



wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

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PDB ID : 1JEG / pdb_00001jeg
Title : Solution structure of the SH3 domain from C-terminal Src Kinase complexed with a peptide from the tyrosine phosphatase PEP
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Deposited on : 2001-06-17

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

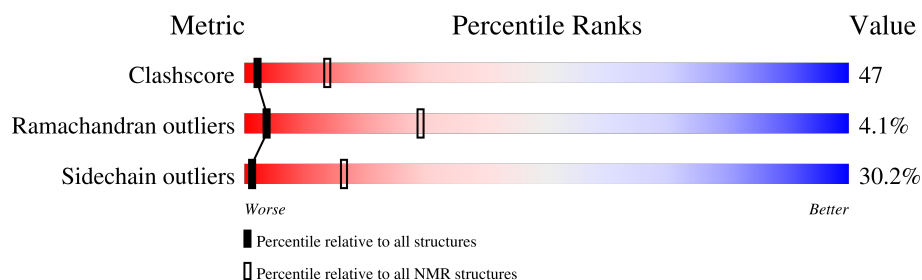
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	229148	14424
Ramachandran outliers	224038	12848
Sidechain outliers	223484	12823

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	83	
2	B	25	

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 25 models. Model 18 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models).

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:11-A:68, B:10-B:25 (74)	0.67	18

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters and 2 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 15, 24
2	2, 5, 10, 14, 16, 18, 23, 25
3	13, 19, 22
4	4, 12, 21
Single-model clusters	17; 20

3 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1211 atoms, of which 595 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called TYROSINE-PROTEIN KINASE CSK.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	60	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			927	300	455	82	88	2	

- Molecule 2 is a protein called HEMATOPOIETIC CELL PROTEIN-TYROSINE PHOSPHATASE 70Z-PEP.

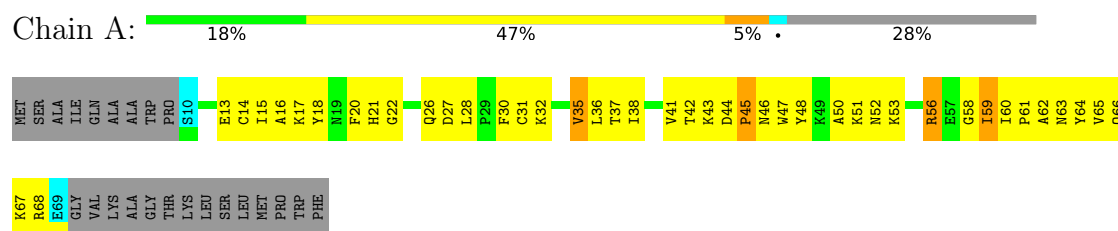
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace
2	B	18	Total	C	H	N	O	0
			284	95	140	21	28	

4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

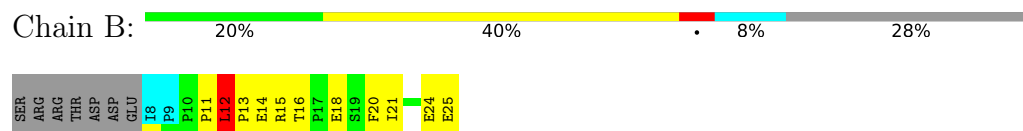
4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: TYROSINE-PROTEIN KINASE CSK



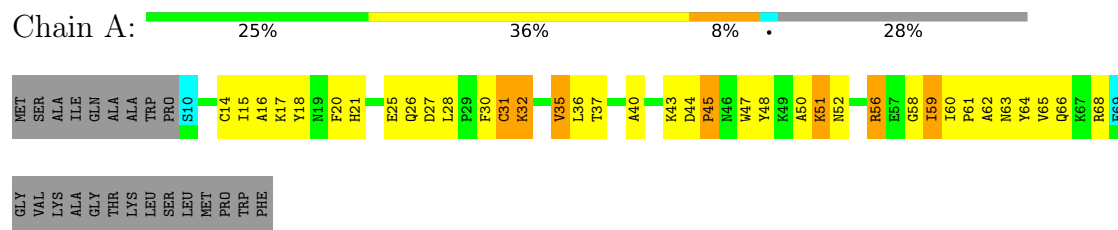
- Molecule 2: HEMATOPOIETIC CELL PROTEIN-TYROSINE PHOSPHATASE 70Z-PEP



4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 18. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

- Molecule 1: TYROSINE-PROTEIN KINASE CSK



- Molecule 2: HEMATOPOIETIC CELL PROTEIN-TYROSINE PHOSPHATASE 70Z-PEP



SER	ARG	ARG	THR	ASP	ASP	GLU	I8	P9	P10	P11	L12	P13	E14	R15	T16	P17	E18	S19	F20	I21	V22	V23	E24	E25

5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing, torsional angle dynamics*.

Of the 1000 calculated structures, 25 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
DYANA	structure solution	1.5
DYANA	refinement	1.5

No chemical shift data was provided.

6 Model quality [i](#)

6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.74±0.01	0±0/468 (0.0± 0.0%)	1.17±0.01	0±0/634 (0.0± 0.0%)
2	B	0.83±0.01	0±0/133 (0.0± 0.0%)	1.10±0.05	0±0/182 (0.1± 0.2%)
All	All	0.76	0/14905 (0.0%)	1.16	3/20233 (0.0%)

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	B	10	PRO	O-C-N	7.18	124.52	121.15	14	3

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	457	444	459	46±7
2	B	129	122	126	12±3
All	All	14650	14150	14528	1370

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 47.

5 of 382 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:30:PHE:CE1	1:A:36:LEU:HD13	1.07	1.83	22	1
1:A:38:ILE:HD13	1:A:50:ALA:HB2	0.99	1.35	20	7
1:A:60:ILE:HD12	1:A:65:VAL:HG11	0.94	1.32	5	13
1:A:36:LEU:HD11	1:A:50:ALA:HB3	0.91	1.39	23	4
1:A:15:ILE:HD13	1:A:35:VAL:HG23	0.91	1.39	23	14

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	58/83 (70%)	52±3 (90±4%)	3±1 (5±2%)	2±1 (3±2%)	4	34
2	B	15/25 (60%)	13±1 (84±4%)	1±1 (10±4%)	1±0 (7±0%)	2	17
All	All	1809/2700 (67%)	1619 (89%)	115 (6%)	75 (4%)	4	29

5 of 8 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
2	B	12	LEU	25
1	A	45	PRO	18
1	A	46	ASN	13
1	A	22	GLY	7
1	A	11	GLY	6

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	48/67 (72%)	32±3 (67±6%)	15±2 (32±4%)	1	14
2	B	16/25 (64%)	12±1 (76±8%)	4±1 (24±8%)	2	26

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
All	All	1588/2300 (69%)	1108 (70%)	480 (30%)	1 16

5 of 49 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	35	VAL	25
2	B	12	LEU	25
2	B	15	ARG	25
1	A	17	LYS	24
1	A	59	ILE	24

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

No chemical shift data were provided