



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 7, 2026 – 03:20 AM UTC

PDB ID : 5H2K / pdb_00005h2k
Title : A three dimensional movie of structural changes in bacteriorhodopsin: structure obtained 2 us after photoexcitation
Authors : Royant, A.; Nango, E.; Nakane, T.; Tanaka, T.; Arima, T.; Neutze, R.; Iwata, S.
Deposited on : 2016-10-15
Resolution : 2.10 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Buster-report	:	wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4	:	9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

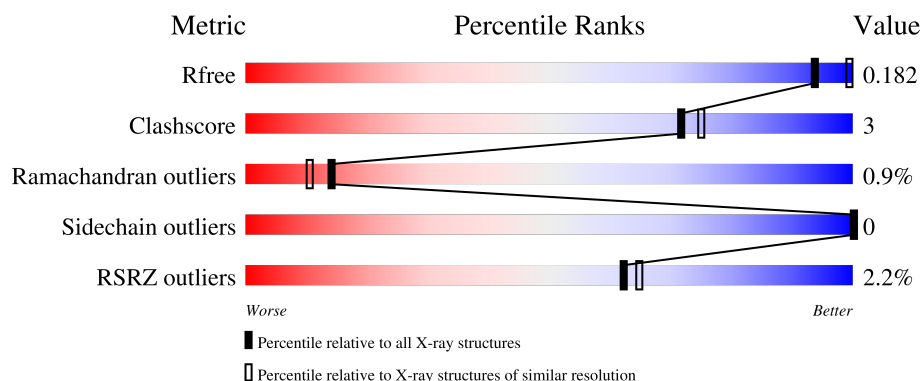
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	6658 (2.10-2.10)
Clashscore	190562	7164 (2.10-2.10)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	7099 (2.10-2.10)
Sidechain outliers	187428	7100 (2.10-2.10)
RSRZ outliers	180081	6662 (2.10-2.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	248	2% 89% 7%

2 Entry composition [i](#)

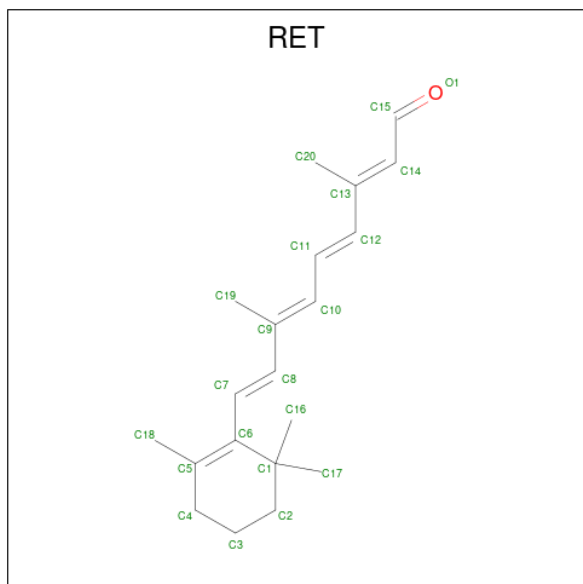
There are 12 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4814 atoms, of which 2557 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Bacteriorhodopsin.

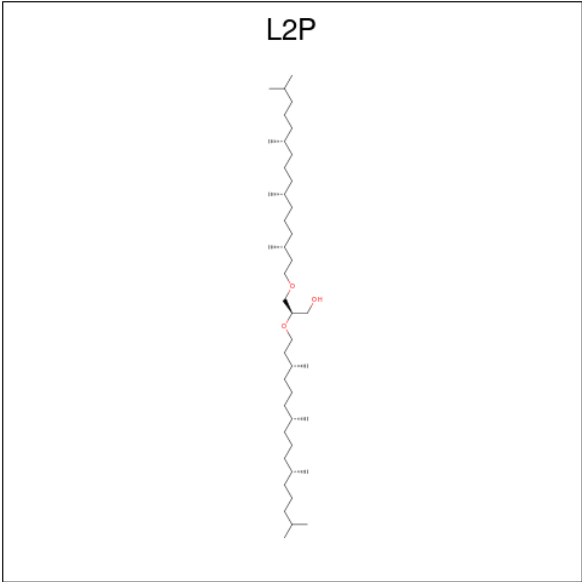
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	231	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	24	0
			4017	1326	2042	302	338	9			

- Molecule 2 is RETINAL (CCD ID: RET) (formula: $C_{20}H_{28}O$).



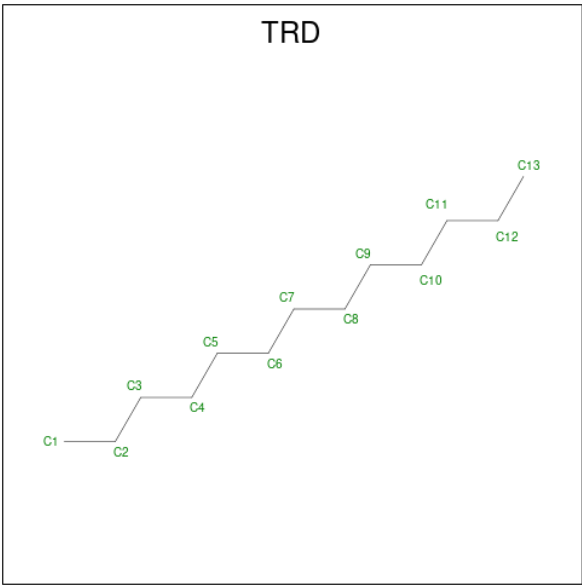
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	C	H	0	1
			96	40	56		

- Molecule 3 is 2,3-DI-PHYTANYL-GLYCEROL (CCD ID: L2P) (formula: $C_{43}H_{88}O_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	H	O	0	0
			71	23	46	2		
3	A	1	Total	C	H	O	0	0
			65	21	43	1		
3	A	1	Total	C	H	O	0	0
			134	43	88	3		

- Molecule 4 is TRIDECANE (CCD ID: TRD) (formula: C₁₃H₂₈).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	H	0	0
			41	13	28		

- Molecule 5 is DECANE (CCD ID: D10) (formula: $C_{10}H_{22}$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	C	H	0	0
			32	10	22		

- Molecule 6 is HEPTANE (CCD ID: HP6) (formula: C_7H_{16}).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total	C	H	0	0
			23	7	16		

- Molecule 7 is N-OCTANE (CCD ID: OCT) (formula: C_8H_{18}).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	1	Total	C	H	0	0
			26	8	18		
7	A	1	Total	C	H	0	0
			26	8	18		
7	A	1	Total	C	H	0	0
			26	8	18		

- Molecule 8 is PENTADECANE (CCD ID: MYS) (formula: C₁₅H₃₂).



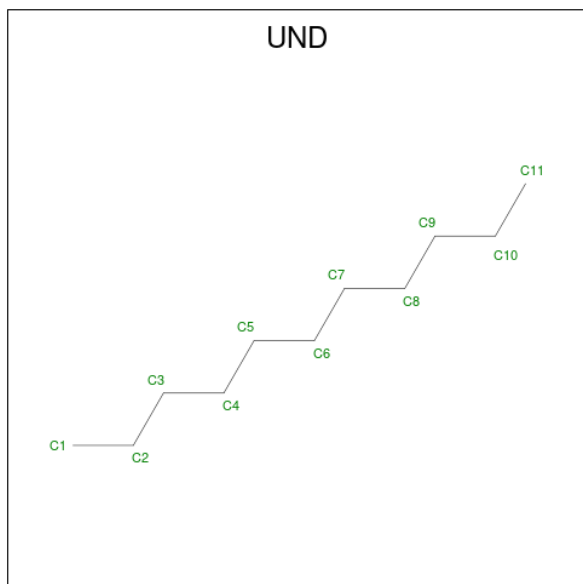
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	1	Total	C	H	0	0
			47	15	32		

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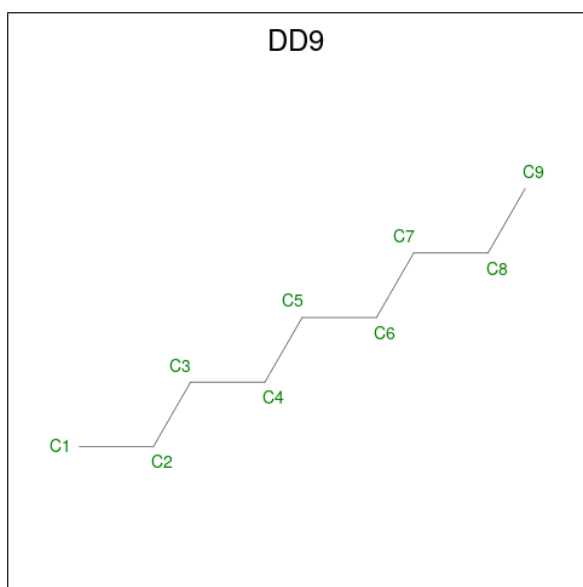
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	1	Total	C	H	0	0
			47	15	32		

- Molecule 9 is UNDECANE (CCD ID: UND) (formula: $C_{11}H_{24}$).



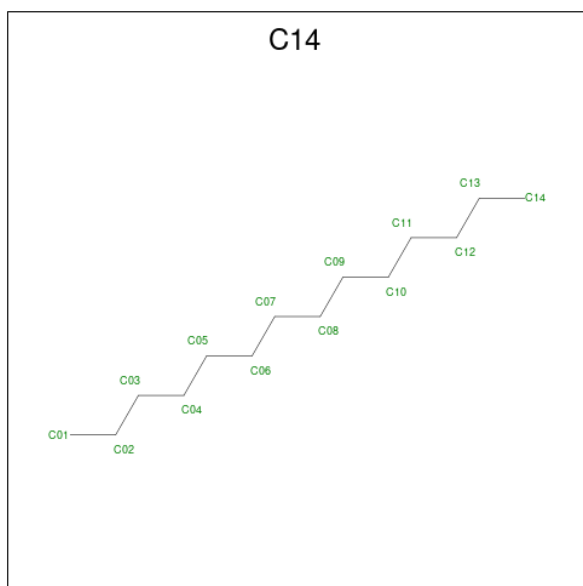
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	A	1	Total	C	H	0	0
			35	11	24		
9	A	1	Total	C	H	0	0
			35	11	24		

- Molecule 10 is nonane (CCD ID: DD9) (formula: C_9H_{20}).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
10	A	1	Total	C	H	0	0
			29	9	20		

- Molecule 11 is TETRADECANE (CCD ID: C14) (formula: $C_{14}H_{30}$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
11	A	1	Total	C	H	0	0
			44	14	30		

- Molecule 12 is water.

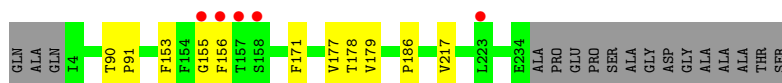
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
12	A	19	Total	O	0	4
			20	20		

3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Bacteriorhodopsin

Chain A: 



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 63	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	62.50Å 62.50Å 112.00Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	21.91 – 2.10 21.91 – 2.10	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	100.0 (21.91-2.10) 99.9 (21.91-2.10)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.10 (at 2.09Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (1.10_2155: ???)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.157 , 0.178 0.162 , 0.182	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	722 reflections (4.31%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	43.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.169	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.41 , 109.4	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.064 for h,-h-k,-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	4814	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	60.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.94% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MYS, L2P, RET, TRD, C14, D10, HP6, OCT, DD9, UND

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.11	0/2027	0.28	0/2769

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1975	2042	2037	5	0
2	A	40	56	54	9	0
3	A	93	177	172	3	0
4	A	13	28	28	0	0
5	A	10	22	22	0	0
6	A	7	16	16	0	0
7	A	24	54	54	0	0
8	A	30	64	64	0	0
9	A	22	48	48	0	0
10	A	9	20	20	0	0
11	A	14	30	30	0	0
12	A	20	0	0	0	0
All	All	2257	2557	2545	16	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

All (16) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:A:300[B]:RET:H161	2:A:300[B]:RET:H8	1.71	0.70
2:A:300[A]:RET:H171	2:A:300[A]:RET:H8	1.81	0.62
3:A:600:L2P:H552	3:A:600:L2P:H591	1.86	0.58
2:A:300[B]:RET:C8	2:A:300[B]:RET:H171	2.37	0.53
2:A:300[B]:RET:H161	2:A:300[B]:RET:C8	2.39	0.51
1:A:153:PHE:CE2	1:A:179[B]:VAL:HG21	2.48	0.48
1:A:186:PRO:HB3	2:A:300[A]:RET:H183	1.98	0.46
2:A:300[A]:RET:H171	2:A:300[A]:RET:C8	2.44	0.45
2:A:300[A]:RET:H8	2:A:300[A]:RET:H161	1.98	0.45
1:A:156:PHE:HB3	1:A:171:PHE:CZ	2.52	0.45
2:A:300[B]:RET:H8	2:A:300[B]:RET:H171	2.01	0.42
1:A:177[B]:VAL:O	1:A:178[B]:THR:C	2.62	0.42
3:A:609:L2P:H592	3:A:609:L2P:H172	2.02	0.42
1:A:90:THR:N	1:A:91:PRO:HD2	2.35	0.42
3:A:609:L2P:H151	3:A:609:L2P:H541	2.03	0.40
2:A:300[B]:RET:H7	2:A:300[B]:RET:H181	1.81	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	253/248 (102%)	250 (99%)	0	3 (1%)	10 7

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	155	GLY
1	A	217[A]	VAL
1	A	217[B]	VAL

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	206/194 (106%)	206 (100%)	0	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

17 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the

expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
8	MYS	A	606	-	14,14,14	0.30	0	13,13,13	0.79	0
2	RET	A	300[B]	1	20,20,21	1.03	1 (5%)	27,27,28	1.95	7 (25%)
2	RET	A	300[A]	1	20,20,21	0.78	0	27,27,28	1.75	9 (33%)
3	L2P	A	600	-	24,24,45	0.83	0	26,27,53	0.81	1 (3%)
5	D10	A	602	-	9,9,9	0.32	0	8,8,8	0.70	0
7	OCT	A	613	-	7,7,7	0.32	0	6,6,6	0.67	0
7	OCT	A	605	-	7,7,7	0.31	0	6,6,6	0.75	0
11	C14	A	612	-	13,13,13	0.31	0	12,12,12	0.82	0
3	L2P	A	608	-	21,21,45	0.70	0	22,24,53	0.87	0
3	L2P	A	609	-	45,45,45	0.80	0	51,53,53	0.80	2 (3%)
9	UND	A	614	-	10,10,10	0.32	0	9,9,9	0.75	0
7	OCT	A	604	-	7,7,7	0.28	0	6,6,6	0.79	0
4	TRD	A	601	-	12,12,12	0.31	0	11,11,11	0.81	0
8	MYS	A	610	-	14,14,14	0.30	0	13,13,13	0.82	0
6	HP6	A	603	-	6,6,6	0.32	0	5,5,5	0.67	0
9	UND	A	607	-	10,10,10	0.31	0	9,9,9	0.79	0
10	DD9	A	611	-	8,8,8	0.31	0	7,7,7	0.78	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
8	MYS	A	606	-	-	7/12/12/12	-
2	RET	A	300[B]	1	-	0/13/30/31	0/1/1/1
2	RET	A	300[A]	1	-	0/13/30/31	0/1/1/1
3	L2P	A	600	-	-	16/25/25/51	-
5	D10	A	602	-	-	4/7/7/7	-
7	OCT	A	613	-	-	2/5/5/5	-
7	OCT	A	605	-	-	0/5/5/5	-
11	C14	A	612	-	-	3/11/11/11	-
3	L2P	A	608	-	-	9/22/22/51	-
3	L2P	A	609	-	-	17/51/51/51	-
9	UND	A	614	-	-	2/8/8/8	-
7	OCT	A	604	-	-	1/5/5/5	-
4	TRD	A	601	-	-	6/10/10/10	-

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
8	MYS	A	610	-	-	4/12/12/12	-
6	HP6	A	603	-	-	1/4/4/4	-
9	UND	A	607	-	-	4/8/8/8	-
10	DD9	A	611	-	-	1/6/6/6	-

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	300[B]	RET	C14-C13	2.57	1.35	1.33

All (19) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	300[B]	RET	C17-C1-C6	-5.54	101.56	110.24
2	A	300[B]	RET	C7-C8-C9	-4.32	119.84	126.23
2	A	300[A]	RET	C19-C9-C8	4.04	124.27	118.09
2	A	300[A]	RET	C3-C4-C5	-3.06	108.60	114.06
2	A	300[A]	RET	C10-C11-C12	-2.83	115.01	123.20
2	A	300[B]	RET	C20-C13-C14	-2.76	116.02	123.63
2	A	300[B]	RET	C11-C10-C9	-2.68	123.53	127.28
2	A	300[B]	RET	C2-C1-C6	2.34	113.84	110.44
2	A	300[A]	RET	C2-C3-C4	-2.16	106.52	111.28
3	A	609	L2P	C26-C25-C23	-2.16	108.78	115.97
2	A	300[A]	RET	C11-C10-C9	-2.16	124.25	127.28
2	A	300[A]	RET	C8-C9-C10	-2.15	115.63	119.01
2	A	300[A]	RET	C1-C6-C7	2.12	121.41	115.65
3	A	600	L2P	C51-C52-C53	-2.11	108.97	115.97
2	A	300[B]	RET	C3-C2-C1	2.10	121.88	114.43
2	A	300[A]	RET	C18-C5-C6	-2.05	122.25	124.48
3	A	609	L2P	C16-C15-C13	-2.05	109.17	115.97
2	A	300[B]	RET	C16-C1-C6	2.03	113.43	110.24
2	A	300[A]	RET	C20-C13-C12	2.02	121.17	118.09

There are no chirality outliers.

All (77) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	609	L2P	C41-C42-C43-C44
3	A	600	L2P	C49-C48-C50-C51
3	A	609	L2P	C44-C43-C45-C46
3	A	609	L2P	O1-C1-C2-O2

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	608	L2P	C25-C26-C27-C28
3	A	609	L2P	C48-C50-C51-C52
3	A	600	L2P	O2-C41-C42-C43
3	A	609	L2P	C23-C25-C26-C27
3	A	609	L2P	C25-C26-C27-C28
3	A	600	L2P	C43-C45-C46-C47
3	A	600	L2P	O1-C1-C2-O2
3	A	609	L2P	C53-C55-C56-C57
8	A	610	MYS	C7-C8-C9-C10
10	A	611	DD9	C3-C4-C5-C6
5	A	602	D10	C5-C6-C7-C8
9	A	614	UND	C5-C6-C7-C8
4	A	601	TRD	C3-C4-C5-C6
5	A	602	D10	C3-C4-C5-C6
11	A	612	C14	C08-C09-C10-C11
3	A	600	L2P	C56-C57-C58-C60
8	A	606	MYS	C4-C5-C6-C7
3	A	609	L2P	C43-C45-C46-C47
4	A	601	TRD	C7-C8-C9-C10
8	A	606	MYS	C6-C7-C8-C9
5	A	602	D10	C6-C7-C8-C9
3	A	609	L2P	C2-C1-O1-C11
8	A	606	MYS	C11-C12-C13-C14
9	A	607	UND	C7-C8-C9-C10
3	A	600	L2P	C56-C57-C58-C59
8	A	610	MYS	C4-C5-C6-C7
9	A	614	UND	C7-C8-C9-C10
11	A	612	C14	C10-C11-C12-C13
3	A	600	L2P	C47-C48-C50-C51
3	A	600	L2P	C46-C47-C48-C49
8	A	610	MYS	C10-C11-C12-C13
3	A	608	L2P	C13-C15-C16-C17
3	A	609	L2P	O1-C1-C2-C3
8	A	606	MYS	C3-C4-C5-C6
3	A	600	L2P	C45-C46-C47-C48
4	A	601	TRD	C1-C2-C3-C4
7	A	604	OCT	C3-C4-C5-C6
3	A	609	L2P	C46-C47-C48-C49
8	A	606	MYS	C2-C3-C4-C5
3	A	600	L2P	C46-C47-C48-C50
3	A	608	L2P	C15-C16-C17-C18
7	A	613	OCT	C4-C5-C6-C7

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
11	A	612	C14	C02-C03-C04-C05
4	A	601	TRD	C5-C6-C7-C8
6	A	603	HP6	C21-C22-C23-C24
3	A	600	L2P	C54-C53-C55-C56
3	A	609	L2P	C42-C41-O2-C2
5	A	602	D10	C2-C3-C4-C5
3	A	609	L2P	C46-C47-C48-C50
3	A	608	L2P	C23-C25-C26-C27
4	A	601	TRD	C4-C5-C6-C7
3	A	608	L2P	C16-C17-C18-C20
3	A	609	L2P	C41-C42-C43-C45
4	A	601	TRD	C9-C10-C11-C12
7	A	613	OCT	C5-C6-C7-C8
8	A	606	MYS	C12-C13-C14-C15
3	A	608	L2P	C16-C17-C18-C19
3	A	609	L2P	C12-C11-O1-C1
3	A	600	L2P	C1-C2-O2-C41
3	A	609	L2P	C56-C57-C58-C60
3	A	600	L2P	C51-C52-C53-C55
3	A	600	L2P	C51-C52-C53-C54
8	A	610	MYS	C6-C7-C8-C9
3	A	608	L2P	C22-C23-C25-C26
8	A	606	MYS	C5-C6-C7-C8
9	A	607	UND	C3-C4-C5-C6
9	A	607	UND	C1-C2-C3-C4
9	A	607	UND	C6-C7-C8-C9
3	A	600	L2P	C50-C51-C52-C53
3	A	608	L2P	C24-C23-C25-C26
3	A	609	L2P	C42-C43-C45-C46
3	A	600	L2P	C42-C41-O2-C2
3	A	608	L2P	C20-C21-C22-C23

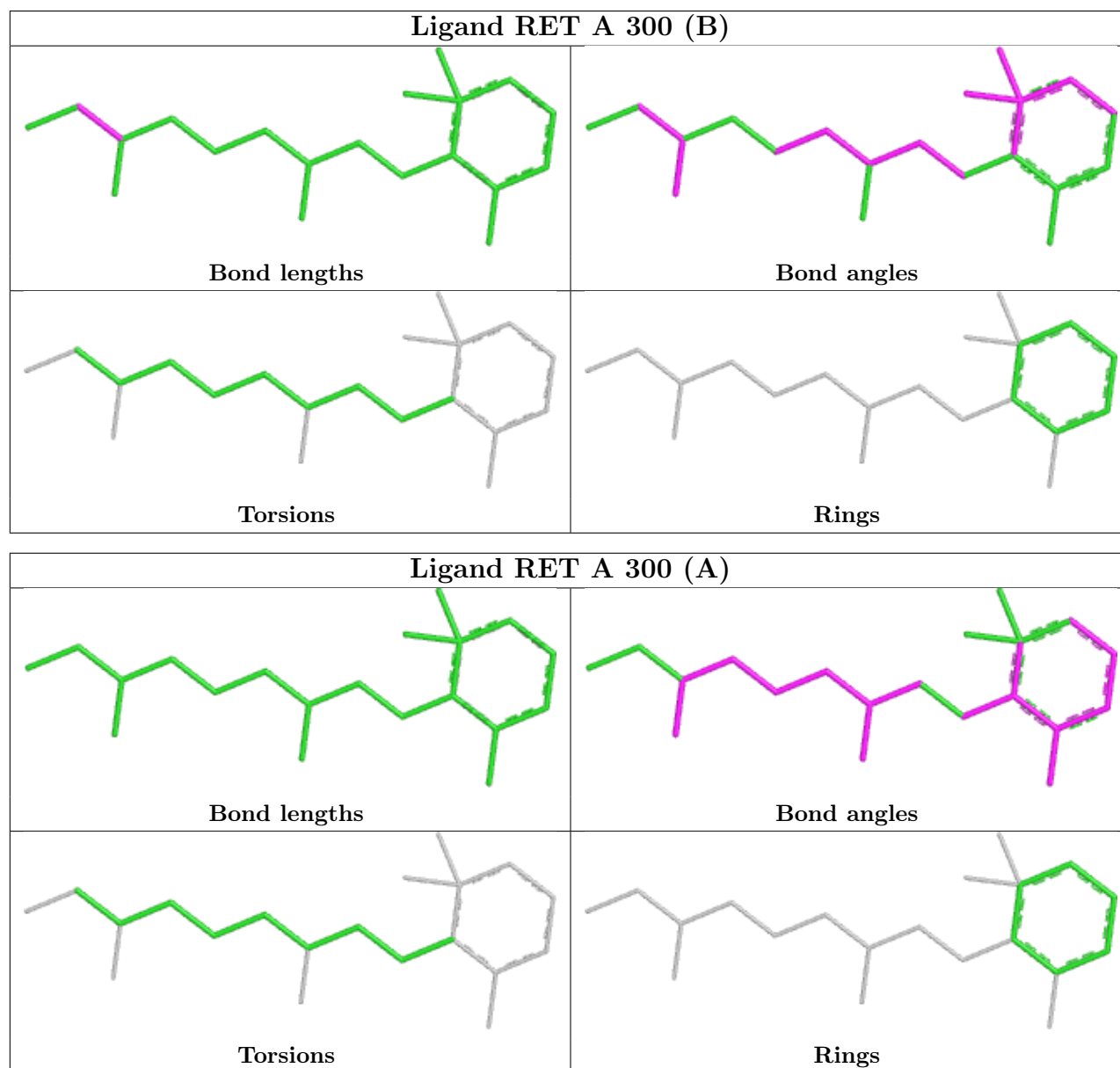
There are no ring outliers.

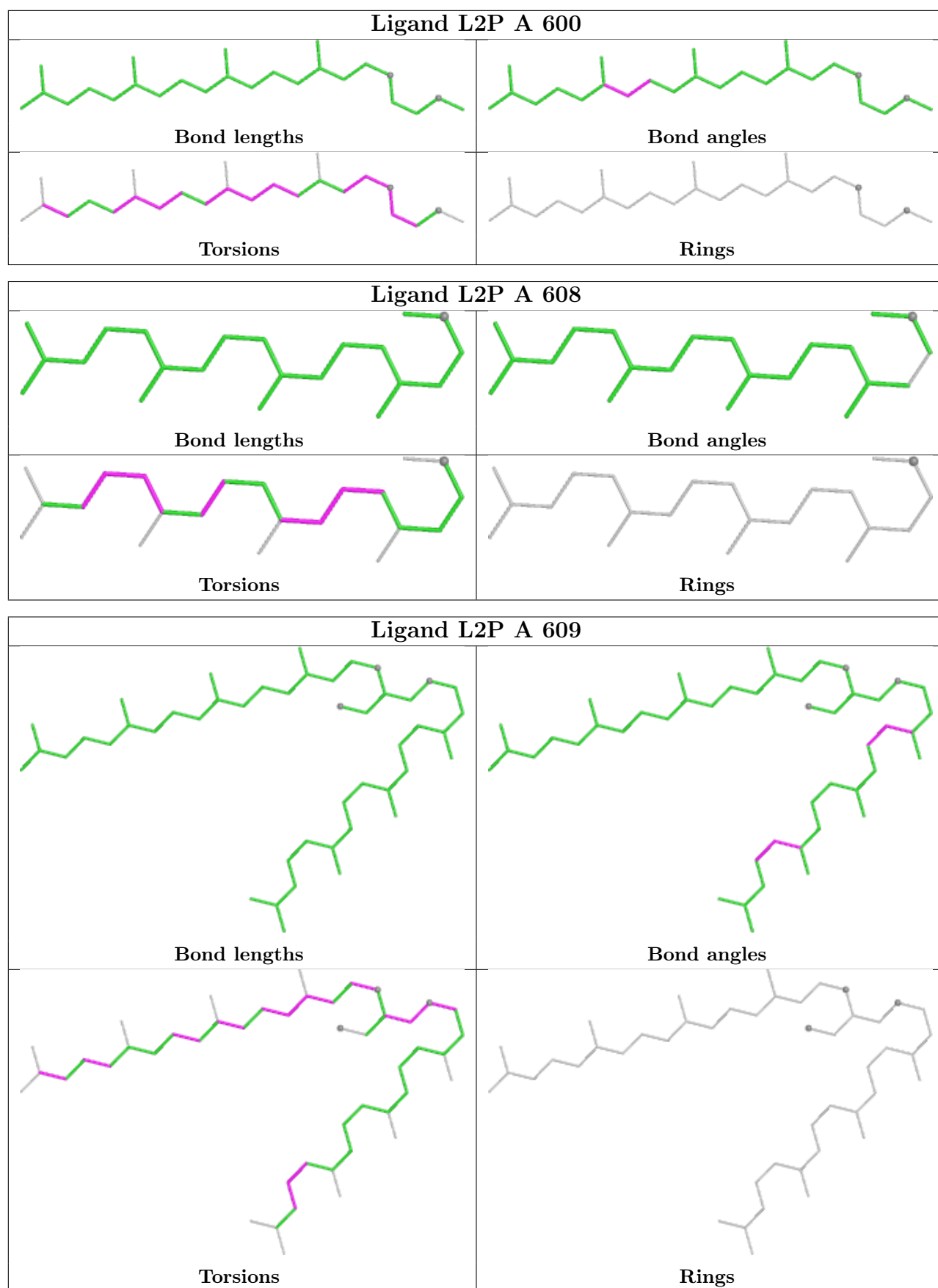
4 monomers are involved in 12 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	300[B]	RET	5	0
2	A	300[A]	RET	4	0
3	A	600	L2P	1	0
3	A	609	L2P	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths,

bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	231/248 (93%)	0.14	5 (2%) 62 65	19, 50, 91, 129	24 (10%)

All (5) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	157	THR	3.2
1	A	158	SER	3.2
1	A	155	GLY	2.9
1	A	156	PHE	2.4
1	A	223	LEU	2.2

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
9	UND	A	614	11/11	0.73	0.15	70,92,105,115	0
10	DD9	A	611	9/9	0.75	0.14	77,95,108,110	0

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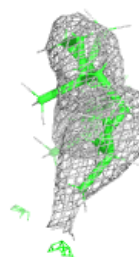
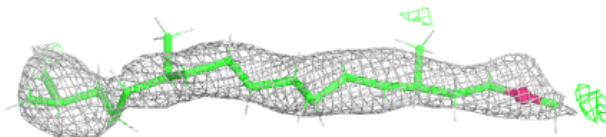
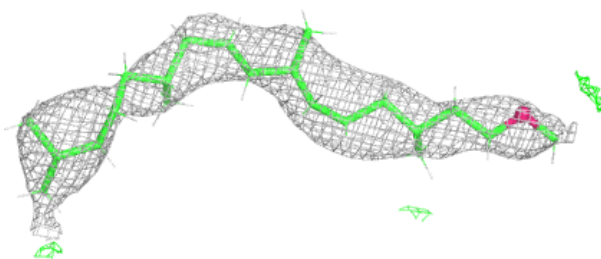
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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors($\text{\AA}^2$)	Q<0.9
8	MYS	A	606	15/15	0.76	0.14	75,99,111,125	0
11	C14	A	612	14/14	0.76	0.12	65,85,110,115	0
7	OCT	A	605	8/8	0.78	0.13	67,94,105,106	0
7	OCT	A	613	8/8	0.78	0.14	70,94,110,113	0
7	OCT	A	604	8/8	0.78	0.12	67,84,93,93	0
8	MYS	A	610	15/15	0.79	0.13	70,93,106,106	0
5	D10	A	602	10/10	0.79	0.14	69,92,103,109	0
3	L2P	A	608	22/46	0.81	0.12	73,94,115,124	0
3	L2P	A	609	46/46	0.83	0.14	60,93,123,127	0
9	UND	A	607	11/11	0.85	0.12	64,83,100,101	0
4	TRD	A	601	13/13	0.85	0.12	71,91,118,121	0
6	HP6	A	603	7/7	0.87	0.09	63,82,89,89	0
3	L2P	A	600	25/46	0.87	0.14	59,81,104,138	0
2	RET	A	300[B]	20/21	0.95	0.08	34,42,52,66	48
2	RET	A	300[A]	20/21	0.95	0.08	34,42,52,66	48

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

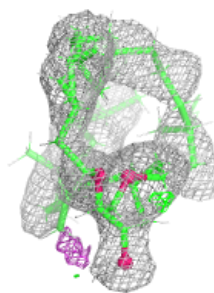
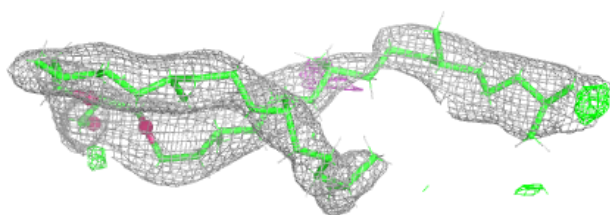
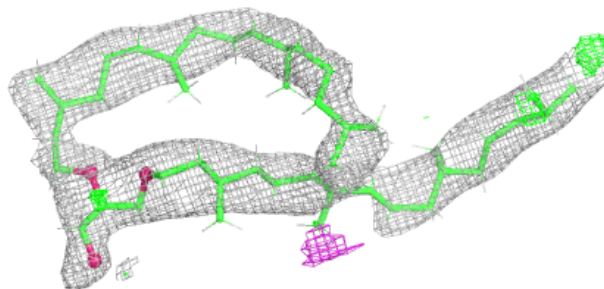
Electron density around L2P A 608:

2mF_o-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

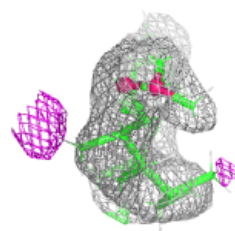
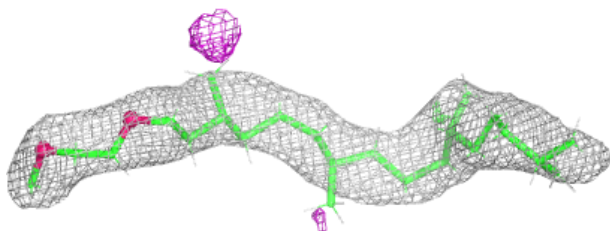
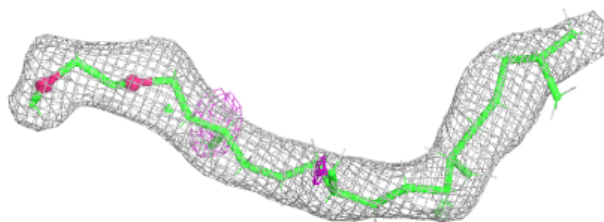


Electron density around L2P A 609:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

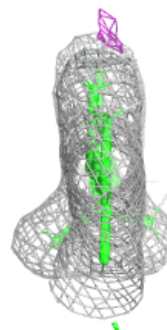
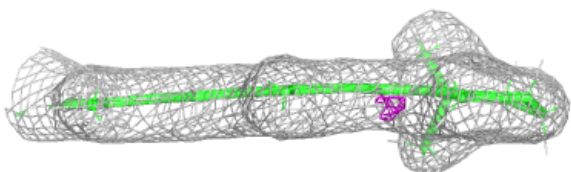
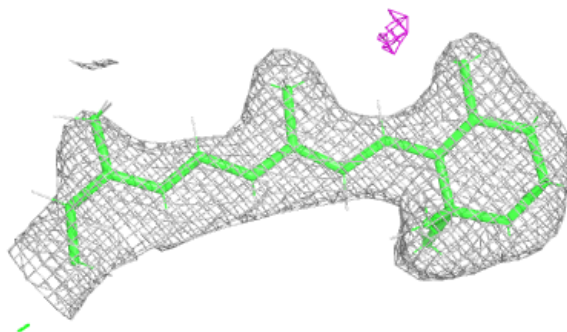
**Electron density around L2P A 600:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

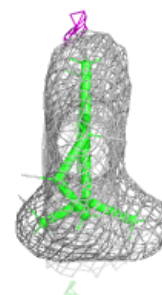
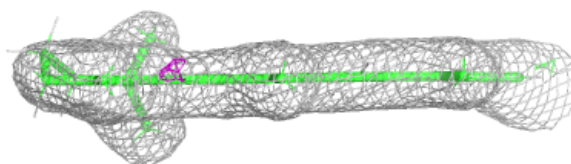
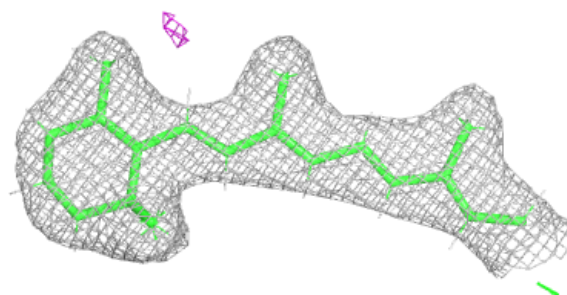


Electron density around RET A 300 (B):

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

**Electron density around RET A 300 (A):**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.