



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 8, 2026 – 02:51 PM UTC

PDB ID : 2H6I / pdb_00002h6i
Title : W102T/Y365F Protein Farnesyltransferase Double Mutant Complexed with a Geranylgeranylated DDPTASACVLS Peptide Product at 3.0Å
Authors : Terry, K.L.; Beese, L.S.
Deposited on : 2006-05-31
Resolution : 3.00 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Buster-report	:	wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4	:	9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

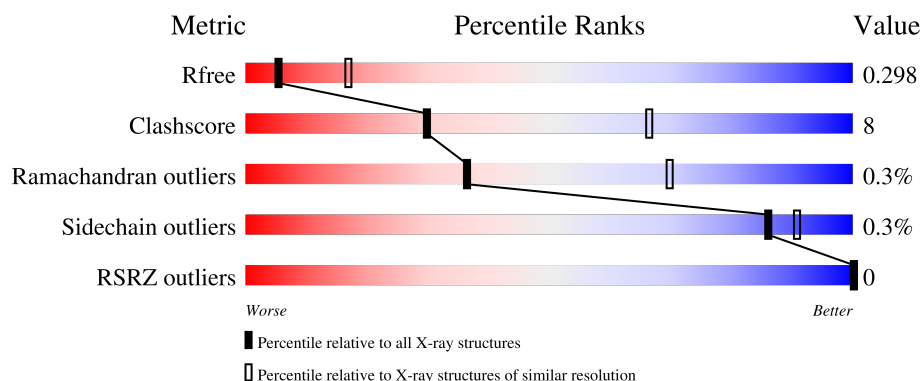
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	2672 (3.00-3.00)
Clashscore	190562	2977 (3.00-3.00)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	2877 (3.00-3.00)
Sidechain outliers	187428	2880 (3.00-3.00)
RSRZ outliers	180081	2671 (3.00-3.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	382	
2	B	437	
3	P	11	
4	C	2	

2 Entry composition

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6019 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Protein farnesyltransferase/geranylgeranyltransferase type I alpha subunit.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	315	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2683	1711	467	500	5			

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	380	GLU	-	cloning artifact	UNP P49354
A	381	GLU	-	cloning artifact	UNP P49354
A	382	PHE	-	cloning artifact	UNP P49354

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Protein farnesyltransferase beta subunit.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	410	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3220	2058	551	589	22			

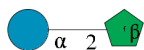
There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	602	THR	TRP	engineered mutation	UNP P49356
B	865	PHE	TYR	engineered mutation	UNP P49356

- Molecule 3 is a protein called farnesylated peptide.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	P	4	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			28	17	4	6	1			

- Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-fructofuranose-(2-1)-alpha-D-glucopyranose.

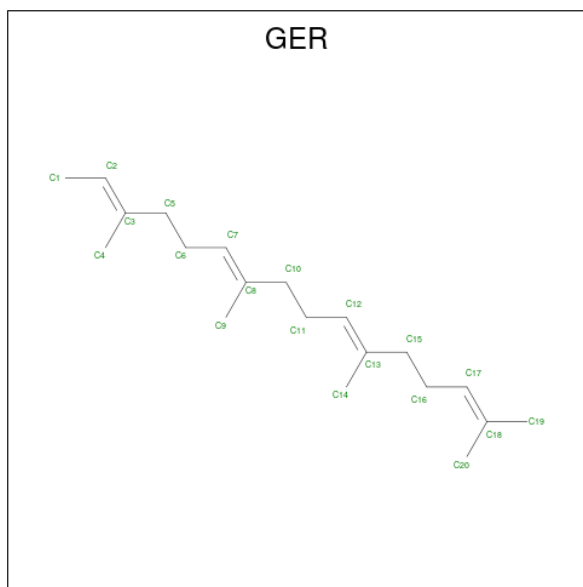


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	C	2	Total	C	O	0	0	0
			23	12	11			

- Molecule 5 is ZINC ION (CCD ID: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	B	1	Total	Zn	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 6 is GERAN-8-YL GERAN (CCD ID: GER) (formula: C₂₀H₃₄).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	P	1	Total	C	0	0
			20	20		

- Molecule 7 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	17	Total	O	0	0
			17	17		
7	B	24	Total	O	0	0
			24	24		

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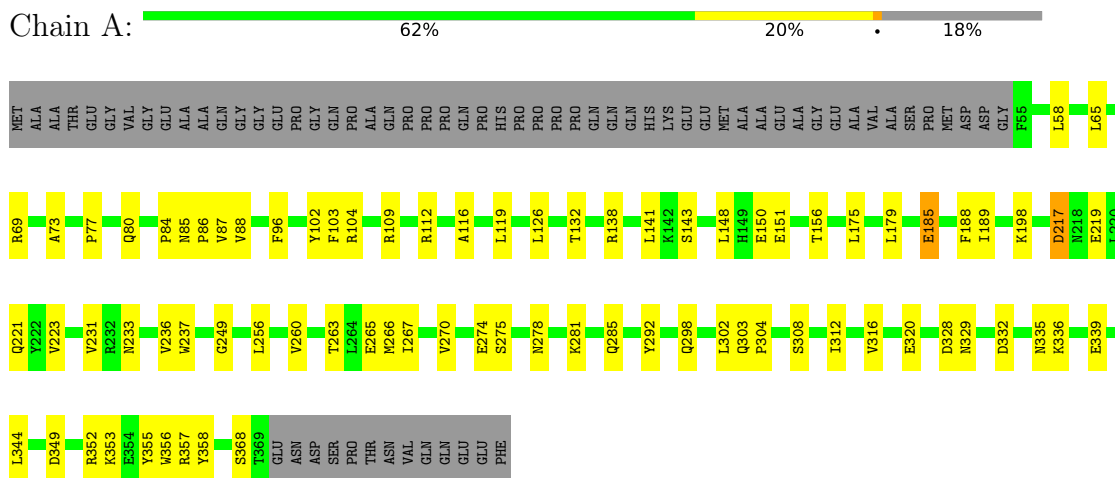
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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	P	3	Total	O	0	0
			3	3		

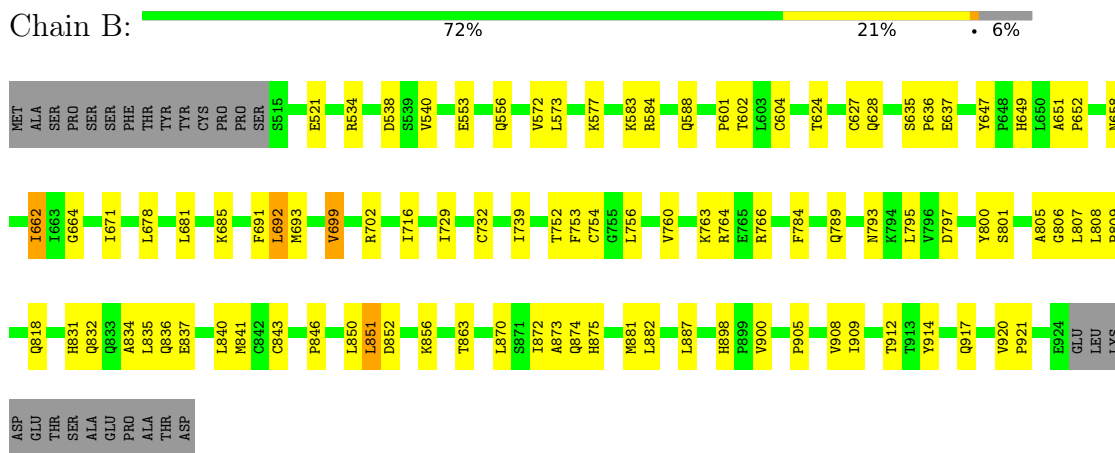
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Protein farnesyltransferase/geranylgeranyltransferase type I alpha subunit



- Molecule 2: Protein farnesyltransferase beta subunit



- Molecule 3: farnesylated peptide



- Molecule 4: beta-D-fructofuranose-(2-1)-alpha-D-glucopyranose

Chain C:

100%

GLC1
FRU2

4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 61	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	178.13Å 178.13Å 64.90Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	49.81 – 3.00 49.81 – 3.00	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	89.9 (49.81-3.00) 90.0 (49.81-3.00)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.15	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.53 (at 2.58Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.270 , 0.281 0.286 , 0.298	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1028 reflections (3.78%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	28.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.057	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.36 , 51.7	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.37$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.19$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.106 for h,-h-k,-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	6019	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	40.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.81% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality ⓘ

5.1 Standard geometry ⓘ

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GLC, ZN, GER, FRU

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.63	0/2750	0.96	13/3735 (0.3%)
2	B	0.69	1/3307 (0.0%)	1.06	16/4493 (0.4%)
3	P	1.06	0/27	1.38	0/34
All	All	0.67	1/6084 (0.0%)	1.02	29/8262 (0.4%)

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	693	MET	SD-CE	-5.12	1.66	1.79

All (29) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	185	GLU	N-CA-C	8.56	121.46	111.02
2	B	851	LEU	N-CA-C	7.56	119.17	108.74
1	A	285	GLN	N-CA-C	7.25	119.18	111.28
2	B	843	CYS	N-CA-C	7.10	121.96	113.16
1	A	270	VAL	CA-C-N	6.63	127.16	119.47
1	A	270	VAL	C-N-CA	6.63	127.16	119.47
2	B	920	VAL	N-CA-C	-6.49	102.59	108.95
2	B	789	GLN	N-CA-C	-6.28	100.68	110.42
2	B	875	HIS	N-CA-C	6.11	118.86	108.90
1	A	85	ASN	CA-C-N	6.09	126.03	119.76
1	A	85	ASN	C-N-CA	6.09	126.03	119.76
1	A	292	TYR	CA-C-N	5.92	126.34	119.47
1	A	292	TYR	C-N-CA	5.92	126.34	119.47
1	A	368	SER	N-CA-C	5.83	117.44	111.14
2	B	573	LEU	N-CA-C	-5.83	100.50	109.76
2	B	840	LEU	N-CA-C	5.79	117.58	111.28
2	B	664	GLY	N-CA-C	5.67	123.05	114.61

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	521	GLU	CA-C-N	5.56	125.49	119.76
2	B	521	GLU	C-N-CA	5.56	125.49	119.76
1	A	103	PHE	N-CA-C	-5.33	105.37	111.07
2	B	795	LEU	N-CA-C	5.33	117.56	110.53
2	B	692	LEU	N-CA-C	-5.26	102.69	110.48
1	A	150	GLU	N-CA-C	-5.24	105.65	111.36
2	B	699	VAL	N-CA-C	5.14	115.31	108.11
2	B	662	ILE	N-CA-C	-5.13	105.54	110.72
1	A	217	ASP	N-CA-C	5.12	121.70	110.80
1	A	249	GLY	N-CA-C	-5.10	104.45	112.61
2	B	572	VAL	N-CA-C	5.07	115.42	108.12
2	B	556	GLN	N-CA-C	-5.01	105.90	111.36

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2683	0	2601	43	1
2	B	3220	0	3144	57	1
3	P	28	0	28	1	0
4	C	23	0	21	0	0
5	B	1	0	0	0	0
6	P	20	0	32	5	0
7	A	17	0	0	2	0
7	B	24	0	0	3	0
7	P	3	0	0	1	0
All	All	6019	0	5826	100	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

All (100) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:766:ARG:HH21	2:B:818:GLN:HG2	1.34	0.93
3:P:2008:LEU:HB2	7:P:1697:HOH:O	1.76	0.85
2:B:602:THR:HG23	6:P:2010:GER:H201	1.66	0.76
1:A:335:ASN:O	1:A:339:GLU:HG3	1.87	0.74
2:B:764:ARG:NH1	7:B:1373:HOH:O	2.23	0.72
2:B:651:ALA:HB3	2:B:652:PRO:CD	2.22	0.70
2:B:577:LYS:HD3	2:B:846:PRO:O	1.92	0.69
2:B:766:ARG:NH2	2:B:818:GLN:HG2	2.06	0.67
1:A:316:VAL:O	1:A:320:GLU:HG3	1.94	0.67
2:B:702:ARG:HB3	6:P:2010:GER:H142	1.80	0.63
2:B:870:LEU:O	2:B:874:GLN:HG3	1.97	0.63
2:B:624:THR:O	2:B:628:GLN:HG3	1.99	0.63
2:B:739:ILE:HB	2:B:752:THR:HA	1.84	0.60
1:A:266:MET:HA	1:A:266:MET:HE2	1.84	0.59
1:A:185:GLU:O	1:A:189:ILE:HG13	2.03	0.58
2:B:627:CYS:HB3	2:B:671:ILE:HD11	1.84	0.58
2:B:753:PHE:HA	2:B:807:LEU:HD21	1.85	0.58
1:A:263:THR:O	1:A:267:ILE:HG13	2.06	0.56
1:A:96:PHE:HA	1:A:126:LEU:HD13	1.88	0.56
1:A:237:TRP:CD1	1:A:275:SER:HB3	2.42	0.55
2:B:584:ARG:NH2	2:B:588:GLN:OE1	2.40	0.55
2:B:914:TYR:O	2:B:917:GLN:HB2	2.06	0.55
2:B:602:THR:HG23	6:P:2010:GER:C20	2.36	0.54
2:B:651:ALA:HB3	2:B:652:PRO:HD3	1.88	0.54
1:A:233:ASN:CG	1:A:236:VAL:HG23	2.32	0.54
2:B:881:MET:C	2:B:882:LEU:HD12	2.32	0.54
1:A:87:VAL:HG23	1:A:88:VAL:HG22	1.89	0.54
1:A:308:SER:HB3	7:A:1675:HOH:O	2.07	0.54
2:B:553:GLU:HB3	7:B:1589:HOH:O	2.07	0.54
2:B:635:SER:OG	2:B:637:GLU:HG2	2.08	0.53
2:B:806:GLY:HA2	2:B:872:ILE:HD13	1.91	0.53
1:A:151:GLU:HG3	1:A:175:LEU:HD11	1.91	0.53
1:A:353:LYS:O	1:A:357:ARG:HG2	2.09	0.52
2:B:702:ARG:HD2	6:P:2010:GER:H142	1.92	0.52
2:B:837:GLU:HG3	2:B:887:LEU:HD21	1.90	0.52
1:A:156:THR:HG23	1:A:188:PHE:CE1	2.43	0.52
1:A:298:GLN:O	1:A:302:LEU:HD23	2.11	0.51
1:A:77:PRO:HB3	1:A:102:TYR:CE1	2.46	0.51
2:B:801:SER:O	2:B:805:ALA:HB3	2.11	0.50
1:A:303:GLN:N	1:A:304:PRO:HD2	2.25	0.50
2:B:577:LYS:NZ	7:B:1822:HOH:O	2.45	0.50
2:B:831:HIS:HB3	2:B:834:ALA:HB3	1.93	0.50

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:58:LEU:HD11	1:A:126:LEU:HG	1.93	0.50
1:A:109:ARG:HH11	1:A:109:ARG:CB	2.24	0.50
2:B:649:HIS:O	2:B:652:PRO:HG2	2.12	0.50
2:B:685:LYS:HD3	2:B:691:PHE:CZ	2.47	0.50
2:B:601:PRO:O	2:B:604:CYS:HB2	2.12	0.50
2:B:692:LEU:HD23	2:B:699:VAL:CG2	2.43	0.49
2:B:756:LEU:O	2:B:760:VAL:HG23	2.12	0.49
1:A:132:THR:HG23	2:B:647:TYR:CD1	2.47	0.48
2:B:658:ASN:O	2:B:662:ILE:HG13	2.13	0.48
1:A:84:PRO:C	1:A:86:PRO:HD3	2.39	0.47
2:B:837:GLU:HG3	2:B:887:LEU:CD2	2.44	0.47
1:A:138:ARG:HA	1:A:141:LEU:HD12	1.97	0.47
2:B:808:LEU:HB2	2:B:809:PRO:HD3	1.97	0.47
1:A:355:TYR:O	1:A:358:TYR:HB3	2.15	0.46
1:A:148:LEU:HB2	1:A:179:LEU:HD21	1.97	0.46
2:B:806:GLY:O	2:B:809:PRO:HD2	2.15	0.46
2:B:908:VAL:O	2:B:912:THR:HG23	2.16	0.46
1:A:349:ASP:OD1	1:A:352:ARG:NH2	2.48	0.46
2:B:832:GLN:O	2:B:836:GLN:HG3	2.16	0.46
2:B:763:LYS:HB2	2:B:763:LYS:NZ	2.30	0.45
1:A:344:LEU:HD13	1:A:356:TRP:CZ2	2.51	0.45
1:A:109:ARG:HB3	1:A:109:ARG:NH1	2.32	0.45
2:B:649:HIS:HB3	2:B:652:PRO:CG	2.47	0.45
2:B:729:ILE:O	2:B:732:CYS:HB2	2.17	0.45
2:B:835:LEU:HD23	2:B:873:ALA:HB2	1.98	0.45
2:B:534:ARG:HD3	2:B:784:PHE:CE1	2.52	0.45
2:B:852:ASP:C	2:B:852:ASP:OD1	2.60	0.45
1:A:328:ASP:O	1:A:329:ASN:HB2	2.16	0.45
2:B:797:ASP:HB3	2:B:800:TYR:HD1	1.82	0.44
2:B:534:ARG:HD3	2:B:784:PHE:CZ	2.53	0.43
1:A:221:GLN:NE2	7:A:1112:HOH:O	2.50	0.43
1:A:265:GLU:HA	1:A:265:GLU:OE2	2.18	0.43
2:B:678:LEU:HD13	2:B:716:ILE:O	2.19	0.43
2:B:852:ASP:HB3	2:B:856:LYS:HG3	2.00	0.43
2:B:898:HIS:CE1	2:B:900:VAL:HB	2.53	0.43
2:B:850:LEU:HB2	2:B:863:THR:HA	2.00	0.43
2:B:635:SER:OG	2:B:636:PRO:HD2	2.19	0.43
2:B:808:LEU:HD13	2:B:808:LEU:HA	1.88	0.42
6:P:2010:GER:H111	6:P:2010:GER:H91	1.94	0.42
1:A:87:VAL:C	1:A:88:VAL:HG22	2.45	0.42
1:A:112:ARG:NH1	1:A:143:SER:OG	2.52	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:219:GLU:O	1:A:223:VAL:HG23	2.19	0.42
1:A:256:LEU:O	1:A:260:VAL:HG23	2.20	0.42
1:A:198:LYS:NZ	2:B:793:ASN:O	2.53	0.42
1:A:231:VAL:HG22	1:A:231:VAL:O	2.20	0.42
1:A:274:GLU:HG2	1:A:278:ASN:ND2	2.34	0.41
1:A:116:ALA:O	1:A:119:LEU:HB3	2.19	0.41
1:A:109:ARG:CB	1:A:109:ARG:NH1	2.84	0.41
2:B:538:ASP:O	2:B:540:VAL:HG23	2.20	0.41
2:B:837:GLU:HB3	2:B:841:MET:CE	2.51	0.41
2:B:702:ARG:HA	2:B:754:CYS:SG	2.60	0.41
1:A:65:LEU:O	1:A:69:ARG:HG3	2.21	0.41
1:A:80:GLN:HB2	1:A:104:ARG:CZ	2.50	0.41
1:A:332:ASP:OD2	1:A:336:LYS:HE3	2.21	0.41
1:A:266:MET:HE2	1:A:266:MET:CA	2.48	0.41
2:B:905:PRO:O	2:B:909:ILE:HG13	2.21	0.40
1:A:308:SER:O	1:A:312:ILE:HG12	2.21	0.40
2:B:681:LEU:HA	2:B:681:LEU:HD23	1.83	0.40

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:73:ALA:O	2:B:583:LYS:NZ[4_674]	2.18	0.02

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	313/382 (82%)	294 (94%)	18 (6%)	1 (0%)	36	70
2	B	408/437 (93%)	393 (96%)	14 (3%)	1 (0%)	43	76
3	P	2/11 (18%)	2 (100%)	0	0	100	100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
All	All	723/830 (87%)	689 (95%)	32 (4%)	2 (0%)	36	70

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	217	ASP
2	B	921	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	294/344 (86%)	293 (100%)	1 (0%)	86	91
2	B	346/370 (94%)	345 (100%)	1 (0%)	86	91
3	P	4/9 (44%)	4 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	644/723 (89%)	642 (100%)	2 (0%)	86	91

All (2) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	281	LYS
2	B	851	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (10) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	218	ASN
1	A	221	GLN
1	A	297	ASN
1	A	303	GLN
2	B	530	HIS
2	B	556	GLN
2	B	580	HIS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	694	HIS
2	B	715	ASN
2	B	917	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

2 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
4	GLC	C	1	4	11,11,12	3.50	6 (54%)	15,15,17	1.49	2 (13%)
4	FRU	C	2	4	11,12,12	1.38	2 (18%)	10,18,18	0.78	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	GLC	C	1	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	FRU	C	2	4	-	1/5/24/24	0/1/1/1

All (8) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	C	1	GLC	C2-C3	10.16	1.68	1.52
4	C	1	GLC	O5-C1	3.16	1.49	1.43
4	C	2	FRU	O2-C2	3.16	1.46	1.40
4	C	1	GLC	C4-C5	2.73	1.58	1.53
4	C	2	FRU	C1-C2	2.33	1.57	1.52
4	C	1	GLC	O5-C5	2.17	1.47	1.43
4	C	1	GLC	C4-C3	2.13	1.57	1.52
4	C	1	GLC	C1-C2	2.01	1.57	1.52

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	C	1	GLC	C1-O5-C5	3.92	117.44	112.19
4	C	1	GLC	C1-C2-C3	-2.87	105.46	109.64

There are no chirality outliers.

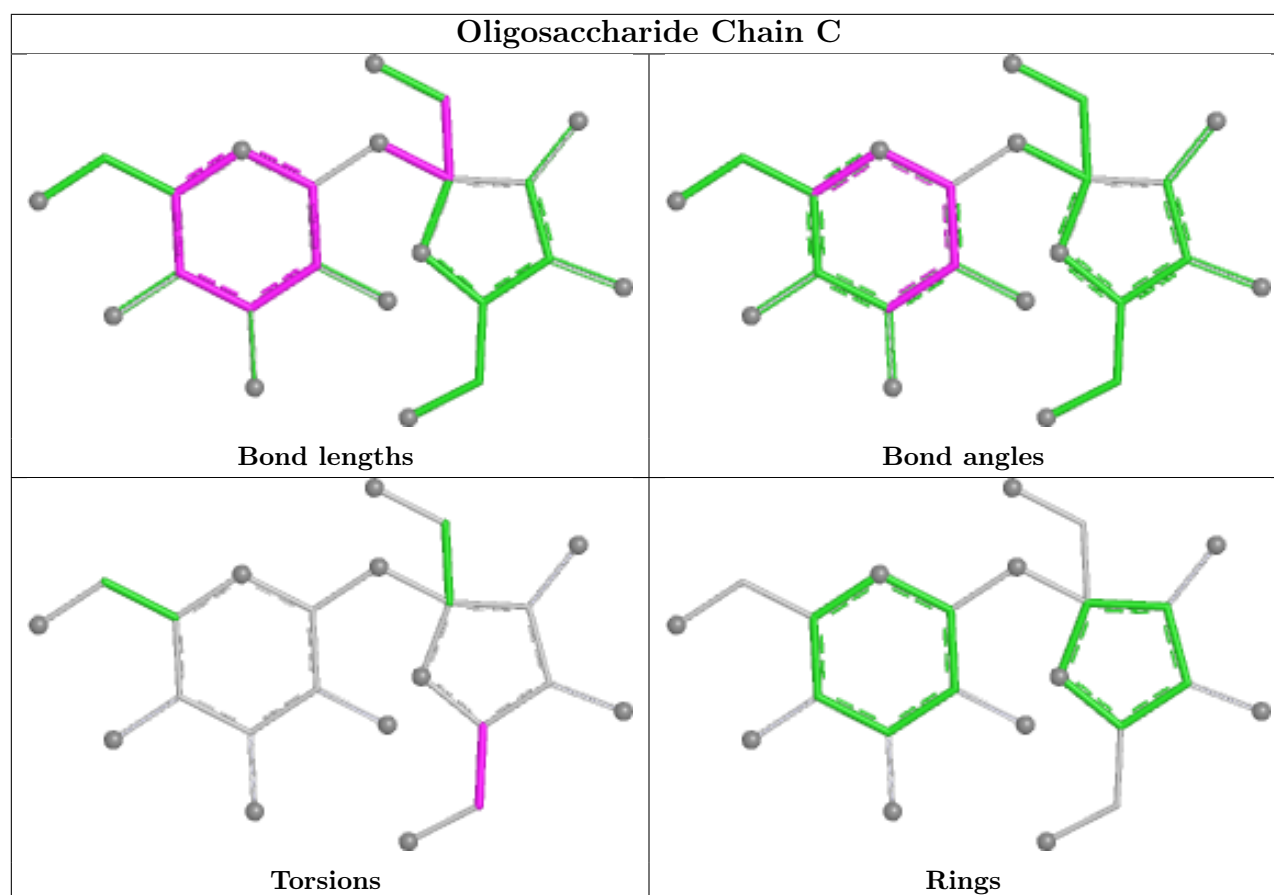
All (1) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	C	2	FRU	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.



5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
6	GER	P	2010	3	19,19,19	0.81	0	21,22,22	0.77	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	GER	P	2010	3	-	7/20/20/20	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (7) torsion outliers are listed below:

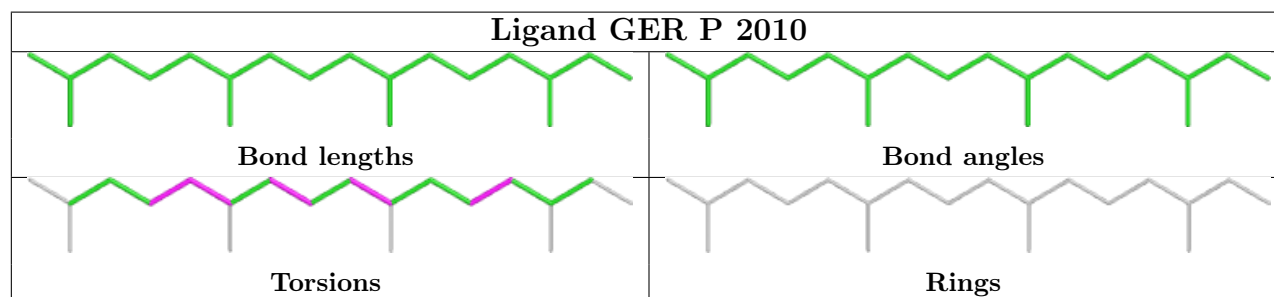
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	P	2010	GER	C3-C5-C6-C7
6	P	2010	GER	C11-C10-C8-C9
6	P	2010	GER	C11-C10-C8-C7
6	P	2010	GER	C14-C13-C15-C16
6	P	2010	GER	C12-C13-C15-C16
6	P	2010	GER	C13-C15-C16-C17
6	P	2010	GER	C10-C11-C12-C13

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 5 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	P	2010	GER	5	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	315/382 (82%)	-1.53	0 100 100	34, 42, 57, 71	0
2	B	410/437 (93%)	-1.55	0 100 100	31, 37, 49, 58	0
3	P	4/11 (36%)	-1.21	0 100 100	41, 45, 50, 53	0
All	All	729/830 (87%)	-1.54	0 100 100	31, 39, 52, 71	0

There are no RSRZ outliers to report.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

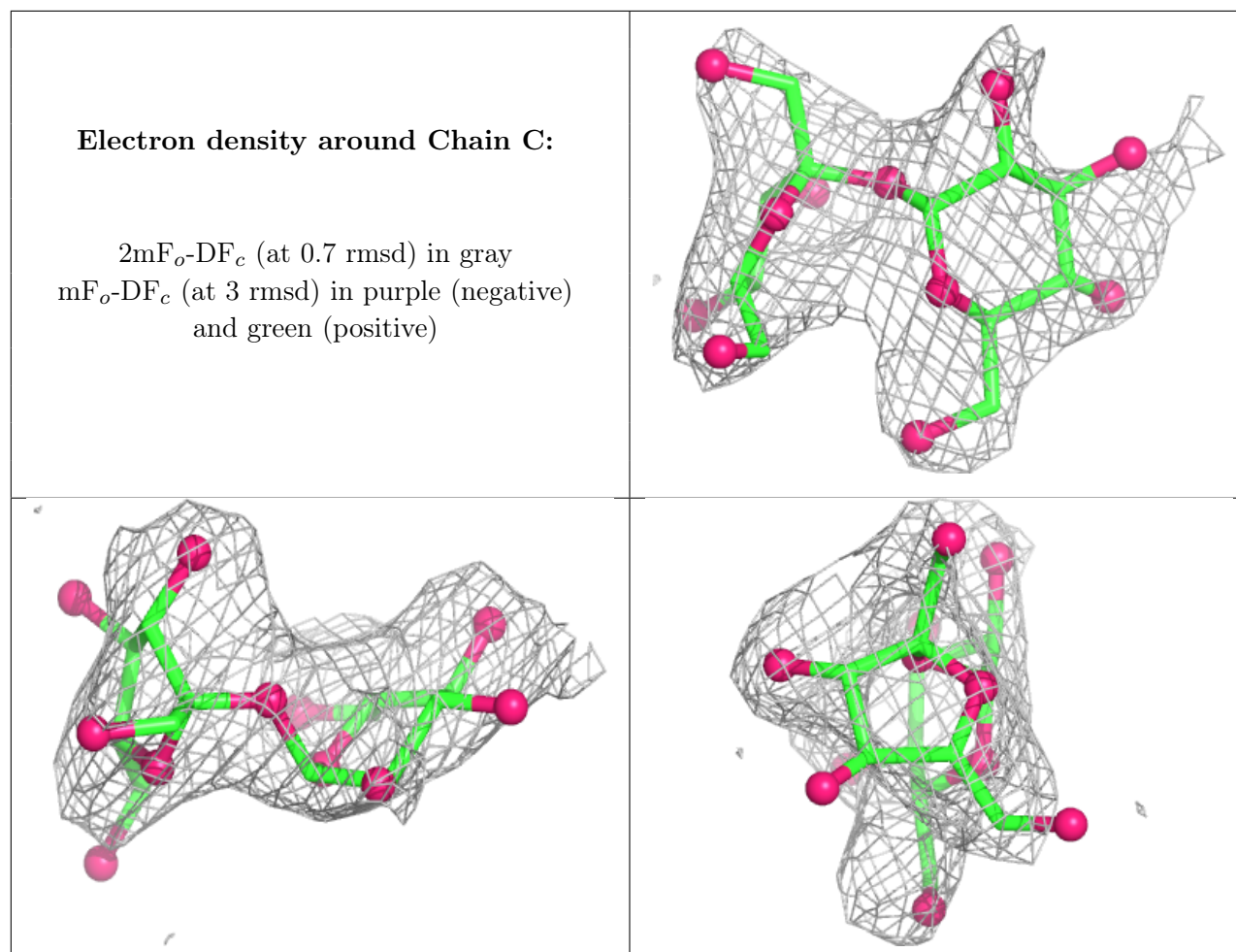
There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
4	GLC	C	1	11/12	-	-	46,47,47,48	0
4	FRU	C	2	12/12	-	-	43,45,46,46	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



6.4 Ligands [i](#)

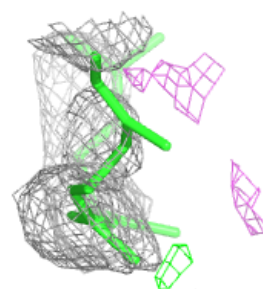
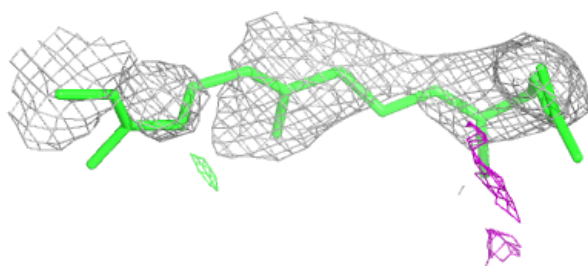
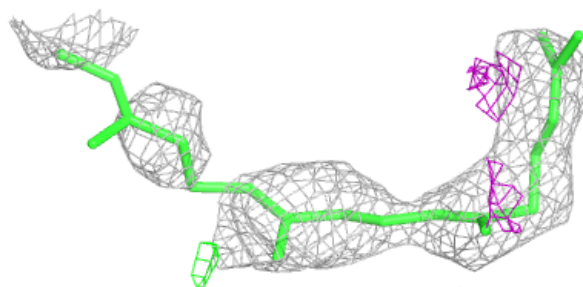
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q < 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors($\text{\AA}^2$)	Q<0.9
6	GER	P	2010	20/20	0.99	0.06	52,72,74,75	0
5	ZN	B	1001	1/1	1.00	0.01	40,40,40,40	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around GER P 2010:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.