



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 7, 2026 – 01:47 AM UTC

PDB ID : 1J86 / pdb_00001j86
Title : HUMAN HIGH AFFINITY FC RECEPTOR FC(EPSILON)RI(ALPHA),
MONOCLINIC CRYSTAL FORM 2
Authors : Garman, S.C.; Sechi, S.; Kinet, J.P.; Jardetzky, T.S.
Deposited on : 2001-05-20
Resolution : 3.20 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	NOT EXECUTED
EDS	:	NOT EXECUTED
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

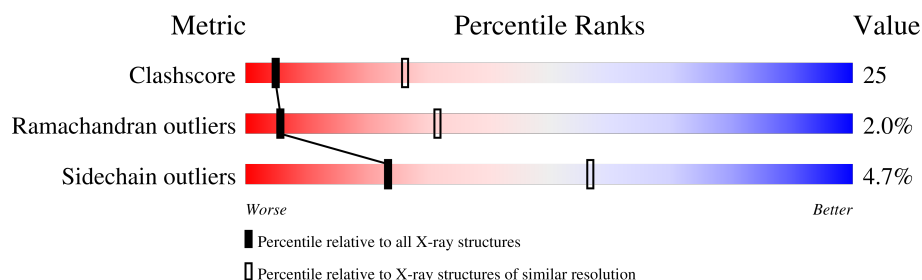
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	190562	1573 (3.20-3.20)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	1548 (3.20-3.20)
Sidechain outliers	187428	1547 (3.20-3.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	176	
1	B	176	
2	C	2	
2	H	2	
3	D	4	
4	E	3	
5	F	4	
6	G	3	

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3131 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called HIGH AFFINITY IMMUNOGLOBULIN EPSILON RECEPTOR ALPHA-SUBUNIT.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	174	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1427	913	235	274	5			
1	B	173	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1416	907	231	273	5			

- Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	C	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			28	16	2	10			
2	H	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			28	16	2	10			

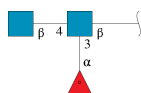
- Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	D	4	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			50	28	2	20			

- Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-fucopyranose-(1-3)-[2-acetamido-2-deoxy-be

ta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



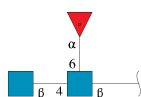
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	E	3	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			38	22	2	14			

- Molecule 5 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



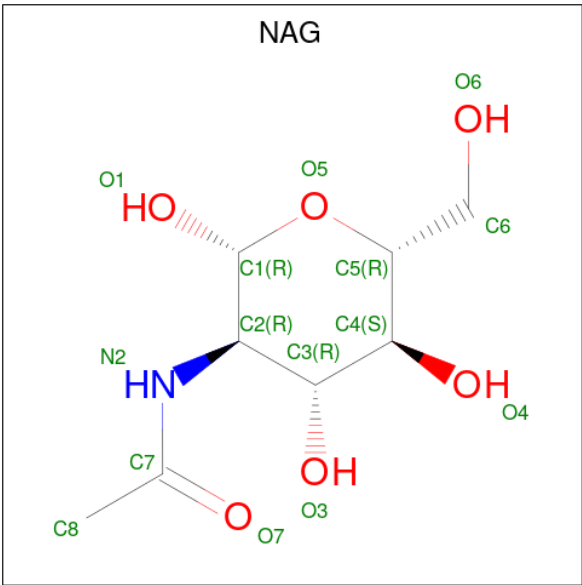
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
5	F	4	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			50	28	2	20			

- Molecule 6 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-D-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
6	G	3	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			38	22	2	14			

- Molecule 7 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (CCD ID: NAG) (formula: C₈H₁₅NO₆).



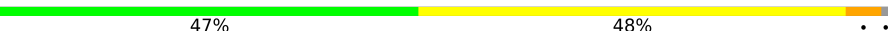
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
7	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
7	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
7	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		

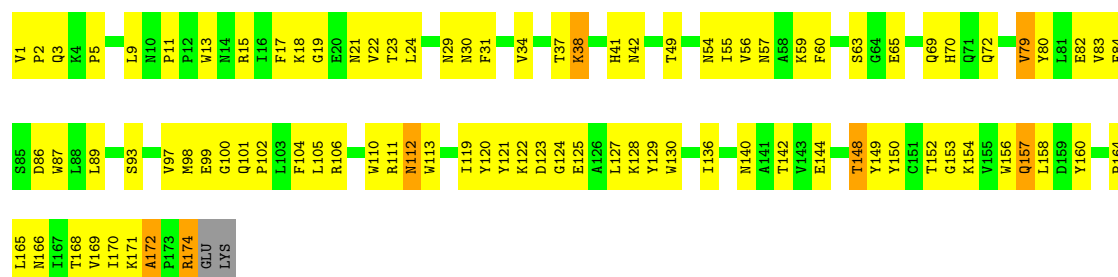
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

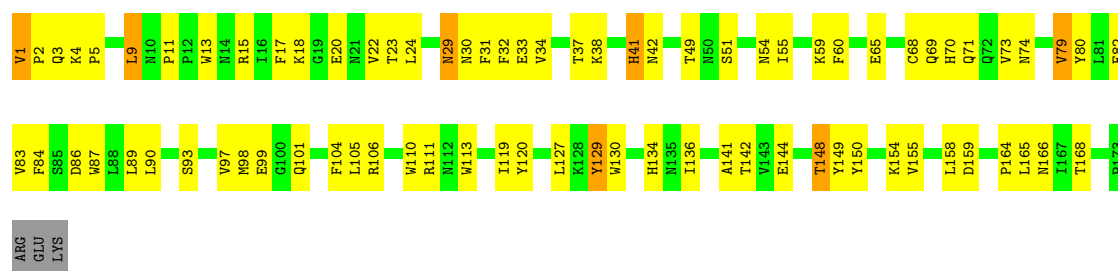
• Molecule 1: HIGH AFFINITY IMMUNOGLOBULIN EPSILON RECEPTOR ALPHA-SUBUNIT

Chain A: 



• Molecule 1: HIGH AFFINITY IMMUNOGLOBULIN EPSILON RECEPTOR ALPHA-SUBUNIT

Chain B: 



• Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain C: 



• Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain H: 



- Molecule 3: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



- Molecule 4: alpha-D-fucopyranose-(1-3)-[2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



- Molecule 5: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



- Molecule 6: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-D-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



4 Data and refinement statistics

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	136.90Å 73.79Å 79.40Å 90.00° 117.74° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	22.65 – 3.20	Depositor
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.5 (22.65-3.20)	Depositor
R_{merge}	0.10	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
Refinement program	CNS 1.0	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.245 , 0.278	Depositor
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
Total number of atoms	3131	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	67.0	wwPDB-VP

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FCA, MAN, NAG, BMA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.50	0/1469	0.96	6/2002 (0.3%)
1	B	0.46	0/1458	0.96	4/1988 (0.2%)
All	All	0.48	0/2927	0.96	10/3990 (0.3%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	B	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (10) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed($^{\circ}$)	Ideal($^{\circ}$)
1	A	11	PRO	CA-C-N	6.98	127.57	119.47
1	A	11	PRO	C-N-CA	6.98	127.57	119.47
1	B	11	PRO	CA-C-N	6.81	127.37	119.47
1	B	11	PRO	C-N-CA	6.81	127.37	119.47
1	B	29	ASN	N-CA-C	-6.17	103.15	111.54
1	A	157	GLN	N-CA-C	6.05	121.97	113.56
1	A	3	GLN	N-CA-C	6.03	119.07	110.68
1	A	172	ALA	N-CA-C	5.76	117.25	109.24
1	B	71	GLN	N-CA-C	5.33	118.08	110.24
1	A	153	GLY	N-CA-C	5.03	118.62	110.87

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	B	129	TYR	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1427	0	1341	78	0
1	B	1416	0	1328	66	0
2	C	28	0	25	3	0
2	H	28	0	25	3	0
3	D	50	0	43	3	0
4	E	38	0	34	1	0
5	F	50	0	43	7	0
6	G	38	0	34	1	0
7	A	28	0	26	1	0
7	B	28	0	26	2	0
All	All	3131	0	2925	152	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 25.

All (152) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:20:GLU:HA	7:B:221:NAG:H82	1.43	0.97
1:A:2:PRO:HB2	1:A:29:ASN:HD21	1.29	0.97
1:A:98:MET:HE2	1:A:172:ALA:HB2	1.52	0.91
2:H:1:NAG:H61	2:H:2:NAG:H2	1.53	0.89
2:H:1:NAG:C6	2:H:2:NAG:H2	2.08	0.82
1:A:72:GLN:O	4:E:1:NAG:H81	1.84	0.77
1:A:122:LYS:HB2	1:A:127:LEU:HD11	1.68	0.76
1:B:34:VAL:HG13	1:B:51:SER:HB3	1.68	0.76
1:A:148:THR:HG22	1:A:166:ASN:OD1	1.86	0.75
1:A:2:PRO:HB2	1:A:29:ASN:ND2	2.00	0.75
1:B:5:PRO:HG3	1:B:70:HIS:CE1	2.21	0.74
1:B:5:PRO:HG3	1:B:70:HIS:ND1	2.03	0.73
1:B:93:SER:HB3	1:B:104:PHE:HB3	1.70	0.73

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:93:SER:HB3	1:A:104:PHE:HB3	1.72	0.71
1:A:59:LYS:O	1:A:83:VAL:HG21	1.91	0.71
1:B:148:THR:HG22	1:B:166:ASN:OD1	1.91	0.71
1:A:15:ARG:CZ	1:A:165:LEU:HD13	2.22	0.70
1:A:119:ILE:HB	1:A:152:THR:HG22	1.73	0.69
1:B:3:GLN:HG3	1:B:29:ASN:OD1	1.93	0.69
1:A:17:PHE:CE2	1:A:89:LEU:HB2	2.29	0.68
1:A:98:MET:HE3	1:A:170:ILE:O	1.93	0.67
1:B:17:PHE:CE2	1:B:89:LEU:HB2	2.28	0.67
1:A:9:LEU:HD22	1:A:24:LEU:CD2	2.24	0.67
1:B:70:HIS:CE1	1:B:73:VAL:HG11	2.31	0.66
1:B:9:LEU:HD22	1:B:24:LEU:CD2	2.26	0.65
1:B:15:ARG:CZ	1:B:165:LEU:HD13	2.28	0.64
1:B:20:GLU:HA	7:B:221:NAG:C8	2.25	0.64
1:A:98:MET:CE	1:A:170:ILE:HG13	2.28	0.63
1:B:59:LYS:O	1:B:83:VAL:HG21	1.99	0.62
1:A:42:ASN:HD22	3:D:1:NAG:C7	2.13	0.62
1:A:154:LYS:CE	1:A:157:GLN:HA	2.29	0.62
1:A:82:GLU:HG2	1:A:84:PHE:CE1	2.35	0.62
1:B:120:TYR:CG	1:B:136:ILE:HD11	2.35	0.61
1:B:18:LYS:HD2	1:B:60:PHE:CE1	2.35	0.61
1:A:154:LYS:HE2	1:A:157:GLN:HA	1.81	0.60
1:B:31:PHE:HD2	1:B:33:GLU:HB2	1.66	0.60
1:B:82:GLU:HG2	1:B:84:PHE:CE1	2.37	0.59
1:B:142:THR:HG22	1:B:144:GLU:H	1.68	0.58
1:B:154:LYS:HA	1:B:158:LEU:O	2.04	0.58
1:A:174:ARG:N	1:A:174:ARG:HD3	2.20	0.56
1:A:119:ILE:HB	1:A:152:THR:CG2	2.33	0.56
1:B:38:LYS:HB2	1:B:69:GLN:O	2.05	0.56
1:A:37:THR:HG22	1:A:38:LYS:N	2.20	0.56
1:B:38:LYS:O	1:B:68:CYS:HA	2.06	0.56
1:A:21:ASN:OD1	1:A:56:VAL:HA	2.06	0.56
1:B:42:ASN:HD22	5:F:1:NAG:C7	2.18	0.55
1:A:99:GLU:OE1	1:A:171:LYS:HD2	2.07	0.55
1:B:154:LYS:HA	1:B:159:ASP:HA	1.88	0.55
1:B:97:VAL:CG1	1:B:101:GLN:HB2	2.36	0.55
1:A:18:LYS:HD2	1:A:60:PHE:CE1	2.42	0.55
1:A:98:MET:SD	1:A:170:ILE:HG13	2.47	0.55
1:A:142:THR:HG22	1:A:144:GLU:H	1.71	0.55
1:A:123:ASP:C	1:A:125:GLU:H	2.15	0.55
1:A:97:VAL:CG1	1:A:101:GLN:HB2	2.37	0.54

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:60:PHE:CB	5:F:2:NAG:H61	2.37	0.54
1:B:41:HIS:NE2	5:F:1:NAG:H82	2.22	0.54
1:A:128:LYS:O	1:A:129:TYR:C	2.51	0.54
1:B:110:TRP:NE1	1:B:111:ARG:HG3	2.22	0.54
1:A:130:TRP:CD2	1:A:136:ILE:HG23	2.43	0.54
1:B:70:HIS:O	1:B:73:VAL:HG12	2.08	0.54
2:C:1:NAG:H61	2:C:2:NAG:H82	1.89	0.53
1:A:120:TYR:CG	1:A:136:ILE:HD11	2.44	0.53
1:A:130:TRP:CE3	1:A:136:ILE:HG23	2.44	0.53
1:B:34:VAL:HG13	1:B:51:SER:CB	2.37	0.53
1:A:65:GLU:HB2	1:A:80:TYR:CE2	2.44	0.52
1:B:65:GLU:HB2	1:B:80:TYR:CE2	2.45	0.52
1:A:100:GLY:O	1:A:140:ASN:OD1	2.28	0.52
1:B:1:VAL:HG12	1:B:2:PRO:CD	2.40	0.51
2:C:1:NAG:H61	2:C:2:NAG:C7	2.41	0.51
1:B:60:PHE:HB3	5:F:2:NAG:H61	1.92	0.51
1:A:22:VAL:HG12	1:A:55:ILE:HB	1.92	0.51
1:B:37:THR:HG21	1:B:51:SER:HA	1.93	0.51
6:G:1:NAG:H61	6:G:2:NAG:C7	2.41	0.51
1:A:41:HIS:O	1:A:42:ASN:C	2.54	0.51
1:A:105:LEU:HB2	1:A:136:ILE:HB	1.92	0.51
1:A:150:TYR:HB3	1:A:164:PRO:HA	1.93	0.51
1:A:1:VAL:HB	1:A:2:PRO:HD3	1.93	0.50
2:C:1:NAG:H61	2:C:2:NAG:C8	2.42	0.50
1:B:1:VAL:HG12	1:B:2:PRO:HD2	1.94	0.49
1:B:13:TRP:NE1	1:B:106:ARG:NH1	2.60	0.49
1:B:22:VAL:HG12	1:B:55:ILE:HB	1.93	0.49
1:A:13:TRP:HH2	1:A:104:PHE:CD2	2.31	0.49
1:A:13:TRP:NE1	1:A:106:ARG:NH1	2.61	0.48
1:A:9:LEU:HD21	1:A:79:VAL:HG11	1.95	0.48
1:A:19:GLY:O	1:A:57:ASN:HA	2.13	0.48
1:A:17:PHE:CZ	1:A:89:LEU:HB2	2.48	0.48
1:A:34:VAL:HG11	1:A:70:HIS:CE1	2.48	0.48
1:B:4:LYS:HA	1:B:73:VAL:HG22	1.94	0.48
1:B:150:TYR:HB3	1:B:164:PRO:HA	1.96	0.48
1:B:31:PHE:C	1:B:33:GLU:N	2.71	0.48
1:A:13:TRP:HH2	1:A:104:PHE:HD2	1.62	0.48
1:A:23:THR:HG23	1:A:54:ASN:OD1	2.14	0.48
1:B:86:ASP:OD1	1:B:87:TRP:N	2.46	0.48
1:B:17:PHE:CZ	1:B:89:LEU:HB2	2.49	0.47
1:B:105:LEU:HB2	1:B:136:ILE:HB	1.96	0.47

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:156:TRP:CG	1:A:156:TRP:O	2.66	0.47
1:B:70:HIS:NE2	1:B:73:VAL:HG11	2.30	0.47
1:A:9:LEU:HD22	1:A:24:LEU:HD21	1.95	0.47
1:A:86:ASP:OD1	1:A:87:TRP:N	2.45	0.47
1:A:158:LEU:HB2	1:A:160:TYR:OH	2.14	0.47
1:B:97:VAL:HG13	1:B:101:GLN:HB2	1.97	0.47
1:B:120:TYR:CB	1:B:136:ILE:HD11	2.44	0.46
1:B:13:TRP:HH2	1:B:104:PHE:CD2	2.33	0.46
1:B:105:LEU:HD23	1:B:105:LEU:HA	1.72	0.46
1:A:29:ASN:C	1:A:31:PHE:H	2.23	0.46
1:A:130:TRP:CE2	1:A:136:ILE:HG23	2.51	0.46
1:A:154:LYS:HE3	1:A:157:GLN:HA	1.97	0.46
1:B:17:PHE:CE1	1:B:110:TRP:HA	2.51	0.46
1:A:42:ASN:ND2	3:D:1:NAG:C7	2.79	0.46
1:B:155:VAL:N	1:B:158:LEU:O	2.44	0.45
1:B:98:MET:O	1:B:99:GLU:C	2.60	0.45
1:B:60:PHE:CE2	5:F:3:BMA:H5	2.51	0.45
1:A:130:TRP:CZ3	1:A:136:ILE:HG23	2.52	0.45
1:A:140:ASN:OD1	7:A:340:NAG:C2	2.62	0.45
1:B:127:LEU:HD12	1:B:127:LEU:O	2.16	0.45
1:B:110:TRP:HD1	1:B:113:TRP:CZ3	2.34	0.45
1:B:60:PHE:HB2	5:F:2:NAG:H61	1.99	0.45
1:A:152:THR:HG23	1:A:152:THR:O	2.16	0.45
1:A:5:PRO:HG3	1:A:70:HIS:HD2	1.82	0.44
1:A:158:LEU:O	1:A:160:TYR:CE1	2.71	0.44
1:B:31:PHE:O	1:B:33:GLU:N	2.50	0.44
1:A:97:VAL:HG13	1:A:101:GLN:HB2	1.97	0.44
1:A:174:ARG:HH11	1:A:174:ARG:HG3	1.82	0.44
1:B:3:GLN:O	1:B:4:LYS:C	2.61	0.44
1:B:31:PHE:CD2	1:B:33:GLU:HB2	2.51	0.44
1:B:23:THR:HG23	1:B:54:ASN:OD1	2.18	0.44
1:A:42:ASN:ND2	3:D:1:NAG:O7	2.37	0.43
1:A:123:ASP:O	1:A:125:GLU:N	2.51	0.43
1:A:9:LEU:CD2	1:A:24:LEU:CD2	2.95	0.43
1:B:13:TRP:HH2	1:B:104:PHE:HD2	1.66	0.43
1:A:101:GLN:HB3	1:A:102:PRO:HD2	2.01	0.43
2:H:1:NAG:H62	2:H:2:NAG:H2	1.95	0.43
1:B:130:TRP:HB3	1:B:134:HIS:ND1	2.34	0.42
1:B:9:LEU:HD21	1:B:79:VAL:HG11	2.00	0.42
1:A:19:GLY:C	1:A:57:ASN:HA	2.44	0.42
1:A:152:THR:CG2	1:A:152:THR:O	2.67	0.42

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:110:TRP:NE1	1:A:111:ARG:HG2	2.34	0.42
1:A:156:TRP:O	1:A:157:GLN:HB2	2.20	0.42
1:A:111:ARG:C	1:A:113:TRP:H	2.27	0.42
1:A:105:LEU:HD23	1:A:105:LEU:HA	1.74	0.41
1:A:120:TYR:CB	1:A:136:ILE:HD11	2.50	0.41
1:B:149:TYR:O	1:B:150:TYR:HB3	2.20	0.41
1:A:97:VAL:O	1:A:169:VAL:HA	2.20	0.41
1:A:1:VAL:N	1:A:2:PRO:CD	2.84	0.41
1:A:41:HIS:HE1	1:A:63:SER:O	2.04	0.41
1:B:119:ILE:HG12	1:B:129:TYR:HD1	1.86	0.41
1:A:121:TYR:O	1:A:149:TYR:HA	2.21	0.40
1:B:13:TRP:NE1	1:B:106:ARG:HH11	2.19	0.40
1:A:149:TYR:O	1:A:150:TYR:HB3	2.21	0.40
1:B:70:HIS:CD2	1:B:73:VAL:HG11	2.55	0.40
1:B:90:LEU:HD12	1:B:106:ARG:O	2.21	0.40
5:F:3:BMA:O2	5:F:4:MAN:H5	2.21	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	172/176 (98%)	147 (86%)	22 (13%)	3 (2%)	7	35
1	B	171/176 (97%)	150 (88%)	17 (10%)	4 (2%)	5	29
All	All	343/352 (97%)	297 (87%)	39 (11%)	7 (2%)	6	31

All (7) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	30	ASN
1	B	74	ASN

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	32	PHE
1	A	112	ASN
1	A	124	GLY
1	B	141	ALA
1	A	30	ASN

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	159/161 (99%)	151 (95%)	8 (5%)	22	55
1	B	158/161 (98%)	151 (96%)	7 (4%)	25	59
All	All	317/322 (98%)	302 (95%)	15 (5%)	23	57

All (15) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	38	LYS
1	A	49	THR
1	A	69	GLN
1	A	79	VAL
1	A	112	ASN
1	A	148	THR
1	A	168	THR
1	A	174	ARG
1	B	1	VAL
1	B	9	LEU
1	B	41	HIS
1	B	49	THR
1	B	79	VAL
1	B	148	THR
1	B	168	THR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (6) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	27	ASN
1	A	29	ASN
1	A	57	ASN
1	A	70	HIS
1	A	157	GLN
1	B	57	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

18 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
2	NAG	C	1	2,1	14,14,15	0.59	0	17,19,21	1.08	2 (11%)
2	NAG	C	2	2	14,14,15	0.73	0	17,19,21	0.91	1 (5%)
3	NAG	D	1	1,3	14,14,15	0.75	0	17,19,21	0.83	0
3	NAG	D	2	3	14,14,15	0.50	0	17,19,21	1.04	1 (5%)
3	BMA	D	3	3	11,11,12	0.68	0	15,15,17	0.62	0
3	MAN	D	4	3	11,11,12	0.67	0	15,15,17	0.56	0
4	NAG	E	1	1,4	14,14,15	0.91	0	17,19,21	1.34	3 (17%)
4	FCA	E	2	4	10,10,11	1.45	3 (30%)	14,14,16	1.84	3 (21%)
4	NAG	E	3	4	14,14,15	0.75	0	17,19,21	0.84	1 (5%)
5	NAG	F	1	5,1	14,14,15	0.57	0	17,19,21	0.66	0
5	NAG	F	2	5	14,14,15	0.64	0	17,19,21	0.70	0
5	BMA	F	3	5	11,11,12	0.67	0	15,15,17	0.30	0

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
5	MAN	F	4	5	11,11,12	0.56	0	15,15,17	0.68	0
6	NAG	G	1	1,6	14,14,15	0.59	0	17,19,21	0.88	1 (5%)
6	NAG	G	2	6	14,14,15	0.58	0	17,19,21	0.76	0
6	FCA	G	3	6	10,10,11	1.39	1 (10%)	14,14,16	1.77	3 (21%)
2	NAG	H	1	2,1	14,14,15	0.86	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.06	1 (5%)
2	NAG	H	2	2	14,14,15	0.54	0	17,19,21	0.63	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	C	1	2,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	C	2	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	D	1	1,3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	D	2	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	D	3	3	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	MAN	D	4	3	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	E	1	1,4	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	FCA	E	2	4	-	-	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	E	3	4	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	F	1	5,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	F	2	5	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	BMA	F	3	5	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
5	MAN	F	4	5	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	G	1	1,6	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	G	2	6	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	FCA	G	3	6	-	-	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	H	1	2,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	H	2	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	E	2	FCA	O2-C2	2.24	1.48	1.43
2	H	1	NAG	C4-C5	2.12	1.57	1.53
6	G	3	FCA	C2-C3	-2.10	1.49	1.52
4	E	2	FCA	C4-C3	2.04	1.57	1.52

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	E	2	FCA	O5-C1	2.00	1.47	1.43

All (16) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	E	2	FCA	C1-O5-C5	4.17	122.79	112.97
6	G	3	FCA	C1-O5-C5	3.91	122.18	112.97
4	E	1	NAG	C4-C3-C2	3.27	115.80	111.02
3	D	2	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-3.05	118.82	122.90
4	E	2	FCA	C3-C4-C5	-3.02	105.22	109.81
6	G	3	FCA	C3-C4-C5	-2.95	105.33	109.81
4	E	2	FCA	C1-C2-C3	2.92	113.90	109.64
2	C	2	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.89	119.03	122.90
6	G	3	FCA	C1-C2-C3	2.72	113.61	109.64
2	C	1	NAG	C4-C3-C2	-2.48	107.39	111.02
2	C	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.45	119.61	122.90
4	E	1	NAG	C3-C4-C5	2.42	114.62	110.23
2	H	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.27	119.86	122.90
4	E	3	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.26	119.87	122.90
6	G	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.25	119.89	122.90
4	E	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.22	119.92	122.90

There are no chirality outliers.

All (24) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	G	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	D	4	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	D	4	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6
6	G	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	H	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	F	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	F	3	BMA	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	H	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
5	F	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	D	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	D	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	C	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	E	3	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	C	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
6	G	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	C	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

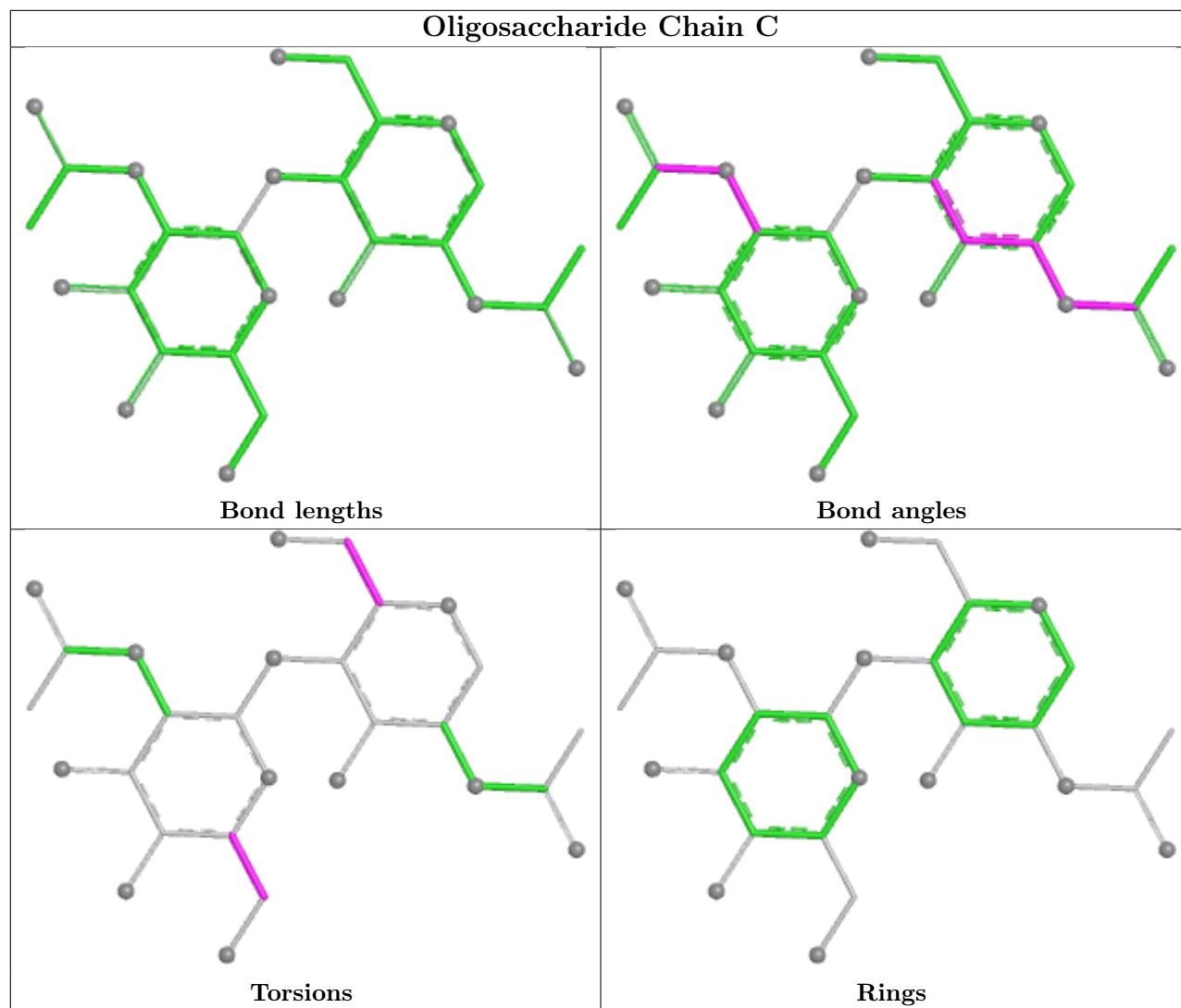
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	G	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	F	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	E	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	C	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	D	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	D	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	D	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	E	3	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

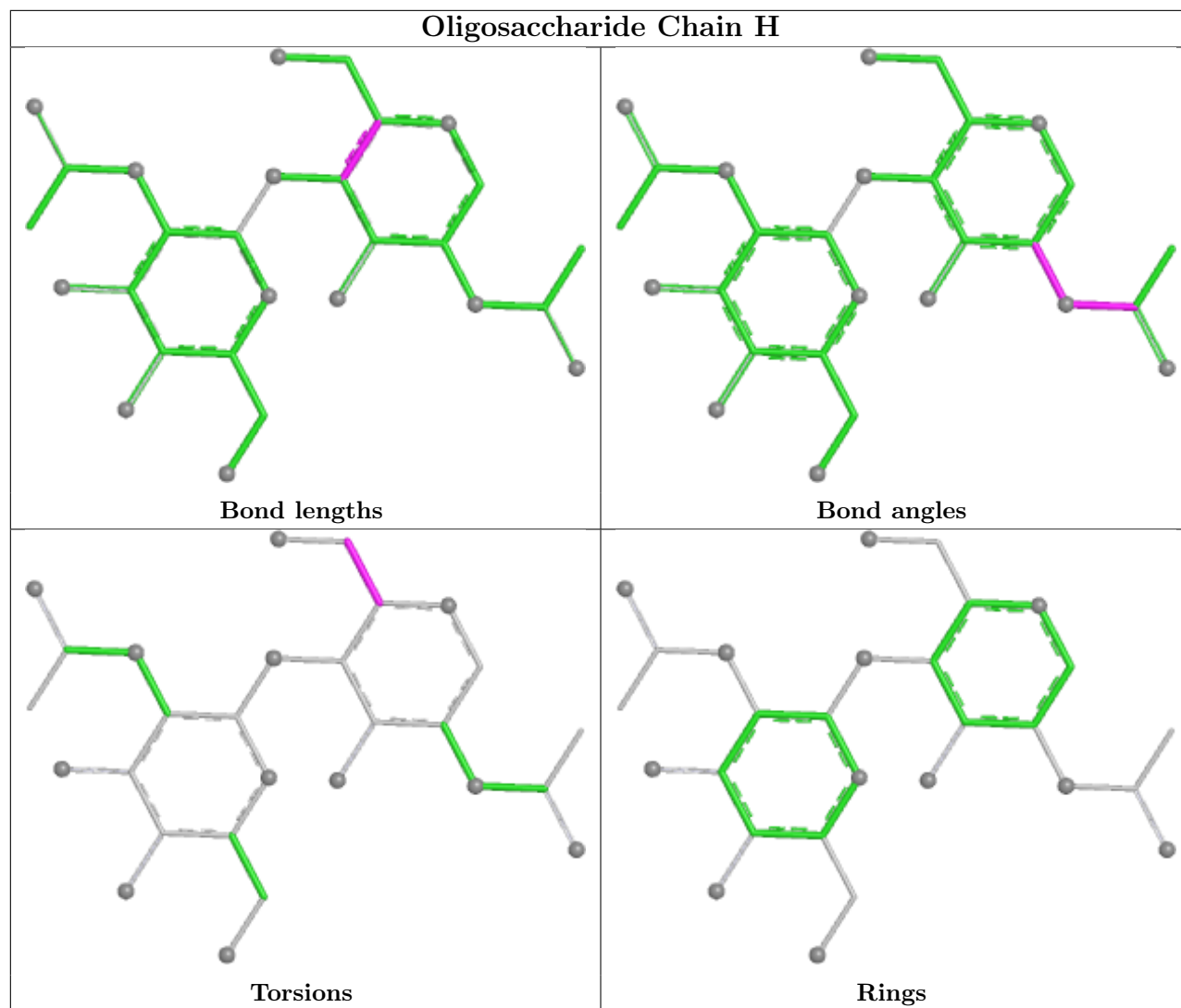
There are no ring outliers.

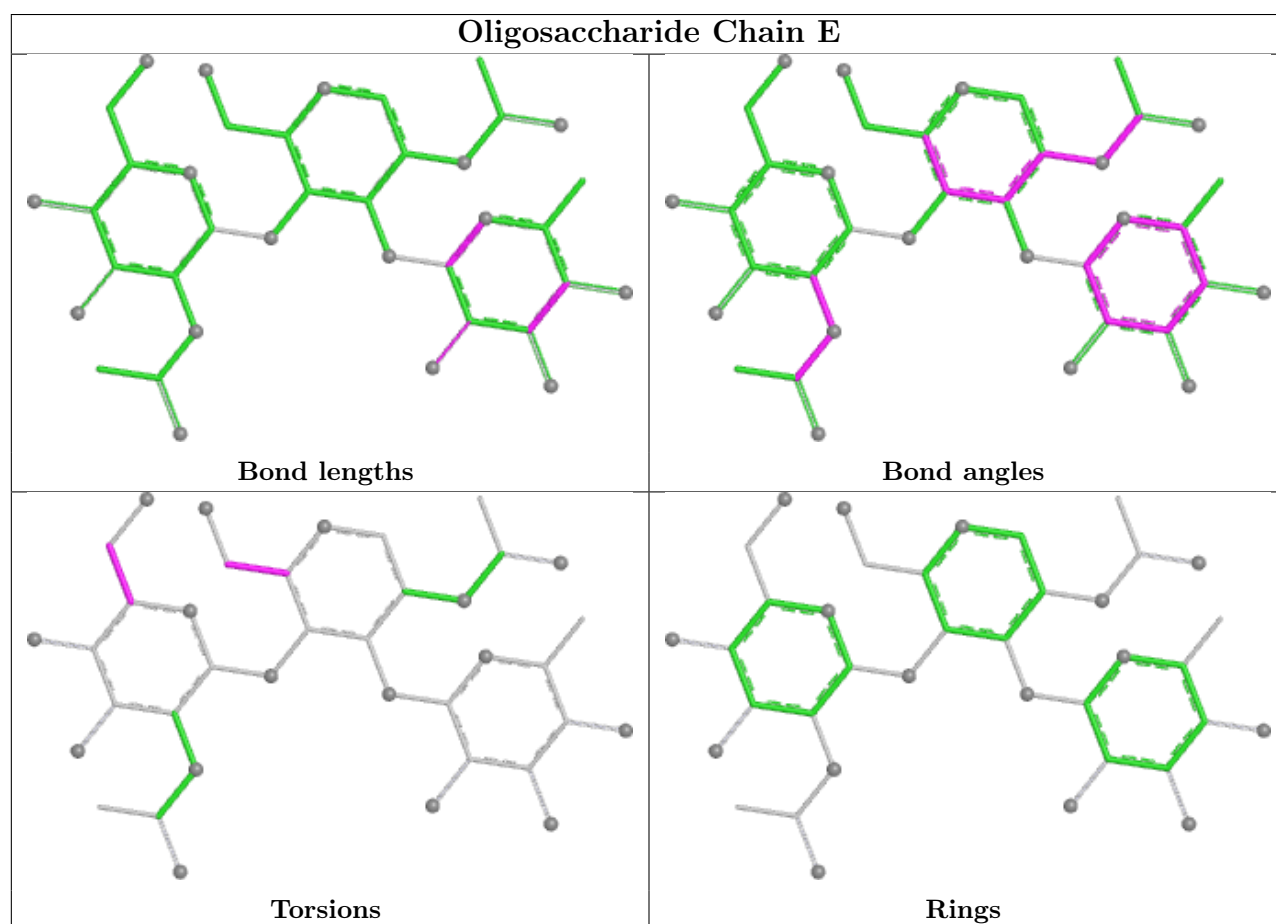
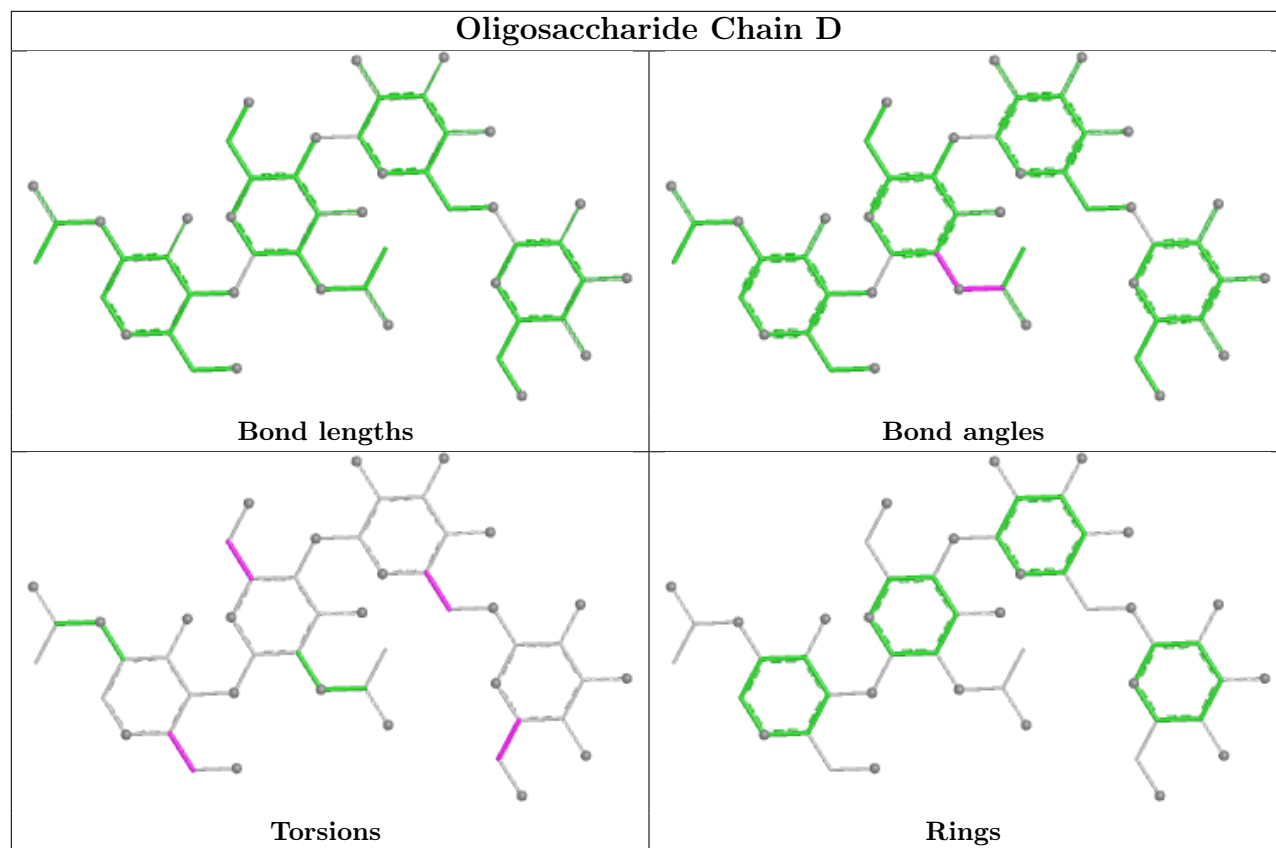
12 monomers are involved in 18 short contacts:

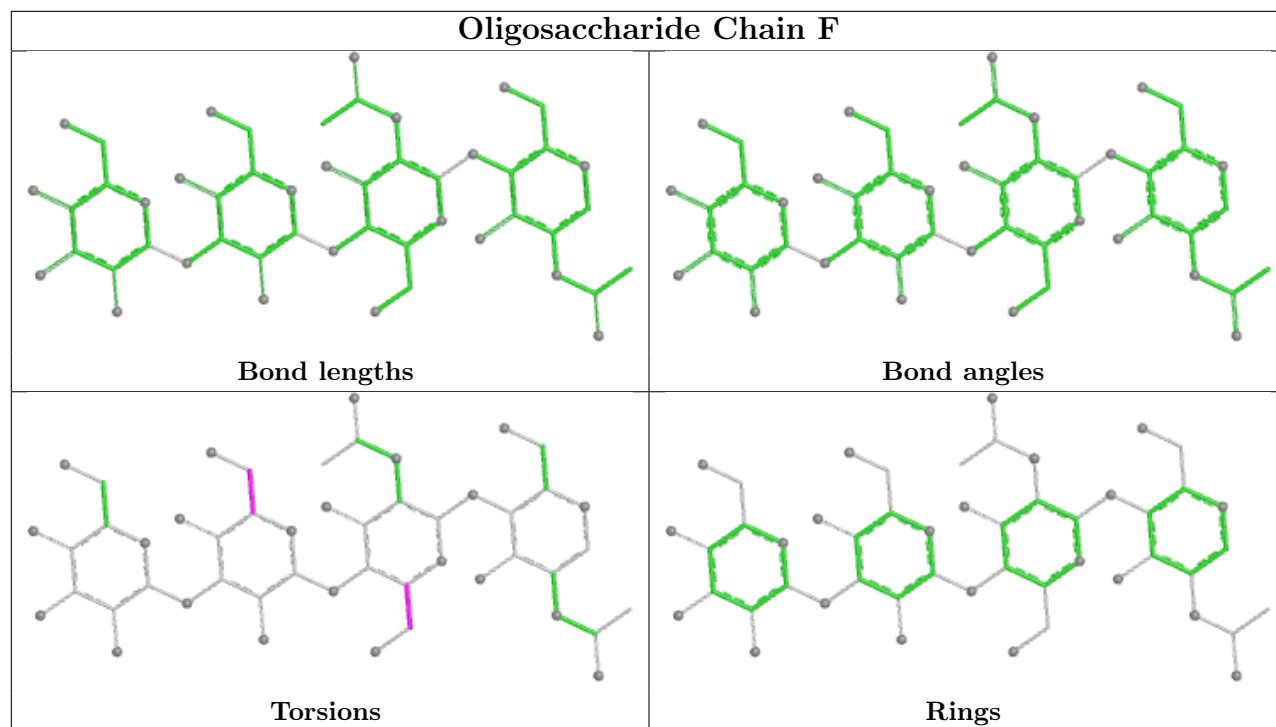
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	G	1	NAG	1	0
2	C	1	NAG	3	0
6	G	2	NAG	1	0
2	C	2	NAG	3	0
4	E	1	NAG	1	0
5	F	3	BMA	2	0
5	F	4	MAN	1	0
2	H	2	NAG	3	0
2	H	1	NAG	3	0
5	F	1	NAG	2	0
5	F	2	NAG	3	0
3	D	1	NAG	3	0

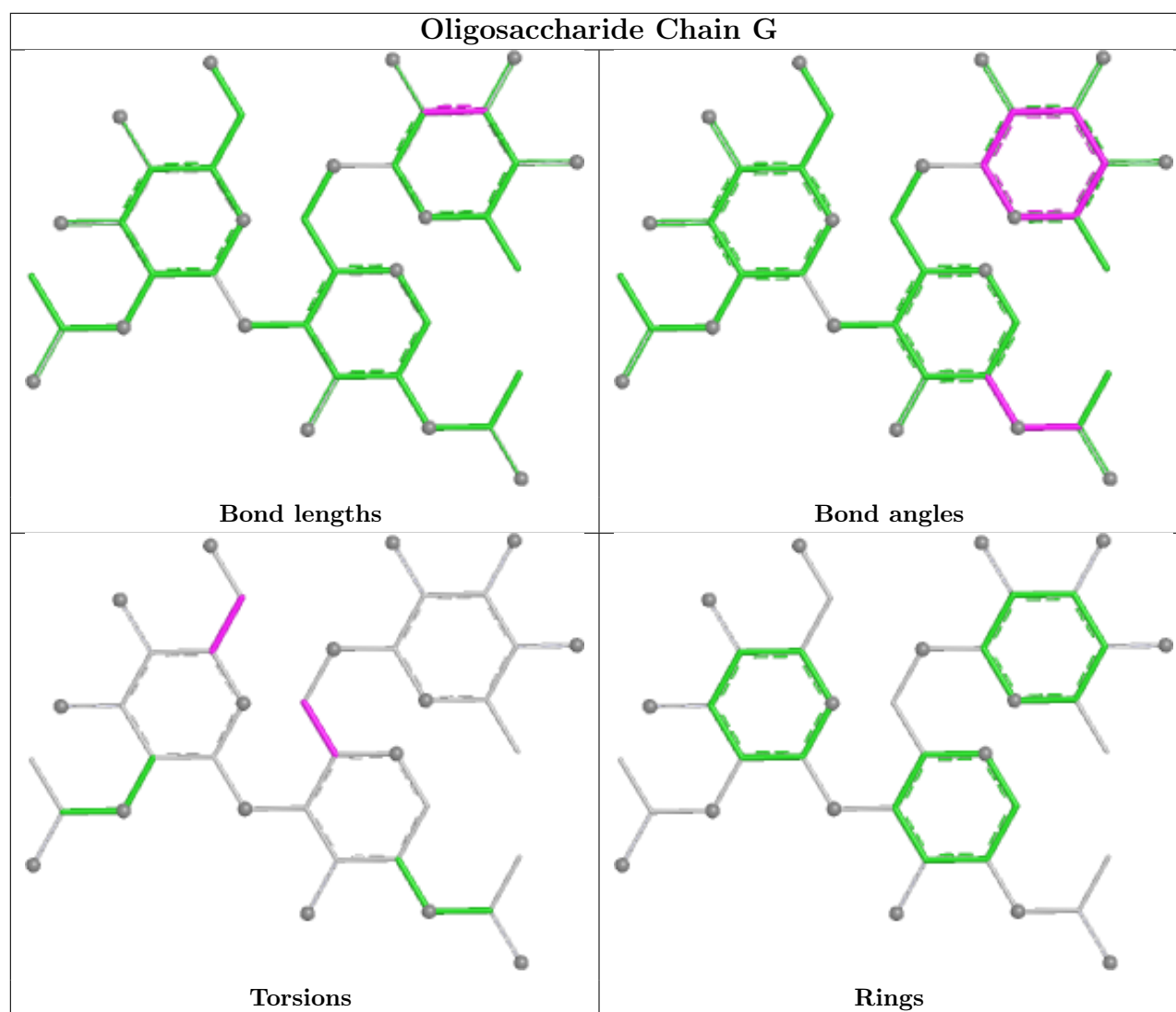
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.











5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
7	NAG	B	221	1	14,14,15	0.52	0	17,19,21	0.80	1 (5%)
7	NAG	B	366	1	14,14,15	0.56	0	17,19,21	0.75	1 (5%)

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
7	NAG	A	366	1	14,14,15	0.55	0	17,19,21	0.85	1 (5%)
7	NAG	A	340	1	14,14,15	0.74	0	17,19,21	1.36	2 (11%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
7	NAG	B	221	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	NAG	B	366	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	NAG	A	366	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	NAG	A	340	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
7	A	340	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-3.07	118.78	122.90
7	B	221	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.44	119.63	122.90
7	A	340	NAG	C1-C2-N2	2.22	113.94	110.43
7	B	366	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.17	119.99	122.90
7	A	366	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.15	120.02	122.90

There are no chirality outliers.

All (7) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
7	B	221	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
7	B	366	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
7	B	221	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
7	B	366	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
7	A	366	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
7	A	366	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
7	A	340	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
7	B	221	NAG	2	0
7	A	340	NAG	1	0

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.