



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 5, 2026 – 08:12 AM UTC

PDB ID : 1FS0 / pdb_00001fs0
Title : COMPLEX OF GAMMA/EPSILON ATP SYNTHASE FROM E.COLI
Authors : Wilce, M.C.J.; Rodgers, A.J.W.
Deposited on : 2000-09-07
Resolution : 2.10 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4	:	9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

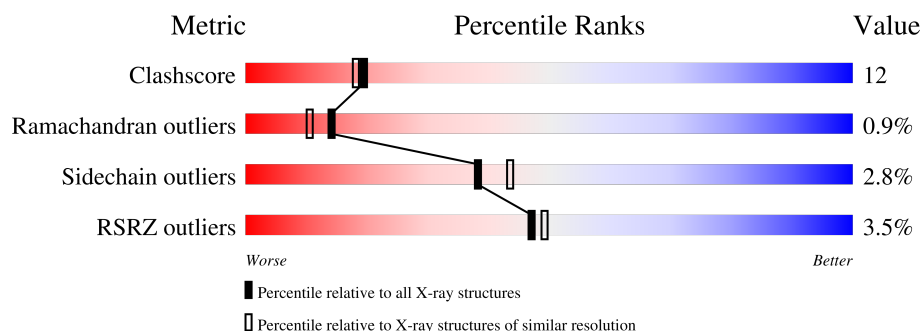
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	190562	7164 (2.10-2.10)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	7099 (2.10-2.10)
Sidechain outliers	187428	7100 (2.10-2.10)
RSRZ outliers	180081	6662 (2.10-2.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	E	138	4% 72% 19% • 7%
2	G	230	3% 71% 22% • 5%

2 Entry composition

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2945 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called ATP SYNTHASE EPSILON SUBUNIT.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	E	128	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			976	614	168	190	4			

- Molecule 2 is a protein called ATP SYNTHASE GAMMA SUBUNIT.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	G	219	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1715	1088	298	315	14			

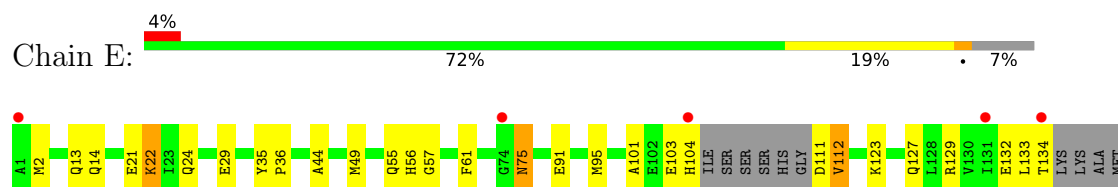
- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	E	94	Total	O	0	0
			94	94		
3	G	160	Total	O	0	0
			160	160		

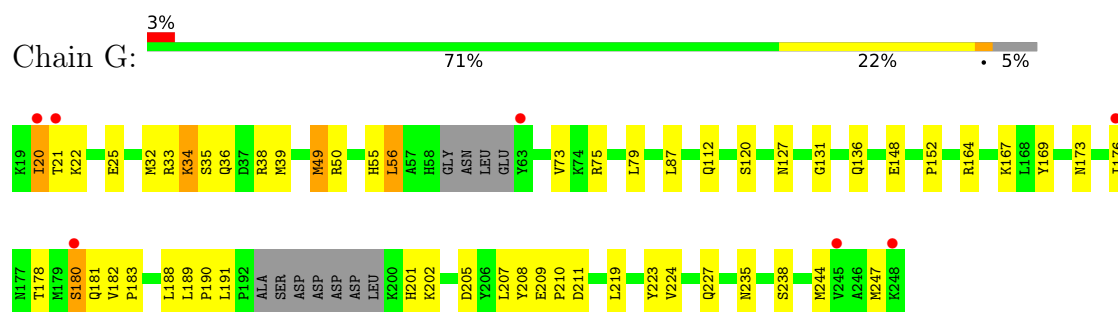
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: ATP SYNTHASE EPSILON SUBUNIT



• Molecule 2: ATP SYNTHASE GAMMA SUBUNIT



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 2 2 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	76.72Å 176.09Å 67.07Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	20.00 – 2.10 20.00 – 2.10	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	10.0 (20.00-2.10) 94.7 (20.00-2.10)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.05	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.59 (at 2.02Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.216 , 0.269 0.211 , (Not available)	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	33.5	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.486	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.38 , 54.7	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	2945	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	41.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.81% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	E	0.55	0/989	0.98	4/1335 (0.3%)
2	G	0.60	0/1743	1.01	8/2344 (0.3%)
All	All	0.58	0/2732	1.00	12/3679 (0.3%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (12) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	E	75	ASN	N-CA-C	9.46	123.95	110.23
2	G	207	LEU	N-CA-C	-7.79	96.58	108.96
2	G	247	MET	N-CA-C	-6.95	103.72	111.71
2	G	127	ASN	N-CA-C	-6.13	104.60	111.28
2	G	73	VAL	N-CA-C	5.72	115.91	107.15
2	G	182	VAL	N-CA-C	5.67	116.67	107.71
2	G	79	LEU	N-CA-C	-5.59	98.64	108.20
1	E	13	GLN	N-CA-C	5.45	116.56	108.60
1	E	44	ALA	N-CA-C	-5.30	103.39	110.55
2	G	180	SER	N-CA-C	5.23	116.95	108.26
2	G	120	SER	N-CA-C	5.06	116.49	111.07
1	E	57	GLY	N-CA-C	5.04	122.24	115.59

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	E	976	0	981	21	0
2	G	1715	0	1763	45	0
3	E	94	0	0	2	0
3	G	160	0	0	8	0
All	All	2945	0	2744	63	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

All (63) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:G:148:GLU:HG2	3:G:325:HOH:O	1.67	0.94
2:G:49:MET:CE	2:G:219:LEU:HD22	2.02	0.88
1:E:75:ASN:HB2	3:E:218:HOH:O	1.80	0.79
2:G:32:MET:HE2	2:G:36:GLN:HG3	1.65	0.79
1:E:49:MET:CE	1:E:61:PHE:HB3	2.13	0.79
2:G:75:ARG:HE	2:G:112:GLN:HE21	1.29	0.78
2:G:49:MET:HE1	2:G:219:LEU:HD22	1.66	0.78
2:G:49:MET:HE2	2:G:219:LEU:HD22	1.66	0.77
1:E:49:MET:HE3	1:E:61:PHE:HB3	1.70	0.73
2:G:173:ASN:H	2:G:235:ASN:HD22	1.36	0.73
1:E:91:GLU:O	1:E:95:MET:HG2	1.87	0.73
1:E:103:GLU:O	1:E:104:HIS:HB2	1.90	0.69
2:G:75:ARG:HE	2:G:112:GLN:NE2	1.88	0.69
1:E:132:GLU:C	1:E:134:THR:H	2.00	0.69
2:G:209:GLU:HG2	3:G:298:HOH:O	1.93	0.66
2:G:173:ASN:HD22	2:G:235:ASN:HD21	1.45	0.65
2:G:164:ARG:HD2	3:G:343:HOH:O	1.97	0.64
1:E:123:LYS:HG2	1:E:127:GLN:HE21	1.64	0.63
2:G:21:THR:O	2:G:25:GLU:HG3	1.99	0.62
2:G:244:MET:O	2:G:244:MET:HE3	1.98	0.62
2:G:183:PRO:HG3	3:G:255:HOH:O	1.99	0.61
1:E:29:GLU:OE1	2:G:209:GLU:HB3	2.01	0.61
2:G:176:ILE:HD12	2:G:180:SER:OG	2.04	0.58
2:G:34:LYS:HD2	2:G:38:ARG:NH2	2.18	0.57
1:E:123:LYS:HE2	1:E:127:GLN:NE2	2.22	0.54
2:G:49:MET:HE3	2:G:49:MET:HA	1.89	0.54
1:E:14:GLN:HB3	3:E:216:HOH:O	2.08	0.53
2:G:167:LYS:HD3	2:G:169:TYR:OH	2.08	0.52
2:G:32:MET:HE3	2:G:35:SER:HB2	1.90	0.52
2:G:201:HIS:ND1	2:G:202:LYS:N	2.58	0.52

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:E:129:ARG:HG2	1:E:129:ARG:HH11	1.76	0.50
1:E:103:GLU:O	1:E:104:HIS:CB	2.59	0.50
2:G:227:GLN:HG2	3:G:388:HOH:O	2.12	0.49
1:E:132:GLU:C	1:E:134:THR:N	2.68	0.49
1:E:134:THR:HG22	1:E:134:THR:O	2.12	0.49
2:G:20:ILE:O	2:G:20:ILE:HD13	2.13	0.49
2:G:33:ARG:HA	2:G:36:GLN:HE21	1.77	0.48
1:E:55:GLN:O	1:E:56:HIS:HB2	2.13	0.48
2:G:36:GLN:HA	2:G:39:MET:HE3	1.95	0.47
2:G:189:LEU:HA	2:G:190:PRO:C	2.40	0.47
1:E:112:VAL:CG2	2:G:131:GLY:HA2	2.45	0.46
2:G:56:LEU:HD21	2:G:208:TYR:HE2	1.80	0.46
1:E:35:TYR:HB3	1:E:36:PRO:CD	2.46	0.46
2:G:55:HIS:HE1	2:G:205:ASP:OD2	1.99	0.46
2:G:181:GLN:HG2	2:G:238:SER:CB	2.46	0.46
2:G:167:LYS:NZ	3:G:335:HOH:O	2.46	0.45
2:G:22:LYS:O	2:G:22:LYS:HD3	2.17	0.45
2:G:32:MET:HE3	2:G:32:MET:HA	1.99	0.44
2:G:173:ASN:HD22	2:G:235:ASN:ND2	2.14	0.44
2:G:188:LEU:HD13	2:G:224:VAL:HG13	1.99	0.44
2:G:50:ARG:HD3	2:G:223:TYR:CZ	2.52	0.44
2:G:201:HIS:HB2	3:G:363:HOH:O	2.16	0.44
2:G:176:ILE:HB	2:G:180:SER:O	2.16	0.43
2:G:50:ARG:HD2	2:G:50:ARG:HA	1.82	0.42
2:G:210:PRO:HG2	2:G:211:ASP:H	1.85	0.41
2:G:235:ASN:O	2:G:238:SER:HB2	2.20	0.41
1:E:123:LYS:HE2	1:E:127:GLN:HE22	1.85	0.41
1:E:101:ALA:HA	2:G:136:GLN:NE2	2.35	0.41
1:E:111:ASP:O	1:E:112:VAL:HB	2.21	0.41
2:G:191:LEU:HD23	3:G:304:HOH:O	2.20	0.41
2:G:87:LEU:HD23	2:G:87:LEU:HA	1.90	0.40
1:E:21:GLU:O	1:E:22:LYS:HB3	2.21	0.40
2:G:75:ARG:NE	2:G:112:GLN:HE21	2.09	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	E	124/138 (90%)	118 (95%)	4 (3%)	2 (2%)	7	4
2	G	213/230 (93%)	211 (99%)	1 (0%)	1 (0%)	24	22
All	All	337/368 (92%)	329 (98%)	5 (2%)	3 (1%)	14	10

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	E	133	LEU
2	G	178	THR
1	E	112	VAL

5.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	E	101/109 (93%)	98 (97%)	3 (3%)	36	41
2	G	188/197 (95%)	183 (97%)	5 (3%)	39	45
All	All	289/306 (94%)	281 (97%)	8 (3%)	38	43

All (8) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	E	2	MET
1	E	22	LYS
1	E	24	GLN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	G	20	ILE
2	G	34	LYS
2	G	49	MET
2	G	56	LEU
2	G	152	PRO

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (16) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	E	5	HIS
1	E	14	GLN
1	E	24	GLN
1	E	75	ASN
1	E	87	GLN
1	E	116	GLN
1	E	127	GLN
2	G	36	GLN
2	G	55	HIS
2	G	112	GLN
2	G	132	ASN
2	G	136	GLN
2	G	158	GLN
2	G	227	GLN
2	G	230	GLN
2	G	235	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	E	128/138 (92%)	0.10	5 (3%) 43 45	25, 38, 60, 79	0
2	G	219/230 (95%)	0.04	7 (3%) 50 53	25, 37, 65, 80	0
All	All	347/368 (94%)	0.06	12 (3%) 47 49	25, 37, 64, 80	0

All (12) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	E	134	THR	3.3
1	E	104	HIS	3.0
1	E	1	ALA	2.7
2	G	176	ILE	2.6
2	G	20	ILE	2.5
2	G	180	SER	2.5
1	E	74	GLY	2.5
2	G	248	LYS	2.4
2	G	63	TYR	2.4
2	G	245	VAL	2.1
1	E	131	ILE	2.1
2	G	21	THR	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.