



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 24, 2026 – 04:00 AM UTC

PDB ID : 2F1K / pdb_00002f1k
Title : Crystal structure of Synechocystis arogenate dehydrogenase
Authors : Legrand, P.; Dumas, R.; Seux, M.; Rippert, P.; Ravelli, R.; Ferrer, J.-L.; Matringe, M.
Deposited on : 2005-11-14
Resolution : 1.55 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Buster-report	:	wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4	:	9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

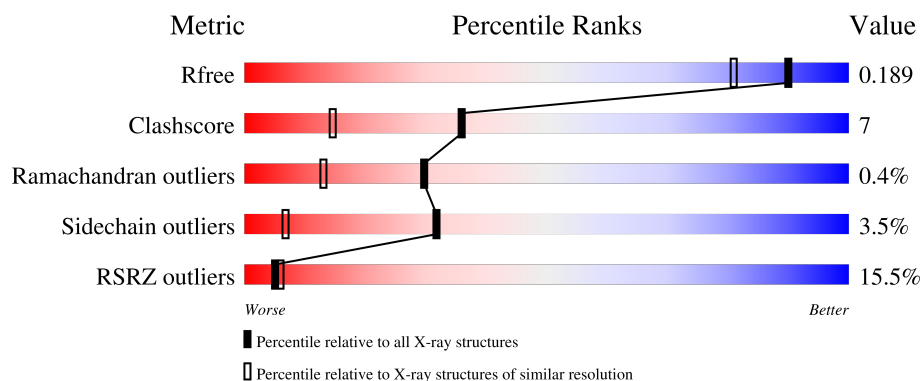
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.55 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	2145 (1.56-1.56)
Clashscore	190562	2189 (1.56-1.56)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	2153 (1.56-1.56)
Sidechain outliers	187428	2150 (1.56-1.56)
RSRZ outliers	180081	2146 (1.56-1.56)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	279	2% 88% 10% ..
1	B	279	% 87% 11% .
1	C	279	53% 83% 14% ..
1	D	279	6% 84% 15% .

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard

residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
1	OMT	C	114	-	X	-	-

2 Entry composition

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 9282 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

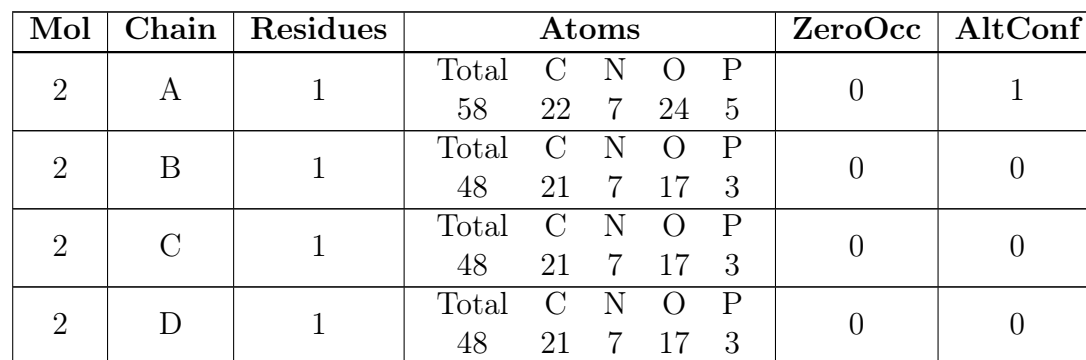
- Molecule 1 is a protein called prephenate dehydrogenase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	279	Total	C	N	O	S	4	10	0
			2181	1371	381	418	11			
1	B	279	Total	C	N	O	S	0	2	0
			2135	1344	369	410	12			
1	C	278	Total	C	N	O	S	17	4	0
			2133	1341	371	411	10			
1	D	279	Total	C	N	O	S	0	9	0
			2190	1376	381	421	12			

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	114	OMT	MET	modified residue	UNP P73906
A	150	OCS	CYS	modified residue	UNP P73906
B	114	OMT	MET	modified residue	UNP P73906
B	150	OCS	CYS	modified residue	UNP P73906
C	114	OMT	MET	modified residue	UNP P73906
C	150	OCS	CYS	modified residue	UNP P73906
D	114	OMT	MET	modified residue	UNP P73906
D	150	OCS	CYS	modified residue	UNP P73906

- Molecule 2 is NADP NICOTINAMIDE-ADENINE-DINUCLEOTIDE PHOSPHATE (CCD ID: NAP) (formula: C₂₁H₂₈N₇O₁₇P₃).



- TRS
-
- The chemical structure of TRS is shown, a five-carbon molecule. The central carbon is labeled C. It is bonded to a carboxylate group (C1=O1, C1-O2) on the left, a hydroxyl group (C2-OH) on the top, a hydroxyl group (C3-OH) on the bottom, and an imino group (C-NH3+ N) on the right. The atoms are color-coded: carbons are green, oxygens are red, and the nitrogen is blue.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	C	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			8	4	1	3		
3	D	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			8	4	1	3		

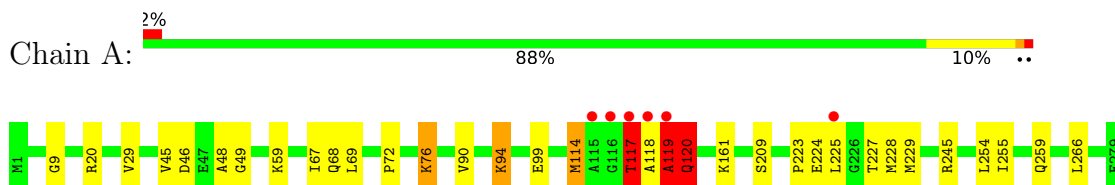
- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	127	Total	O	0	0
			127	127		
4	B	129	Total	O	0	0
			129	129		
4	C	43	Total	O	0	0
			43	43		
4	D	125	Total	O	0	1
			126	126		

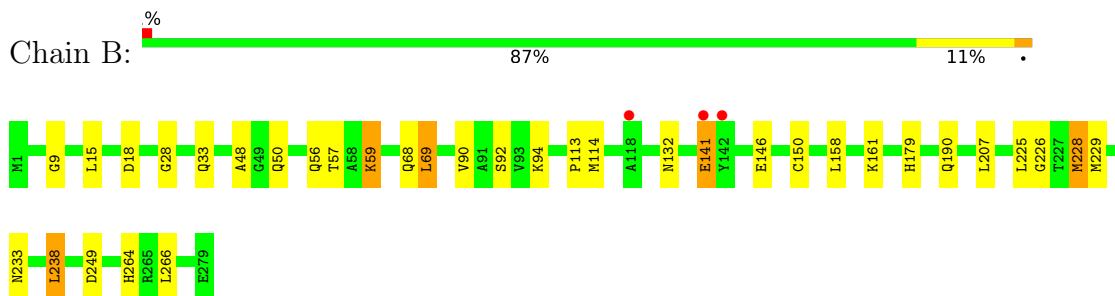
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

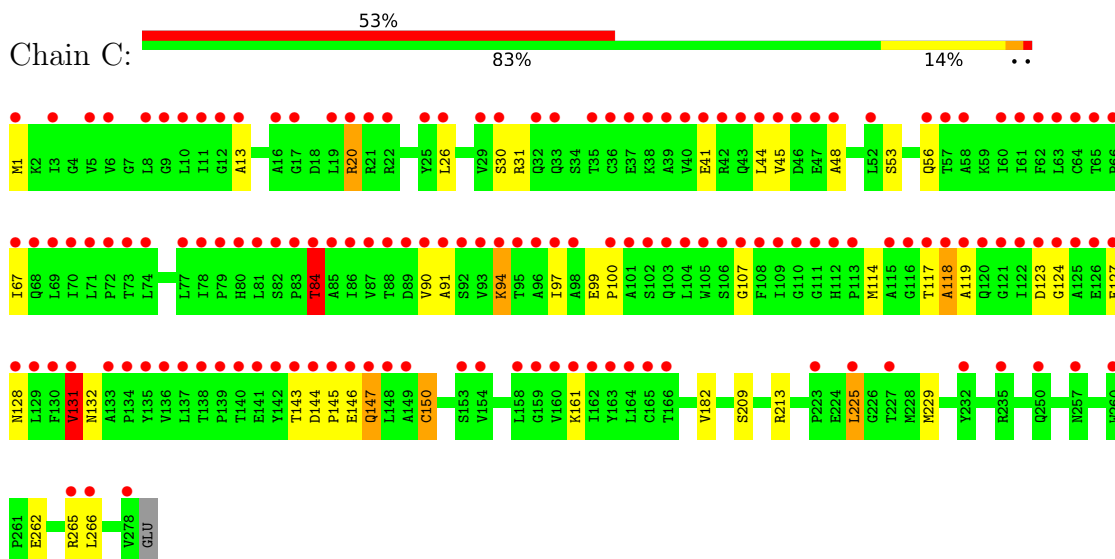
- Molecule 1: prephenate dehydrogenase



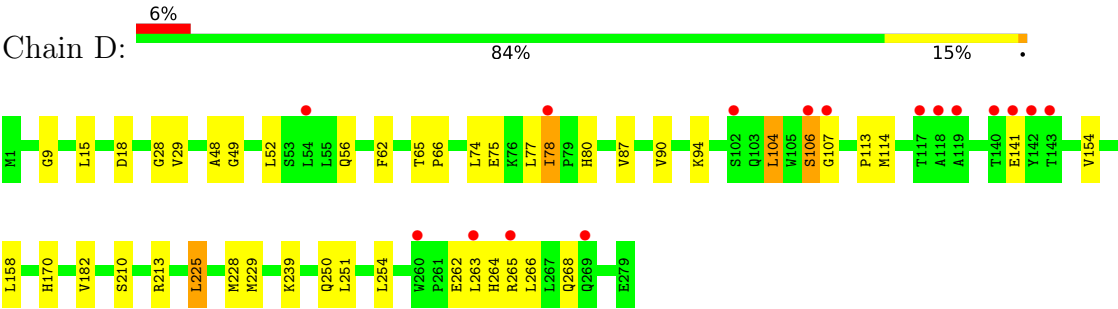
- Molecule 1: prephenate dehydrogenase



- Molecule 1: prephenate dehydrogenase



- Molecule 1: prephenate dehydrogenase



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	66.15Å 70.85Å 104.49Å 90.00° 90.30° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	20.00 – 1.55 20.00 – 1.55	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.1 (20.00-1.55) 99.0 (20.00-1.55)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.05	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.27 (at 1.55Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0005	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.189 , 0.222 0.189 , 0.189	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	6964 reflections (4.96%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	18.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.097	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.35 , 38.0	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.47$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.30$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.032 for h,-k,-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	9282	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	17.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.31% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: TRS, OMT, OCS, NAP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.73	0/2225	0.87	1/3017 (0.0%)
1	B	0.71	0/2159	0.82	0/2931
1	C	1.18	14/2161 (0.6%)	1.31	8/2936 (0.3%)
1	D	0.71	2/2218 (0.1%)	0.88	2/3008 (0.1%)
All	All	0.85	16/8763 (0.2%)	0.99	11/11892 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	2

The worst 5 of 16 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	C	147	GLN	CD-NE2	24.95	1.85	1.33
1	C	1	MET	CA-CB	20.75	1.95	1.53
1	C	84	THR	CB-OG1	13.56	1.65	1.43
1	C	147	GLN	CG-CD	12.41	1.83	1.52
1	C	123	ASP	CG-OD1	11.54	1.47	1.25

The worst 5 of 11 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	C	1	MET	N-CA-CB	-50.93	23.92	110.50
1	A	120	GLN	CB-CG-CD	12.73	134.25	112.60
1	C	147	GLN	CG-CD-NE2	-11.28	99.48	116.40
1	C	1	MET	CB-CA-C	-8.78	93.41	110.10

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	C	147	GLN	CB-CG-CD	-7.03	100.65	112.60

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	117	THR	Peptide
1	A	119	ALA	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2181	0	2211	35	0
1	B	2135	0	2161	42	0
1	C	2133	0	2155	32	1
1	D	2190	0	2212	33	1
2	A	58	0	10	2	0
2	B	48	0	25	4	0
2	C	48	0	25	2	0
2	D	48	0	25	3	0
3	C	8	0	12	0	0
3	D	8	0	12	0	0
4	A	127	0	0	3	0
4	B	129	0	0	5	0
4	C	43	0	0	0	0
4	D	126	0	0	5	0
All	All	9282	0	8848	129	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

The worst 5 of 129 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:147:GLN:CD	1:C:147:GLN:CG	1.83	1.49

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:84:THR:CB	1:C:84:THR:OG1	1.65	1.39
1:C:147:GLN:CD	1:C:147:GLN:NE2	1.85	1.32
1:A:266:LEU:HD11	1:B:190:GLN:NE2	1.78	0.97
1:A:255:ILE:HG22	1:B:238:LEU:CD2	2.11	0.81

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:41:GLU:OE2	1:D:265:ARG:NH2[2_656]	2.19	0.01

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	285/279 (102%)	275 (96%)	7 (2%)	3 (1%)	11	2
1	B	277/279 (99%)	273 (99%)	4 (1%)	0	100	100
1	C	278/279 (100%)	271 (98%)	6 (2%)	1 (0%)	30	13
1	D	284/279 (102%)	275 (97%)	9 (3%)	0	100	100
All	All	1124/1116 (101%)	1094 (97%)	26 (2%)	4 (0%)	30	13

All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	119	ALA
1	A	118	ALA
1	C	118	ALA
1	A	120	GLN

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	237/227 (104%)	228 (96%)	9 (4%)	29 5
1	B	229/227 (101%)	220 (96%)	9 (4%)	28 5
1	C	229/227 (101%)	219 (96%)	10 (4%)	25 4
1	D	235/227 (104%)	228 (97%)	7 (3%)	36 9
All	All	930/908 (102%)	895 (96%)	35 (4%)	32 5

5 of 35 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	78	ILE
1	D	104	LEU
1	D	154	VAL
1	B	94	LYS
1	B	69	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 24 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	56	GLN
1	C	246	GLN
1	C	206	ASN
1	C	250	GLN
1	B	120	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

8 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
1	OMT	D	114	1	8,9,10	2.99	2 (25%)	6,12,14	19.87	5 (83%)
1	OCS	B	150	1	6,8,9	1.01	0	7,11,13	1.21	0
1	OCS	A	150	1	6,8,9	1.01	0	7,11,13	1.03	0
1	OMT	A	114	1	8,9,10	2.76	2 (25%)	6,12,14	2.89	2 (33%)
1	OMT	C	114	1	8,9,10	2.81	2 (25%)	6,12,14	20.69	6 (100%)
1	OMT	B	114	1	8,9,10	3.07	2 (25%)	6,12,14	18.75	5 (83%)
1	OCS	D	150	1	6,8,9	1.17	0	7,11,13	0.75	0
1	OCS	C	150	1	6,8,9	5.62	3 (50%)	7,11,13	2.52	3 (42%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	OMT	D	114	1	-	3/7/8/10	-
1	OCS	B	150	1	-	1/4/7/9	-
1	OCS	A	150	1	-	1/4/7/9	-
1	OMT	A	114	1	-	4/7/8/10	-
1	OMT	C	114	1	-	4/7/8/10	-
1	OMT	B	114	1	-	2/7/8/10	-
1	OCS	D	150	1	-	1/4/7/9	-
1	OCS	C	150	1	-	1/4/7/9	-

The worst 5 of 11 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	C	150	OCS	OD3-SG	10.61	1.75	1.45
1	B	114	OMT	CG-SD	-8.12	1.68	1.78
1	D	114	OMT	CG-SD	-7.80	1.68	1.78
1	C	114	OMT	CG-SD	-7.25	1.69	1.78
1	C	150	OCS	OD2-SG	7.03	1.73	1.47

The worst 5 of 21 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	C	114	OMT	OD2-SD-CG	-33.81	83.95	108.33
1	C	114	OMT	OD2-SD-CE	-27.89	82.95	108.87
1	D	114	OMT	OD2-SD-CG	-27.17	88.74	108.33
1	B	114	OMT	OD1-SD-CG	25.47	126.69	108.33
1	D	114	OMT	OD1-SD-CG	23.73	125.44	108.33

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 17 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	A	114	OMT	C-CA-CB-CG
1	A	114	OMT	CB-CG-SD-OD2
1	A	150	OCS	N-CA-CB-SG
1	B	114	OMT	CA-CB-CG-SD
1	B	114	OMT	CB-CG-SD-OD1

There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	B	150	OCS	1	0
1	A	114	OMT	2	0
1	C	150	OCS	1	0

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

7 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	NAP	A	1350[A]	-	50,52,52	1.64	5 (10%)	71,80,80	1.60	8 (11%)
2	NAP	C	3350	-	50,52,52	1.74	7 (14%)	71,80,80	1.51	9 (12%)
2	NAP	B	2350	-	50,52,52	1.71	6 (12%)	71,80,80	1.64	11 (15%)
3	TRS	C	1001	-	7,7,7	0.36	0	9,9,9	0.66	0
3	TRS	D	1002	-	7,7,7	0.40	0	9,9,9	0.55	0
2	NAP	D	4350	-	50,52,52	1.77	4 (8%)	71,80,80	1.72	11 (15%)
2	NAP	A	1350[B]	-	50,52,52	1.67	6 (12%)	71,80,80	1.56	7 (9%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAP	A	1350[A]	-	-	5/35/67/67	0/5/5/5
2	NAP	C	3350	-	-	6/35/67/67	0/5/5/5
2	NAP	B	2350	-	-	8/35/67/67	0/5/5/5
3	TRS	C	1001	-	-	6/9/9/9	-
3	TRS	D	1002	-	-	3/9/9/9	-
2	NAP	D	4350	-	-	5/35/67/67	0/5/5/5
2	NAP	A	1350[B]	-	-	5/35/67/67	0/5/5/5

The worst 5 of 28 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	2350	NAP	O7N-C7N	9.38	1.41	1.24
2	D	4350	NAP	O7N-C7N	9.33	1.41	1.24
2	C	3350	NAP	O7N-C7N	9.03	1.40	1.24
2	A	1350[A]	NAP	O7N-C7N	8.80	1.40	1.24
2	A	1350[B]	NAP	O7N-C7N	8.80	1.40	1.24

The worst 5 of 46 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	2350	NAP	N3A-C2A-N1A	-6.99	117.99	128.58
2	A	1350[A]	NAP	N3A-C2A-N1A	-6.84	118.22	128.58
2	A	1350[B]	NAP	N3A-C2A-N1A	-6.84	118.22	128.58
2	D	4350	NAP	N3A-C2A-N1A	-6.14	119.28	128.58
2	C	3350	NAP	N3A-C2A-N1A	-5.97	119.55	128.58

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 38 torsion outliers are listed below:

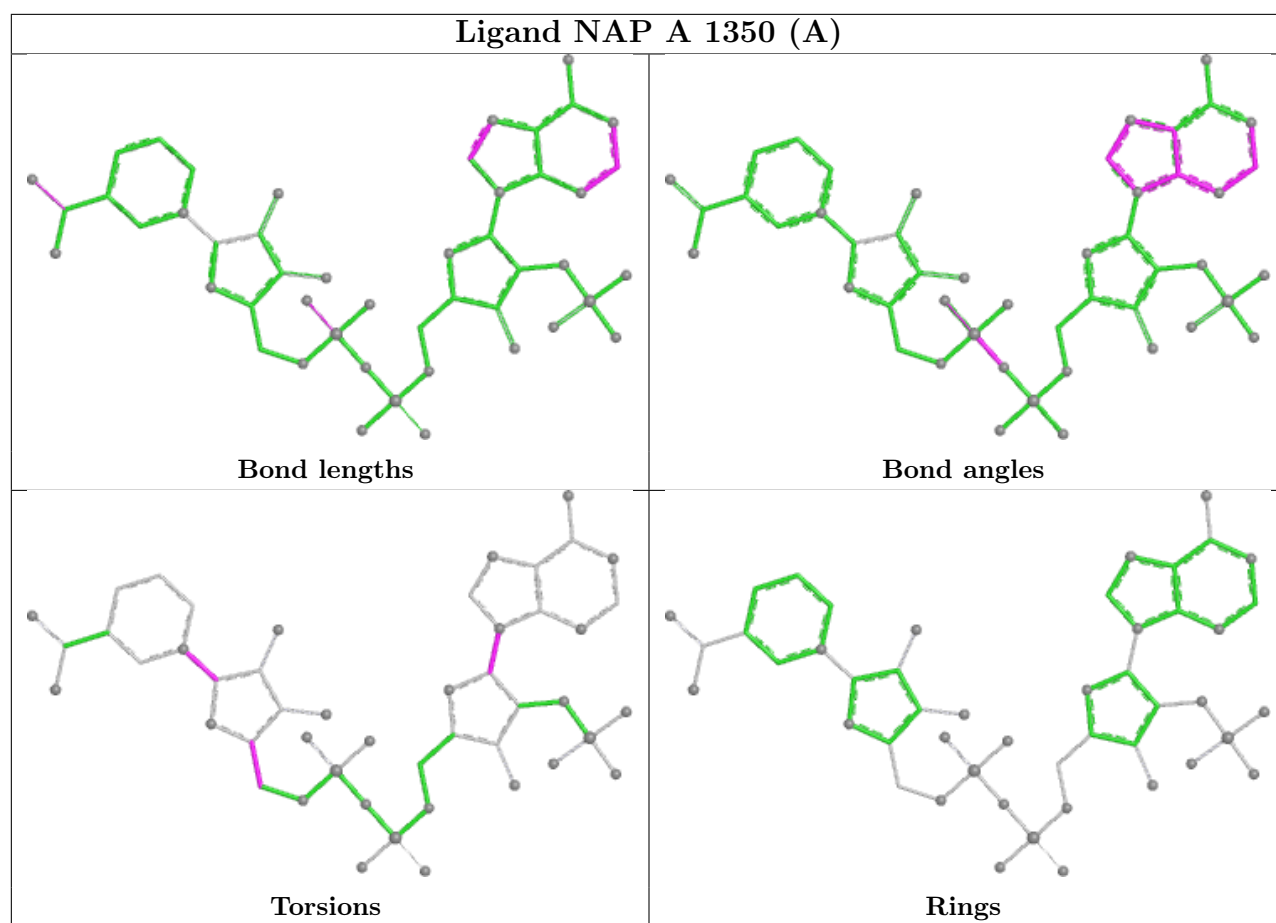
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	1350[A]	NAP	O4D-C4D-C5D-O5D
2	A	1350[A]	NAP	O4D-C1D-N1N-C2N
2	A	1350[B]	NAP	O4D-C1D-N1N-C2N
2	B	2350	NAP	O4D-C1D-N1N-C2N
2	D	4350	NAP	O4D-C1D-N1N-C2N

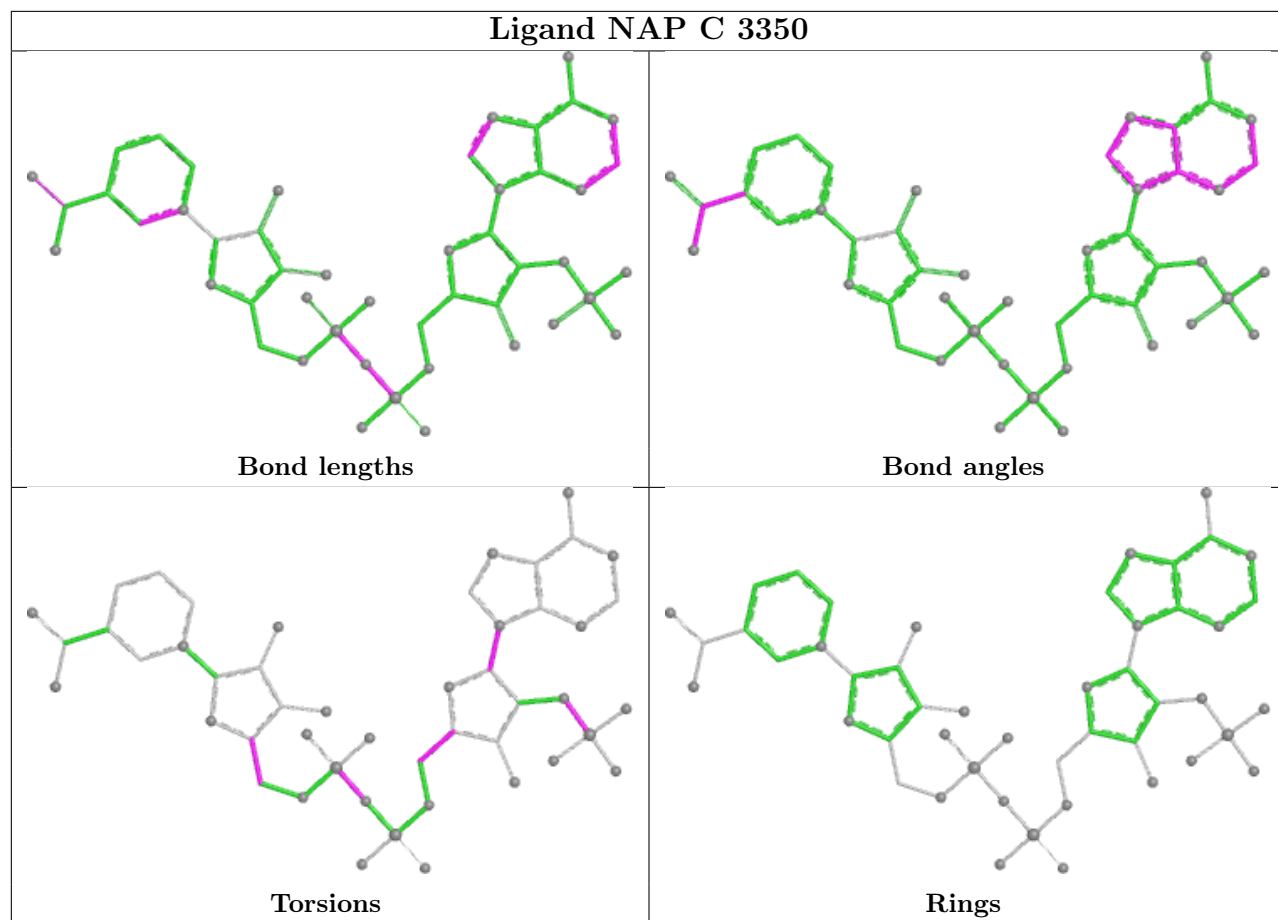
There are no ring outliers.

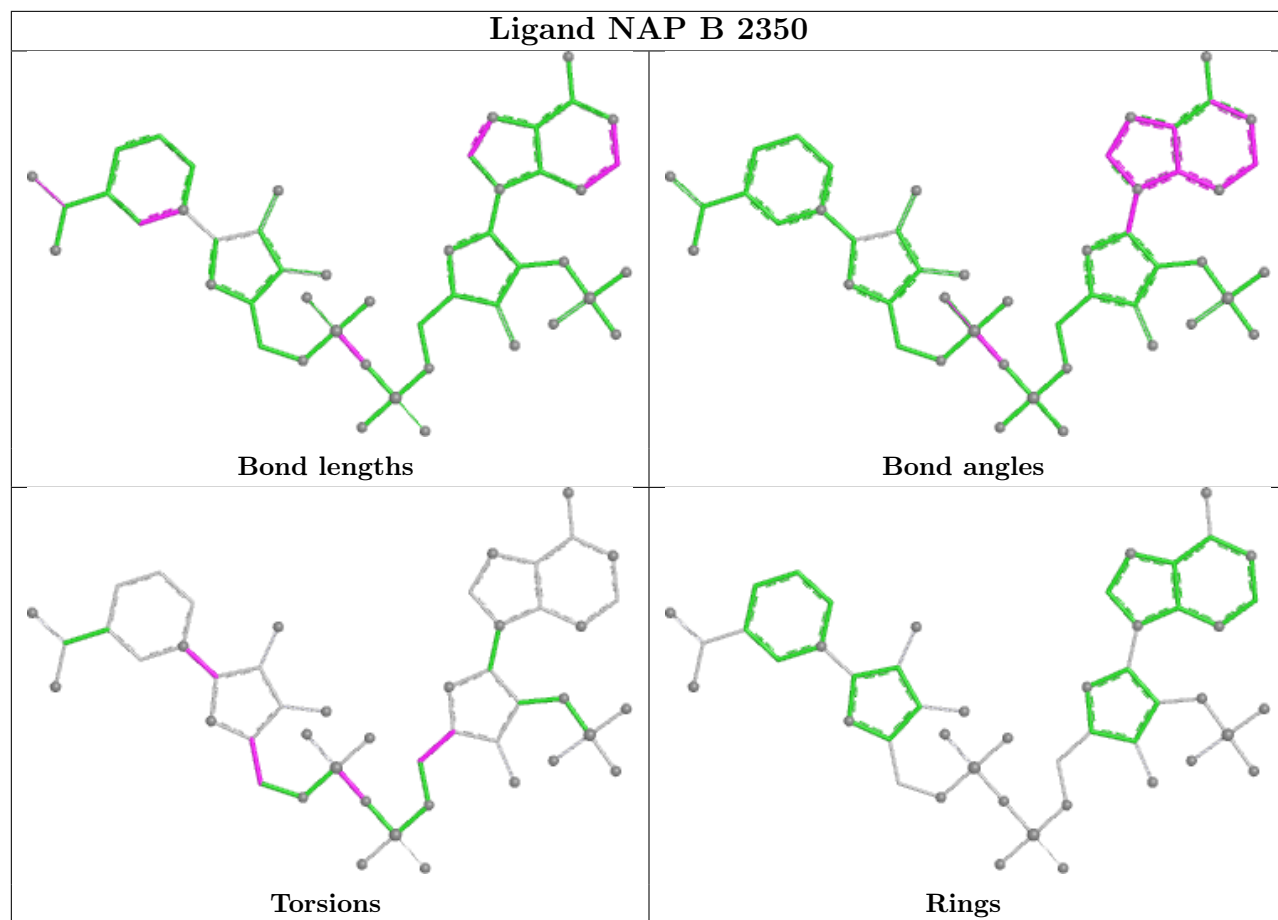
4 monomers are involved in 11 short contacts:

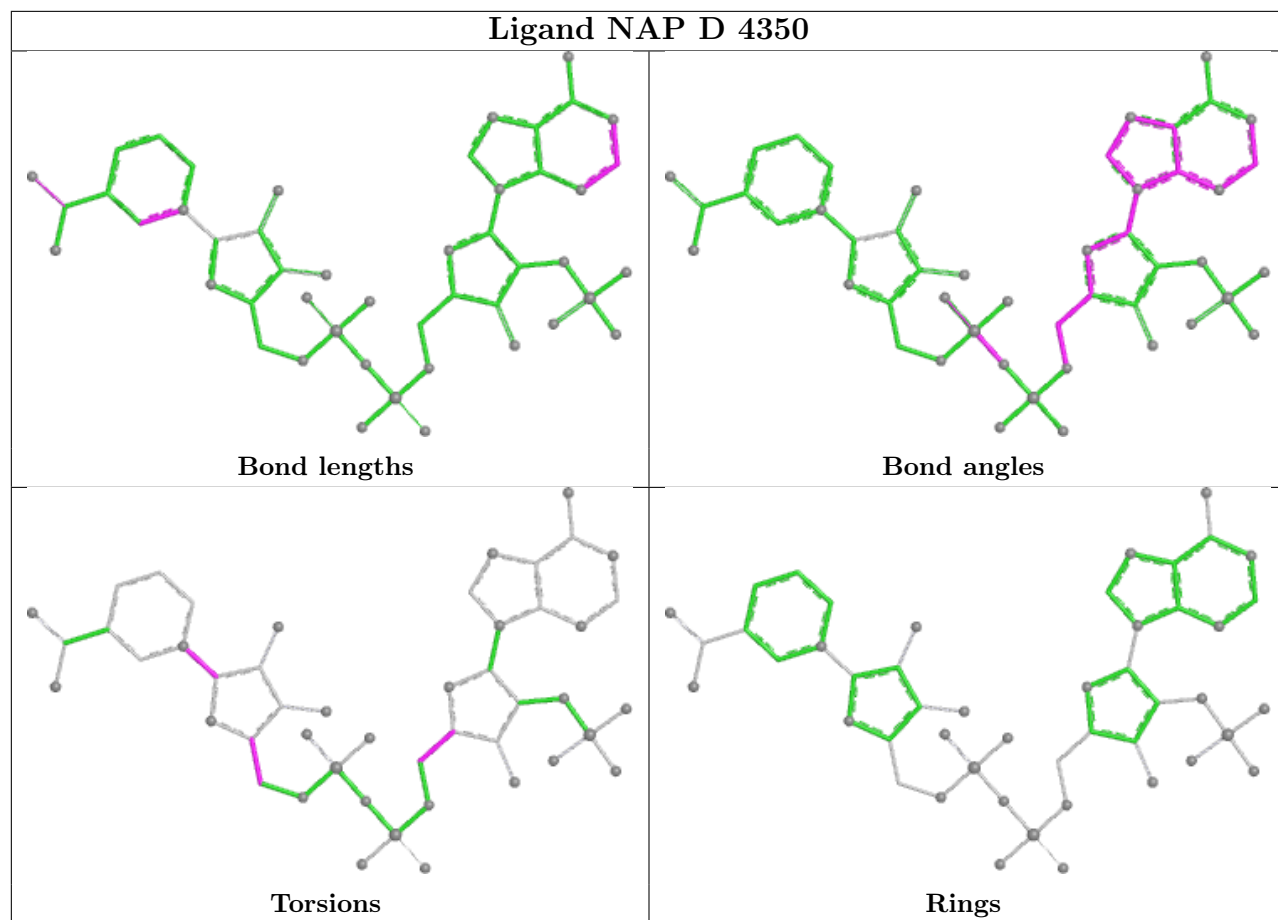
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	1350[A]	NAP	2	0
2	C	3350	NAP	2	0
2	B	2350	NAP	4	0
2	D	4350	NAP	3	0

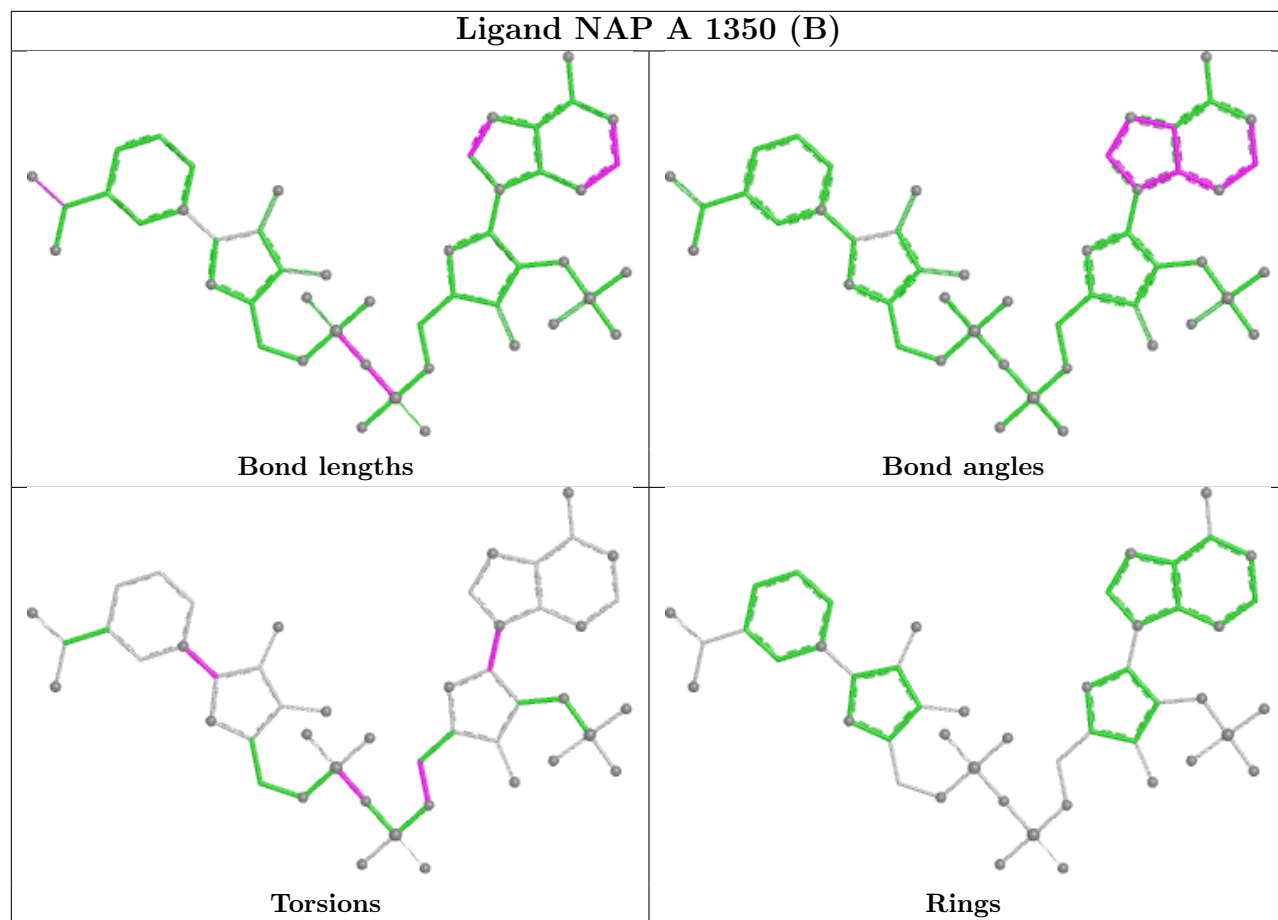
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.











5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	277/279 (99%)	0.31	6 (2%) 62 71	8, 15, 23, 39	13 (4%)
1	B	277/279 (99%)	0.29	3 (1%) 78 84	11, 16, 24, 33	3 (1%)
1	C	276/279 (98%)	2.33	147 (53%) 0 0	6, 16, 24, 29	8 (2%)
1	D	277/279 (99%)	0.52	16 (5%) 29 34	6, 16, 24, 35	9 (3%)
All	All	1107/1116 (99%)	0.86	172 (15%) 5 6	6, 16, 24, 39	33 (2%)

The worst 5 of 172 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	C	118	ALA	10.2
1	C	142	TYR	8.9
1	C	165	CYS	8.9
1	C	107[A]	GLY	8.1
1	C	91	ALA	7.5

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	OMT	C	114	10/11	0.68	0.21	18,21,29,30	2
1	OMT	A	114	10/11	0.81	0.15	20,25,36,37	2
1	OCS	C	150	9/10	0.82	0.15	21,22,24,25	0
1	OCS	B	150	9/10	0.94	0.07	19,20,23,26	0
1	OMT	D	114	10/11	0.94	0.10	14,15,24,24	2
1	OCS	A	150	9/10	0.95	0.07	15,16,24,25	0
1	OMT	B	114	10/11	0.95	0.09	14,16,20,21	2

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors($\text{\AA}^2$)	Q<0.9
1	OCS	D	150	9/10	0.95	0.07	17,17,21,24	0

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

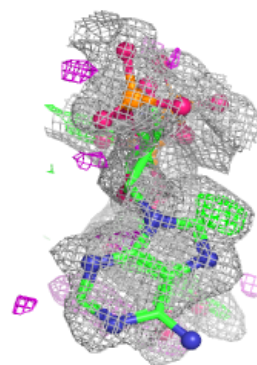
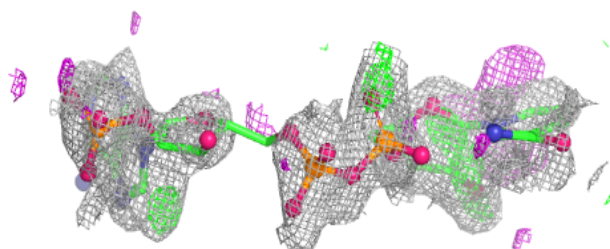
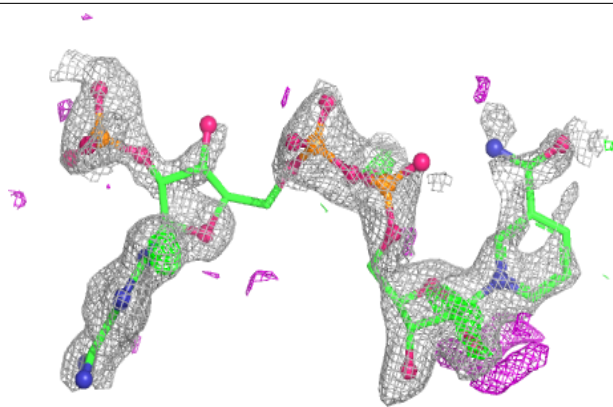
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors($\text{\AA}^2$)	Q<0.9
2	NAP	C	3350	48/48	0.63	0.15	21,26,35,36	0
3	TRS	C	1001	8/8	0.82	0.12	25,26,26,27	0
3	TRS	D	1002	8/8	0.82	0.12	25,25,26,26	0
2	NAP	D	4350	48/48	0.91	0.09	15,22,26,28	0
2	NAP	A	1350[B]	48/48	0.91	0.09	15,19,24,30	10
2	NAP	A	1350[A]	48/48	0.91	0.09	14,20,24,30	10
2	NAP	B	2350	48/48	0.92	0.08	16,19,27,30	0

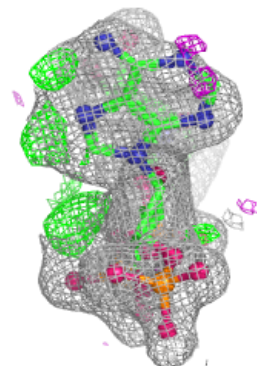
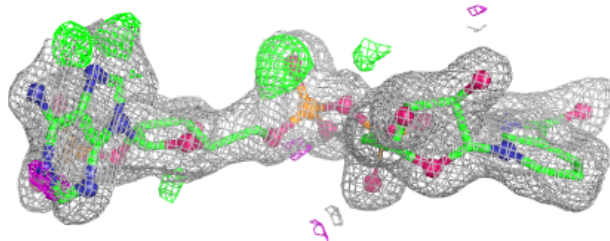
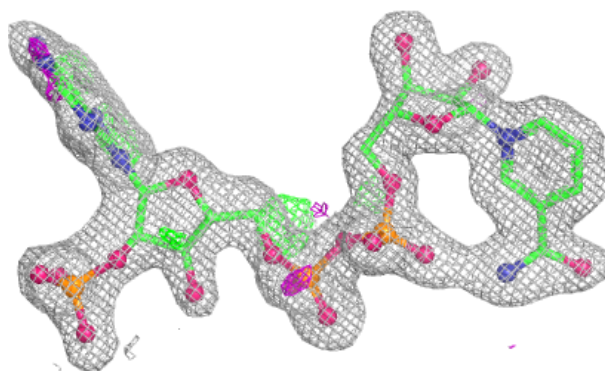
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around NAP C 3350:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

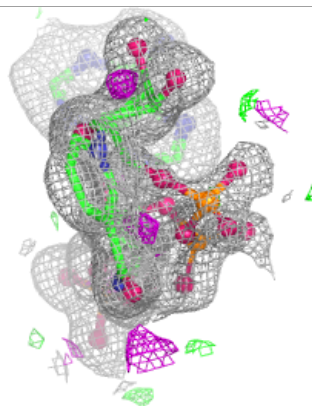
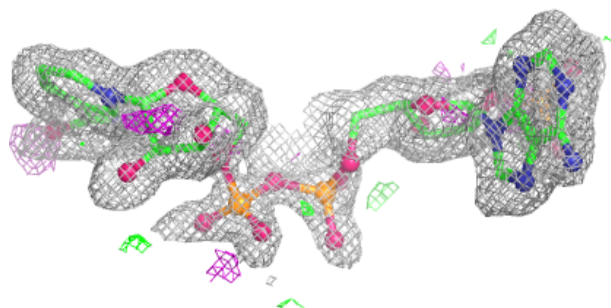
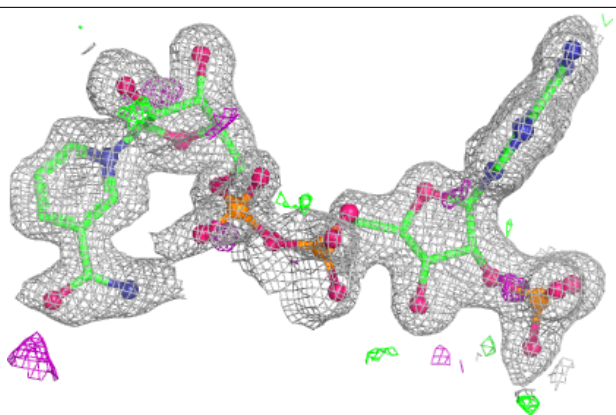
**Electron density around NAP D 4350:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

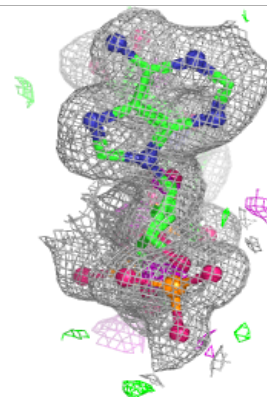
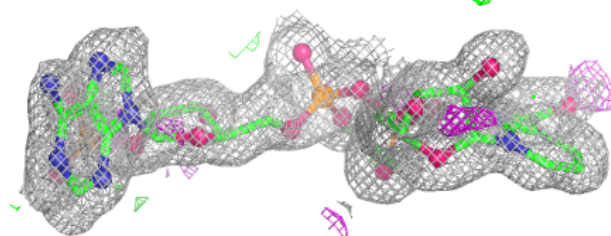
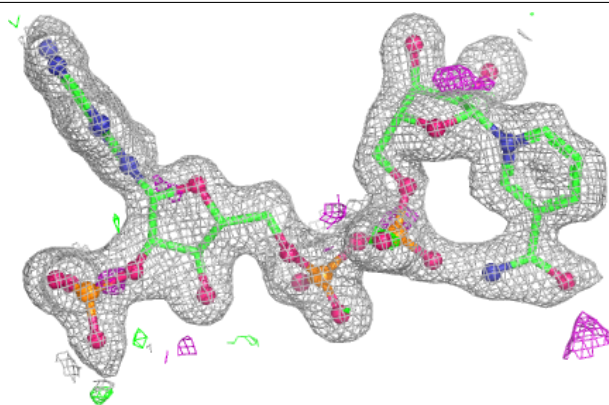


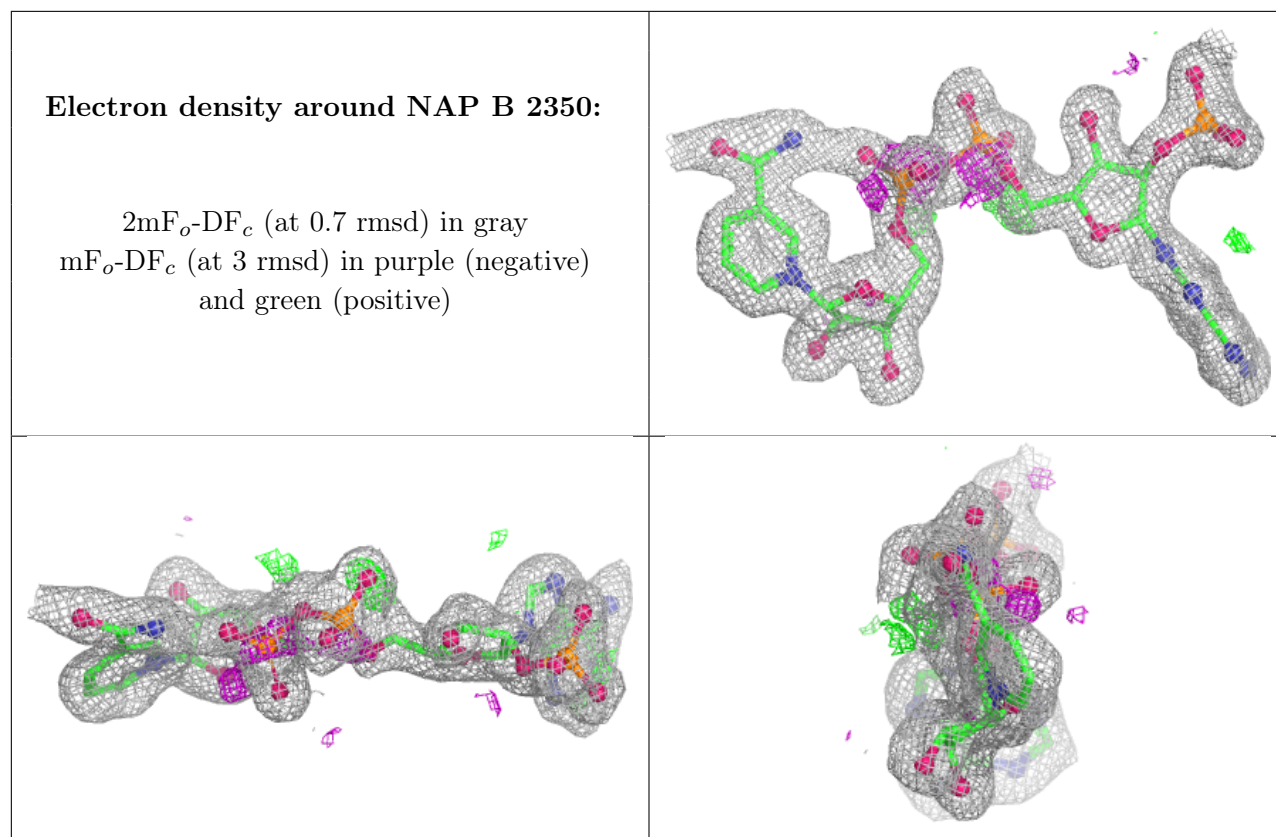
Electron density around NAP A 1350 (B):

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

**Electron density around NAP A 1350 (A):**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)





6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.