



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 5, 2026 – 05:45 PM UTC

PDB ID : 6FG3 / pdb_00006fg3
EMDB ID : EMD-4258
Title : Structure of Ryanodine receptor 1 in nanodiscs in the presence of calcium, ATP and ryanodine
Authors : Willegems, K.; Efremov, R.G.
Deposited on : 2018-01-09
Resolution : 7.30 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDb archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

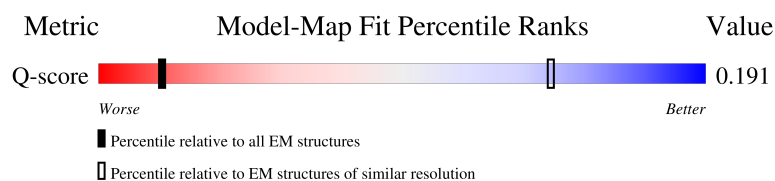
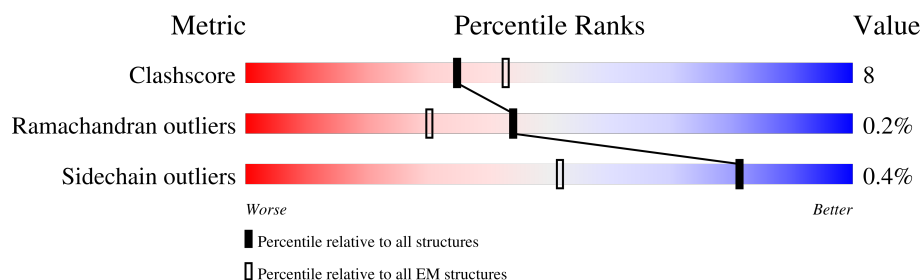
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 7.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	436 (6.80 - 7.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	5037	14% 68% 14% 17%
1	B	5037	14% 68% 14% 17%
1	C	5037	14% 68% 14% 17%
1	D	5037	14% 68% 14% 17%

2 Entry composition

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 117484 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Ryanodine receptor 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	4168	Total 29369	C 18608	N 5202	O 5402	S 157	0	0
1	B	4168	Total 29369	C 18608	N 5202	O 5402	S 157	0	0
1	C	4168	Total 29369	C 18608	N 5202	O 5402	S 157	0	0
1	D	4168	Total 29369	C 18608	N 5202	O 5402	S 157	0	0

- Molecule 2 is ZINC ION (CCD ID: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
2	A	1	Total 1	Zn 1	0
2	B	1	Total 1	Zn 1	0
2	C	1	Total 1	Zn 1	0
2	D	1	Total 1	Zn 1	0

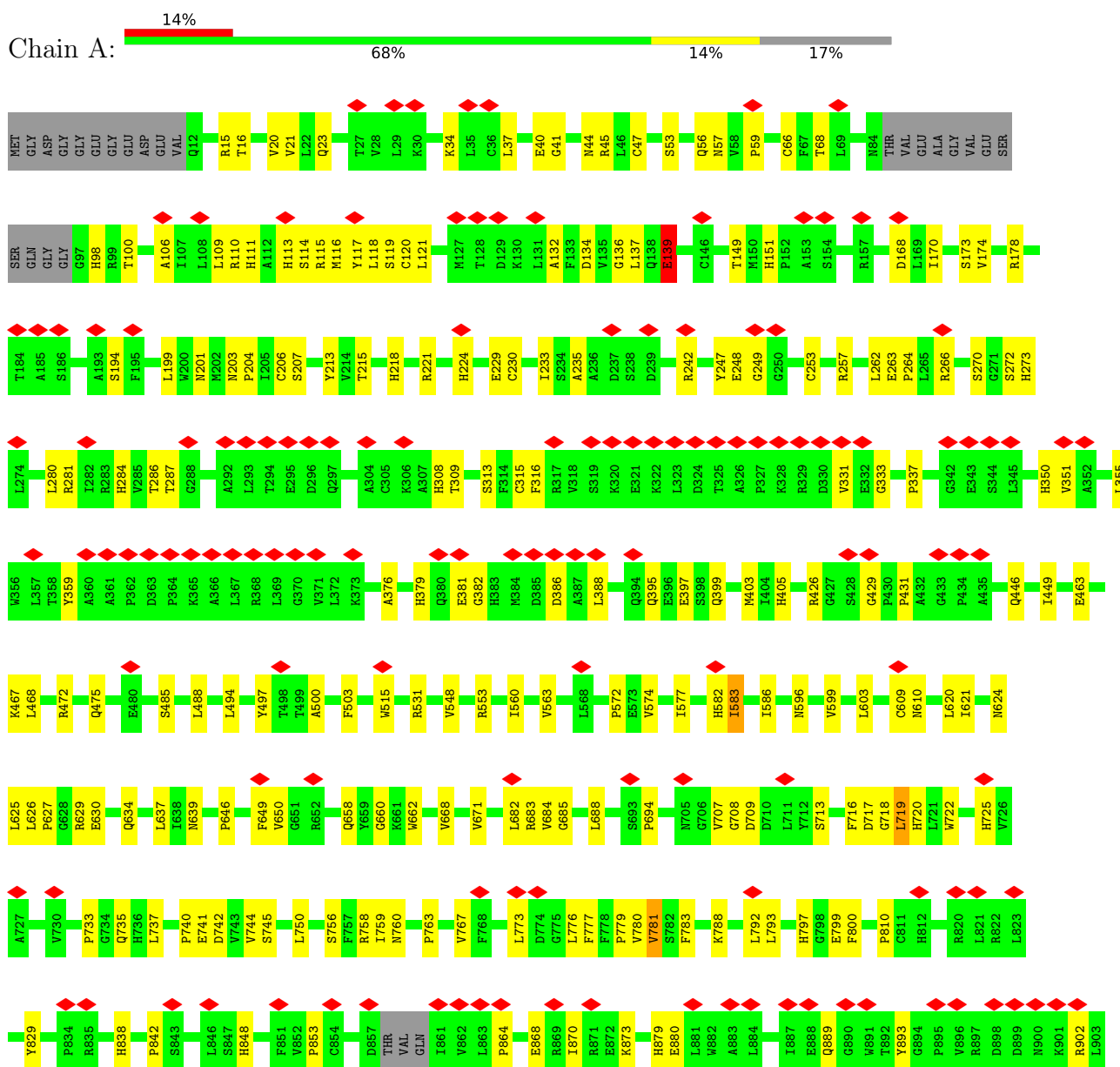
- Molecule 3 is CALCIUM ION (CCD ID: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
3	A	1	Total 1	Ca 1	0
3	B	1	Total 1	Ca 1	0
3	C	1	Total 1	Ca 1	0
3	D	1	Total 1	Ca 1	0

3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

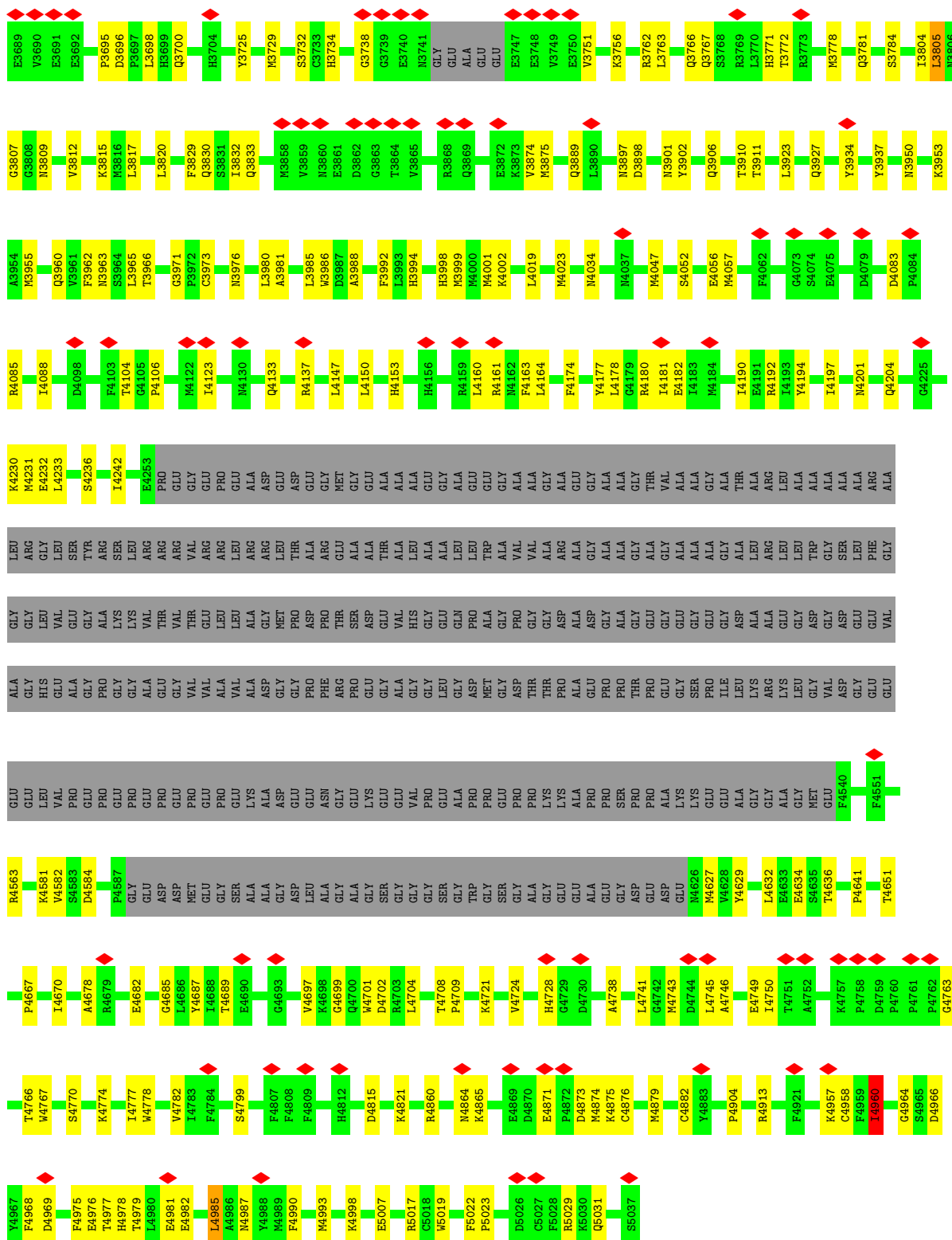
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Ryanodine receptor 1









- Molecule 1: Ryanodine receptor 1





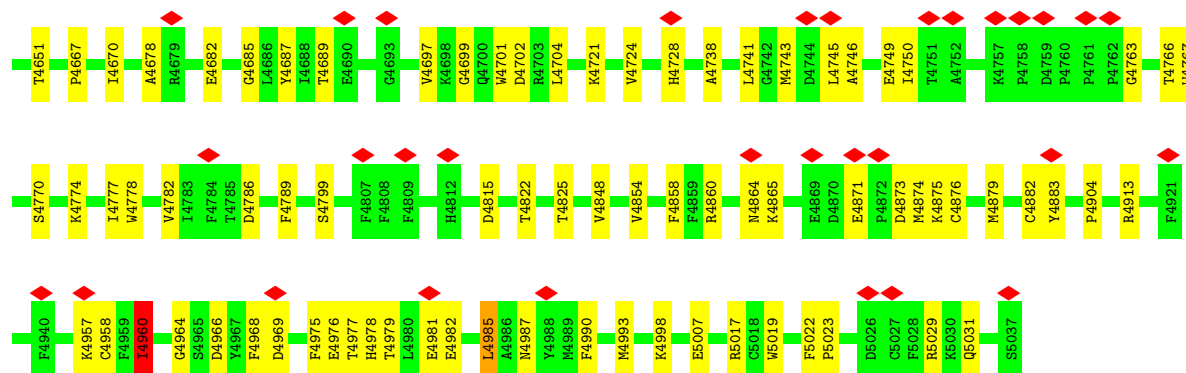




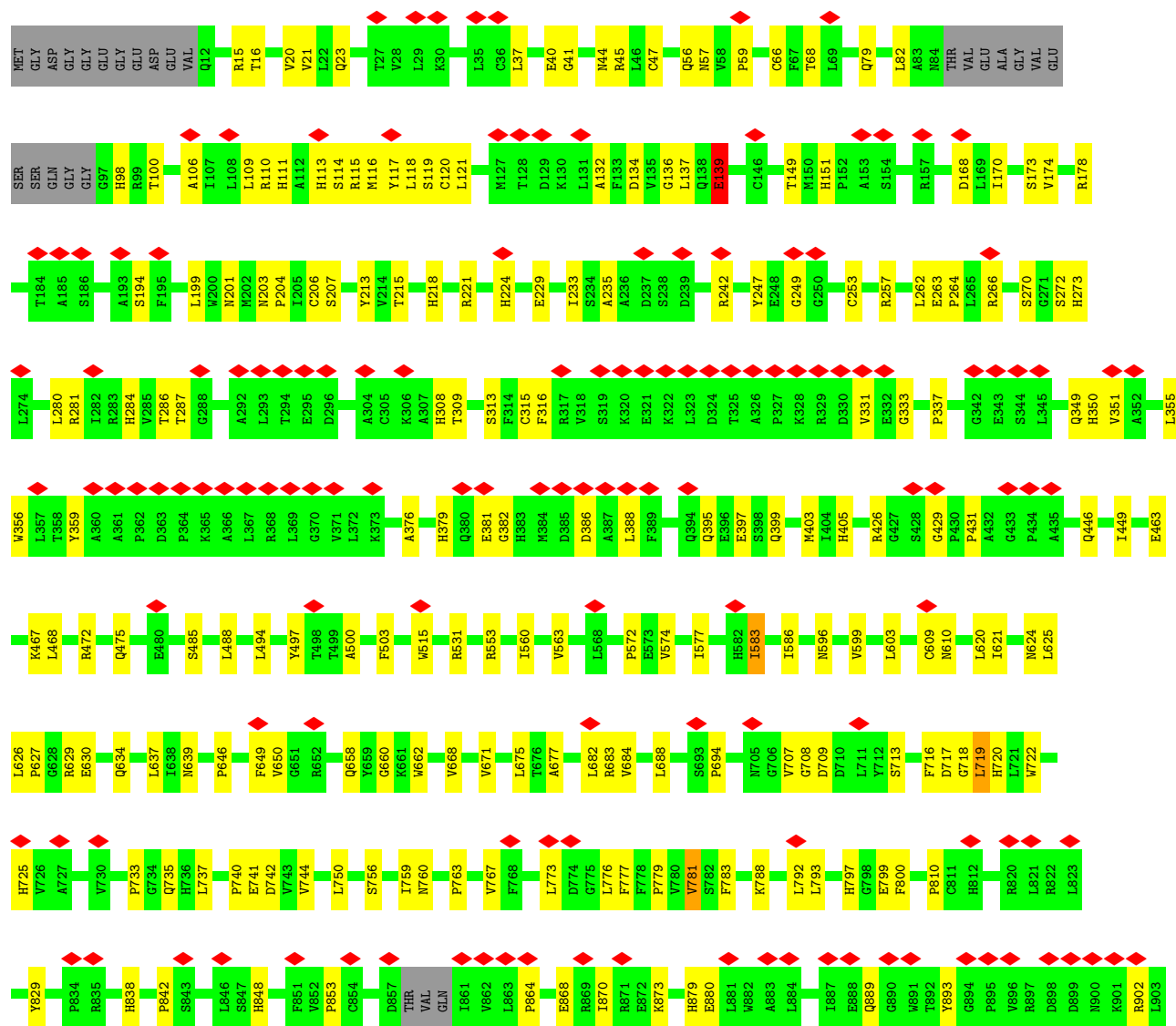
L1651	E1652	L1653	S1654	L1667	R1671	C1674	M1679	A1682	H1683	A1684	L1685	G1686	S1687	H1688	H1696	A1697	L1698	E1699	P1704	L1707	R1708	A1709	G1710	Y1711	I1718	H1719	L1720	E1721	R1725	S1726	R1727	R1728	L1731	I1735	T1739	T1742	R1743	A1744	I1745	F1748	G1751	R1752	K1753					
X1529	X1530	X1531	X1532	X1533	X1534	X1535	X1536	X1537	X1538	X1539	X1542	X1552	X1553	X1554	X1555	X1556	X1557	X1558	X1559	L1575	A1578	P1592	Q1598	M1599	L1600	W1605	R1606	M1607	M1608	V1615	GLU	THR	ARG	ARG	ALA	GLY	E1622	C1630	T1635	M1636	M1637	A1638	L1639	H1640	C1647	M1648	D1649	L1650
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• Molecule 1: Ryanodine receptor 1









4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C4	Depositor
Number of particles used	61773	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	28	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	2000	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	3000	Depositor
Magnification	59000	Depositor
Image detector	FEI FALCON II (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.217	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.087	Depositor
Average map value	0.001	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.009	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.05	Depositor
Map size (Å)	514.9, 514.9, 514.9	wwPDB
Map dimensions	380, 380, 380	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.355, 1.355, 1.355	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN, CA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.25	0/25428	0.59	4/34534 (0.0%)
1	B	0.25	0/25428	0.59	4/34534 (0.0%)
1	C	0.25	0/25428	0.59	4/34534 (0.0%)
1	D	0.25	0/25428	0.59	4/34534 (0.0%)
All	All	0.25	0/101712	0.59	16/138136 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	10
1	B	0	10
1	C	0	10
1	D	0	10
All	All	0	40

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 16 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	D	139	GLU	N-CA-C	-6.33	104.80	114.16
1	A	139	GLU	N-CA-C	-6.32	104.81	114.16
1	B	139	GLU	N-CA-C	-6.31	104.82	114.16
1	C	139	GLU	N-CA-C	-6.26	104.89	114.16
1	B	4153	HIS	CA-C-N	-5.49	118.08	122.85

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 40 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	139	GLU	Peptide
1	A	1720	LEU	Peptide
1	A	1840	PRO	Peptide
1	A	2001	PRO	Peptide
1	A	694	PRO	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	29369	0	24692	433	0
1	B	29369	0	24692	429	0
1	C	29369	0	24692	440	0
1	D	29369	0	24692	436	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
2	B	1	0	0	0	0
2	C	1	0	0	0	0
2	D	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	B	1	0	0	0	0
3	C	1	0	0	0	0
3	D	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	117484	0	98768	1731	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

The worst 5 of 1731 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:4958:CYS:HG	1:B:4978:HIS:HE2	1.36	0.73
1:C:4958:CYS:HG	1:C:4978:HIS:HE2	1.35	0.73
1:A:4958:CYS:HG	1:A:4978:HIS:HE2	1.36	0.71
1:C:4678:ALA:O	1:C:4682:GLU:HB2	1.91	0.71
1:B:4678:ALA:O	1:B:4682:GLU:HB2	1.91	0.70

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	3235/5037 (64%)	2854 (88%)	376 (12%)	5 (0%)	43	78
1	B	3235/5037 (64%)	2854 (88%)	376 (12%)	5 (0%)	43	78
1	C	3235/5037 (64%)	2853 (88%)	377 (12%)	5 (0%)	43	78
1	D	3235/5037 (64%)	2853 (88%)	377 (12%)	5 (0%)	43	78
All	All	12940/20148 (64%)	11414 (88%)	1506 (12%)	20 (0%)	44	78

5 of 20 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	810	PRO
1	B	810	PRO
1	C	810	PRO
1	D	810	PRO
1	A	553	ARG

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	2493/3209 (78%)	2484 (100%)	9 (0%)	84	84
1	B	2493/3209 (78%)	2484 (100%)	9 (0%)	84	84
1	C	2493/3209 (78%)	2484 (100%)	9 (0%)	84	84
1	D	2493/3209 (78%)	2484 (100%)	9 (0%)	84	84
All	All	9972/12836 (78%)	9936 (100%)	36 (0%)	81	84

5 of 36 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	688	LEU
1	D	4985	LEU
1	D	719	LEU
1	D	3663	LEU
1	B	781	VAL

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 255 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	4109	GLN
1	D	2041	HIS
1	C	765	GLN
1	D	2011	HIS
1	D	3946	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

Of 8 ligands modelled in this entry, 8 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

The following chains have linkage breaks:

Mol	Chain	Number of breaks
1	A	9
1	B	9
1	C	9
1	D	9

The worst 5 of 36 chain breaks are listed below:

Model	Chain	Residue-1	Atom-1	Residue-2	Atom-2	Distance (Å)
1	A	3638:UNK	C	3639:THR	N	46.99
1	B	3638:UNK	C	3639:THR	N	46.99
1	C	3638:UNK	C	3639:THR	N	46.99
1	D	3638:UNK	C	3639:THR	N	46.99
1	A	3246:UNK	C	3247:UNK	N	16.40

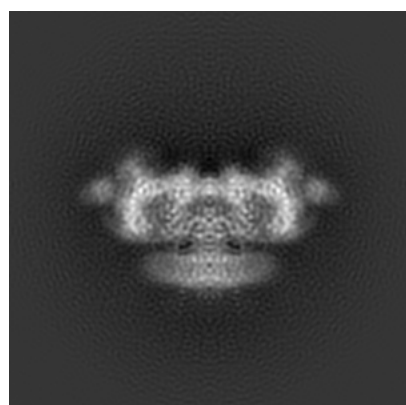
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-4258. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

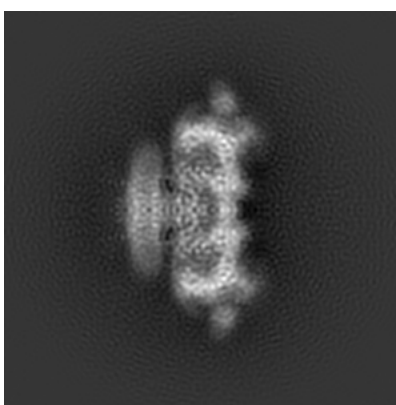
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

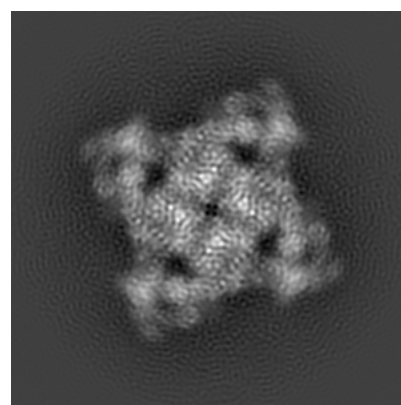
6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

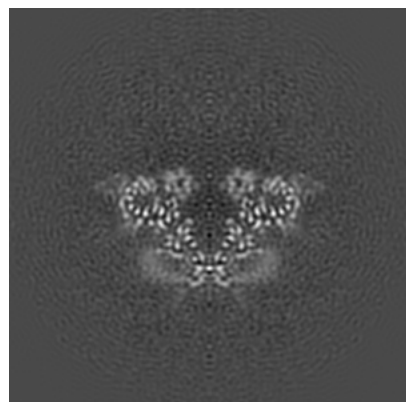


Z

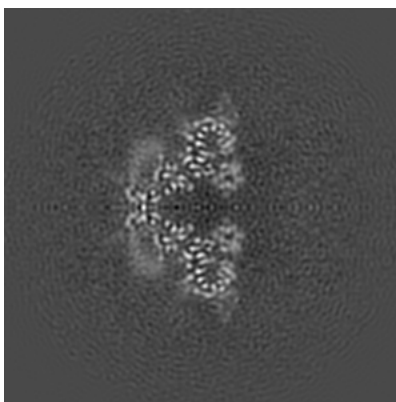
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

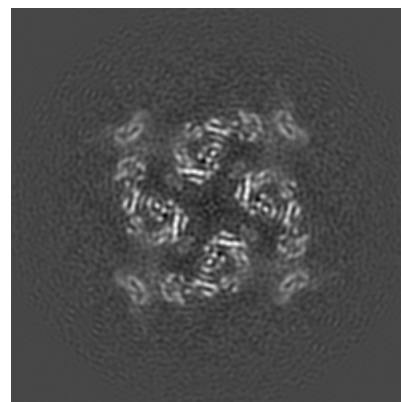
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 190



Y Index: 190

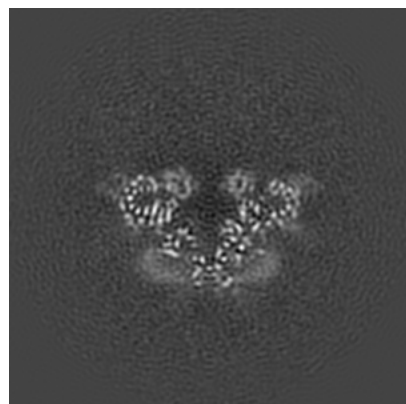


Z Index: 190

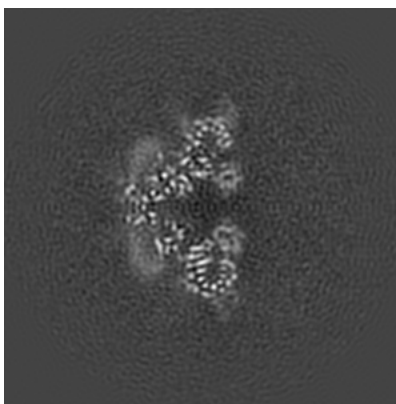
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

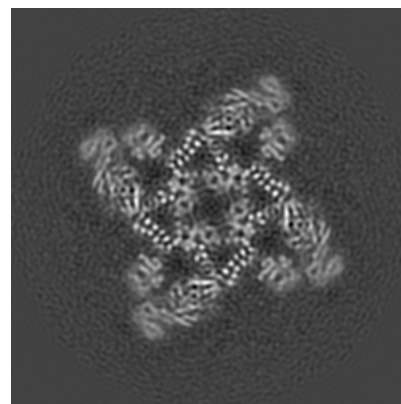
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 188



Y Index: 192

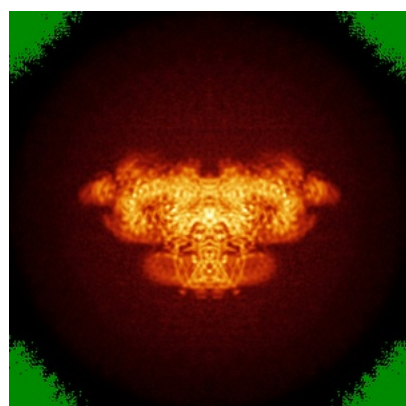


Z Index: 205

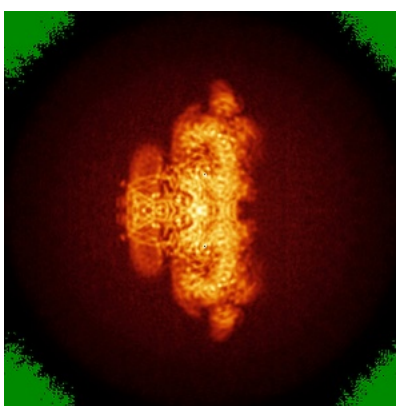
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

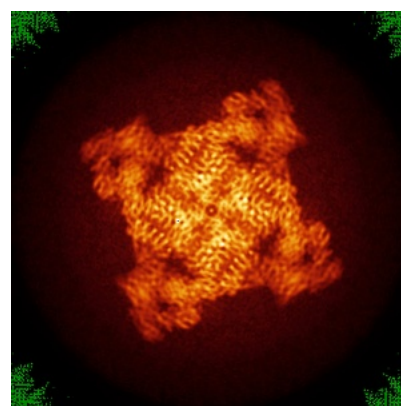
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y

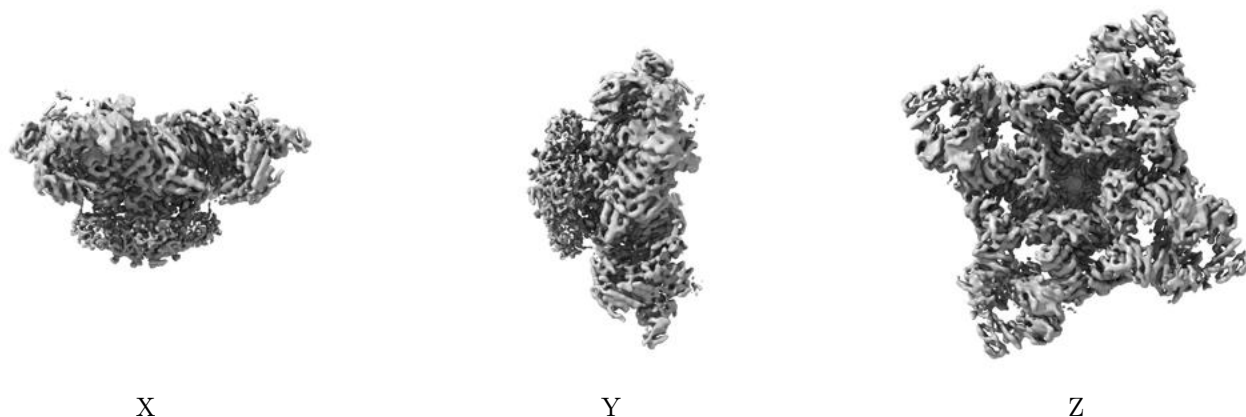


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.05. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

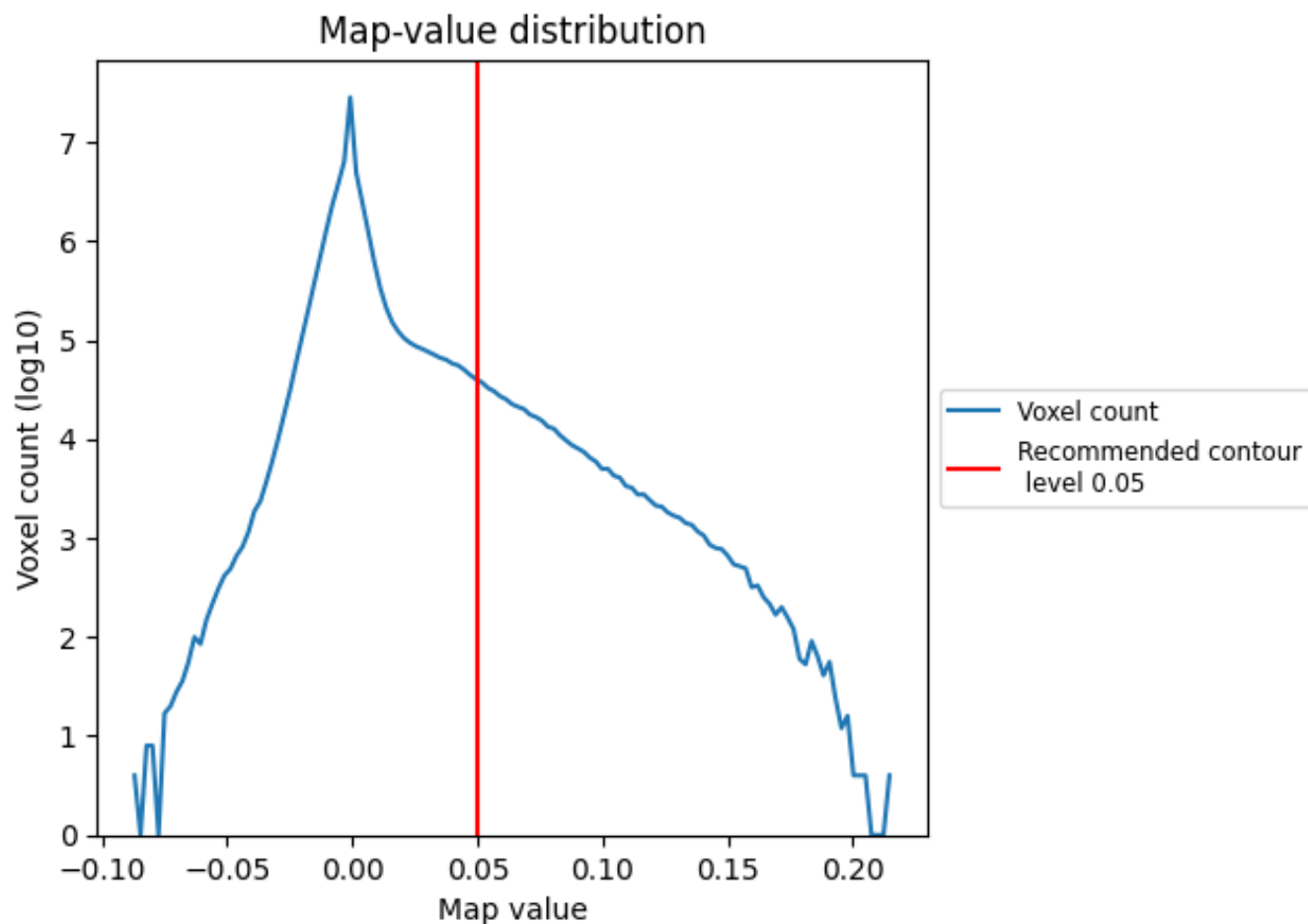
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

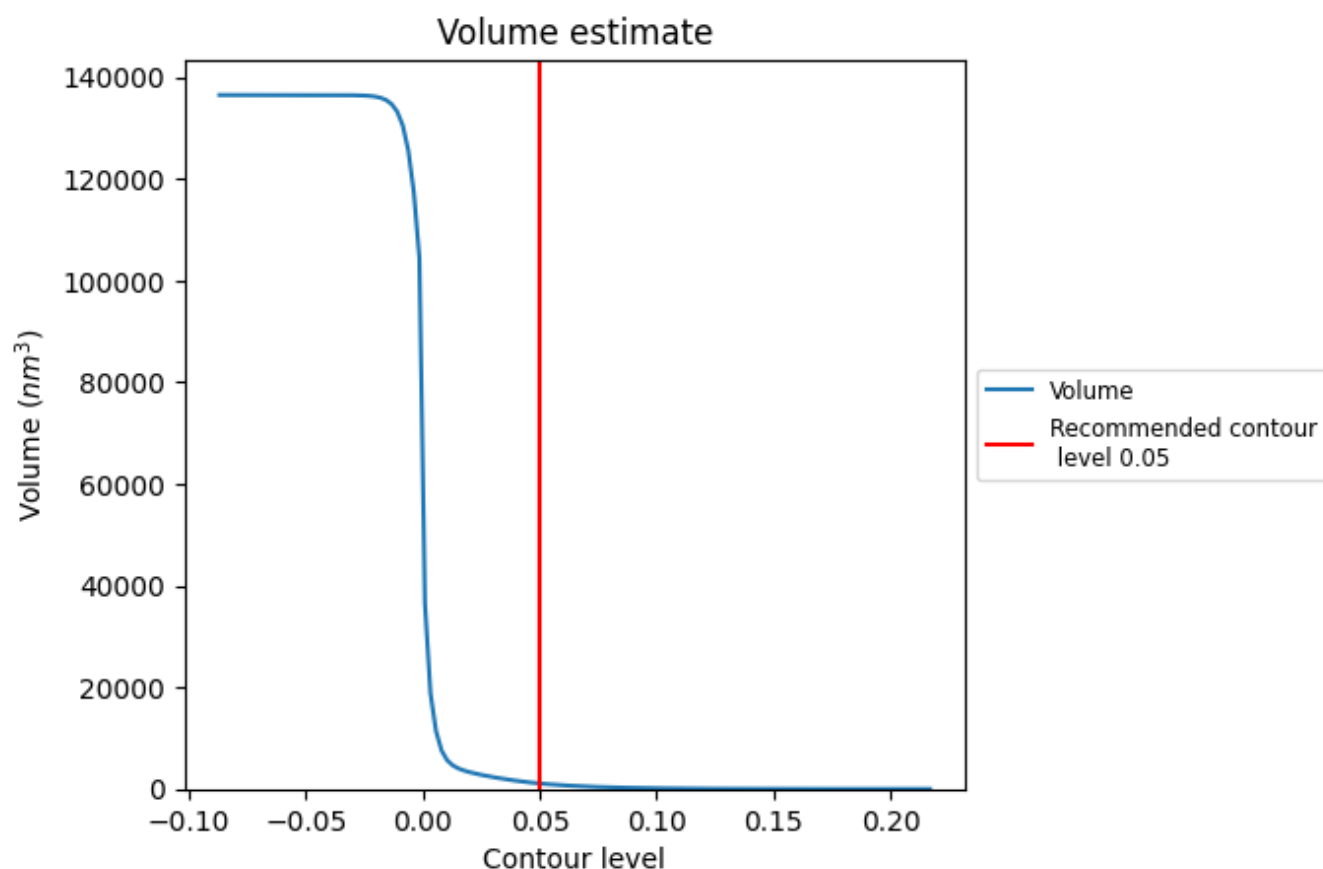
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

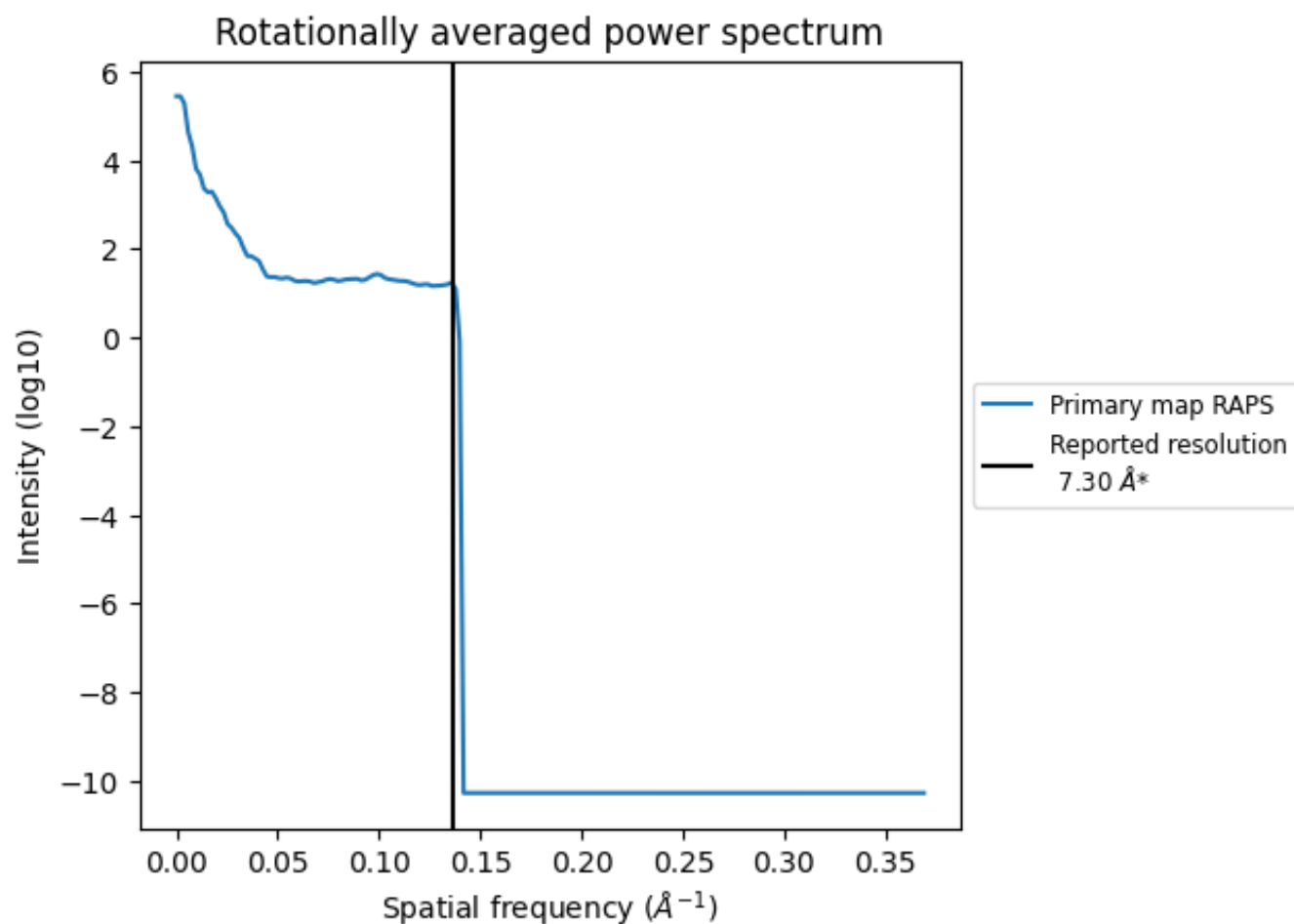
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 1080 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 975 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

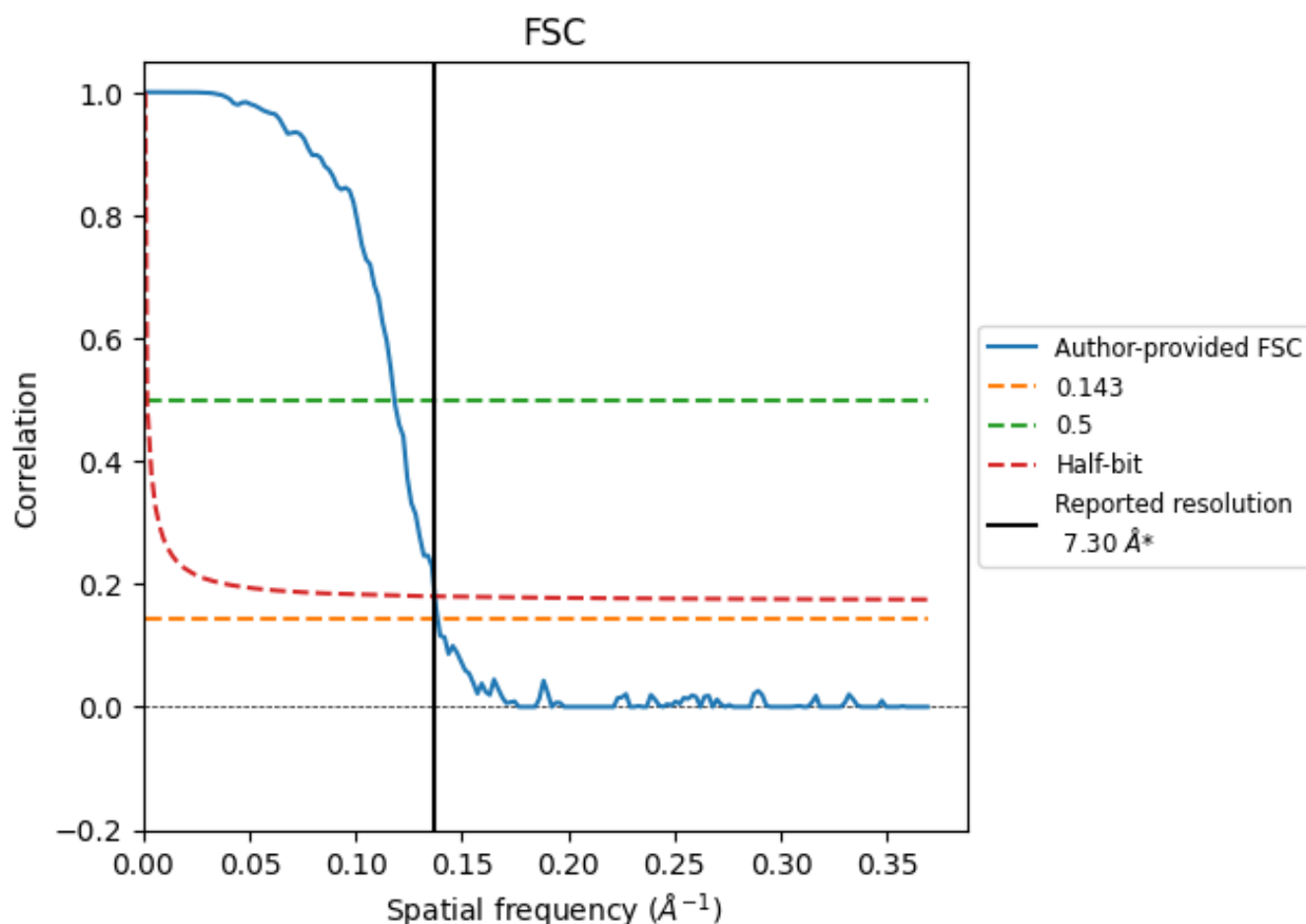


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.137 $\text{\AA}^{-1}$

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.137 Å⁻¹

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

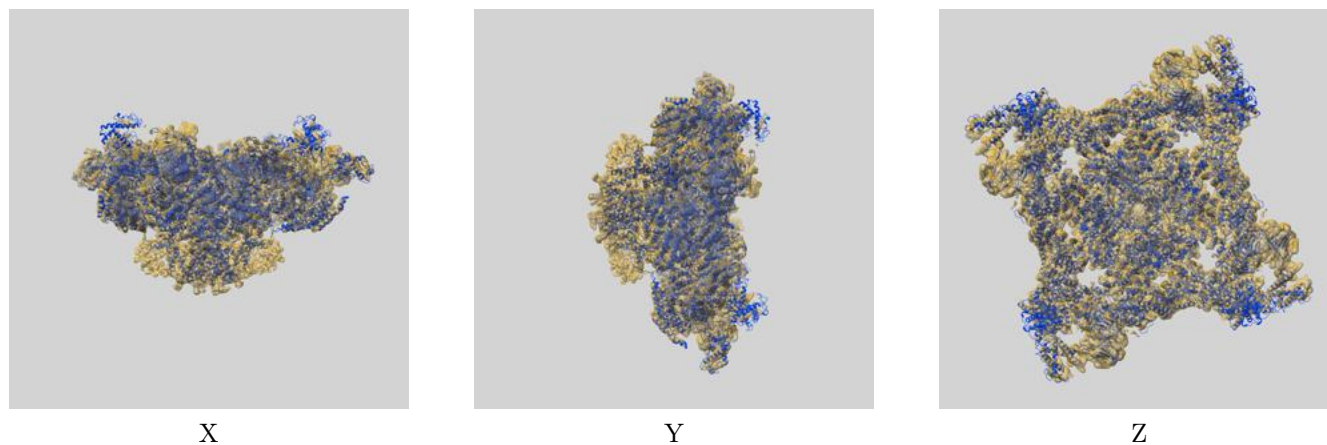
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	7.30	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	7.22	8.46	7.28
Unmasked-calculated*	-	-	-

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

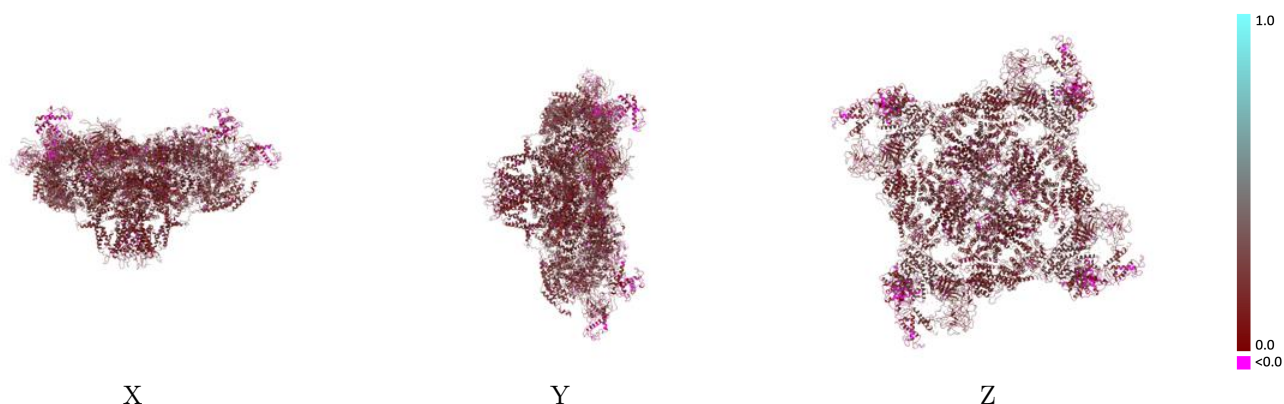
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-4258 and PDB model 6FG3. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [4](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



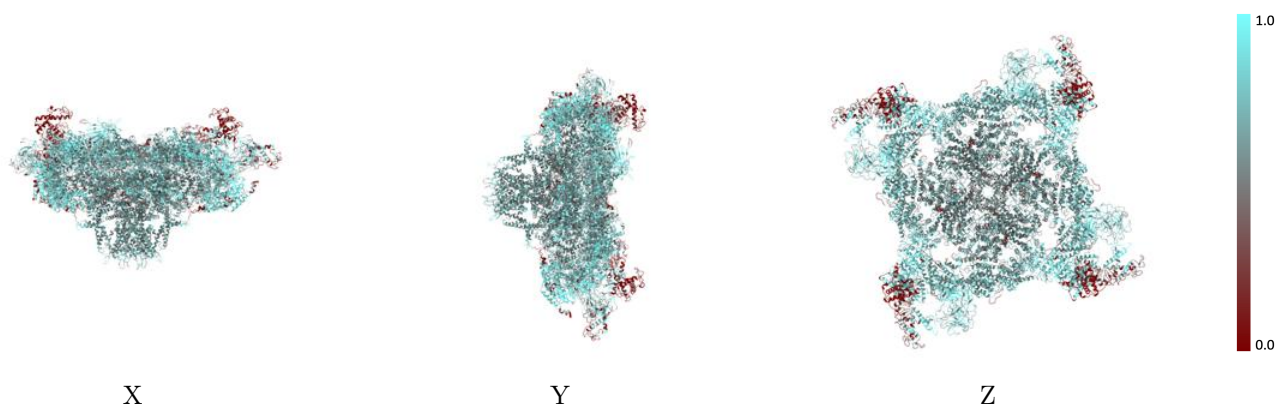
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.05 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



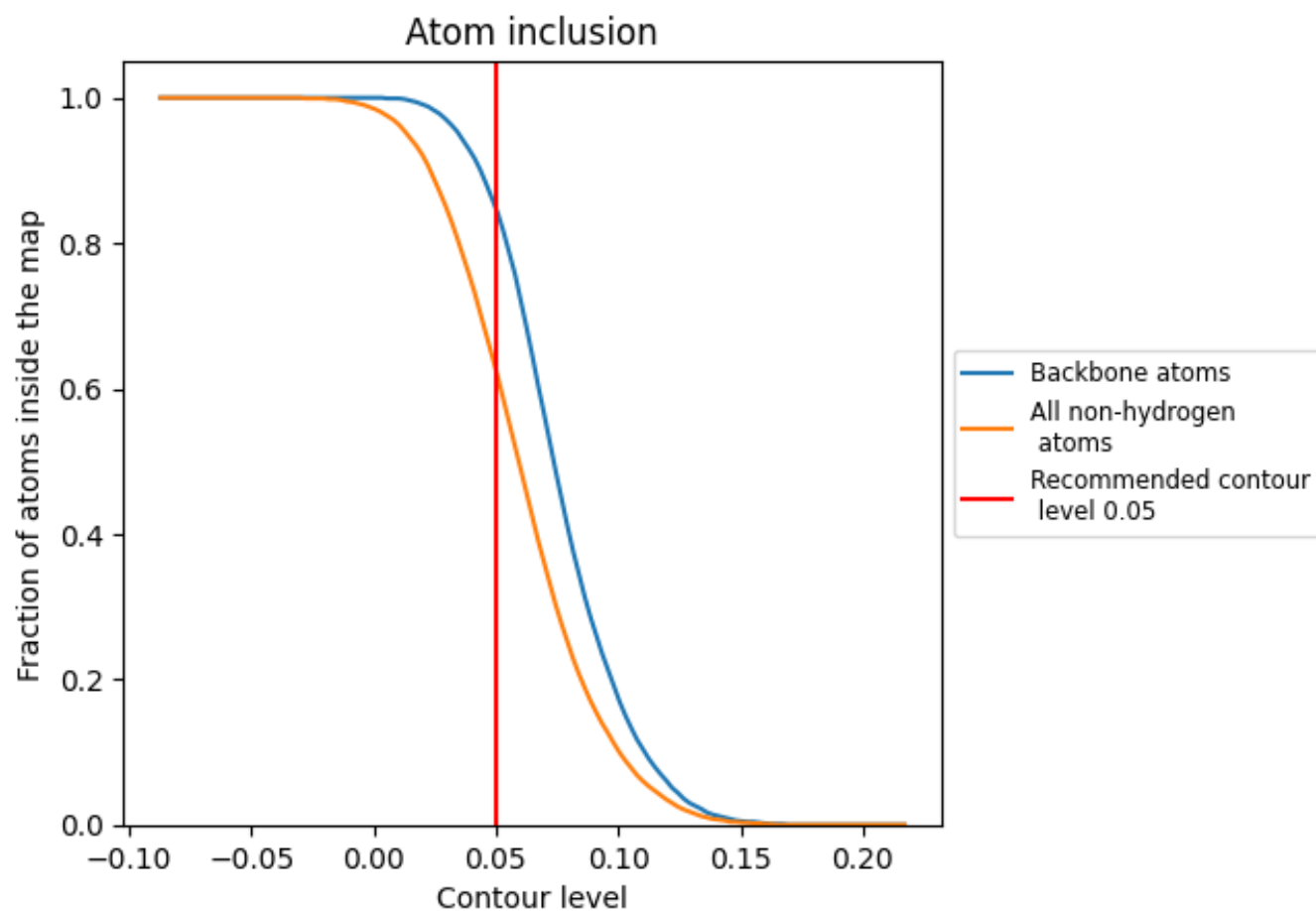
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.05).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 85% of all backbone atoms, 63% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.05) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.6260	0.1910
A	0.6260	0.1900
B	0.6260	0.1910
C	0.6260	0.1910
D	0.6260	0.1900

