



# wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

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PDB ID : 1HBW / pdb\_00001hbw  
BMRB ID : 5180  
Title : Solution nmr structure of the dimerization domain of the yeast transcriptional activator Gal4 (residues 50-106)  
Authors : Hidalgo, P.; Ansari, A.Z.; Schmidt, P.; Hare, B.; Simkovic, N.; Farrell, S.; Shin, E.J.; Ptashne, M.; Wagner, G.  
Deposited on : 2001-04-20

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A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0  
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)  
wwPDB-RCI : v\_1n\_11\_5\_13\_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)  
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)  
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2  
BMRB Restraints Analysis : v1.2  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

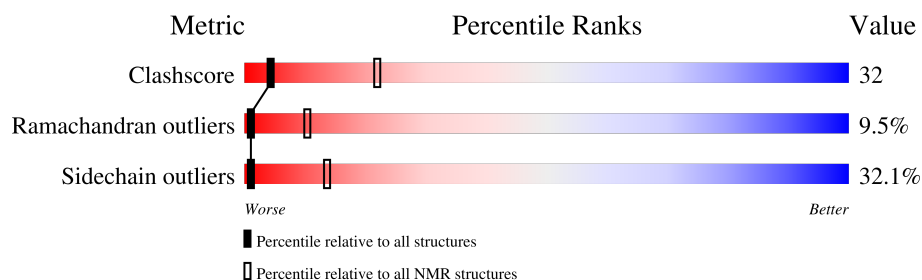
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*SOLUTION NMR*

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 14%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



| Metric                | Whole archive<br>(#Entries) | NMR archive<br>(#Entries) |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Clashscore            | 229148                      | 14424                     |
| Ramachandran outliers | 224038                      | 12848                     |
| Sidechain outliers    | 223484                      | 12823                     |

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$

| Mol | Chain | Length | Quality of chain                                                        |
|-----|-------|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1   | A     | 57     | <div> <div>14%</div> <div>58%</div> <div>9%</div> <div>19%</div> </div> |
| 1   | B     | 57     | <div> <div>16%</div> <div>58%</div> <div>7%</div> <div>19%</div> </div> |

## 2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 17 models. Model 10 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

| Well-defined (core) protein residues |                           |                   |              |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|--------------|
| Well-defined core                    | Residue range (total)     | Backbone RMSD (Å) | Medoid model |
| 1                                    | A:53-A:98, B:53-B:98 (92) | 4.66              | 10           |

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters and 1 single-model cluster was found.

| Cluster number        | Models                       |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| 1                     | 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 16, 17 |
| 2                     | 2, 7, 9, 14, 15              |
| 3                     | 11, 13                       |
| Single-model clusters | 12                           |

### 3 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 1902 atoms, of which 964 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called REGULATORY PROTEIN GAL4.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms |     |     |    |    |   | Trace |
|-----|-------|----------|-------|-----|-----|----|----|---|-------|
| 1   | A     | 57       | Total | C   | H   | N  | O  | S | 0     |
|     |       |          | 951   | 296 | 482 | 80 | 91 | 2 |       |
| 1   | B     | 57       | Total | C   | H   | N  | O  | S | 0     |
|     |       |          | 951   | 296 | 482 | 80 | 91 | 2 |       |

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

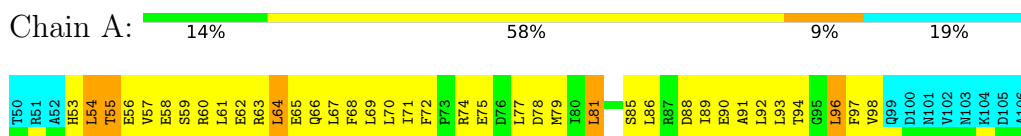
| Chain | Residue | Modelled | Actual | Comment             | Reference  |
|-------|---------|----------|--------|---------------------|------------|
| A     | 87      | ARG      | GLN    | engineered mutation | UNP P04386 |
| B     | 87      | ARG      | GLN    | engineered mutation | UNP P04386 |
| A     | 90      | GLU      | LYS    | engineered mutation | UNP P04386 |
| B     | 90      | GLU      | LYS    | engineered mutation | UNP P04386 |

## 4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

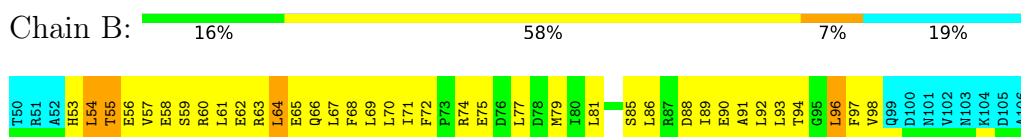
### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

#### • Molecule 1: REGULATORY PROTEIN GAL4



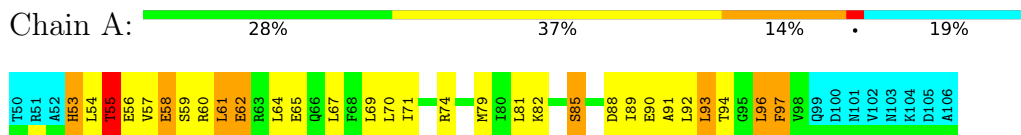
#### • Molecule 1: REGULATORY PROTEIN GAL4



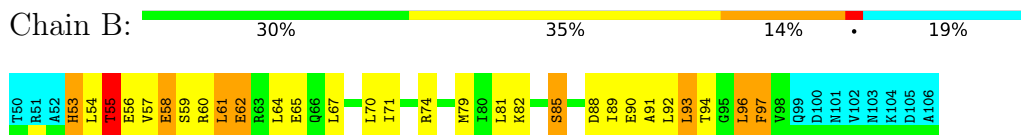
### 4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 10. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

#### • Molecule 1: REGULATORY PROTEIN GAL4



#### • Molecule 1: REGULATORY PROTEIN GAL4



## 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *SIMULATED ANNEALING PROTOCOL*.

Of the 300 calculated structures, 17 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *LOWEST ENERGY AND MINIMAL NOE DERIVED DISTANCE RESTRAINTS VIOLATIONS*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

| Software name | Classification     | Version |
|---------------|--------------------|---------|
| CNS           | refinement         |         |
| CNS           | structure solution |         |

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

|                                              |                |
|----------------------------------------------|----------------|
| Chemical shift file(s)                       | working_cs.cif |
| Number of chemical shift lists               | 1              |
| Total number of shifts                       | 223            |
| Number of shifts mapped to atoms             | 223            |
| Number of unparsed shifts                    | 0              |
| Number of shifts with mapping errors         | 0              |
| Number of shifts with mapping warnings       | 0              |
| Assignment completeness (well-defined parts) | 14%            |

## 6 Model quality [i](#)

### 6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

| Mol | Chain | Non-H | H(model) | H(added) | Clashes |
|-----|-------|-------|----------|----------|---------|
| 1   | A     | 383   | 400      | 399      | 33±10   |
| 1   | B     | 383   | 400      | 399      | 33±9    |
| All | All   | 13022 | 13600    | 13566    | 848     |

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 32.

5 of 506 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

| Atom-1          | Atom-2          | Clash(Å) | Distance(Å) | Models |       |
|-----------------|-----------------|----------|-------------|--------|-------|
|                 |                 |          |             | Worst  | Total |
| 1:A:54:LEU:HD23 | 1:B:57:VAL:HG22 | 1.09     | 1.17        | 14     | 4     |
| 1:A:93:LEU:HD12 | 1:B:93:LEU:HD12 | 1.06     | 1.14        | 12     | 3     |
| 1:A:57:VAL:HG22 | 1:B:54:LEU:HD23 | 1.06     | 1.18        | 14     | 4     |
| 1:A:81:LEU:HD22 | 1:B:81:LEU:HD22 | 1.00     | 1.32        | 12     | 2     |
| 1:A:71:ILE:HD11 | 1:B:71:ILE:HD11 | 0.95     | 1.36        | 15     | 1     |

### 6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

#### 6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR

entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

| Mol | Chain | Analysed        | Favoured     | Allowed      | Outliers    | Percentiles |    |
|-----|-------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|----|
| 1   | A     | 46/57 (81%)     | 31±2 (68±5%) | 10±3 (22±6%) | 4±1 (9±3%)  | 1           | 10 |
| 1   | B     | 46/57 (81%)     | 31±2 (68±5%) | 10±3 (23±6%) | 4±1 (10±3%) | 1           | 10 |
| All | All   | 1564/1938 (81%) | 1064 (68%)   | 351 (22%)    | 149 (10%)   | 1           | 10 |

5 of 38 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

| Mol | Chain | Res | Type | Models (Total) |
|-----|-------|-----|------|----------------|
| 1   | A     | 55  | THR  | 14             |
| 1   | B     | 55  | THR  | 14             |
| 1   | A     | 54  | LEU  | 6              |
| 1   | B     | 54  | LEU  | 6              |
| 1   | A     | 68  | PHE  | 6              |

### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

| Mol | Chain | Analysed        | Rotameric    | Outliers     | Percentiles |    |
|-----|-------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|----|
| 1   | A     | 44/53 (83%)     | 30±2 (67±4%) | 14±2 (33±4%) | 1           | 13 |
| 1   | B     | 44/53 (83%)     | 30±2 (69±4%) | 14±2 (31±4%) | 1           | 14 |
| All | All   | 1496/1802 (83%) | 1016 (68%)   | 480 (32%)    | 1           | 14 |

5 of 82 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

| Mol | Chain | Res | Type | Models (Total) |
|-----|-------|-----|------|----------------|
| 1   | A     | 64  | LEU  | 17             |
| 1   | B     | 64  | LEU  | 17             |
| 1   | A     | 96  | LEU  | 13             |
| 1   | B     | 96  | LEU  | 13             |
| 1   | A     | 81  | LEU  | 12             |

### 6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

### 6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

### 6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 7 Chemical shift validation [i](#)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 14% for the well-defined parts and 13% for the entire structure.

### 7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working\_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned\_chem\_shift\_list\_1*

#### 7.1.1 Bookkeeping [i](#)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

|                                         |     |
|-----------------------------------------|-----|
| Total number of shifts                  | 223 |
| Number of shifts mapped to atoms        | 223 |
| Number of unparsed shifts               | 0   |
| Number of shifts with mapping errors    | 0   |
| Number of shifts with mapping warnings  | 0   |
| Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker) | 1   |

#### 7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing [i](#)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

| Nucleus                | # values | Correction $\pm$ precision, ppm | Suggested action           |
|------------------------|----------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|
| $^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$ | 34       | $4.06 \pm 0.34$                 | Should be checked          |
| $^{13}\text{C}_\beta$  | 0        | —                               | None (insufficient data)   |
| $^{13}\text{C}'$       | 0        | —                               | None (insufficient data)   |
| $^{15}\text{N}$        | 39       | $-0.08 \pm 0.36$                | None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm) |

#### 7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 14%, i.e. 193 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1396. 0 out of 28 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

|           | Total         | $^1\text{H}$ | $^{13}\text{C}$ | $^{15}\text{N}$ |
|-----------|---------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Backbone  | 133/458 (29%) | 68/184 (37%) | 30/184 (16%)    | 35/90 (39%)     |
| Sidechain | 60/862 (7%)   | 60/564 (11%) | 0/270 (0%)      | 0/28 (0%)       |

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|          | Total          | <sup>1</sup> H | <sup>13</sup> C | <sup>15</sup> N |
|----------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Aromatic | 0/76 (0%)      | 0/38 (0%)      | 0/34 (0%)       | 0/4 (0%)        |
| Overall  | 193/1396 (14%) | 128/786 (16%)  | 30/488 (6%)     | 35/122 (29%)    |

#### 7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

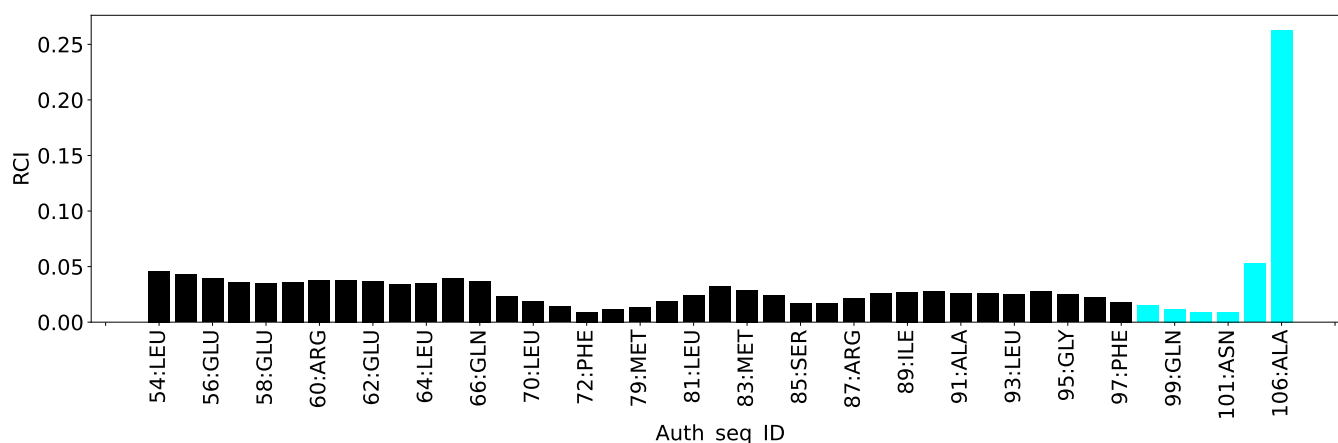
The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

| List Id | Chain | Res | Type | Atom | Shift, ppm | Expected range, ppm | Z-score |
|---------|-------|-----|------|------|------------|---------------------|---------|
| 1       | A     | 100 | ASP  | HA   | 2.61       | 3.04 – 6.12         | -6.4    |

#### 7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



## 8 NMR restraints analysis [i](#)

### 8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints [i](#)

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

| Description                                              | Value |
|----------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| Total distance restraints                                | 76    |
| Intra-residue ( $ i-j =0$ )                              | 0     |
| Sequential ( $ i-j =1$ )                                 | 0     |
| Medium range ( $ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$ )                 | 0     |
| Long range ( $ i-j \geq 5$ )                             | 0     |
| Inter-chain                                              | 0     |
| Hydrogen bond restraints                                 | 76    |
| Disulfide bond restraints                                | 0     |
| Total dihedral-angle restraints                          | 0     |
| Number of unmapped restraints                            | 0     |
| Number of restraints per residue                         | 0.7   |
| Number of long range restraints per residue <sup>1</sup> | 0.0   |

<sup>1</sup>Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

### 8.2 Residual restraint violations [i](#)

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

#### 8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model [i](#)

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation. There are no distance violations

#### 8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model [i](#)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation. There are no dihedral-angle violations

## 9 Distance violation analysis

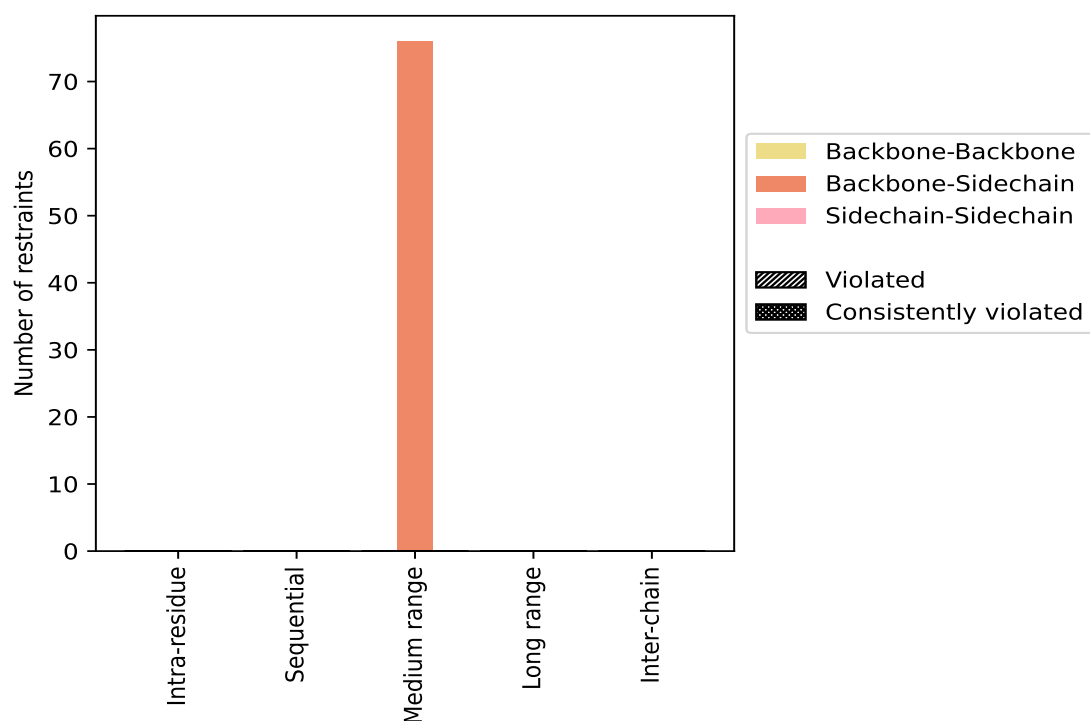
### 9.1 Summary of distance violations

The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

| Restrains type                                             | Count | % <sup>1</sup> | Violated <sup>3</sup> |                |                | Consistently Violated <sup>4</sup> |                |                |
|------------------------------------------------------------|-------|----------------|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
|                                                            |       |                | Count                 | % <sup>2</sup> | % <sup>1</sup> | Count                              | % <sup>2</sup> | % <sup>1</sup> |
| <a href="#">Intra-residue ( i-j =0)</a>                    | 0     | 0.0            | 0                     | 0.0            | 0.0            | 0                                  | 0.0            | 0.0            |
| Backbone-Backbone                                          | 0     | 0.0            | 0                     | 0.0            | 0.0            | 0                                  | 0.0            | 0.0            |
| Backbone-Sidechain                                         | 0     | 0.0            | 0                     | 0.0            | 0.0            | 0                                  | 0.0            | 0.0            |
| Sidechain-Sidechain                                        | 0     | 0.0            | 0                     | 0.0            | 0.0            | 0                                  | 0.0            | 0.0            |
| <a href="#">Sequential ( i-j =1)</a>                       | 0     | 0.0            | 0                     | 0.0            | 0.0            | 0                                  | 0.0            | 0.0            |
| Backbone-Backbone                                          | 0     | 0.0            | 0                     | 0.0            | 0.0            | 0                                  | 0.0            | 0.0            |
| Backbone-Sidechain                                         | 0     | 0.0            | 0                     | 0.0            | 0.0            | 0                                  | 0.0            | 0.0            |
| Sidechain-Sidechain                                        | 0     | 0.0            | 0                     | 0.0            | 0.0            | 0                                  | 0.0            | 0.0            |
| <a href="#">Medium range ( i-j &gt;1 &amp;  i-j &lt;5)</a> | 0     | 0.0            | 0                     | 0.0            | 0.0            | 0                                  | 0.0            | 0.0            |
| Backbone-Backbone                                          | 0     | 0.0            | 0                     | 0.0            | 0.0            | 0                                  | 0.0            | 0.0            |
| Backbone-Sidechain                                         | 0     | 0.0            | 0                     | 0.0            | 0.0            | 0                                  | 0.0            | 0.0            |
| Sidechain-Sidechain                                        | 0     | 0.0            | 0                     | 0.0            | 0.0            | 0                                  | 0.0            | 0.0            |
| <a href="#">Long range ( i-j ≥5)</a>                       | 0     | 0.0            | 0                     | 0.0            | 0.0            | 0                                  | 0.0            | 0.0            |
| Backbone-Backbone                                          | 0     | 0.0            | 0                     | 0.0            | 0.0            | 0                                  | 0.0            | 0.0            |
| Backbone-Sidechain                                         | 0     | 0.0            | 0                     | 0.0            | 0.0            | 0                                  | 0.0            | 0.0            |
| Sidechain-Sidechain                                        | 0     | 0.0            | 0                     | 0.0            | 0.0            | 0                                  | 0.0            | 0.0            |
| <a href="#">Inter-chain</a>                                | 0     | 0.0            | 0                     | 0.0            | 0.0            | 0                                  | 0.0            | 0.0            |
| Backbone-Backbone                                          | 0     | 0.0            | 0                     | 0.0            | 0.0            | 0                                  | 0.0            | 0.0            |
| Backbone-Sidechain                                         | 0     | 0.0            | 0                     | 0.0            | 0.0            | 0                                  | 0.0            | 0.0            |
| Sidechain-Sidechain                                        | 0     | 0.0            | 0                     | 0.0            | 0.0            | 0                                  | 0.0            | 0.0            |
| <a href="#">Hydrogen bond</a>                              | 76    | 100.0          | 0                     | 0.0            | 0.0            | 0                                  | 0.0            | 0.0            |
| <a href="#">Disulfide bond</a>                             | 0     | 0.0            | 0                     | 0.0            | 0.0            | 0                                  | 0.0            | 0.0            |
| <a href="#">Total</a>                                      | 76    | 100.0          | 0                     | 0.0            | 0.0            | 0                                  | 0.0            | 0.0            |
| Backbone-Backbone                                          | 0     | 0.0            | 0                     | 0.0            | 0.0            | 0                                  | 0.0            | 0.0            |
| Backbone-Sidechain                                         | 76    | 100.0          | 0                     | 0.0            | 0.0            | 0                                  | 0.0            | 0.0            |
| Sidechain-Sidechain                                        | 0     | 0.0            | 0                     | 0.0            | 0.0            | 0                                  | 0.0            | 0.0            |

<sup>1</sup> percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, <sup>2</sup> percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, <sup>3</sup> violated in at least one model, <sup>4</sup> violated in all the models

### 9.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of distance restraints and violations [i](#)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

## 9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model [i](#)

No violations found

## 9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble [i](#)

No violations found

## 9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble [i](#)

No violations found

## 9.5 All violated distance restraints [i](#)

No violations found

## 10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis ⓘ

No dihedral-angle restraints found