



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Apr 24, 2026 – 10:59 PM EDT

PDB ID : 1J5O / pdb_00001j5o
Title : CRYSTAL STRUCTURE OF MET184ILE MUTANT OF HIV-1 REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE IN COMPLEX WITH DOUBLE STRANDED DNA TEMPLATE-PRIMER
Authors : Sarafianos, S.G.; Das, K.; Arnold, E.
Deposited on : 2002-05-24
Resolution : 3.50 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4	:	9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

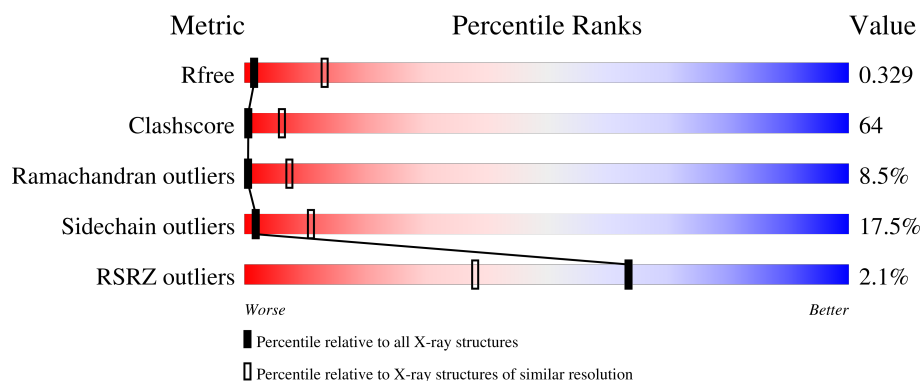
1 Overall quality at a glance ⓘ

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



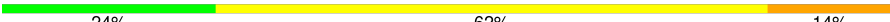
Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	1085 (3.54-3.46)
Clashscore	190562	1140 (3.54-3.46)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	1113 (3.54-3.46)
Sidechain outliers	187428	1114 (3.54-3.46)
RSRZ outliers	180081	1084 (3.54-3.46)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	T	19	5% 95% 5%
2	P	18	6% 89% 11%
3	A	558	2% 25% 56% 17% •
4	B	430	2% 21% 53% 22% •
5	L	214	2% 20% 62% 15% •

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
6	H	220	 A horizontal bar chart showing the quality of chain H. The bar is divided into three segments: a green segment on the left labeled '24%', a yellow segment in the middle labeled '62%', and an orange segment on the right labeled '14%'.

2 Entry composition

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 11720 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called 5'-D(*AP*TP*GP*GP*CP*GP*CP*CP*GP*AP*AP*CP*AP*GP*GP*GP*AP*C)-3'.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	T	19	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0	0
			390	184	80	108	18			

- Molecule 2 is a DNA chain called 5'-D(*GP*TP*CP*CP*CP*TP*GP*TP*TP*CP*GP*GP*GP*CP*GP*CP*A)-3'.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	P	18	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0	0
			363	173	64	109	17			

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Reverse transcriptase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	A	558	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			4292	2778	713	795	6			

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	184	ILE	MET	engineered mutation	UNP P03366
A	280	SER	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P03366

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Reverse transcriptase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	B	430	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3411	2217	568	620	6			

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	184	ILE	MET	engineered mutation	UNP P03366
B	280	SER	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P03366

- Molecule 5 is a protein called ANTIBODY (LIGHT CHAIN).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
5	L	214	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1616	1010	256	343	7			

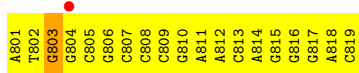
- Molecule 6 is a protein called ANTIBODY (HEAVY CHAIN).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
6	H	220	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1648	1037	270	333	8			

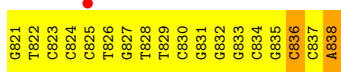
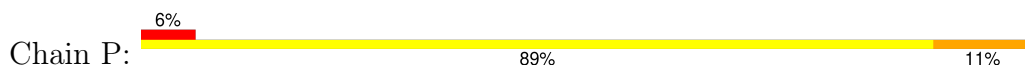
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

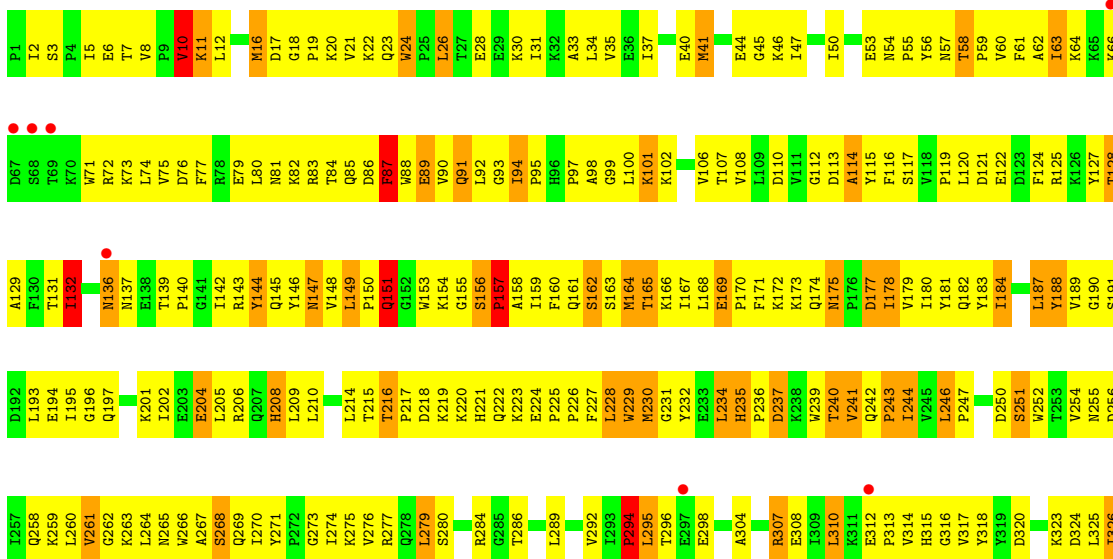
- Molecule 1: 5'-D(*AP*TP*GP*GP*CP*GP*CP*CP*GP*AP*AP*CP*AP*GP*GP*GP*AP*C)-3'

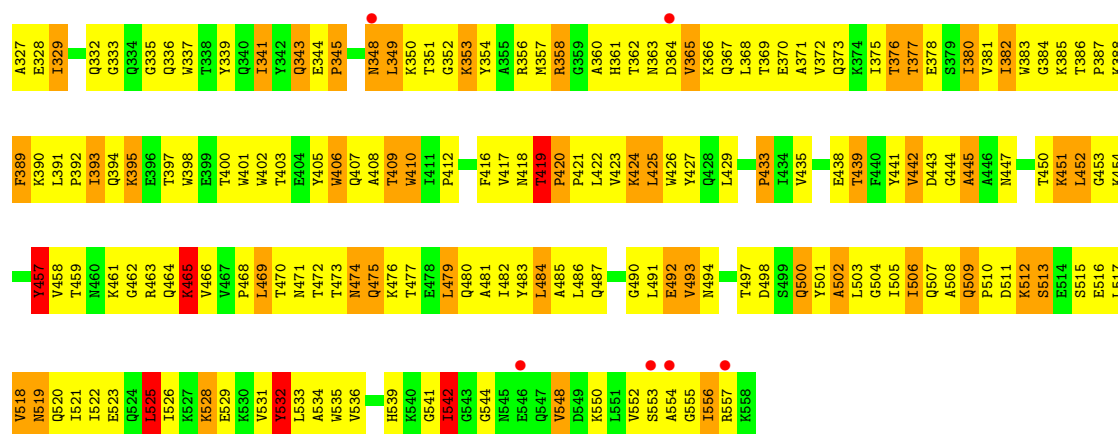


- Molecule 2: 5'-D(*GP*TP*CP*CP*CP*TP*GP*TP*TP*CP*GP*GP*GP*CP*GP*CP*CP*A)-3'

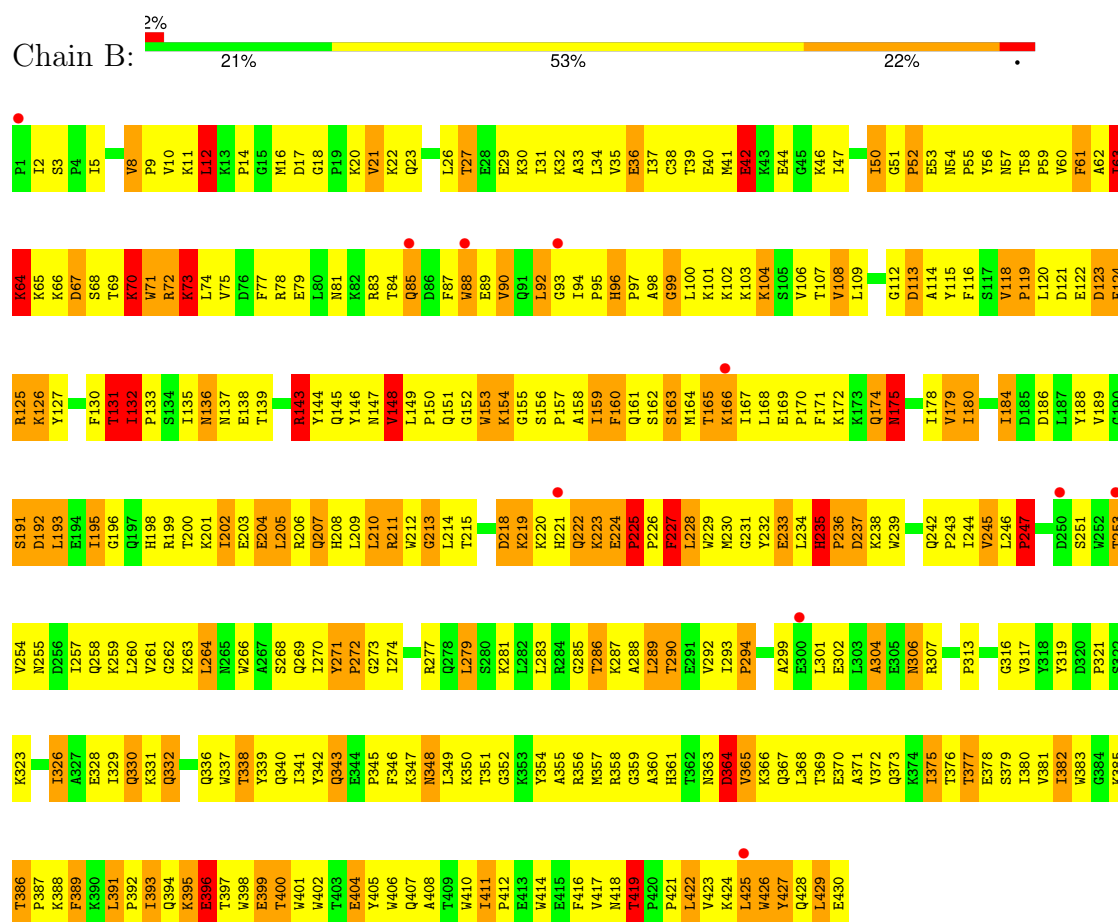


- Molecule 3: Reverse transcriptase

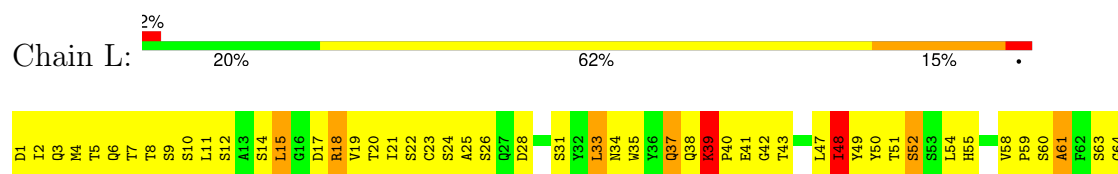




• Molecule 4: Reverse transcriptase



• Molecule 5: ANTIBODY (LIGHT CHAIN)





● Molecule 6: ANTIBODY (HEAVY CHAIN)

Chain H: 24% 62% 14%

4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 32 1 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	169.18Å 169.18Å 221.91Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	10.00 – 3.50 10.00 – 3.50	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	91.5 (10.00-3.50) 87.2 (10.00-3.50)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.12	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.71 (at 3.48Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	X-PLOR 3.843	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.262 , 0.338 0.259 , 0.329	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1272 reflections (3.03%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	98.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.181	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.16 , 57.4	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.46$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.28$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.049 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.88	EDS
Total number of atoms	11720	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	45.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.19% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	T	0.39	0/439	0.75	1/676 (0.1%)
2	P	0.43	0/405	0.83	1/623 (0.2%)
3	A	0.67	0/4404	1.19	36/6017 (0.6%)
4	B	0.74	2/3510 (0.1%)	1.28	56/4784 (1.2%)
5	L	0.65	0/1654	1.29	28/2256 (1.2%)
6	H	0.74	0/1691	1.24	15/2320 (0.6%)
All	All	0.69	2/12103 (0.0%)	1.21	137/16676 (0.8%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
2	P	0	1
3	A	0	1
All	All	0	2

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	B	21	VAL	CA-CB	-5.99	1.47	1.54
4	B	225	PRO	CA-C	5.75	1.57	1.52

The worst 5 of 137 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	B	243	PRO	N-CA-CB	12.01	110.87	102.35
6	H	8	GLY	CA-C-N	10.58	130.40	119.19
6	H	8	GLY	C-N-CA	10.58	130.40	119.19
3	A	132	ILE	CA-C-N	9.72	129.54	120.21
3	A	132	ILE	C-N-CA	9.72	129.54	120.21

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
3	A	144	TYR	Sidechain
2	P	836	DC	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	T	390	0	212	56	0
2	P	363	0	204	102	0
3	A	4292	0	4127	509	0
4	B	3411	0	3300	470	0
5	L	1616	0	1517	177	0
6	H	1648	0	1602	191	0
All	All	11720	0	10962	1443	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 64.

The worst 5 of 1443 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:P:822:DT:H2''	2:P:823:DC:C6	1.75	1.22
1:T:803:DG:H2''	1:T:804:DG:C5'	1.77	1.14
4:B:230:MET:HE2	6:H:104:SER:HA	1.28	1.12
2:P:831:DG:H2''	2:P:832:DG:H5'	1.17	1.11
3:A:20:LYS:HA	3:A:57:ASN:H	1.15	1.10

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
3	A	556/558 (100%)	394 (71%)	121 (22%)	41 (7%)	1	9
4	B	428/430 (100%)	284 (66%)	96 (22%)	48 (11%)	0	5
5	L	212/214 (99%)	162 (76%)	35 (16%)	15 (7%)	1	10
6	H	218/220 (99%)	160 (73%)	42 (19%)	16 (7%)	1	9
All	All	1414/1422 (99%)	1000 (71%)	294 (21%)	120 (8%)	0	7

5 of 120 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	A	63	ILE
3	A	66	LYS
3	A	136	ASN
3	A	195	ILE
3	A	223	LYS

5.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
3	A	434/498 (87%)	354 (82%)	80 (18%)	1	9
4	B	350/392 (89%)	282 (81%)	68 (19%)	1	8
5	L	182/182 (100%)	149 (82%)	33 (18%)	2	10
6	H	191/191 (100%)	169 (88%)	22 (12%)	5	24
All	All	1157/1263 (92%)	954 (82%)	203 (18%)	2	11

5 of 203 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	B	193	LEU
4	B	396	GLU
6	H	205	CYS
4	B	207	GLN
4	B	271	TYR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 35 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
5	L	77	ASN
5	L	124	GLN
6	H	62	ASN
3	A	480	GLN
3	A	475	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	T	19/19 (100%)	1.38	1 (5%) 32 18	59, 76, 94, 96	0
2	P	18/18 (100%)	0.91	1 (5%) 30 17	61, 74, 86, 87	0
3	A	558/558 (100%)	0.04	13 (2%) 61 37	11, 52, 75, 92	0
4	B	430/430 (100%)	-0.05	10 (2%) 61 37	6, 32, 75, 93	0
5	L	214/214 (100%)	0.06	5 (2%) 61 37	17, 44, 66, 76	0
6	H	220/220 (100%)	-0.19	0 100 100	14, 33, 57, 68	0
All	All	1459/1459 (100%)	0.01	30 (2%) 63 38	6, 43, 75, 96	0

The worst 5 of 30 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
3	A	297	GLU	6.0
3	A	67	ASP	4.8
4	B	85	GLN	3.4
5	L	158	GLY	3.3
3	A	69	THR	3.2

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.