



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 10, 2026 – 02:22 AM UTC

PDB ID : 3J0E / pdb_00003j0e
EMDB ID : EMD-1917
Title : Models for the T. thermophilus ribosome recycling factor and the E. coli elongation factor G bound to the E. coli post-termination complex
Authors : Yokoyama, T.; Shaikh, T.R.; Iwakura, N.; Kaji, H.; Kaji, A.; Agrawal, R.K.
Deposited on : 2011-06-29
Resolution : 9.90 Å (reported)
Based on initial models : 2AVY, 2AW4, 1EH1

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

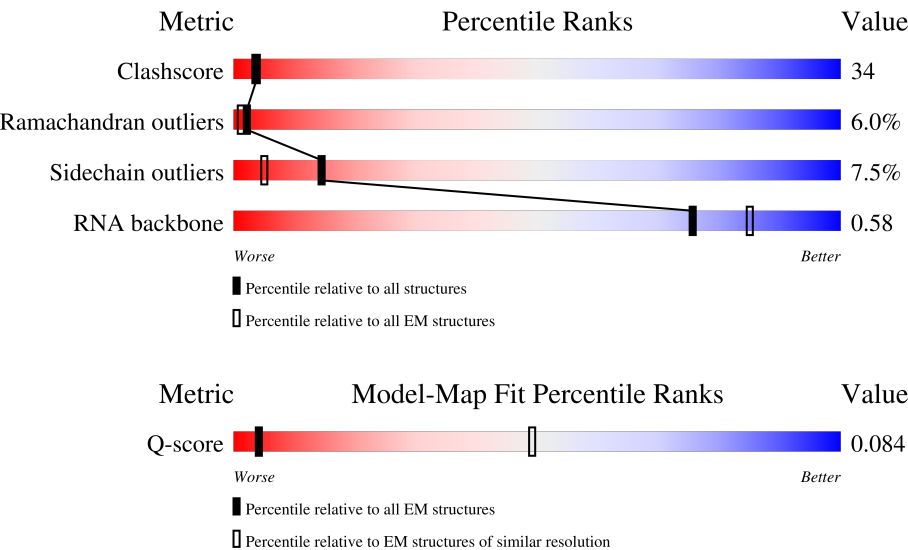
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

1 Overall quality at a glance i

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 9.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
RNA backbone	8273	3508	-
Q-score	-	25397	149 (9.40 - 10.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	22	95% 36% 55% 9%
2	B	17	100% 29% 71%
3	C	13	100% 54% 46%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
4	D	19	100% 47% 53%
5	E	18	100% 33% 61% 6%
6	e	19	100% 11% 79% 11%
7	F	123	99% 26% 58% 16%
8	G	185	6% 73% 26% .
9	H	702	82% 16% .

2 Entry composition

There are 9 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 10187 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a RNA chain called ribosomal 23S RNA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	22	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			465	208	81	154	22		

- Molecule 2 is a RNA chain called ribosomal 23S RNA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	B	17	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			364	162	65	120	17		

- Molecule 3 is a RNA chain called ribosomal 23S RNA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	C	13	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			283	125	53	92	13		

- Molecule 4 is a RNA chain called ribosomal 23S RNA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	D	19	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			408	182	75	132	19		

- Molecule 5 is a RNA chain called ribosomal 16S RNA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
5	E	18	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			386	172	71	125	18		

- Molecule 6 is a RNA chain called ribosomal 16S RNA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
6	e	19	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			412	183	77	133	19		

- Molecule 7 is a protein called 30S ribosomal protein S12.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
7	F	123	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			955	590	196	165	4		

- Molecule 8 is a protein called Ribosome-recycling factor.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
8	G	185	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1478	924	270	282	2		

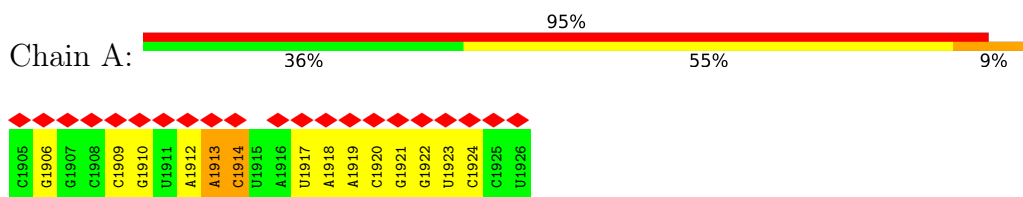
- Molecule 9 is a protein called Elongation factor G.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
9	H	702	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			5436	3423	940	1048	25		

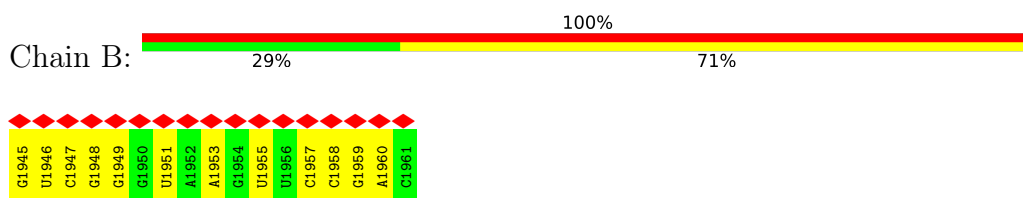
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

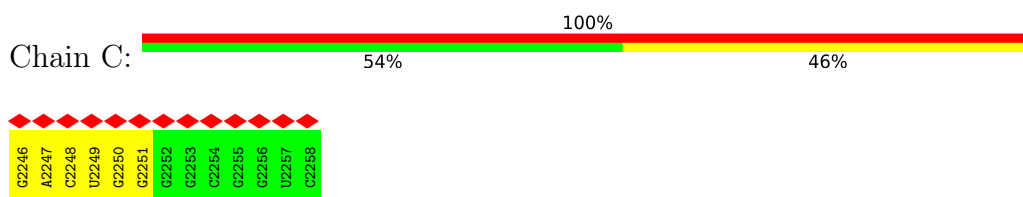
- Molecule 1: ribosomal 23S RNA



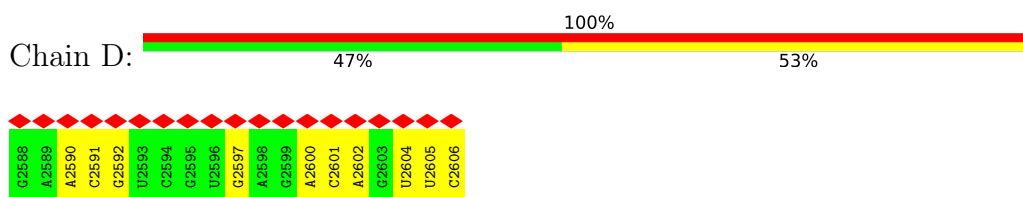
- Molecule 2: ribosomal 23S RNA



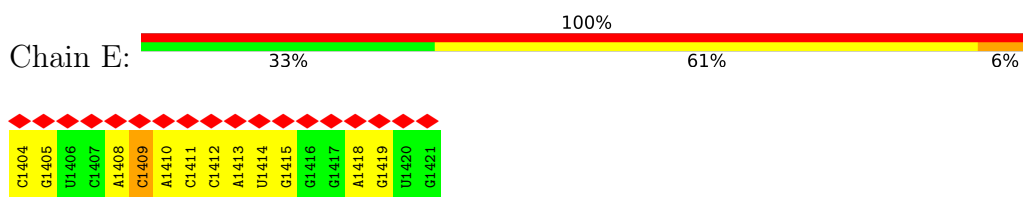
- Molecule 3: ribosomal 23S RNA



- Molecule 4: ribosomal 23S RNA



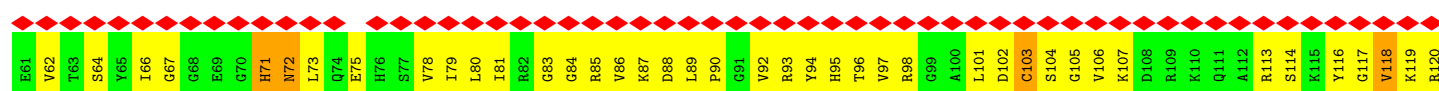
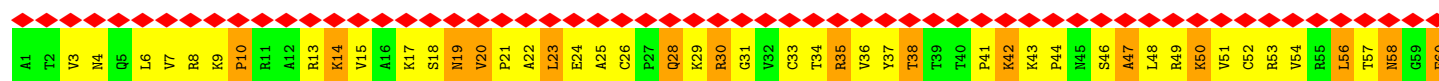
- Molecule 5: ribosomal 16S RNA



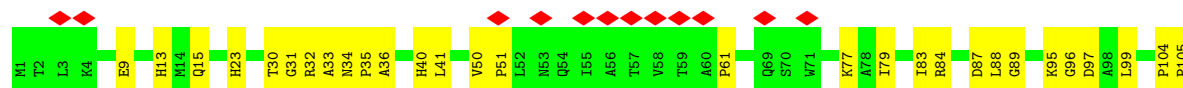
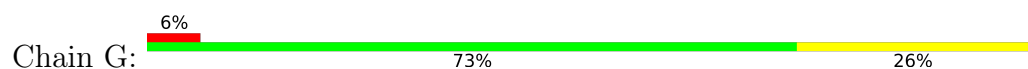
- Molecule 6: ribosomal 16S RNA



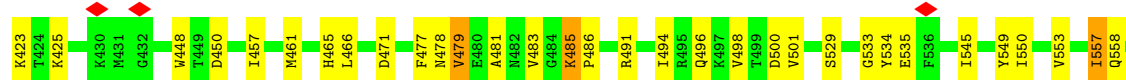
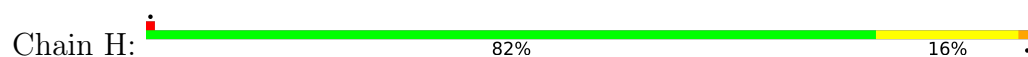
- Molecule 7: 30S ribosomal protein S12



- Molecule 8: Ribosome-recycling factor



- Molecule 9: Elongation factor G



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	338823	Depositor
Resolution determination method	Not provided	
CTF correction method	CTF CORRECTION OF 3D MAPS BY WIENER FILTRATION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TECNAI F20	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	200	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	Not provided	
Minimum defocus (nm)	400.00	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	4000.00	Depositor
Magnification	50310	Depositor
Image detector	KODAK SO-163 FILM	Depositor
Maximum map value	57.061	Depositor
Minimum map value	-9.119	Depositor
Average map value	0.108	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	1.931	Depositor
Recommended contour level	6.43	Depositor
Map size ($\text{\AA}$)	361.4, 361.4, 361.4	wwPDB
Map dimensions	130, 130, 130	wwPDB
Map angles ($^\circ$)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing ($\text{\AA}$)	2.78, 2.78, 2.78	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.27	0/518	0.61	0/804
2	B	0.26	0/406	0.61	0/631
3	C	0.32	0/316	0.65	0/492
4	D	0.28	0/456	0.58	0/709
5	E	0.28	0/431	0.65	0/670
6	e	0.28	0/461	0.60	0/718
7	F	0.28	0/969	0.72	0/1300
8	G	1.27	0/1497	1.91	49/2017 (2.4%)
9	H	1.27	1/5538 (0.0%)	1.68	103/7493 (1.4%)
All	All	1.05	1/10592 (0.0%)	1.44	152/14834 (1.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
9	H	1	8

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
9	H	651	GLY	CA-C	-5.53	1.47	1.52

The worst 5 of 152 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
9	H	545	ILE	N-CA-C	-9.64	101.28	109.19
9	H	448	TRP	N-CA-C	-9.36	94.71	109.50
8	G	97	ASP	N-CA-C	-8.53	100.65	112.25
8	G	104	PRO	N-CA-C	8.17	120.66	110.70
9	H	628	THR	CA-C-N	8.05	128.87	119.94

All (1) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
9	H	160	THR	CA

5 of 8 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
9	H	237	TYR	Sidechain
9	H	33	TYR	Peptide
9	H	500	ASP	Peptide
9	H	533	GLY	Peptide
9	H	80	GLU	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	465	0	238	21	0
2	B	364	0	184	38	0
3	C	283	0	141	8	0
4	D	408	0	206	7	0
5	E	386	0	196	39	0
6	e	412	0	206	25	0
7	F	955	0	1018	91	0
8	G	1478	0	1526	0	0
9	H	5436	0	5402	0	0
All	All	10187	0	9117	186	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 34.

The worst 5 of 186 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:1959:G:C4'	5:E:1418:A:O2'	1.77	1.32
2:B:1959:G:H4'	5:E:1418:A:C1'	1.64	1.27
2:B:1959:G:H4'	5:E:1418:A:C2'	1.66	1.23

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:1959:G:C1'	5:E:1418:A:H1'	1.72	1.18
2:B:1959:G:C4'	5:E:1418:A:C1'	2.21	1.16

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
7	F	121/123 (98%)	74 (61%)	30 (25%)	17 (14%)	0	3
8	G	183/185 (99%)	163 (89%)	10 (6%)	10 (6%)	1	15
9	H	700/702 (100%)	603 (86%)	64 (9%)	33 (5%)	2	16
All	All	1004/1010 (99%)	840 (84%)	104 (10%)	60 (6%)	2	13

5 of 60 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
7	F	10	PRO
7	F	23	LEU
8	G	32	ARG
8	G	33	ALA
8	G	84	ARG

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
7	F	103/103 (100%)	89 (86%)	14 (14%)	3	14
8	G	157/157 (100%)	143 (91%)	14 (9%)	9	28
9	H	576/576 (100%)	541 (94%)	35 (6%)	17	38
All	All	836/836 (100%)	773 (92%)	63 (8%)	14	33

5 of 63 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
9	H	16	SER
9	H	558	GLN
9	H	171	LEU
9	H	557	ILE
9	H	635	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
7	F	28	GLN
7	F	58	ASN

5.3.3 RNA

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Backbone Outliers	Pucker Outliers
1	A	21/22 (95%)	2 (9%)	1 (4%)
2	B	16/17 (94%)	1 (6%)	0
3	C	12/13 (92%)	0	0
4	D	18/19 (94%)	2 (11%)	0
5	E	17/18 (94%)	2 (11%)	0
6	e	18/19 (94%)	3 (16%)	0
All	All	102/108 (94%)	10 (9%)	1 (0%)

5 of 10 RNA backbone outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1906	G
1	A	1914	C
2	B	1955	U
4	D	2597	G
4	D	2602	A

All (1) RNA pucker outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1913	A

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

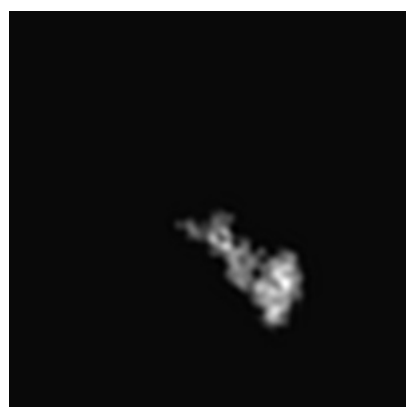
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-1917. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

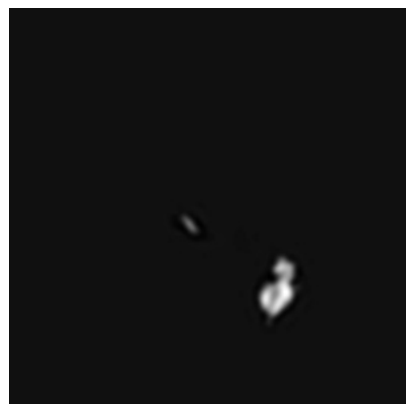


Z

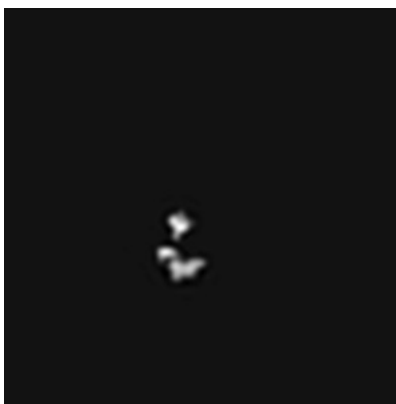
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

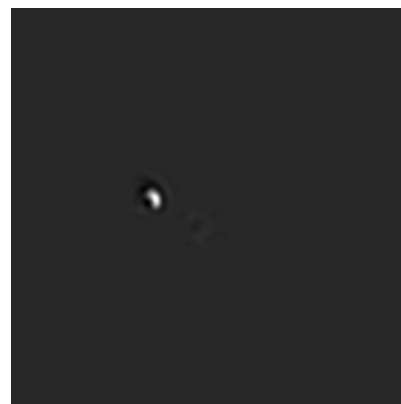
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 65



Y Index: 65

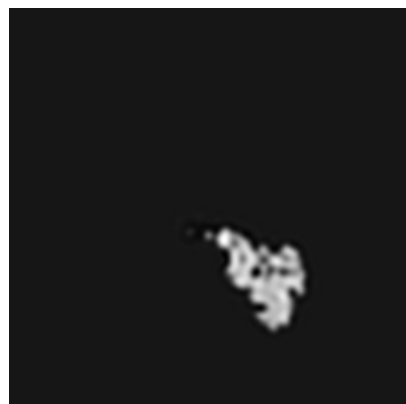


Z Index: 65

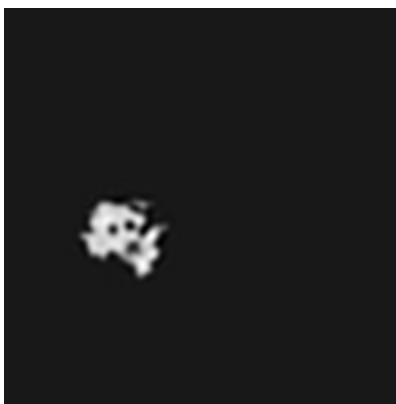
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

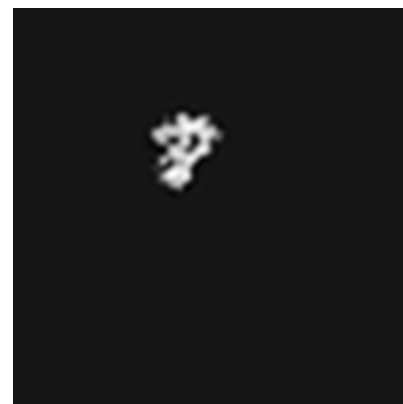
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 55



Y Index: 86

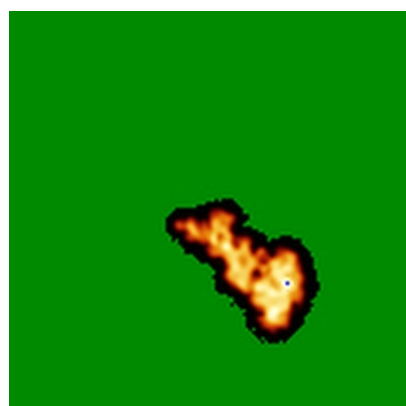


Z Index: 41

The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y

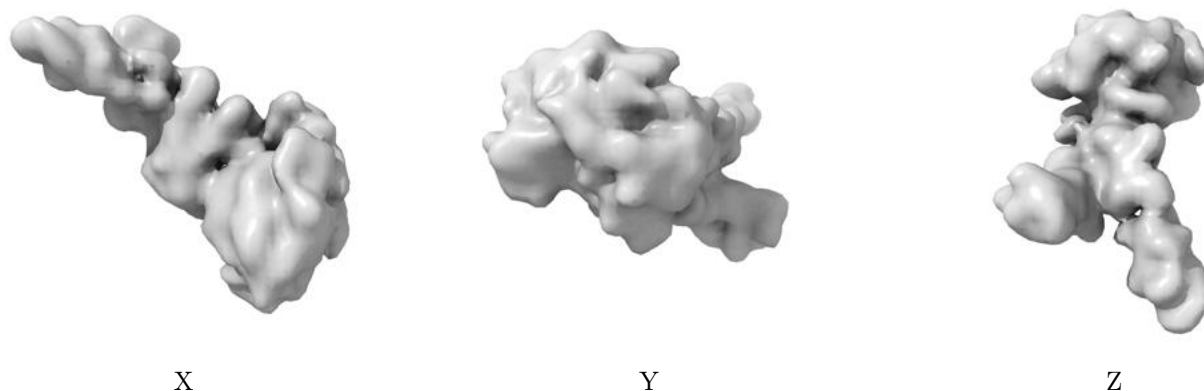


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 6.43. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

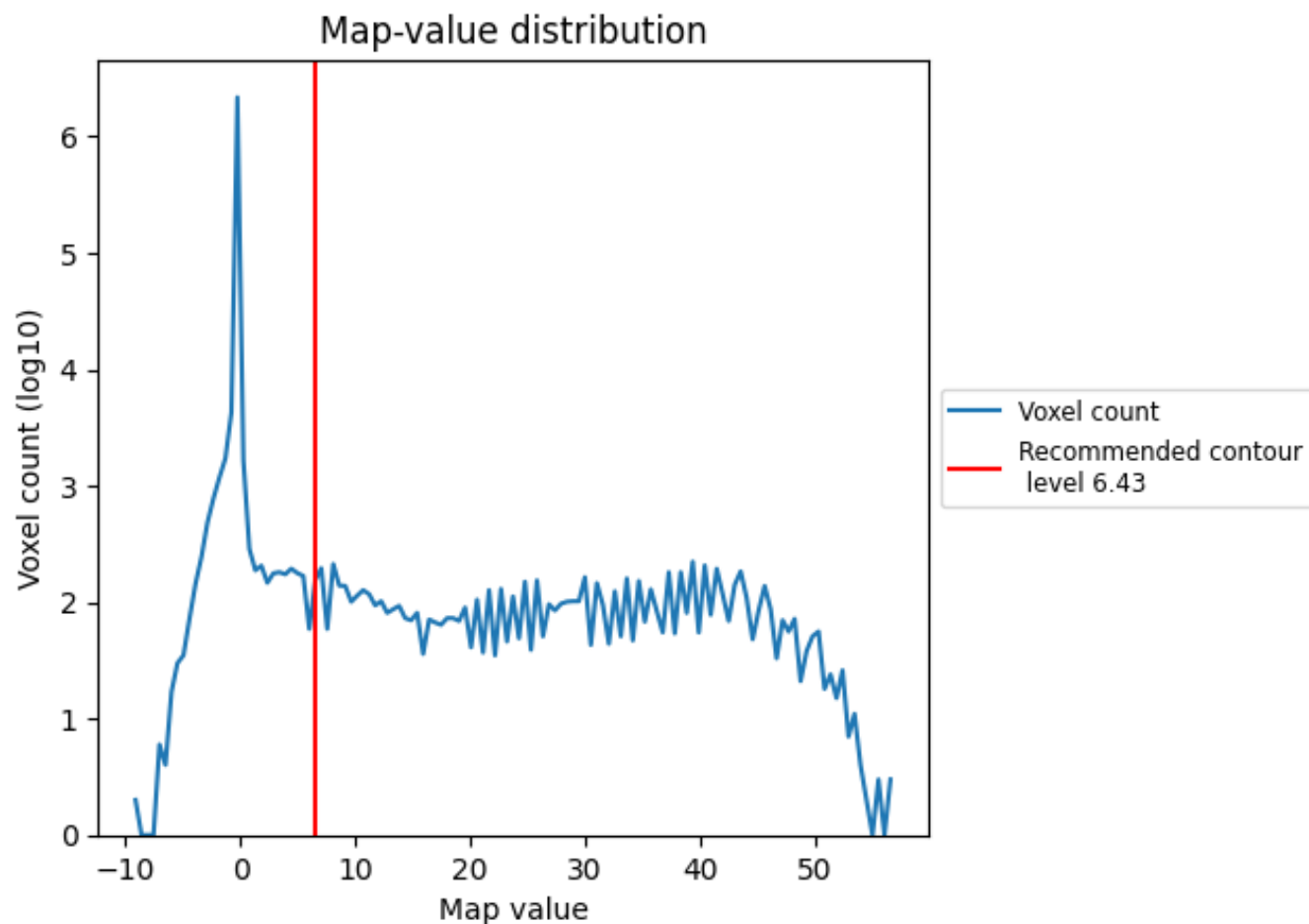
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

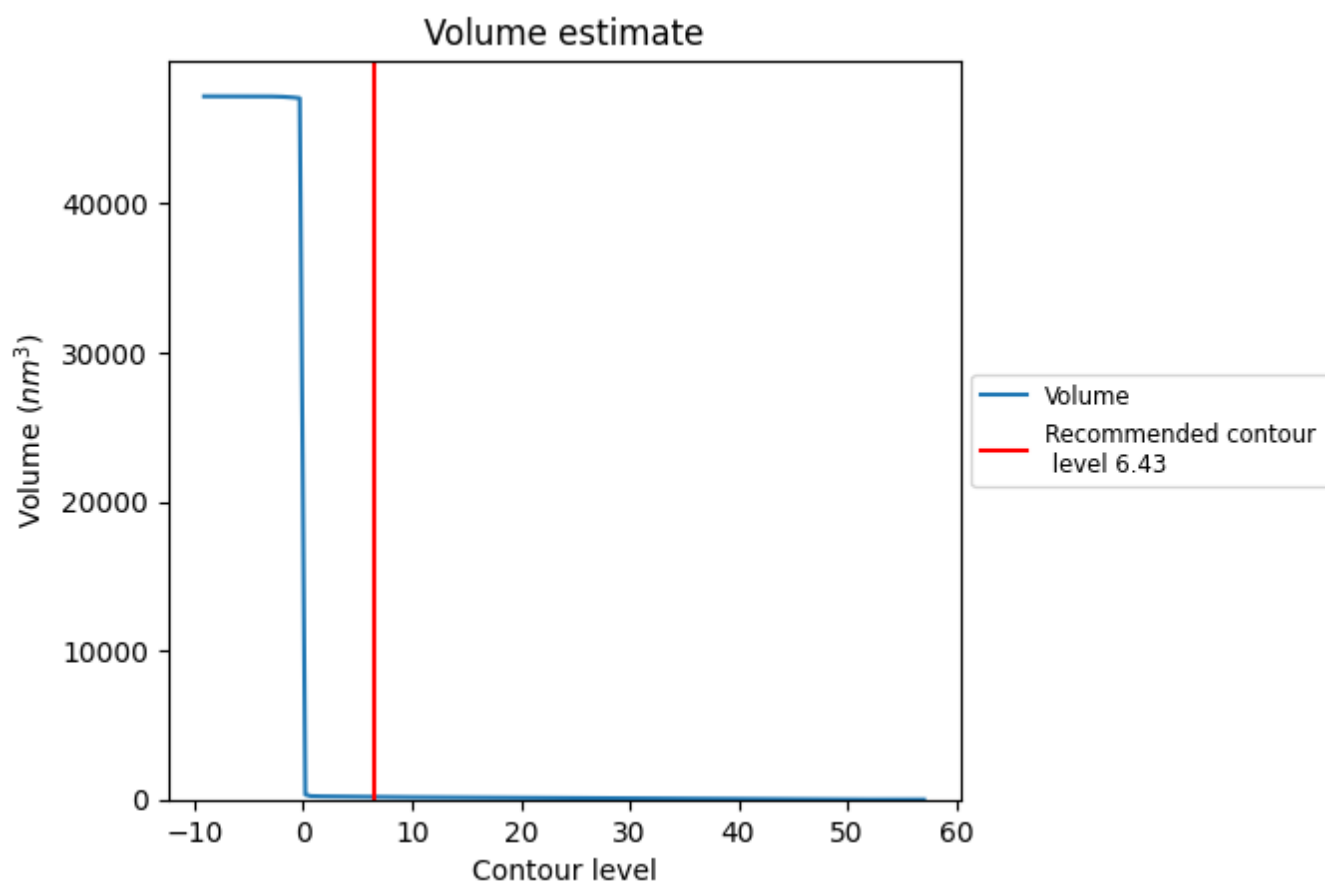
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

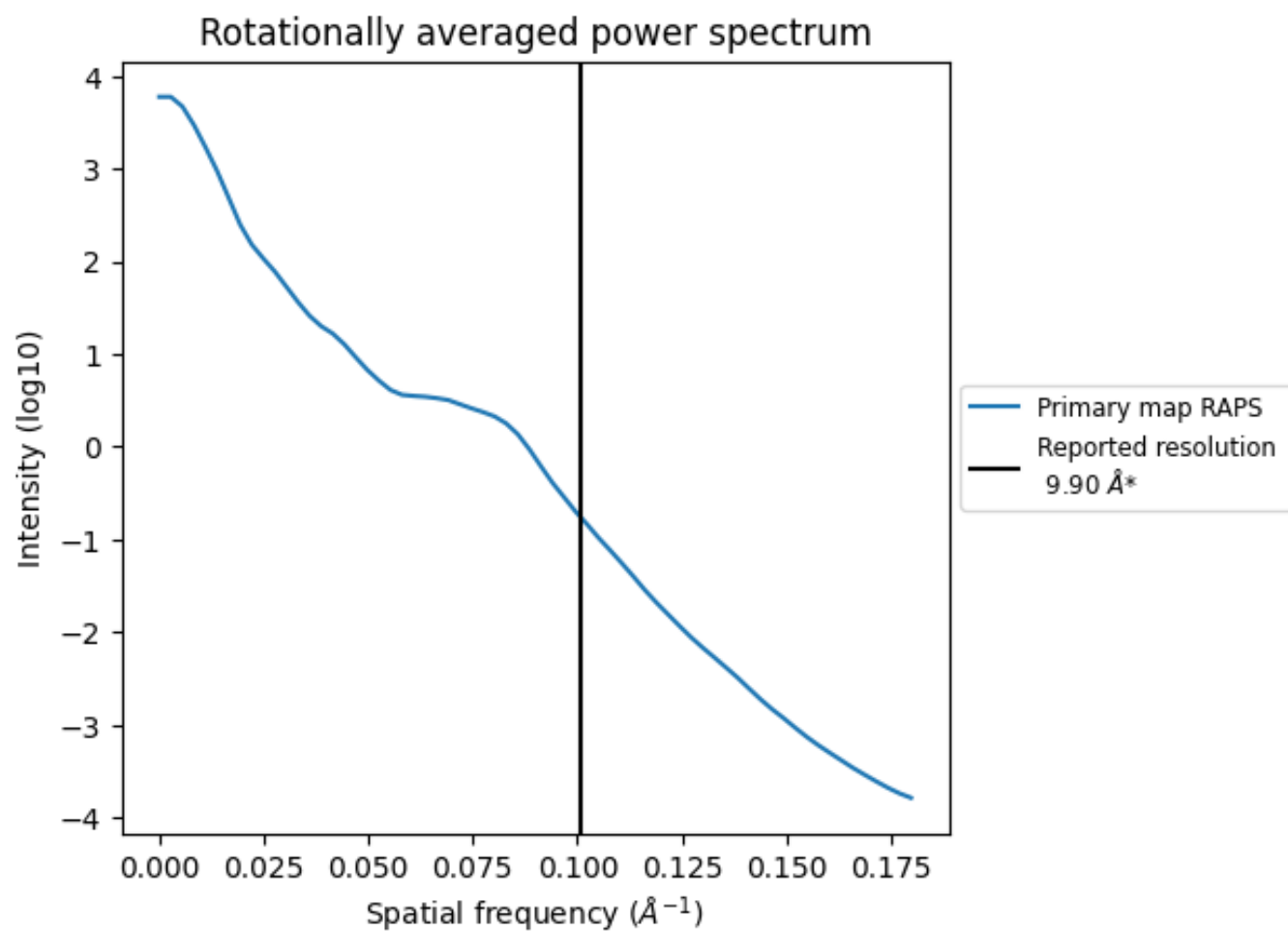
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 179 nm^3 ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 162 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.101 Å⁻¹

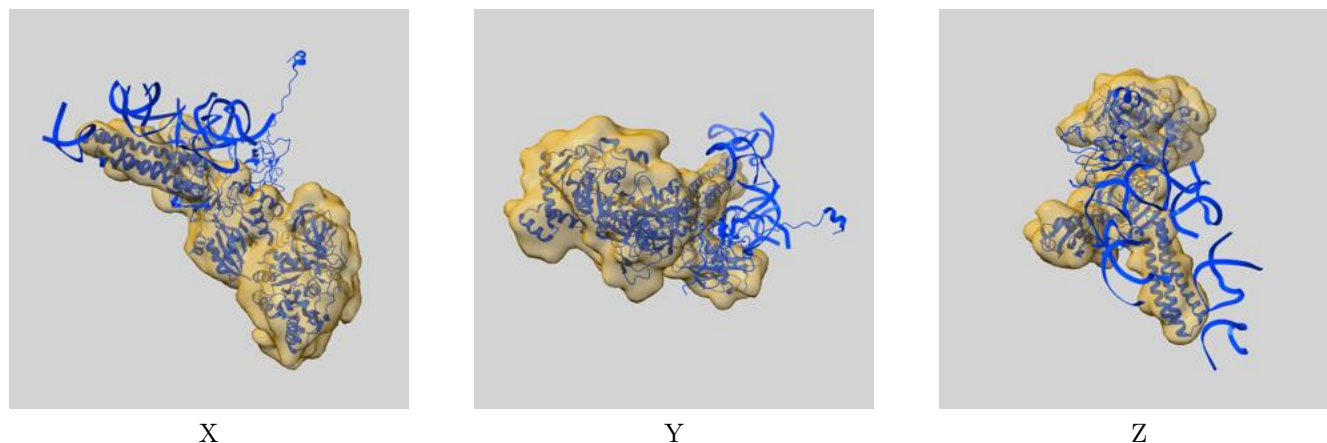
8 Fourier-Shell correlation ⓘ

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

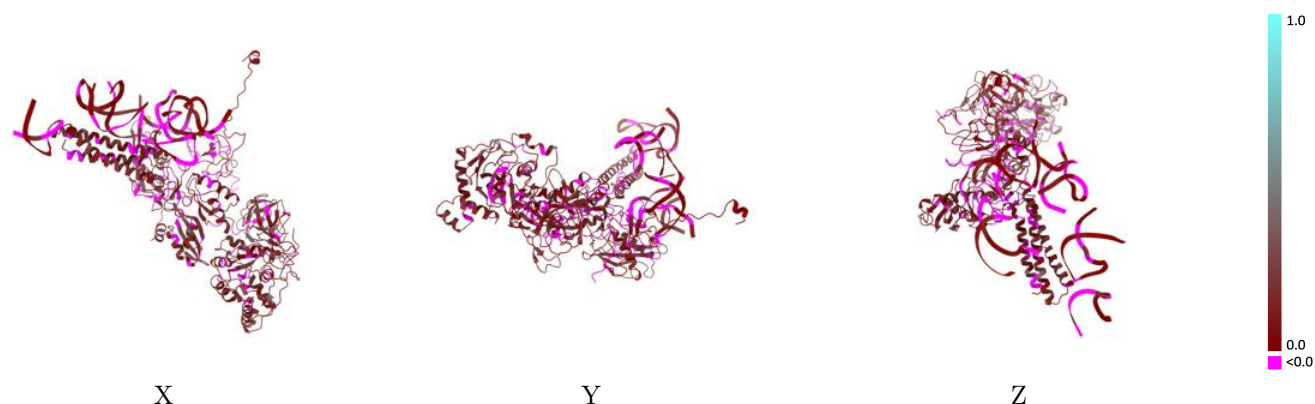
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-1917 and PDB model 3J0E. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in [section 3](#) on [page 6](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



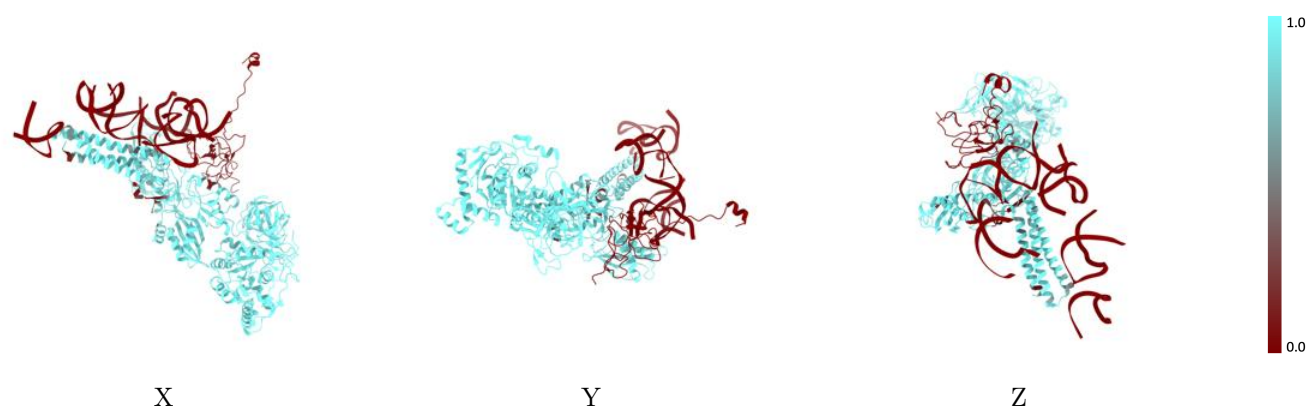
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 6.43 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



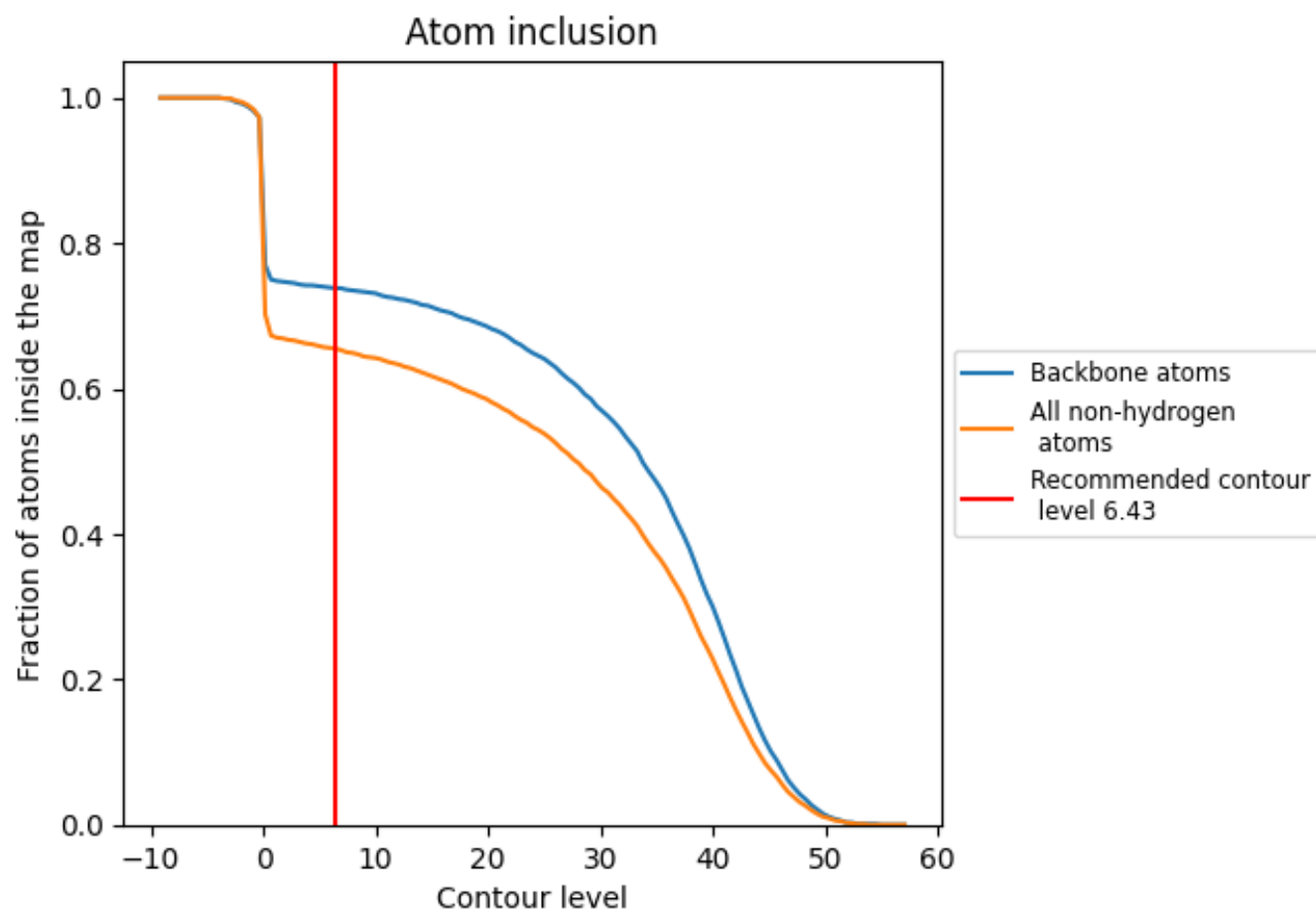
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (6.43).

9.4 Atom inclusion ⓘ



At the recommended contour level, 74% of all backbone atoms, 66% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (6.43) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.6550	0.0840
A	0.0300	0.0190
B	0.0000	0.0090
C	0.0000	0.0110
D	0.0000	0.0330
E	0.0000	0.0130
F	0.0120	0.0060
G	0.8760	0.0880
H	0.9880	0.1230
e	0.0000	0.0440

1.0

0.0

<0.0