



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 9, 2026 – 05:54 PM UTC

PDB ID : 8EUJ / pdb_00008euj
EMDB ID : EMD-28614
Title : Class2 of the INO80-Nucleosome complex
Authors : Wu, H.; Munoz, E.; Gourdet, M.; Narlikar, G.; Cheng, Y.F.
Deposited on : 2022-10-18
Resolution : 3.36 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

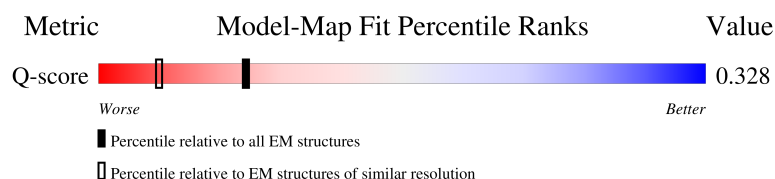
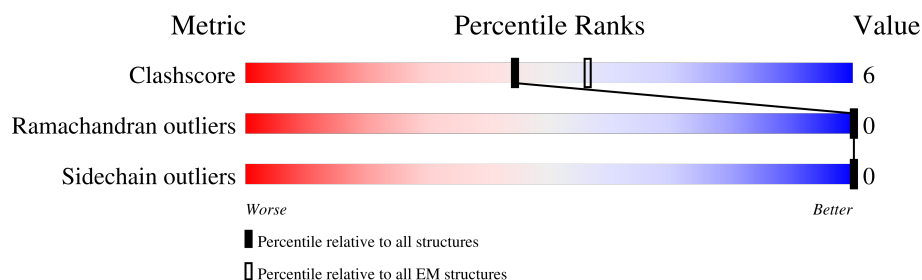
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDb archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.36 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



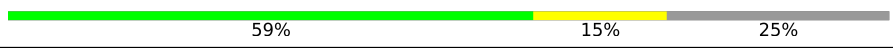
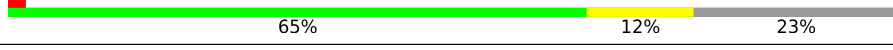
Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	14332 (2.86 - 3.86)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	136	
1	E	136	
2	B	103	
2	F	103	

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
3	C	130	
3	G	130	
4	D	123	
4	H	123	
5	I	227	
6	J	227	

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 11824 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Histone H3.2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	93	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			759	480	143	134	2		
1	E	96	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			781	492	149	138	2		

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	111	ALA	CYS	conflict	UNP A0A310TTQ1
E	111	ALA	CYS	conflict	UNP A0A310TTQ1

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Histone H4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	B	81	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			643	404	126	112	1		
2	F	79	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			620	389	120	110	1		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Histone H2A type 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
3	C	106	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			820	517	160	143		
3	G	104	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			804	507	157	140		

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Histone H2B 1.1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	D	92	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			719	453	129	135	2		

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	H	95	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			739	466	131	140	2		

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
D	1	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP A0A1B8Y854
H	1	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP A0A1B8Y854

- Molecule 5 is a DNA chain called DNA (147-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
5	I	145	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			2954	1404	537	869	144		

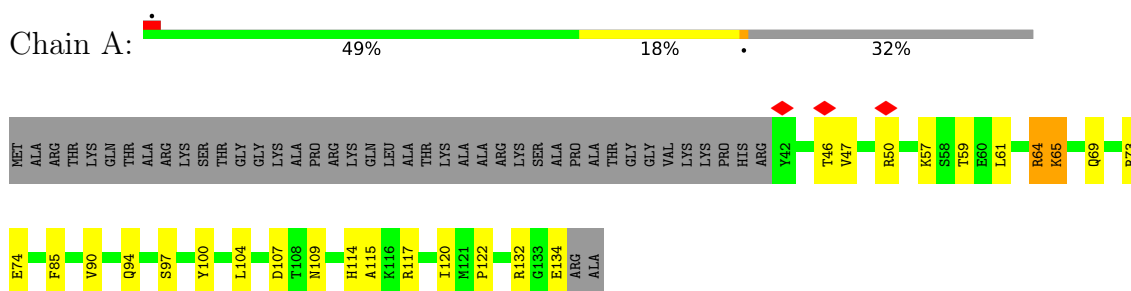
- Molecule 6 is a DNA chain called DNA (147-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
6	J	145	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			2985	1414	560	867	144		

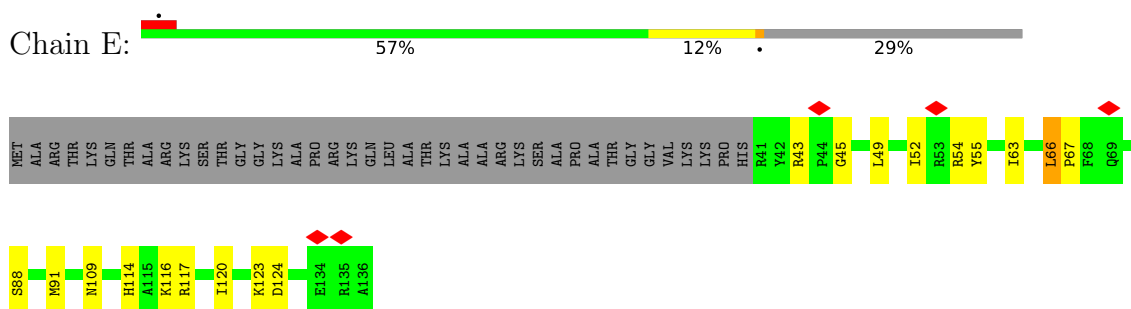
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

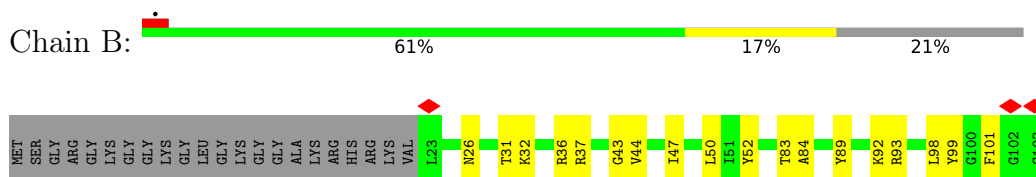
• Molecule 1: Histone H3.2



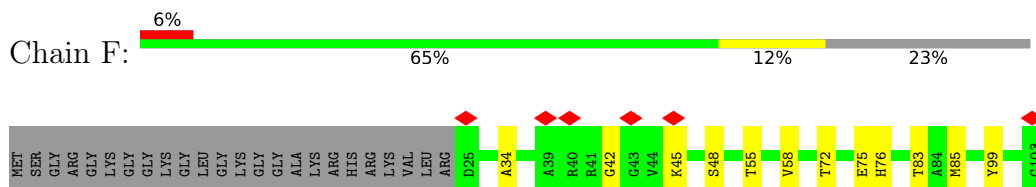
• Molecule 1: Histone H3.2



• Molecule 2: Histone H4



• Molecule 2: Histone H4



• Molecule 3: Histone H2A type 1

MET	SR	GLY	ARG	GLY	LYS	GLN	GLY	GLY	LYS	THR	ARG	ALA	LYS	ALA	K16	P27	R30	L34	L35	R36	K37	A41	V44	L52	L56	T60	E65	N69	R72	P81	L84	L116	L117	K120	L121	GLU	SR	SR	LYS	SR	SR	ALA	LYS	SR
-----	----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	------	------	------	------	-----	----	----	-----	----	----	-----	-----	----

Chain G: 72% 8% 20%

MET	SER	GLY	ARG	GLY	LYS	GLU	GLY	GLY	THR	THR	ARG	ALA	ALA	LYS	K16	R21	R30	R33	L34	Y40	L64	R82	L86	A87	V88	L94	N95	K119	LYS	THR	GLU	SER	SER	SER	ALA	LYS	SER	SER
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	------	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

Chain D: 59% 15% 25%

Chain H:

Met	Ala	Lys	Ser	Ala	Pro	Ala	Pro	Lys	Lys	Gly	Ser	Lys	Lys	Ala	Val	Thr	Thr	Lys	Lys	Asp	Gly	Gly	Lys	Lys	Lys	Arg	Arg	K29	E33	L43	K44	D49	T50	K55	I59	M60	D66	S76	K83	T94	L98	A105	V109	K114	G115
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	------	------	------	------

Chain I: 56% 8% 36%

[illegible]

Chain J:

[illegible]

4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	44535	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	43	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	-1000	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	-2000	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	4.504	Depositor
Minimum map value	-2.818	Depositor
Average map value	0.004	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.104	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.812	Depositor
Map size ($\text{\AA}$)	400.8, 400.8, 400.8	wwPDB
Map dimensions	480, 480, 480	wwPDB
Map angles ($^\circ$)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing ($\text{\AA}$)	0.835, 0.835, 0.835	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.25	0/769	0.69	2/1033 (0.2%)
1	E	0.30	0/791	0.82	2/1061 (0.2%)
2	B	0.21	0/650	0.58	0/869
2	F	0.25	0/627	0.68	0/840
3	C	0.25	0/830	0.70	0/1120
3	G	0.29	0/814	0.78	0/1099
4	D	0.25	0/730	0.71	0/983
4	H	0.35	0/750	0.83	2/1008 (0.2%)
5	I	0.24	0/3310	0.48	0/5103
6	J	0.23	0/3352	0.48	0/5176
All	All	0.26	0/12623	0.60	6/18292 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (6) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	E	66	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.14	137.78	116.30
1	A	65	LYS	CA-CB-CG	6.01	126.12	114.10
1	E	123	LYS	CA-CB-CG	5.99	126.08	114.10
1	A	64	ARG	CA-CB-CG	5.95	126.00	114.10
4	H	44	LYS	CB-CG-CD	5.57	124.10	111.30
4	H	60	MET	CB-CG-SD	5.44	129.02	112.70

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	759	0	791	22	0
1	E	781	0	811	14	0
2	B	643	0	678	31	0
2	F	620	0	643	10	0
3	C	820	0	879	11	0
3	G	804	0	859	10	0
4	D	719	0	740	22	0
4	H	739	0	762	12	0
5	I	2954	0	1629	31	0
6	J	2985	0	1628	28	0
All	All	11824	0	9420	129	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (129) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:89:TYR:CE1	2:B:92:LYS:NZ	1.81	1.46
5:I:72:DG:N2	6:J:-71:DA:C4	1.95	1.33
2:B:89:TYR:HE1	2:B:92:LYS:NZ	1.22	1.23
5:I:72:DG:N3	6:J:-71:DA:C2	2.21	1.09
5:I:72:DG:C2	6:J:-71:DA:C2	2.41	1.07
2:B:89:TYR:CD1	2:B:92:LYS:CE	2.36	1.06
2:B:89:TYR:HD1	2:B:92:LYS:HE3	1.33	0.93
2:B:89:TYR:CD1	2:B:92:LYS:NZ	2.39	0.89
5:I:72:DG:N2	6:J:-71:DA:C5	2.42	0.87
2:B:89:TYR:HE1	2:B:92:LYS:HZ1	0.90	0.86
5:I:72:DG:N2	6:J:-71:DA:N3	2.24	0.84
2:B:89:TYR:CE1	4:D:81:TYR:OH	2.30	0.84
5:I:72:DG:C2	6:J:-71:DA:C6	2.66	0.83
2:B:89:TYR:CZ	4:D:81:TYR:HE2	1.97	0.81
5:I:72:DG:N1	6:J:-71:DA:C6	2.49	0.81
5:I:72:DG:C2	6:J:-71:DA:C4	2.68	0.81
2:B:89:TYR:CE1	2:B:92:LYS:CE	2.64	0.80
2:B:89:TYR:CE2	4:D:81:TYR:HE2	2.00	0.79
5:I:72:DG:C2	6:J:-71:DA:N1	2.49	0.79
2:B:89:TYR:CD1	2:B:92:LYS:HE3	2.10	0.78
5:I:72:DG:C2	6:J:-71:DA:C5	2.77	0.72
5:I:72:DG:C2	6:J:-71:DA:N3	2.59	0.69
1:E:66:LEU:HD12	1:E:67:PRO:HD3	1.75	0.67
1:A:59:THR:HB	3:G:82:ARG:HD3	1.78	0.66

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:89:TYR:CD1	2:B:92:LYS:HE2	2.27	0.65
2:B:89:TYR:CZ	4:D:81:TYR:CE2	2.82	0.64
5:I:-21:DC:H42	6:J:21:DG:H1	1.48	0.61
2:B:31:THR:HG21	6:J:-13:DA:H5''	1.84	0.60
1:A:65:LYS:NZ	5:I:18:DC:OP1	2.33	0.59
4:H:94:THR:O	4:H:98:LEU:HG	2.02	0.59
5:I:72:DG:C4	6:J:-71:DA:C2	2.91	0.58
3:G:33:ARG:HE	3:G:34:LEU:HG	1.66	0.58
4:H:49:ASP:OD1	4:H:49:ASP:N	2.37	0.57
4:D:49:ASP:N	4:D:49:ASP:OD1	2.37	0.56
2:B:99:TYR:HB3	4:H:59:ILE:HG23	1.89	0.55
2:B:89:TYR:CE2	4:D:81:TYR:CE2	2.89	0.55
1:A:109:ASN:ND2	2:B:43:GLY:O	2.39	0.55
2:F:76:HIS:HB2	4:H:94:THR:HG21	1.88	0.55
5:I:69:DC:H2''	5:I:70:DC:C5	2.42	0.55
2:B:36:ARG:NH2	2:B:52:TYR:OH	2.40	0.54
5:I:-42:DT:OP1	3:G:21:ARG:NH2	2.42	0.53
2:B:93:ARG:NH1	4:D:74:GLU:OE1	2.42	0.53
1:A:120:ILE:HD11	2:B:47:ILE:HG22	1.90	0.53
2:B:89:TYR:HD1	2:B:92:LYS:CE	1.90	0.52
1:A:120:ILE:HD13	2:B:44:VAL:HG11	1.91	0.52
3:C:36:ARG:NH1	3:C:41:ALA:O	2.40	0.52
5:I:72:DG:N2	6:J:-71:DA:N9	2.52	0.52
4:D:66:ASP:OD2	2:F:99:TYR:OH	2.27	0.52
2:F:83:THR:HG23	2:F:85:MET:H	1.75	0.52
1:A:107:ASP:OD2	1:A:132:ARG:NH1	2.43	0.51
1:A:47:VAL:HG23	1:A:50:ARG:HE	1.76	0.51
1:E:45:GLY:HA3	2:F:45:LYS:HE3	1.93	0.51
4:H:43:LEU:HB2	3:G:64:LEU:HD13	1.92	0.51
1:A:64:ARG:HH11	5:I:17:DA:H4'	1.76	0.50
3:C:52:LEU:HD13	4:D:92:ILE:HD11	1.94	0.50
4:H:33:GLU:OE1	3:G:30:ARG:NH1	2.45	0.50
4:D:64:VAL:O	4:D:68:PHE:N	2.44	0.50
3:G:82:ARG:HH22	3:G:86:LEU:HD21	1.78	0.49
1:E:43:ARG:NH2	5:I:71:DT:H71	2.28	0.49
5:I:47:DG:O6	6:J:-48:DC:N4	2.46	0.49
3:C:69:ASN:OD1	3:C:72:ARG:NH1	2.46	0.48
5:I:26:DG:N2	6:J:-25:DC:O2	2.46	0.48
2:F:72:THR:HA	2:F:75:GLU:HB2	1.96	0.48
4:H:43:LEU:HD11	4:H:50:THR:HB	1.95	0.48
4:D:71:ILE:HG13	4:D:99:LEU:HD13	1.96	0.48

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:E:88:SER:HA	1:E:91:MET:HB2	1.96	0.47
1:E:43:ARG:HH22	5:I:71:DT:H71	1.79	0.47
5:I:-25:DA:H2''	5:I:-24:DG:C8	2.49	0.47
3:C:56:LEU:O	3:C:60:THR:OG1	2.28	0.47
2:F:55:THR:HA	2:F:58:VAL:HG22	1.97	0.47
1:E:117:ARG:NE	5:I:-3:DG:OP2	2.44	0.47
5:I:53:DT:H2''	5:I:54:DG:C8	2.50	0.46
4:D:32:LYS:N	5:I:50:DA:OP1	2.49	0.46
1:A:122:PRO:HG3	2:B:50:LEU:HG	1.97	0.46
1:A:115:ALA:HB1	1:A:117:ARG:HH21	1.80	0.46
1:A:73:ARG:NH1	6:J:-23:DT:OP1	2.47	0.46
1:A:134:GLU:N	1:A:134:GLU:OE1	2.49	0.46
3:C:34:LEU:HA	3:C:37:LYS:HG2	1.98	0.46
4:H:83:LYS:HB2	4:H:83:LYS:HE2	1.69	0.46
1:A:114:HIS:NE2	1:E:124:ASP:OD1	2.41	0.45
3:G:16:LYS:HB3	3:G:21:ARG:HH21	1.80	0.45
3:C:81:PRO:HA	3:C:84:LEU:HD23	1.97	0.45
1:E:114:HIS:O	1:E:116:LYS:NZ	2.48	0.45
2:B:32:LYS:HG3	2:B:52:TYR:HE2	1.82	0.45
6:J:3:DC:H2''	6:J:4:DG:C8	2.52	0.45
2:B:99:TYR:OH	4:H:66:ASP:OD1	2.29	0.45
3:G:88:VAL:HG13	3:G:94:LEU:HB3	1.98	0.44
2:F:45:LYS:NZ	5:I:-4:DC:OP1	2.42	0.44
5:I:69:DC:H2''	5:I:70:DC:C6	2.53	0.44
1:A:94:GLN:O	1:A:97:SER:OG	2.33	0.44
3:C:44:VAL:HA	4:D:87:ILE:HB	1.99	0.44
4:D:86:THR:N	6:J:-34:DA:OP1	2.51	0.43
1:E:120:ILE:O	2:F:48:SER:OG	2.29	0.43
5:I:-26:DT:H2''	5:I:-25:DA:C8	2.53	0.43
4:H:76:SER:HB2	3:G:40:TYR:HB3	2.00	0.43
1:A:57:LYS:HB2	1:A:57:LYS:HE3	1.74	0.43
6:J:14:DT:H1'	6:J:15:DT:H5'	2.00	0.43
3:C:27:PRO:HG2	3:C:30:ARG:HB3	2.00	0.43
5:I:59:DA:H61	6:J:-59:DT:H3	1.66	0.43
1:A:61:LEU:HD11	1:A:65:LYS:HE3	1.99	0.43
6:J:15:DT:H2''	6:J:16:DA:C8	2.53	0.43
2:B:37:ARG:NH2	6:J:-13:DA:OP1	2.52	0.43
1:A:74:GLU:HG3	2:B:26:ASN:HD22	1.83	0.43
6:J:-7:DG:H2''	6:J:-6:DG:C8	2.54	0.43
1:A:47:VAL:HA	1:A:50:ARG:HB3	2.01	0.42
2:B:89:TYR:CE1	4:D:81:TYR:CZ	3.08	0.42

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:46:THR:OG1	6:J:70:DC:OP1	2.36	0.42
2:B:89:TYR:CE1	4:D:81:TYR:CE2	3.07	0.42
5:I:72:DG:C4	6:J:-71:DA:N1	2.88	0.42
3:C:65:GLU:OE2	3:C:69:ASN:ND2	2.54	0.41
4:D:82:ASN:OD1	4:D:82:ASN:N	2.52	0.41
1:A:73:ARG:HD3	1:A:85:PHE:HD2	1.85	0.41
3:C:116:LEU:HD11	1:E:49:LEU:HD21	2.02	0.41
1:E:109:ASN:ND2	2:F:42:GLY:O	2.54	0.41
4:H:55:LYS:O	4:H:59:ILE:HD12	2.20	0.41
1:A:100:TYR:O	1:A:104:LEU:N	2.50	0.41
2:B:98:LEU:HD21	2:B:101:PHE:HD2	1.85	0.41
4:D:64:VAL:HA	4:D:67:VAL:HG22	2.03	0.41
3:G:21:ARG:H	3:G:21:ARG:HG2	1.57	0.41
4:D:106:LYS:HA	4:D:106:LYS:HD3	1.88	0.41
2:B:83:THR:OG1	2:B:84:ALA:N	2.54	0.40
1:E:52:ILE:HD13	1:E:52:ILE:HA	1.88	0.40
3:C:30:ARG:NH2	4:D:38:TYR:OH	2.52	0.40
1:A:69:GLN:HG2	1:A:90:VAL:HG21	2.03	0.40
4:D:36:ALA:HA	4:D:57:MET:HE2	2.03	0.40
1:E:54:ARG:HG2	1:E:55:TYR:HD1	1.87	0.40
1:E:63:ILE:HG22	2:F:34:ALA:HB1	2.03	0.40
4:D:85:SER:N	6:J:-34:DA:OP1	2.54	0.40
4:H:105:ALA:O	4:H:109:VAL:HG12	2.21	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	91/136 (67%)	86 (94%)	5 (6%)	0	100	100
1	E	94/136 (69%)	90 (96%)	4 (4%)	0	100	100

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
2	B	79/103 (77%)	78 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
2	F	77/103 (75%)	75 (97%)	2 (3%)	0	100	100
3	C	104/130 (80%)	101 (97%)	3 (3%)	0	100	100
3	G	102/130 (78%)	97 (95%)	5 (5%)	0	100	100
4	D	90/123 (73%)	87 (97%)	3 (3%)	0	100	100
4	H	93/123 (76%)	92 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
All	All	730/984 (74%)	706 (97%)	24 (3%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	79/110 (72%)	79 (100%)	0	100	100
1	E	80/110 (73%)	80 (100%)	0	100	100
2	B	65/79 (82%)	65 (100%)	0	100	100
2	F	62/79 (78%)	62 (100%)	0	100	100
3	C	85/102 (83%)	85 (100%)	0	100	100
3	G	83/102 (81%)	83 (100%)	0	100	100
4	D	78/103 (76%)	78 (100%)	0	100	100
4	H	80/103 (78%)	80 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	612/788 (78%)	612 (100%)	0	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	65	ASN

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	C	25	GLN
1	E	77	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

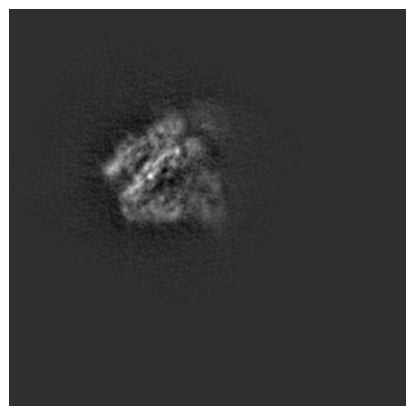
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-28614. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

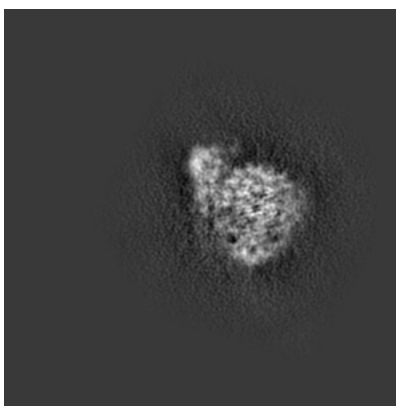
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

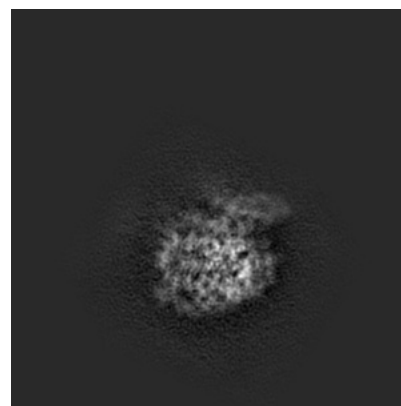
6.1.1 Primary map



X

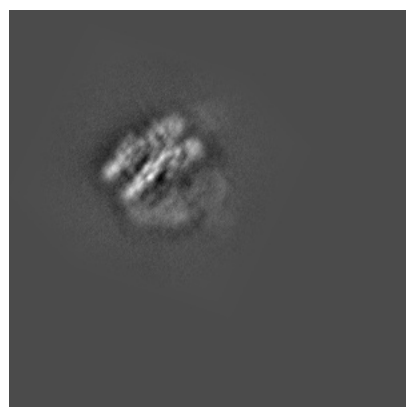


Y

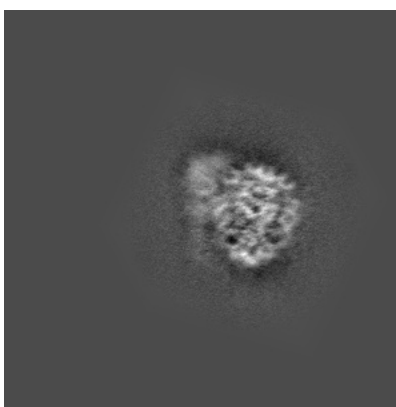


Z

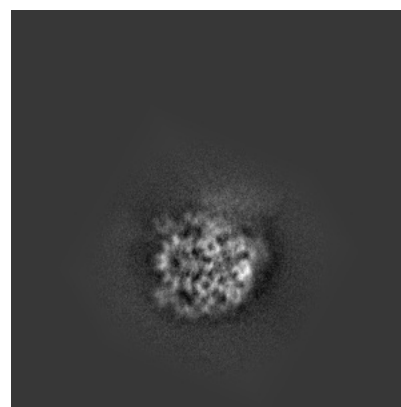
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

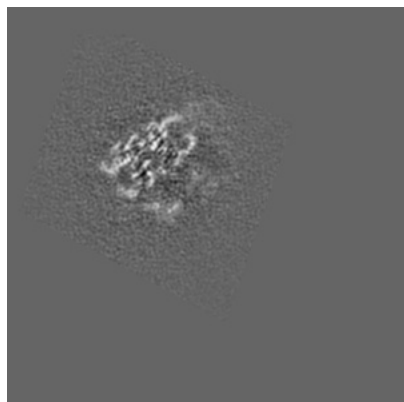


Z

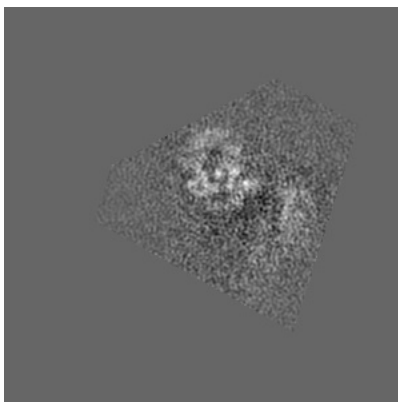
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

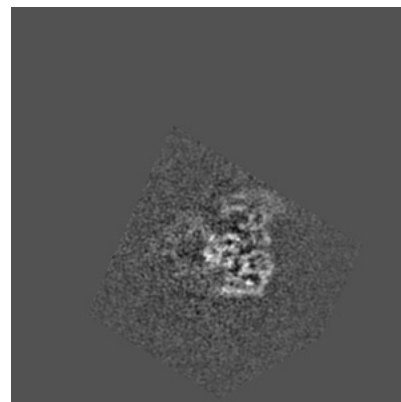
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 240

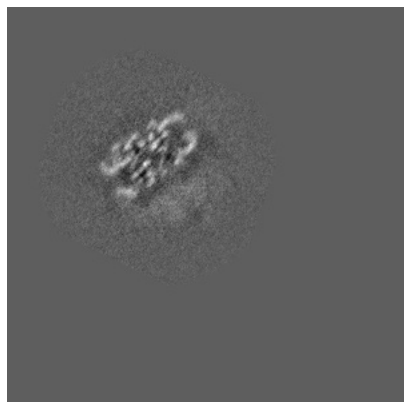


Y Index: 240

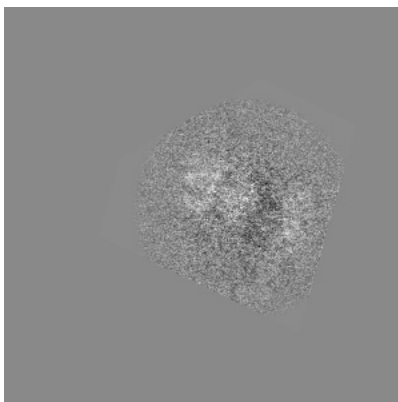


Z Index: 240

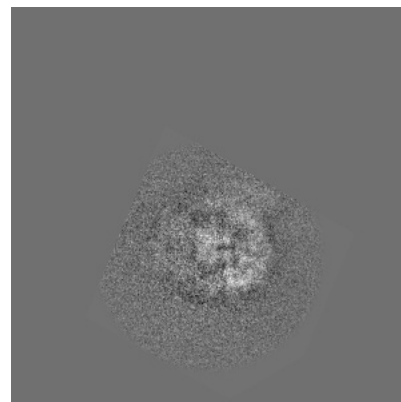
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 240



Y Index: 240

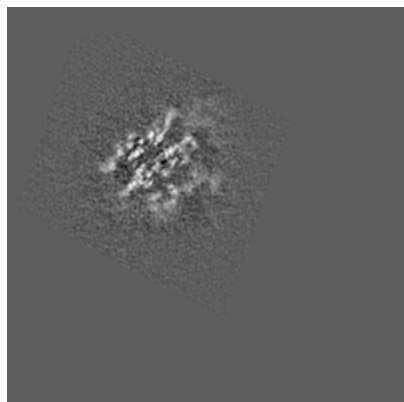


Z Index: 240

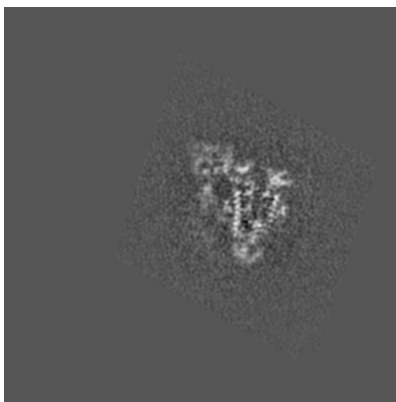
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

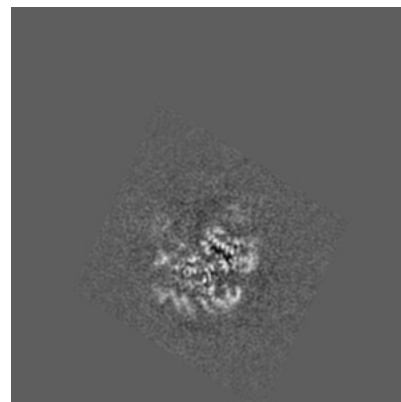
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 246

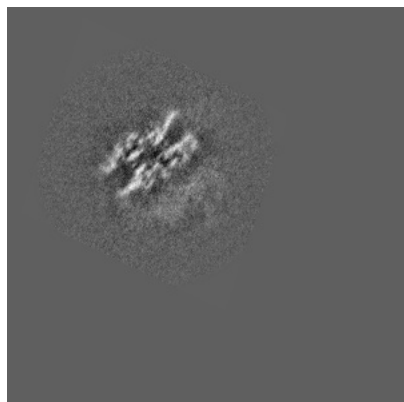


Y Index: 170

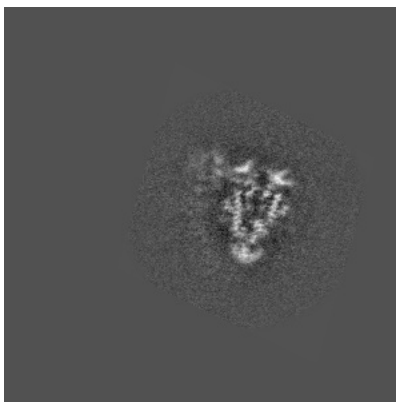


Z Index: 293

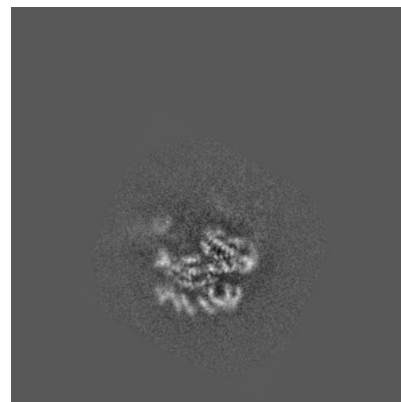
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 245



Y Index: 171

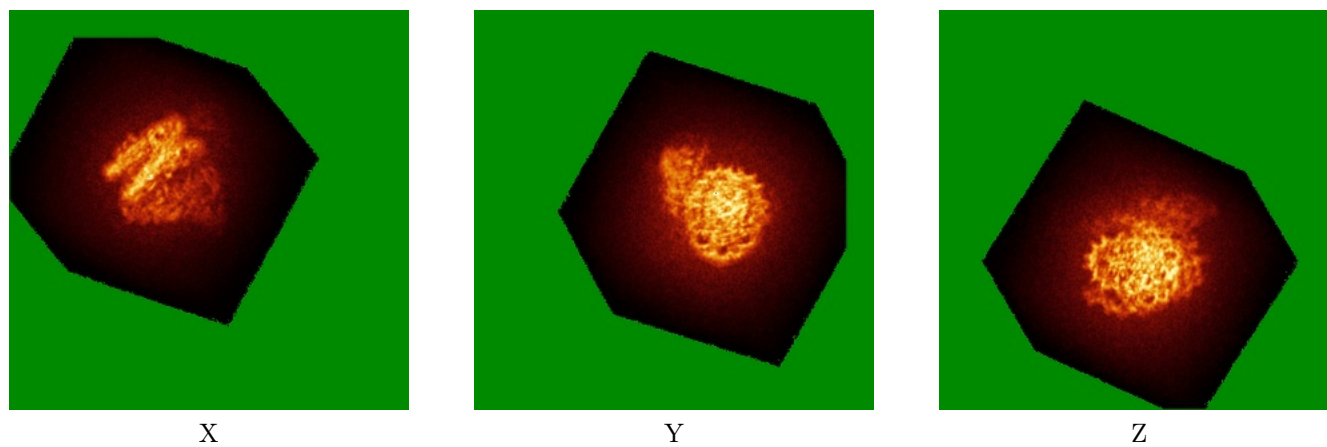


Z Index: 291

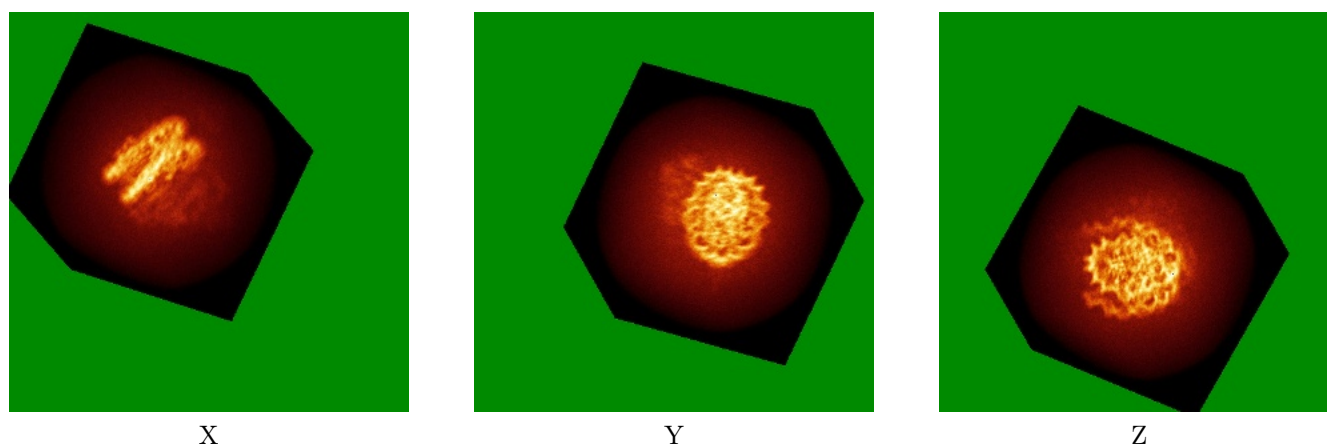
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

6.4.1 Primary map



6.4.2 Raw map



The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

This section was not generated.

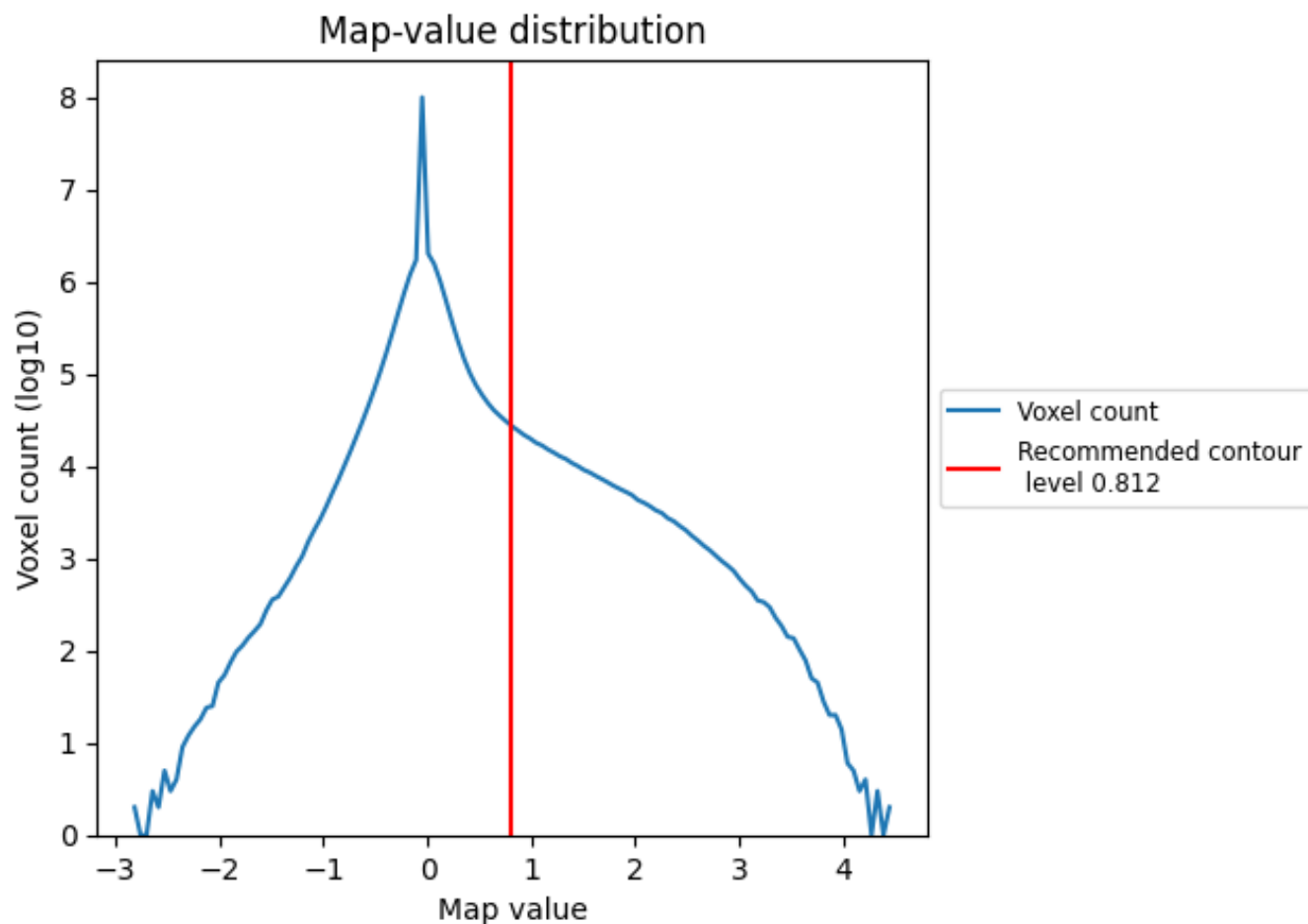
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

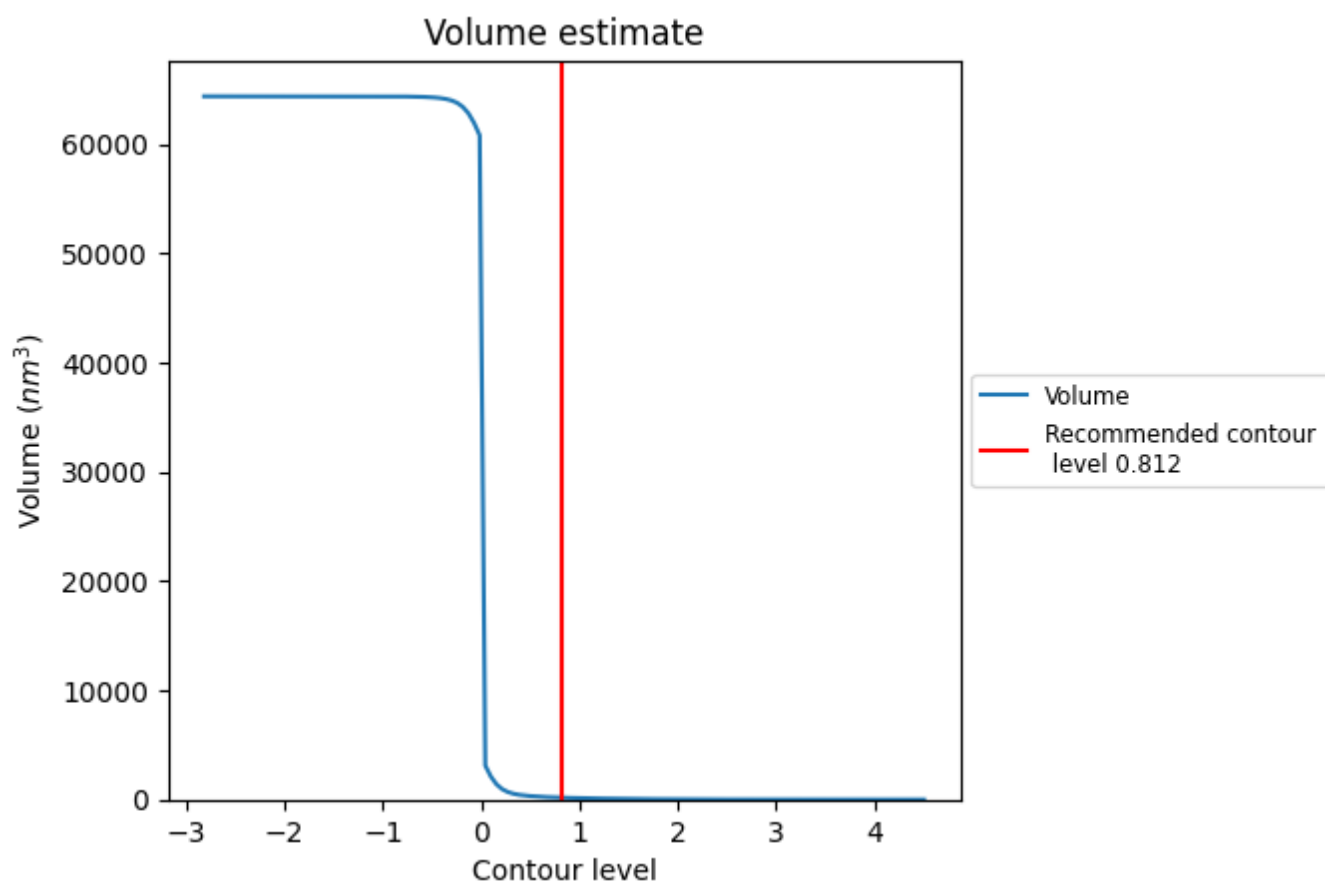
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

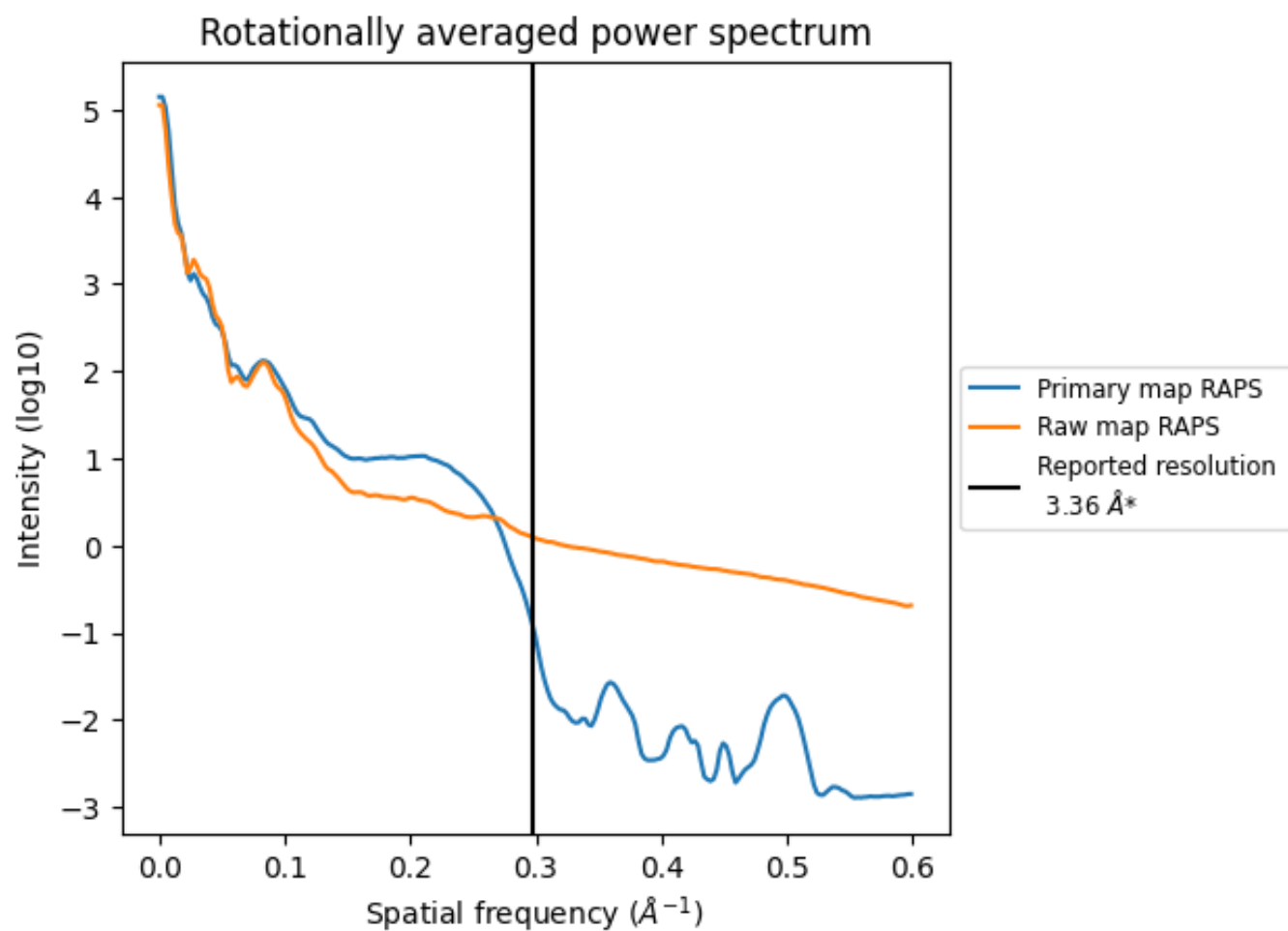
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 178 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 161 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

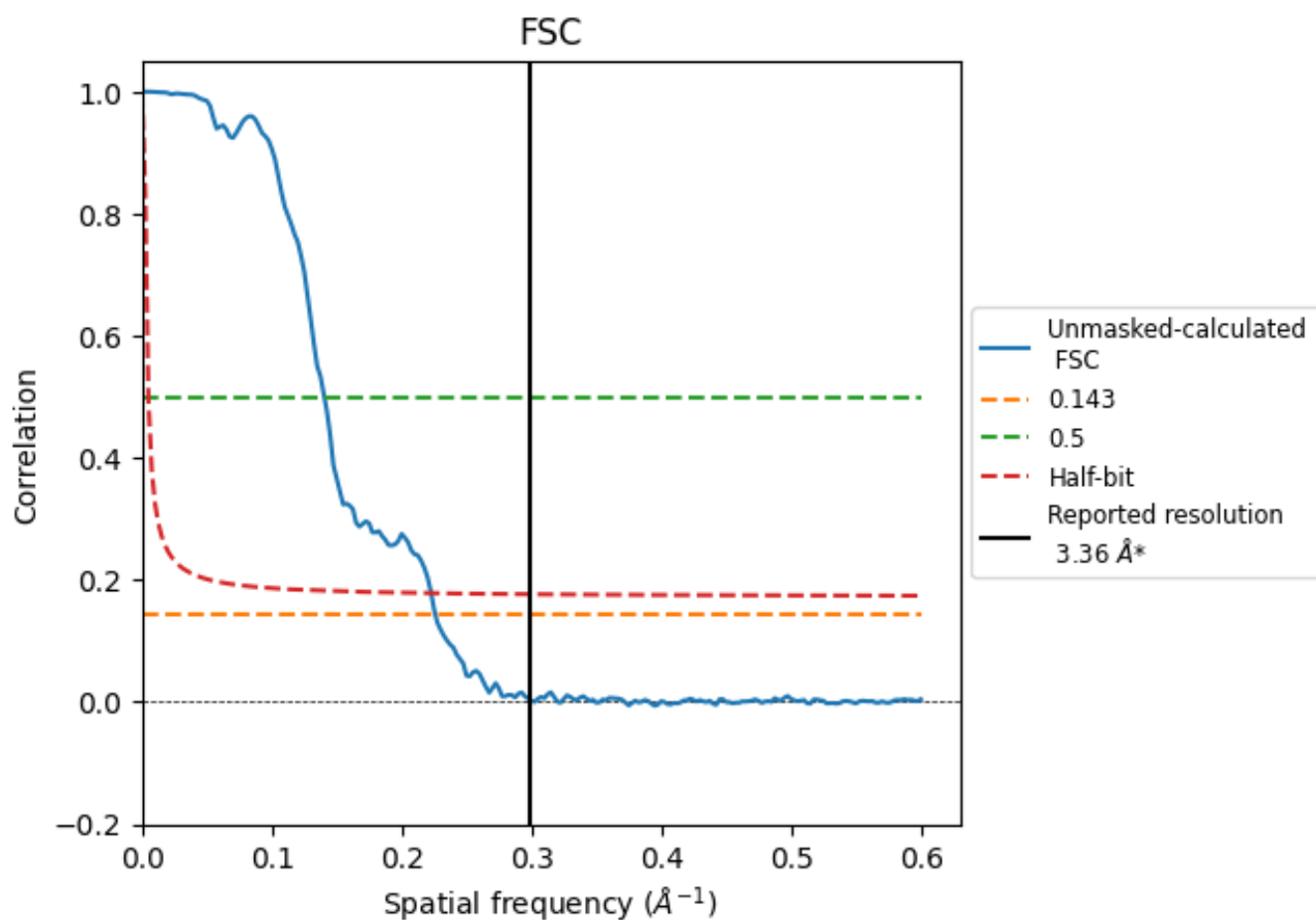


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.298 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.298 $\text{\AA}^{-1}$

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

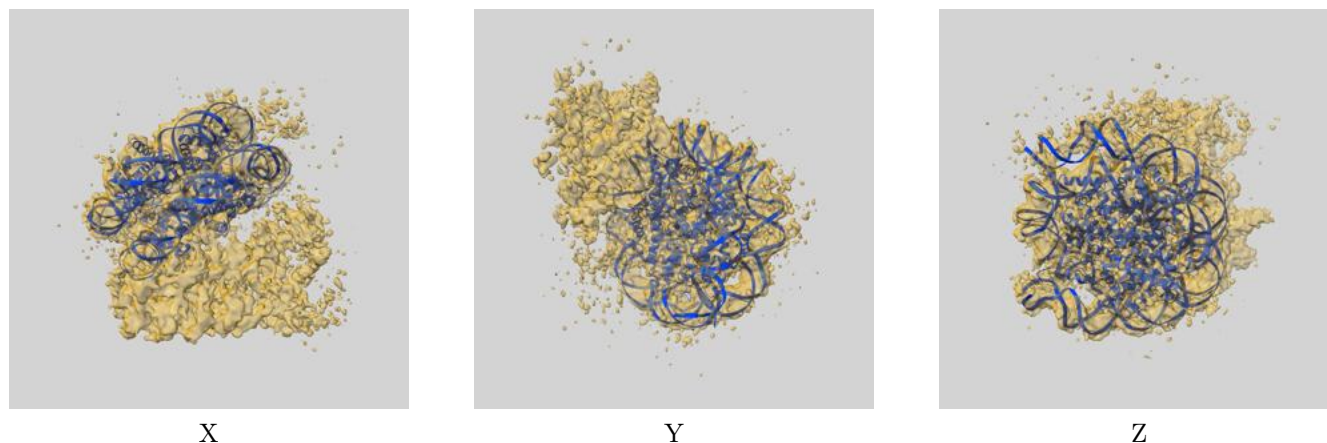
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.36	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	-	-	-
Unmasked-calculated*	4.43	7.13	4.50

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 4.43 differs from the reported value 3.36 by more than 10 %

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

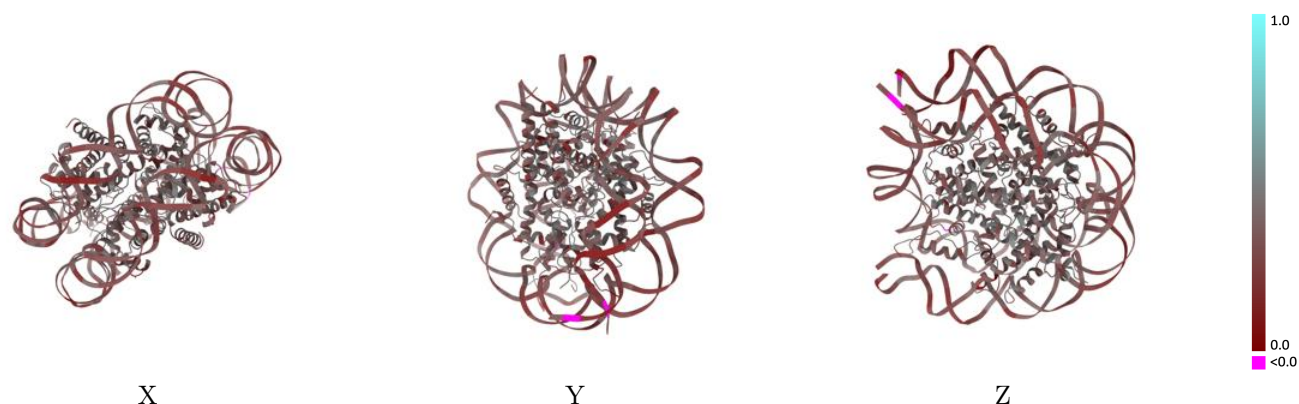
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-28614 and PDB model 8EUJ. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [6](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



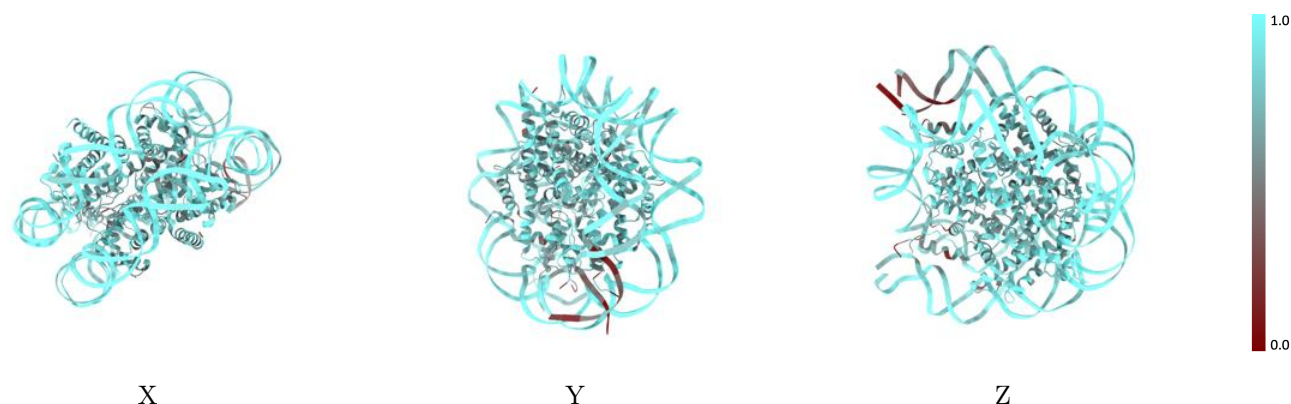
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.812 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



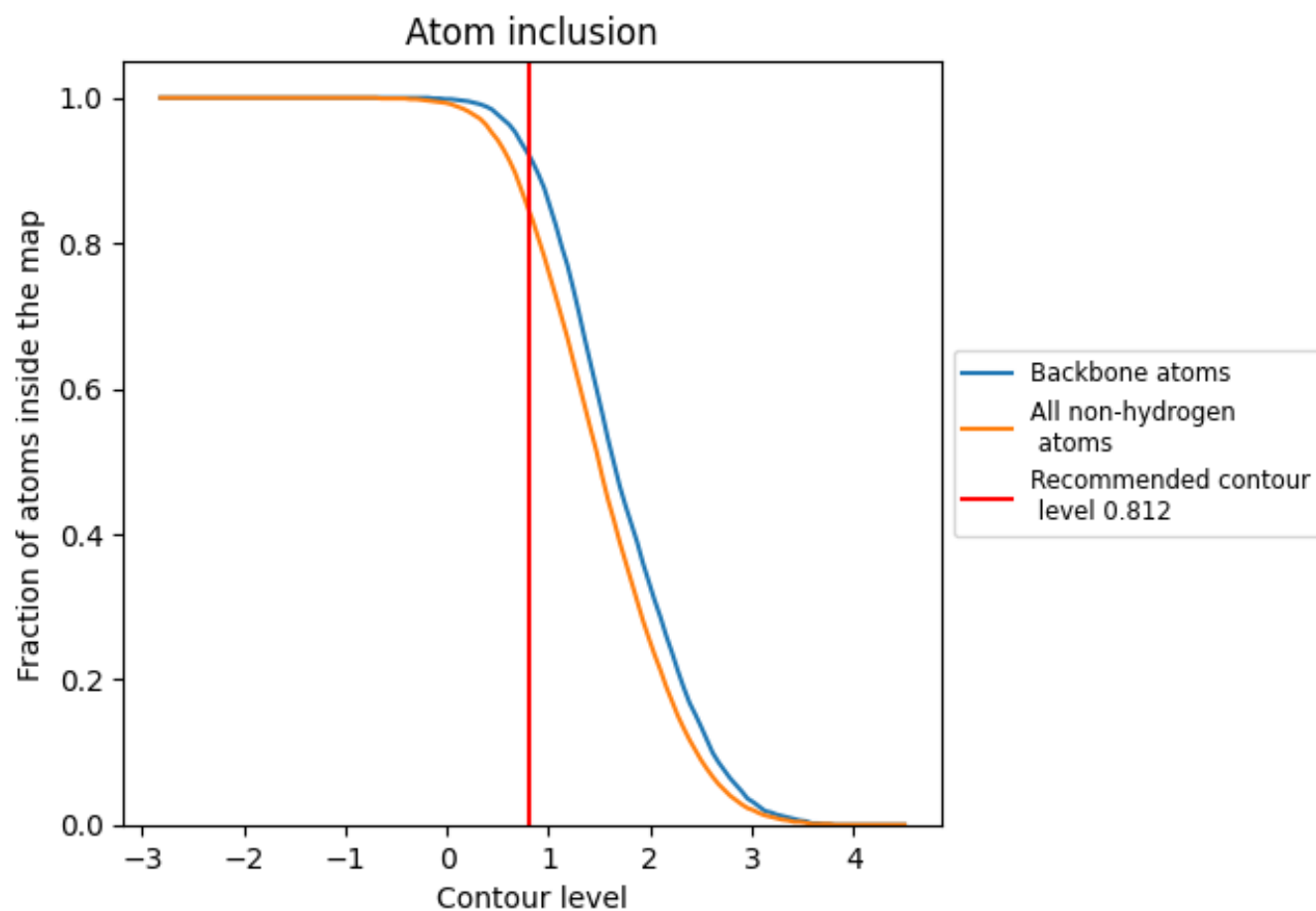
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.812).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 92% of all backbone atoms, 84% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.812) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.8430	0.3280
A	0.8060	0.3680
B	0.8280	0.4020
C	0.8000	0.3730
D	0.8410	0.3900
E	0.7730	0.3640
F	0.7890	0.3500
G	0.7980	0.3870
H	0.7470	0.3570
I	0.8800	0.2820
J	0.8940	0.2830

1.0

0.0

<0.0