



# wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

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PDB ID : 2GLO / pdb\_00002glo  
Title : Solution structure of the Brinker DNA binding domain in complex with the omb enhancer  
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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0  
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)  
wwPDB-RCI : v\_1n\_11\_5\_13\_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)  
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)  
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

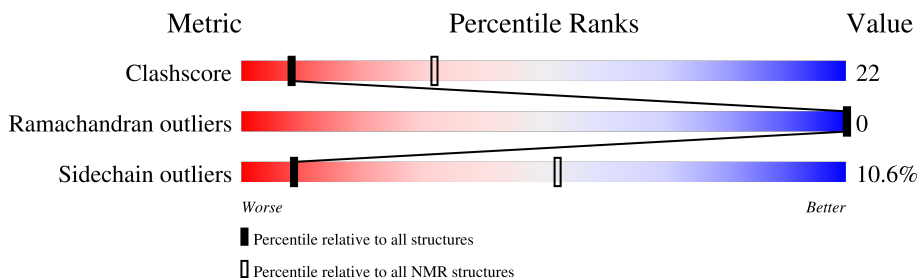
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*SOLUTION NMR*

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	229148	14424
Ramachandran outliers	224038	12848
Sidechain outliers	223484	12823

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	B	12	
2	C	12	
3	A	59	

## 2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 17 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:47-A:98 (52)	0.11	17

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters and 8 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	2, 5, 10, 11, 17
2	3, 6, 12, 15, 18
3	1, 4
Single-model clusters	7; 8; 9; 13; 14; 16; 19; 20

### 3 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1747 atoms, of which 765 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called 5'-D(\*TP\*GP\*AP\*GP\*GP\*CP\*GP\*TP\*CP\*AP\*AP\*C)-3'.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	P	
1	B	12	381	117	136	48	69	11	0

- Molecule 2 is a DNA chain called 5'-D(\*GP\*TP\*TP\*GP\*AP\*CP\*GP\*CP\*CP\*TP\*CP\*A)-3'.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	P	
2	C	12	378	116	137	43	71	11	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called brinker CG9653-PA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
3	A	59	988	301	492	104	89	2	0

## 4 Residue-property plots

### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

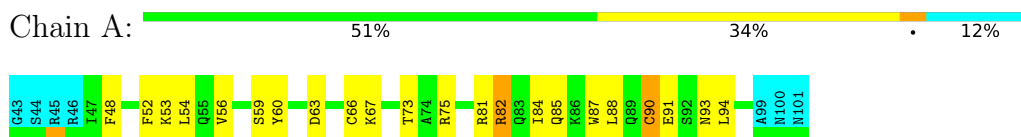
- Molecule 1: 5'-D(\*TP\*GP\*AP\*GP\*GP\*CP\*GP\*TP\*CP\*AP\*AP\*C)-3'



- Molecule 2: 5'-D(\*GP\*TP\*TP\*GP\*AP\*CP\*GP\*CP\*CP\*TP\*CP\*A)-3'



- Molecule 3: brinker CG9653-PA



### 4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble


The representative model is number 17. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

- Molecule 1: 5'-D(\*TP\*GP\*AP\*GP\*GP\*CP\*GP\*TP\*CP\*AP\*AP\*C)-3'



- Molecule 2: 5'-D(\*GP\*TP\*TP\*GP\*AP\*CP\*GP\*CP\*CP\*TP\*CP\*A)-3'

Chain C:  58% 42%

 G13  
T14  
T15  
G16  
A17  
K24

• Molecule 3: brinker CG9653-PA

Chain A:  54% 31% 12%

 G43  
S44  
F45  
F46  
T47  
F48  
F52  
K53  
L54  
Q55  
V56  
S59  
Y60  
K67  
T73  
A74  
R75  
R81  
R82  
D83  
I84  
W87  
L88  
D89  
C90  
E91  
S92  
N93  
L94  
A99  
M100  
M101

## 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *torsion angle dynamics; distance geometry*.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
HADDOCK	refinement	1.2

No chemical shift data was provided.

## 6 Model quality [i](#)

### 6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	B	0.0±0.0	0.1±0.4
2	C	0.0±0.0	0.1±0.3
3	A	0.0±0.0	2.0±0.2
All	All	0	46

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
3	A	75	ARG	Sidechain	20
3	A	81	ARG	Sidechain	20
1	B	12	DC	Sidechain	3
2	C	19	DG	Sidechain	2
3	A	61	ARG	Sidechain	1

### 6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	B	245	136	136	9±2
2	C	241	137	137	12±3
3	A	442	441	439	18±2
All	All	18560	14280	14240	713

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 22.

5 of 90 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
3:A:60:TYR:O	3:A:67:LYS:HA	0.81	1.76	19	20
3:A:82:ARG:CZ	3:A:82:ARG:HA	0.76	2.10	11	11
2:C:13:DG:HO5'	2:C:13:DG:H8	0.70	1.30	5	6
3:A:82:ARG:NE	3:A:82:ARG:HA	0.70	2.02	15	5
2:C:16:DG:C6	2:C:17:DA:N6	0.66	2.63	20	20

## 6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
3	A	52/59 (88%)	47±1 (90±1%)	5±1 (10±1%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
All	All	1040/1180 (88%)	935 (90%)	105 (10%)	0 (0%)	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers.

### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
3	A	49/54 (91%)	44±2 (89±4%)	5±1 (11±3%)	9	52
All	All	973/1080 (90%)	870 (89%)	103 (11%)	9	52

5 of 15 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
3	A	73	THR	20
3	A	82	ARG	20
3	A	59	SER	19
3	A	90	CYS	15
3	A	85	GLN	5

### 6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

### 6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

### 6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 7 Chemical shift validation

No chemical shift data were provided