



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 10, 2026 – 02:14 AM UTC

PDB ID : 3J8J / pdb_00003j8j
EMDB ID : EMD-6180
Title : Tilted state of actin, T1
Authors : Galkin, V.E.; Orlova, A.; Vos, M.R.; Schroder, G.F.; Egelman, E.H.
Deposited on : 2014-11-07
Resolution : 12.00 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

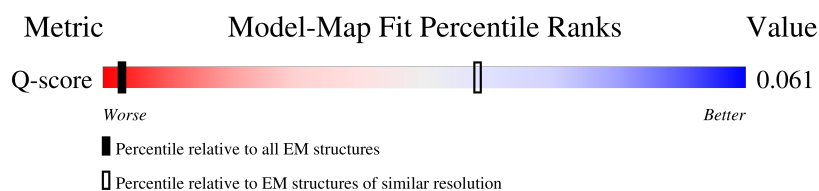
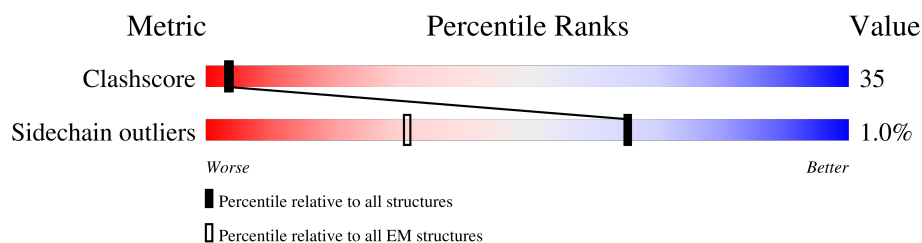
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 12.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



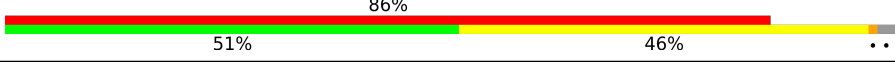
Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	93 (11.50 - 12.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	377	98% 53% 45% ..
1	B	377	72% 51% 46% ..
1	C	377	50% 50% 47% ..
1	D	377	54% 50% 48% ..
1	E	377	50% 52% 46% ..

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	F	377	
1	G	377	
1	H	377	
1	I	377	
1	J	377	
1	K	377	

2 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 31834 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

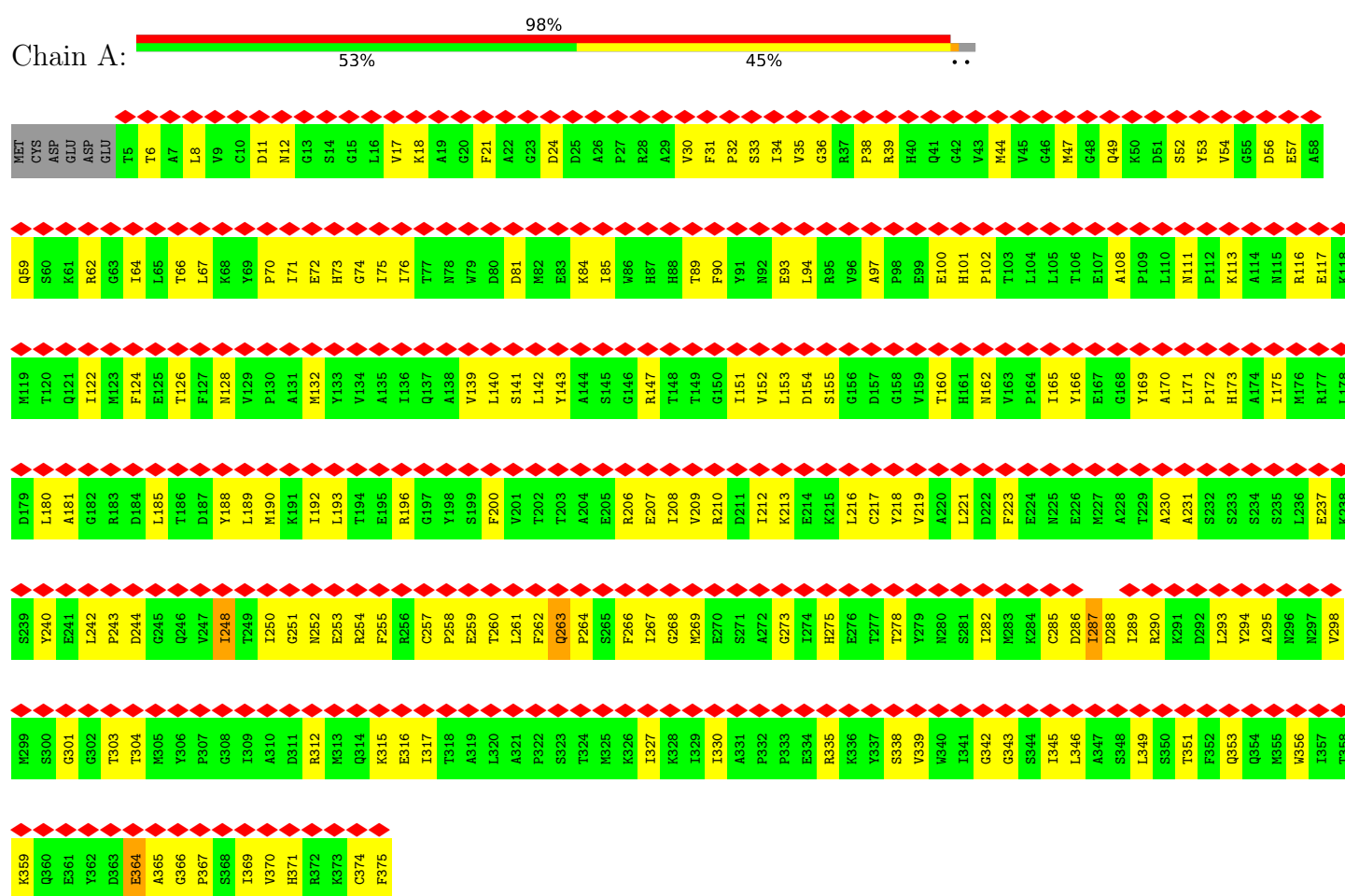
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Actin, alpha skeletal muscle.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	371	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2894	1833	487	553	21		
1	B	371	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2894	1833	487	553	21		
1	C	371	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2894	1833	487	553	21		
1	D	371	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2894	1833	487	553	21		
1	E	371	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2894	1833	487	553	21		
1	F	371	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2894	1833	487	553	21		
1	G	371	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2894	1833	487	553	21		
1	H	371	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2894	1833	487	553	21		
1	I	371	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2894	1833	487	553	21		
1	J	371	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2894	1833	487	553	21		
1	K	371	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2894	1833	487	553	21		

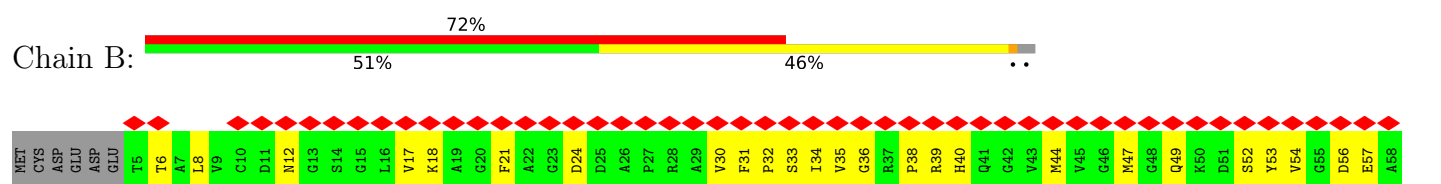
3 Residue-property plots

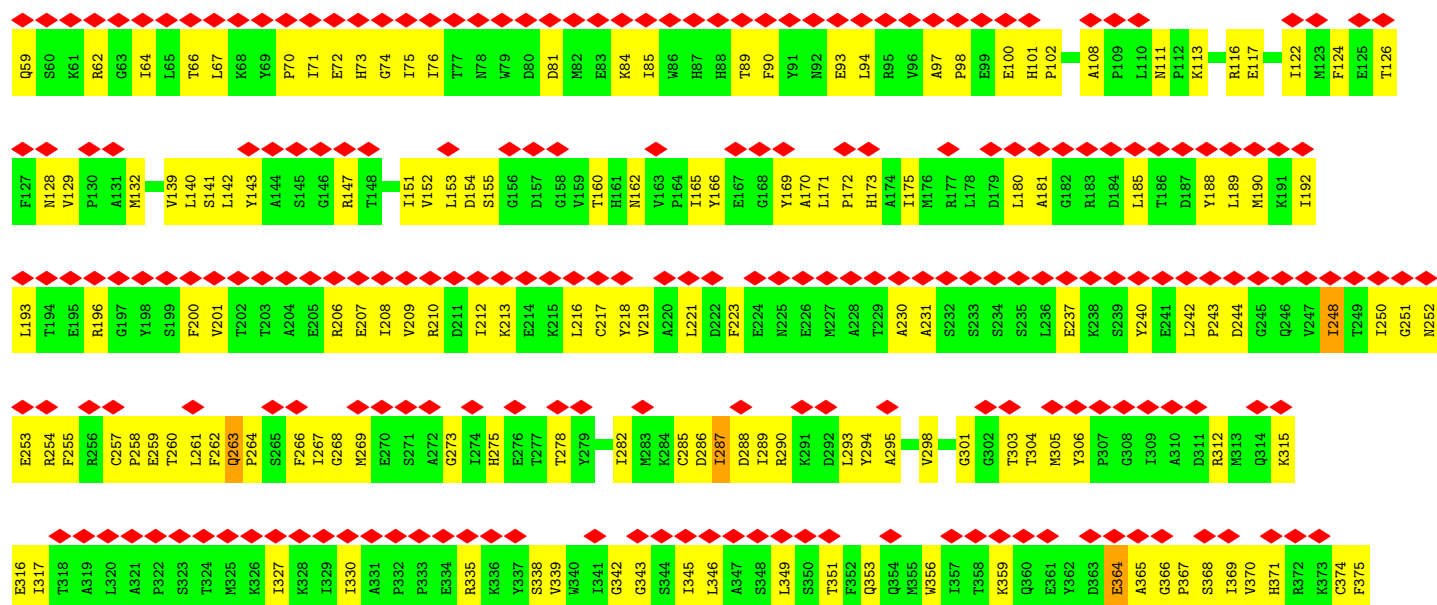
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Actin, alpha skeletal muscle

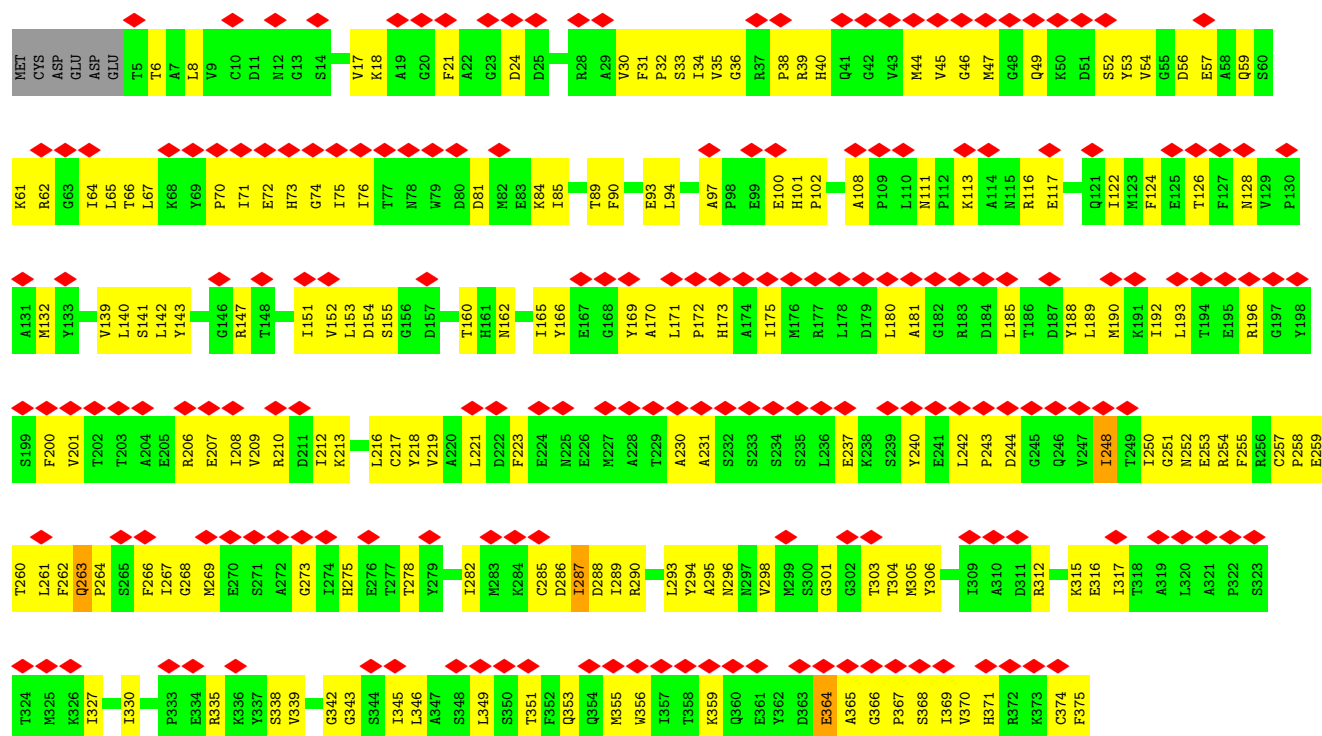


- Molecule 1: Actin, alpha skeletal muscle



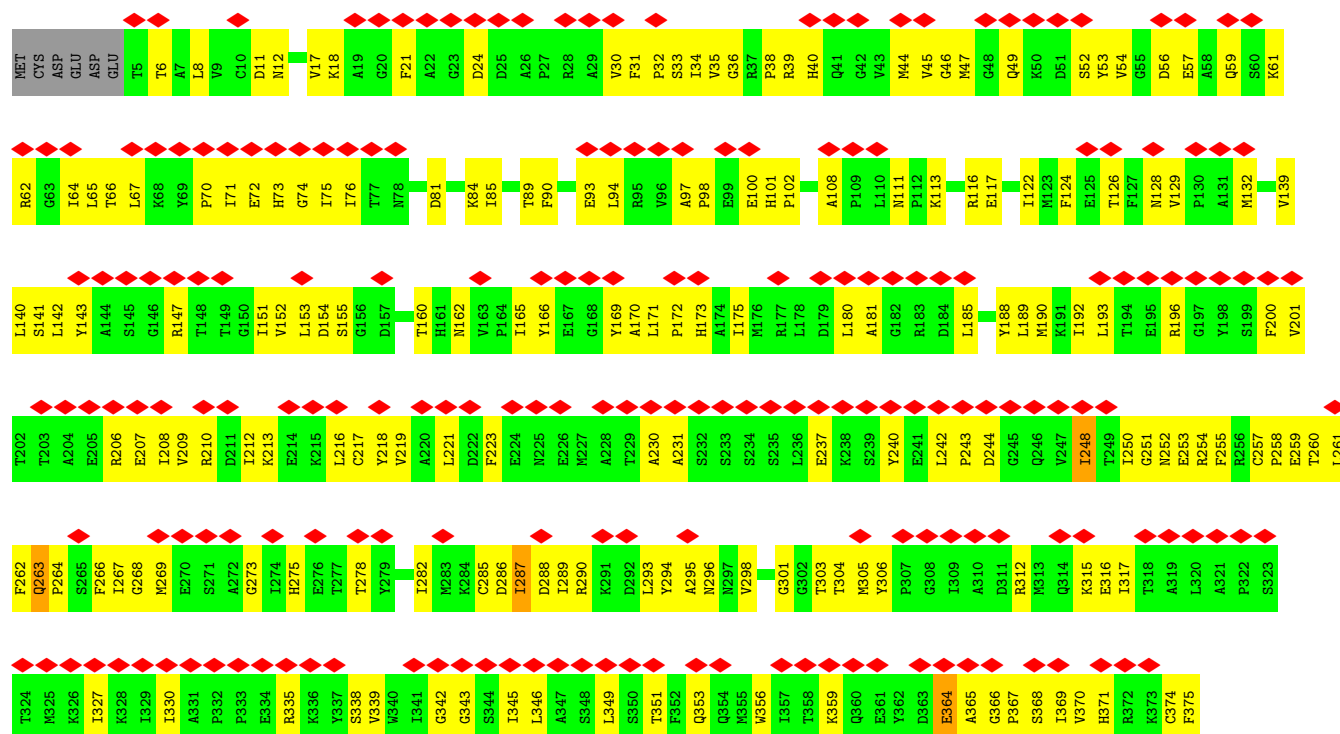


• Molecule 1: Actin, alpha skeletal muscle

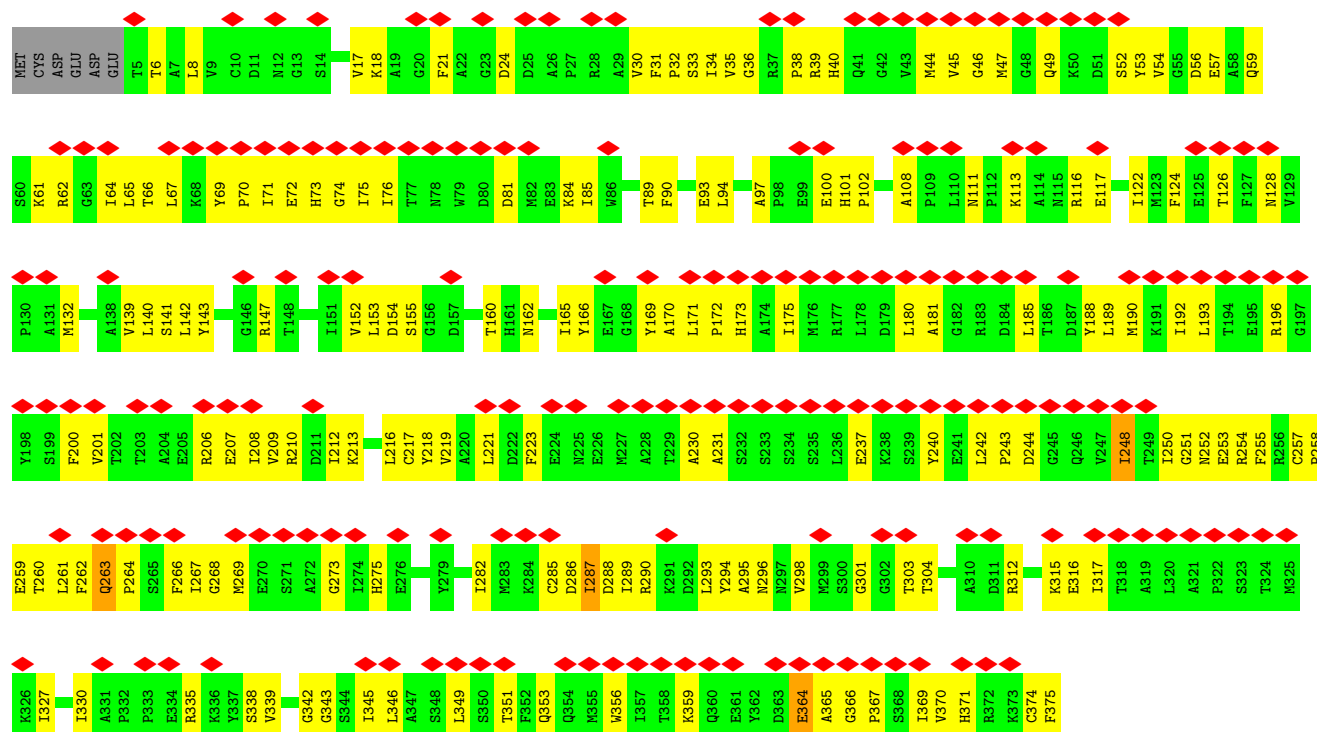


• Molecule 1: Actin, alpha skeletal muscle



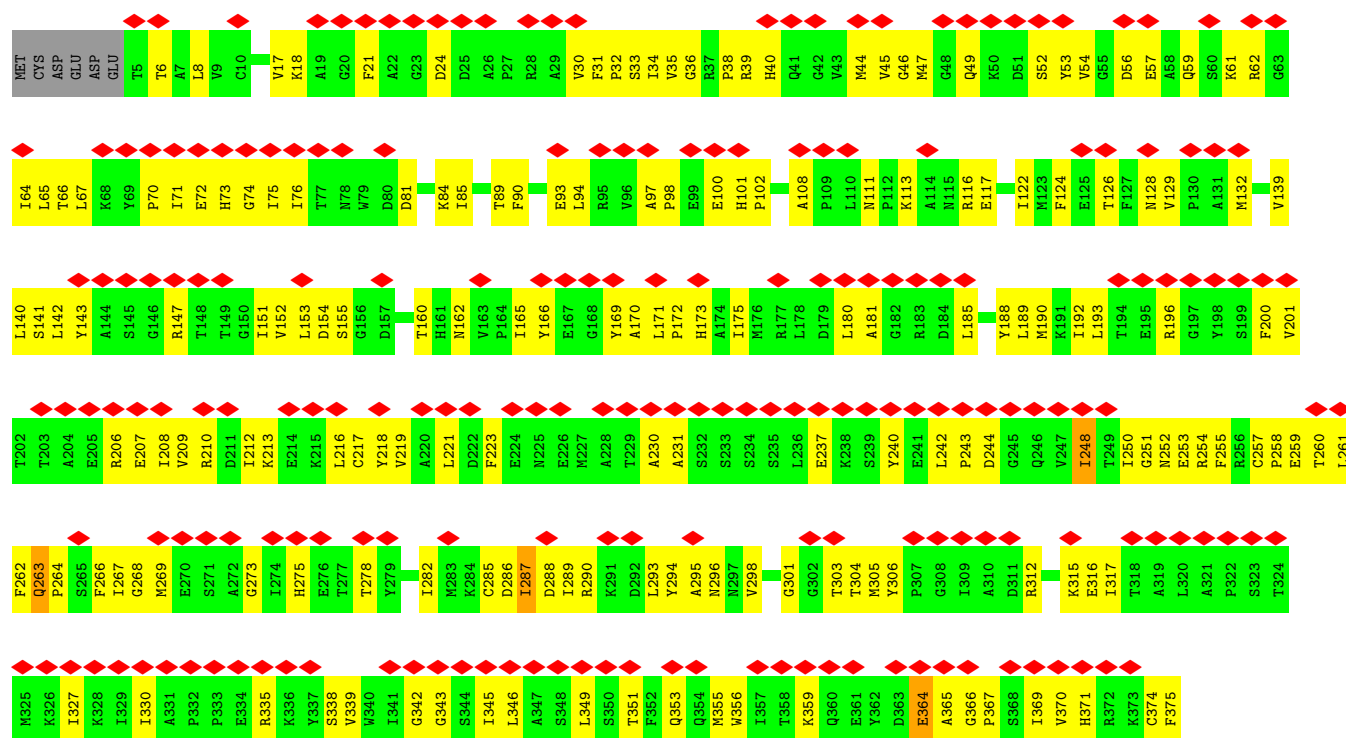


• Molecule 1: Actin, alpha skeletal muscle



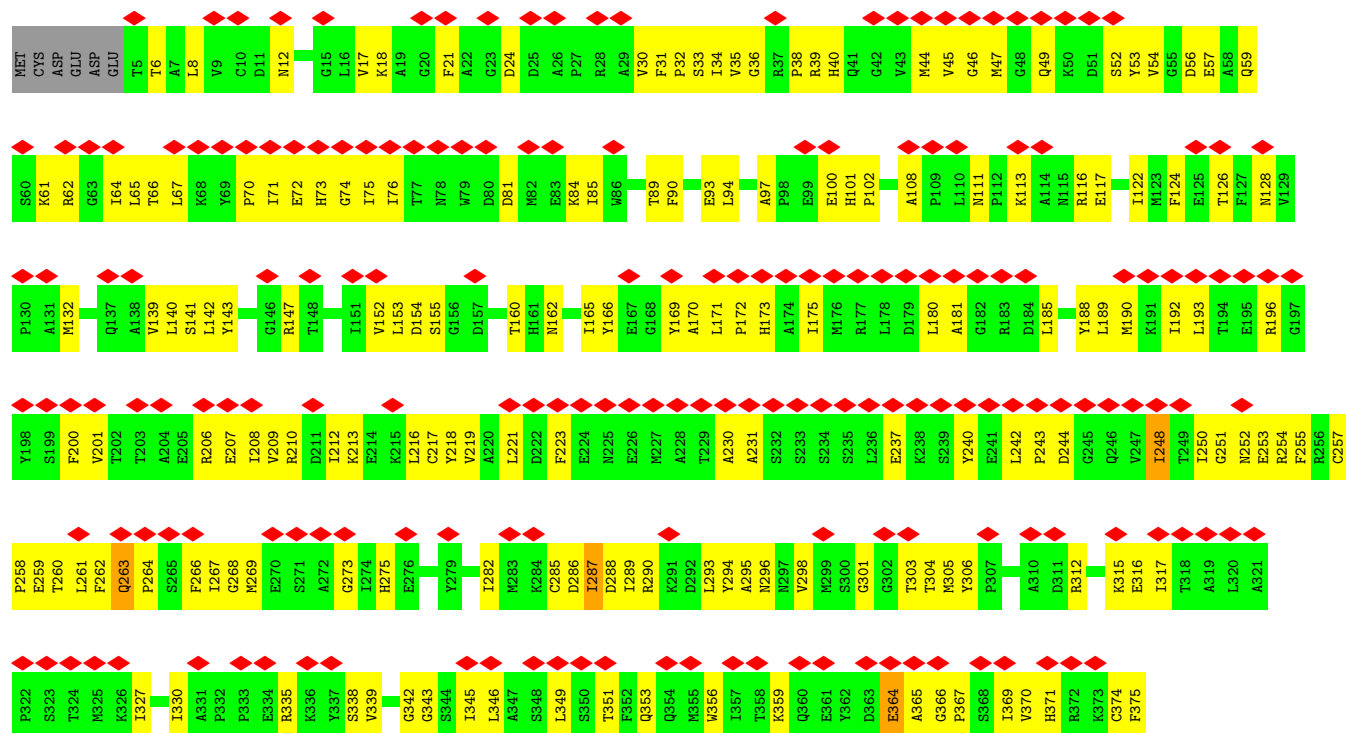
• Molecule 1: Actin, alpha skeletal muscle

Chain F: 

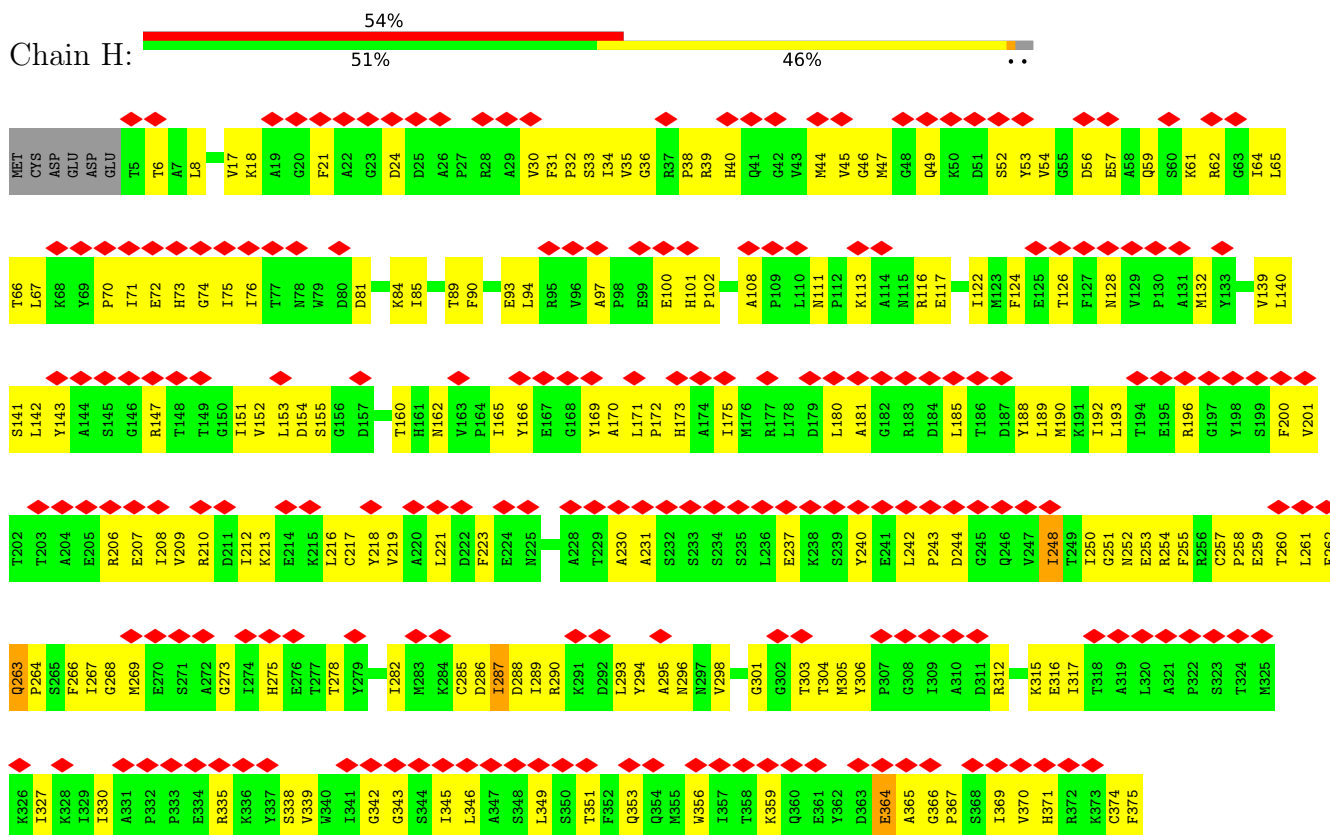


• Molecule 1: Actin, alpha skeletal muscle

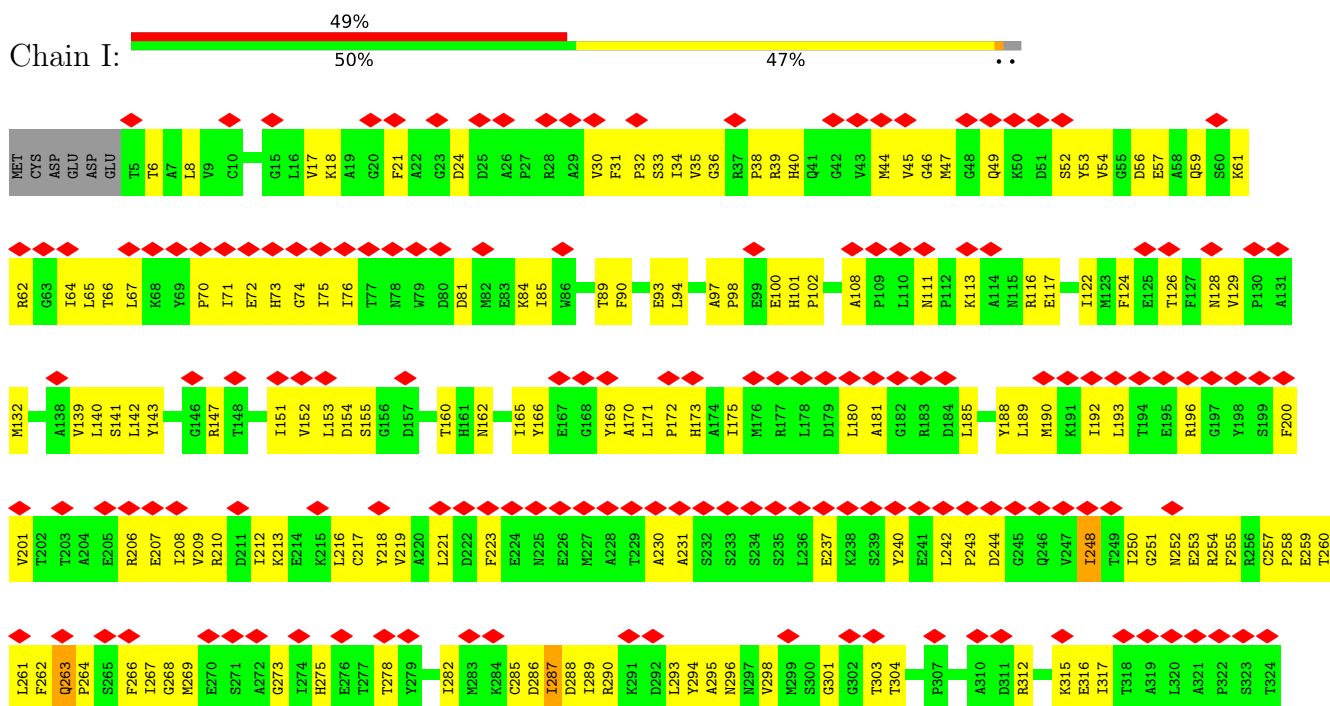
Chain G: 



- Molecule 1: Actin, alpha skeletal muscle

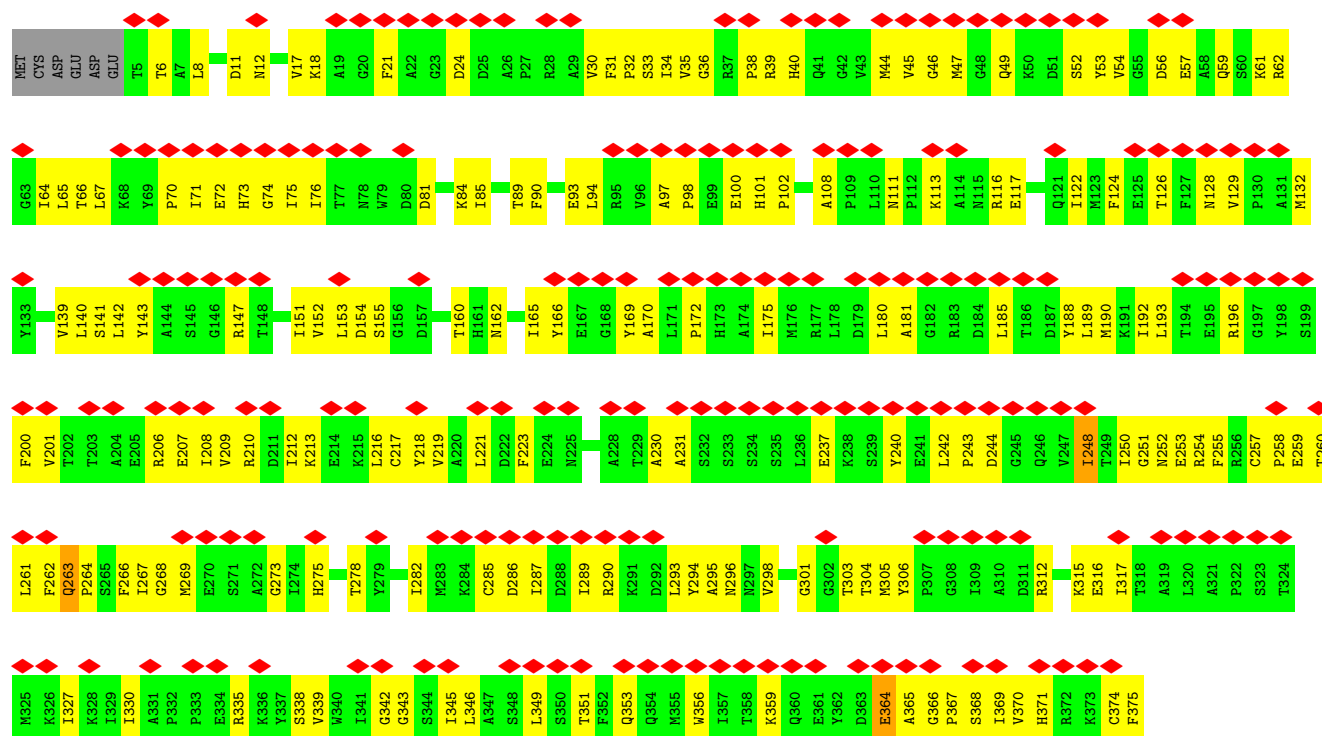


- Molecule 1: Actin, alpha skeletal muscle

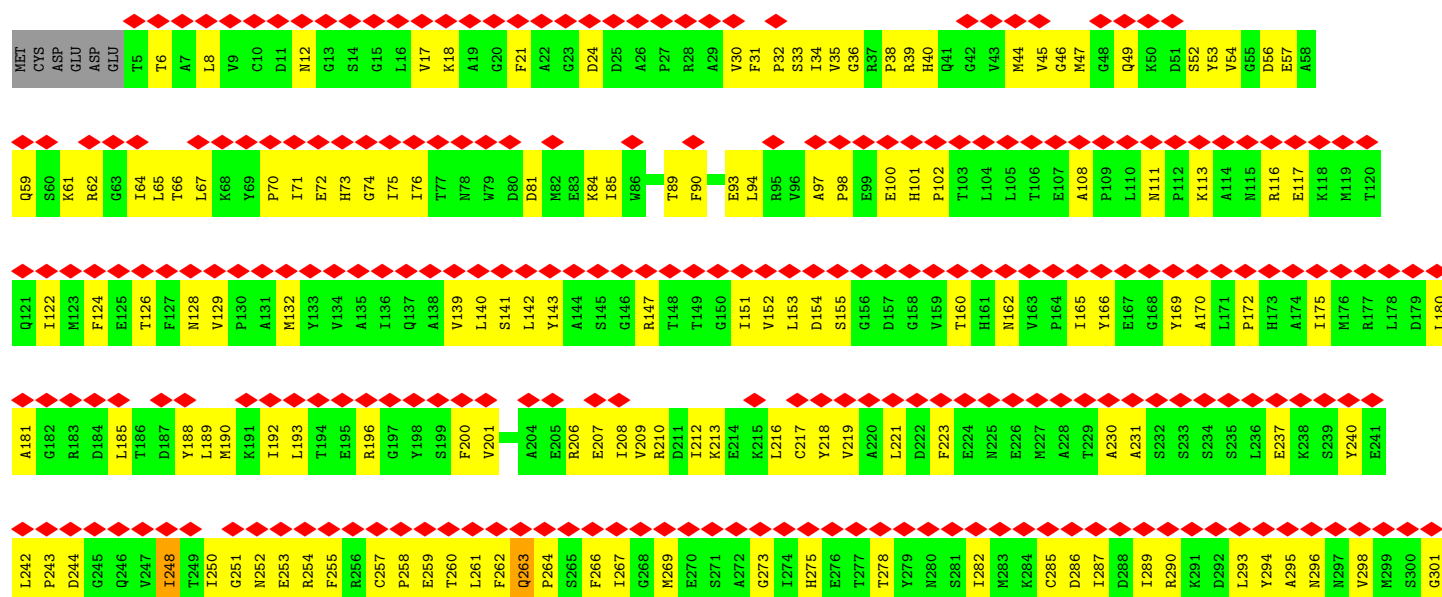
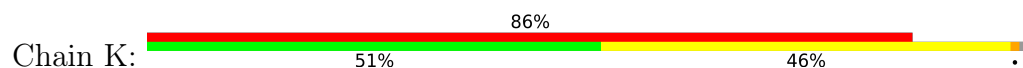




• Molecule 1: Actin, alpha skeletal muscle



• Molecule 1: Actin, alpha skeletal muscle



V362	G302
D363	T303
E364	T304
A365	K305
G366	Y306
P367	P307
S368	G308
I369	T309
V370	A310
H371	D311
K373	R312
C374	M313
F375	Q314
	K315
	E316
	I317
	T318
	A319
	L320
	A321
	P322
	S323
	T324
	M325
	K326
	T327
	K328
	T329
	I330
	A331
	P332
	P333
	E334
	R335
	K336
	Y337
	S338
	V339
	M340
	T341
	G342
	G343
	S344
	T345
	L346
	A347
	S348
	L349
	S350
	T351
	F352
	Q353
	Q354
	M355
	W356
	T357
	T358
	K359
	Q360
	E361

4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	HELICAL	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	HELICAL, twist=166.8°, rise=28.3 Å, axial sym=C1	Depositor
Number of segments used	Not provided	
Resolution determination method	FSC	Depositor
CTF correction method	Not provided	
Microscope	FEI TECNAI F20	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	200	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	Not provided	
Minimum defocus (nm)	500	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	3000	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	KODAK SO-163 FILM	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.117	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.051	Depositor
Average map value	0.001	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.014	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.07	Depositor
Map size (Å)	250.0, 250.0, 250.0	wwPDB
Map dimensions	100, 100, 100	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	2.5, 2.5, 2.5	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.61	0/2956	0.94	4/4004 (0.1%)
1	B	0.61	0/2956	0.94	4/4004 (0.1%)
1	C	0.61	0/2956	0.94	4/4004 (0.1%)
1	D	0.61	0/2956	0.95	4/4004 (0.1%)
1	E	0.61	0/2956	0.95	4/4004 (0.1%)
1	F	0.61	0/2956	0.94	4/4004 (0.1%)
1	G	0.61	0/2956	0.94	4/4004 (0.1%)
1	H	0.61	0/2956	0.95	4/4004 (0.1%)
1	I	0.61	0/2956	0.94	4/4004 (0.1%)
1	J	0.61	0/2956	0.95	4/4004 (0.1%)
1	K	0.61	0/2956	0.95	4/4004 (0.1%)
All	All	0.61	0/32516	0.94	44/44044 (0.1%)

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 44 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed($^{\circ}$)	Ideal($^{\circ}$)
1	G	287	ILE	N-CA-C	5.76	116.49	110.62
1	C	287	ILE	N-CA-C	5.75	116.48	110.62
1	I	287	ILE	N-CA-C	5.73	116.46	110.62
1	J	62	ARG	N-CA-C	5.73	117.52	111.28
1	H	62	ARG	N-CA-C	5.72	117.52	111.28

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2894	0	2866	208	0
1	B	2894	0	2866	214	0
1	C	2894	0	2866	270	0
1	D	2894	0	2866	270	0
1	E	2894	0	2866	265	0
1	F	2894	0	2866	269	0
1	G	2894	0	2866	270	0
1	H	2894	0	2866	269	0
1	I	2894	0	2866	270	0
1	J	2894	0	2866	218	0
1	K	2894	0	2866	214	0
All	All	31834	0	31526	2224	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 35.

The worst 5 of 2224 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:I:171:LEU:CD2	1:K:45:VAL:HG12	1.60	1.31
1:D:171:LEU:CD2	1:F:45:VAL:HG12	1.60	1.31
1:C:171:LEU:CD2	1:E:45:VAL:HG12	1.60	1.30
1:G:171:LEU:CD2	1:I:45:VAL:HG12	1.61	1.30
1:E:171:LEU:CD2	1:G:45:VAL:HG12	1.61	1.29

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

There are no protein backbone outliers to report in this entry.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	313/320 (98%)	310 (99%)	3 (1%)	68	78
1	B	313/320 (98%)	310 (99%)	3 (1%)	68	78
1	C	313/320 (98%)	310 (99%)	3 (1%)	68	78
1	D	313/320 (98%)	310 (99%)	3 (1%)	68	78
1	E	313/320 (98%)	310 (99%)	3 (1%)	68	78
1	F	313/320 (98%)	310 (99%)	3 (1%)	68	78
1	G	313/320 (98%)	310 (99%)	3 (1%)	68	78
1	H	313/320 (98%)	310 (99%)	3 (1%)	68	78
1	I	313/320 (98%)	310 (99%)	3 (1%)	68	78
1	J	313/320 (98%)	310 (99%)	3 (1%)	68	78
1	K	313/320 (98%)	310 (99%)	3 (1%)	68	78
All	All	3443/3520 (98%)	3410 (99%)	33 (1%)	65	78

5 of 33 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	J	351	THR
1	J	364	GLU
1	K	364	GLU
1	E	248	ILE
1	D	364	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 72 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	I	111	ASN
1	K	354	GLN
1	I	354	GLN
1	J	354	GLN
1	D	173	HIS

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

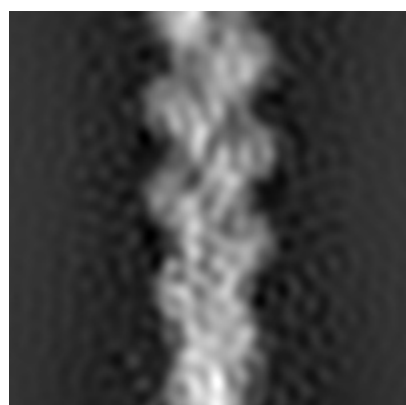
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-6180. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

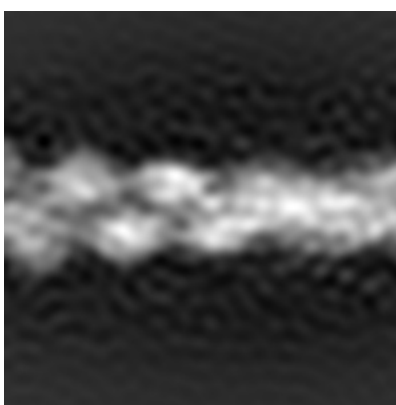
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

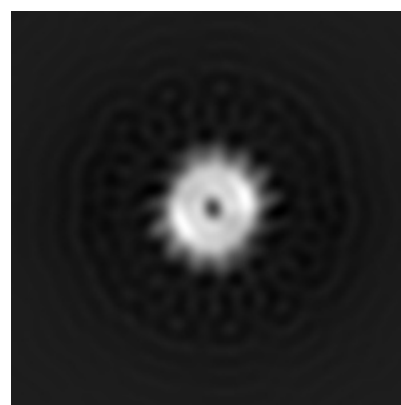
6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

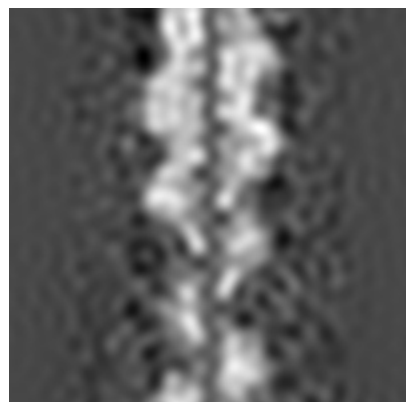


Z

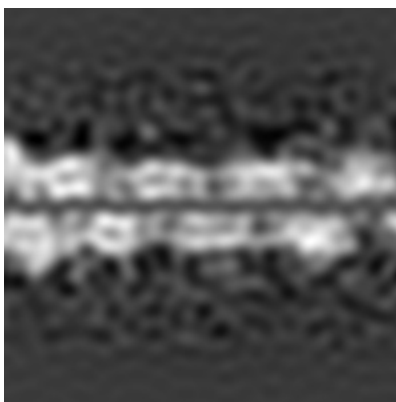
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

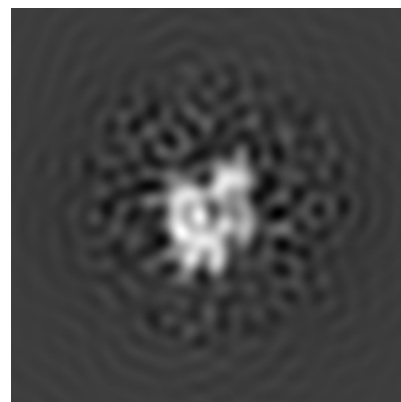
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 50



Y Index: 50

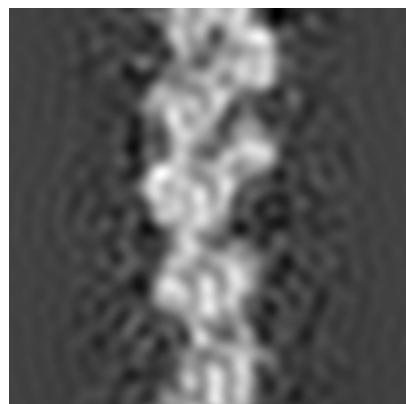


Z Index: 50

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

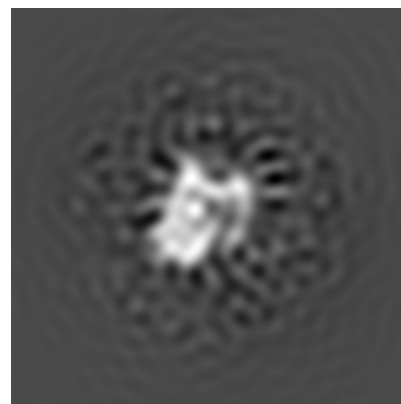
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 46



Y Index: 46

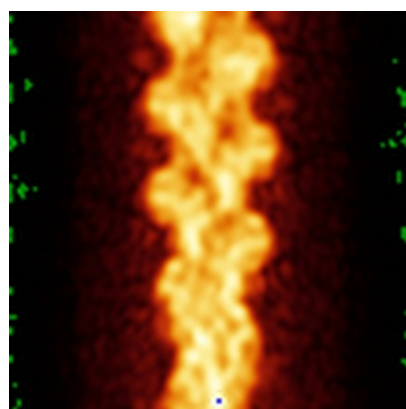


Z Index: 30

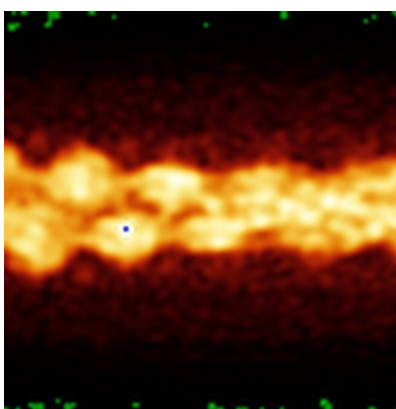
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

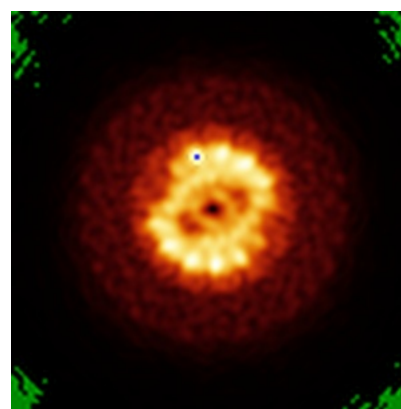
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y

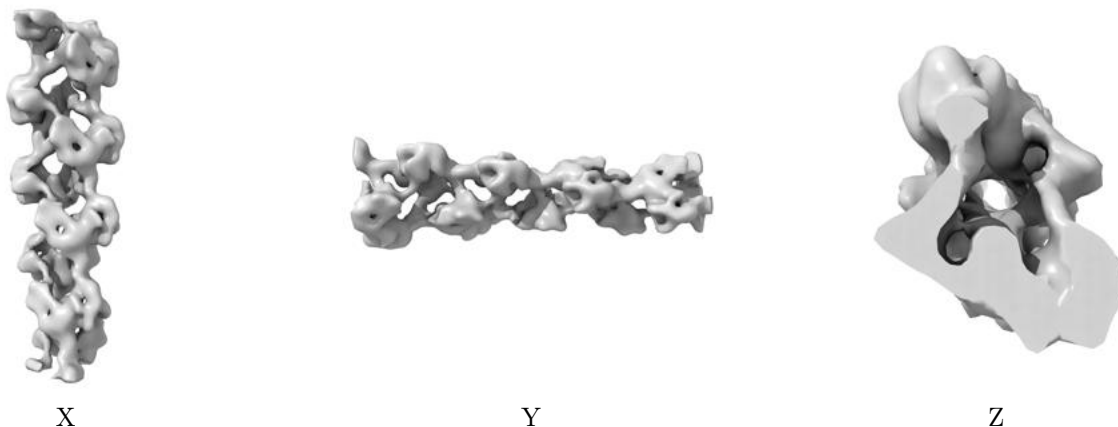


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.07. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

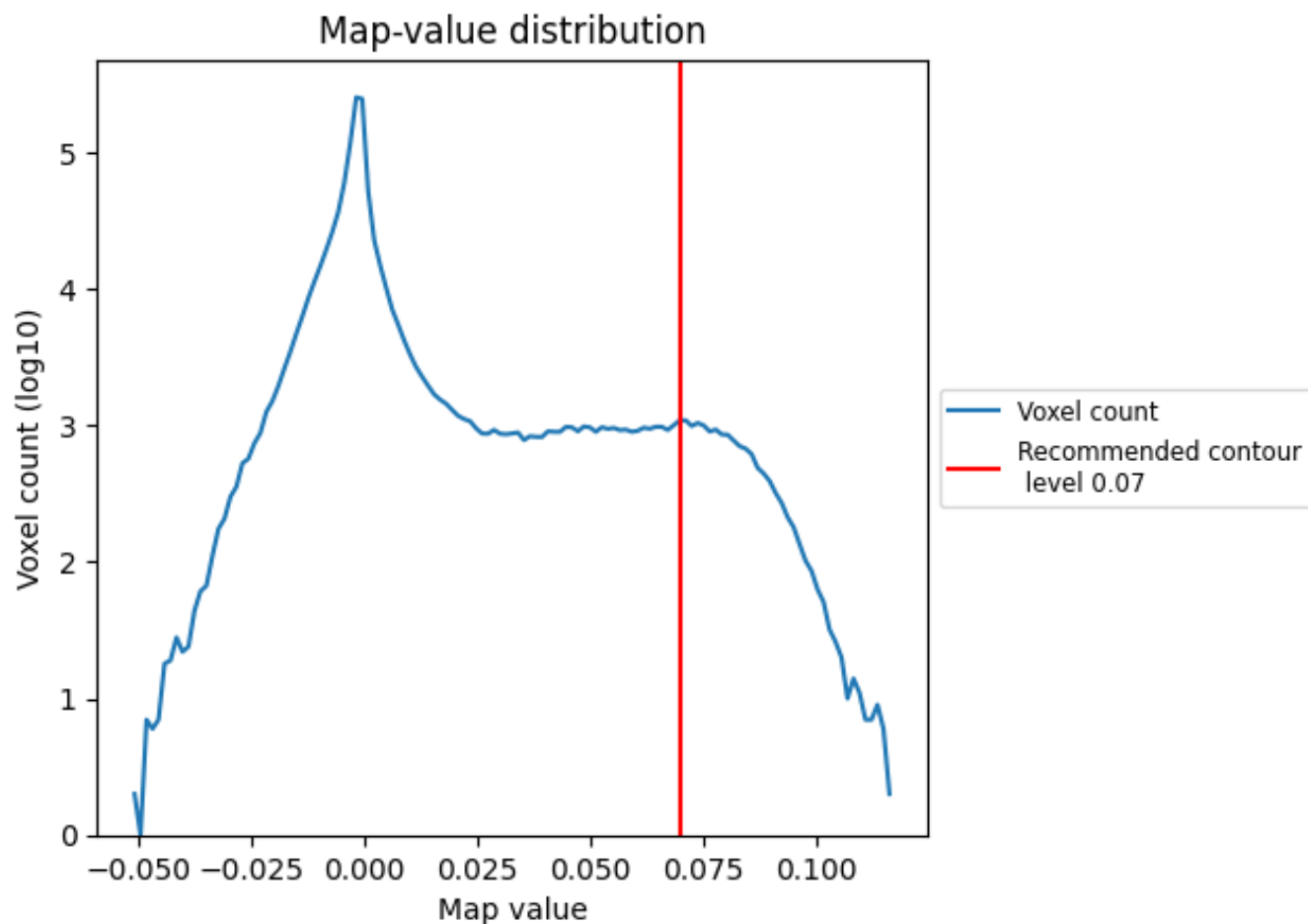
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

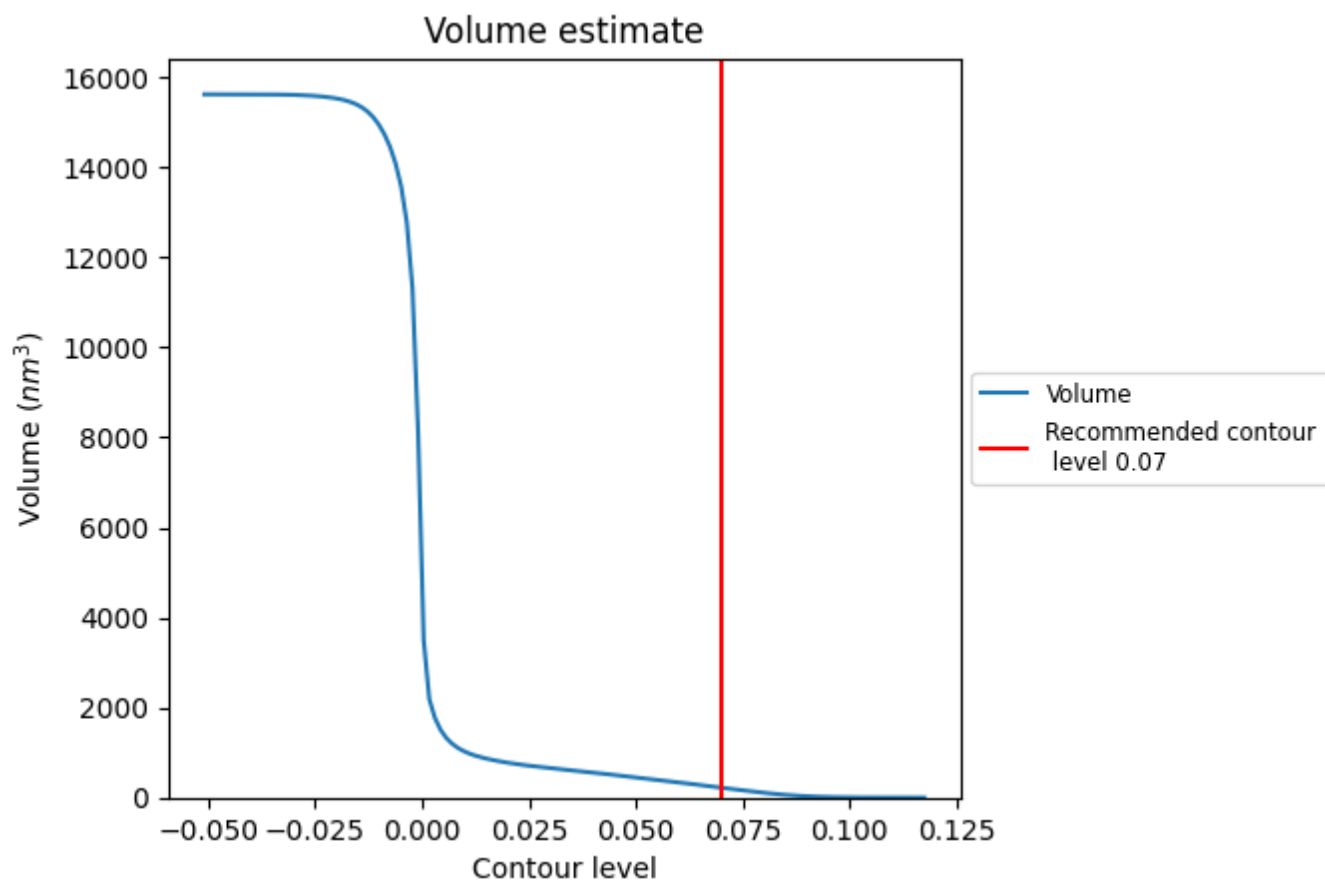
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

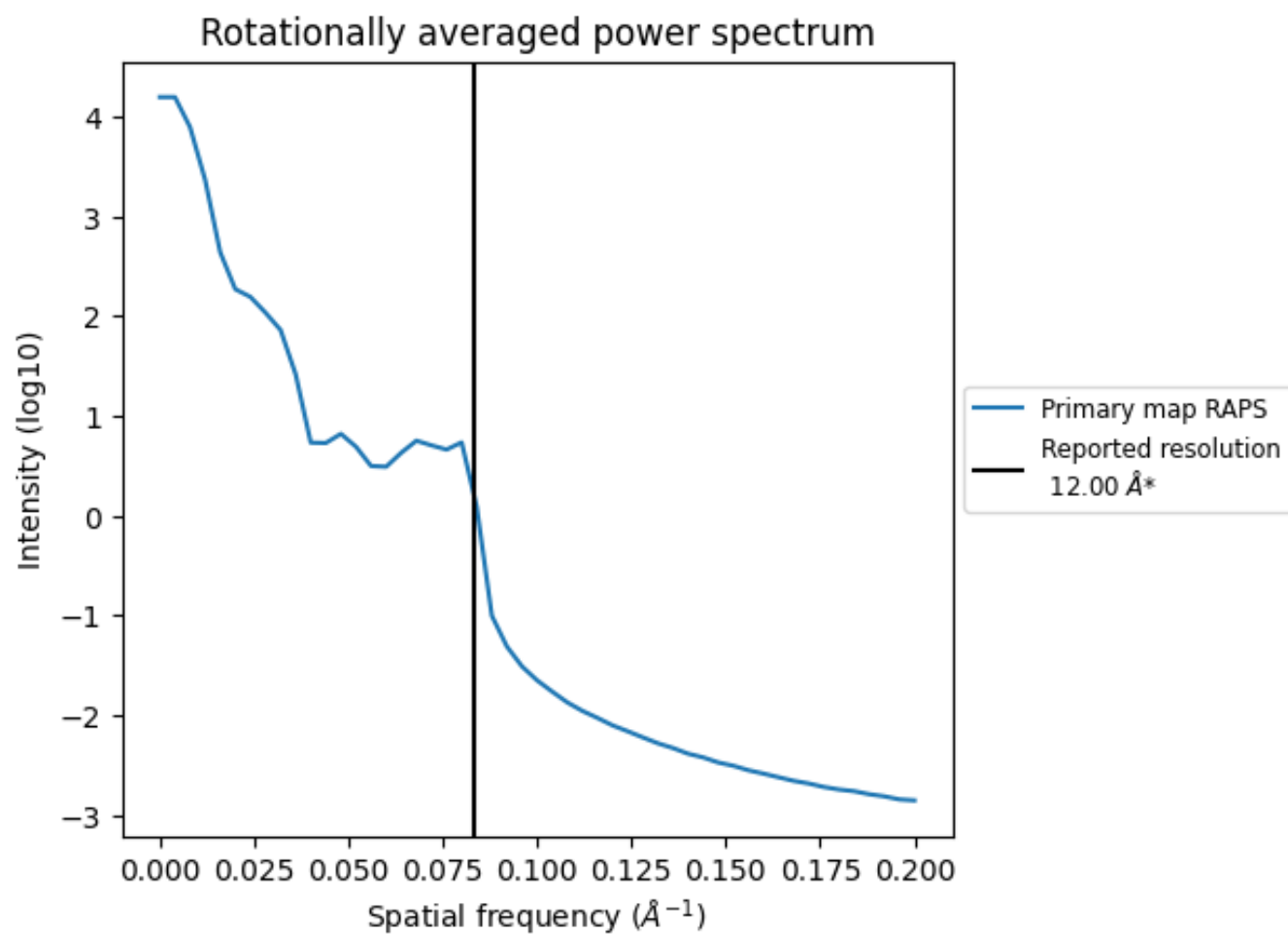
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 222 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 200 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.083 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

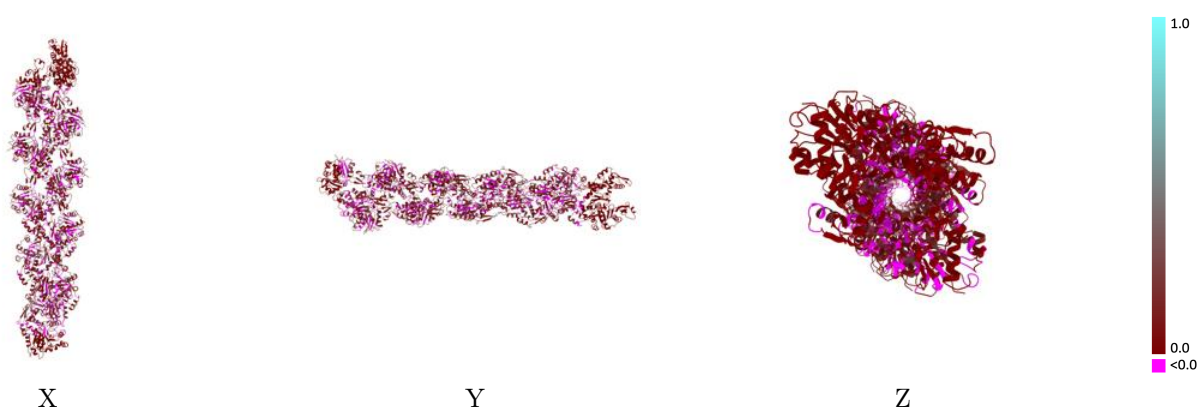
9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-6180 and PDB model 3J8J. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 5.

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)

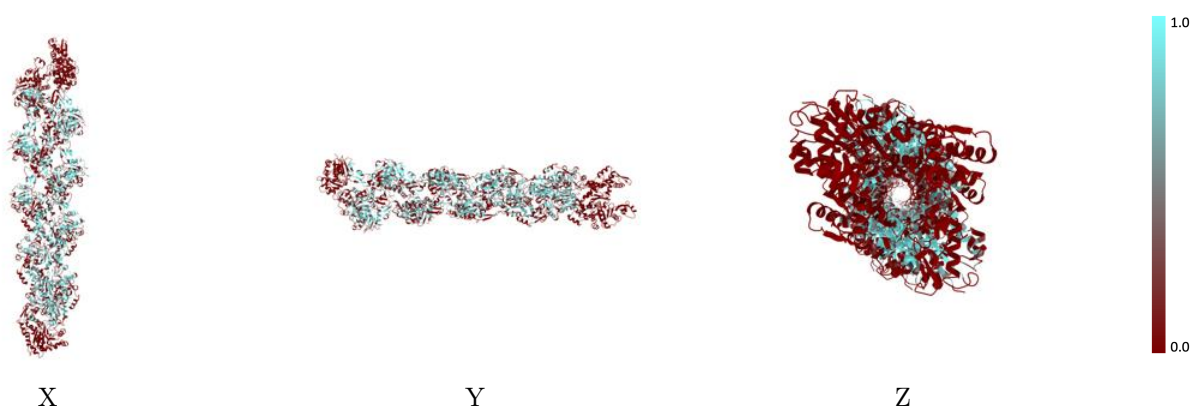
This section was not generated.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



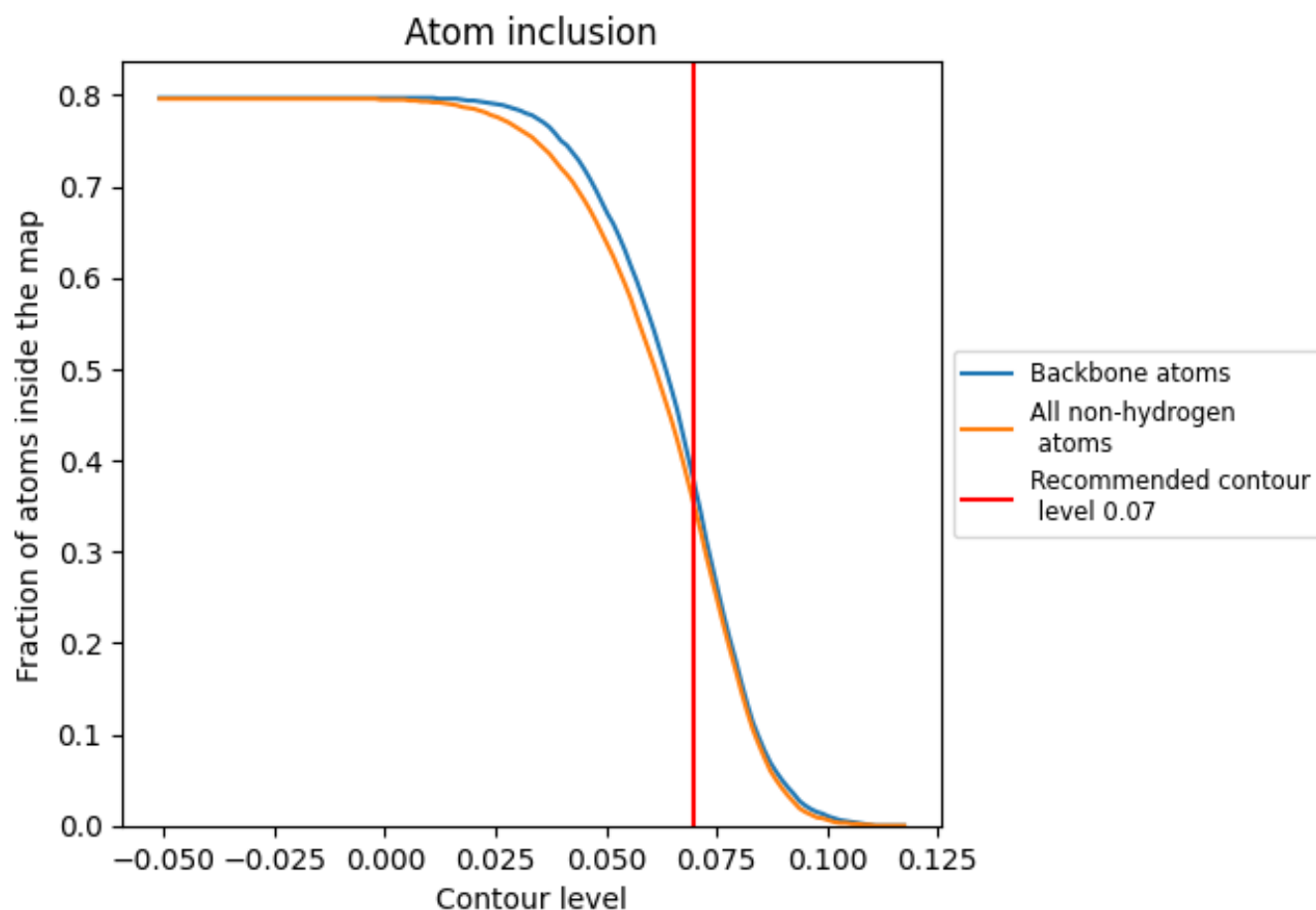
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.07).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 38% of all backbone atoms, 35% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.07) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.3500	0.0610
A	0.0050	-0.0010
B	0.2470	0.0300
C	0.4500	0.0750
D	0.4170	0.0790
E	0.4510	0.0770
F	0.4240	0.0780
G	0.4520	0.0810
H	0.4170	0.0760
I	0.4600	0.0820
J	0.4150	0.0690
K	0.1140	0.0220

1.0

0.0

<0.0