



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 10, 2026 – 04:58 AM UTC

PDB ID : 8H9F / pdb_00008h9f
EMDB ID : EMD-34565
Title : Human ATP synthase state 1 subregion 3
Authors : Lai, Y.; Zhang, Y.; Liu, F.; Gao, Y.; Gong, H.; Rao, Z.
Deposited on : 2022-10-25
Resolution : 2.69 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Buster-report : wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDb archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

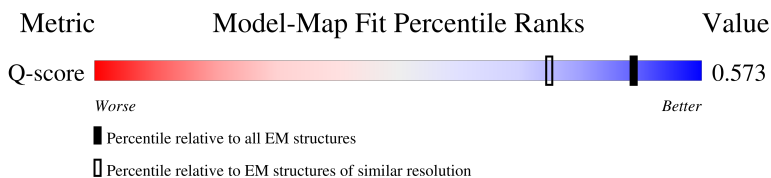
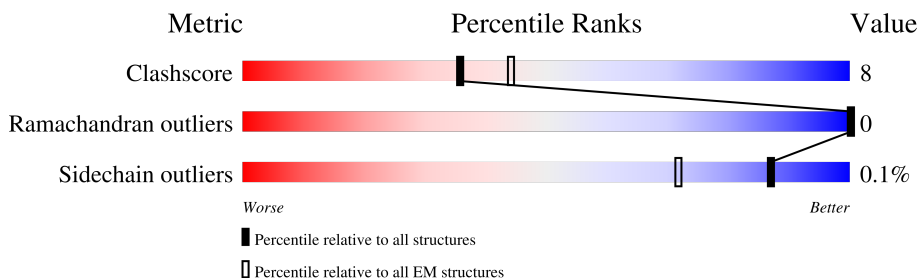
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.69 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	9309 (2.19 - 3.19)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	1	75	9% 84% 16%
1	2	75	80% 19% .
1	3	75	81% 19%
1	4	75	9% 84% 15% .

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	5	75	
1	6	75	
1	7	75	
1	8	75	
2	G	273	
3	H	146	
4	I	51	
5	K	214	
6	M	160	
7	N	226	
8	P	58	
9	Q	68	
10	R	93	
11	S	102	
12	T	69	

2 Entry composition

There are 14 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 12265 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called ATP synthase F(0) complex subunit C1, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	1	75	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			534	353	83	94	4		
1	2	75	Total	C	N	O	S	1	0
			542	358	86	94	4		
1	3	75	Total	C	N	O	S	1	0
			542	358	86	94	4		
1	4	75	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			534	353	83	94	4		
1	5	75	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			534	353	83	94	4		
1	6	75	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			534	353	83	94	4		
1	7	75	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			534	353	83	94	4		
1	8	75	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			534	353	83	94	4		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit gamma, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	G	191	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1485	945	247	289	4		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit delta, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	H	132	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			975	614	164	195	2		

- Molecule 4 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit epsilon, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	I	45	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			354	225	64	64	1		

- Molecule 5 is a protein called ATP synthase F(0) complex subunit B1, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
5	K	95	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			745	499	110	135	1		

- Molecule 6 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit d, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
6	M	36	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			311	204	47	59	1		

- Molecule 7 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit a.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
7	N	223	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1718	1145	273	289	11		

- Molecule 8 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit ATP5MJ, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
8	P	41	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			344	234	53	54	3		

- Molecule 9 is a protein called ATP synthase protein 8.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
9	Q	38	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			307	204	47	52	4		

- Molecule 10 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit f, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
10	R	74	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			621	411	104	103	3		

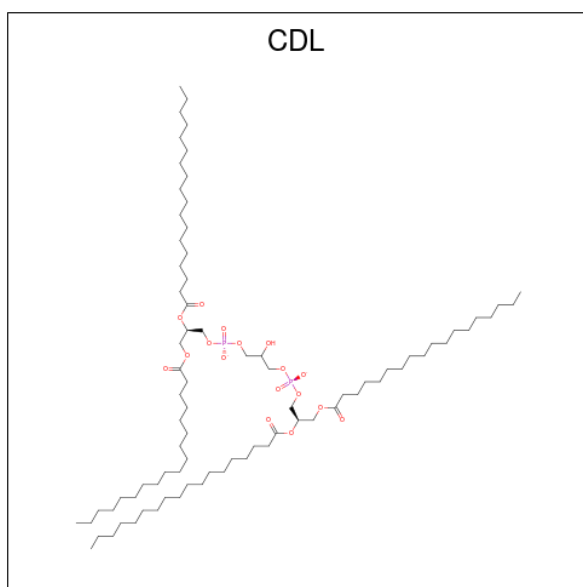
- Molecule 11 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit g, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
11	S	77	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			605	401	96	107	1		

- Molecule 12 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit e, mitochondrial.

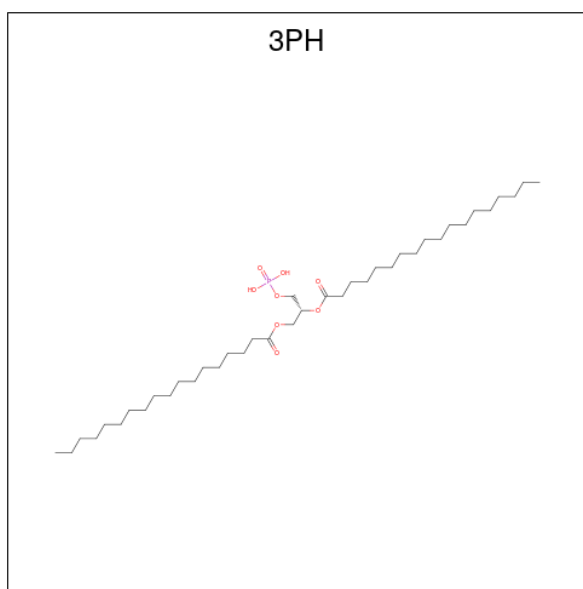
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
12	T	44	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			346	224	63	59		

- Molecule 13 is CARDIOLIPIN (CCD ID: CDL) (formula: $C_{81}H_{156}O_{17}P_2$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
13	K	1	Total	C	O	P	0
			67	48	17	2	
13	R	1	Total	C	O	P	0
			61	42	17	2	

- Molecule 14 is 1,2-DIACYL-GLYCEROL-3-SN-PHOSPHATE (CCD ID: 3PH) (formula: $C_{39}H_{77}O_8P$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

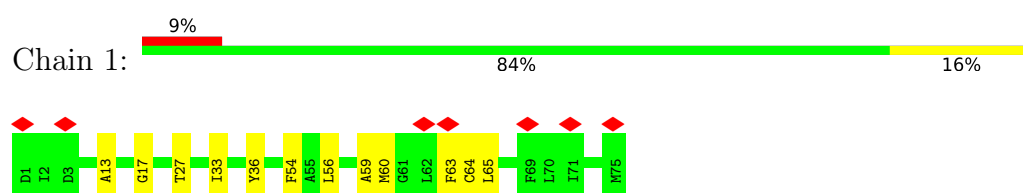


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
			Total	C	O	P	
14	Q	1	38	29	8	1	0

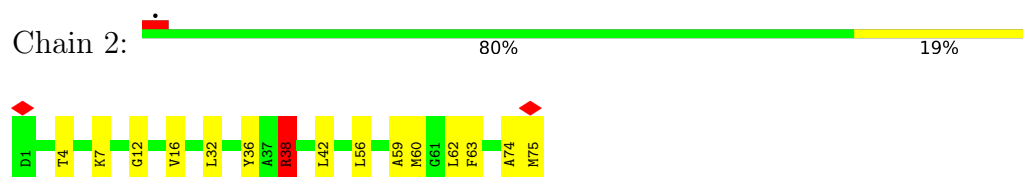
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

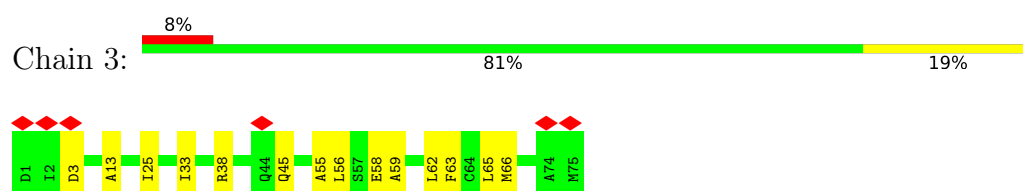
- Molecule 1: ATP synthase F(0) complex subunit C1, mitochondrial



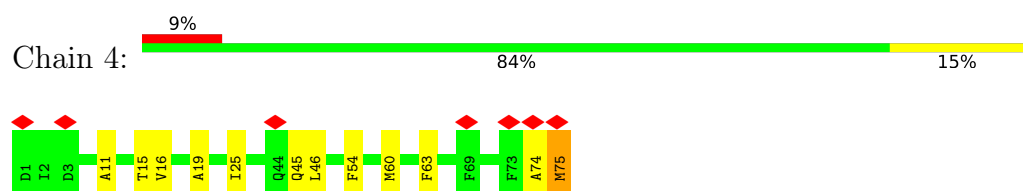
- Molecule 1: ATP synthase F(0) complex subunit C1, mitochondrial



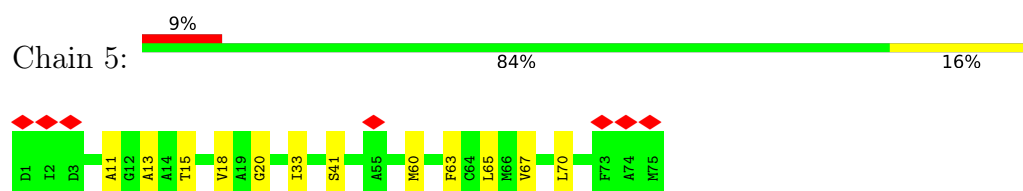
- Molecule 1: ATP synthase F(0) complex subunit C1, mitochondrial



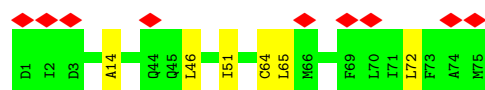
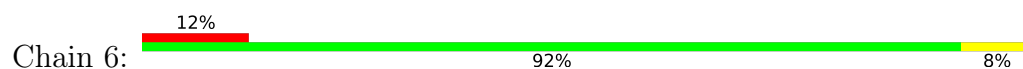
- Molecule 1: ATP synthase F(0) complex subunit C1, mitochondrial



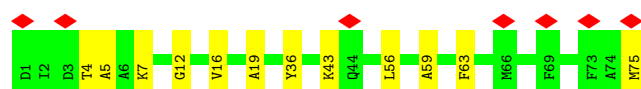
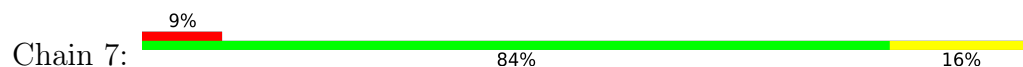
- Molecule 1: ATP synthase F(0) complex subunit C1, mitochondrial



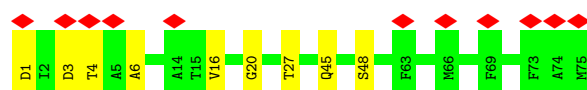
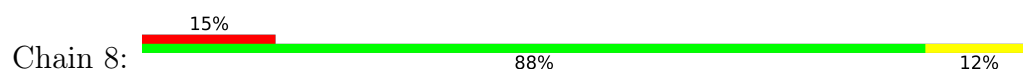
- Molecule 1: ATP synthase F(0) complex subunit C1, mitochondrial



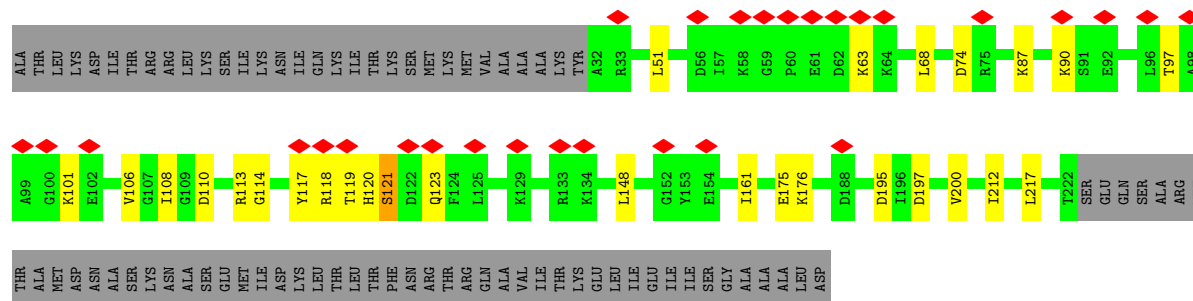
- Molecule 1: ATP synthase F(0) complex subunit C1, mitochondrial



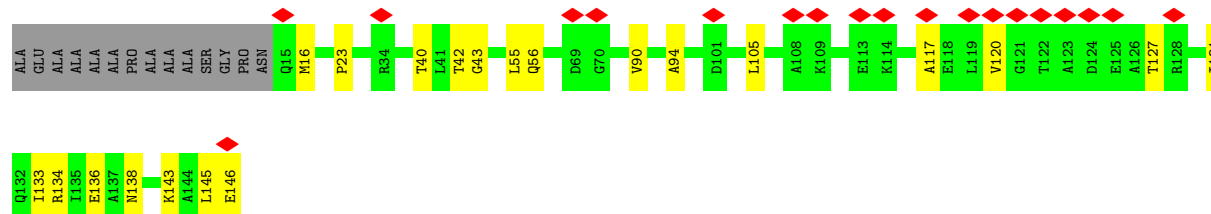
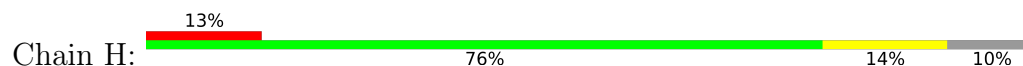
- Molecule 1: ATP synthase F(0) complex subunit C1, mitochondrial



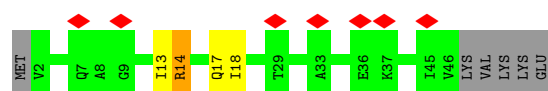
- Molecule 2: ATP synthase subunit gamma, mitochondrial

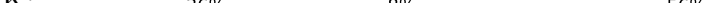


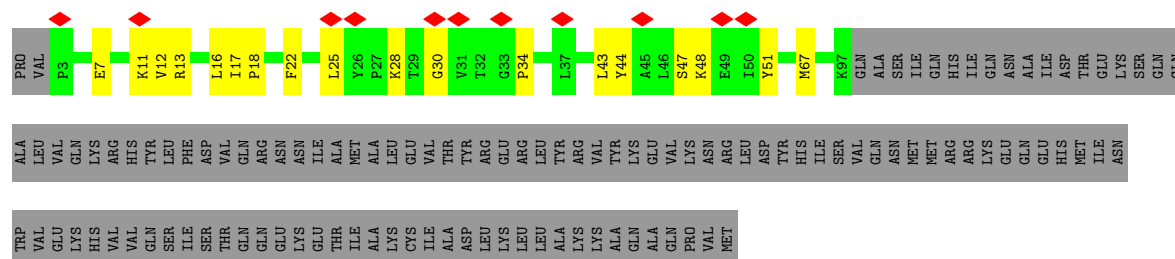
- Molecule 3: ATP synthase subunit delta, mitochondrial

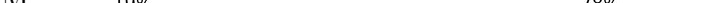


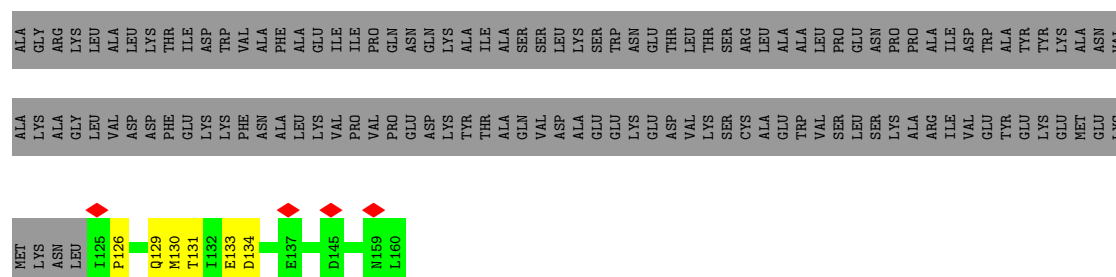
- Molecule 4: ATP synthase subunit epsilon, mitochondrial

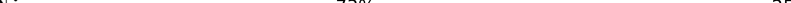


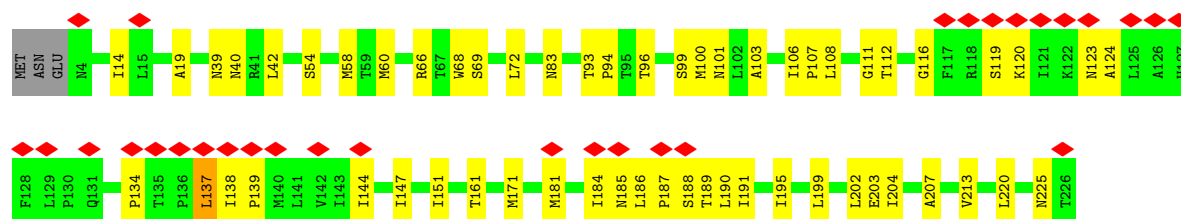
- Chain K:  5% 36% 8% 56%

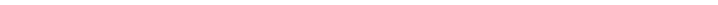


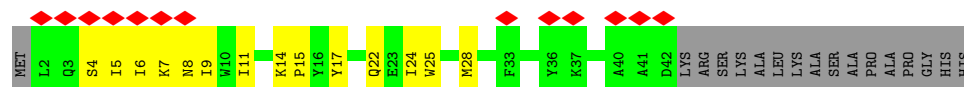
- Chain M:  19% 78%



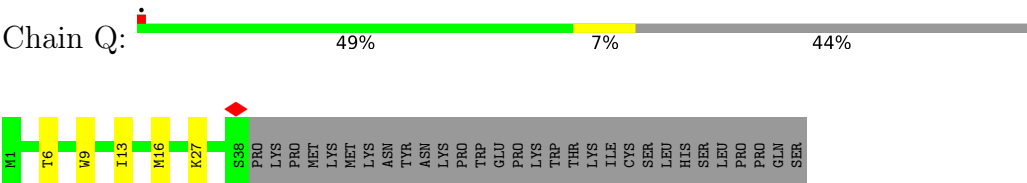
- Chain N:  13% 73% 25%



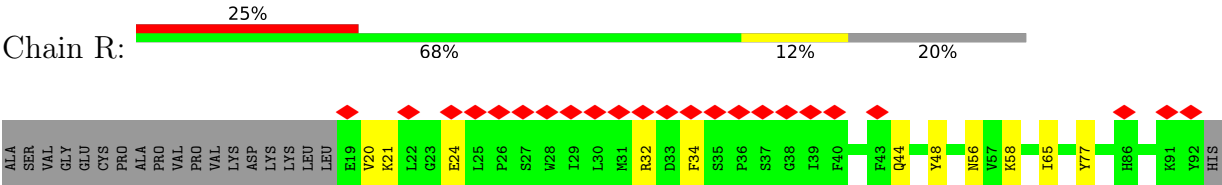
- Chain P: 



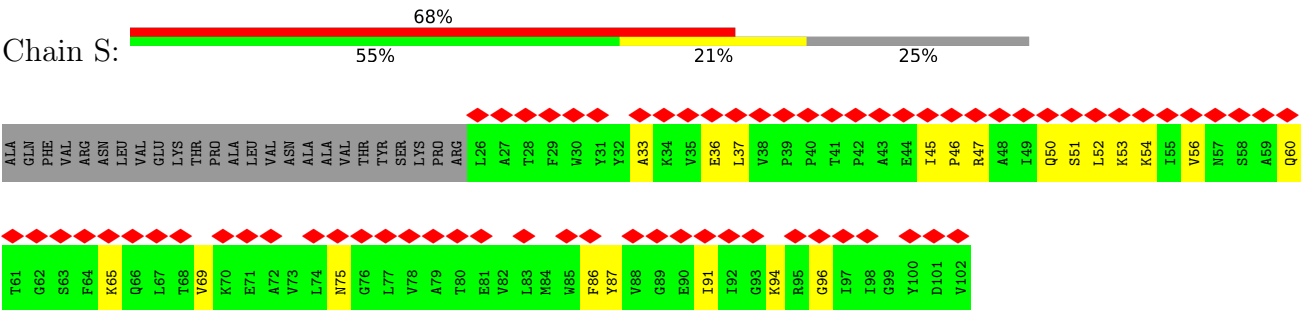
- WORLDWIDE
PDB
PROTEIN DATA BANK



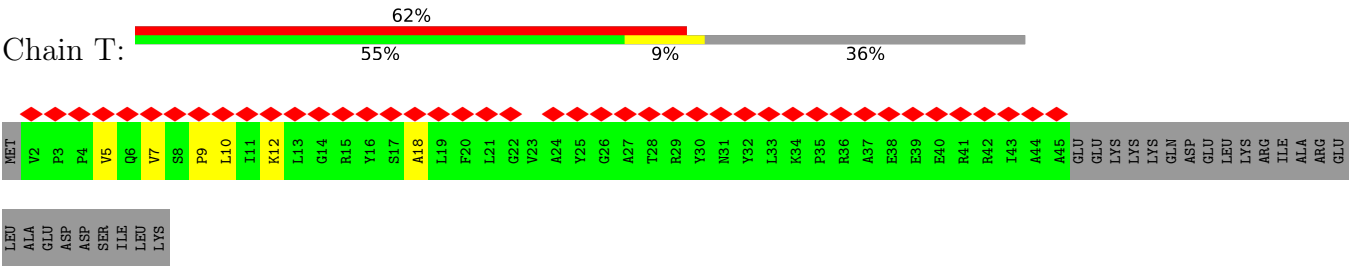
• Molecule 10: ATP synthase subunit f, mitochondrial



• Molecule 11: ATP synthase subunit g, mitochondrial



• Molecule 12: ATP synthase subunit e, mitochondrial



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	68388	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1200	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2400	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	FEI FALCON IV (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.980	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.541	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.023	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.2	Depositor
Map size (Å)	373.76, 373.76, 373.76	wwPDB
Map dimensions	512, 512, 512	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.73, 0.73, 0.73	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CDL, 3PH

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$	RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$
1	1	0.20	0/543	0.36	0/732
1	2	0.39	2/554 (0.4%)	0.60	2/746 (0.3%)
1	3	0.28	0/554	0.46	0/746
1	4	0.32	0/543	0.43	0/732
1	5	0.20	0/543	0.34	0/732
1	6	0.22	0/543	0.34	0/732
1	7	0.25	0/543	0.37	0/732
1	8	0.21	0/543	0.35	0/732
2	G	0.20	0/1509	0.36	1/2032 (0.0%)
3	H	0.31	0/987	0.46	0/1344
4	I	0.38	0/359	0.59	0/482
5	K	0.17	0/765	0.29	0/1037
6	M	0.18	0/322	0.31	0/437
7	N	0.22	0/1755	0.42	2/2403 (0.1%)
8	P	0.39	0/354	0.58	0/478
9	Q	0.21	0/316	0.30	0/435
10	R	0.17	0/640	0.36	0/858
11	S	0.15	0/619	0.37	0/841
12	T	0.16	0/354	0.40	0/480
All	All	0.25	2/12346 (0.0%)	0.41	5/16711 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	2	0	2
4	I	0	1
All	All	0	3

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	2	38[A]	ARG	C-O	5.01	1.30	1.24
1	2	38[B]	ARG	C-O	5.01	1.30	1.24

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	2	38[A]	ARG	CA-C-O	6.07	126.98	120.24
1	2	38[B]	ARG	CA-C-O	6.07	126.98	120.24
7	N	137	LEU	CA-C-N	5.80	123.89	120.24
7	N	137	LEU	C-N-CA	5.80	123.89	120.24
2	G	121	SER	N-CA-C	-5.26	106.80	113.43

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	2	38[A]	ARG	Sidechain
1	2	38[B]	ARG	Sidechain
4	I	14	ARG	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	1	534	0	553	9	0
1	2	542	0	566	17	0
1	3	542	0	566	15	0
1	4	534	0	553	10	0
1	5	534	0	553	11	0
1	6	534	0	553	6	0
1	7	534	0	553	11	0
1	8	534	0	553	8	0
2	G	1485	0	1500	18	0
3	H	975	0	979	14	0
4	I	354	0	364	5	0
5	K	745	0	761	15	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	M	311	0	297	3	0
7	N	1718	0	1879	41	0
8	P	344	0	361	13	0
9	Q	307	0	328	9	0
10	R	621	0	618	10	0
11	S	605	0	631	20	0
12	T	346	0	355	6	0
13	K	67	0	81	5	0
13	R	61	0	66	4	0
14	Q	38	0	52	3	0
All	All	12265	0	12722	194	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

All (194) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:H:40:THR:HG22	3:H:42:THR:H	1.39	0.87
1:2:38[B]:ARG:HH12	2:G:195:ASP:HA	1.44	0.83
7:N:116:GLY:HA3	7:N:225:ASN:HD22	1.47	0.78
1:2:38[A]:ARG:HH11	1:3:38[A]:ARG:HH22	1.31	0.74
4:I:14:ARG:HH11	4:I:17:GLN:HE21	1.37	0.73
13:R:101:CDL:H112	13:R:101:CDL:H311	1.69	0.73
7:N:58:MET:HE1	7:N:72:LEU:HD12	1.70	0.73
2:G:63:LYS:O	2:G:101:LYS:NZ	2.23	0.71
5:K:16:LEU:HD21	13:K:301:CDL:H161	1.72	0.71
11:S:86:PHE:HB2	12:T:18:ALA:HB1	1.72	0.70
8:P:5:ILE:O	8:P:9:ILE:HB	1.93	0.69
2:G:87:LYS:HA	2:G:90:LYS:HE2	1.75	0.69
8:P:22:GLN:HA	8:P:25:TRP:HD1	1.58	0.68
7:N:134:PRO:HG2	7:N:137:LEU:HD12	1.76	0.66
2:G:119:THR:HG23	2:G:120:HIS:HD2	1.61	0.66
7:N:101:ASN:ND2	7:N:161:THR:OG1	2.26	0.66
8:P:22:GLN:HA	8:P:25:TRP:CD1	2.30	0.65
11:S:47:ARG:O	11:S:50:GLN:HB2	1.96	0.65
2:G:114:GLY:O	2:G:118:ARG:NH1	2.31	0.64
9:Q:27:LYS:NZ	14:Q:101:3PH:O32	2.30	0.64
2:G:106:VAL:HG21	2:G:148:LEU:HD21	1.80	0.64
4:I:14:ARG:HH11	4:I:17:GLN:NE2	1.96	0.64
11:S:36:GLU:HB2	12:T:7:VAL:HG23	1.81	0.62

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
8:P:25:TRP:CZ3	8:P:28:MET:HE1	2.34	0.62
7:N:42:LEU:HD13	10:R:65:ILE:HD11	1.82	0.62
1:6:72:LEU:HD21	1:7:75:MET:HE1	1.80	0.61
8:P:17:TYR:HA	8:P:25:TRP:HZ2	1.66	0.61
5:K:43:LEU:O	5:K:47:SER:HB3	2.01	0.61
8:P:7:LYS:HA	8:P:11:ILE:HD12	1.84	0.59
1:4:15:THR:HG21	1:5:67:VAL:HG11	1.84	0.59
2:G:74:ASP:OD1	2:G:110:ASP:N	2.33	0.59
2:G:97:THR:HG21	2:G:123:GLN:HE22	1.67	0.59
7:N:99:SER:HG	9:Q:9:TRP:CG	2.22	0.58
7:N:68:TRP:CH2	8:P:24:ILE:HD11	2.39	0.57
7:N:184:ILE:HG22	7:N:185:ASN:H	1.69	0.57
1:4:74:ALA:O	1:4:75:MET:C	2.48	0.57
2:G:119:THR:HG23	2:G:120:HIS:CD2	2.38	0.56
5:K:12:VAL:HA	5:K:18:PRO:HA	1.87	0.56
1:8:3:ASP:OD1	1:8:4:THR:N	2.39	0.56
5:K:67:MET:HA	13:K:301:CDL:H582	1.88	0.55
10:R:44:GLN:HE21	10:R:48:TYR:HE2	1.55	0.55
9:Q:9:TRP:O	9:Q:13:ILE:HG12	2.07	0.55
1:8:1:ASP:OD1	1:8:1:ASP:N	2.36	0.54
4:I:13:ILE:O	4:I:17:GLN:HG3	2.06	0.54
1:1:56:LEU:O	1:1:59:ALA:HB3	2.08	0.54
1:2:63:PHE:HE1	7:N:147:ILE:HD11	1.73	0.54
5:K:25:LEU:HB3	5:K:34:PRO:HG3	1.88	0.54
2:G:113:ARG:O	2:G:117:TYR:HB2	2.07	0.54
1:5:33:ILE:HG23	1:6:46:LEU:HD22	1.89	0.54
7:N:108:LEU:O	7:N:112:THR:HG23	2.07	0.54
1:3:25:ILE:HD11	1:3:58:GLU:HB2	1.89	0.54
8:P:4:SER:O	8:P:8:ASN:N	2.30	0.53
10:R:20:VAL:HG22	10:R:21:LYS:H	1.73	0.53
7:N:188:SER:HA	7:N:191:ILE:HG12	1.90	0.53
1:4:11:ALA:O	1:4:15:THR:HG23	2.08	0.53
3:H:134:ARG:O	3:H:138:ASN:ND2	2.39	0.53
7:N:14:ILE:HG22	7:N:19:ALA:HB2	1.89	0.53
7:N:103:ALA:HB2	9:Q:13:ILE:HD12	1.91	0.53
1:2:38[B]:ARG:HH11	1:3:38[B]:ARG:HH22	1.57	0.53
9:Q:6:THR:HA	9:Q:9:TRP:CD1	2.43	0.52
1:2:4:THR:HA	1:2:7:LYS:HE3	1.90	0.52
1:5:41:SER:HB2	3:H:143:LYS:HE3	1.92	0.52
7:N:119:SER:OG	7:N:120:LYS:N	2.42	0.52
6:M:131:THR:HG22	6:M:133:GLU:H	1.73	0.52

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
7:N:111:GLY:HA3	8:P:24:ILE:HD13	1.93	0.51
5:K:13:ARG:HD3	5:K:22:PHE:CE1	2.45	0.51
7:N:199:LEU:HD12	7:N:202:LEU:HD23	1.92	0.51
6:M:130:MET:HG3	6:M:134:ASP:HB2	1.92	0.51
2:G:161:ILE:HG12	2:G:175:GLU:HG2	1.92	0.50
7:N:60:MET:HE1	7:N:220:LEU:HD23	1.93	0.50
3:H:16:MET:HE3	3:H:90:VAL:HG21	1.93	0.50
2:G:176:LYS:HB3	2:G:212:ILE:HD11	1.93	0.50
5:K:43:LEU:O	5:K:47:SER:CB	2.60	0.50
1:7:56:LEU:O	1:7:59:ALA:HB3	2.12	0.50
11:S:51:SER:O	11:S:54:LYS:HB3	2.12	0.50
1:2:60:MET:O	1:2:63:PHE:HB2	2.12	0.49
8:P:25:TRP:CE3	8:P:28:MET:HE3	2.47	0.49
1:3:65:LEU:HD11	1:4:63:PHE:HB3	1.93	0.49
11:S:56:VAL:O	11:S:60:GLN:N	2.44	0.49
5:K:7:GLU:HA	10:R:58:LYS:HG3	1.93	0.49
5:K:30:GLY:HA2	12:T:5:VAL:HB	1.94	0.49
1:6:65:LEU:HD11	1:7:63:PHE:HB3	1.94	0.49
11:S:91:ILE:HA	11:S:94:LYS:HE2	1.95	0.48
11:S:87:TYR:O	11:S:91:ILE:HG23	2.12	0.48
1:2:38[A]:ARG:NH1	1:3:38[A]:ARG:HH22	2.07	0.48
10:R:20:VAL:O	10:R:21:LYS:HB2	2.13	0.48
5:K:28:LYS:HE3	11:S:75:ASN:HD21	1.78	0.48
7:N:66:ARG:O	7:N:69:SER:OG	2.20	0.48
1:3:33:ILE:HG23	1:4:46:LEU:HD22	1.94	0.48
7:N:83:ASN:HB3	7:N:207:ALA:HB1	1.97	0.47
11:S:56:VAL:O	11:S:60:GLN:HG2	2.14	0.47
1:2:4:THR:OG1	1:3:3:ASP:OD1	2.33	0.47
10:R:21:LYS:HA	11:S:69:VAL:HG23	1.95	0.47
1:2:56:LEU:O	1:2:59:ALA:HB3	2.15	0.47
1:3:58:GLU:HG3	1:4:60:MET:SD	2.54	0.47
2:G:108:ILE:HG21	2:G:217:LEU:HD21	1.97	0.47
3:H:23:PRO:HD3	3:H:94:ALA:O	2.14	0.47
5:K:11:LYS:HD3	5:K:11:LYS:HA	1.70	0.47
11:S:36:GLU:O	12:T:12:LYS:NZ	2.48	0.47
1:3:62:LEU:HD23	1:3:65:LEU:HD12	1.96	0.47
7:N:171:MET:HE2	7:N:203:GLU:HG3	1.97	0.47
1:3:56:LEU:O	1:3:59:ALA:HB3	2.15	0.47
8:P:25:TRP:CE3	8:P:28:MET:CE	2.98	0.47
5:K:44:TYR:CE1	5:K:48:LYS:HD2	2.50	0.46
1:8:45:GLN:O	1:8:48:SER:HB3	2.15	0.46

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:H:40:THR:HG22	3:H:42:THR:N	2.20	0.46
4:I:14:ARG:NH1	4:I:17:GLN:HE21	2.10	0.46
5:K:67:MET:HG3	13:K:301:CDL:H602	1.98	0.46
11:S:45:ILE:HG23	11:S:46:PRO:HD3	1.97	0.46
1:2:16:VAL:HG22	1:3:13:ALA:O	2.16	0.46
11:S:53:LYS:HA	11:S:56:VAL:HG12	1.97	0.46
1:3:63:PHE:O	1:3:66:MET:HB3	2.16	0.46
1:5:15:THR:HG23	1:6:14:ALA:HA	1.97	0.46
1:7:4:THR:HA	1:7:7:LYS:HE3	1.98	0.46
1:1:60:MET:O	1:1:63:PHE:HB2	2.17	0.45
7:N:186:LEU:O	7:N:190:LEU:HG	2.16	0.45
1:5:18:VAL:HB	1:6:64:CYS:SG	2.57	0.45
7:N:94:PRO:HB2	7:N:100:MET:SD	2.56	0.45
11:S:33:ALA:HA	11:S:37:LEU:HB2	1.99	0.45
3:H:127:THR:O	3:H:131:ILE:HG12	2.17	0.44
7:N:93:THR:HB	7:N:96:THR:HG23	1.99	0.44
1:4:16:VAL:HG22	1:5:13:ALA:O	2.17	0.44
1:1:27:THR:HG21	1:8:27:THR:HA	1.99	0.44
1:5:60:MET:O	1:5:63:PHE:HB3	2.18	0.44
3:H:40:THR:HG23	3:H:56:GLN:HB3	2.00	0.44
6:M:126:PRO:HG2	6:M:129:GLN:OE1	2.18	0.44
7:N:40:ASN:HD22	10:R:56:ASN:HA	1.82	0.44
3:H:145:LEU:O	3:H:146:GLU:HB2	2.18	0.44
7:N:186:LEU:N	7:N:187:PRO:HD2	2.33	0.44
1:2:74:ALA:O	1:2:75:MET:HB2	2.19	0.43
1:4:45:GLN:OE1	1:4:45:GLN:N	2.48	0.43
1:7:12:GLY:O	1:7:16:VAL:HG23	2.18	0.43
1:2:62:LEU:HD13	7:N:151:ILE:HG21	2.00	0.43
2:G:68:LEU:HD11	2:G:161:ILE:HD11	1.99	0.43
7:N:39:ASN:OD1	7:N:39:ASN:N	2.52	0.43
10:R:24:GLU:O	11:S:65:LYS:HE3	2.19	0.43
11:S:94:LYS:HE3	11:S:96:GLY:O	2.19	0.43
1:7:56:LEU:HD23	1:7:56:LEU:HA	1.89	0.43
7:N:184:ILE:HG22	7:N:185:ASN:OD1	2.19	0.43
1:1:65:LEU:HD23	1:1:65:LEU:HA	1.91	0.43
7:N:106:ILE:HB	7:N:107:PRO:HD3	2.01	0.43
7:N:138:ILE:N	7:N:139:PRO:HD2	2.33	0.43
7:N:100:MET:HG2	9:Q:16:MET:HG3	2.00	0.42
10:R:32:ARG:HB2	10:R:34:PHE:CE1	2.53	0.42
3:H:117:ALA:O	3:H:120:VAL:HG22	2.19	0.42
13:K:301:CDL:HB62	13:K:301:CDL:H712	1.18	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:7:36:TYR:CE2	1:8:45:GLN:HG2	2.55	0.42
9:Q:27:LYS:HZ1	14:Q:101:3PH:H32	1.85	0.42
1:1:13:ALA:O	1:8:16:VAL:HG22	2.20	0.42
1:7:36:TYR:CE1	1:7:43:LYS:HB2	2.55	0.42
7:N:54:SER:O	7:N:58:MET:HB2	2.19	0.42
1:5:70:LEU:HD23	1:5:70:LEU:HA	1.87	0.42
7:N:99:SER:HG	9:Q:9:TRP:CD1	2.37	0.42
13:R:101:CDL:H712	13:R:101:CDL:HB62	1.47	0.42
1:5:11:ALA:O	1:5:15:THR:HG22	2.18	0.42
7:N:120:LYS:HE2	7:N:123:ASN:HB2	2.02	0.42
11:S:52:LEU:HB2	12:T:10:LEU:HD13	2.02	0.41
2:G:197:ASP:H	2:G:200:VAL:HG12	1.84	0.41
7:N:120:LYS:O	7:N:124:ALA:N	2.42	0.41
1:2:12:GLY:O	1:2:16:VAL:HG23	2.20	0.41
1:7:36:TYR:HE1	1:7:43:LYS:HB2	1.85	0.41
5:K:17:ILE:HG23	13:R:101:CDL:H152	2.03	0.41
7:N:191:ILE:O	7:N:195:ILE:HG12	2.20	0.41
1:1:36:TYR:CE2	1:2:42:LEU:HD13	2.55	0.41
1:4:25:ILE:HG12	1:4:54:PHE:HD1	1.85	0.41
3:H:40:THR:HB	3:H:43:GLY:O	2.20	0.41
13:K:301:CDL:H601	7:N:204:ILE:HD13	2.02	0.41
11:S:91:ILE:HA	11:S:94:LYS:HG2	2.01	0.41
1:5:65:LEU:HD23	1:5:65:LEU:HA	1.88	0.41
2:G:117:TYR:O	2:G:121:SER:HB2	2.21	0.41
7:N:120:LYS:HD2	7:N:123:ASN:HD22	1.86	0.41
1:1:33:ILE:HG21	1:2:32:LEU:HA	2.02	0.41
1:7:19:ALA:HA	1:8:20:GLY:HA3	2.03	0.41
11:S:47:ARG:HB3	12:T:9:PRO:HG2	2.02	0.41
1:2:36:TYR:CZ	1:3:45:GLN:HG2	2.55	0.41
1:6:51:ILE:HD13	1:6:51:ILE:HA	1.88	0.41
2:G:51:LEU:HD21	3:H:55:LEU:HD22	2.02	0.41
2:G:110:ASP:OD1	2:G:113:ARG:NH2	2.54	0.41
3:H:105:LEU:HA	3:H:145:LEU:HD13	2.03	0.41
8:P:14:LYS:HB3	8:P:15:PRO:HD3	2.03	0.41
1:1:54:PHE:HZ	7:N:144:ILE:HD13	1.85	0.40
1:2:38[B]:ARG:NH1	1:3:38[B]:ARG:HH12	2.19	0.40
13:R:101:CDL:OA7	13:R:101:CDL:HA31	2.20	0.40
1:4:19:ALA:O	1:5:20:GLY:HA3	2.22	0.40
1:7:5:ALA:HB1	1:8:6:ALA:HB2	2.03	0.40
7:N:181:MET:O	7:N:189:THR:OG1	2.38	0.40
9:Q:27:LYS:NZ	14:Q:101:3PH:H32	2.36	0.40

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:I:14:ARG:O	4:I:18:ILE:HG13	2.21	0.40
5:K:51:TYR:HA	10:R:77:TYR:OH	2.21	0.40
1:3:55:ALA:CB	7:N:213:VAL:HG21	2.52	0.40
3:H:133:ILE:O	3:H:136:GLU:HG3	2.21	0.40
11:S:45:ILE:CG2	11:S:46:PRO:HD3	2.52	0.40
1:1:17:GLY:HA3	1:1:64:CYS:SG	2.61	0.40
8:P:6:ILE:O	8:P:11:ILE:HG13	2.22	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	1	73/75 (97%)	71 (97%)	2 (3%)	0	100	100
1	2	74/75 (99%)	72 (97%)	2 (3%)	0	100	100
1	3	74/75 (99%)	73 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
1	4	73/75 (97%)	71 (97%)	2 (3%)	0	100	100
1	5	73/75 (97%)	71 (97%)	2 (3%)	0	100	100
1	6	73/75 (97%)	73 (100%)	0	0	100	100
1	7	73/75 (97%)	72 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
1	8	73/75 (97%)	71 (97%)	2 (3%)	0	100	100
2	G	189/273 (69%)	183 (97%)	6 (3%)	0	100	100
3	H	130/146 (89%)	128 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
4	I	43/51 (84%)	43 (100%)	0	0	100	100
5	K	93/214 (44%)	90 (97%)	3 (3%)	0	100	100
6	M	34/160 (21%)	34 (100%)	0	0	100	100
7	N	221/226 (98%)	217 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100	100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
8	P	39/58 (67%)	37 (95%)	2 (5%)	0	100	100
9	Q	36/68 (53%)	35 (97%)	1 (3%)	0	100	100
10	R	72/93 (77%)	68 (94%)	4 (6%)	0	100	100
11	S	75/102 (74%)	71 (95%)	4 (5%)	0	100	100
12	T	42/69 (61%)	42 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	1560/2060 (76%)	1522 (98%)	38 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	1	51/51 (100%)	51 (100%)	0	100	100
1	2	52/51 (102%)	52 (100%)	0	100	100
1	3	52/51 (102%)	52 (100%)	0	100	100
1	4	51/51 (100%)	50 (98%)	1 (2%)	48	76
1	5	51/51 (100%)	51 (100%)	0	100	100
1	6	51/51 (100%)	51 (100%)	0	100	100
1	7	51/51 (100%)	51 (100%)	0	100	100
1	8	51/51 (100%)	51 (100%)	0	100	100
2	G	160/229 (70%)	160 (100%)	0	100	100
3	H	103/108 (95%)	103 (100%)	0	100	100
4	I	36/42 (86%)	36 (100%)	0	100	100
5	K	78/187 (42%)	78 (100%)	0	100	100
6	M	35/139 (25%)	35 (100%)	0	100	100
7	N	196/199 (98%)	196 (100%)	0	100	100
8	P	36/48 (75%)	36 (100%)	0	100	100
9	Q	38/68 (56%)	38 (100%)	0	100	100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
10	R	65/82 (79%)	65 (100%)	0	100	100
11	S	64/85 (75%)	64 (100%)	0	100	100
12	T	34/58 (59%)	34 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	1255/1653 (76%)	1254 (100%)	1 (0%)	87	96

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	4	75	MET

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (24) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	5	45	GLN
2	G	120	HIS
2	G	163	ASN
2	G	211	ASN
3	H	32	ASN
3	H	85	ASN
4	I	7	GLN
4	I	17	GLN
4	I	34	ASN
5	K	23	GLN
5	K	88	GLN
6	M	136	ASN
7	N	46	GLN
7	N	47	GLN
7	N	61	HIS
7	N	90	HIS
7	N	101	ASN
7	N	123	ASN
7	N	172	HIS
7	N	225	ASN
10	R	44	GLN
11	S	60	GLN
11	S	75	ASN
12	T	31	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$
13	CDL	R	101	-	60,60,99	0.34	0	66,72,111	0.40	0
14	3PH	Q	101	-	37,37,47	0.98	4 (10%)	40,42,52	1.20	2 (5%)
13	CDL	K	301	-	66,66,99	0.34	0	72,78,111	0.40	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
13	CDL	R	101	-	-	25/71/71/110	-
14	3PH	Q	101	-	-	15/39/39/49	-
13	CDL	K	301	-	-	23/77/77/110	-

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
14	Q	101	3PH	O21-C2	-2.72	1.40	1.46
14	Q	101	3PH	O31-C31	2.33	1.40	1.33
14	Q	101	3PH	O21-C21	2.18	1.40	1.34
14	Q	101	3PH	O31-C3	-2.18	1.40	1.45

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
14	Q	101	3PH	O21-C21-C22	3.93	119.98	111.48
14	Q	101	3PH	O31-C31-C32	2.85	120.52	111.83

There are no chirality outliers.

All (63) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
13	K	301	CDL	OB9-CB7-OB8-CB6
13	K	301	CDL	C71-CB7-OB8-CB6
13	R	101	CDL	CB3-OB5-PB2-OB2
13	R	101	CDL	CB3-OB5-PB2-OB4
13	R	101	CDL	OB9-CB7-OB8-CB6
13	R	101	CDL	C71-CB7-OB8-CB6
14	Q	101	3PH	C22-C21-O21-C2
13	K	301	CDL	OA9-CA7-OA8-CA6
14	Q	101	3PH	O22-C21-O21-C2
13	K	301	CDL	C31-CA7-OA8-CA6
13	R	101	CDL	O1-C1-CB2-OB2
13	K	301	CDL	C11-CA5-OA6-CA4
14	Q	101	3PH	C32-C31-O31-C3
13	K	301	CDL	CA5-C11-C12-C13
14	Q	101	3PH	O32-C31-O31-C3
13	K	301	CDL	OA7-CA5-OA6-CA4
13	R	101	CDL	C31-CA7-OA8-CA6
14	Q	101	3PH	C29-C2A-C2B-C2C
13	K	301	CDL	C51-CB5-OB6-CB4
13	R	101	CDL	OA9-CA7-OA8-CA6
14	Q	101	3PH	C28-C29-C2A-C2B
14	Q	101	3PH	C1-C2-C3-O31
13	K	301	CDL	OB7-CB5-OB6-CB4
14	Q	101	3PH	C35-C36-C37-C38
14	Q	101	3PH	O21-C2-C3-O31
13	R	101	CDL	C17-C18-C19-C20
13	R	101	CDL	C11-C12-C13-C14

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
13	K	301	CDL	C56-C57-C58-C59
13	K	301	CDL	CA4-CA6-OA8-CA7
13	R	101	CDL	CA4-CA6-OA8-CA7
14	Q	101	3PH	C2D-C2E-C2F-C2G
13	R	101	CDL	C19-C20-C21-C22
13	R	101	CDL	OA6-CA4-CA6-OA8
13	R	101	CDL	CA2-C1-CB2-OB2
13	K	301	CDL	OA6-CA4-CA6-OA8
13	K	301	CDL	OB6-CB4-CB6-OB8
13	R	101	CDL	C51-C52-C53-C54
13	K	301	CDL	OB5-CB3-CB4-OB6
13	K	301	CDL	CB3-CB4-CB6-OB8
13	R	101	CDL	CA3-CA4-CA6-OA8
13	K	301	CDL	CB3-OB5-PB2-OB2
13	R	101	CDL	CB2-OB2-PB2-OB3
13	R	101	CDL	CB3-OB5-PB2-OB3
13	K	301	CDL	C57-C58-C59-C60
13	R	101	CDL	C11-CA5-OA6-CA4
13	R	101	CDL	C16-C17-C18-C19
14	Q	101	3PH	C31-C32-C33-C34
13	R	101	CDL	C18-C19-C20-C21
13	R	101	CDL	CA6-CA4-OA6-CA5
14	Q	101	3PH	C2A-C2B-C2C-C2D
13	R	101	CDL	C72-C71-CB7-OB8
13	R	101	CDL	OA7-CA5-OA6-CA4
13	K	301	CDL	C12-C13-C14-C15
14	Q	101	3PH	C25-C26-C27-C28
13	K	301	CDL	C11-C12-C13-C14
13	K	301	CDL	OB5-CB3-CB4-CB6
13	R	101	CDL	C72-C71-CB7-OB9
14	Q	101	3PH	C1-O11-P-O13
13	R	101	CDL	CB6-CB4-OB6-CB5
13	K	301	CDL	CA3-CA4-CA6-OA8
13	K	301	CDL	C53-C54-C55-C56
14	Q	101	3PH	C32-C33-C34-C35
13	K	301	CDL	C12-C11-CA5-OA6

There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 12 short contacts:

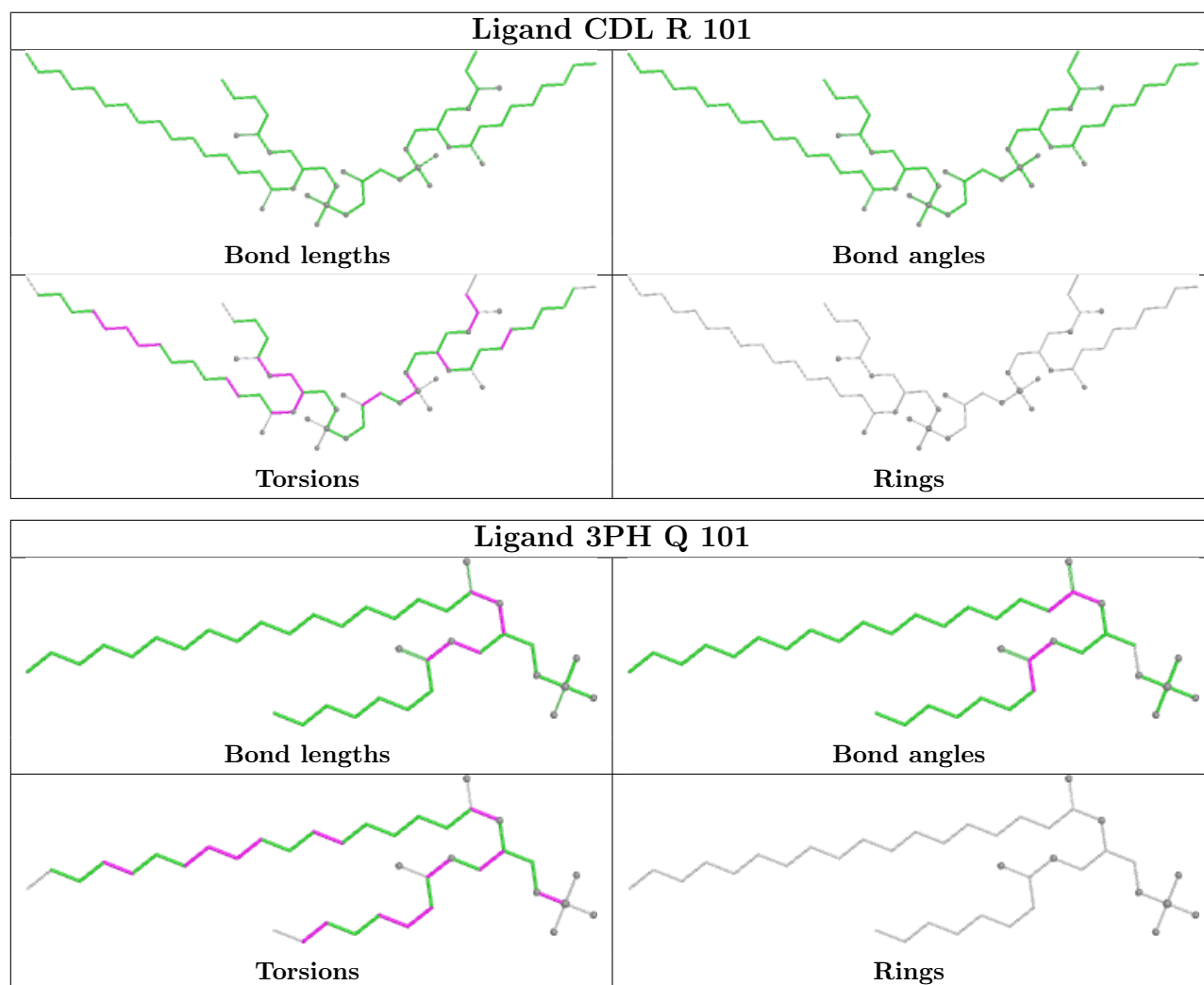
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
13	R	101	CDL	4	0

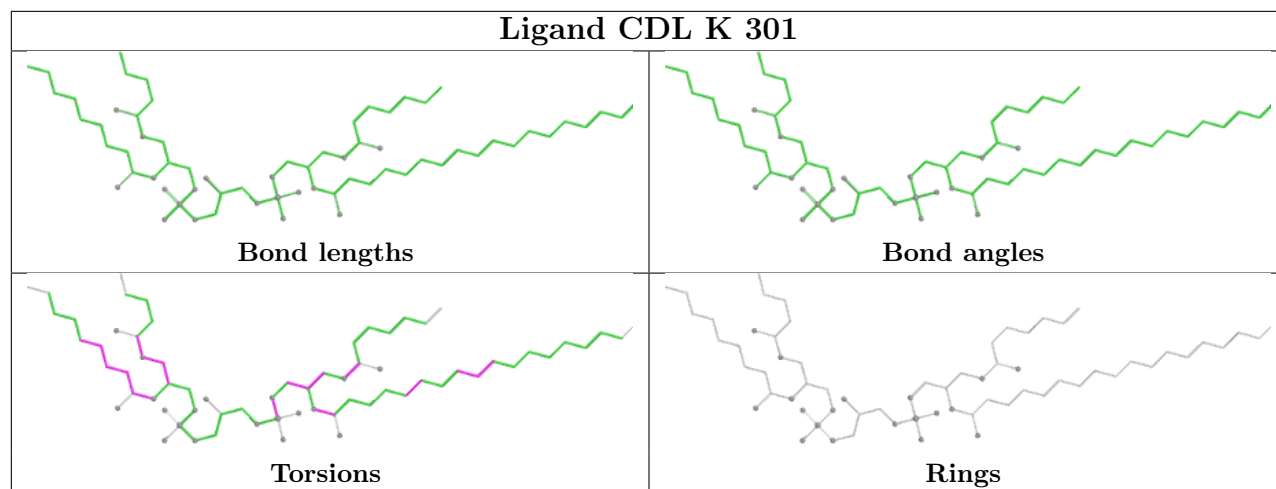
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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
14	Q	101	3PH	3	0
13	K	301	CDL	5	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

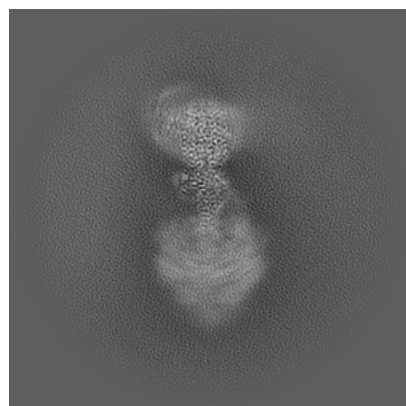
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-34565. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

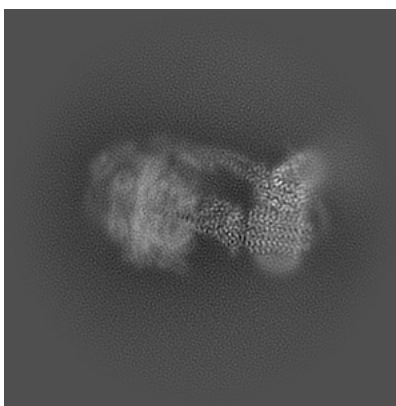
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

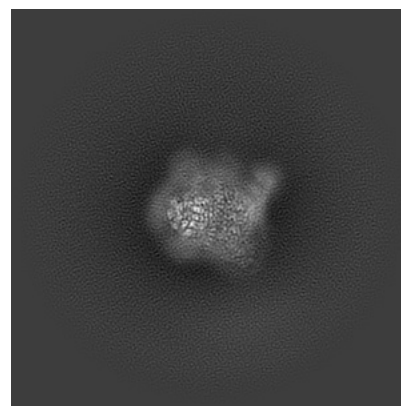
6.1.1 Primary map



X

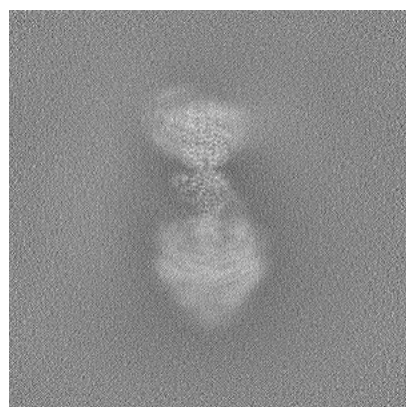


Y

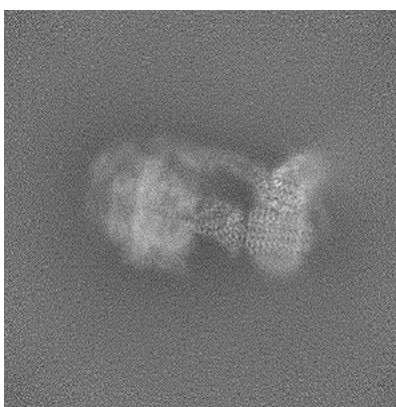


Z

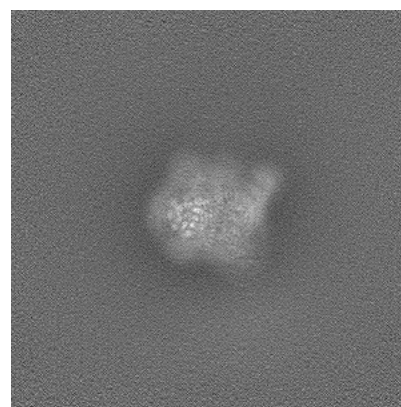
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

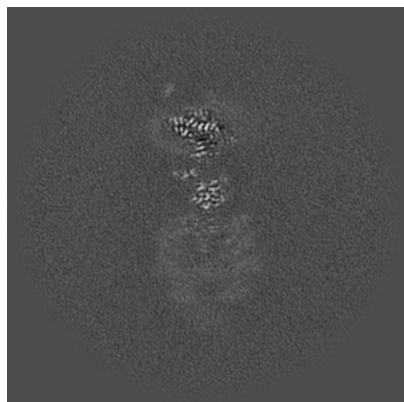


Z

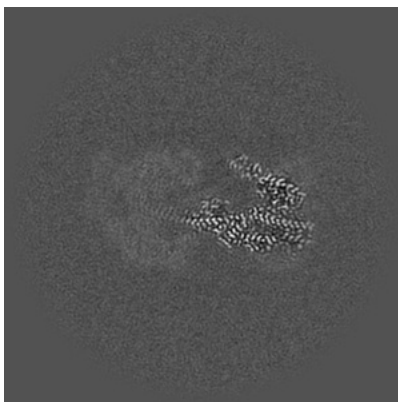
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

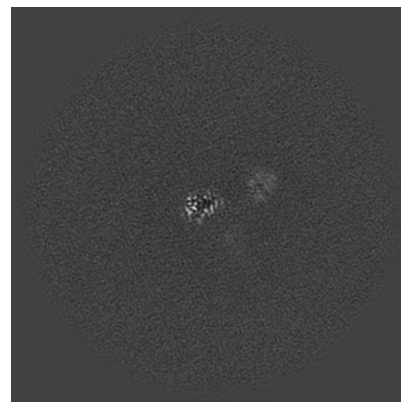
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 256

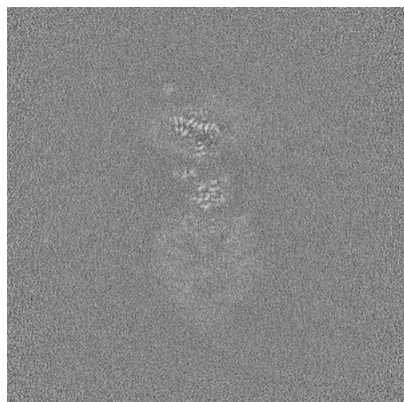


Y Index: 256

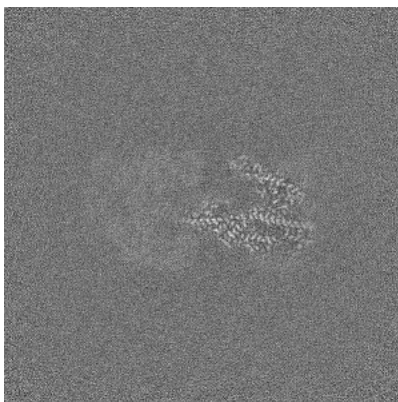


Z Index: 256

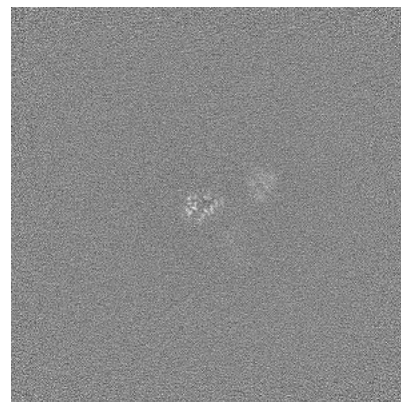
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 256



Y Index: 256

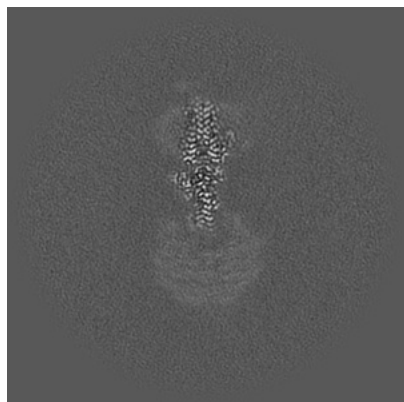


Z Index: 256

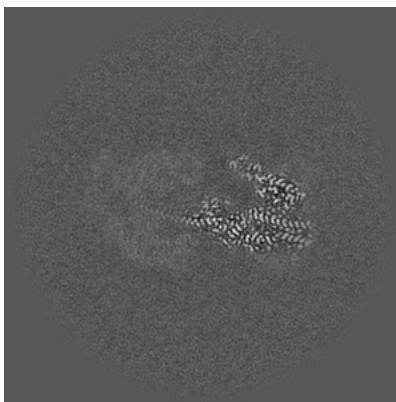
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

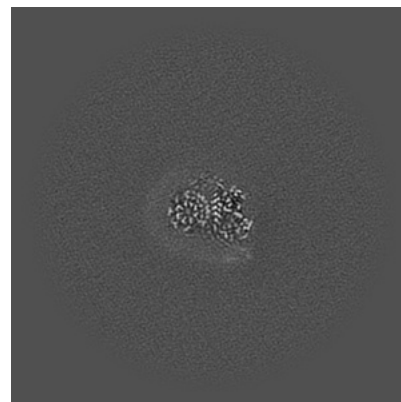
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 235

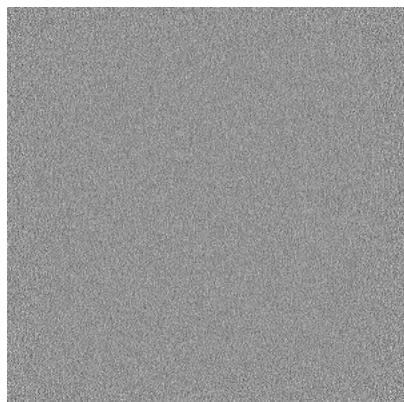


Y Index: 257

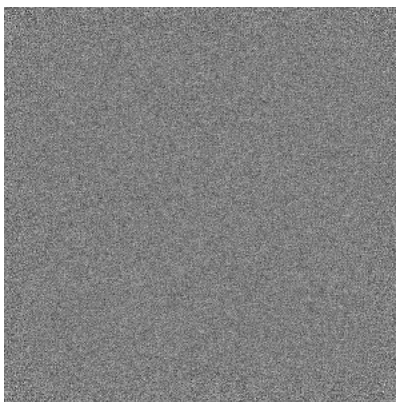


Z Index: 345

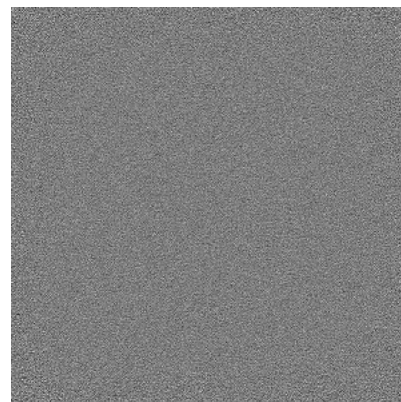
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 0



Y Index: 0

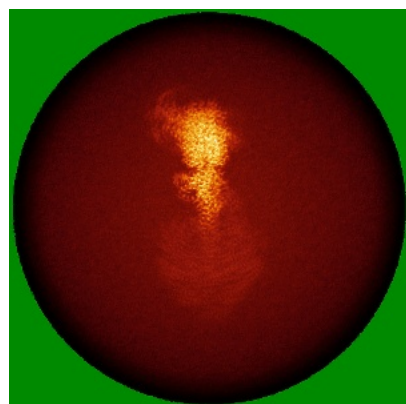


Z Index: 0

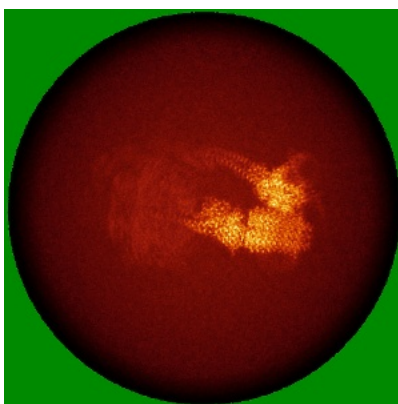
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

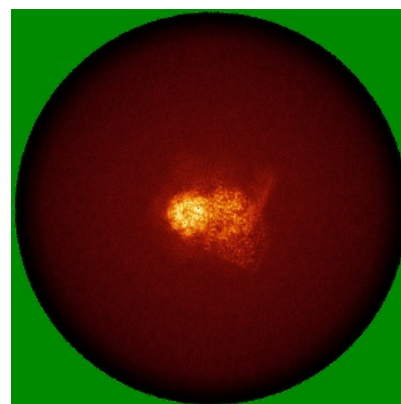
6.4.1 Primary map



X

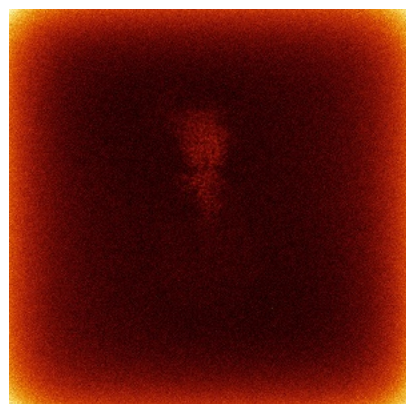


Y

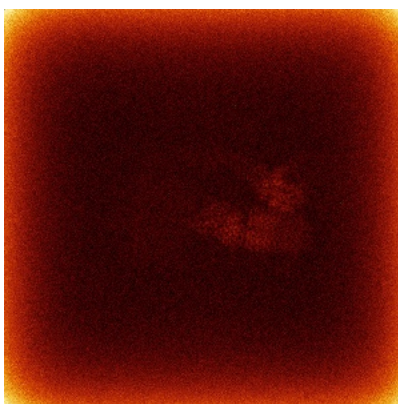


Z

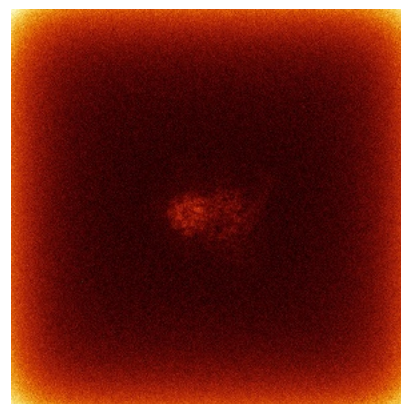
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

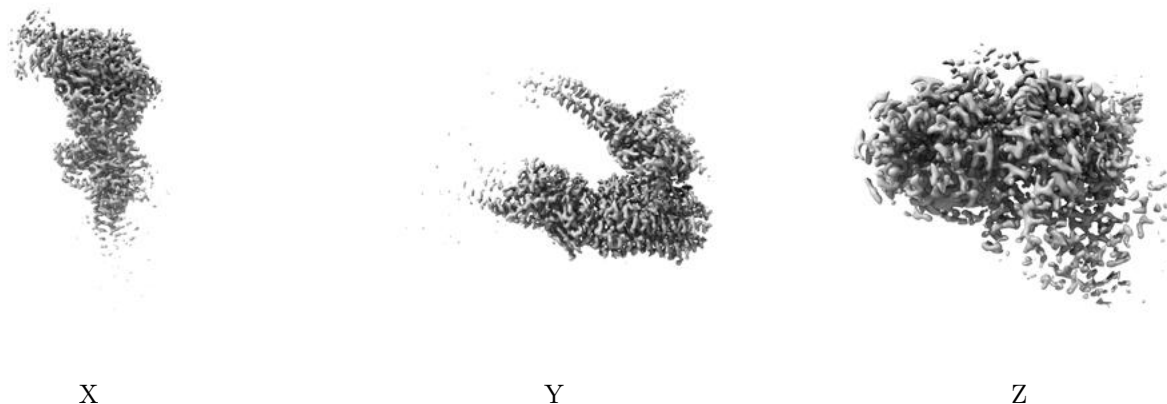


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.2. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

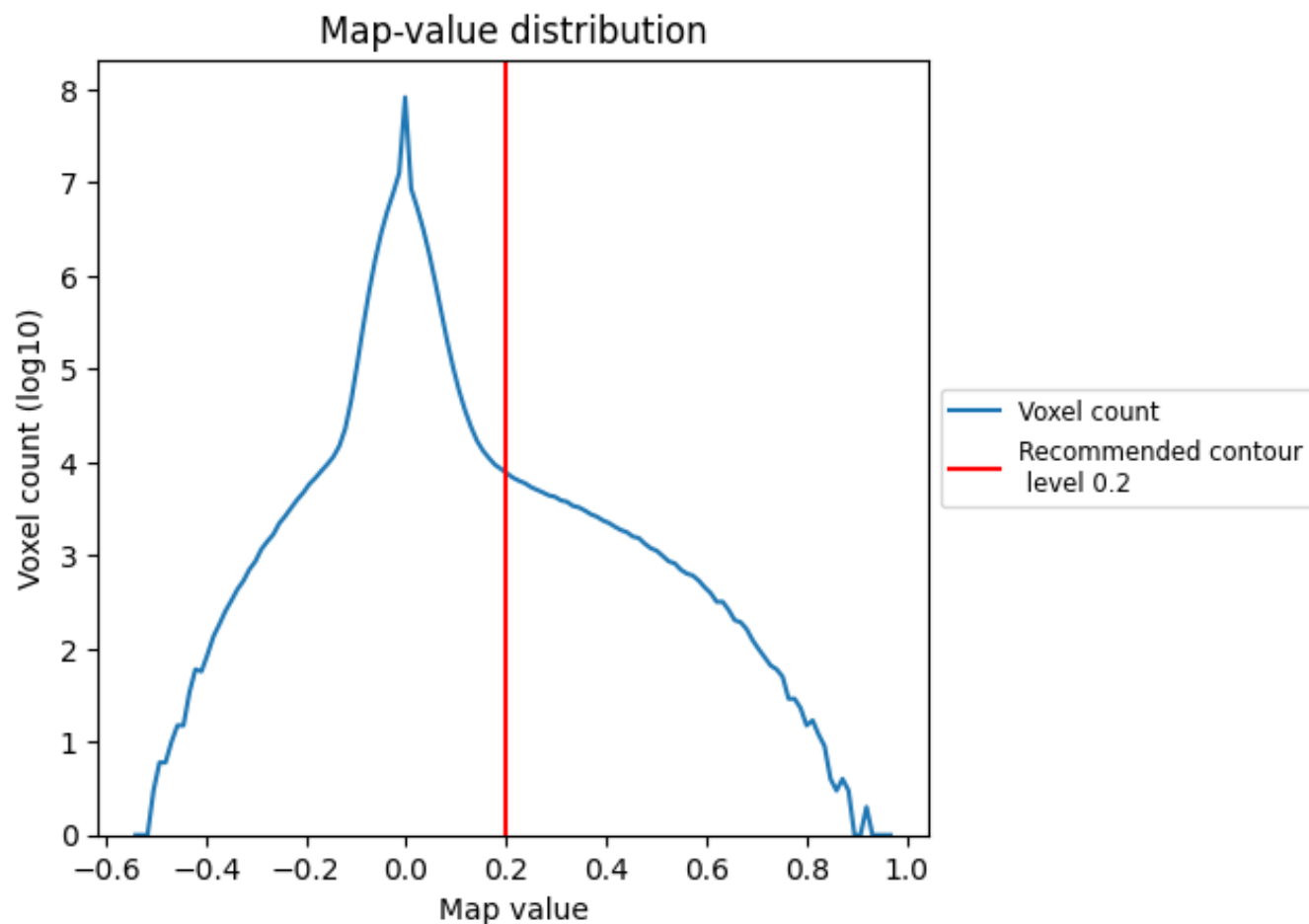
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

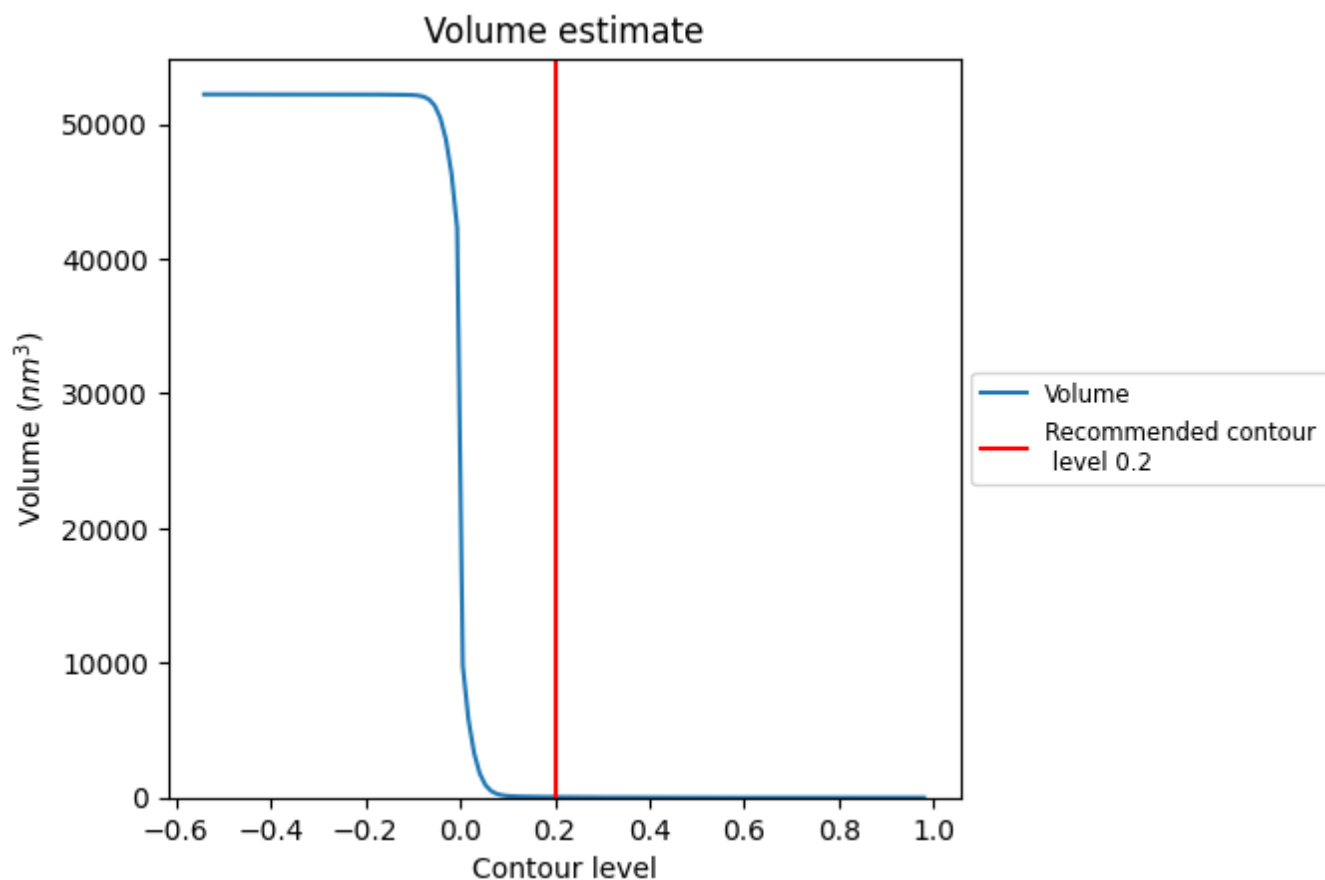
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

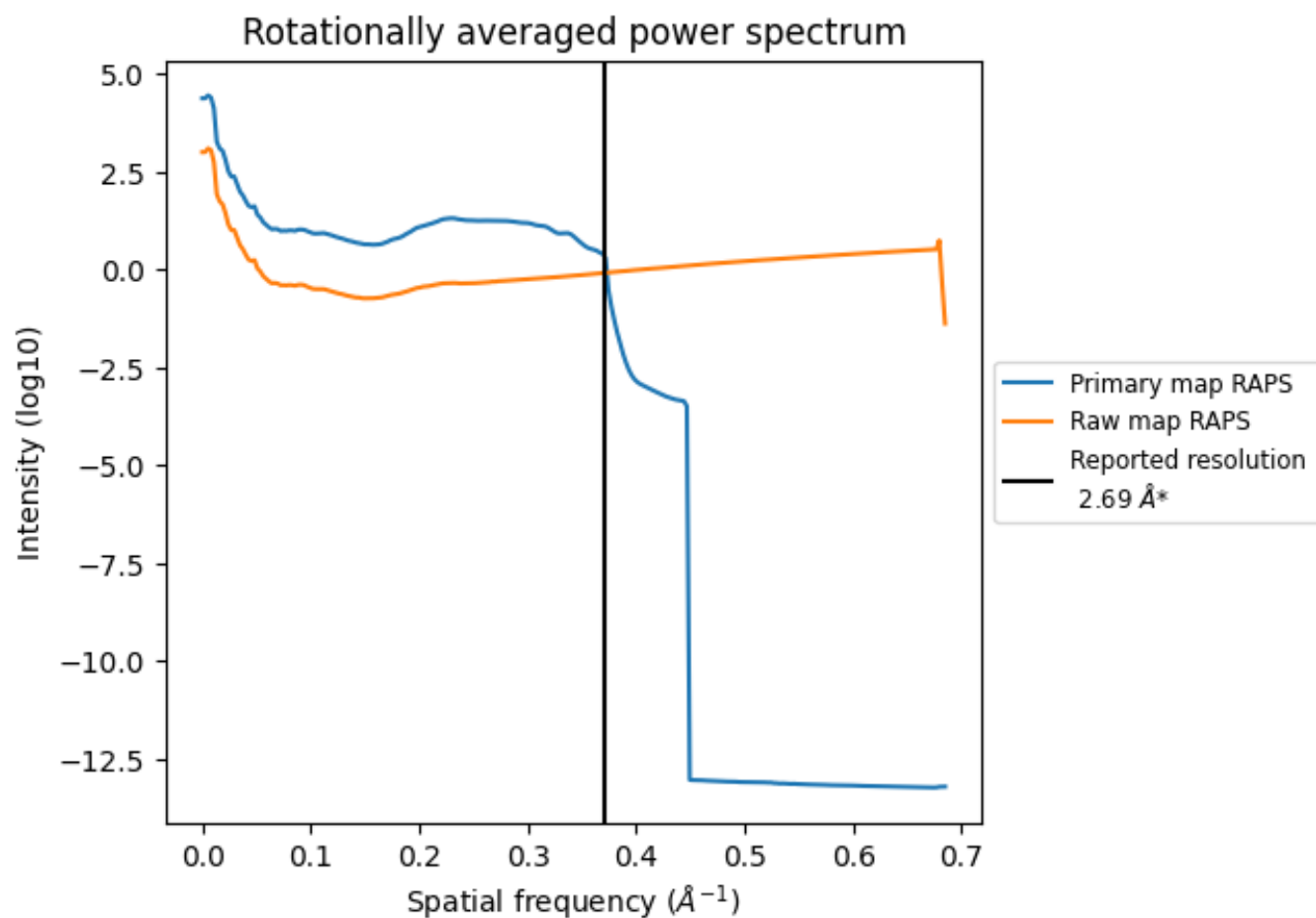
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 39 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 35 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

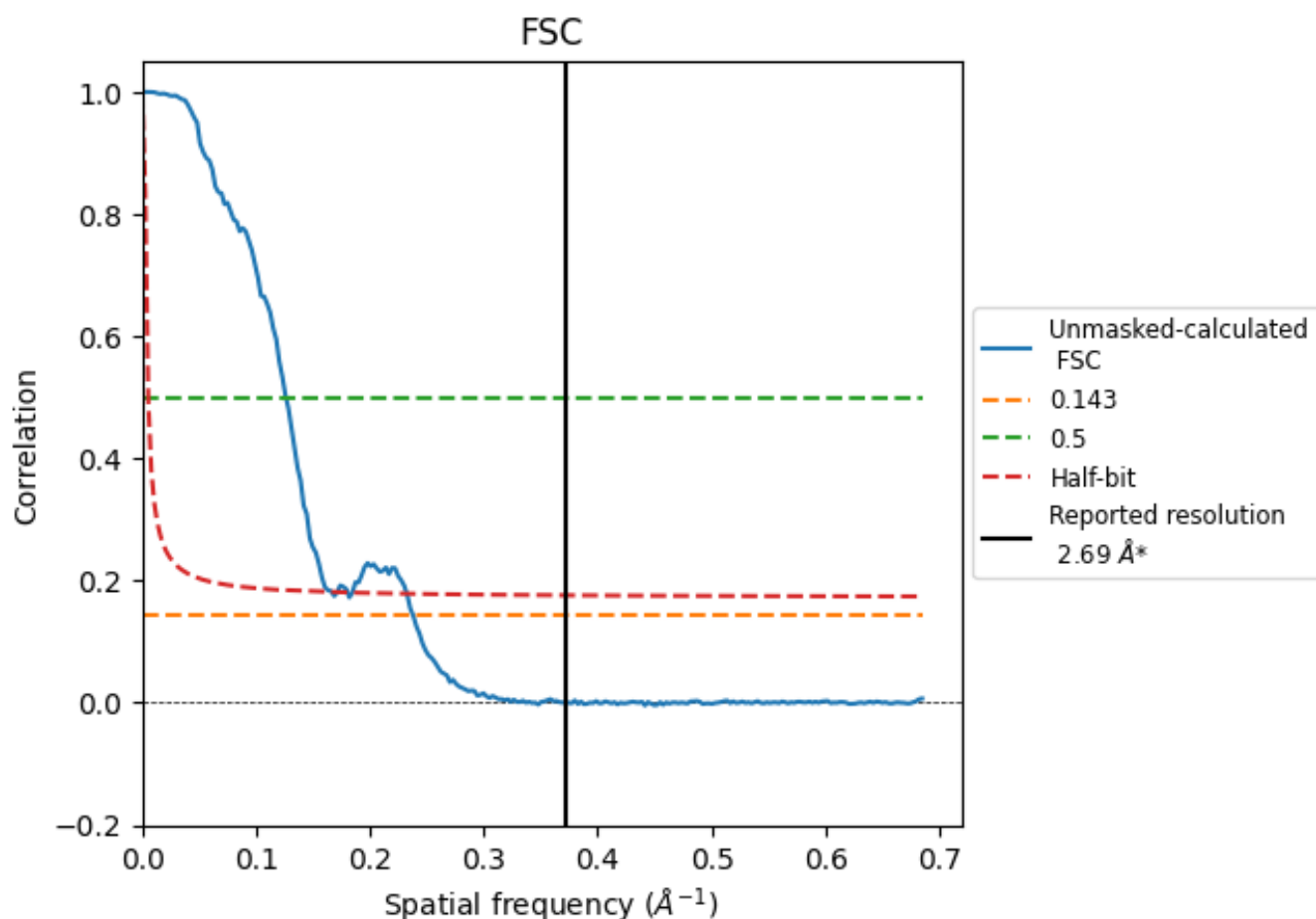


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.372 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.372 Å⁻¹

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

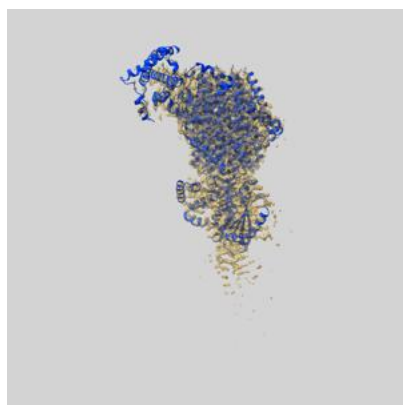
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	2.69	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	-	-	-
Unmasked-calculated*	4.20	7.92	6.01

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 4.20 differs from the reported value 2.69 by more than 10 %

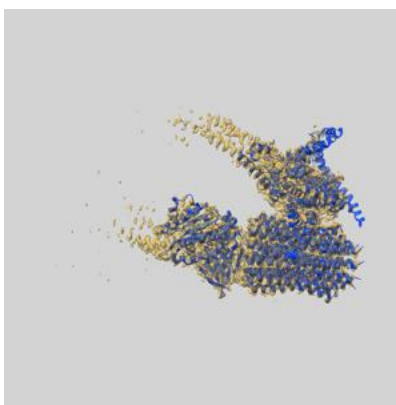
9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-34565 and PDB model 8H9F. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [8](#).

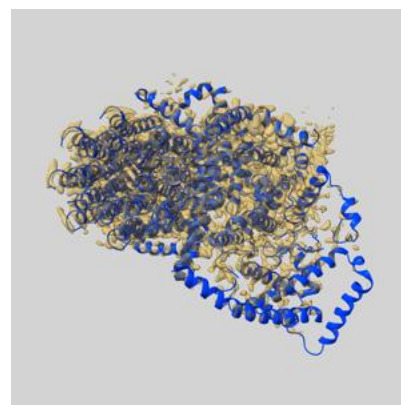
9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



X



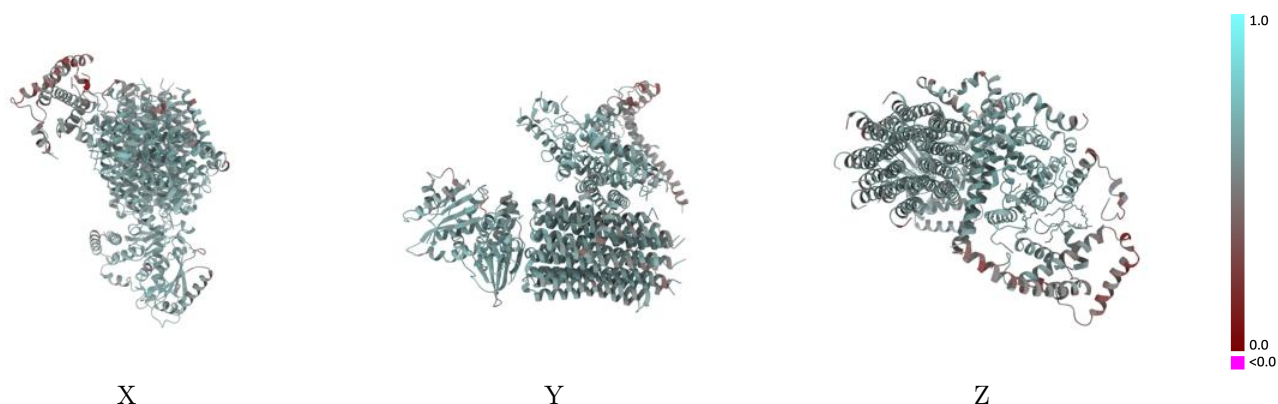
Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.2 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)

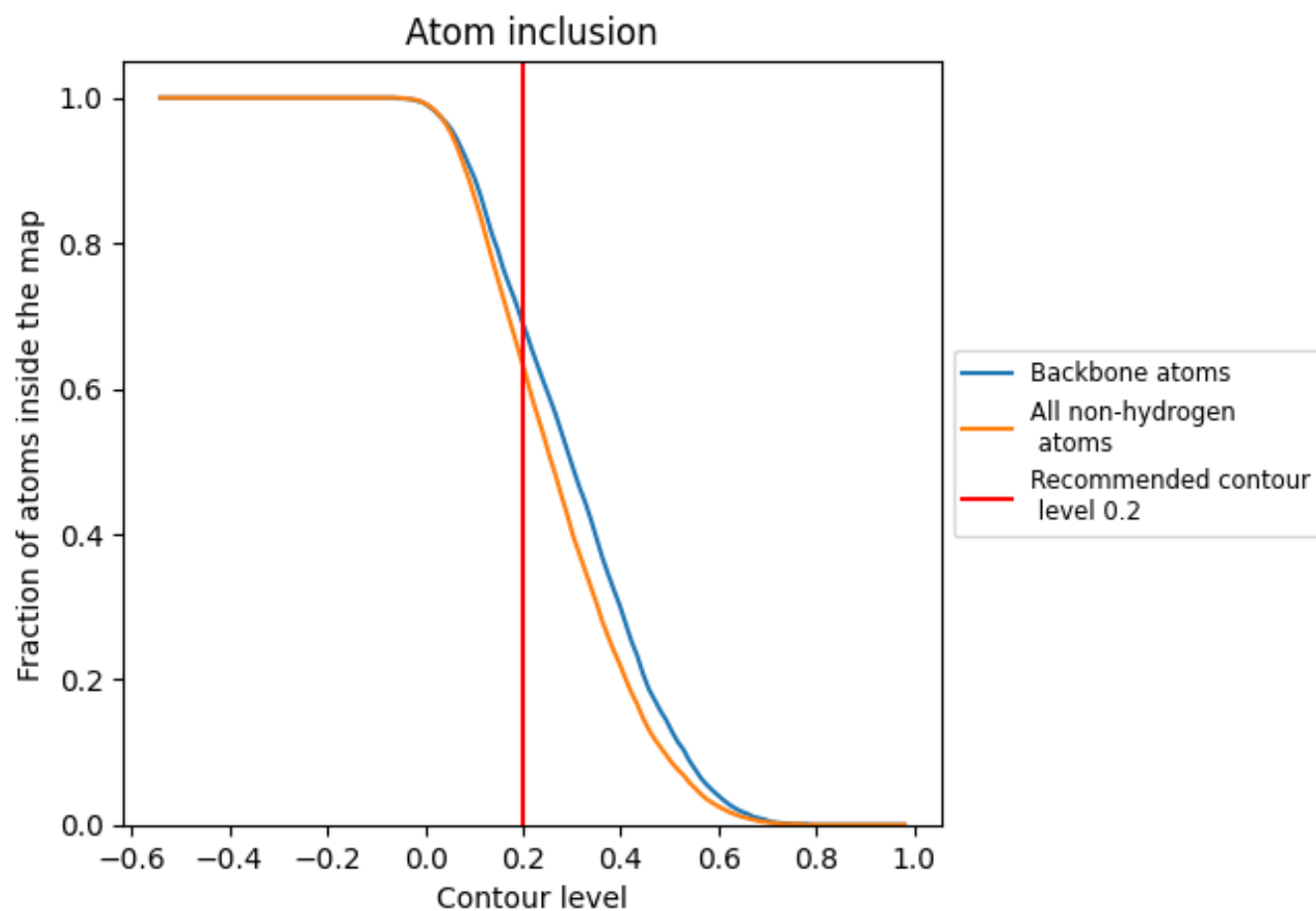


The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)

This section was not generated.

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 69% of all backbone atoms, 63% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.2) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.6320	 0.5730
1	 0.6640	 0.5830
2	 0.7040	 0.5800
3	 0.7110	 0.5920
4	 0.6660	 0.5790
5	 0.6600	 0.5800
6	 0.6740	 0.5840
7	 0.6980	 0.5840
8	 0.6490	 0.5690
G	 0.6700	 0.5800
H	 0.7010	 0.5960
I	 0.6770	 0.6000
K	 0.6370	 0.5780
M	 0.6880	 0.5950
N	 0.7070	 0.5980
P	 0.5480	 0.5580
Q	 0.8070	 0.6170
R	 0.5330	 0.5560
S	 0.1610	 0.4300
T	 0.1110	 0.4490

