wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Mar 5, 2026 – 07:56 PM UTC

PDB ID	:	7HVN / pdb_00007hvn
Title	:	Group deposition of Coxsackievirus A16 (G-10) 2A protease in complex with inhibitors from the ASAP AViDD centre – Crystal structure of Coxsackievirus A16 (G-10) 2A protease in complex with ASAP-0032666-001 (A71EV2A-x3568)
Authors	:	Lithgo, R.M.; Fairhead, M.; Koekemoer, L.; Balcomb, B.H.; Capkin, E.; Chandran, A.V.; Golding, M.; Godoy, A.S.; Aschenbrenner, J.C.; Marples, P.G.; Ni, X.; Thompson, W.; Tomlinson, C.W.E.; Wild, C.; Winokan, M.; Xavier, M.-A.E.; Kenton, N.; Tucker, J.; DiPoto, M.; Lee, A.; Fearon, D.; von Delft, F.
Deposited on	:	2025-01-10
Resolution	:	1.38 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

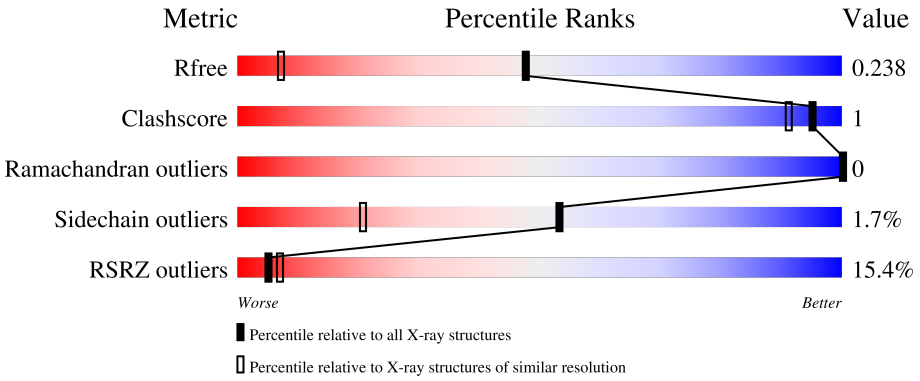
MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Buster-report	:	wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.38 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	4403 (1.40-1.36)
Clashscore	190562	4528 (1.40-1.36)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	4459 (1.40-1.36)
Sidechain outliers	187428	4458 (1.40-1.36)
RSRZ outliers	180081	4399 (1.40-1.36)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	144	22% 85% 10%
1	C	144	8% 96%

CCP4	:	9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	A1BPJ	A	201	-	-	-	X
4	DMS	A	203	-	-	-	X
4	DMS	C	203	-	-	-	X

2 Entry composition (i)

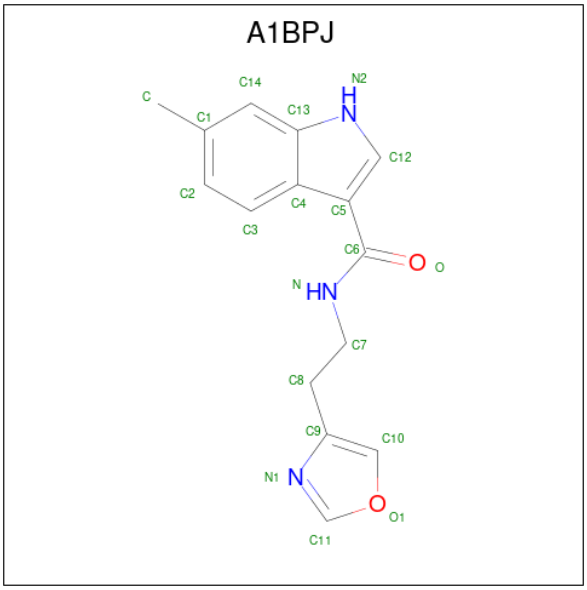
There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2259 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Protease 2A.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	140	Total	C	N	O	S	0	3	0
			1093	684	193	209	7			
1	C	140	Total	C	N	O	S	0	2	0
			1090	682	193	208	7			

- Molecule 2 is 6-methyl-N-[2-(1,3-oxazol-4-yl)ethyl]-1H-indole-3-carboxamide (CCD ID: A1BPJ) (formula: $C_{15}H_{15}N_3O_2$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			20	15	3	2		

- Molecule 3 is ZINC ION (CCD ID: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	Zn	0	0
			1	1		

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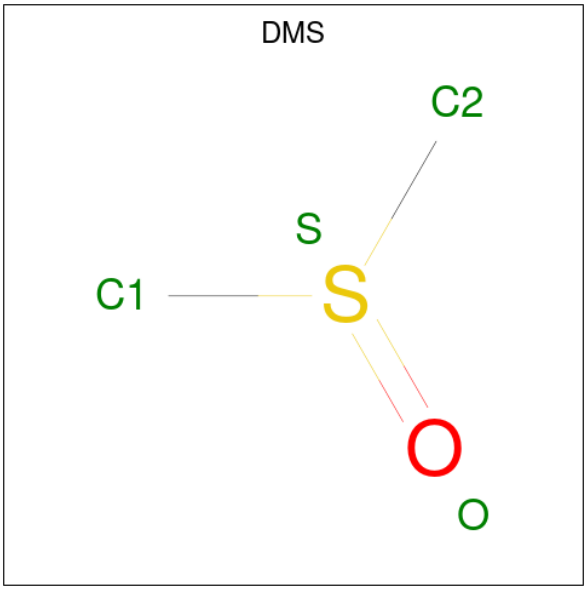
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	C	1	Total Zn 1 1	0	0

- Molecule 4 is DIMETHYL SULFOXIDE (CCD ID: DMS) (formula: C_2H_6OS).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total C O S 4 2 1 1	0	0
4	C	1	Total C O S 4 2 1 1	0	0
4	C	1	Total C O S 4 2 1 1	0	0

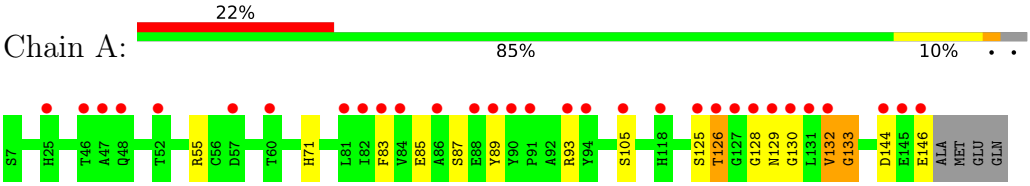
- Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	19	Total O 19 19	0	0
5	C	23	Total O 23 23	0	0

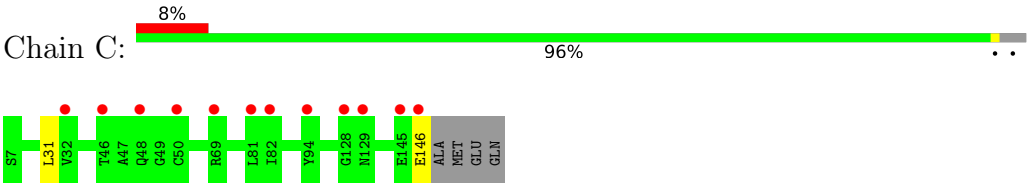
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Protease 2A



- Molecule 1: Protease 2A



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	86.77Å 56.85Å 65.05Å 90.00° 94.66° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	39.16 – 1.38 39.16 – 1.38	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.4 (39.16-1.38) 99.4 (39.16-1.38)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.09	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	2.17 (at 1.38Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	BUSTER 2.10.4 (23-JAN-2024)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.240 , 0.245 0.227 , 0.238	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	3211 reflections (4.95%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	13.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.087	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.38 , 25.2	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.50$, $< L^2 > = 0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	2259	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	17.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 71.90 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 2.4230e-06. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.*

[1] Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2] Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: A1BPJ, ZN, DMS

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#$\|Z\|$ >5	RMSZ	#$\|Z\|$ >5
1	A	1.07	3/1128 (0.3%)	1.19	8/1534 (0.5%)
1	C	0.91	0/1122	0.93	0/1526
All	All	0.99	3/2250 (0.1%)	1.06	8/3060 (0.3%)

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	85	GLU	C-O	-8.32	1.12	1.23
1	A	125	SER	C-O	-5.44	1.17	1.24
1	A	128	GLY	C-O	-5.32	1.16	1.23

The worst 5 of 8 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	A	83	PHE	CA-C-O	-9.56	110.02	120.92
1	A	126	THR	CA-C-N	-6.89	111.41	120.91
1	A	126	THR	C-N-CA	-6.89	111.41	120.91
1	A	130	GLY	N-CA-C	-5.49	107.69	115.43
1	A	133	GLY	CA-C-O	-5.36	115.39	120.64

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1093	0	1042	5	0
1	C	1090	0	1037	1	0
2	A	20	0	0	0	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	C	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	4	0	6	1	0
4	C	8	0	12	0	0
5	A	19	0	0	0	0
5	C	23	0	0	0	0
All	All	2259	0	2097	5	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All (5) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:87:SER:HB3	4:A:203:DMS:H21	1.84	0.58
1:A:105[B]:SER:HB3	1:A:132:VAL:HG23	1.98	0.46
1:A:126:THR:OG1	1:A:133:GLY:HA3	2.17	0.45
1:A:71:HIS:CD2	1:C:31:LEU:HD23	2.53	0.43
1:A:55:ARG:HH21	1:A:144:ASP:CG	2.27	0.41

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	141/144 (98%)	137 (97%)	4 (3%)	0	100	100
1	C	140/144 (97%)	138 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
All	All	281/288 (98%)	275 (98%)	6 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	120/120 (100%)	117 (98%)	3 (2%)	42 11
1	C	119/120 (99%)	118 (99%)	1 (1%)	73 48
All	All	239/240 (100%)	235 (98%)	4 (2%)	53 21

All (4) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	129	ASN
1	A	132	VAL
1	A	146	GLU
1	C	146	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	26	ASN

5.3.3 RNA

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 6 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
2	A1BPJ	A	201	-	22,22,22	0.41	0	24,30,30	3.13	1 (4%)
4	DMS	C	203	-	3,3,3	0.71	0	3,3,3	0.36	0
4	DMS	A	203	-	3,3,3	0.53	0	3,3,3	0.25	0
4	DMS	C	202	-	3,3,3	0.68	0	3,3,3	0.38	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	A1BPJ	A	201	-	-	2/10/10/10	0/3/3/3

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
2	A	201	A1BPJ	C7-C8-C9	-15.01	87.58	112.02

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	201	A1BPJ	C5-C6-N-C7
2	A	201	A1BPJ	O-C6-N-C7

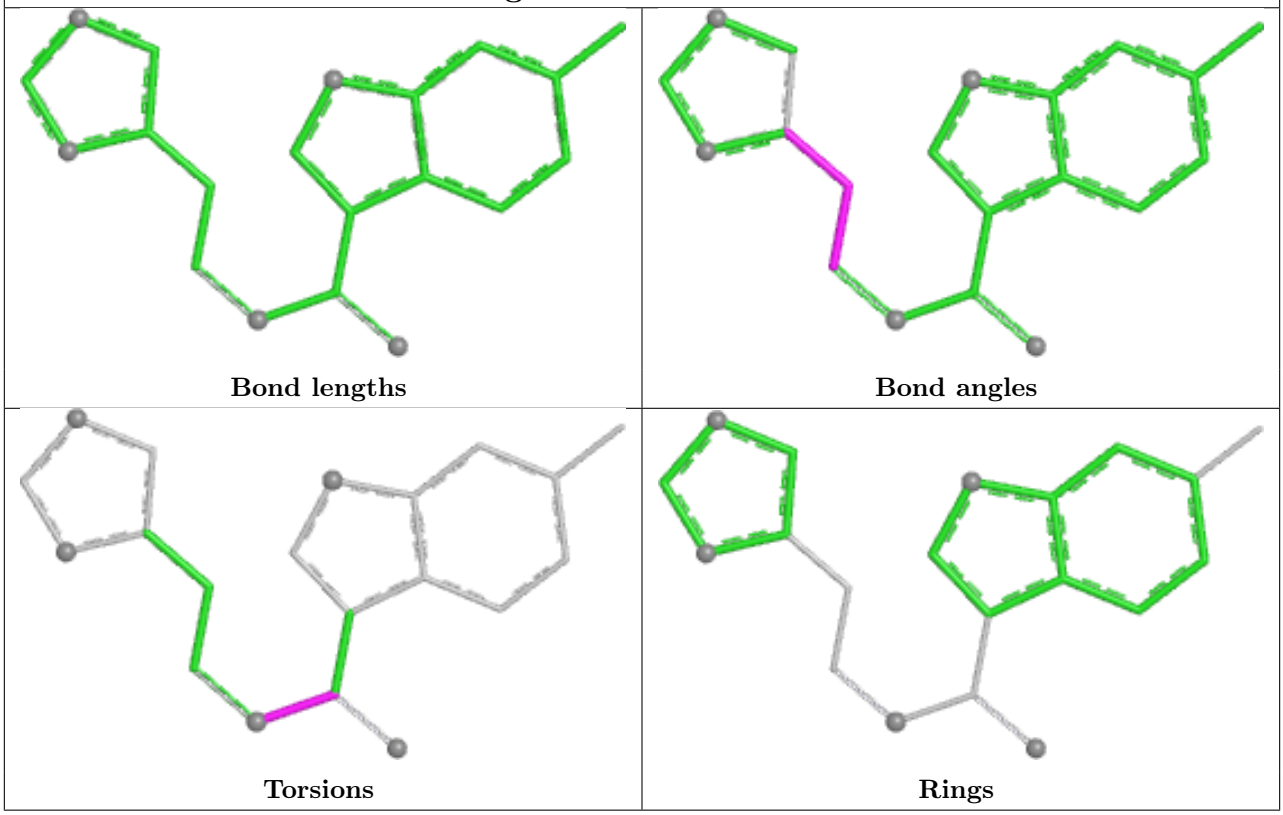
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	203	DMS	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

Ligand A1BPJ A 201



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	A	140/144 (97%)	1.11	31 (22%) 2 2	8, 16, 29, 46	3 (2%)
1	C	140/144 (97%)	0.70	12 (8%) 16 19	8, 15, 26, 46	2 (1%)
All	All	280/288 (97%)	0.91	43 (15%) 5 7	8, 15, 28, 46	5 (1%)

The worst 5 of 43 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	127	GLY	6.4
1	A	128	GLY	6.0
1	A	82	ILE	5.1
1	A	131	LEU	5.0
1	A	146	GLU	4.7

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands

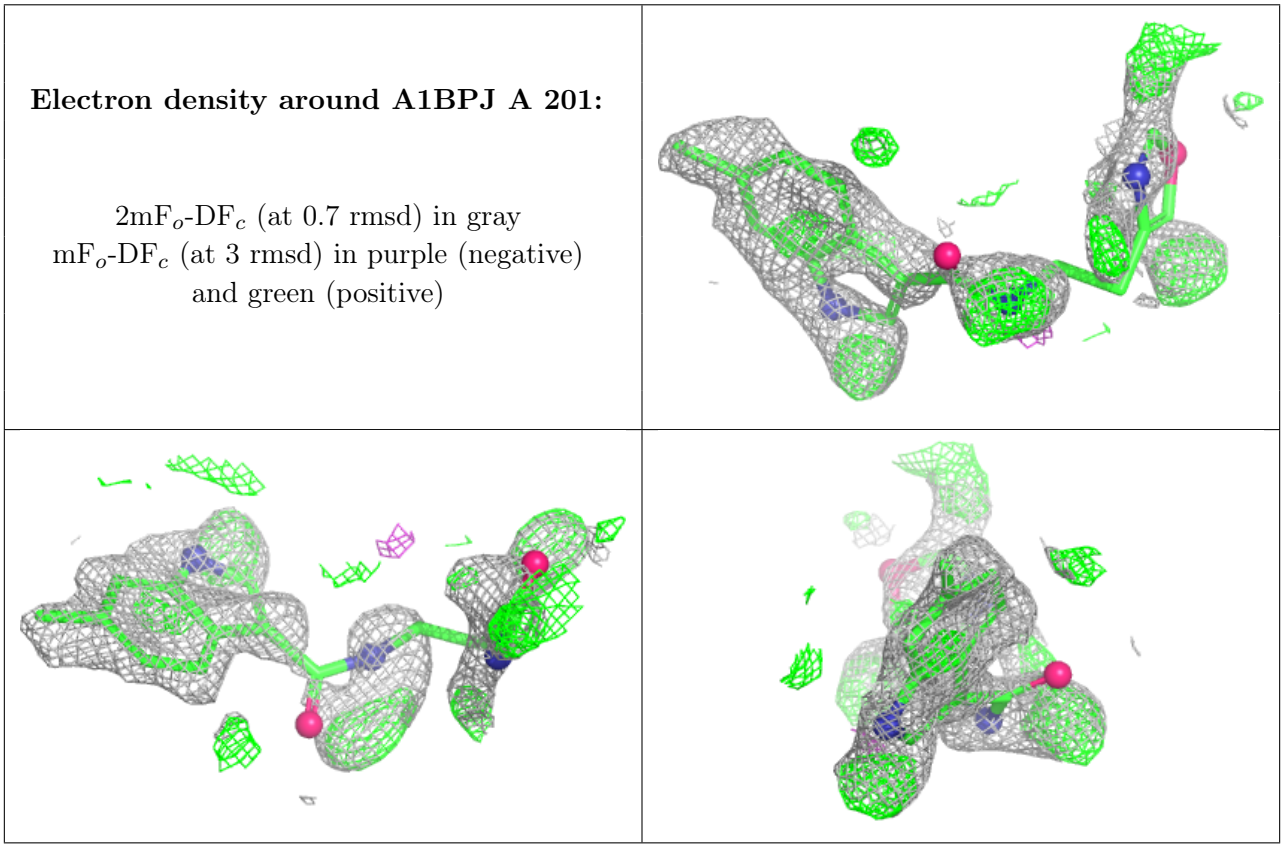
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
4	DMS	C	203	4/4	0.46	0.41	72,72,72,72	0
2	A1BPJ	A	201	20/20	0.52	0.43	30,31,34,34	20
4	DMS	A	203	4/4	0.57	0.50	95,95,95,95	0
4	DMS	C	202	4/4	0.58	0.38	59,59,59,60	0
3	ZN	A	202	1/1	0.96	0.07	16,16,16,16	0
3	ZN	C	201	1/1	0.99	0.03	13,13,13,13	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around A1BPJ A 201:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.