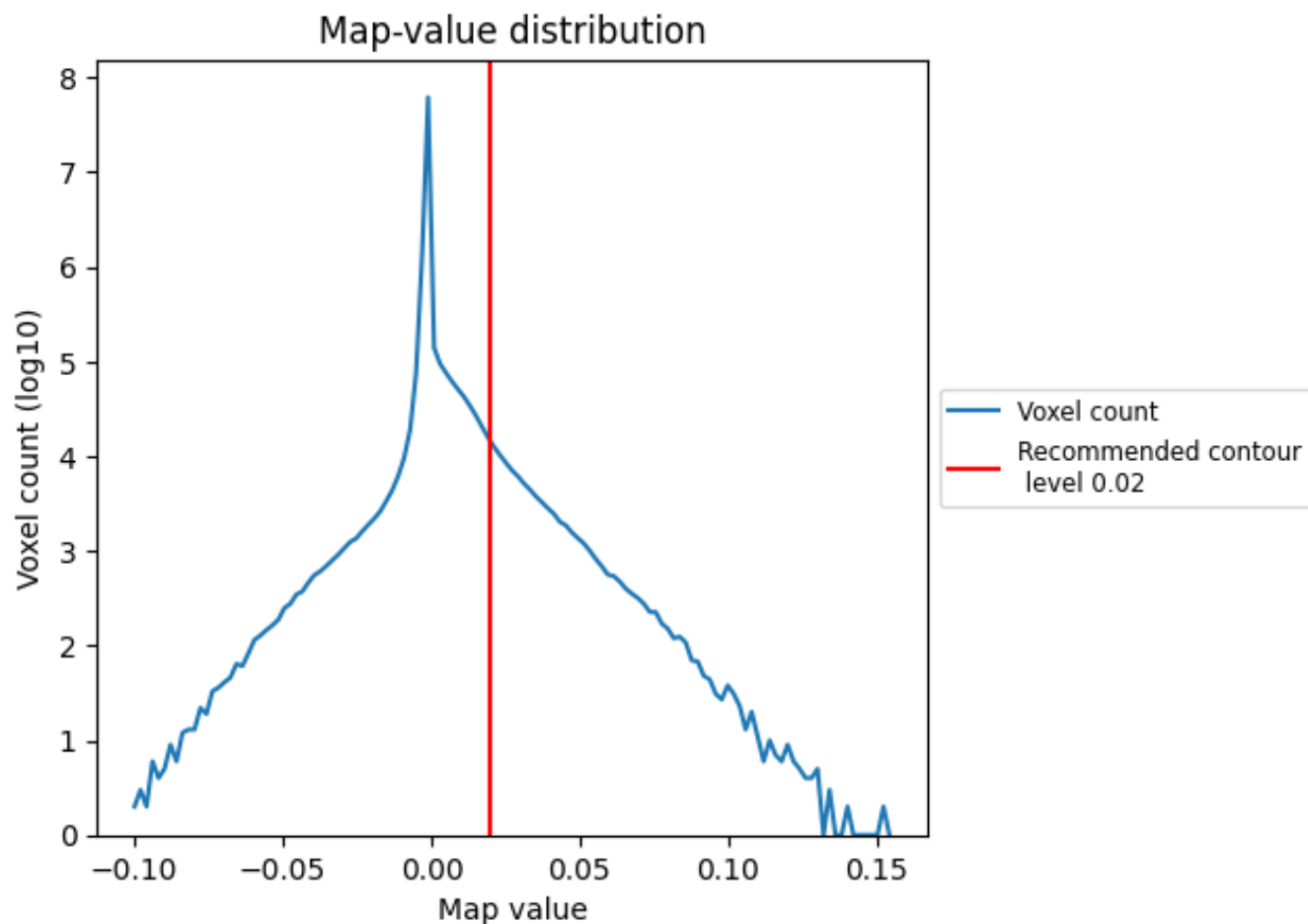
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

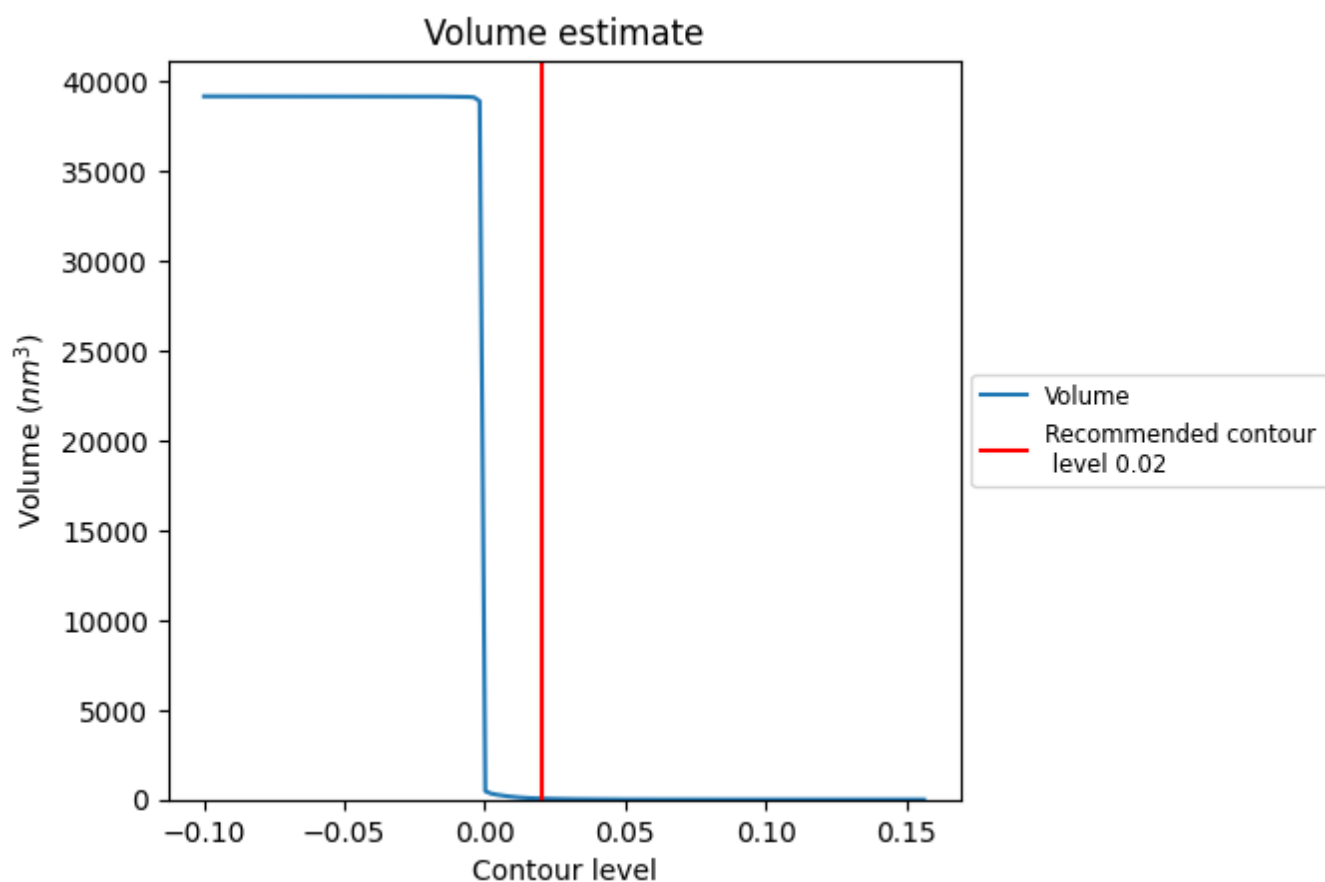
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

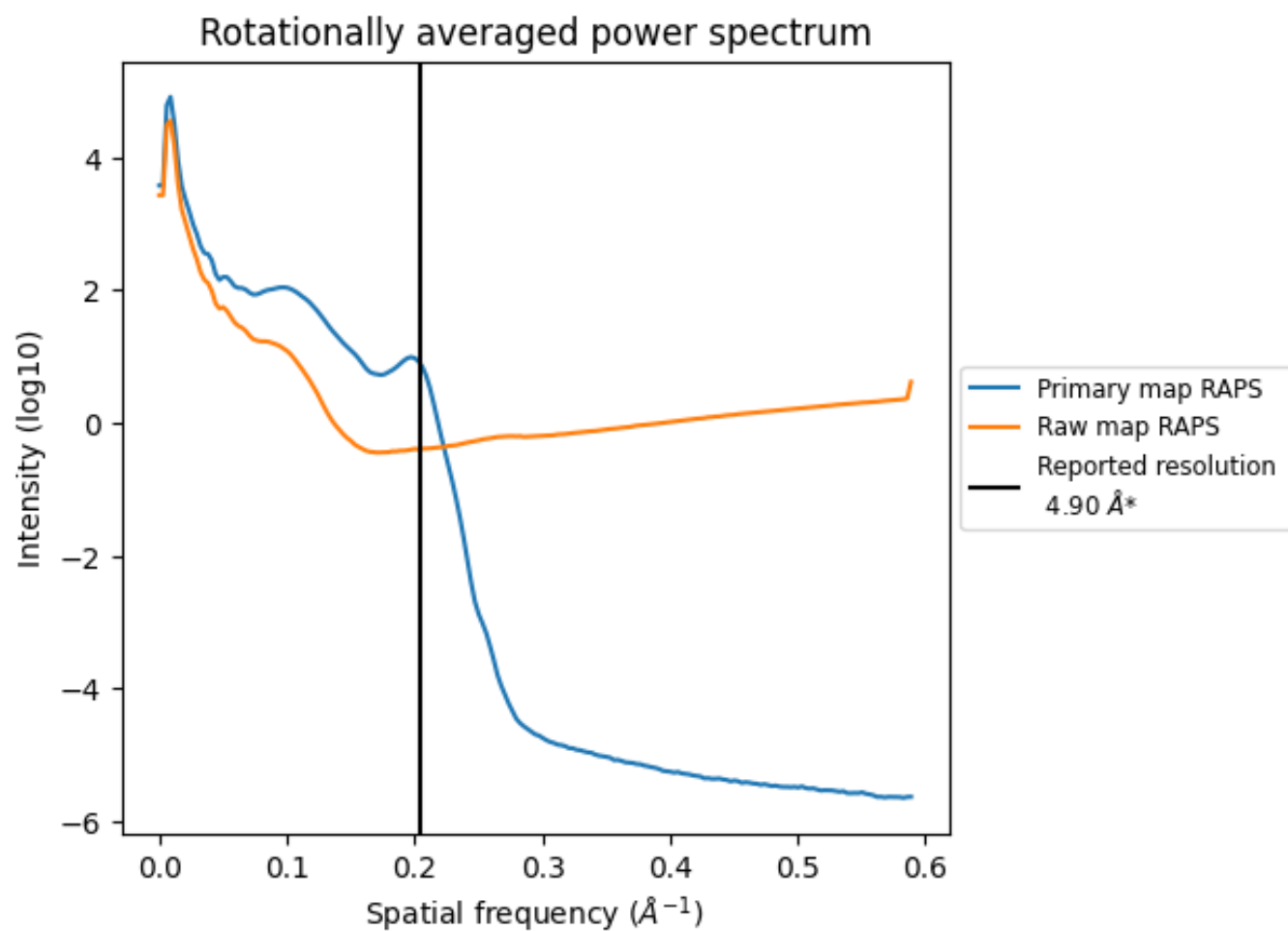
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 55 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 50 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

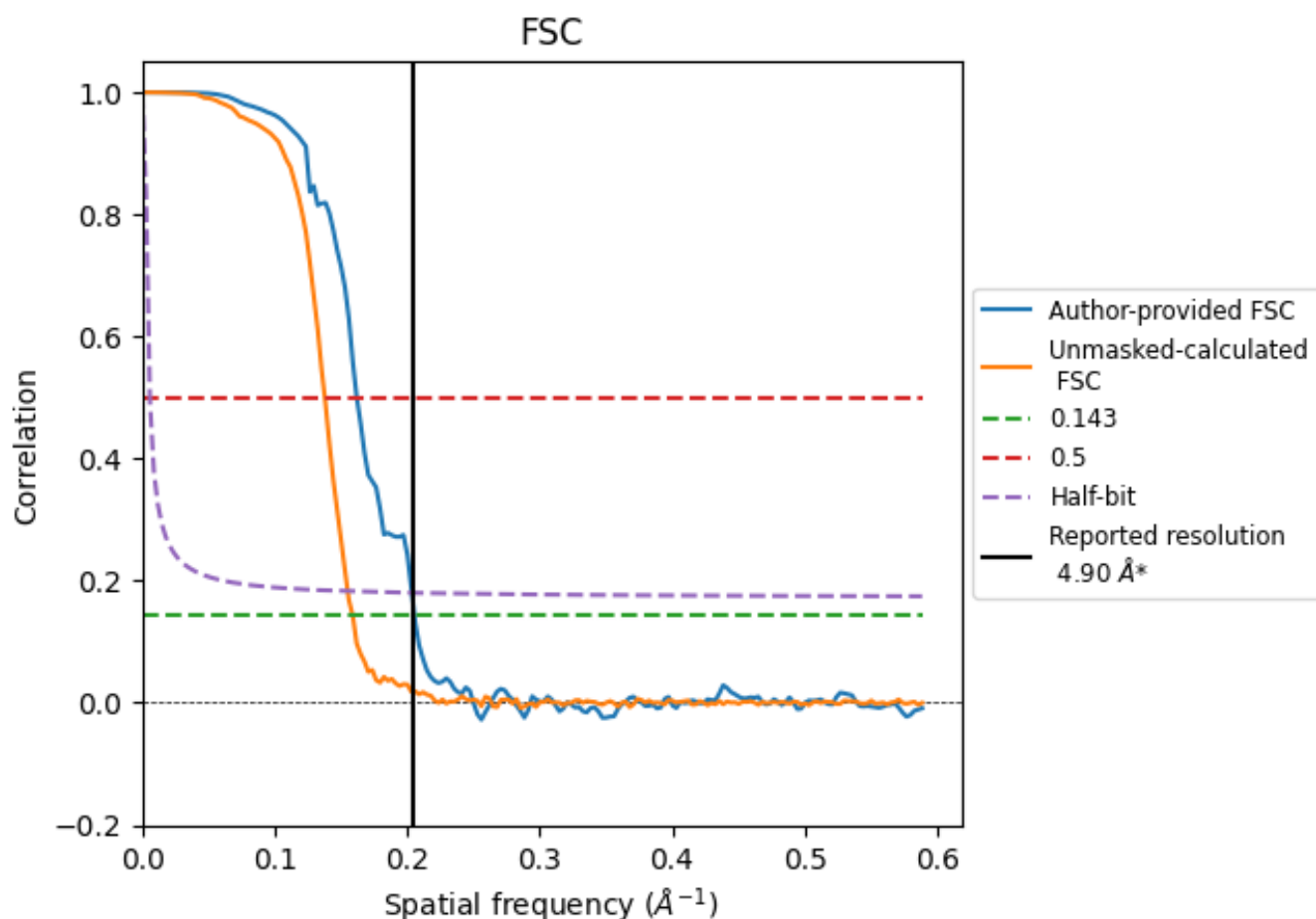


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.204 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.204 $\text{\AA}^{-1}$

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	-	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	4.87	6.17	4.91
Unmasked-calculated*	6.29	7.26	6.44

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.

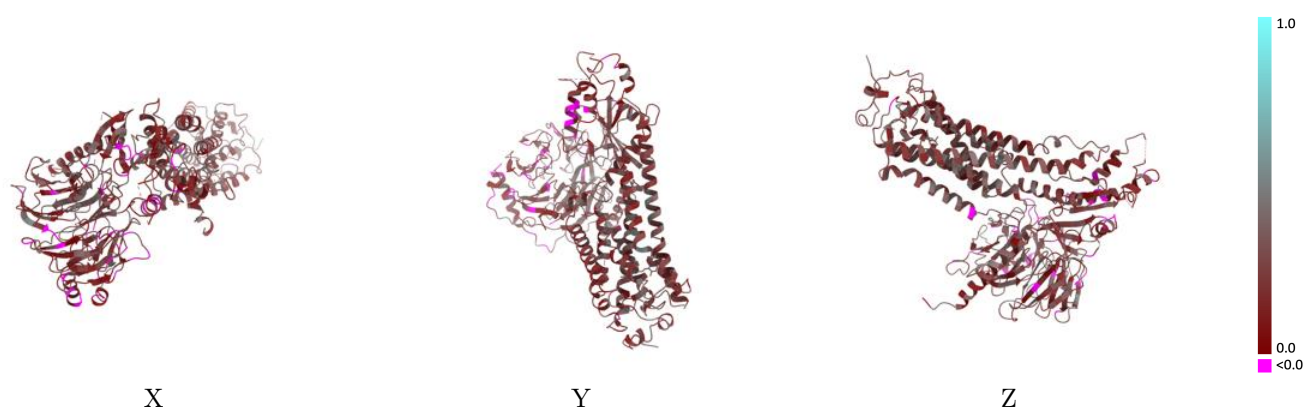
9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-19884 and PDB model 9EPR. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 5.

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)

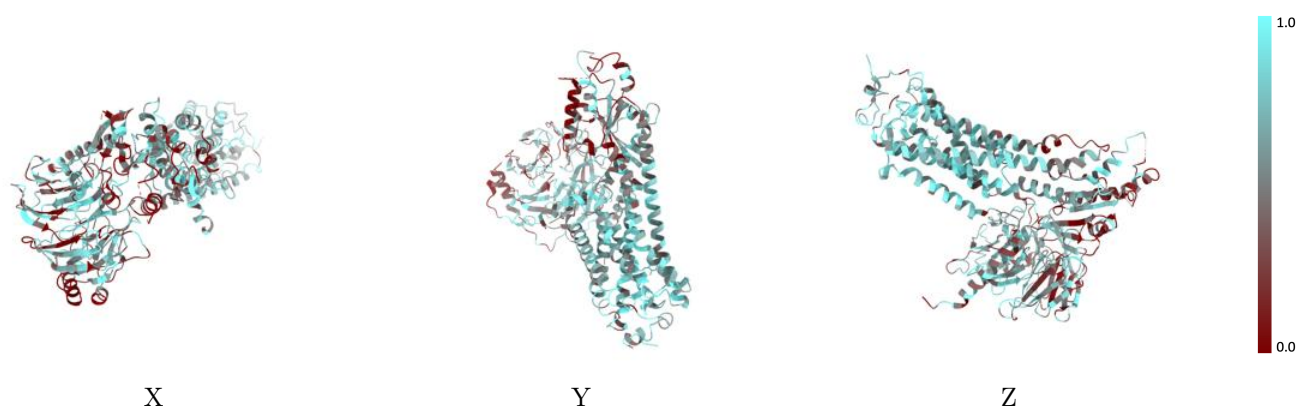
This section was not generated.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



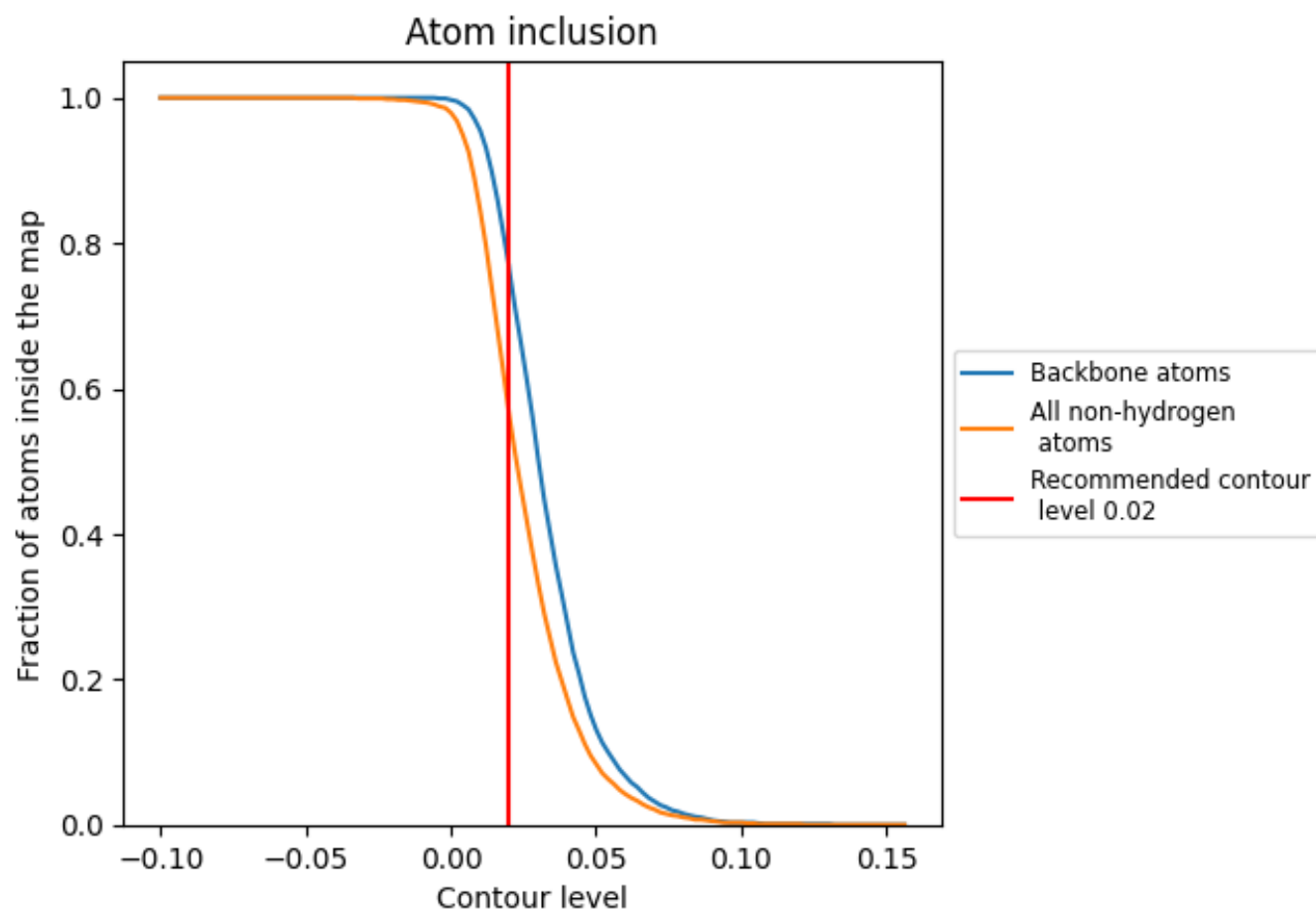
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.02).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 77% of all backbone atoms, 57% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.02) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.5690	0.2480
A	0.4420	0.2100
B	0.5750	0.2430
G	0.3900	0.1780
R	0.6660	0.2840

