



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 9, 2026 – 03:12 PM UTC

PDB ID : 8J23 / pdb_00008j23
EMDB ID : EMD-35943
Title : Cryo-EM structure of FFAR2 complex in apo state
Authors : Tai, L.; Li, F.; Sun, X.; Tang, W.; Wang, J.
Deposited on : 2023-04-14
Resolution : 3.20 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

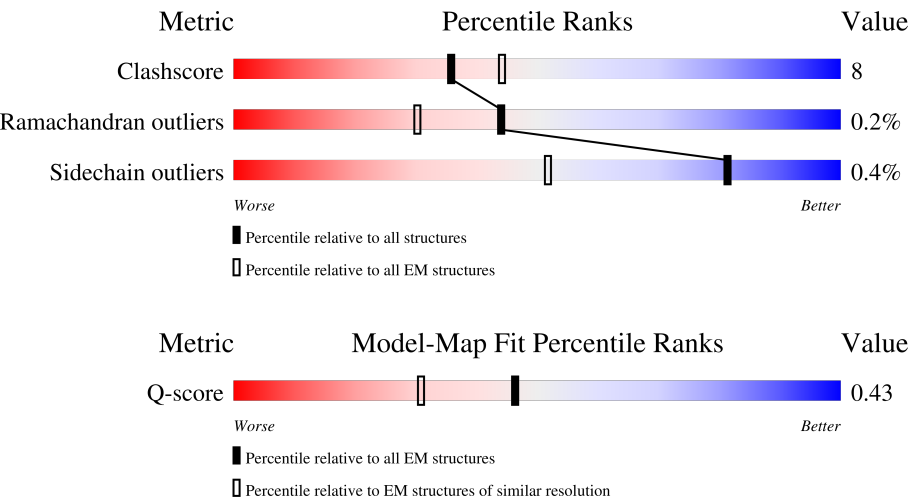
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

1 Overall quality at a glance i

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	15020 (2.70 - 3.70)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	311	10% 68% 15% 17%
2	B	354	5% 52% 9% 39%
3	C	377	5% 68% 22% 10%
4	D	71	25% 75% 6% 20%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
5	F	297	5% 60% 16% • 23%

2 Entry composition

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8596 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Free fatty acid receptor 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	258	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2084	1405	338	330	11		

There are 11 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	2	THR	LEU	conflict	UNP O15552
A	36	VAL	ILE	conflict	UNP O15552
A	80	ILE	VAL	variant	UNP O15552
A	86	GLY	SER	conflict	UNP O15552
A	148J	ASN	SER	variant	UNP O15552
A	170	GLU	ASN	conflict	UNP O15552
A	207	THR	SER	conflict	UNP O15552
A	210	HIS	LEU	variant	UNP O15552
A	245	PHE	TYR	variant	UNP O15552
A	246	TYR	HIS	conflict	UNP O15552
A	289	LEU	VAL	conflict	UNP O15552

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(i) subunit alpha-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	B	216	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1698	1084	284	318	12		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(T) subunit beta-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	C	340	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2610	1609	469	511	21		

There are 38 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

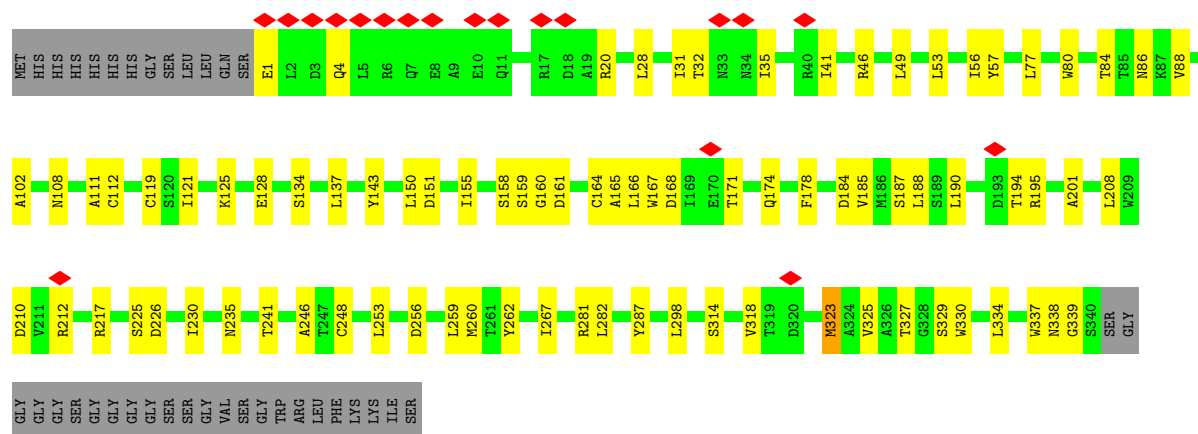
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
C	-12	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP P62873
C	-11	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	-10	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	-9	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	-8	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	-7	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	-6	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	-5	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	-4	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	-3	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	-2	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	-1	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	339	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	340	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	341	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	342	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	343	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	344	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	345	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	346	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	347	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	348	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	349	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	350	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	351	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	352	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	353	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	354	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	355	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	356	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	357	TRP	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	358	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	359	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	360	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	361	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	362	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	363	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
C	364	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P62873

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(O) subunit gamma-2.

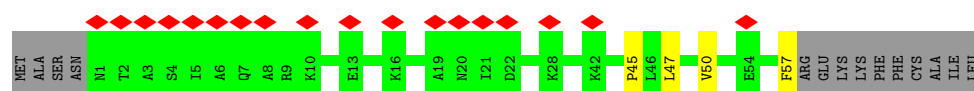
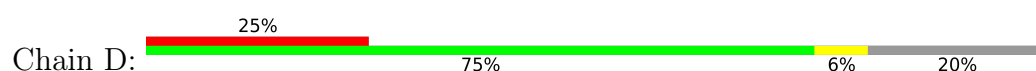
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	D	57	Total 433	C 271	N 75	O 84	S 3	0	0

- Molecule 5 is a protein called scFV16.

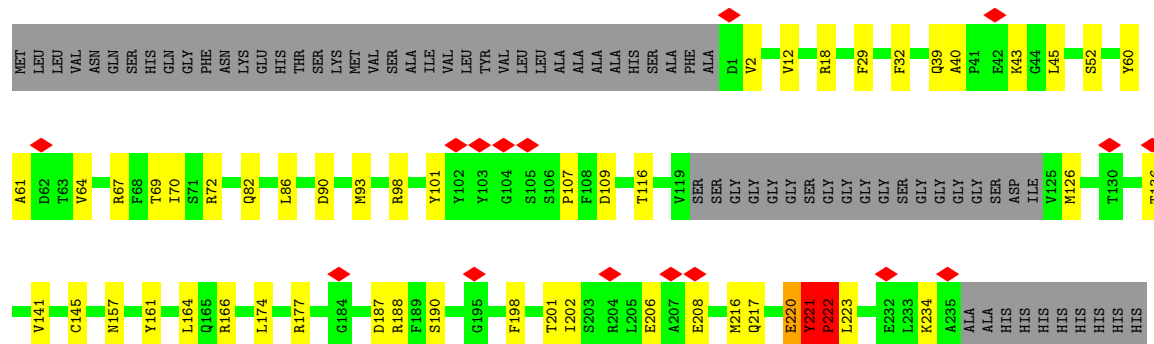
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
5	F	230	Total 1771	C 1125	N 294	O 342	S 10	0	0



- Molecule 4: Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(O) subunit gamma-2



- Molecule 5: scFV16



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	282601	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	60	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1000	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	5000	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K2 QUANTUM (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	1.717	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.021	Depositor
Average map value	0.001	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.021	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.12	Depositor
Map size ($\text{\AA}$)	266.24, 266.24, 266.24	wwPDB
Map dimensions	256, 256, 256	wwPDB
Map angles ($^\circ$)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing ($\text{\AA}$)	1.04, 1.04, 1.04	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.11	0/2147	0.29	0/2934
2	B	0.07	0/1727	0.22	0/2322
3	C	0.09	0/2657	0.25	0/3602
4	D	0.06	0/439	0.18	0/594
5	F	0.11	0/1815	0.49	4/2460 (0.2%)
All	All	0.10	0/8785	0.32	4/11912 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
5	F	0	2

There are no bond length outliers.

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	F	221	TYR	N-CA-C	9.97	131.84	109.81
5	F	221	TYR	CA-C-N	9.93	132.25	119.84
5	F	221	TYR	C-N-CA	9.93	132.25	119.84
5	F	222	PRO	CB-CA-C	7.97	124.71	111.56

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
5	F	220	GLU	Peptide
5	F	221	TYR	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2084	0	2166	32	0
2	B	1698	0	1654	22	0
3	C	2610	0	2516	53	0
4	D	433	0	444	5	0
5	F	1771	0	1714	33	0
All	All	8596	0	8494	133	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

All (133) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:C:28:LEU:HD13	3:C:259:LEU:HD13	1.78	0.66
3:C:338:ASN:HD22	4:D:57:PHE:HB2	1.62	0.65
1:A:44:VAL:HG11	2:B:351:CYS:HA	1.80	0.64
5:F:39:GLN:HB2	5:F:45:LEU:HD23	1.78	0.64
5:F:217:GLN:NE2	5:F:222:PRO:O	2.33	0.61
3:C:56:ILE:O	3:C:314:SER:OG	2.18	0.61
3:C:108:ASN:HD22	3:C:125:LYS:HG3	1.64	0.61
5:F:107:PRO:HA	5:F:161:TYR:HE2	1.66	0.59
3:C:20:ARG:NH1	3:C:256:ASP:O	2.36	0.59
3:C:102:ALA:HB3	3:C:111:ALA:HB3	1.85	0.59
3:C:84:THR:OG1	3:C:86:ASN:OD1	2.12	0.58
3:C:246:ALA:HB1	3:C:267:ILE:HG13	1.86	0.57
3:C:1:GLU:O	3:C:4:GLN:NE2	2.35	0.57
2:B:325:CYS:SG	2:B:326:ALA:N	2.77	0.57
3:C:184:ASP:N	3:C:184:ASP:OD1	2.36	0.56
5:F:93:MET:HE2	5:F:116:THR:HG22	1.87	0.56
5:F:220:GLU:O	5:F:222:PRO:HB2	2.05	0.56
5:F:126:MET:HE3	5:F:217:GLN:HG2	1.86	0.56
3:C:281:ARG:HG2	4:D:47:LEU:HD11	1.88	0.56
5:F:109:ASP:N	5:F:109:ASP:OD1	2.37	0.56
3:C:41:ILE:HD13	3:C:282:LEU:HD11	1.86	0.56
5:F:52:SER:O	5:F:72:ARG:NH1	2.39	0.56

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
5:F:67:ARG:NH2	5:F:90:ASP:OD2	2.40	0.55
1:A:219:ALA:HA	2:B:353:LEU:HD22	1.88	0.55
5:F:61:ALA:HB3	5:F:64:VAL:HG22	1.89	0.55
5:F:29:PHE:O	5:F:72:ARG:NH2	2.41	0.54
2:B:251:ASP:OD1	2:B:255:ASN:ND2	2.41	0.54
3:C:49:LEU:HB2	3:C:334:LEU:HB2	1.89	0.54
5:F:98:ARG:NH2	5:F:109:ASP:OD2	2.38	0.54
2:B:27:GLY:HA3	3:C:53:LEU:HD13	1.90	0.54
3:C:318:VAL:HG22	3:C:325:VAL:HG22	1.88	0.54
3:C:46:ARG:NH2	3:C:339:GLY:O	2.40	0.54
3:C:329:SER:OG	3:C:330:TRP:N	2.42	0.53
1:A:169:ASP:HA	1:A:172:LEU:HD12	1.90	0.53
1:A:184:LEU:HD23	1:A:188:PHE:HD2	1.73	0.53
3:C:323:MET:HA	4:D:45:PRO:HG2	1.91	0.53
3:C:164:CYS:HB2	3:C:178:PHE:HB2	1.91	0.53
5:F:12:VAL:HG11	5:F:86:LEU:HD12	1.91	0.52
3:C:248:CYS:HB2	3:C:262:TYR:HB2	1.91	0.52
3:C:208:LEU:HD22	3:C:253:LEU:HD22	1.92	0.52
3:C:150:LEU:HD22	3:C:194:THR:HG23	1.92	0.52
5:F:161:TYR:HB2	5:F:216:MET:HE2	1.90	0.52
5:F:166:ARG:NH1	5:F:208:GLU:O	2.40	0.52
2:B:247:MET:HG2	2:B:310:LEU:HD11	1.92	0.52
3:C:323:MET:HE1	4:D:50:VAL:HG21	1.93	0.51
2:B:6:SER:OG	2:B:7:ALA:N	2.43	0.51
1:A:68:GLU:HB2	1:A:75:TRP:HE1	1.76	0.51
3:C:159:SER:OG	3:C:161:ASP:OD1	2.26	0.50
3:C:168:ASP:OD2	3:C:171:THR:OG1	2.30	0.50
5:F:190:SER:OG	5:F:201:THR:OG1	2.28	0.50
3:C:155:ILE:HG23	3:C:167:TRP:HB2	1.94	0.49
1:A:36:VAL:HG21	1:A:49:LEU:HD22	1.94	0.49
5:F:12:VAL:HG22	5:F:18:ARG:HD3	1.93	0.49
3:C:119:CYS:HB3	3:C:137:LEU:HD12	1.93	0.49
3:C:32:THR:HG21	3:C:298:LEU:HD12	1.95	0.49
1:A:166:ASN:N	1:A:166:ASN:OD1	2.46	0.48
1:A:264:ASN:ND2	1:A:268:ASP:OD2	2.46	0.48
1:A:10:ILE:HD11	1:A:259:VAL:HG21	1.95	0.48
5:F:221:TYR:O	5:F:223:LEU:HD12	2.13	0.48
3:C:230:ILE:HB	3:C:241:THR:HG23	1.96	0.48
1:A:225:VAL:HG12	1:A:271:LEU:HD21	1.94	0.48
1:A:63:PRO:HA	1:A:66:ILE:HG12	1.94	0.48
3:C:35:ILE:HG21	3:C:281:ARG:HH12	1.79	0.48

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
5:F:188:ARG:NH1	5:F:206:GLU:OE2	2.47	0.47
5:F:136:THR:HB	5:F:234:LYS:HD2	1.96	0.47
5:F:32:PHE:CD1	5:F:98:ARG:HB2	2.49	0.47
1:A:107:ARG:NH1	1:A:198:TYR:OH	2.48	0.47
5:F:40:ALA:HB3	5:F:43:LYS:HB2	1.96	0.47
1:A:94:TYR:CG	1:A:186:LEU:HD21	2.50	0.46
1:A:206:LEU:HA	1:A:216:ARG:HH11	1.80	0.46
2:B:315:ASP:N	2:B:315:ASP:OD1	2.49	0.46
3:C:128:GLU:N	3:C:128:GLU:OE2	2.49	0.46
3:C:187:SER:HB3	3:C:230:ILE:HG22	1.97	0.46
1:A:218:ARG:NH2	2:B:353:LEU:O	2.49	0.46
3:C:185:VAL:HA	3:C:201:ALA:HA	1.98	0.46
3:C:143:TYR:O	3:C:160:GLY:N	2.49	0.45
5:F:164:LEU:HD13	5:F:174:LEU:HD11	1.97	0.45
3:C:88:VAL:HG13	5:F:101:TYR:HE2	1.82	0.45
3:C:195:ARG:HH12	3:C:212:ARG:HH21	1.63	0.45
5:F:145:CYS:N	5:F:198:PHE:O	2.49	0.45
3:C:31:ILE:HG23	3:C:32:THR:HG23	1.99	0.45
1:A:94:TYR:CE2	1:A:182:LEU:HD21	2.52	0.45
1:A:182:LEU:O	1:A:186:LEU:HB3	2.16	0.45
2:B:266:LEU:HD23	2:B:321:THR:HG23	1.99	0.45
3:C:165:ALA:HB1	3:C:174:GLN:HG2	1.99	0.45
1:A:14:TYR:HB3	1:A:66:ILE:HD12	1.99	0.44
1:A:71:SER:O	1:A:74:ARG:HG2	2.18	0.44
3:C:121:ILE:O	3:C:134:SER:N	2.44	0.44
3:C:327:THR:HB	3:C:337:TRP:HE1	1.82	0.44
1:A:74:ARG:HA	1:A:74:ARG:HD3	1.76	0.44
5:F:141:VAL:HG13	5:F:202:ILE:HD12	2.00	0.44
3:C:158:SER:HB3	3:C:188:LEU:HD23	2.00	0.44
1:A:43:PRO:HA	1:A:46:ILE:HD12	1.98	0.44
2:B:210:LYS:HD3	2:B:210:LYS:HA	1.68	0.44
3:C:49:LEU:HD13	3:C:80:TRP:CD2	2.53	0.43
3:C:77:LEU:HD11	3:C:112:CYS:HB3	1.99	0.43
2:B:277:LYS:HE2	2:B:277:LYS:HB2	1.81	0.43
1:A:144:VAL:HG21	1:A:182:LEU:HD22	2.01	0.43
5:F:69:THR:HG23	5:F:82:GLN:HB3	2.01	0.43
2:B:337:ASP:O	2:B:340:THR:OG1	2.36	0.43
2:B:342:VAL:O	2:B:346:ASN:ND2	2.52	0.43
3:C:150:LEU:HD23	3:C:190:LEU:HD13	2.00	0.43
3:C:338:ASN:ND2	4:D:57:PHE:HB2	2.30	0.42
2:B:322:HIS:HB2	2:B:334:PHE:CE1	2.54	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
5:F:187:ASP:OD1	5:F:187:ASP:N	2.52	0.42
1:A:190:PRO:HA	1:A:193:VAL:HG22	2.00	0.42
2:B:29:LYS:NZ	2:B:29:LYS:HB2	2.35	0.42
1:A:7:SER:HA	1:A:10:ILE:HG22	2.01	0.42
2:B:349:LYS:HD3	2:B:354:PHE:HB2	2.01	0.42
3:C:225:SER:OG	3:C:226:ASP:N	2.53	0.42
3:C:235:ASN:OD1	3:C:235:ASN:C	2.62	0.42
2:B:40:GLY:H	2:B:46:LYS:HE3	1.85	0.41
1:A:73:PHE:HB3	1:A:162:THR:HG22	2.01	0.41
3:C:150:LEU:HD11	3:C:166:LEU:HD11	2.01	0.41
2:B:18:MET:HB2	2:B:18:MET:HE2	1.78	0.41
3:C:267:ILE:HD12	3:C:287:TYR:CE2	2.56	0.41
1:A:222:LEU:HD23	1:A:222:LEU:HA	1.87	0.41
3:C:28:LEU:HB3	3:C:260:MET:HE3	2.02	0.41
3:C:151:ASP:OD1	3:C:151:ASP:C	2.64	0.41
2:B:213:HIS:HD1	3:C:57:TYR:HH	1.66	0.41
3:C:210:ASP:CG	3:C:217:ARG:HH12	2.28	0.41
5:F:164:LEU:HB2	5:F:174:LEU:HD11	2.02	0.41
1:A:97:THR:HG23	1:A:230:PHE:HZ	1.86	0.41
1:A:204:ILE:O	1:A:204:ILE:HG13	2.21	0.41
1:A:228:LEU:HD23	1:A:228:LEU:HA	1.86	0.41
5:F:157:ASN:HB3	5:F:177:ARG:NE	2.37	0.40
1:A:218:ARG:HH22	1:A:274:PHE:HZ	1.68	0.40
2:B:334:PHE:CD2	2:B:334:PHE:C	3.00	0.40
5:F:2:VAL:HG11	5:F:98:ARG:HH11	1.86	0.40
5:F:60:TYR:OH	5:F:70:ILE:N	2.55	0.40
1:A:206:LEU:HD21	1:A:220:VAL:HG21	2.04	0.40
2:B:7:ALA:HB1	5:F:221:TYR:CE1	2.57	0.40
1:A:4:ASP:OD1	1:A:4:ASP:N	2.54	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	254/311 (82%)	237 (93%)	17 (7%)	0	100	100
2	B	210/354 (59%)	209 (100%)	1 (0%)	0	100	100
3	C	338/377 (90%)	327 (97%)	11 (3%)	0	100	100
4	D	55/71 (78%)	55 (100%)	0	0	100	100
5	F	226/297 (76%)	217 (96%)	7 (3%)	2 (1%)	14	47
All	All	1083/1410 (77%)	1045 (96%)	36 (3%)	2 (0%)	44	73

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
5	F	221	TYR
5	F	222	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	226/270 (84%)	225 (100%)	1 (0%)	84	86
2	B	180/305 (59%)	178 (99%)	2 (1%)	65	79
3	C	282/308 (92%)	281 (100%)	1 (0%)	84	86
4	D	46/58 (79%)	46 (100%)	0	100	100
5	F	194/239 (81%)	194 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	928/1180 (79%)	924 (100%)	4 (0%)	81	86

All (4) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	249	LYS
2	B	5	LEU
2	B	187	THR
3	C	323	MET

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (6) such

sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	45	HIS
1	A	238	ASN
2	B	255	ASN
2	B	294	ASN
2	B	346	ASN
3	C	338	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

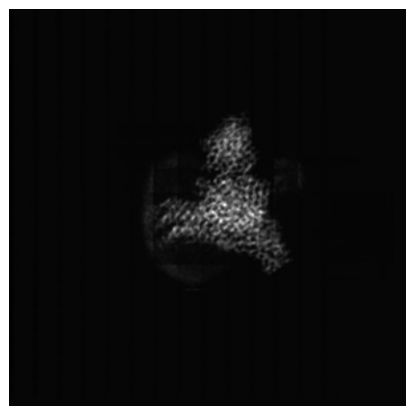
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-35943. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

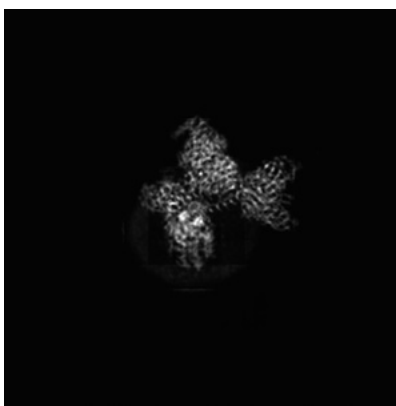
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

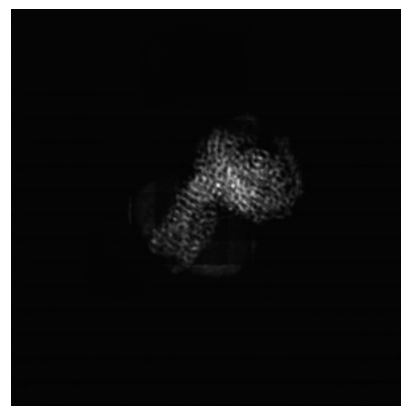
6.1.1 Primary map



X

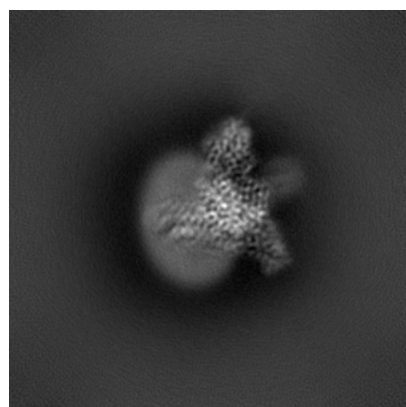


Y

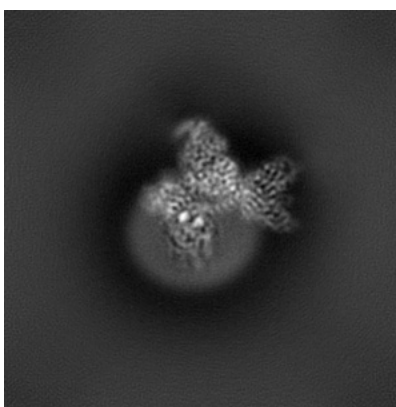


Z

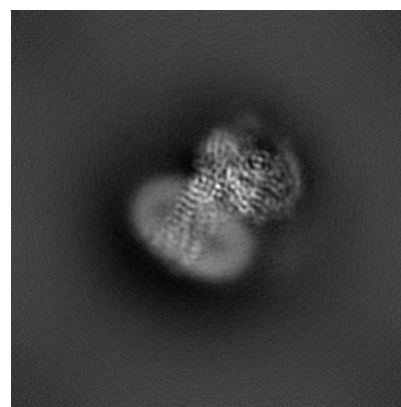
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 128

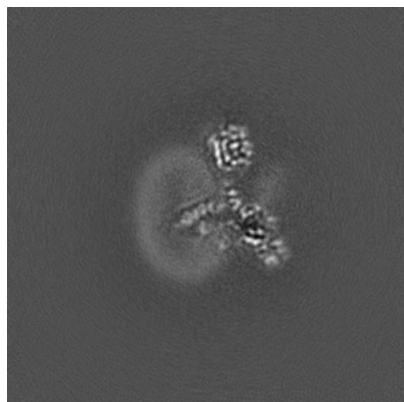


Y Index: 128

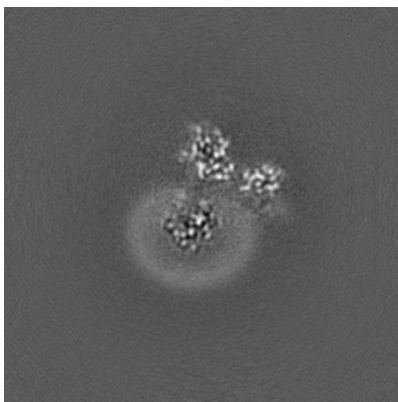


Z Index: 128

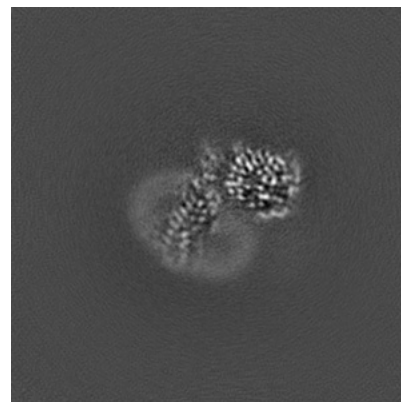
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 128



Y Index: 128



Z Index: 128

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 131

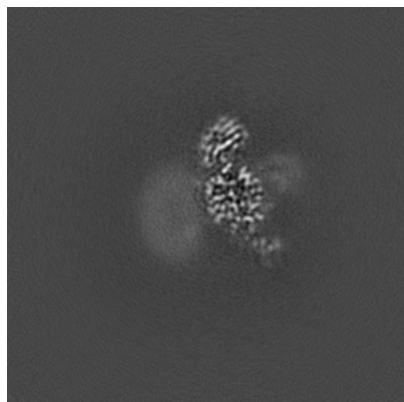


Y Index: 143

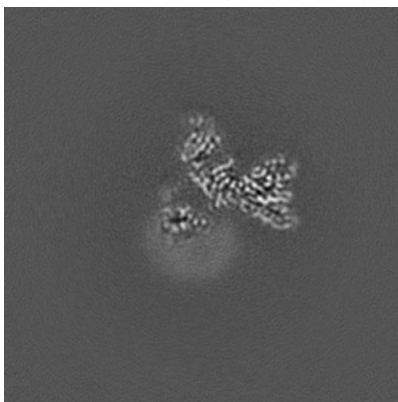


Z Index: 122

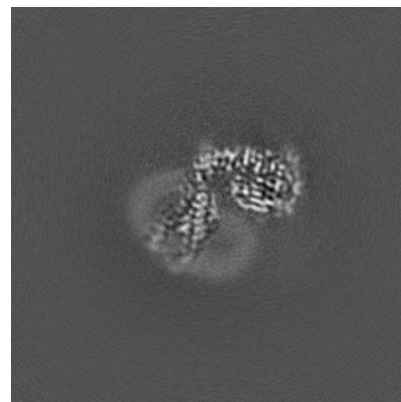
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 146



Y Index: 142

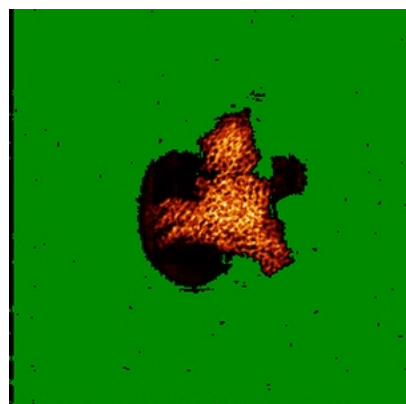


Z Index: 125

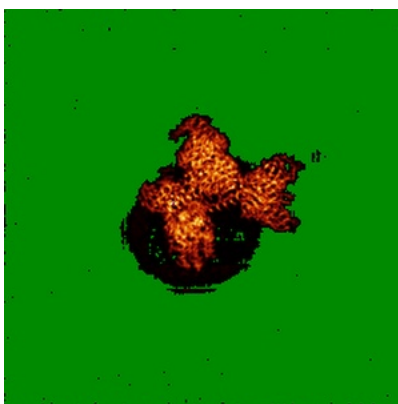
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

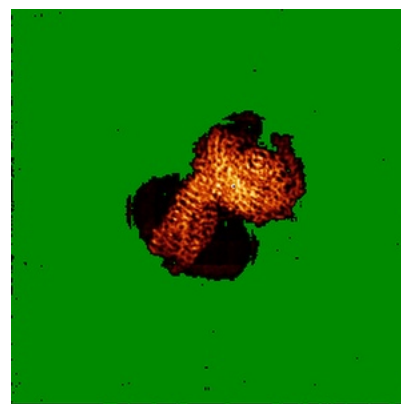
6.4.1 Primary map



X

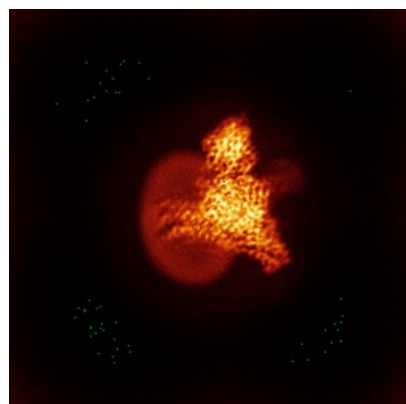


Y

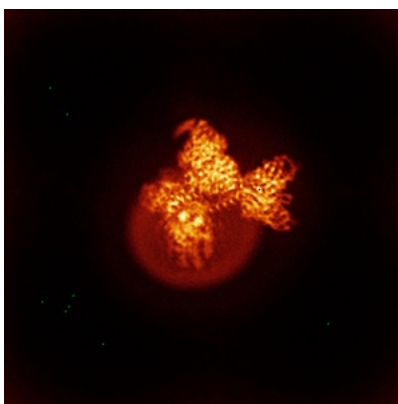


Z

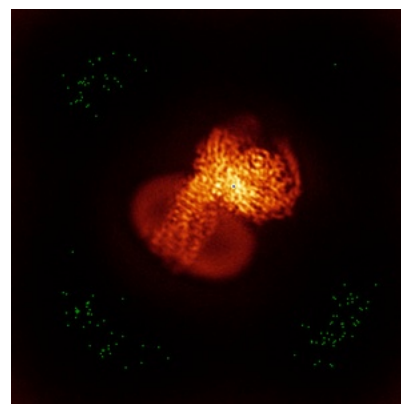
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

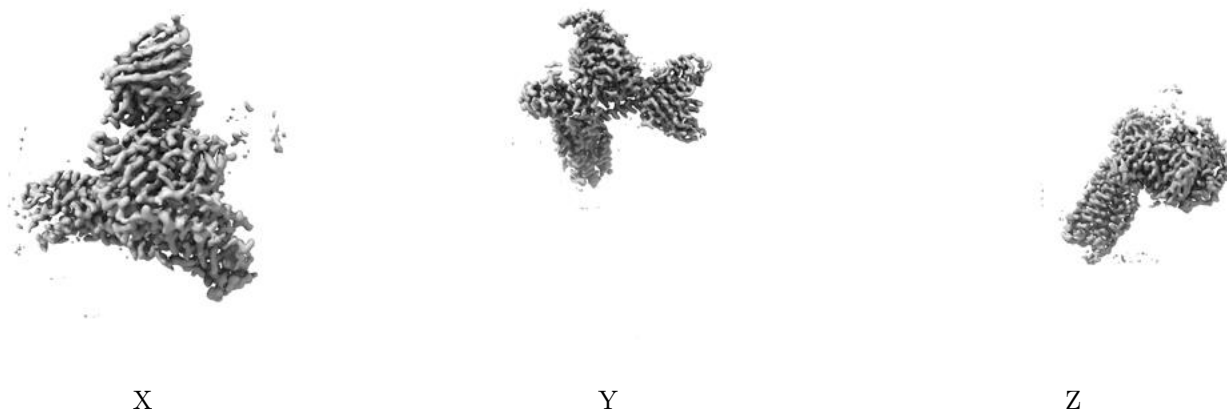


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

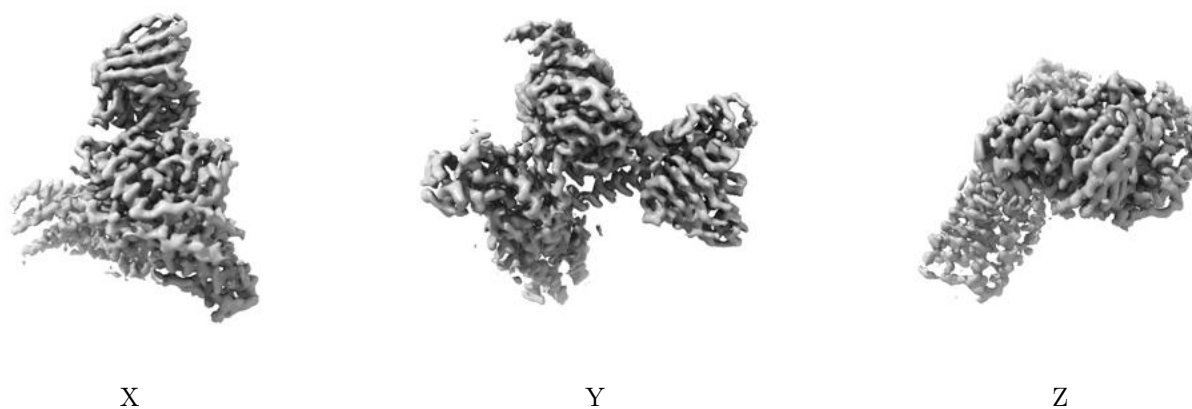
6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.12. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

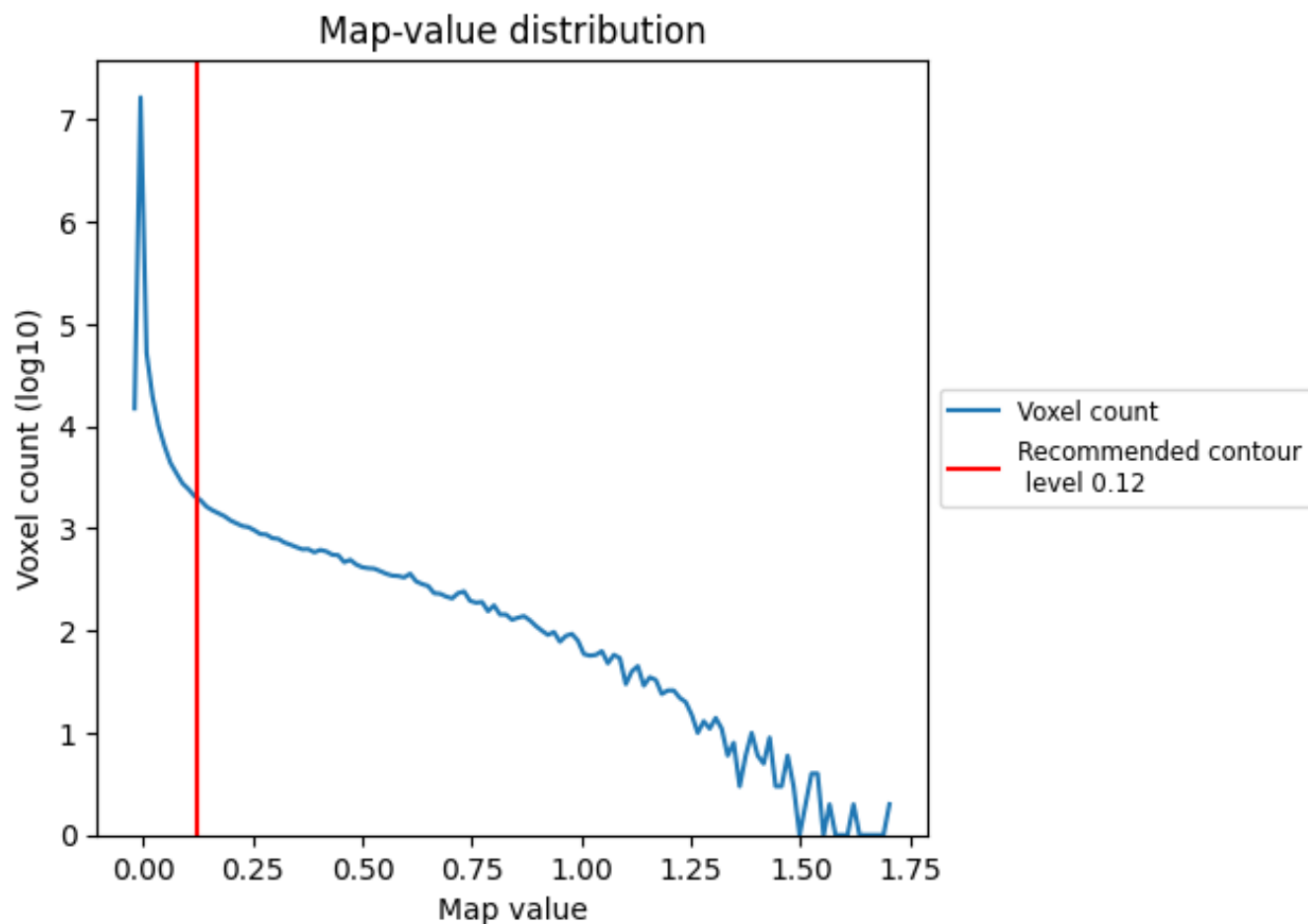
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

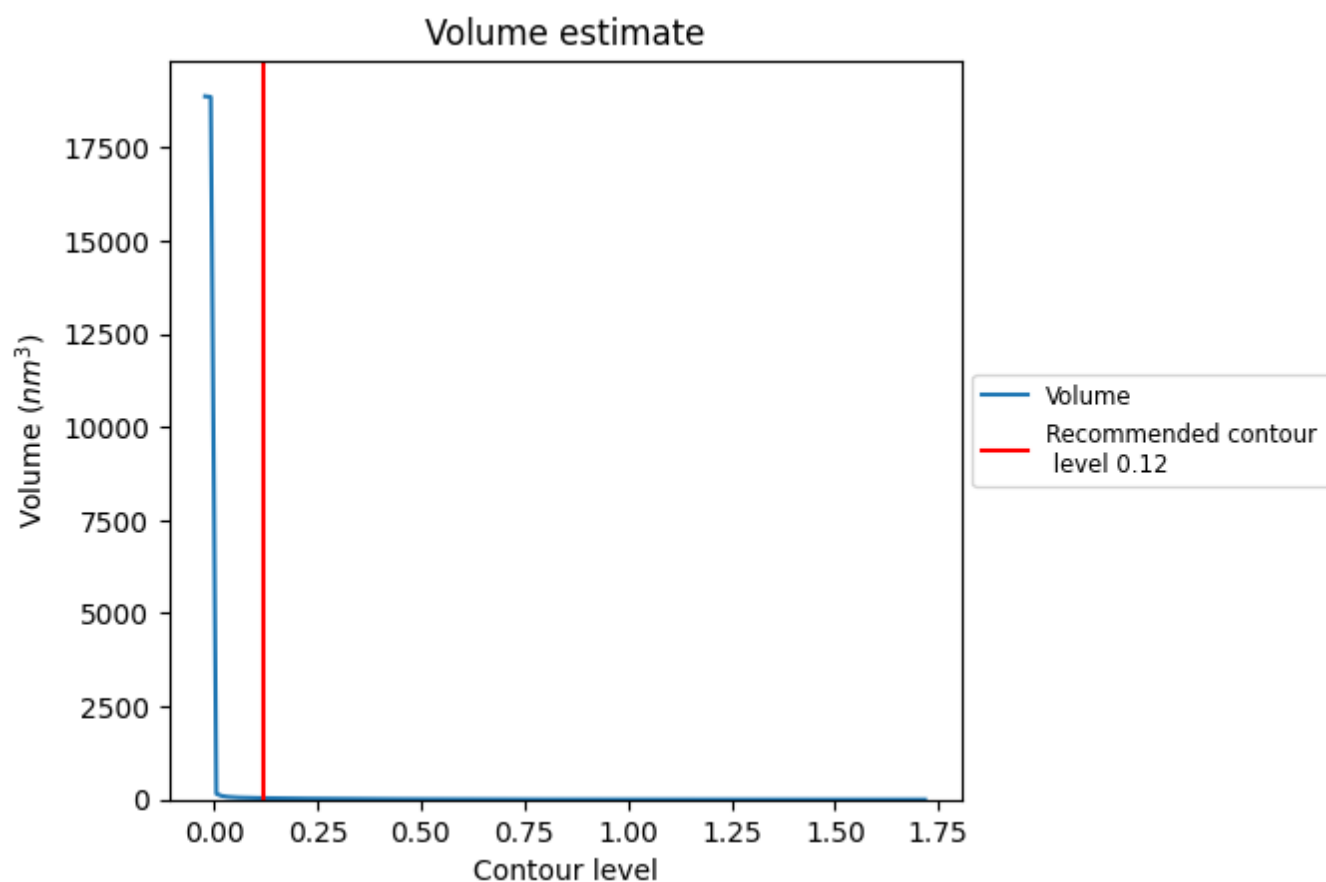
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

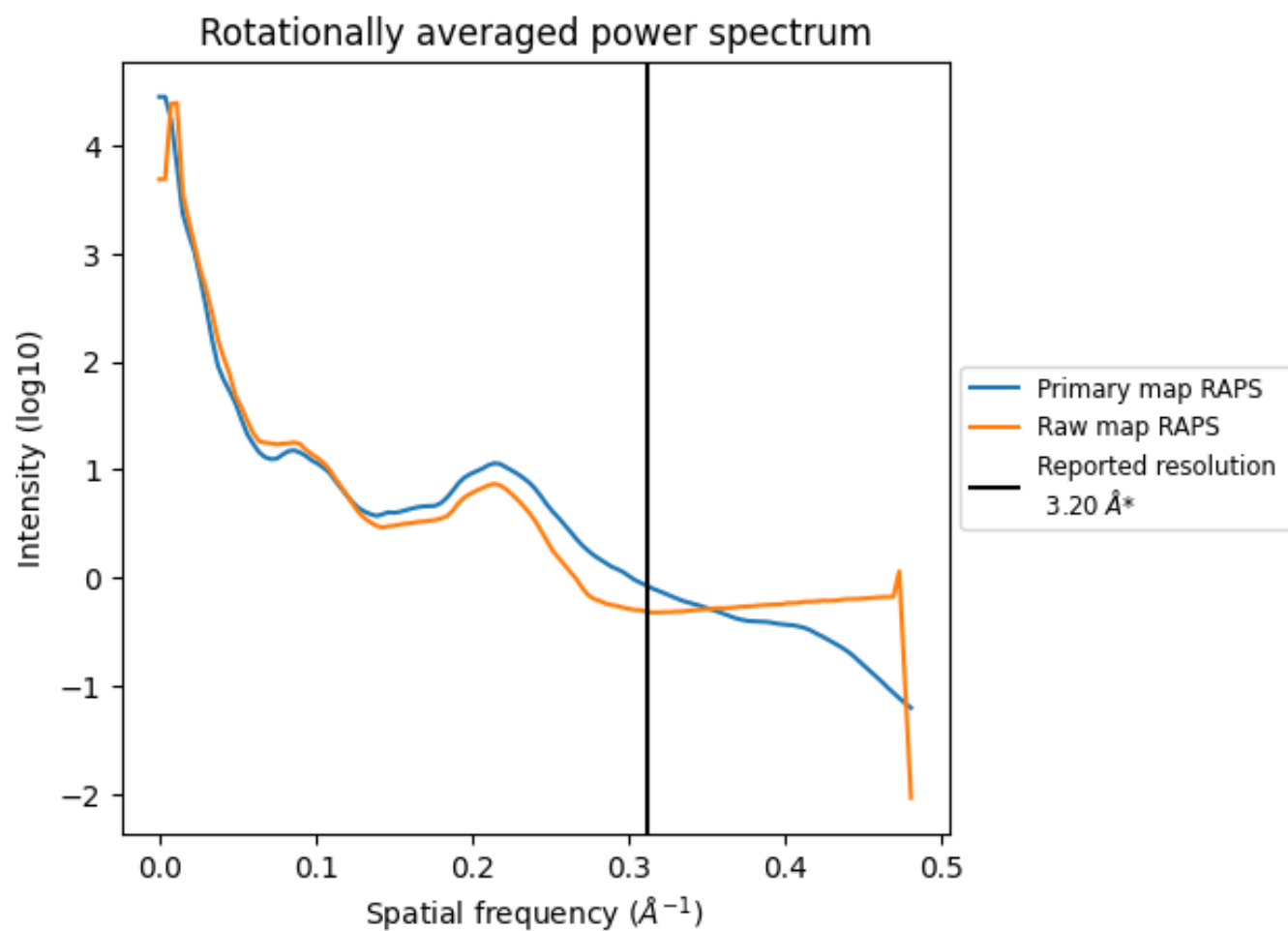
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 39 nm^3 ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 35 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

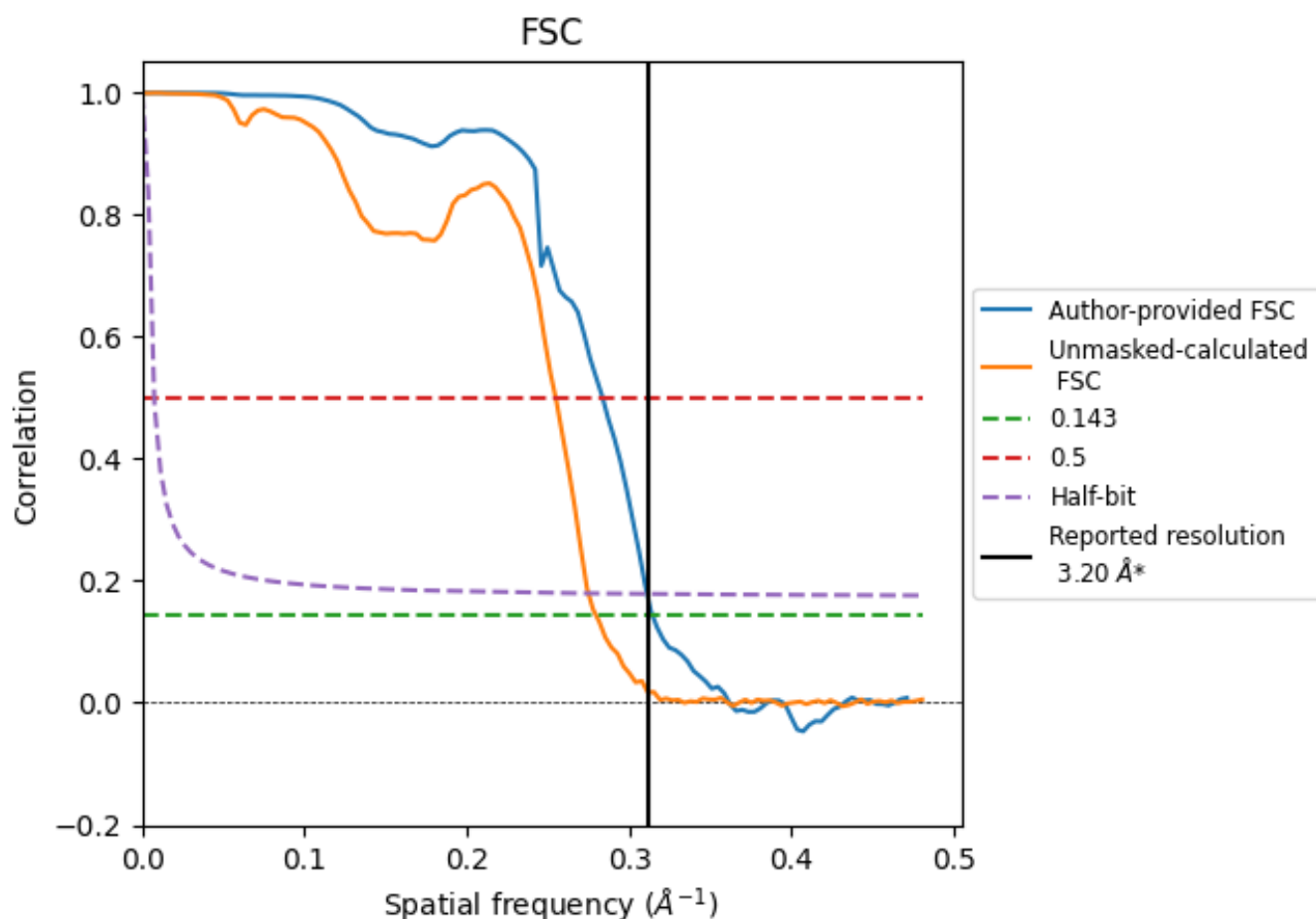


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of $0.312 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of $0.312 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

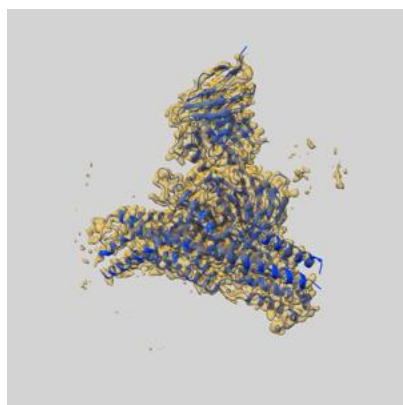
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.20	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	3.18	3.52	3.21
Unmasked-calculated*	3.57	3.92	3.64

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.57 differs from the reported value 3.2 by more than 10 %

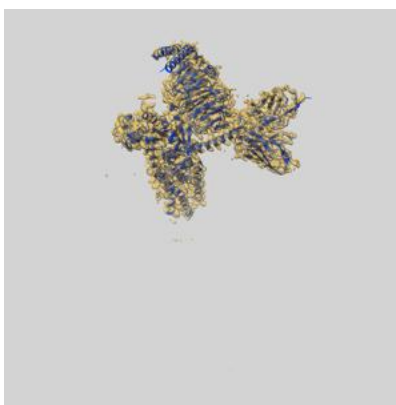
9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-35943 and PDB model 8J23. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [7](#).

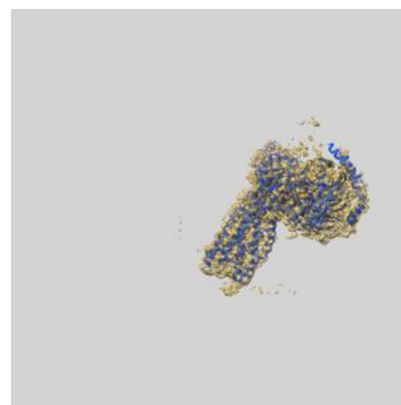
9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



X



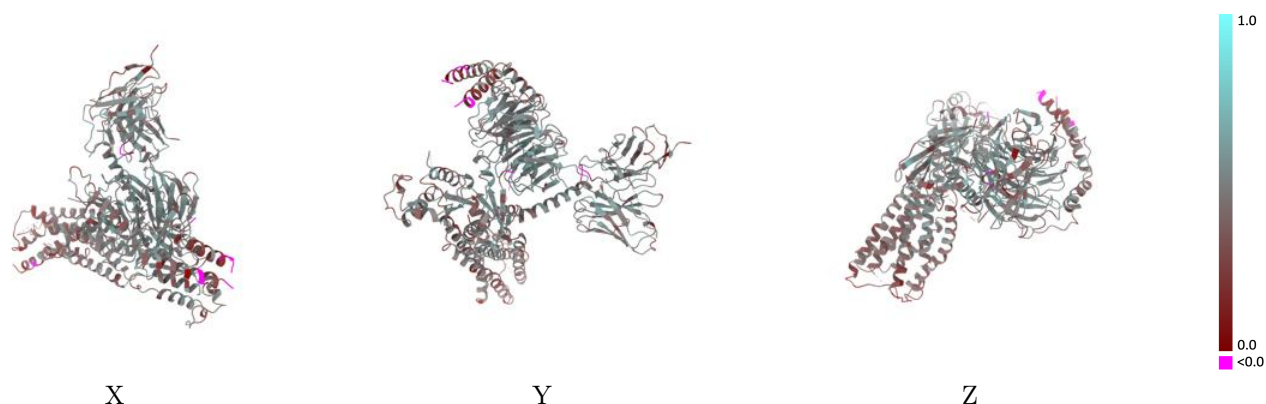
Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.12 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



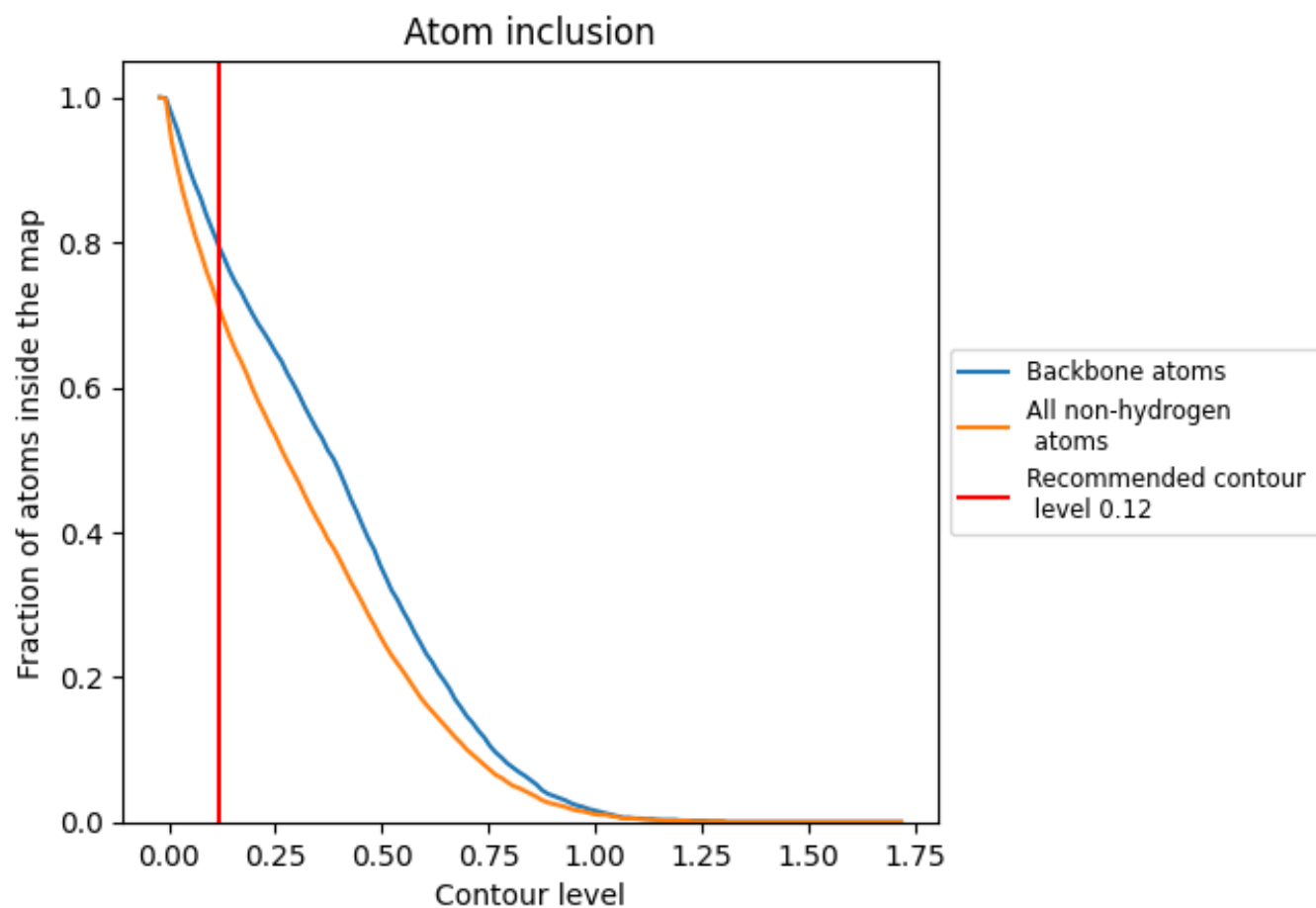
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.12).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 79% of all backbone atoms, 71% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.12) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.7060	0.4300
A	0.6470	0.3520
B	0.7270	0.4560
C	0.7560	0.4760
D	0.5330	0.3570
F	0.7240	0.4480

