



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 28, 2026 – 05:12 PM UTC

PDB ID : 1IAK / pdb_00001iak
Title : HISTOCOMPATIBILITY ANTIGEN I-AK
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Deposited on : 1997-11-18
Resolution : 1.90 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	NOT EXECUTED
EDS	:	NOT EXECUTED
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

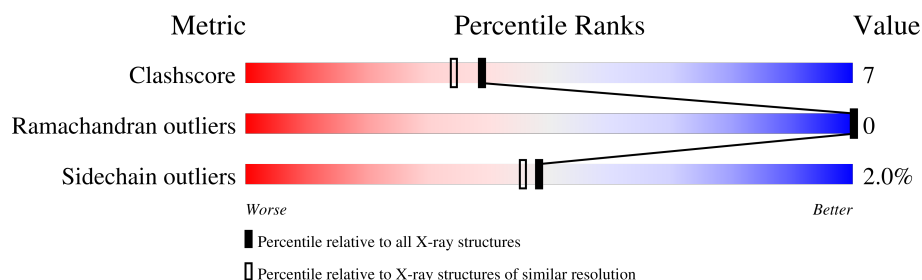
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	190562	8410 (1.90-1.90)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	8333 (1.90-1.90)
Sidechain outliers	187428	8333 (1.90-1.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	199	
2	B	185	
3	P	13	

2 Entry composition

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3540 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called MHC CLASS II I-AK.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	182	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1476	953	236	284	3			

- Molecule 2 is a protein called MHC CLASS II I-AK.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	185	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1543	972	278	287	6			

There are 5 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	5	GLY	ASN	conflict	UNP P06343
B	?	-	GLU	deletion	UNP P06343
B	?	-	ARG	deletion	UNP P06343
B	?	-	HIS	deletion	UNP P06343
B	181	THR	LYS	conflict	UNP P06343

- Molecule 3 is a protein called MHC CLASS II I-AK.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	P	13	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			110	69	19	22			

- Molecule 4 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (CCD ID: NAG) (formula: C₈H₁₅NO₆).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
4	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
4	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		

- Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	177	Total	O	0	0
			177	177		
5	B	179	Total	O	0	0
			179	179		
5	P	13	Total	O	0	0
			13	13		

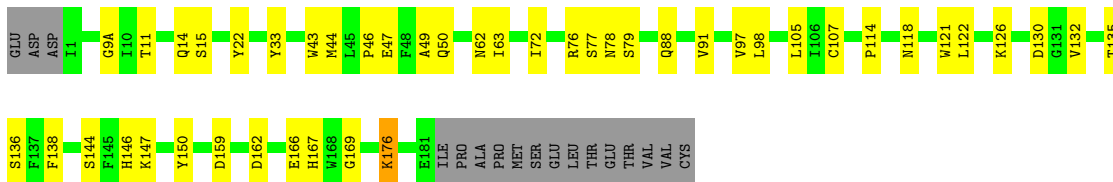
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

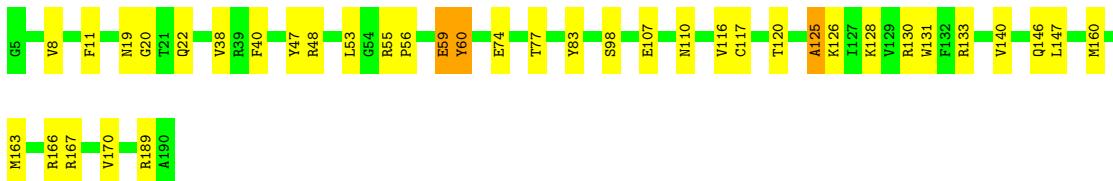
• Molecule 1: MHC CLASS II I-AK

Chain A: 



• Molecule 2: MHC CLASS II I-AK

Chain B: 



• Molecule 3: MHC CLASS II I-AK

Chain P: 



4 Data and refinement statistics

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 41 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	112.25Å 112.25Å 99.72Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	10.00 – 1.90	Depositor
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	95.7 (10.00-1.90)	Depositor
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.05	Depositor
Refinement program	X-PLOR	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.214 , 0.263	Depositor
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
Total number of atoms	3540	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	33.0	wwPDB-VP

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.52	0/1521	0.94	5/2076 (0.2%)
2	B	0.54	0/1582	0.96	7/2149 (0.3%)
3	P	0.43	0/112	0.90	0/150
All	All	0.52	0/3215	0.95	12/4375 (0.3%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (12) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	140	VAL	N-CA-C	6.39	117.14	110.62
1	A	144	SER	N-CA-C	-6.37	100.49	110.36
2	B	146	GLN	N-CA-C	-6.36	102.32	110.53
2	B	107	GLU	N-CA-C	6.36	118.51	110.24
1	A	33	TYR	N-CA-C	-6.18	99.64	109.23
2	B	98	SER	N-CA-C	-5.73	100.36	109.76
2	B	120	THR	N-CA-C	5.43	117.67	109.41
2	B	125	ALA	N-CA-C	5.29	117.96	111.82
2	B	60	TYR	N-CA-C	5.26	116.69	111.07
1	A	79	SER	N-CA-C	5.15	118.50	111.39
1	A	159	ASP	N-CA-C	5.09	117.92	109.46
1	A	136	SER	N-CA-C	-5.02	102.58	110.36

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen

atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1476	0	1403	24	0
2	B	1543	0	1486	20	0
3	P	110	0	102	1	0
4	A	28	0	26	0	0
4	B	14	0	13	0	0
5	A	177	0	0	5	0
5	B	179	0	0	3	0
5	P	13	0	0	0	0
All	All	3540	0	3030	42	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

All (42) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:47:GLU:HG3	5:A:287:HOH:O	1.91	0.70
2:B:125:ALA:HB1	2:B:147:LEU:HD21	1.86	0.58
1:A:11:THR:HG23	1:A:63:ILE:HD13	1.88	0.55
2:B:59:GLU:HG3	2:B:60:TYR:N	2.21	0.55
2:B:74:GLU:HA	2:B:77:THR:OG1	2.06	0.54
1:A:122:LEU:HB2	1:A:162:ASP:HB2	1.89	0.54
1:A:176:LYS:NZ	5:A:362:HOH:O	2.42	0.52
1:A:72:ILE:O	1:A:76:ARG:HG3	2.10	0.51
1:A:126:LYS:HE3	5:A:309:HOH:O	2.12	0.49
1:A:97:VAL:O	1:A:98:LEU:HD23	2.13	0.49
1:A:43:TRP:CD1	1:A:49:ALA:HB2	2.48	0.48
1:A:91:VAL:HG12	1:A:105:LEU:HD22	1.95	0.48
2:B:38:VAL:HG23	2:B:48:ARG:O	2.13	0.48
2:B:125:ALA:HB1	2:B:147:LEU:CD2	2.42	0.48
1:A:88:GLN:HB3	5:A:312:HOH:O	2.12	0.48
1:A:132:VAL:HA	1:A:150:TYR:O	2.14	0.47
1:A:77:SER:O	1:A:78:ASN:HB2	2.15	0.47
1:A:44:MET:O	1:A:46:PRO:HD3	2.16	0.46
1:A:167:HIS:CD2	1:A:169:GLY:H	2.33	0.46
2:B:20:GLY:HA2	2:B:83:TYR:OH	2.16	0.45
2:B:110:ASN:OD1	2:B:166:ARG:NH1	2.50	0.45
1:A:76:ARG:NH1	2:B:53:LEU:O	2.49	0.45
1:A:118:ASN:HB2	1:A:166:GLU:HB3	1.98	0.45

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:55:ARG:HB2	2:B:56:PRO:HD3	1.99	0.44
2:B:117:CYS:HB2	2:B:131:TRP:CZ2	2.52	0.44
1:A:138:PHE:HB2	1:A:146:HIS:CD2	2.53	0.43
5:B:264:HOH:O	3:P:58:ILE:HA	2.18	0.43
2:B:116:VAL:HG22	2:B:160:MET:HG3	2.00	0.43
2:B:128:LYS:HE3	2:B:130:ARG:HD2	2.01	0.43
1:A:107:CYS:HB2	1:A:121:TRP:CZ2	2.54	0.42
2:B:167:ARG:HG2	2:B:167:ARG:HH11	1.85	0.42
1:A:135:THR:O	1:A:147:LYS:HE2	2.19	0.42
1:A:114:PRO:O	1:A:167:HIS:HE1	2.02	0.42
2:B:133:ARG:NH1	5:B:343:HOH:O	2.53	0.42
1:A:14:GLN:HG3	2:B:8:VAL:HG22	2.02	0.41
2:B:40:PHE:HB2	2:B:47:TYR:CE1	2.55	0.41
1:A:9(A):GLY:HA2	1:A:22:TYR:CZ	2.56	0.41
2:B:170:VAL:HG22	2:B:189:ARG:NH1	2.36	0.41
1:A:147:LYS:NZ	5:A:296:HOH:O	2.53	0.40
2:B:126:LYS:HE3	5:B:339:HOH:O	2.21	0.40
1:A:11:THR:HB	2:B:11:PHE:HB3	2.03	0.40
2:B:19:ASN:HB3	2:B:22:GLN:HB3	2.03	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	180/199 (90%)	171 (95%)	9 (5%)	0	100	100
2	B	183/185 (99%)	175 (96%)	8 (4%)	0	100	100
3	P	11/13 (85%)	11 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	374/397 (94%)	357 (96%)	17 (4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	165/181 (91%)	160 (97%)	5 (3%)	36	30
2	B	171/171 (100%)	169 (99%)	2 (1%)	63	63
3	P	12/12 (100%)	12 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	348/364 (96%)	341 (98%)	7 (2%)	48	46

All (7) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	15	SER
1	A	50	GLN
1	A	62	ASN
1	A	130	ASP
1	A	176	LYS
2	B	59	GLU
2	B	163	MET

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	57	GLN
2	B	96	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
4	NAG	A	196	1	14,14,15	0.74	1 (7%)	17,19,21	0.62	0
4	NAG	B	3	2	14,14,15	0.76	0	17,19,21	0.80	1 (5%)
4	NAG	A	197	1	14,14,15	0.65	0	17,19,21	1.14	1 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	A	196	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	B	3	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	A	197	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	A	196	NAG	C1-C2	2.00	1.55	1.52

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	A	197	NAG	C4-C3-C2	-3.22	106.30	111.02
4	B	3	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.32	115.30	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	197	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
4	A	197	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.