



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 5, 2026 – 03:53 AM UTC

PDB ID : 1I4G / pdb_00001i4g
Title : Crystal structure of Staphylococcal enterotoxin A mutant H187A with reduced Zn²⁺ affinity
Authors : Hakansson, M.; Antonsson, P.; Bjork, P.; Svensson, L.A.
Deposited on : 2001-02-21
Resolution : 2.10 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4	:	9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

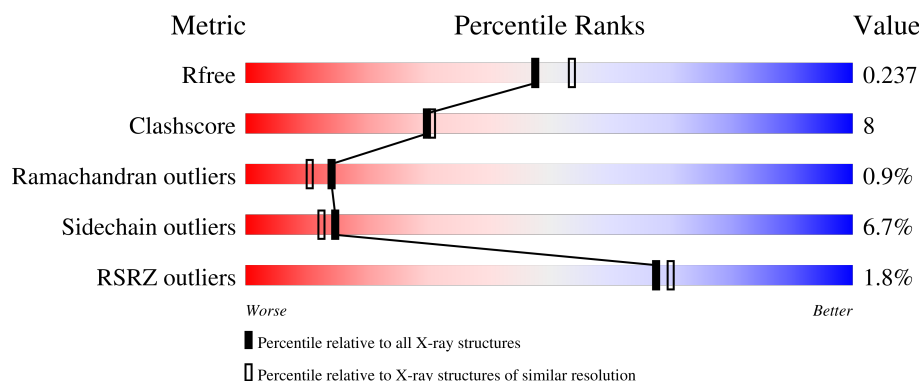
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	6658 (2.10-2.10)
Clashscore	190562	7164 (2.10-2.10)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	7099 (2.10-2.10)
Sidechain outliers	187428	7100 (2.10-2.10)
RSRZ outliers	180081	6662 (2.10-2.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	233	
1	B	233	

2 Entry composition

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3920 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called ENTEROTOXIN TYPE A.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	224	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1836	1166	310	356	4			
1	B	226	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1853	1175	313	361	4			

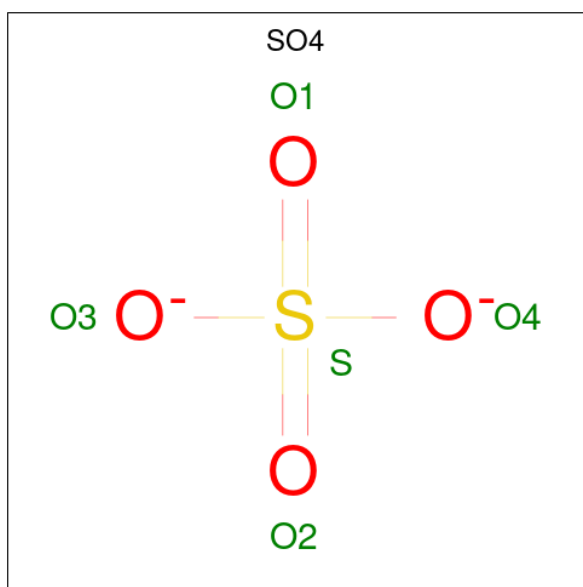
There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	187	ALA	HIS	engineered mutation	UNP P0A0L2
B	187	ALA	HIS	engineered mutation	UNP P0A0L2

- Molecule 2 is ZINC ION (CCD ID: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	Zn	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 3 is SULFATE ION (CCD ID: SO4) (formula: O₄S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	B	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		

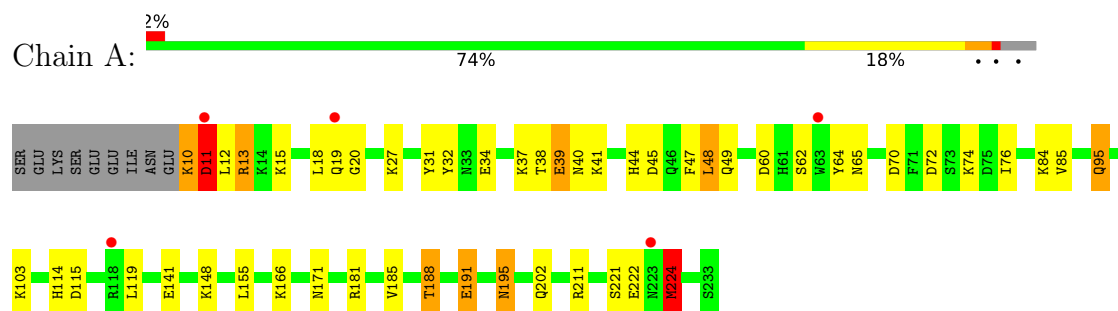
- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	130	Total	O	0	0
			130	130		
4	B	95	Total	O	0	0
			95	95		

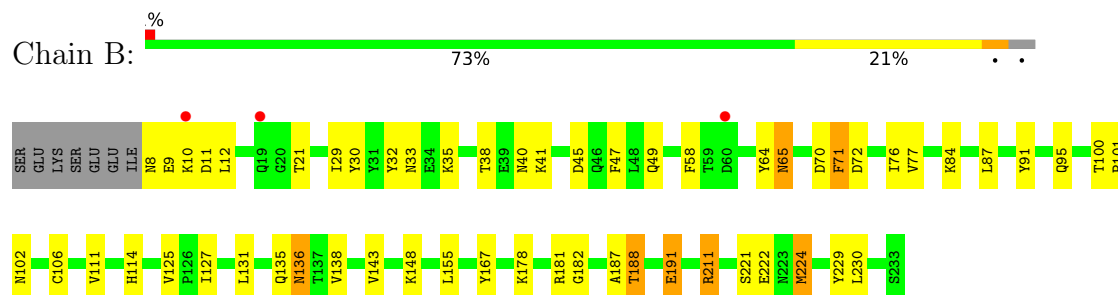
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: ENTEROTOXIN TYPE A



• Molecule 1: ENTEROTOXIN TYPE A



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	73.66Å 84.83Å 86.35Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	20.00 – 2.10 20.00 – 2.10	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	(Not available) (20.00-2.10) 64.2 (20.00-2.10)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.07	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	0.55 (at 2.10Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	X-PLOR 3.1	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.178 , 0.239 0.181 , 0.237	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	3098 reflections (10.04%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	27.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.280	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.32 , 52.1	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.52$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.36$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.008 for -h,l,k	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	3920	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	39.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.91% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN, SO4

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.92	1/1874 (0.1%)	1.21	17/2529 (0.7%)
1	B	0.87	0/1891	1.18	21/2552 (0.8%)
All	All	0.90	1/3765 (0.0%)	1.20	38/5081 (0.7%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	1	0
1	B	0	1
All	All	1	1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	224	MET	SD-CE	-6.80	1.62	1.79

All (38) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	100	THR	N-CA-C	-11.00	95.14	110.31
1	A	64	TYR	N-CA-C	10.32	125.79	110.52
1	A	10	LYS	CA-C-N	10.27	136.94	122.36
1	A	10	LYS	C-N-CA	10.27	136.94	122.36
1	A	11	ASP	CB-CA-C	10.17	126.33	111.89
1	A	11	ASP	N-CA-C	7.30	121.46	111.39
1	A	49	GLN	N-CA-C	7.21	121.66	113.01
1	B	187	ALA	N-CA-C	6.82	119.85	108.73

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	40	ASN	N-CA-C	6.60	120.19	111.28
1	B	125	VAL	N-CA-C	6.50	114.32	107.76
1	B	211	ARG	CG-CD-NE	-6.46	97.78	112.00
1	A	148	LYS	N-CA-C	-6.33	103.68	111.40
1	B	30	TYR	N-CA-C	6.32	120.73	112.89
1	B	100	THR	C-N-CD	-6.31	106.72	120.60
1	A	32	TYR	N-CA-C	6.17	119.29	111.69
1	B	211	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.16	113.65	119.20
1	A	48	LEU	N-CA-C	-5.95	101.71	110.52
1	A	40	ASN	N-CA-C	5.91	119.26	111.28
1	B	114	HIS	N-CA-C	5.88	118.57	111.40
1	B	148	LYS	N-CA-C	-5.76	104.92	111.14
1	B	33	ASN	N-CA-C	5.71	118.12	110.35
1	B	102	ASN	N-CA-C	5.68	118.19	110.35
1	B	167	TYR	N-CA-C	5.62	120.86	112.94
1	B	71	PHE	CA-C-N	5.60	127.79	120.28
1	B	71	PHE	C-N-CA	5.60	127.79	120.28
1	A	44	HIS	N-CA-C	-5.53	105.31	113.61
1	B	32	TYR	N-CA-C	5.53	120.03	113.12
1	A	11	ASP	CA-C-N	5.37	132.51	122.74
1	A	11	ASP	C-N-CA	5.37	132.51	122.74
1	B	47	PHE	N-CA-C	-5.30	99.51	110.80
1	B	100	THR	CA-C-N	5.28	139.67	127.00
1	B	100	THR	C-N-CA	5.28	139.67	127.00
1	B	11	ASP	N-CA-C	-5.24	107.43	113.88
1	A	114	HIS	N-CA-C	5.21	116.76	111.14
1	A	85	VAL	N-CA-C	5.16	116.33	108.80
1	A	119	LEU	N-CA-C	-5.05	102.03	110.17
1	B	29	ILE	CB-CA-C	-5.04	105.52	111.97
1	A	115	ASP	N-CA-C	5.03	117.59	110.10

All (1) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
1	A	11	ASP	CA

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	B	211	ARG	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1836	0	1793	36	0
1	B	1853	0	1805	28	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	B	5	0	0	0	0
4	A	130	0	0	1	0
4	B	95	0	0	2	0
All	All	3920	0	3598	62	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

All (62) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:10:LYS:HG3	1:A:181:ARG:HH11	1.29	0.96
1:A:155:LEU:HD11	1:A:224:MET:HE1	1.53	0.90
1:A:10:LYS:CG	1:A:181:ARG:HH11	1.99	0.75
1:A:10:LYS:HG3	1:A:181:ARG:NH1	2.01	0.75
1:A:10:LYS:HG2	1:A:11:ASP:N	2.02	0.74
1:A:155:LEU:CD1	1:A:224:MET:HE1	2.17	0.73
1:A:10:LYS:CG	1:A:11:ASP:N	2.52	0.73
1:A:202:GLN:HB3	1:B:21:THR:HG22	1.70	0.72
1:B:35:LYS:HE3	4:B:1074:HOH:O	1.94	0.67
1:A:185:VAL:HG22	1:A:195:ASN:HB3	1.75	0.67
1:A:10:LYS:CG	1:A:11:ASP:H	2.05	0.66
1:A:10:LYS:HG2	1:A:12:LEU:H	1.61	0.63
1:A:10:LYS:CG	1:A:181:ARG:NH1	2.61	0.62
1:B:155:LEU:HD11	1:B:224:MET:HE1	1.82	0.62
1:A:10:LYS:HE3	1:A:181:ARG:CD	2.32	0.59
1:A:38:THR:HG21	1:A:41:LYS:HE3	1.84	0.59
1:B:95:GLN:HE21	1:B:95:GLN:HA	1.67	0.58
1:B:87:LEU:HD23	1:B:111:VAL:HG22	1.87	0.57
1:A:221:SER:HA	1:A:224:MET:HE2	1.86	0.57
1:B:87:LEU:CD2	1:B:111:VAL:HG22	2.34	0.57
1:A:202:GLN:OE1	1:B:21:THR:HA	2.05	0.56

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:10:LYS:HE3	1:A:181:ARG:HD2	1.87	0.55
1:B:70:ASP:HB2	4:B:1036:HOH:O	2.08	0.54
1:A:10:LYS:HD3	1:A:11:ASP:OD2	2.08	0.54
1:A:13:ARG:HG2	1:A:13:ARG:HH11	1.73	0.54
1:B:38:THR:HG21	1:B:41:LYS:HE3	1.90	0.53
1:B:127:ILE:HD11	1:B:143:VAL:HG23	1.91	0.52
1:B:12:LEU:HB2	1:B:181:ARG:HD3	1.92	0.51
1:A:10:LYS:HD3	1:A:11:ASP:CG	2.37	0.50
1:A:13:ARG:HH12	1:A:18:LEU:HD21	1.76	0.50
1:B:136:ASN:HD22	1:B:136:ASN:N	2.10	0.49
1:A:10:LYS:HD2	1:A:181:ARG:NH1	2.27	0.49
1:A:95:GLN:HE21	1:A:95:GLN:HA	1.78	0.49
1:A:19:GLN:HG2	4:A:572:HOH:O	2.12	0.48
1:B:10:LYS:O	1:B:10:LYS:HG2	2.14	0.48
1:A:15:LYS:NZ	1:A:171:ASN:O	2.47	0.48
1:B:65:ASN:N	1:B:65:ASN:OD1	2.45	0.48
1:B:71:PHE:CD1	1:B:77:VAL:HG22	2.50	0.47
1:A:10:LYS:HE3	1:A:181:ARG:HD3	1.95	0.47
1:A:38:THR:HG21	1:A:41:LYS:CE	2.46	0.46
1:B:188:THR:OG1	1:B:191:GLU:HG2	2.15	0.46
1:B:72:ASP:HB2	1:B:76:ILE:HD12	1.98	0.45
1:B:127:ILE:HD11	1:B:143:VAL:CG2	2.46	0.45
1:B:91:TYR:HA	1:B:106:CYS:O	2.17	0.44
1:A:72:ASP:HB2	1:A:76:ILE:HD12	1.99	0.44
1:B:178:LYS:HB2	1:B:178:LYS:HE3	1.74	0.44
1:B:8:ASN:O	1:B:10:LYS:N	2.47	0.44
1:A:10:LYS:CD	1:A:181:ARG:NH1	2.80	0.43
1:B:72:ASP:HB2	1:B:76:ILE:CD1	2.48	0.43
1:B:127:ILE:HB	1:B:138:VAL:HG11	2.00	0.43
1:A:47:PHE:CD2	1:A:48:LEU:HG	2.54	0.43
1:A:185:VAL:HG22	1:A:195:ASN:CB	2.45	0.42
1:A:188:THR:OG1	1:A:191:GLU:HG2	2.19	0.42
1:B:58:PHE:HB2	1:B:64:TYR:O	2.18	0.42
1:A:27:LYS:O	1:A:31:TYR:HB3	2.20	0.42
1:A:37:LYS:HE3	1:A:37:LYS:HB2	1.70	0.42
1:A:38:THR:HG22	1:A:39:GLU:N	2.34	0.42
1:B:131:LEU:HD12	1:B:230:LEU:HB2	2.02	0.41
1:B:182:GLY:HA2	1:B:229:TYR:O	2.20	0.41
1:B:135:GLN:C	1:B:136:ASN:HD22	2.28	0.41
1:B:221:SER:HA	1:B:224:MET:HG2	2.03	0.41
1:A:65:ASN:ND2	1:A:103:LYS:HD2	2.37	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	222/233 (95%)	210 (95%)	11 (5%)	1 (0%)	24	22
1	B	224/233 (96%)	212 (95%)	9 (4%)	3 (1%)	9	6
All	All	446/466 (96%)	422 (95%)	20 (4%)	4 (1%)	14	10

All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	20	GLY
1	B	9	GLU
1	B	222	GLU
1	B	101	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	201/210 (96%)	182 (90%)	19 (10%)	8	5
1	B	203/210 (97%)	195 (96%)	8 (4%)	28	31
All	All	404/420 (96%)	377 (93%)	27 (7%)	15	12

All (27) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	11	ASP
1	A	13	ARG
1	A	34	GLU
1	A	39	GLU
1	A	45	ASP
1	A	60	ASP
1	A	62	SER
1	A	70	ASP
1	A	74	LYS
1	A	84	LYS
1	A	95	GLN
1	A	141	GLU
1	A	166	LYS
1	A	188	THR
1	A	191	GLU
1	A	195	ASN
1	A	211	ARG
1	A	222	GLU
1	A	224	MET
1	B	45	ASP
1	B	49	GLN
1	B	65	ASN
1	B	84	LYS
1	B	136	ASN
1	B	188	THR
1	B	191	GLU
1	B	224	MET

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (13) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	49	GLN
1	A	95	GLN
1	A	136	ASN
1	A	195	ASN
1	A	204	GLN
1	B	95	GLN
1	B	135	GLN
1	B	136	ASN
1	B	180	GLN
1	B	195	ASN
1	B	204	GLN
1	B	223	ASN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	225	HIS

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
3	SO4	B	1000	-	4,4,4	0.67	0	6,6,6	0.40	0

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	224/233 (96%)	-0.19	5 (2%) 62 65	18, 32, 65, 91	1 (0%)
1	B	226/233 (96%)	-0.07	3 (1%) 75 77	22, 36, 71, 91	0
All	All	450/466 (96%)	-0.13	8 (1%) 67 70	18, 35, 69, 91	1 (0%)

All (8) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	63	TRP	4.6
1	A	223	ASN	2.6
1	A	19	GLN	2.6
1	A	11	ASP	2.3
1	B	60	ASP	2.3
1	B	10	LYS	2.1
1	B	19	GLN	2.0
1	A	118	ARG	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum,

median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors($\text{\AA}^2$)	Q<0.9
3	SO4	B	1000	5/5	0.96	0.08	50,52,58,59	0
2	ZN	A	460	1/1	0.98	0.07	23,23,23,23	1

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.