



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 5, 2026 – 06:10 PM UTC

PDB ID : 5I2G / pdb_00005i2g
Title : 1,2-propanediol Dehydration in Roseburia inulinivorans; Structural Basis for Substrate and Enantiomer Selectivity
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Deposited on : 2016-02-08
Resolution : 2.35 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4	:	9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

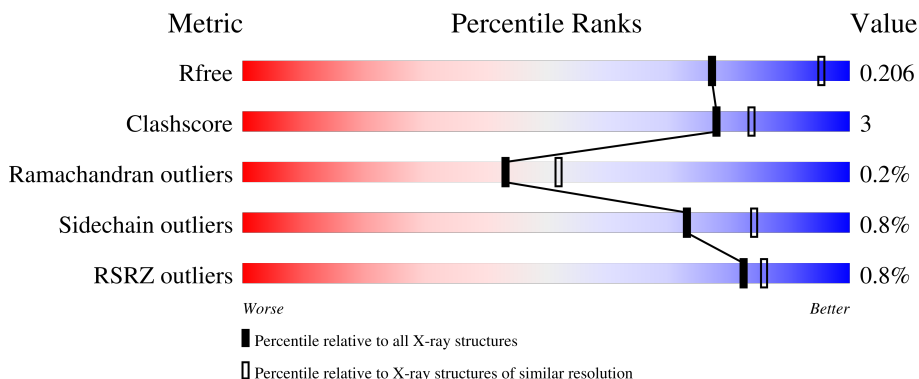
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.35 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	1596 (2.36-2.36)
Clashscore	190562	1663 (2.36-2.36)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	1646 (2.36-2.36)
Sidechain outliers	187428	1646 (2.36-2.36)
RSRZ outliers	180081	1598 (2.36-2.36)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	843	% 87% 7% 6%
1	B	843	86% 8% 6%

2 Entry composition [i](#)

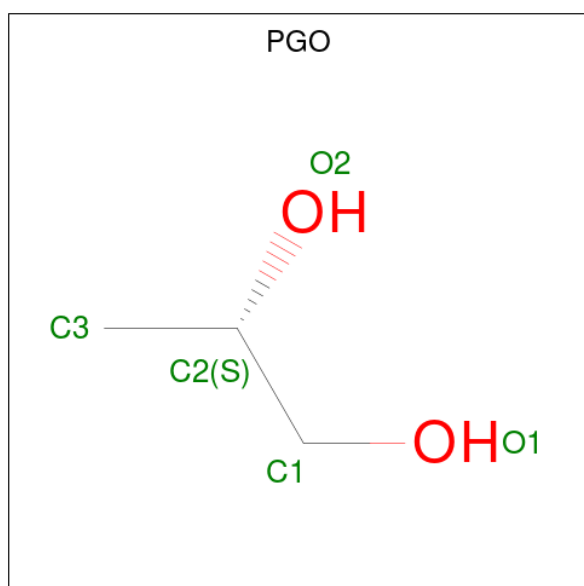
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 12995 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Diol dehydratase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	796	Total	C	N	O	S	0	7	0
			6302	3989	1062	1208	43			
1	B	796	Total	C	N	O	S	0	8	0
			6314	3997	1063	1211	43			

- Molecule 2 is S-1,2-PROPANEDIOL (CCD ID: PGO) (formula: $C_3H_8O_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			5	3	2		
2	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			5	3	2		

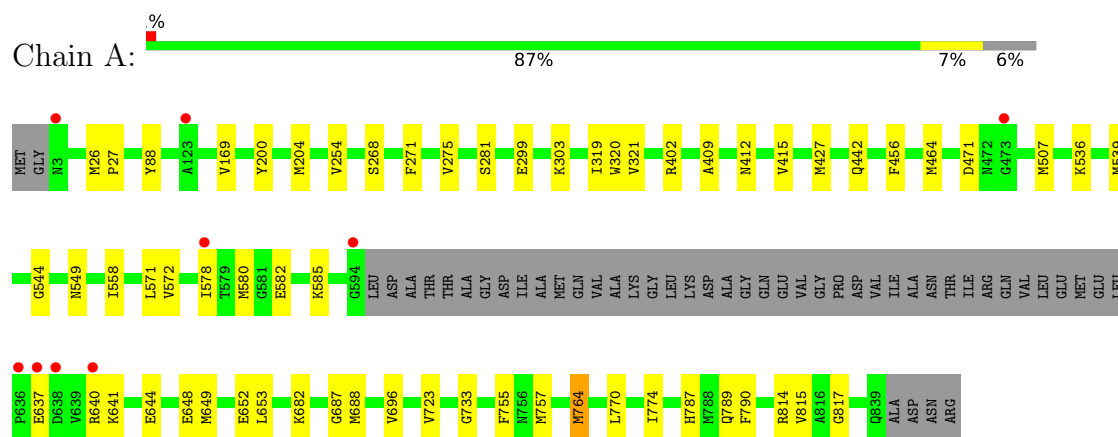
- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	199	Total 199	O 199	0	0
3	B	170	Total 170	O 170	0	0

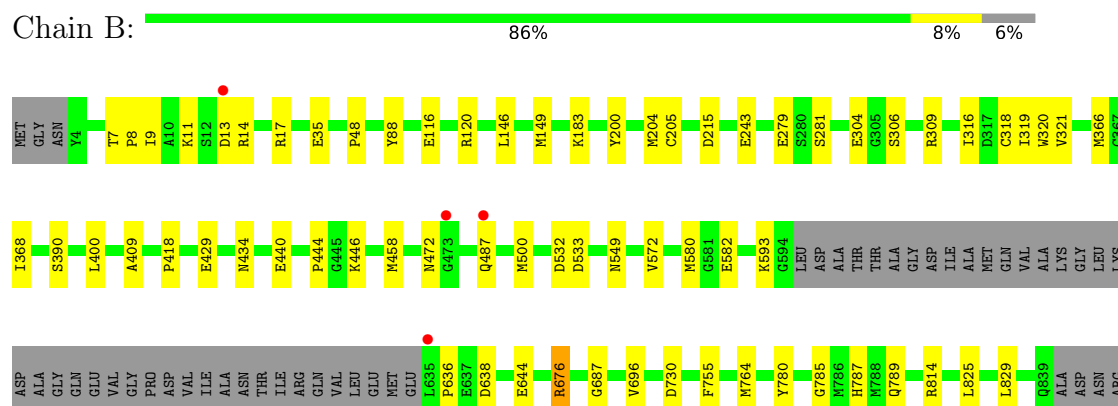
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Diol dehydratase



• Molecule 1: Diol dehydratase



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	204.33Å 83.25Å 138.26Å 90.00° 129.90° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	35.36 – 2.35 35.36 – 2.35	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	98.9 (35.36-2.35) 98.9 (35.36-2.35)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.13	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.12	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.61 (at 2.34Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX dev_1639	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.145 , 0.203 0.154 , 0.206	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	2002 reflections (2.70%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	32.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.603	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.35 , 39.6	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.014 for -h-2*k,l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	12995	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	35.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.29% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PGO

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.69	14/6449 (0.2%)	0.78	7/8723 (0.1%)
1	B	0.67	14/6461 (0.2%)	0.78	4/8740 (0.0%)
All	All	0.68	28/12910 (0.2%)	0.78	11/17463 (0.1%)

The worst 5 of 28 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	319	ILE	C-O	-18.73	1.01	1.24
1	B	319	ILE	C-O	-17.81	1.02	1.24
1	A	320	TRP	C-O	-15.74	1.05	1.24
1	B	320	TRP	C-O	-12.57	1.09	1.24
1	A	321	VAL	C-O	-11.36	1.11	1.24

The worst 5 of 11 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	320	TRP	CA-C-N	7.05	129.58	120.56
1	A	320	TRP	C-N-CA	7.05	129.58	120.56
1	B	318	CYS	CA-C-N	6.18	129.19	120.42
1	B	318	CYS	C-N-CA	6.18	129.19	120.42
1	B	319	ILE	CA-C-O	-6.07	114.42	120.85

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen

atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	6302	0	6141	33	0
1	B	6314	0	6154	37	0
2	A	5	0	8	0	0
2	B	5	0	8	0	0
3	A	199	0	0	2	1
3	B	170	0	0	3	1
All	All	12995	0	12311	69	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

The worst 5 of 69 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:789:GLN:NE2	1:B:814:ARG:HH21	1.55	1.04
1:B:789:GLN:HE22	1:B:814:ARG:HH21	1.35	0.72
1:A:299:GLU:HG2	1:A:303:LYS:HE2	1.76	0.67
1:A:648:GLU:O	1:A:652:GLU:HG3	1.94	0.66
1:B:789:GLN:NE2	1:B:814:ARG:NH2	2.39	0.63

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:A:1040:HOH:O	3:B:1168:HOH:O[2_656]	2.07	0.13

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	799/843 (95%)	775 (97%)	22 (3%)	2 (0%)	36	43
1	B	800/843 (95%)	776 (97%)	23 (3%)	1 (0%)	48	59
All	All	1599/1686 (95%)	1551 (97%)	45 (3%)	3 (0%)	43	52

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	696	VAL
1	B	696	VAL
1	A	815	VAL

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	669/699 (96%)	666 (100%)	3 (0%)	84	91
1	B	671/699 (96%)	663 (99%)	8 (1%)	63	77
All	All	1340/1398 (96%)	1329 (99%)	11 (1%)	73	84

5 of 11 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	472	ASN
1	B	487	GLN
1	B	676	ARG
1	B	582	GLU
1	B	306	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 9 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	549	ASN
1	B	789	GLN
1	A	804	HIS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	47	GLN
1	B	313	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
2	PGO	B	901	-	4,4,4	0.52	0	4,4,4	0.83	0
2	PGO	A	901	-	4,4,4	0.56	0	4,4,4	0.66	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	PGO	B	901	-	-	0/2/2/2	-
2	PGO	A	901	-	-	0/2/2/2	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	796/843 (94%)	-0.29	9 (1%) 78 82	14, 32, 55, 77	7 (0%)
1	B	796/843 (94%)	-0.22	4 (0%) 87 90	13, 34, 56, 72	8 (1%)
All	All	1592/1686 (94%)	-0.25	13 (0%) 82 86	13, 33, 55, 77	15 (0%)

The worst 5 of 13 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	636	PRO	3.5
1	A	594	GLY	3.0
1	A	3	ASN	2.9
1	A	638	ASP	2.8
1	A	637	GLU	2.7

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors($\text{\AA}^2$)	Q<0.9
2	PGO	B	901	5/5	0.97	0.07	25,27,30,33	0
2	PGO	A	901	5/5	0.98	0.06	22,22,25,26	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.