



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 25, 2026 – 02:31 PM UTC

PDB ID : 6JFZ / pdb_00006jfz
EMDB ID : EMD-9822
Title : GluK3 receptor complex with UBP310
Authors : Kumari, J.; Kumar, J.
Deposited on : 2019-02-13
Resolution : 7.60 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDb archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

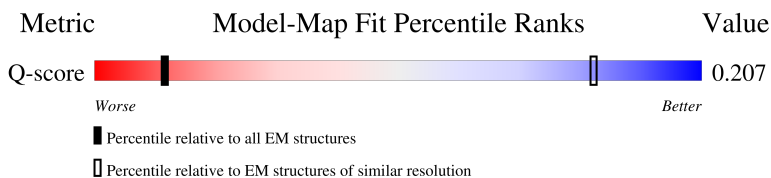
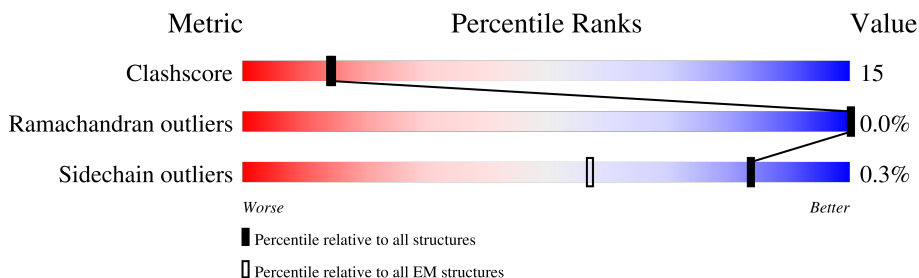
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 7.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	389 (7.10 - 8.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	809	5% 55% 33% 11%
1	B	809	10% 54% 33% 12%
1	C	809	17% 56% 32% • 11%
1	D	809	9% 59% 30% 11%

2 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 22948 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Glutamate receptor ionotropic, kainate 3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	718	Total	C	N	O	S	7	0
			5749	3694	974	1051	30		
1	B	714	Total	C	N	O	S	6	0
			5702	3666	965	1042	29		
1	D	719	Total	C	N	O	S	6	0
			5745	3692	974	1049	30		
1	C	718	Total	C	N	O	S	8	0
			5752	3693	974	1055	30		

There are 24 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	86	THR	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P42264
A	259	PRO	ALA	see sequence details	UNP P42264
A	305	THR	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P42264
A	310	PRO	SER	see sequence details	UNP P42264
A	324	ALA	PRO	see sequence details	UNP P42264
A	547	VAL	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P42264
B	86	THR	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P42264
B	259	PRO	ALA	see sequence details	UNP P42264
B	305	THR	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P42264
B	310	PRO	SER	see sequence details	UNP P42264
B	324	ALA	PRO	see sequence details	UNP P42264
B	547	VAL	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P42264
D	86	THR	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P42264
D	259	PRO	ALA	see sequence details	UNP P42264
D	305	THR	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P42264
D	310	PRO	SER	see sequence details	UNP P42264
D	324	ALA	PRO	see sequence details	UNP P42264
D	547	VAL	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P42264
C	86	THR	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P42264
C	259	PRO	ALA	see sequence details	UNP P42264
C	305	THR	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P42264
C	310	PRO	SER	see sequence details	UNP P42264

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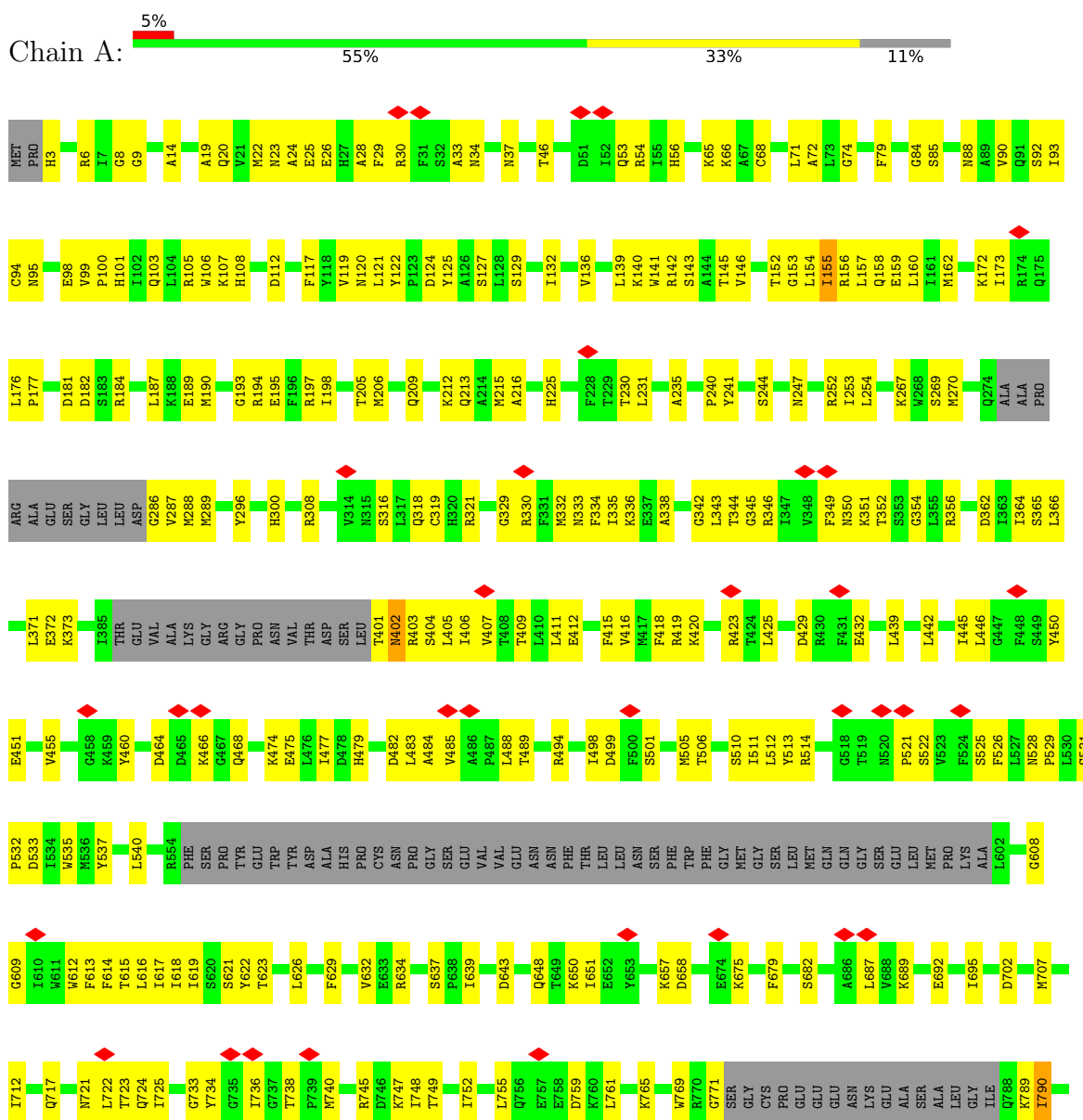
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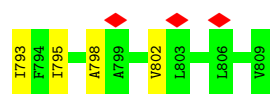
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
C	324	ALA	PRO	see sequence details	UNP P42264
C	547	VAL	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P42264

3 Residue-property plots

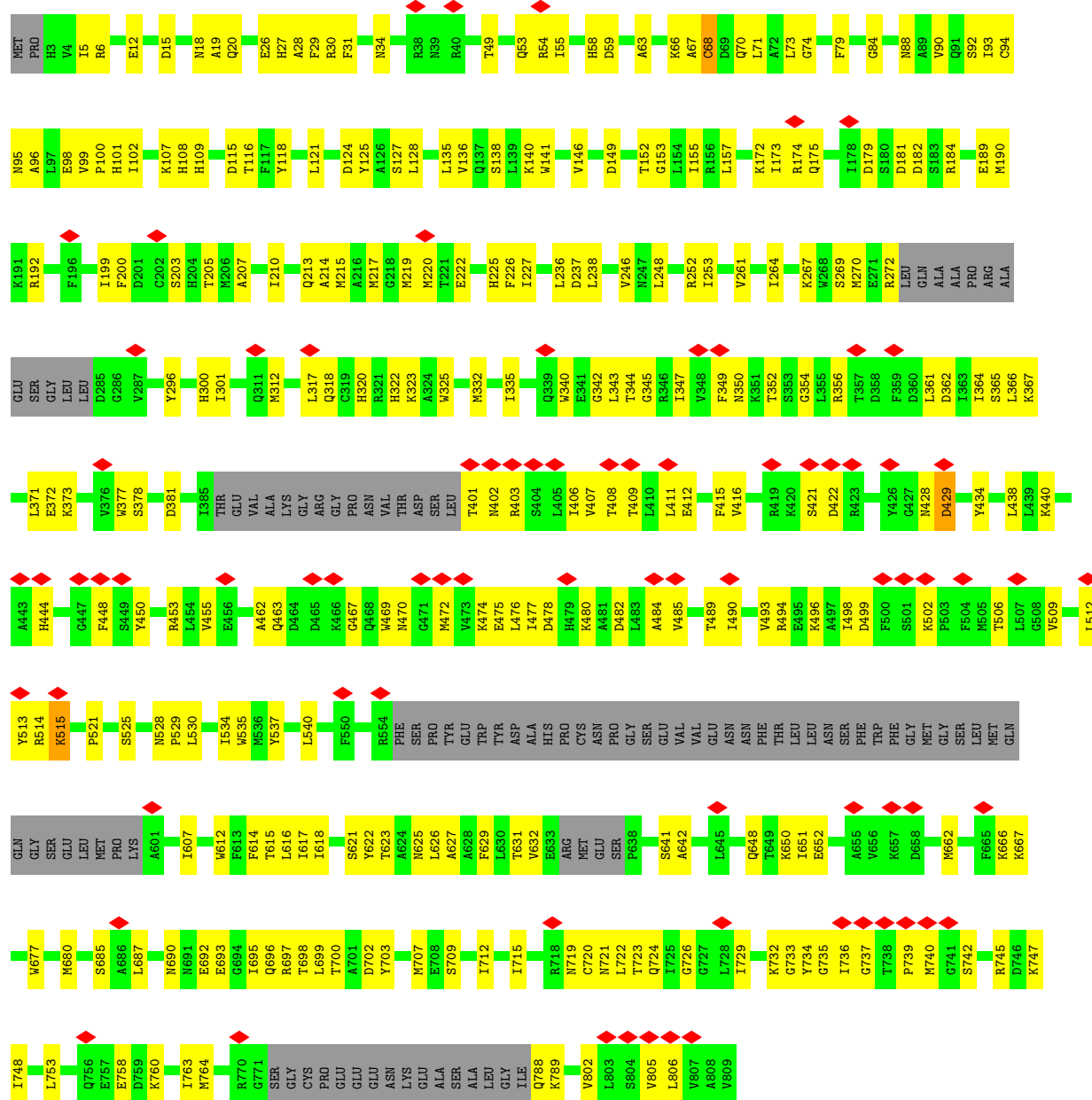
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Glutamate receptor ionotropic, kainate 3



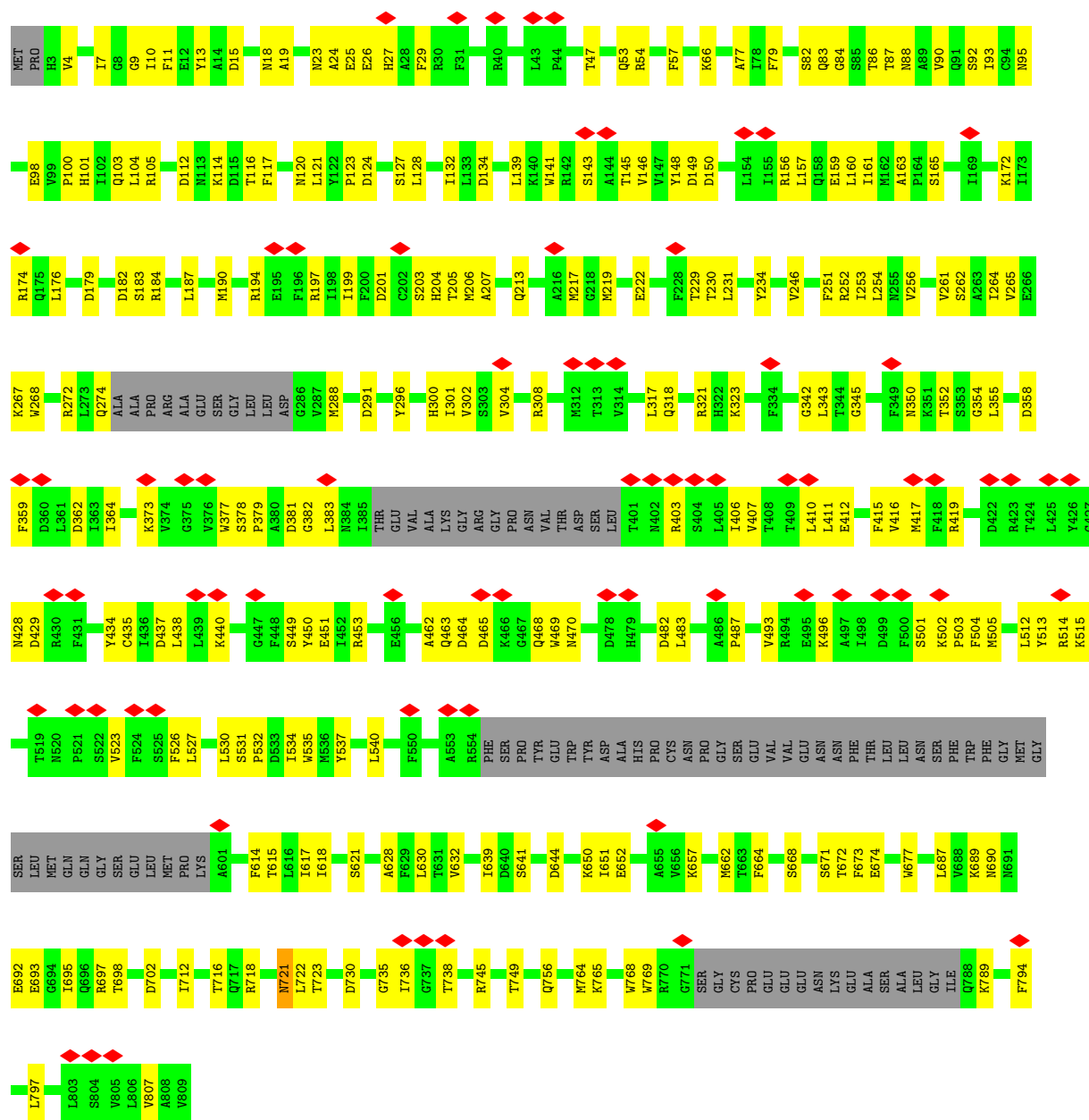


- Molecule 1: Glutamate receptor ionotropic, kainate 3

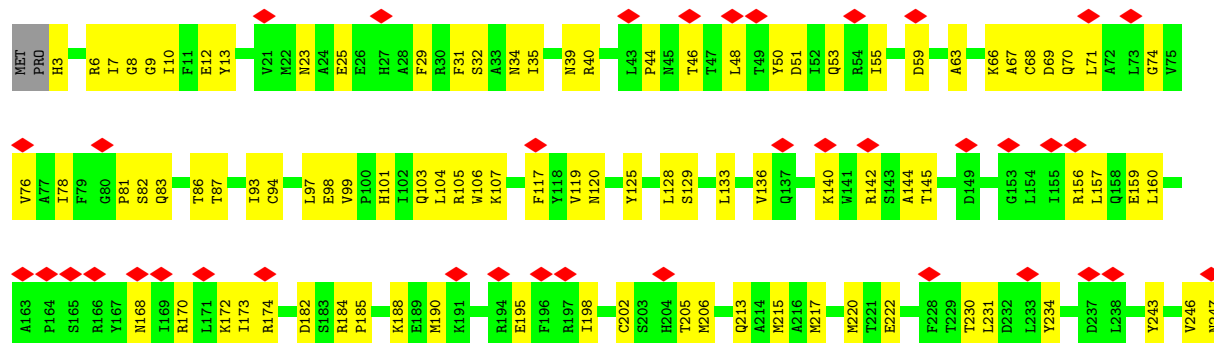


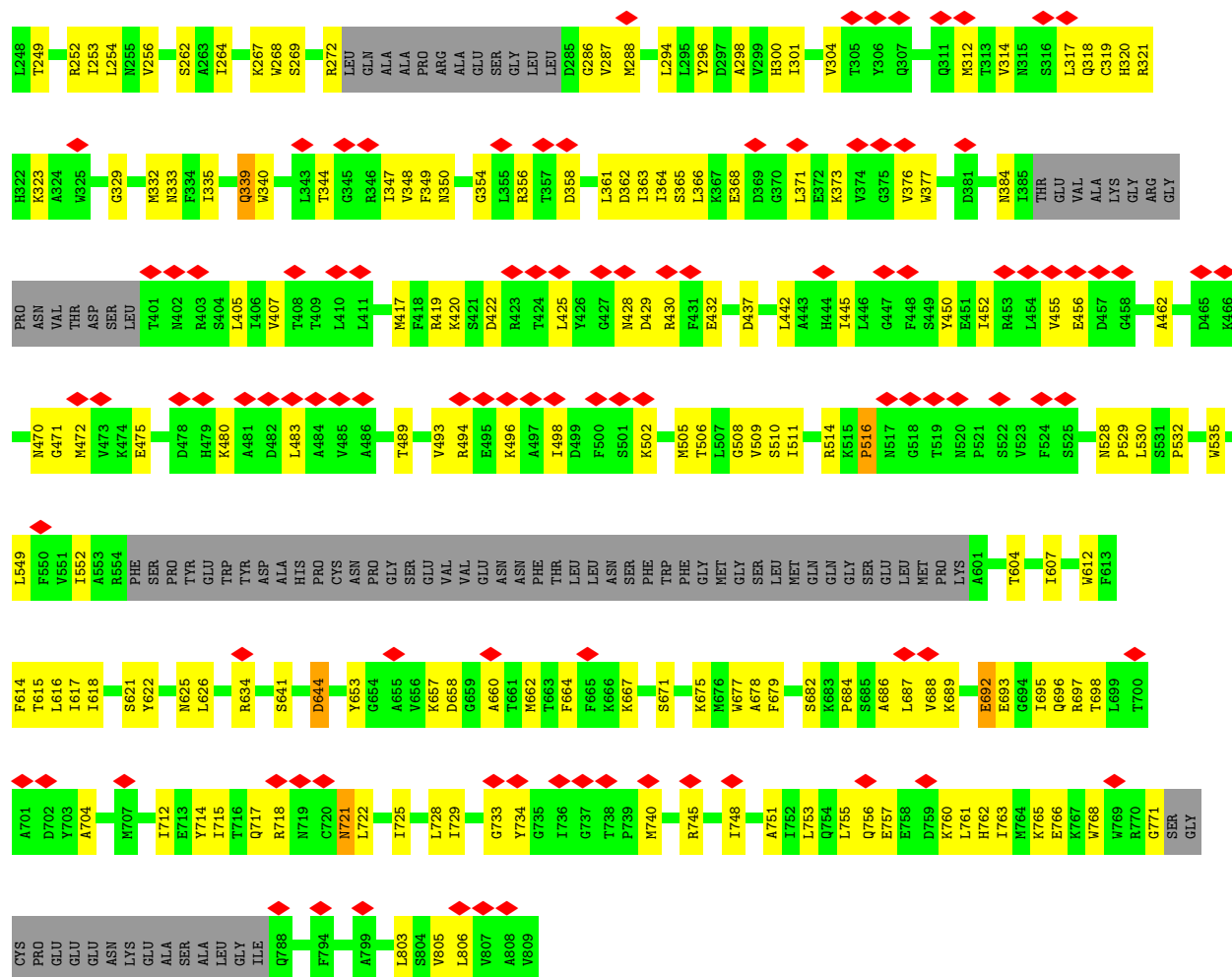
- Molecule 1: Glutamate receptor ionotropic, kainate 3





• Molecule 1: Glutamate receptor ionotropic, kainate 3





4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	27194	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	16.73	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	FEI FALCON III (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	3.934	Depositor
Minimum map value	-2.693	Depositor
Average map value	0.005	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.120	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.788	Depositor
Map size ($\text{\AA}$)	394.8, 394.8, 394.8	wwPDB
Map dimensions	280, 280, 280	wwPDB
Map angles ($^\circ$)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing ($\text{\AA}$)	1.41, 1.41, 1.41	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.32	0/5874	0.69	2/7953 (0.0%)
1	B	0.32	0/5826	0.68	1/7888 (0.0%)
1	C	0.29	0/5875	0.65	1/7952 (0.0%)
1	D	0.30	0/5870	0.65	0/7948
All	All	0.31	0/23445	0.67	4/31741 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	3
1	B	0	1
1	C	0	1
1	D	0	1
All	All	0	6

There are no bond length outliers.

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	C	516	PRO	N-CA-CB	7.61	111.24	103.25
1	B	68	CYS	CA-CB-SG	5.37	126.75	114.40
1	A	802	VAL	N-CA-CB	-5.31	106.18	112.39
1	A	528	ASN	N-CA-C	5.30	121.53	109.81

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 6 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	402	ASN	Peptide

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	637	SER	Peptide
1	A	639	ILE	Peptide
1	B	515	LYS	Peptide
1	D	789	LYS	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	5749	0	5748	179	0
1	B	5702	0	5700	190	0
1	C	5752	0	5739	180	0
1	D	5745	0	5748	164	0
All	All	22948	0	22935	700	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 15.

The worst 5 of 700 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:671:SER:O	1:C:675:LYS:HB2	1.78	0.83
1:B:625:ASN:O	1:B:629:PHE:HB2	1.90	0.72
1:B:189:GLU:HG3	1:B:192:ARG:HH21	1.57	0.70
1:D:183:SER:H	1:D:213:GLN:HE22	1.40	0.69
1:D:148:TYR:HA	1:D:201:ASP:HB3	1.75	0.68

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	713/809 (88%)	662 (93%)	51 (7%)	0	100	100
1	B	706/809 (87%)	656 (93%)	50 (7%)	0	100	100
1	C	714/809 (88%)	664 (93%)	49 (7%)	1 (0%)	48	83
1	D	713/809 (88%)	666 (93%)	47 (7%)	0	100	100
All	All	2846/3236 (88%)	2648 (93%)	197 (7%)	1 (0%)	100	100

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	516	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	622/696 (89%)	619 (100%)	3 (0%)	81	83
1	B	616/696 (88%)	614 (100%)	2 (0%)	86	86
1	C	620/696 (89%)	615 (99%)	5 (1%)	73	80
1	D	620/696 (89%)	618 (100%)	2 (0%)	86	86
All	All	2478/2784 (89%)	2466 (100%)	12 (0%)	84	83

5 of 12 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	644	ASP
1	C	692[A]	GLU
1	C	721[B]	ASN
1	C	692[B]	GLU
1	B	429[A]	ASP

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 57

such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	350	ASN
1	C	339	GLN
1	D	53	GLN
1	C	333	ASN
1	C	209	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

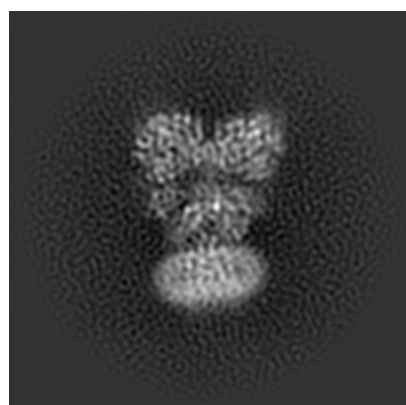
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-9822. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

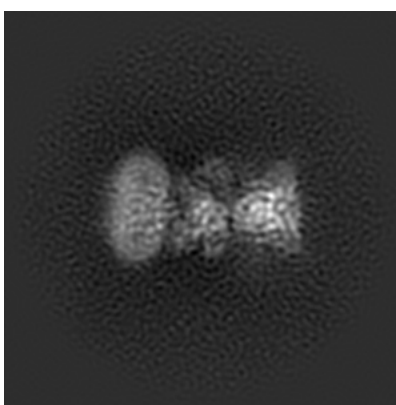
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

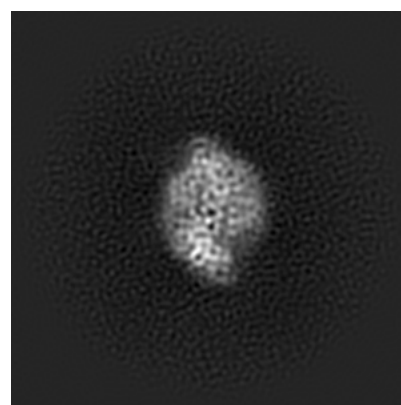
6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

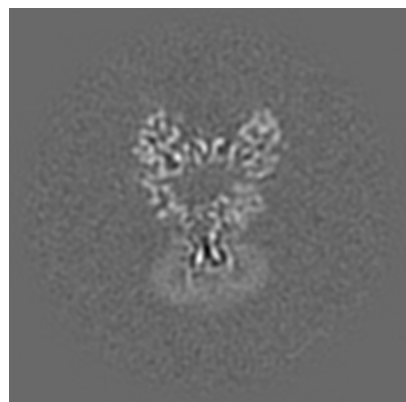


Z

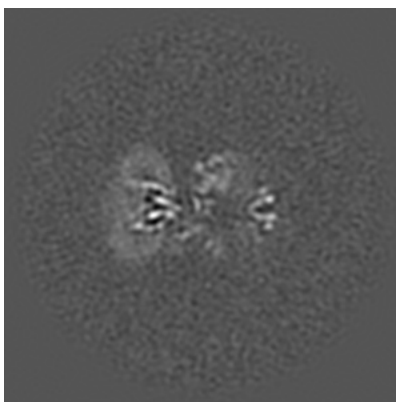
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

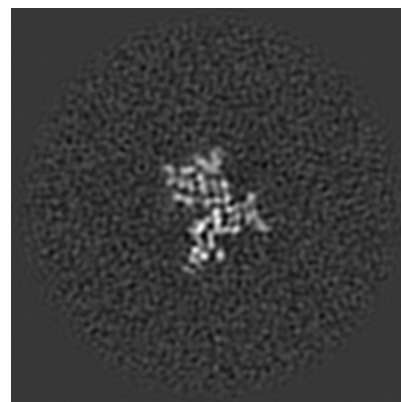
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 140



Y Index: 140

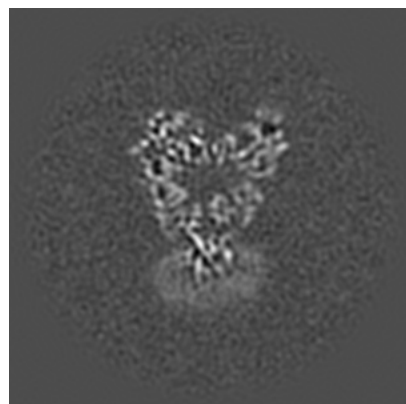


Z Index: 140

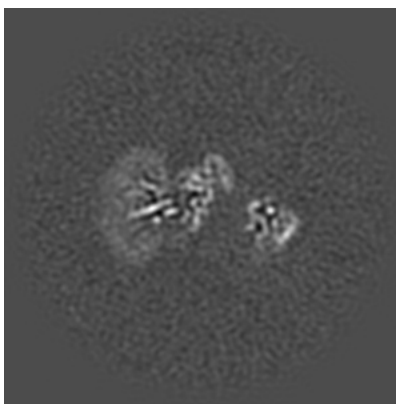
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

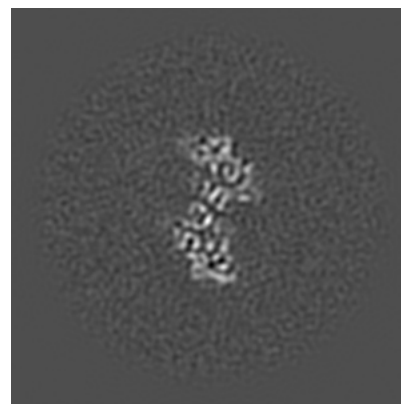
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 137



Y Index: 132

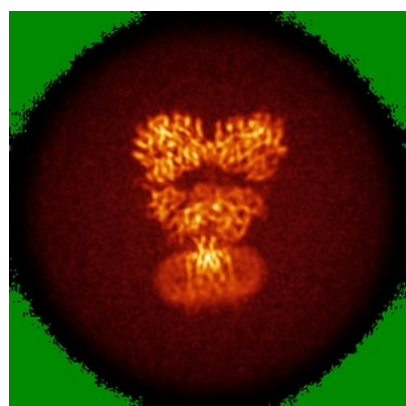


Z Index: 187

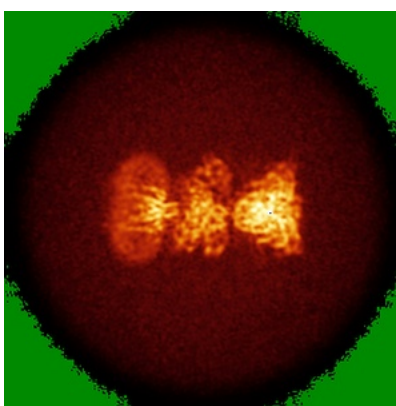
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

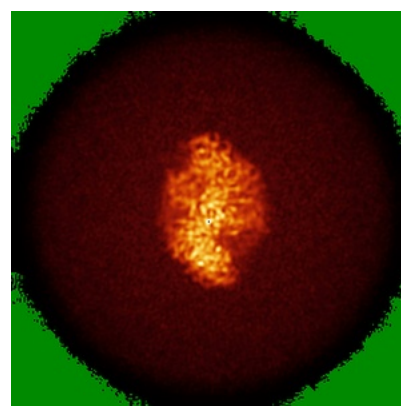
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y

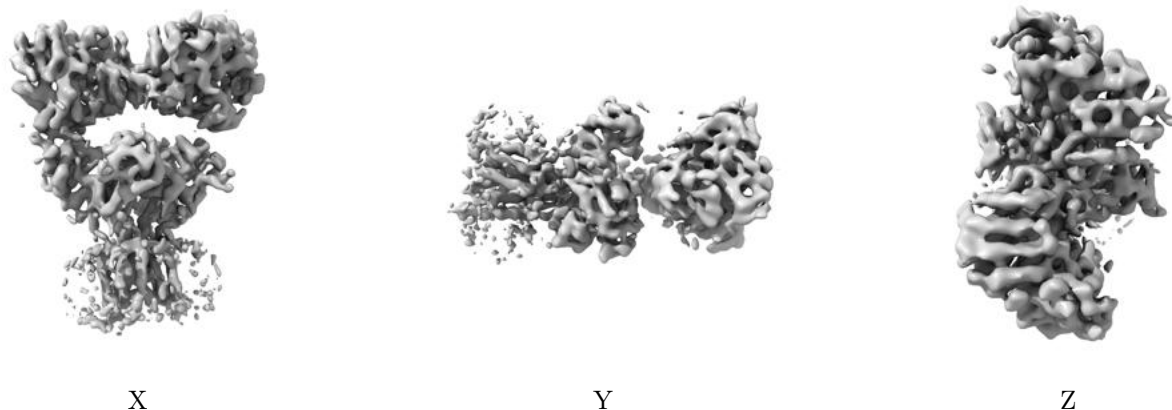


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.788. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

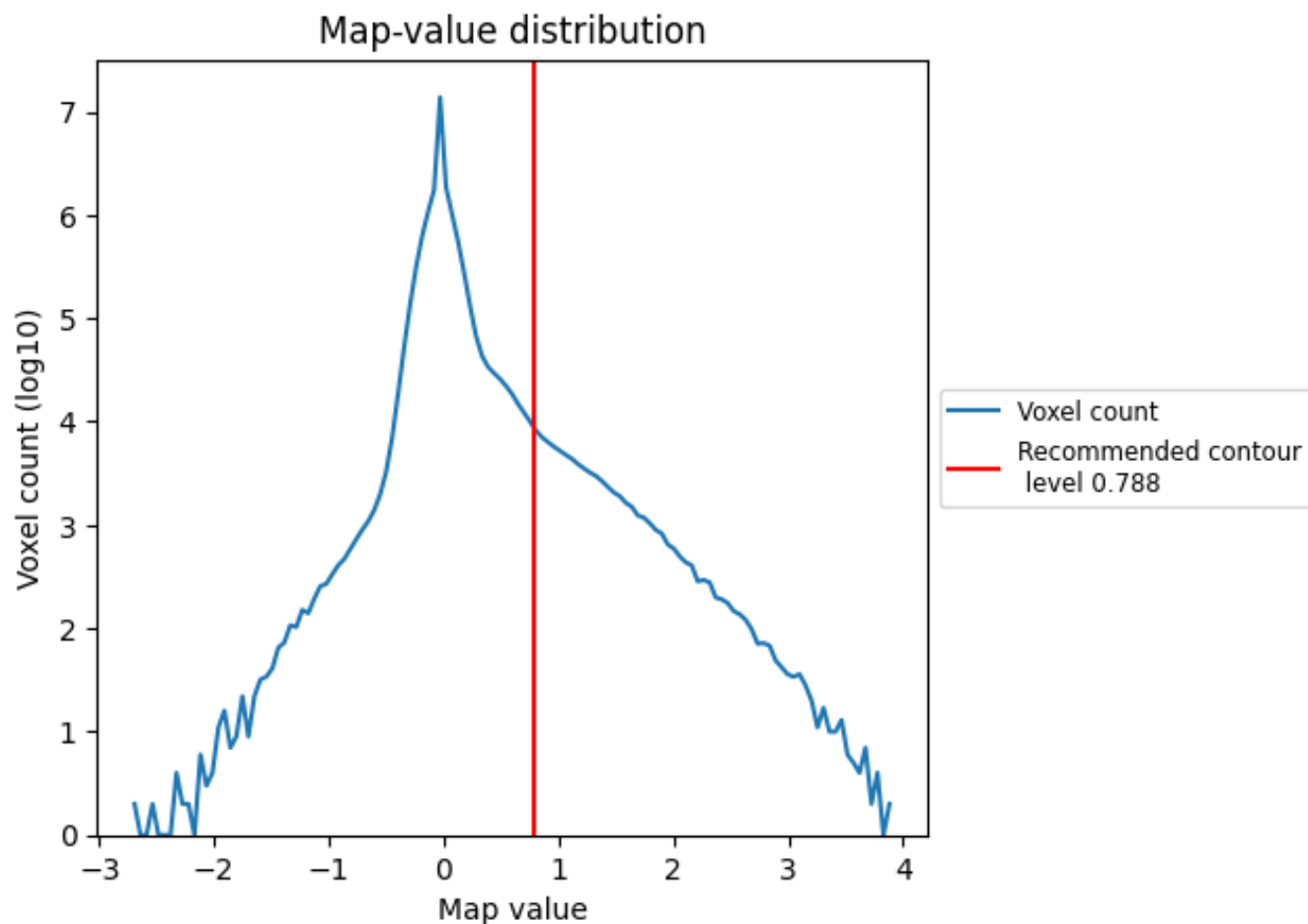
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

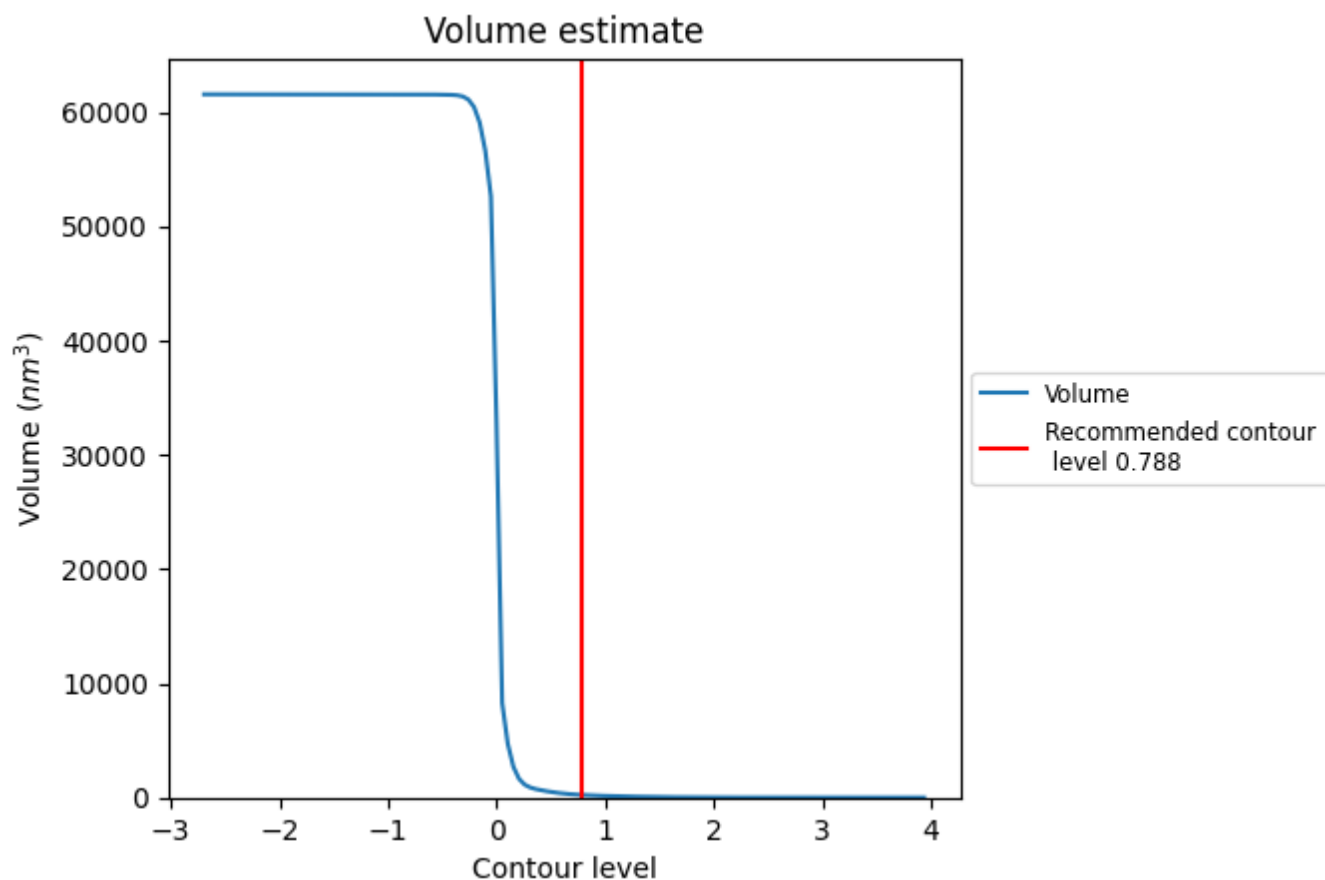
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

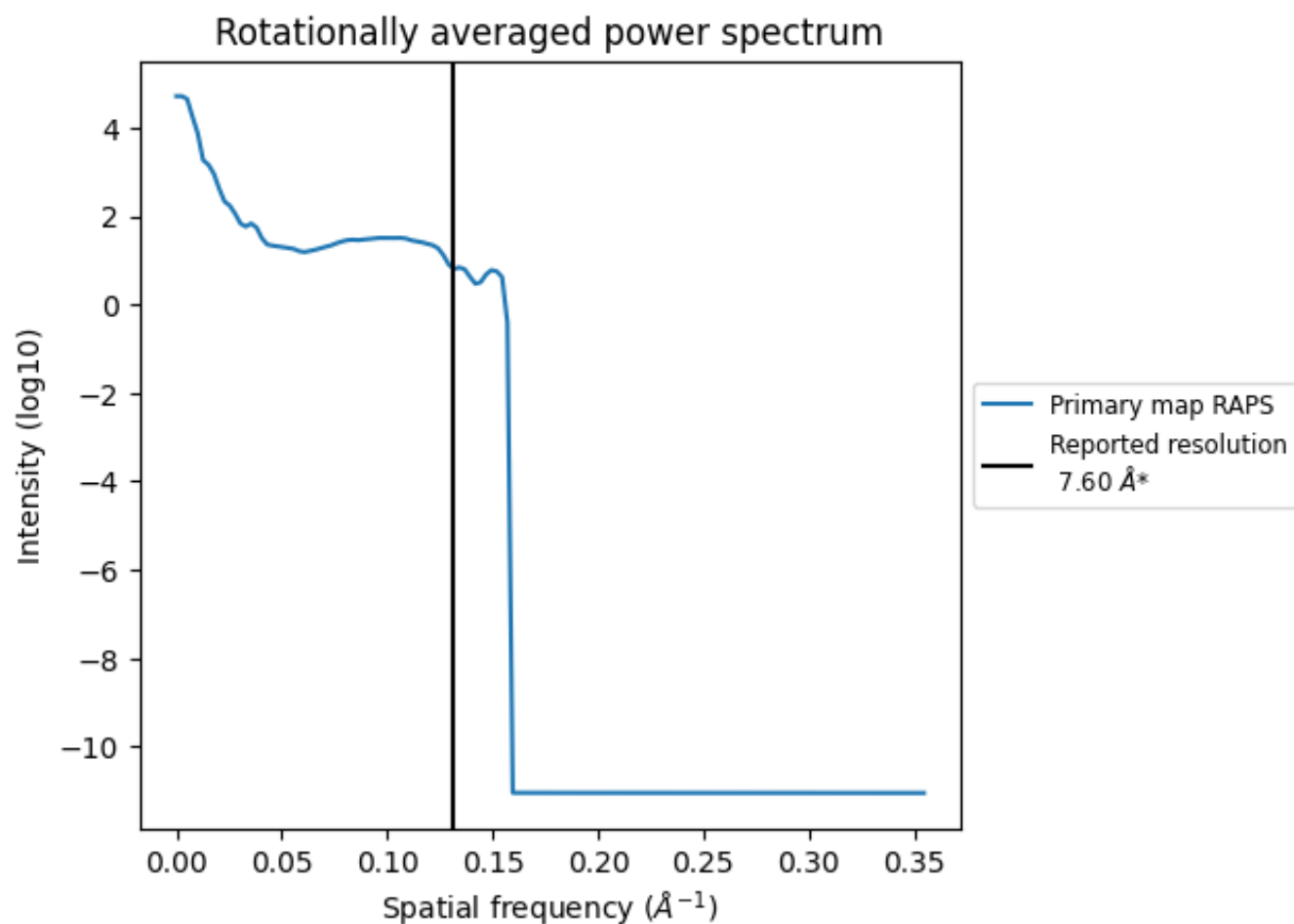
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 226 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 204 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.132 Å⁻¹

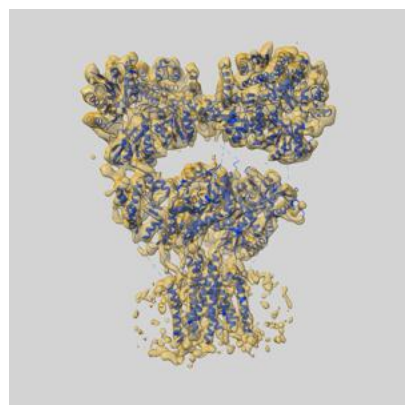
8 Fourier-Shell correlation ⓘ

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

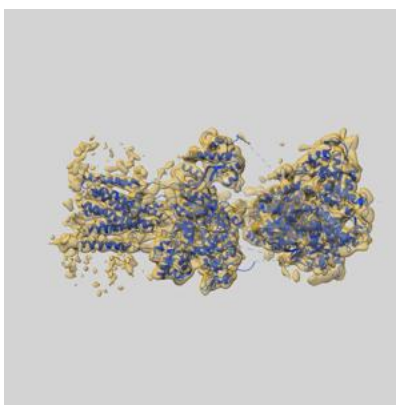
9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-9822 and PDB model 6JFZ. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in [section 3](#) on [page 5](#).

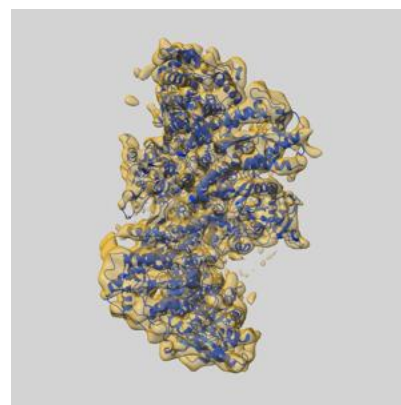
9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



X



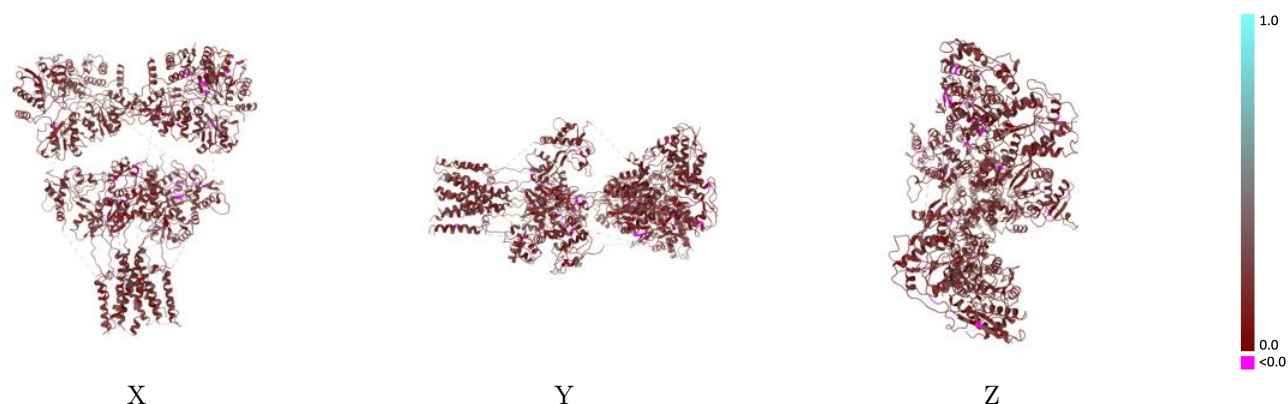
Y



Z

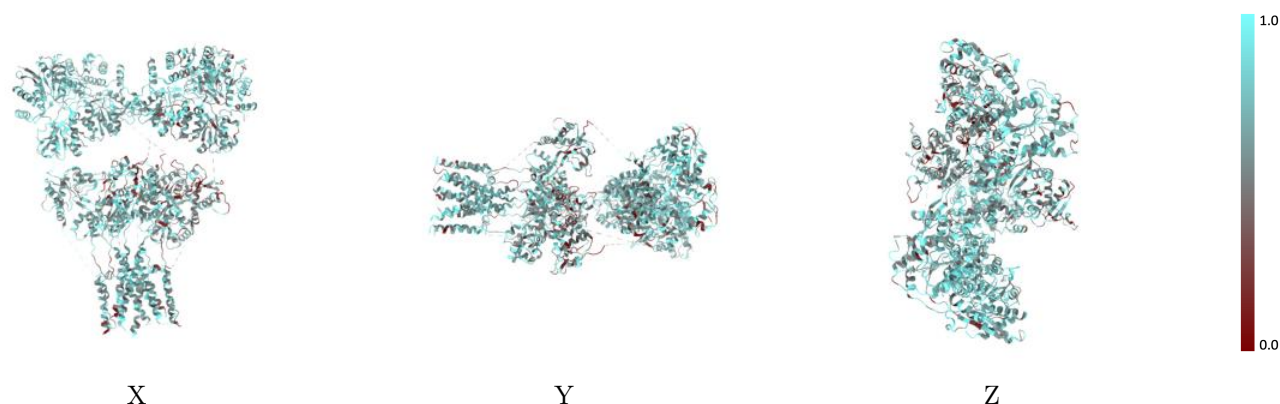
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.788 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



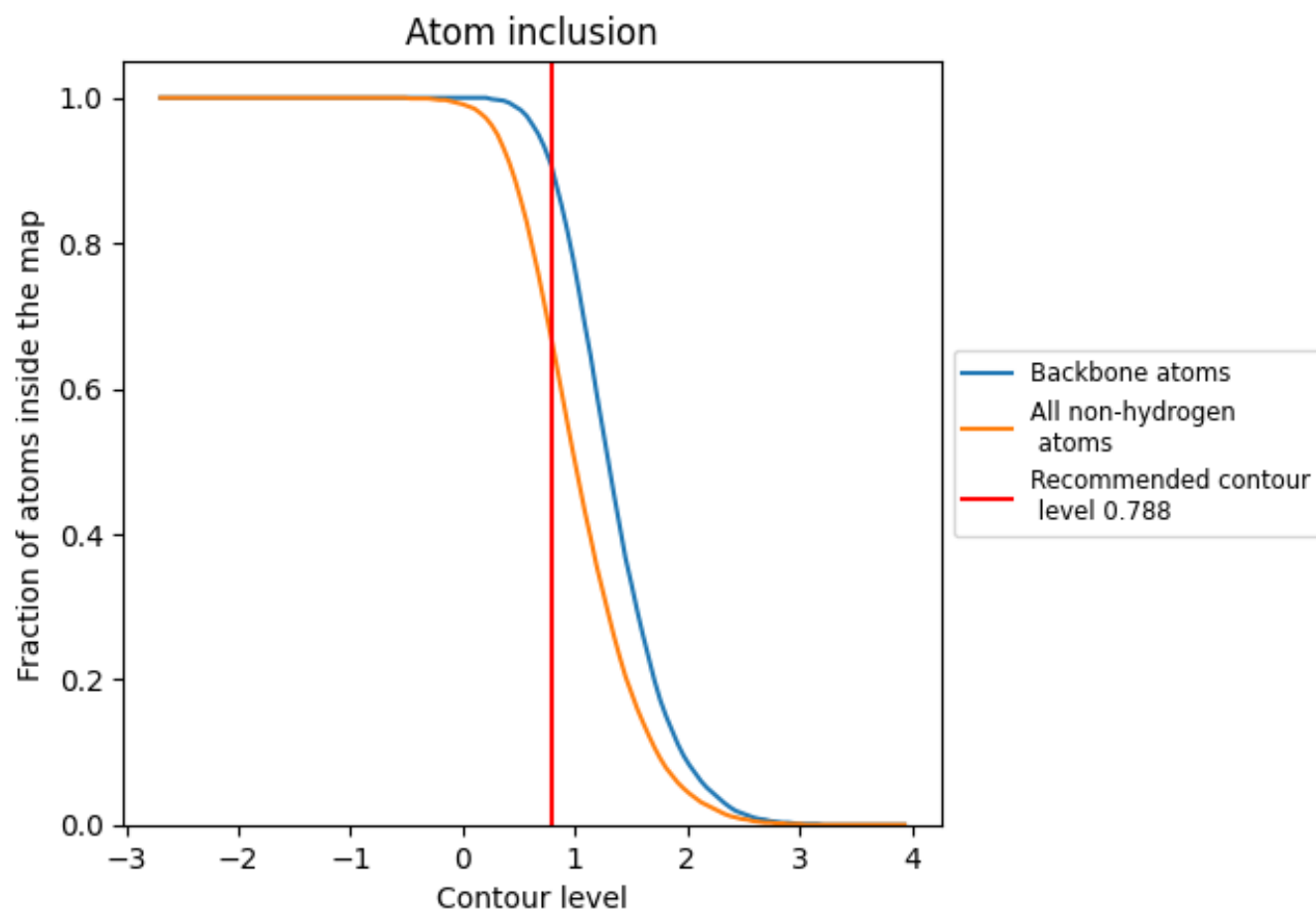
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.788).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 91% of all backbone atoms, 67% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.788) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.6700	0.2070
A	0.7210	0.2150
B	0.6720	0.2070
C	0.6210	0.1990
D	0.6670	0.2050

