



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 24, 2026 – 03:08 AM UTC

PDB ID : 1FBK / pdb_00001fbk
Title : CRYSTAL STRUCTURE OF CYTOPLASMICALLY OPEN CONFORMATION OF BACTERIORHODOPSIN
Authors : Subramaniam, S.; Henderson, R.
Deposited on : 2000-07-15
Resolution : 3.20 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB/EMDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Buster-report : wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

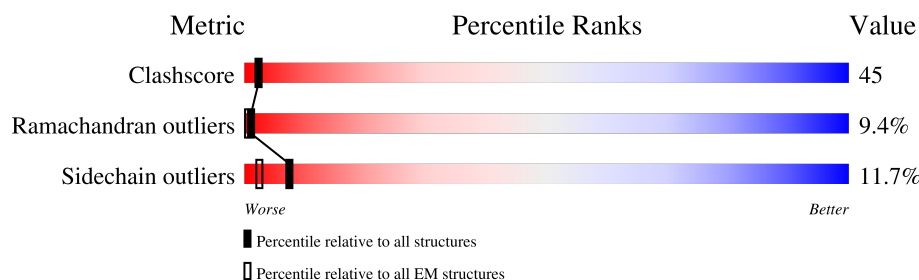
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON CRYSTALLOGRAPHY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	229148	23984
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	248	

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1746 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

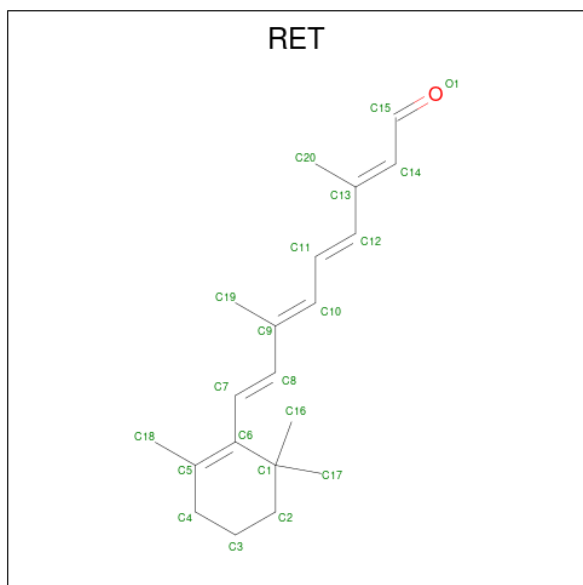
- Molecule 1 is a protein called BACTERIORHODOPSIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	225	1726	1155	266	295	10	0	0

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	96	GLY	ASP	engineered mutation	UNP P02945
A	171	CYS	PHE	engineered mutation	UNP P02945
A	219	LEU	PHE	engineered mutation	UNP P02945

- Molecule 2 is RETINAL (CCD ID: RET) (formula: $C_{20}H_{28}O$).



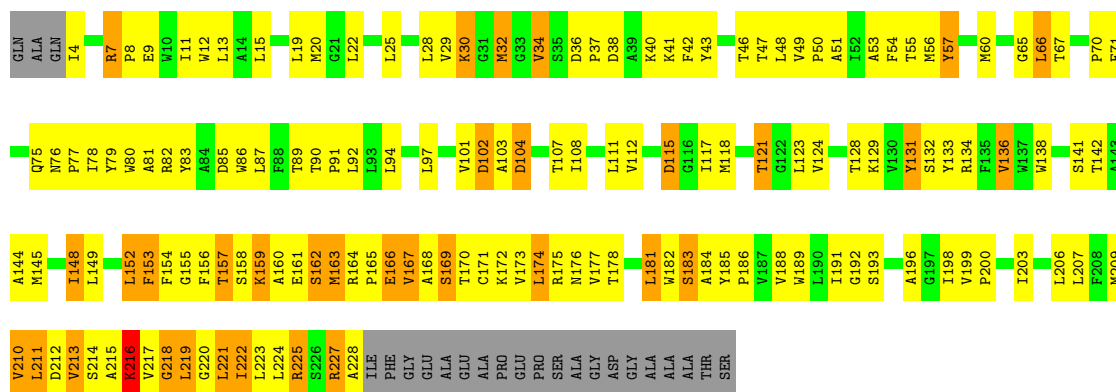
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
2	A	1	Total	C	0
			20	20	

3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: BACTERIORHODOPSIN

Chain A: 



4 Data and refinement statistics

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 3	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	62.45Å 62.45Å 100.90Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	200.00 – 3.20	Depositor
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	77.7 (200.00-3.20)	Depositor
R_{merge}	0.17	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
Refinement program	CNS 0.9	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.272 , 0.321	Depositor
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
Total number of atoms	1746	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	64.0	wwPDB-VP

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: RET

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.58	0/1771	1.02	5/2420 (0.2%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	210	VAL	N-CA-C	-8.24	101.71	110.36
1	A	22	LEU	N-CA-C	-7.77	102.80	111.82
1	A	136	VAL	N-CA-C	-6.76	104.17	110.53
1	A	227	ARG	N-CA-C	6.05	118.77	110.24
1	A	193	SER	N-CA-C	5.78	117.26	111.07

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1726	0	1789	159	0
2	A	20	0	27	3	0
All	All	1746	0	1816	160	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 45.

All (160) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:38:ASP:HA	1:A:41:LYS:HD3	1.52	0.90
1:A:47:THR:O	1:A:50:PRO:HD2	1.74	0.86
1:A:145:MET:HE3	1:A:149:LEU:HD12	1.59	0.84
1:A:117:ILE:O	1:A:121:THR:HB	1.79	0.82
1:A:164:ARG:HB3	1:A:165:PRO:HD2	1.61	0.80
1:A:90:THR:OG1	1:A:91:PRO:HD3	1.82	0.80
1:A:145:MET:SD	1:A:186:PRO:HG2	2.22	0.79
1:A:7:ARG:HB3	1:A:8:PRO:HD3	1.64	0.79
1:A:46:THR:HG21	1:A:224:LEU:HG	1.64	0.79
1:A:161:GLU:HG3	1:A:168:ALA:HB2	1.66	0.77
1:A:163:MET:HB2	1:A:167:VAL:HG21	1.66	0.77
1:A:167:VAL:O	1:A:171:CYS:HB2	1.86	0.75
1:A:164:ARG:HB2	1:A:167:VAL:HG23	1.67	0.75
1:A:215:ALA:O	1:A:219:LEU:HB2	1.86	0.75
1:A:97:LEU:HD21	1:A:178:THR:HG21	1.69	0.73
1:A:155:GLY:C	1:A:157:THR:H	1.98	0.71
1:A:89:THR:HG21	1:A:216:LYS:HE3	1.73	0.70
1:A:177:VAL:O	1:A:181:LEU:HB2	1.93	0.68
1:A:48:LEU:HD13	1:A:92:LEU:HD21	1.76	0.66
1:A:89:THR:HG21	1:A:216:LYS:CE	2.25	0.66
1:A:7:ARG:CB	1:A:8:PRO:HD3	2.26	0.64
1:A:30:LYS:O	1:A:30:LYS:HD3	1.98	0.64
1:A:145:MET:HE3	1:A:149:LEU:CD1	2.27	0.62
1:A:49:VAL:HB	1:A:50:PRO:HD3	1.80	0.62
1:A:47:THR:C	1:A:50:PRO:HD2	2.25	0.62
1:A:153:PHE:O	1:A:155:GLY:N	2.32	0.62
1:A:20:MET:SD	1:A:216:LYS:HG2	2.40	0.62
1:A:121:THR:HG22	1:A:141:SER:HB3	1.82	0.61
1:A:49:VAL:HG13	1:A:89:THR:HG23	1.83	0.61
1:A:185:TYR:HB2	1:A:186:PRO:HD3	1.83	0.61
1:A:77:PRO:O	1:A:78:ILE:HD13	2.00	0.61
1:A:217:VAL:O	1:A:218:GLY:C	2.44	0.60
1:A:219:LEU:O	1:A:223:LEU:HB3	2.01	0.60
1:A:15:LEU:HB3	1:A:209:MET:CE	2.32	0.59
1:A:200:PRO:HG2	1:A:203:ILE:HG12	1.84	0.59
1:A:183:SER:C	1:A:186:PRO:HD2	2.28	0.59
1:A:217:VAL:O	1:A:220:GLY:N	2.36	0.59
1:A:65:GLY:HA3	1:A:81:ALA:HB2	1.83	0.59
1:A:15:LEU:HB3	1:A:209:MET:HE2	1.85	0.58
1:A:156:PHE:C	1:A:160:ALA:HB3	2.28	0.58

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:82:ARG:O	1:A:85:ASP:HB3	2.04	0.57
1:A:83:TYR:CB	1:A:123:LEU:HD13	2.34	0.57
1:A:158:SER:C	1:A:160:ALA:H	2.11	0.57
1:A:51:ALA:O	1:A:54:PHE:HB3	2.06	0.56
1:A:157:THR:O	1:A:161:GLU:HB2	2.05	0.55
1:A:60:MET:HG2	1:A:81:ALA:HB3	1.88	0.55
2:A:1216:RET:H171	2:A:1216:RET:H8	1.87	0.55
1:A:4:ILE:HA	1:A:8:PRO:HG2	1.89	0.55
1:A:90:THR:O	1:A:94:LEU:HB2	2.06	0.55
1:A:167:VAL:HG12	1:A:168:ALA:N	2.21	0.54
1:A:29:VAL:HG12	1:A:29:VAL:O	2.06	0.54
1:A:20:MET:HE1	1:A:213:VAL:HA	1.89	0.54
1:A:221:LEU:O	1:A:222:ILE:C	2.50	0.54
1:A:168:ALA:O	1:A:172:LYS:HG2	2.08	0.54
1:A:152:LEU:O	1:A:156:PHE:HB2	2.08	0.53
1:A:42:PHE:CE2	1:A:228:ALA:HB3	2.43	0.53
1:A:138:TRP:O	1:A:142:THR:OG1	2.25	0.53
1:A:103:ALA:HA	1:A:159:LYS:NZ	2.24	0.53
1:A:66:LEU:HD12	1:A:79:TYR:CZ	2.44	0.53
1:A:158:SER:C	1:A:160:ALA:N	2.67	0.53
1:A:11:ILE:HG23	1:A:12:TRP:N	2.24	0.52
1:A:169:SER:O	1:A:170:THR:C	2.52	0.52
1:A:79:TYR:C	1:A:81:ALA:N	2.66	0.52
1:A:198:ILE:HG22	1:A:198:ILE:O	2.09	0.52
1:A:79:TYR:C	1:A:81:ALA:H	2.17	0.52
1:A:227:ARG:O	1:A:228:ALA:HB2	2.10	0.52
1:A:66:LEU:C	1:A:66:LEU:HD23	2.35	0.52
1:A:175:ARG:O	1:A:176:ASN:C	2.53	0.51
1:A:87:LEU:O	1:A:87:LEU:HG	2.10	0.51
1:A:191:ILE:HG13	1:A:199:VAL:HG21	1.91	0.51
1:A:133:TYR:O	1:A:134:ARG:C	2.54	0.51
1:A:20:MET:CE	1:A:213:VAL:HA	2.41	0.51
1:A:56:MET:HE2	1:A:56:MET:HA	1.94	0.50
1:A:207:LEU:O	1:A:211:LEU:HB2	2.11	0.50
1:A:34:VAL:HG11	1:A:40:LYS:HA	1.93	0.50
1:A:124:VAL:O	1:A:128:THR:HG23	2.13	0.49
1:A:191:ILE:CD1	1:A:199:VAL:HG21	2.41	0.49
1:A:161:GLU:O	1:A:163:MET:N	2.46	0.49
1:A:192:GLY:HA2	1:A:199:VAL:HB	1.94	0.49
1:A:115:ASP:N	1:A:148:ILE:HD11	2.28	0.49
1:A:157:THR:OG1	1:A:172:LYS:HE2	2.12	0.49

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:107:THR:O	1:A:111:LEU:HB2	2.14	0.48
1:A:169:SER:OG	1:A:170:THR:N	2.45	0.48
1:A:162:SER:O	1:A:163:MET:SD	2.72	0.48
1:A:101:VAL:O	1:A:102:ASP:C	2.56	0.48
1:A:115:ASP:OD1	1:A:115:ASP:C	2.56	0.47
1:A:28:LEU:O	1:A:32:MET:HG2	2.14	0.47
1:A:37:PRO:O	1:A:40:LYS:HB3	2.14	0.47
1:A:66:LEU:HD12	1:A:79:TYR:CE1	2.50	0.47
1:A:166:GLU:O	1:A:167:VAL:C	2.58	0.47
1:A:169:SER:HG	1:A:170:THR:H	1.63	0.47
1:A:57:TYR:CD2	1:A:60:MET:HE3	2.50	0.47
1:A:38:ASP:HA	1:A:41:LYS:CD	2.35	0.47
1:A:102:ASP:O	1:A:159:LYS:NZ	2.48	0.47
1:A:138:TRP:HD1	1:A:189:TRP:CE3	2.32	0.46
1:A:188:VAL:HG21	1:A:211:LEU:HD21	1.97	0.46
1:A:36:ASP:OD1	1:A:37:PRO:HD2	2.15	0.46
1:A:97:LEU:HD12	1:A:97:LEU:H	1.81	0.46
1:A:214:SER:O	1:A:215:ALA:C	2.58	0.46
1:A:144:ALA:O	1:A:148:ILE:HG12	2.15	0.46
1:A:118:MET:SD	1:A:145:MET:HB2	2.55	0.46
1:A:133:TYR:O	1:A:136:VAL:N	2.44	0.46
1:A:161:GLU:HA	1:A:167:VAL:HG12	1.98	0.46
1:A:19:LEU:CD1	1:A:213:VAL:HG21	2.45	0.46
1:A:145:MET:SD	1:A:186:PRO:CG	2.98	0.46
1:A:227:ARG:H	1:A:227:ARG:HD2	1.80	0.46
1:A:7:ARG:CB	1:A:8:PRO:CD	2.93	0.46
1:A:46:THR:O	1:A:50:PRO:CD	2.64	0.46
1:A:158:SER:O	1:A:160:ALA:N	2.49	0.46
1:A:164:ARG:H	1:A:167:VAL:HG21	1.80	0.46
1:A:83:TYR:OH	1:A:189:TRP:NE1	2.47	0.45
1:A:115:ASP:O	1:A:118:MET:HB3	2.16	0.45
1:A:153:PHE:CD1	1:A:175:ARG:HD2	2.51	0.45
1:A:155:GLY:C	1:A:157:THR:N	2.68	0.45
1:A:86:TRP:CD1	2:A:1216:RET:H14	2.50	0.45
1:A:57:TYR:HA	1:A:60:MET:HE3	1.99	0.45
1:A:53:ALA:HA	1:A:85:ASP:OD2	2.17	0.45
1:A:46:THR:HG22	1:A:223:LEU:HD23	1.99	0.44
1:A:67:THR:HG22	1:A:78:ILE:O	2.18	0.44
1:A:198:ILE:O	1:A:198:ILE:CG2	2.65	0.44
1:A:214:SER:OG	1:A:215:ALA:N	2.50	0.44
1:A:36:ASP:OD2	1:A:38:ASP:HB2	2.17	0.44

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:157:THR:HG22	1:A:158:SER:N	2.32	0.43
1:A:211:LEU:HD12	1:A:211:LEU:HA	1.81	0.43
1:A:37:PRO:HG2	1:A:38:ASP:OD1	2.19	0.43
1:A:50:PRO:O	1:A:54:PHE:N	2.52	0.43
1:A:70:PRO:O	1:A:129:LYS:HB3	2.18	0.43
1:A:172:LYS:HD3	1:A:172:LYS:HA	1.45	0.43
1:A:71:PHE:CD1	1:A:71:PHE:C	2.96	0.43
1:A:129:LYS:HB2	1:A:129:LYS:HE2	1.82	0.43
1:A:138:TRP:CD1	1:A:189:TRP:CE3	3.07	0.43
1:A:83:TYR:CG	1:A:123:LEU:HD13	2.54	0.43
1:A:79:TYR:O	1:A:81:ALA:N	2.51	0.43
1:A:36:ASP:O	1:A:37:PRO:C	2.62	0.42
1:A:212:ASP:O	1:A:213:VAL:C	2.61	0.42
1:A:46:THR:HG21	1:A:224:LEU:CG	2.41	0.42
1:A:166:GLU:O	1:A:169:SER:N	2.52	0.42
1:A:209:MET:O	1:A:210:VAL:C	2.61	0.42
1:A:169:SER:O	1:A:172:LYS:N	2.52	0.42
1:A:71:PHE:CE2	1:A:76:ASN:ND2	2.88	0.42
1:A:156:PHE:N	1:A:156:PHE:HD1	2.18	0.42
1:A:182:TRP:C	1:A:184:ALA:N	2.77	0.42
1:A:97:LEU:HD12	1:A:97:LEU:N	2.35	0.41
1:A:131:TYR:O	1:A:132:SER:C	2.63	0.41
1:A:186:PRO:HG3	2:A:1216:RET:C18	2.49	0.41
1:A:20:MET:HE2	1:A:213:VAL:HG22	2.02	0.41
1:A:188:VAL:HG21	1:A:211:LEU:CD2	2.49	0.41
1:A:30:LYS:NZ	1:A:225:ARG:HH22	2.18	0.41
1:A:182:TRP:C	1:A:184:ALA:H	2.28	0.41
1:A:57:TYR:HE1	1:A:212:ASP:OD2	2.02	0.41
1:A:156:PHE:N	1:A:156:PHE:CD1	2.87	0.41
1:A:173:VAL:O	1:A:174:LEU:C	2.63	0.41
1:A:15:LEU:HD12	1:A:15:LEU:HA	1.74	0.41
1:A:19:LEU:HD12	1:A:213:VAL:HG21	2.03	0.41
1:A:185:TYR:N	1:A:186:PRO:CD	2.84	0.41
1:A:80:TRP:HA	1:A:83:TYR:HD1	1.85	0.41
1:A:174:LEU:O	1:A:178:THR:HG23	2.20	0.41
1:A:104:ASP:O	1:A:108:ILE:HG13	2.21	0.40
1:A:13:LEU:CD2	1:A:57:TYR:HE2	2.34	0.40
1:A:57:TYR:CE1	1:A:212:ASP:OD2	2.75	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	223/248 (90%)	157 (70%)	45 (20%)	21 (9%)	0 3

All (21) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	30	LYS
1	A	102	ASP
1	A	153	PHE
1	A	154	PHE
1	A	34	VAL
1	A	162	SER
1	A	167	VAL
1	A	216	LYS
1	A	7	ARG
1	A	213	VAL
1	A	221	LEU
1	A	131	TYR
1	A	159	LYS
1	A	196	ALA
1	A	163	MET
1	A	169	SER
1	A	183	SER
1	A	148	ILE
1	A	112	VAL
1	A	222	ILE
1	A	218	GLY

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	179/193 (93%)	158 (88%)	21 (12%)	5	23

All (21) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	9	GLU
1	A	25	LEU
1	A	32	MET
1	A	43	TYR
1	A	55	THR
1	A	57	TYR
1	A	66	LEU
1	A	75	GLN
1	A	104	ASP
1	A	115	ASP
1	A	121	THR
1	A	152	LEU
1	A	157	THR
1	A	166	GLU
1	A	174	LEU
1	A	181	LEU
1	A	206	LEU
1	A	211	LEU
1	A	216	LYS
1	A	219	LEU
1	A	225	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	76	ASN
1	A	176	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
2	RET	A	1216	1	20,20,21	2.39	5 (25%)	27,27,28	1.33	3 (11%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	RET	A	1216	1	-	0/13/30/31	0/1/1/1

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	1216	RET	C14-C13	8.31	1.39	1.33
2	A	1216	RET	C5-C6	3.47	1.40	1.34
2	A	1216	RET	C1-C6	3.37	1.58	1.53
2	A	1216	RET	C15-C14	-2.50	1.40	1.49
2	A	1216	RET	C2-C3	-2.32	1.47	1.52

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	1216	RET	C11-C10-C9	2.48	130.76	127.28
2	A	1216	RET	C1-C6-C7	2.20	121.63	115.65
2	A	1216	RET	C17-C1-C6	2.12	113.57	110.24

There are no chirality outliers.

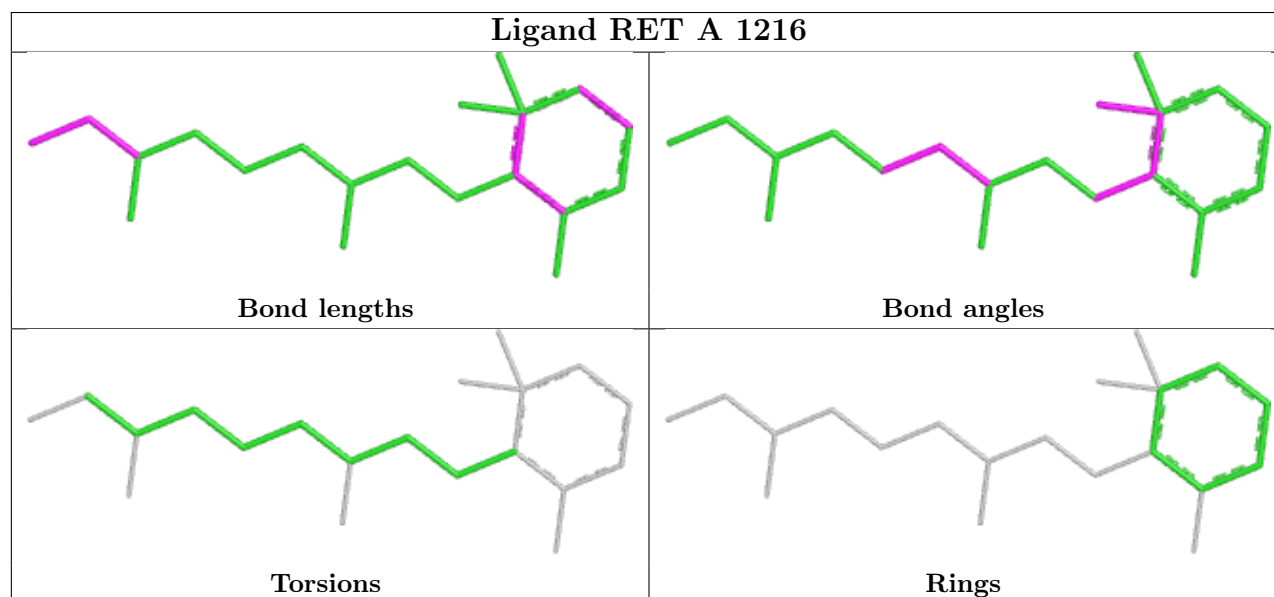
There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	1216	RET	3	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.