



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 8, 2026 – 03:21 PM UTC

PDB ID : 3FNS / pdb_00003fns
Title : Crystal structure of histo-aspartic protease (HAP) from Plasmodium Falciparum
Authors : Bhaumik, P.; Gustchina, A.; Wlodawer, A.
Deposited on : 2008-12-26
Resolution : 2.50 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4	:	9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

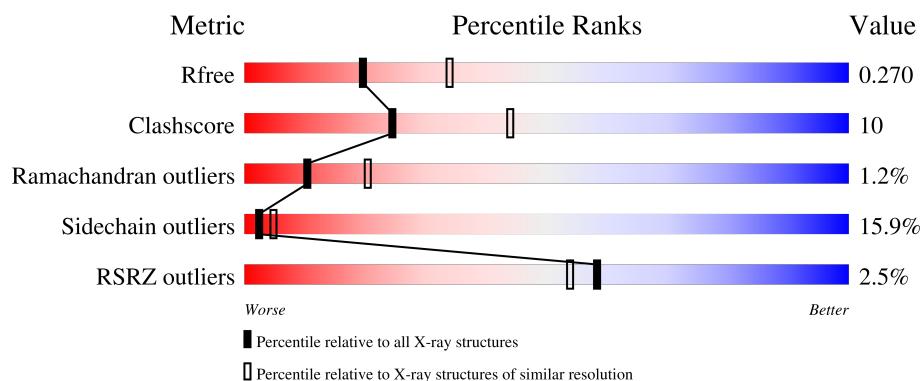
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	5829 (2.50-2.50)
Clashscore	190562	6492 (2.50-2.50)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	6378 (2.50-2.50)
Sidechain outliers	187428	6380 (2.50-2.50)
RSRZ outliers	180081	5833 (2.50-2.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	332	3% 69% 24% .
1	B	332	2% 62% 30% 6% .

2 Entry composition

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5290 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called HAP protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	325	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2590	1679	401	502	8			
1	B	325	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2590	1679	401	502	8			

- Molecule 2 is ZINC ION (CCD ID: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	4	Total	Zn	0	0
			4	4		
2	B	2	Total	Zn	0	0
			2	2		

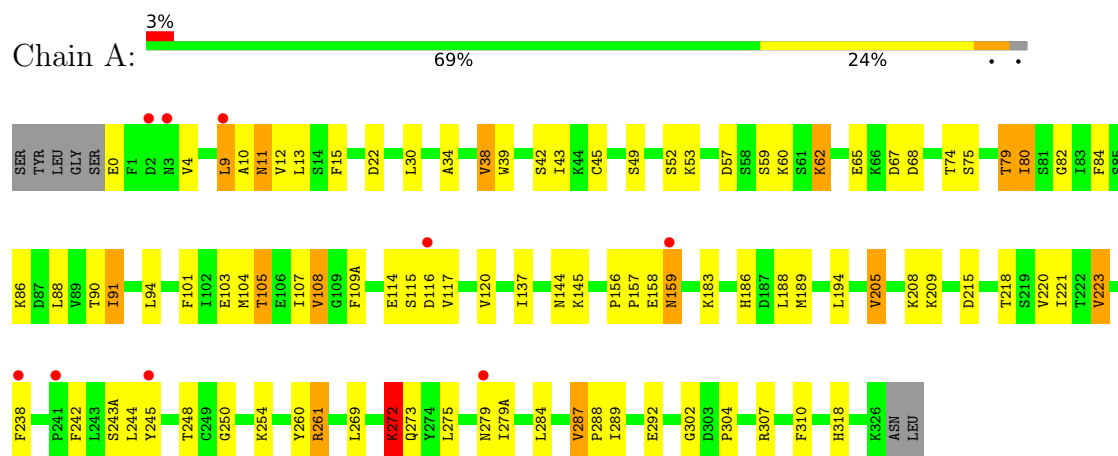
- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	59	Total	O	0	0
			59	59		
3	B	45	Total	O	0	0
			45	45		

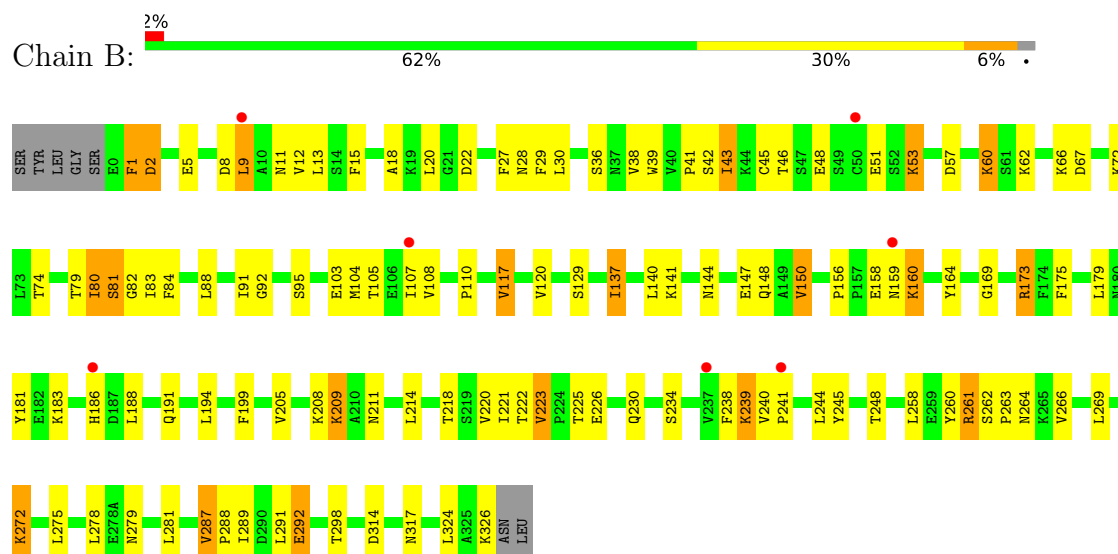
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: HAP protein



• Molecule 1: HAP protein



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 41 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	89.80Å 89.80Å 198.70Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	30.00 – 2.50 30.00 – 2.50	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	100.0 (30.00-2.50) 99.7 (30.00-2.50)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.09	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.70 (at 2.34Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.4.0057	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.225 , 0.274 0.223 , 0.270	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1040 reflections (3.00%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	47.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.226	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.29 , 28.0	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.48$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	5290	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	51.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.74% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality ⓘ

5.1 Standard geometry ⓘ

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.76	1/2655 (0.0%)	0.99	2/3603 (0.1%)
1	B	0.78	1/2655 (0.0%)	1.02	5/3603 (0.1%)
All	All	0.77	2/5310 (0.0%)	1.01	7/7206 (0.1%)

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	B	287	VAL	CA-CB	7.10	1.59	1.54
1	A	205	VAL	CA-CB	5.70	1.61	1.54

All (7) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	156	PRO	CA-C-N	7.31	126.85	119.24
1	B	156	PRO	C-N-CA	7.31	126.85	119.24
1	B	279	ASN	N-CA-C	7.11	119.03	111.28
1	A	287	VAL	N-CA-C	5.45	113.95	107.73
1	B	287	VAL	N-CA-C	5.39	114.02	107.61
1	B	175	PHE	N-CA-C	5.25	116.97	109.14
1	A	310	PHE	N-CA-C	-5.01	102.87	110.28

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within

the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2590	0	2541	43	1
1	B	2590	0	2541	64	0
2	A	4	0	0	0	0
2	B	2	0	0	0	0
3	A	59	0	0	4	0
3	B	45	0	0	2	1
All	All	5290	0	5082	102	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

All (102) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:79:THR:HG22	1:A:108:VAL:HG12	1.58	0.83
1:B:79:THR:HB	1:B:108:VAL:HG12	1.67	0.75
1:A:109(A):PHE:HB3	3:A:382:HOH:O	1.92	0.68
1:B:179:LEU:HD13	1:B:181:TYR:CE1	2.30	0.67
1:A:238:PHE:HZ	3:A:384:HOH:O	1.77	0.66
1:B:80:ILE:HD11	1:B:104:MET:HG2	1.76	0.65
1:B:42:SER:HB3	1:B:103:GLU:HB3	1.78	0.65
1:B:48:GLU:O	1:B:51:GLU:HG3	1.97	0.65
1:A:80:ILE:HD11	1:A:104:MET:HG2	1.79	0.65
1:A:39:TRP:CZ3	1:A:80:ILE:HD12	2.31	0.64
1:B:314:ASP:CG	1:B:317:ASN:HD22	2.06	0.64
1:A:82:GLY:HA2	1:A:105:THR:HB	1.80	0.63
1:B:186:HIS:HB3	1:B:188:LEU:HD23	1.81	0.62
1:B:158:GLU:HB3	1:B:160:LYS:HG3	1.82	0.62
1:B:22:ASP:OD1	1:B:62:LYS:HG2	2.00	0.61
1:A:279(A):ILE:HD13	1:B:117:VAL:CG2	2.31	0.60
1:B:80:ILE:C	1:B:80:ILE:HD13	2.28	0.59
1:A:279:ASN:OD1	1:A:279(A):ILE:HG23	2.02	0.59
1:B:179:LEU:CD1	1:B:181:TYR:CE1	2.86	0.58
1:A:39:TRP:HZ3	1:A:80:ILE:HD12	1.68	0.58
1:A:114:GLU:HG2	1:B:158:GLU:HG3	1.85	0.57
1:B:262:SER:HB2	1:B:263:PRO:CD	2.35	0.57
1:A:80:ILE:C	1:A:80:ILE:HD13	2.30	0.56
1:B:5:GLU:HG2	1:B:164:TYR:CE1	2.40	0.56
1:B:223:VAL:O	1:B:288:PRO:HA	2.06	0.56
1:A:65:GLU:HB2	1:A:86:LYS:HB3	1.89	0.56

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:9:LEU:HB2	1:A:15:PHE:CE2	2.40	0.55
1:B:148:GLN:HB2	1:B:150:VAL:HG22	1.89	0.54
1:A:279:ASN:HB2	1:B:15:PHE:HZ	1.72	0.54
1:B:241:PRO:HA	3:B:355:HOH:O	2.08	0.53
1:B:278:LEU:HD12	1:B:281:LEU:HB2	1.91	0.53
1:B:261:ARG:HB3	1:B:266:VAL:HG22	1.91	0.53
1:A:79:THR:HG22	1:A:108:VAL:CG1	2.34	0.53
1:B:194:LEU:HD13	1:B:260:TYR:HB3	1.91	0.52
1:A:248:THR:HG22	1:A:250:GLY:H	1.75	0.52
1:A:307:ARG:HD3	3:A:351:HOH:O	2.09	0.52
1:A:38:VAL:HG22	1:A:101:PHE:CB	2.41	0.51
1:A:34:ALA:HB1	1:A:189:MET:HE2	1.93	0.51
1:B:18:ALA:HB3	1:B:29:PHE:CE1	2.46	0.51
1:A:74:THR:HG22	1:A:79:THR:OG1	2.11	0.51
1:A:223:VAL:O	1:A:288:PRO:HA	2.11	0.50
1:B:36:SER:HB3	1:B:129:SER:HB3	1.92	0.50
1:A:272:LYS:HE2	1:A:273:GLN:HE21	1.75	0.50
1:B:18:ALA:HB3	1:B:29:PHE:CD1	2.47	0.50
1:B:22:ASP:OD1	1:B:62:LYS:CG	2.59	0.50
1:A:318:HIS:NE2	3:A:360:HOH:O	2.34	0.50
1:A:45:CYS:HA	1:A:105:THR:O	2.10	0.50
1:B:67:ASP:HB3	1:B:84:PHE:O	2.10	0.50
1:B:27:PHE:HE2	1:B:41:PRO:HD2	1.77	0.50
1:A:38:VAL:HG22	1:A:101:PHE:HB3	1.94	0.50
1:B:186:HIS:HB3	1:B:188:LEU:CD2	2.41	0.50
1:A:244:LEU:HD23	1:A:245:TYR:CE2	2.48	0.49
1:B:2:ASP:OD1	1:B:92:GLY:HA3	2.12	0.49
1:A:4:VAL:HB	1:A:91:ILE:CD1	2.42	0.49
1:A:42:SER:HB2	1:A:103:GLU:HB3	1.95	0.49
1:A:91:ILE:O	1:A:91:ILE:HG13	2.13	0.48
1:B:291:LEU:O	1:B:292:GLU:HB2	2.13	0.48
1:A:215:ASP:O	1:A:302:GLY:HA2	2.14	0.48
1:B:199:PHE:CG	1:B:258:LEU:HD13	2.49	0.48
1:B:262:SER:HB2	1:B:263:PRO:HD2	1.96	0.48
1:B:5:GLU:HG2	1:B:164:TYR:HE1	1.79	0.48
1:B:141:LYS:HE3	1:B:147:GLU:O	2.14	0.47
1:A:221:ILE:HG12	1:A:304:PRO:HG2	1.95	0.47
1:B:53:LYS:HE2	1:B:117:VAL:O	2.13	0.47
1:B:137:ILE:HA	1:B:140:LEU:HD12	1.97	0.47
1:B:158:GLU:O	1:B:160:LYS:N	2.36	0.47
1:A:10:ALA:O	1:A:11:ASN:HB2	2.14	0.47

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:72:LYS:HB3	1:B:81:SER:HB3	1.97	0.47
1:B:199:PHE:CD1	1:B:258:LEU:HD13	2.50	0.47
1:A:90:THR:HG23	1:A:94:LEU:O	2.15	0.46
1:B:82:GLY:HA3	1:B:103:GLU:O	2.15	0.46
1:B:158:GLU:C	1:B:160:LYS:H	2.22	0.46
1:B:194:LEU:CD2	1:B:262:SER:HB3	2.46	0.46
1:B:211:ASN:O	1:B:298:THR:HA	2.15	0.46
1:A:272:LYS:HG2	1:B:110:PRO:HD3	1.97	0.45
1:B:28:ASN:HB2	1:B:117:VAL:HA	1.99	0.45
1:B:264:ASN:HB2	3:B:362:HOH:O	2.16	0.45
1:B:186:HIS:HB2	1:B:191:GLN:HE21	1.80	0.45
1:A:67:ASP:HB3	1:A:84:PHE:O	2.16	0.44
1:B:173:ARG:O	1:B:326:LYS:HE3	2.16	0.44
1:B:57:ASP:OD2	1:B:60:LYS:HG2	2.18	0.44
1:A:22:ASP:OD1	1:A:62:LYS:HB3	2.18	0.43
1:A:156:PRO:HA	1:A:157:PRO:HD3	1.85	0.43
1:B:39:TRP:CZ3	1:B:80:ILE:HD12	2.52	0.43
1:A:272:LYS:HE2	1:A:273:GLN:NE2	2.33	0.43
1:B:1:PHE:CD1	1:B:169:GLY:HA3	2.53	0.43
1:A:194:LEU:HD13	1:A:260:TYR:HB3	2.01	0.43
1:A:242:PHE:HB3	1:A:243(A):SER:O	2.19	0.42
1:B:208:LYS:O	1:B:209:LYS:C	2.62	0.42
1:B:43:ILE:HD13	1:B:43:ILE:HA	1.91	0.42
1:B:9:LEU:HB2	1:B:15:PHE:CE2	2.55	0.41
1:B:244:LEU:C	1:B:245:TYR:HD2	2.28	0.41
1:A:272:LYS:HE3	1:B:110:PRO:HG3	2.01	0.41
1:B:230:GLN:HE21	1:B:230:GLN:HB3	1.60	0.41
1:A:57:ASP:OD2	1:A:59:SER:OG	2.39	0.41
1:B:262:SER:CB	1:B:263:PRO:CD	2.98	0.41
1:A:67:ASP:O	1:A:68:ASP:HB2	2.20	0.41
1:B:45:CYS:HA	1:B:105:THR:O	2.19	0.41
1:B:240:VAL:HA	1:B:241:PRO:HD3	1.91	0.41
1:B:238:PHE:O	1:B:239:LYS:C	2.64	0.41
1:B:226:GLU:O	1:B:230:GLN:HG2	2.22	0.40
1:B:221:ILE:HD13	1:B:221:ILE:HA	1.92	0.40

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:261:ARG:NH1	3:B:366:HOH:O[4_454]	1.67	0.53

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	323/332 (97%)	302 (94%)	18 (6%)	3 (1%)	14	27
1	B	323/332 (97%)	291 (90%)	27 (8%)	5 (2%)	8	16
All	All	646/664 (97%)	593 (92%)	45 (7%)	8 (1%)	10	20

All (8) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	159	ASN
1	B	1	PHE
1	A	272	LYS
1	B	159	ASN
1	B	239	LYS
1	B	272	LYS
1	B	292	GLU
1	A	292	GLU

5.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	295/301 (98%)	248 (84%)	47 (16%)	2	5
1	B	295/301 (98%)	248 (84%)	47 (16%)	2	5
All	All	590/602 (98%)	496 (84%)	94 (16%)	2	5

All (94) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	0	GLU
1	A	9	LEU
1	A	11	ASN
1	A	12	VAL
1	A	13	LEU
1	A	30	LEU
1	A	38	VAL
1	A	43	ILE
1	A	49	SER
1	A	52	SER
1	A	53	LYS
1	A	60	LYS
1	A	62	LYS
1	A	75	SER
1	A	79	THR
1	A	80	ILE
1	A	88	LEU
1	A	91	ILE
1	A	105	THR
1	A	107	ILE
1	A	108	VAL
1	A	115	SER
1	A	116	ASP
1	A	117	VAL
1	A	120	VAL
1	A	137	ILE
1	A	144	ASN
1	A	145	LYS
1	A	158	GLU
1	A	159	ASN
1	A	183	LYS
1	A	186	HIS
1	A	188	LEU
1	A	205	VAL
1	A	208	LYS
1	A	209	LYS
1	A	218	THR
1	A	220	VAL
1	A	223	VAL
1	A	254	LYS
1	A	261	ARG
1	A	269	LEU
1	A	272	LYS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	275	LEU
1	A	284	LEU
1	A	287	VAL
1	A	289	ILE
1	B	2	ASP
1	B	8	ASP
1	B	9	LEU
1	B	11	ASN
1	B	12	VAL
1	B	13	LEU
1	B	20	LEU
1	B	30	LEU
1	B	38	VAL
1	B	43	ILE
1	B	46	THR
1	B	53	LYS
1	B	60	LYS
1	B	66	LYS
1	B	74	THR
1	B	80	ILE
1	B	81	SER
1	B	83	ILE
1	B	88	LEU
1	B	91	ILE
1	B	95	SER
1	B	107	ILE
1	B	117	VAL
1	B	120	VAL
1	B	137	ILE
1	B	144	ASN
1	B	150	VAL
1	B	160	LYS
1	B	173	ARG
1	B	183	LYS
1	B	205	VAL
1	B	209	LYS
1	B	214	LEU
1	B	218	THR
1	B	220	VAL
1	B	222	THR
1	B	223	VAL
1	B	225	THR

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	234	SER
1	B	248	THR
1	B	261	ARG
1	B	269	LEU
1	B	272	LYS
1	B	275	LEU
1	B	287	VAL
1	B	289	ILE
1	B	324	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (10) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	55	HIS
1	A	203	ASN
1	A	230	GLN
1	A	264	ASN
1	B	144	ASN
1	B	191	GLN
1	B	203	ASN
1	B	230	GLN
1	B	264	ASN
1	B	317	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 6 ligands modelled in this entry, 6 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	325/332 (97%)	0.26	9 (2%) 55 50	26, 51, 72, 86	1 (0%)
1	B	325/332 (97%)	0.32	7 (2%) 62 58	28, 53, 72, 86	1 (0%)
All	All	650/664 (97%)	0.29	16 (2%) 58 54	26, 52, 72, 86	2 (0%)

All (16) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	159	ASN	5.6
1	B	159	ASN	4.6
1	A	279	ASN	3.2
1	A	3	ASN	3.0
1	A	238	PHE	2.9
1	B	241	PRO	2.8
1	A	9	LEU	2.8
1	B	107	ILE	2.6
1	B	186	HIS	2.5
1	B	50	CYS	2.5
1	B	9	LEU	2.3
1	A	116	ASP	2.2
1	A	245	TYR	2.1
1	A	241	PRO	2.1
1	B	237	VAL	2.1
1	A	2	ASP	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
2	ZN	A	331	1/1	0.82	0.33	71,71,71,71	1
2	ZN	B	330	1/1	0.87	0.10	65,65,65,65	1
2	ZN	A	332	1/1	0.97	0.08	71,71,71,71	1
2	ZN	A	330	1/1	0.97	0.08	49,49,49,49	1
2	ZN	B	329	1/1	0.99	0.03	49,49,49,49	0
2	ZN	A	329	1/1	1.00	0.01	36,36,36,36	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.