



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 9, 2026 – 05:40 AM UTC

PDB ID : 9ET1 / pdb_00009et1
Title : CDK2-cyclin A in complex with FragLite 12
Authors : Hope, I.; Martin, M.P.; Waring, M.J.; Noble, M.E.M.; Endicott, J.A.; Tatum, N.J.
Deposited on : 2024-03-26
Resolution : 2.39 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Buster-report	:	wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4	:	9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

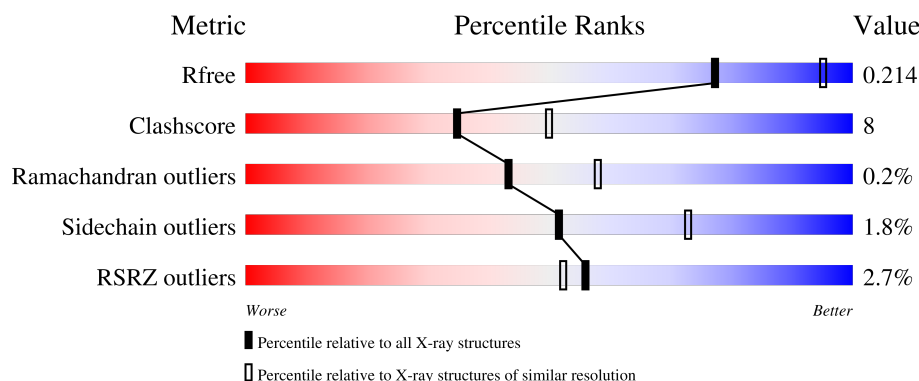
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.39 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	4912 (2.40-2.40)
Clashscore	190562	5391 (2.40-2.40)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	5320 (2.40-2.40)
Sidechain outliers	187428	5321 (2.40-2.40)
RSRZ outliers	180081	4916 (2.40-2.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	302	6% 82% 17% .
1	C	302	3% 82% 15% ..
2	B	268	88% 9% .
2	D	268	% 85% 12% ..

2 Entry composition

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 9373 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Cyclin-dependent kinase 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	302	Total	C	N	O	P	S	0	1	0
			2430	1575	414	432	1	8			
1	C	297	Total	C	N	O	P	S	0	1	0
			2399	1556	408	426	1	8			

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-3	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P24941
A	-2	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P24941
A	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P24941
A	0	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P24941
C	-3	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P24941
C	-2	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P24941
C	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P24941
C	0	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P24941

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Cyclin-A2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	262	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2110	1366	344	390	10			
2	D	262	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2110	1366	344	390	10			

There are 14 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

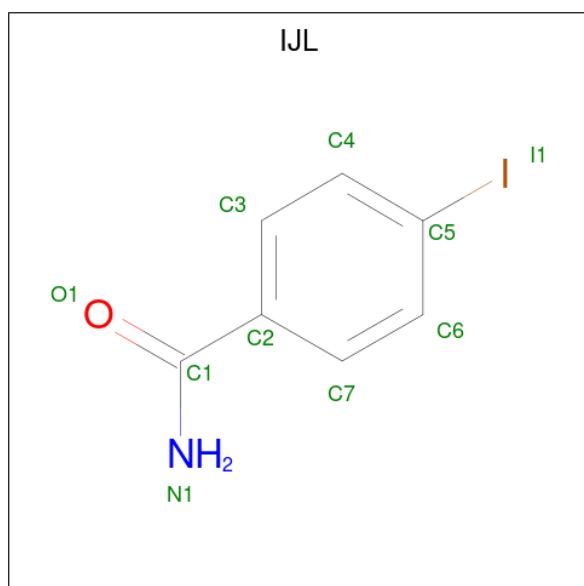
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	171	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P30274
B	433	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P30274
B	434	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P30274
B	435	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P30274

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	436	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P30274
B	437	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P30274
B	438	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P30274
D	171	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P30274
D	433	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P30274
D	434	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P30274
D	435	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P30274
D	436	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P30274
D	437	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P30274
D	438	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P30274

- Molecule 3 is 4-iodanylbenzamide (CCD ID: IJL) (formula: C_7H_6INO) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	I	N	O	0	0
			10	7	1	1	1		
3	A	1	Total	C	I	N	O	0	1
			20	14	2	2	2		
3	C	1	Total	C	I	N	O	0	0
			10	7	1	1	1		

- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	92	Total	O	0	0
			92	92		

Continued on next page...

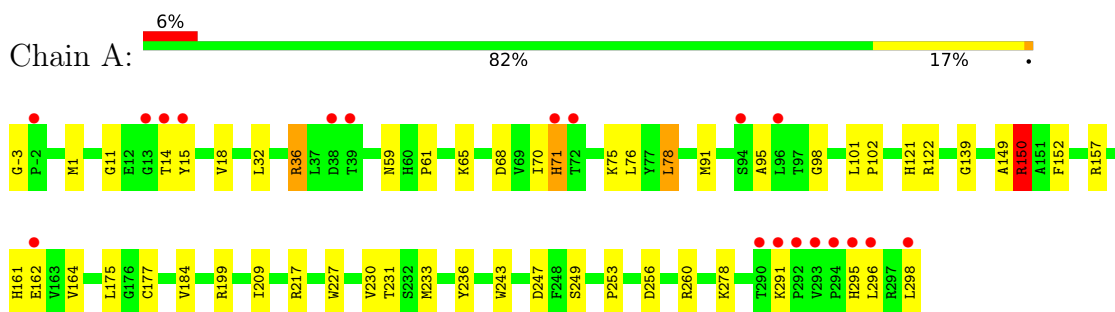
Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	B	102	Total 102	O 102	0	0
4	C	43	Total 43	O 43	0	0
4	D	47	Total 47	O 47	0	0

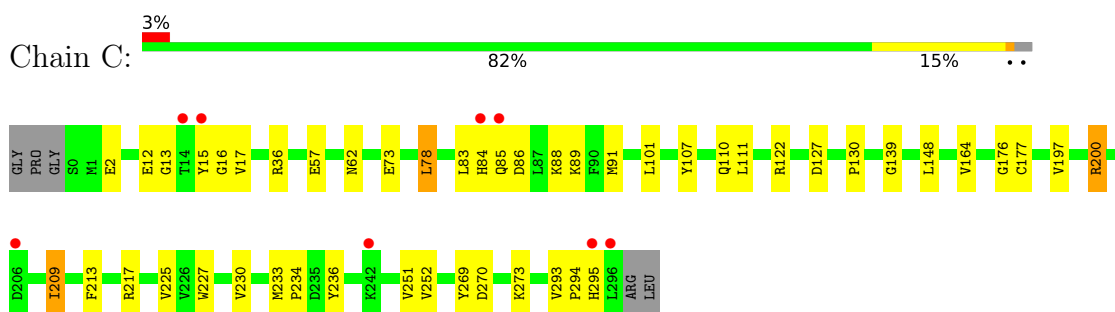
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

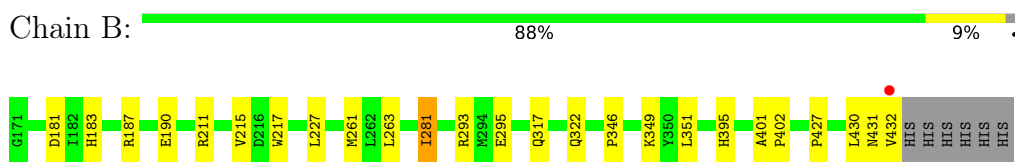
• Molecule 1: Cyclin-dependent kinase 2



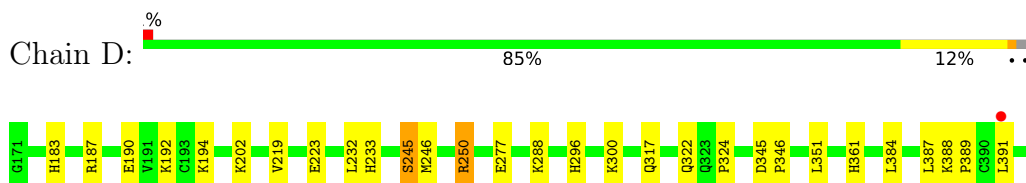
• Molecule 1: Cyclin-dependent kinase 2

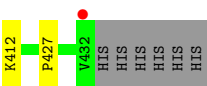


• Molecule 2: Cyclin-A2



• Molecule 2: Cyclin-A2





4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	73.97Å 133.29Å 147.26Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	73.74 – 2.39 73.74 – 2.39	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	87.5 (73.74-2.39) 87.4 (73.74-2.39)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.20	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	0.92 (at 2.40Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0425	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.221 , 0.228 0.208 , 0.214	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	2783 reflections (4.53%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	55.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.261	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.36 , 29.1	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.50$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	9373	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	33.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.33% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: IJL, TPO

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.67	2/2481 (0.1%)	1.20	5/3366 (0.1%)
1	C	0.59	0/2449	1.11	0/3322
2	B	0.60	0/2160	1.10	0/2937
2	D	0.54	0/2160	1.10	1/2937 (0.0%)
All	All	0.60	2/9250 (0.0%)	1.13	6/12562 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	3
1	C	0	2
2	B	0	1
2	D	0	1
All	All	0	7

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	149	ALA	C-N	-9.08	1.22	1.33
1	A	150	ARG	C-N	-8.69	1.21	1.33

All (6) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	247	ASP	CB-CA-C	6.58	120.16	109.90
1	A	253	PRO	N-CA-C	6.16	118.22	110.70
1	A	150	ARG	CA-C-N	5.73	130.03	121.72

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	150	ARG	C-N-CA	5.73	130.03	121.72
2	D	288	LYS	CG-CD-CE	5.35	123.61	111.30
1	A	150	ARG	CB-CA-C	-5.21	101.34	109.72

There are no chirality outliers.

All (7) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	150	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	157	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	36	ARG	Sidechain
2	B	187	ARG	Sidechain
1	C	200	ARG	Sidechain
1	C	36	ARG	Sidechain
2	D	250	ARG	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2430	0	2472	52	0
1	C	2399	0	2442	44	0
2	B	2110	0	2128	17	0
2	D	2110	0	2128	34	0
3	A	30	0	0	4	0
3	C	10	0	0	1	0
4	A	92	0	0	1	0
4	B	102	0	0	1	0
4	C	43	0	0	1	0
4	D	47	0	0	2	0
All	All	9373	0	9170	137	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

All (137) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:84:HIS:CE1	1:C:85:GLN:CD	2.21	1.19
2:D:387:LEU:O	2:D:391:LEU:HD13	1.51	1.11
1:C:84:HIS:NE2	1:C:85:GLN:CD	2.06	1.10
1:C:84:HIS:CE1	1:C:85:GLN:NE2	2.25	1.03
1:A:177:CYS:SG	1:A:233:MET:HG2	2.08	0.94
2:B:293:ARG:NH2	1:C:2:GLU:HG2	1.87	0.90
2:B:346:PRO:O	2:B:349:LYS:HG2	1.73	0.89
1:C:177:CYS:HB2	4:C:412:HOH:O	1.72	0.87
1:C:84:HIS:CE1	1:C:85:GLN:CG	2.58	0.86
1:A:296:LEU:HB2	2:D:202:LYS:HE2	1.58	0.86
2:D:387:LEU:HB3	2:D:391:LEU:CD1	2.07	0.84
1:A:298:LEU:HD13	2:D:246:MET:N	1.94	0.83
1:A:298:LEU:HD13	2:D:245:SER:C	2.02	0.83
1:C:84:HIS:HE1	1:C:85:GLN:NE2	1.78	0.82
1:C:84:HIS:CE1	1:C:85:GLN:HG3	2.13	0.82
1:C:84:HIS:NE2	1:C:85:GLN:OE1	2.12	0.81
2:D:277:GLU:HG2	4:D:514:HOH:O	1.82	0.80
2:D:387:LEU:O	2:D:391:LEU:CD1	2.30	0.79
1:C:12:GLU:HG2	1:C:13:GLY:H	1.50	0.76
1:A:298:LEU:CD1	2:D:246:MET:N	2.50	0.74
1:A:14:THR:HG23	1:A:15:TYR:CD2	2.23	0.74
2:D:387:LEU:C	2:D:391:LEU:HD13	2.13	0.74
1:C:84:HIS:CG	1:C:85:GLN:HG3	2.23	0.73
2:D:223:GLU:OE2	2:D:412:LYS:HE3	1.88	0.73
1:A:36:ARG:NH1	1:A:75:LYS:HE2	2.04	0.73
1:A:175:LEU:HD13	1:A:233:MET:HE2	1.70	0.73
1:C:84:HIS:ND1	1:C:85:GLN:HG3	2.03	0.73
1:A:61:PRO:HD3	1:A:296:LEU:CD1	2.20	0.71
2:D:387:LEU:HB3	2:D:391:LEU:HD13	1.71	0.71
1:A:-3:GLY:HA2	1:A:68:ASP:OD1	1.91	0.71
1:C:12:GLU:HG2	1:C:13:GLY:N	2.06	0.70
1:C:197:VAL:HG11	1:C:252:VAL:CG1	2.21	0.70
2:B:227:LEU:HD12	2:B:261:MET:HE3	1.74	0.69
2:D:387:LEU:HB3	2:D:391:LEU:HD11	1.74	0.68
1:A:61:PRO:HD3	1:A:296:LEU:HD11	1.75	0.68
1:A:298:LEU:HD11	2:D:246:MET:C	2.19	0.67
2:D:233:HIS:HD2	4:D:527:HOH:O	1.78	0.67
1:A:177:CYS:SG	1:A:233:MET:CG	2.83	0.66
2:D:223:GLU:OE2	2:D:412:LYS:CE	2.45	0.64
1:C:88:LYS:HB2	1:C:130:PRO:HB2	1.80	0.63
1:A:161:HIS:CD2	1:A:162:GLU:H	2.18	0.62
1:A:256:ASP:HB3	4:A:480:HOH:O	1.99	0.61

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:177:CYS:SG	1:A:233:MET:SD	2.98	0.61
1:A:175:LEU:CD1	1:A:233:MET:CE	2.78	0.61
1:C:213:PHE:HB3	1:C:217:ARG:HH11	1.66	0.60
1:A:175:LEU:HD13	1:A:233:MET:CE	2.32	0.60
1:A:139:GLY:HA3	1:A:291:LYS:NZ	2.17	0.60
1:A:36:ARG:HH12	1:A:75:LYS:NZ	2.00	0.59
1:A:121:HIS:C	1:A:122:ARG:HG3	2.28	0.58
1:A:298:LEU:CD1	2:D:245:SER:C	2.74	0.58
2:D:223:GLU:OE2	2:D:412:LYS:CD	2.51	0.58
2:B:431:ASN:O	2:B:432:VAL:HB	2.03	0.58
2:B:395:HIS:HE1	2:B:427:PRO:O	1.86	0.58
2:D:388:LYS:HB3	2:D:389:PRO:HD3	1.85	0.58
1:A:36:ARG:NH1	1:A:75:LYS:CE	2.67	0.58
1:A:121:HIS:O	1:A:122:ARG:HG3	2.04	0.57
1:A:78:LEU:N	1:A:78:LEU:HD23	2.20	0.56
1:C:295:HIS:H	1:C:295:HIS:CD2	2.22	0.56
1:C:139:GLY:HA2	1:C:294:PRO:HD3	1.88	0.56
1:C:233:MET:HB2	1:C:236:TYR:HB2	1.87	0.56
1:A:139:GLY:HA3	1:A:291:LYS:HZ1	1.71	0.56
1:C:12:GLU:CG	1:C:13:GLY:H	2.19	0.55
1:C:84:HIS:NE2	1:C:85:GLN:CG	2.65	0.55
1:A:36:ARG:CZ	1:A:75:LYS:HE2	2.37	0.55
1:C:251:VAL:HG12	1:C:252:VAL:HG23	1.89	0.54
1:C:84:HIS:CD2	1:C:85:GLN:HG3	2.42	0.54
2:D:183:HIS:HB2	2:D:317:GLN:HE22	1.72	0.54
1:C:270:ASP:HB3	1:C:273:LYS:HG3	1.90	0.53
1:A:1:MET:HE1	1:A:32:LEU:HD13	1.90	0.53
1:A:249:SER:HA	1:A:260:ARG:HD3	1.91	0.52
1:A:36:ARG:NH1	1:A:75:LYS:NZ	2.58	0.51
1:A:101:LEU:HB3	1:A:102:PRO:HD3	1.93	0.51
1:A:11:GLY:HA3	3:A:302[A]:IJL:I1	2.80	0.51
2:B:227:LEU:CD1	2:B:261:MET:HE3	2.41	0.51
1:C:83:LEU:O	3:C:301:IJL:N1	2.44	0.51
1:C:12:GLU:CG	1:C:13:GLY:N	2.74	0.50
1:C:197:VAL:HG11	1:C:252:VAL:HG12	1.94	0.50
2:B:183:HIS:HB2	2:B:317:GLN:HE22	1.77	0.50
1:A:161:HIS:CE1	1:A:162:GLU:HG3	2.47	0.49
1:C:86:ASP:OD2	1:C:89:LYS:HG2	2.12	0.49
1:A:175:LEU:HD12	1:A:233:MET:HE1	1.94	0.49
1:A:278:LYS:NZ	2:B:181:ASP:OD2	2.42	0.48
1:C:62:ASN:ND2	1:C:110:GLN:HB3	2.28	0.48

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:230:VAL:HA	1:C:233:MET:HE2	1.94	0.48
2:D:219:VAL:HG22	2:D:232:LEU:HD21	1.96	0.48
1:A:18:VAL:HG21	3:A:302[B]:IJL:C7	2.44	0.48
2:D:250:ARG:HE	2:D:250:ARG:HB3	1.46	0.47
2:B:190:GLU:HG3	2:B:351:LEU:HD22	1.96	0.47
1:A:298:LEU:CD1	2:D:246:MET:C	2.87	0.47
2:D:387:LEU:CB	2:D:391:LEU:HD13	2.42	0.47
1:A:71:HIS:HA	1:A:76:LEU:HD12	1.97	0.46
1:A:227:TRP:CH2	1:A:233:MET:HE1	2.51	0.46
1:C:91:MET:HE2	1:C:130:PRO:HB3	1.97	0.46
1:C:176:GLY:O	1:C:234:PRO:HG2	2.16	0.46
2:B:293:ARG:HH22	1:C:2:GLU:HG2	1.76	0.46
2:B:211:ARG:O	2:B:215:VAL:HG23	2.16	0.45
2:D:223:GLU:OE2	2:D:412:LYS:HG3	2.16	0.45
1:C:78:LEU:HD23	1:C:78:LEU:N	2.32	0.45
1:C:84:HIS:CD2	1:C:85:GLN:CG	2.99	0.45
1:C:209:ILE:HD12	1:C:209:ILE:HA	1.81	0.45
1:A:59[A]:ASN:ND2	1:A:65:LYS:NZ	2.65	0.45
1:A:91:MET:HA	1:A:95:ALA:HB3	1.99	0.44
2:B:430:LEU:O	2:B:432:VAL:HG12	2.18	0.44
1:A:217:ARG:HG2	1:A:243:TRP:CD2	2.53	0.44
2:D:395:HIS:HE1	2:D:427:PRO:O	1.99	0.44
1:A:11:GLY:HA3	3:A:302[B]:IJL:N1	2.32	0.44
1:A:175:LEU:HD12	1:A:233:MET:CE	2.47	0.44
1:A:161:HIS:CG	1:A:162:GLU:N	2.86	0.44
2:D:345:ASP:HA	2:D:346:PRO:HA	1.81	0.44
2:D:396:GLN:HG3	2:D:400:ARG:HD2	1.99	0.43
2:B:322:GLN:HG2	4:B:566:HOH:O	2.17	0.43
1:C:127:ASP:CG	1:C:148:LEU:HD12	2.44	0.43
1:A:98:GLY:HA2	1:A:199:ARG:NE	2.34	0.43
1:A:175:LEU:CD1	1:A:233:MET:HE1	2.49	0.43
1:C:84:HIS:C	1:C:85:GLN:HG3	2.44	0.43
2:D:194:LYS:HD2	2:D:351:LEU:HD21	2.00	0.43
1:A:231:THR:HA	1:A:236:TYR:CD2	2.53	0.43
2:B:431:ASN:O	2:B:432:VAL:CB	2.66	0.43
2:D:187:ARG:O	2:D:190:GLU:HG2	2.19	0.42
2:B:263:LEU:HD21	2:B:295:GLU:HG3	2.02	0.42
2:D:361:HIS:CD2	2:D:361:HIS:C	2.97	0.42
2:B:217:TRP:CZ2	2:B:281:ILE:HD12	2.55	0.42
1:C:86:ASP:CG	1:C:89:LYS:HG2	2.44	0.42
1:A:122:ARG:HA	1:A:152:PHE:CE1	2.54	0.42

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:86:ASP:OD1	1:C:88:LYS:HB3	2.19	0.42
1:A:230:VAL:HA	1:A:233:MET:SD	2.60	0.41
2:D:388:LYS:O	2:D:389:PRO:C	2.63	0.41
1:C:107:TYR:O	1:C:111:LEU:HG	2.20	0.41
2:B:401:ALA:N	2:B:402:PRO:CD	2.83	0.41
1:C:12:GLU:HG3	1:C:16:GLY:O	2.20	0.41
2:D:296:HIS:O	2:D:300:LYS:HG3	2.21	0.41
2:D:361:HIS:ND1	2:D:384:LEU:HD21	2.36	0.41
1:A:209:ILE:HG21	3:A:301:IJL:C7	2.52	0.40
2:D:322:GLN:HB3	2:D:324:PRO:O	2.22	0.40
1:A:161:HIS:CD2	1:A:162:GLU:N	2.86	0.40
1:C:57:GLU:OE2	1:C:122:ARG:NH1	2.50	0.40
1:C:227:TRP:CE3	1:C:269:TYR:HB3	2.57	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	300/302 (99%)	289 (96%)	10 (3%)	1 (0%)	36	50
1	C	295/302 (98%)	287 (97%)	7 (2%)	1 (0%)	36	50
2	B	260/268 (97%)	256 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100	100
2	D	260/268 (97%)	258 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
All	All	1115/1140 (98%)	1090 (98%)	23 (2%)	2 (0%)	43	58

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	164	VAL
1	C	164	VAL

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	265/264 (100%)	259 (98%)	6 (2%)	44	66
1	C	262/264 (99%)	253 (97%)	9 (3%)	32	54
2	B	234/240 (98%)	233 (100%)	1 (0%)	84	92
2	D	234/240 (98%)	232 (99%)	2 (1%)	70	85
All	All	995/1008 (99%)	977 (98%)	18 (2%)	51	73

All (18) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	70	ILE
1	A	71	HIS
1	A	78	LEU
1	A	150	ARG
1	A	184	VAL
1	A	295	HIS
2	B	281	ILE
1	C	15	TYR
1	C	17	VAL
1	C	73	GLU
1	C	78	LEU
1	C	101	LEU
1	C	200	ARG
1	C	209	ILE
1	C	225	VAL
1	C	293	VAL
2	D	192	LYS
2	D	245	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (24) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	85	GLN

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	161	HIS
1	A	246	GLN
1	A	295	HIS
2	B	179	HIS
2	B	183	HIS
2	B	254	GLN
2	B	317	GLN
2	B	322	GLN
2	B	378	GLN
2	B	395	HIS
2	B	396	GLN
2	B	425	ASN
1	C	265	GLN
1	C	295	HIS
2	D	228	GLN
2	D	233	HIS
2	D	254	GLN
2	D	317	GLN
2	D	395	HIS
2	D	396	GLN
2	D	406	GLN
2	D	419	HIS
2	D	425	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
1	TPO	A	160	1	8,10,11	0.98	0	10,14,16	0.94	0

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
1	TPO	C	160	1	8,10,11	0.89	0	10,14,16	0.89	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	TPO	A	160	1	-	1/9/11/13	-
1	TPO	C	160	1	-	1/9/11/13	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	A	160	TPO	O-C-CA-CB
1	C	160	TPO	O-C-CA-CB

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	IJL	A	301	-	10,10,10	0.63	0	13,13,13	0.82	0
3	IJL	A	302[A]	-	10,10,10	0.40	0	13,13,13	0.59	0
3	IJL	C	301	-	10,10,10	0.68	0	13,13,13	0.87	1 (7%)
3	IJL	A	302[B]	-	10,10,10	0.43	0	13,13,13	0.56	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	IJL	A	301	-	-	0/4/4/4	0/1/1/1
3	IJL	A	302[A]	-	-	0/4/4/4	0/1/1/1
3	IJL	C	301	-	-	3/4/4/4	0/1/1/1
3	IJL	A	302[B]	-	-	0/4/4/4	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	C	301	IJL	C7-C2-C1	-2.05	115.47	121.06

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	C	301	IJL	O1-C1-C2-C7
3	C	301	IJL	N1-C1-C2-C7
3	C	301	IJL	O1-C1-C2-C3

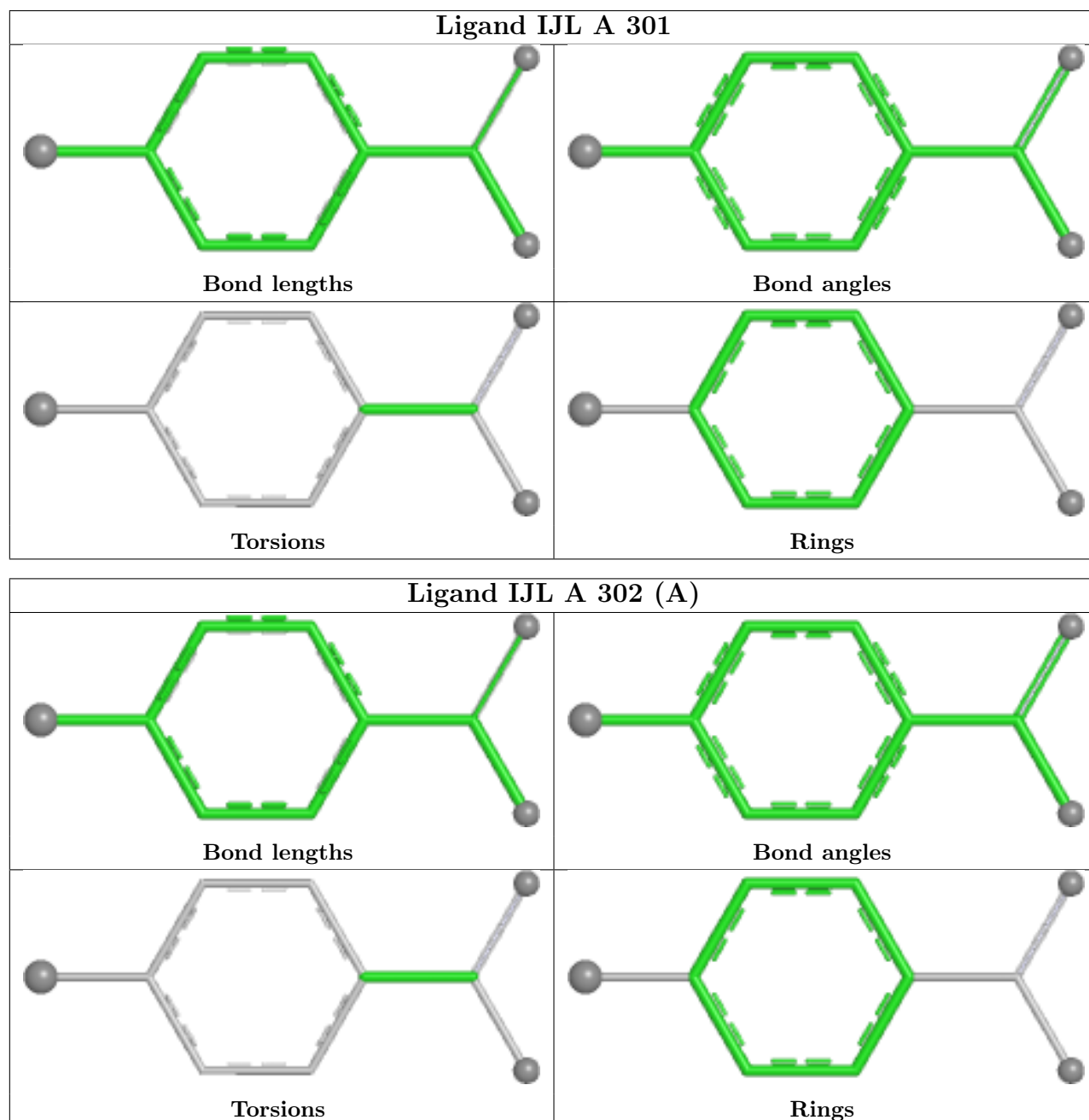
There are no ring outliers.

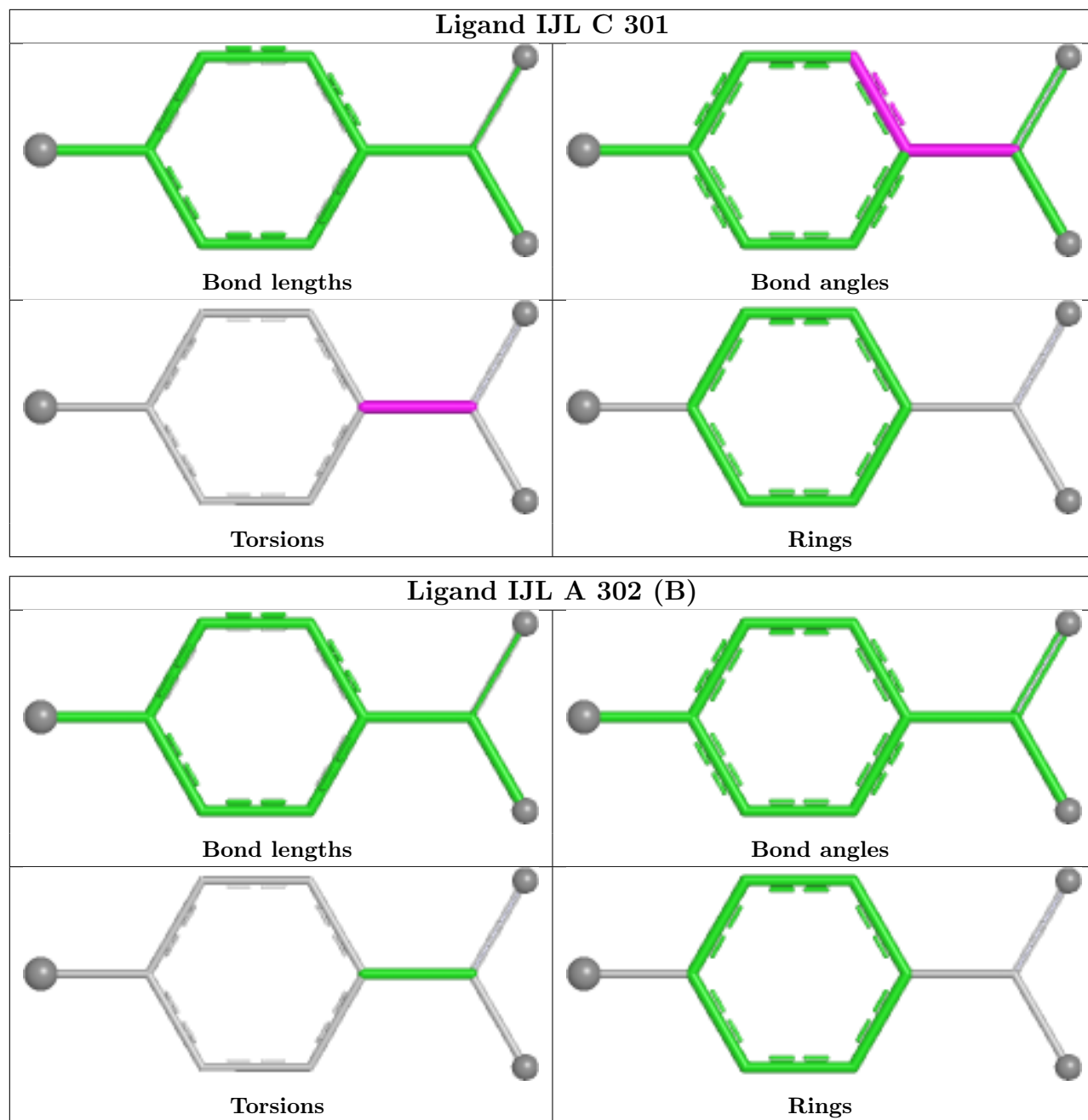
4 monomers are involved in 5 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	301	IJL	1	0
3	A	302[A]	IJL	1	0
3	C	301	IJL	1	0
3	A	302[B]	IJL	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths,

bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2			OWAB(Å²)	Q<0.9
1	A	301/302 (99%)	-0.04	19 (6%)	26	22	14, 27, 71, 105	1 (0%)
1	C	296/302 (98%)	-0.12	8 (2%)	56	52	12, 29, 57, 108	1 (0%)
2	B	262/268 (97%)	-0.25	1 (0%)	88	86	20, 29, 48, 74	0
2	D	262/268 (97%)	-0.10	2 (0%)	82	80	23, 32, 47, 66	0
All	All	1121/1140 (98%)	-0.12	30 (2%)	56	52	12, 29, 56, 108	2 (0%)

All (30) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	15	TYR	4.6
1	A	291	LYS	4.3
1	A	71	HIS	4.1
1	A	296	LEU	4.1
2	B	432	VAL	3.9
2	D	432	VAL	3.9
1	A	290	THR	3.4
1	A	14	THR	3.3
1	A	293	VAL	3.3
1	A	292	PRO	3.2
1	A	295	HIS	3.2
1	A	39	THR	3.2
1	C	15	TYR	3.2
1	A	13	GLY	3.1
1	C	14	THR	3.1
1	A	298	LEU	3.0
1	A	294	PRO	2.8
1	A	-2	PRO	2.7
1	A	38	ASP	2.6
1	C	295	HIS	2.6
1	A	72	THR	2.6

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	96	LEU	2.4
1	A	162	GLU	2.3
1	C	296	LEU	2.2
1	C	84	HIS	2.1
1	A	94	SER	2.1
1	C	206	ASP	2.1
1	C	85	GLN	2.1
2	D	391	LEU	2.1
1	C	242	LYS	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	TPO	C	160	11/12	0.97	0.05	23,25,28,29	0
1	TPO	A	160	11/12	0.98	0.05	17,22,27,27	0

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

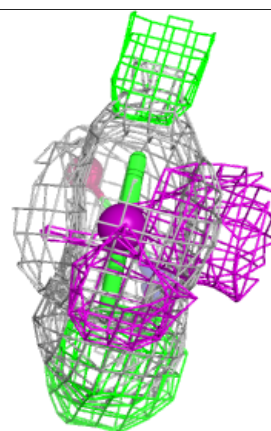
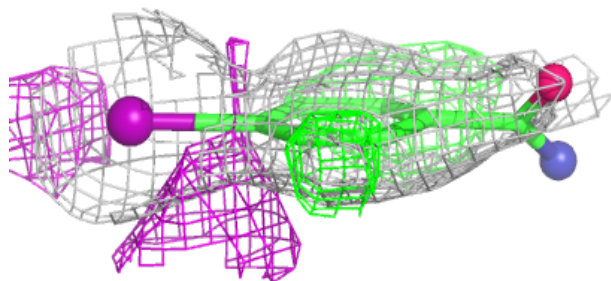
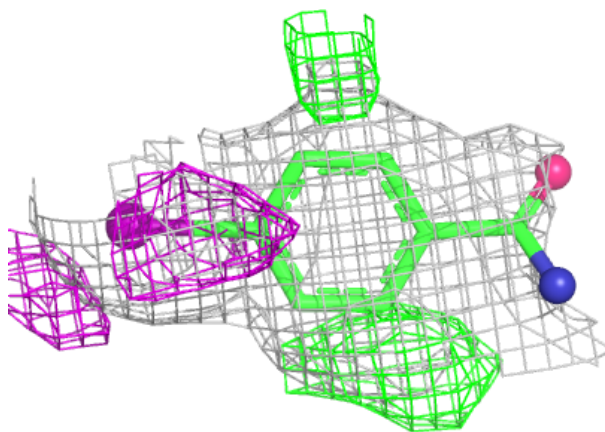
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
3	IJL	C	301	10/10	0.82	0.20	53,70,100,121	0
3	IJL	A	301	10/10	0.84	0.23	49,63,72,83	10
3	IJL	A	302[B]	10/10	0.85	0.17	101,133,168,175	10
3	IJL	A	302[A]	10/10	0.85	0.17	22,34,54,92	10

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different

orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

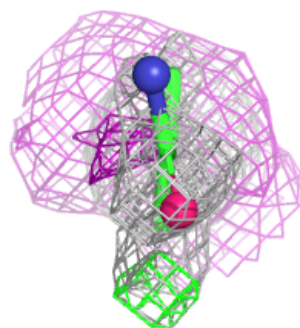
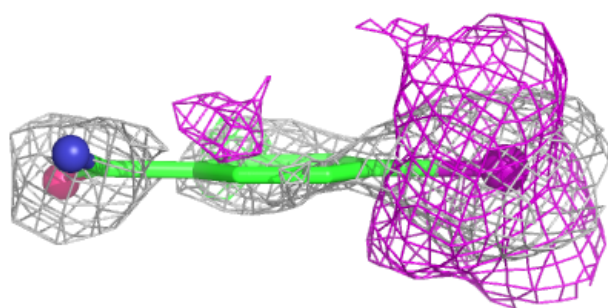
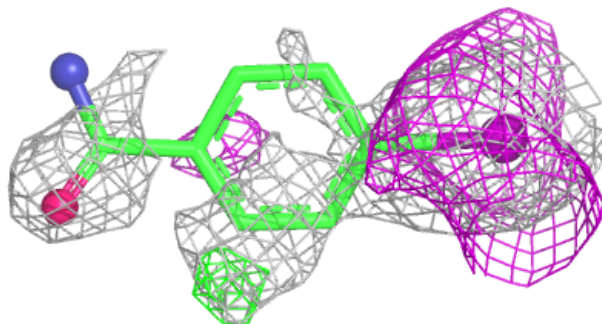
Electron density around IJL C 301:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

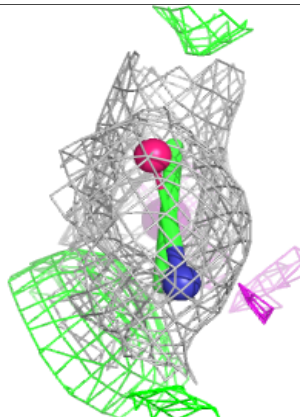
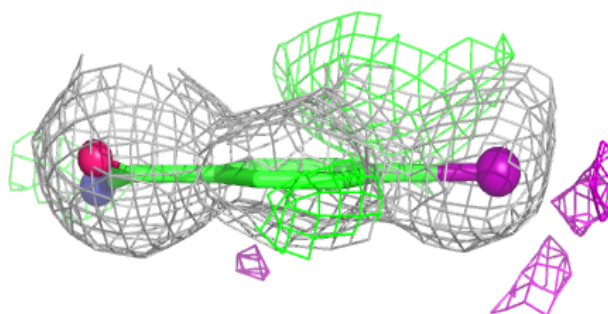
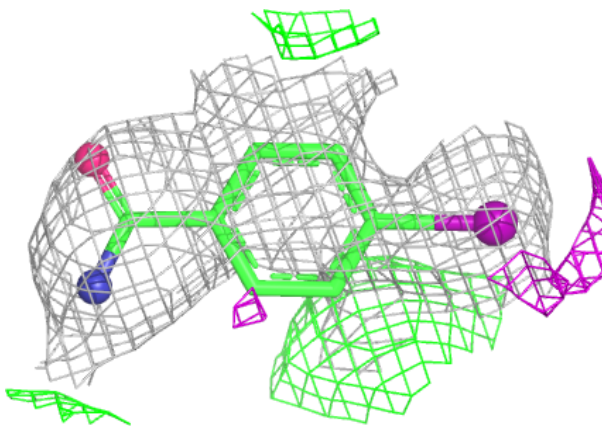


Electron density around IJL A 301:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

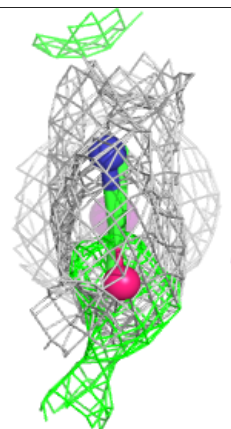
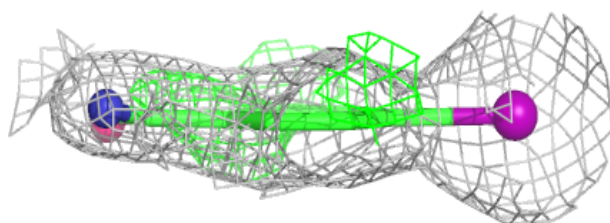
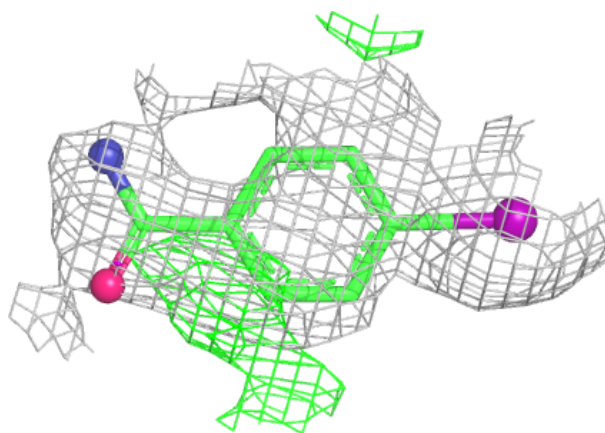
**Electron density around IJL A 302 (B):**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



Electron density around IJL A 302 (A):

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.