



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 4, 2026 – 10:49 PM UTC

PDB ID : 8JSH / pdb_00008jsh
EMDB ID : EMD-36620
Title : Structure of the 30S-body-IF3 complex from Escherichia coli
Authors : Uday, A.B.; Mishra, R.K.; Hussain, T.
Deposited on : 2023-06-20
Resolution : 4.40 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

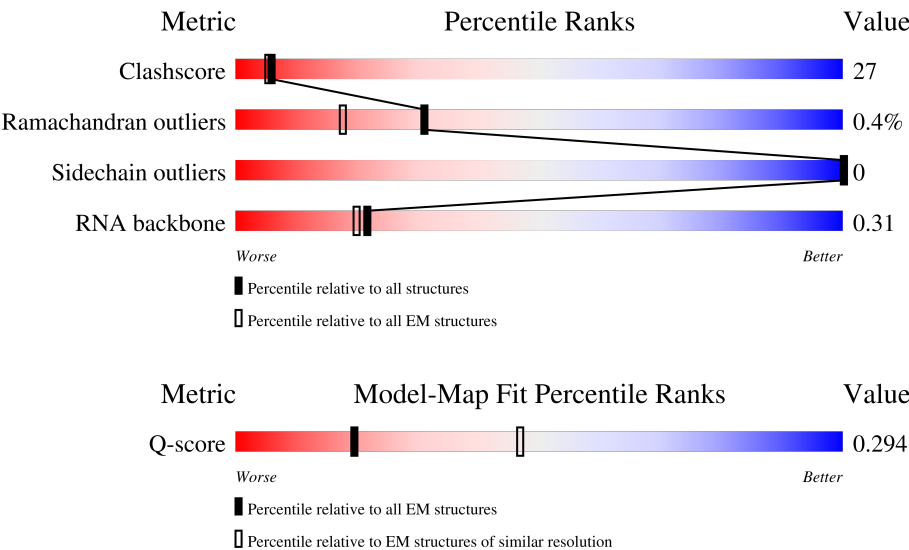
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

1 Overall quality at a glance i

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 4.40 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



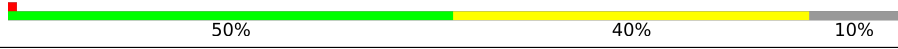
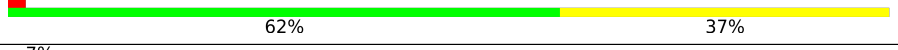
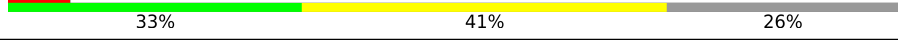
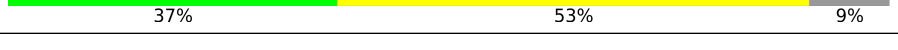
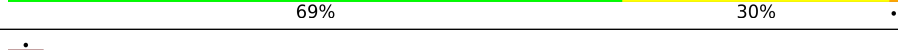
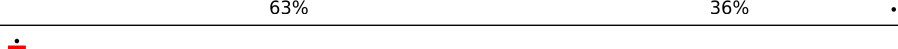
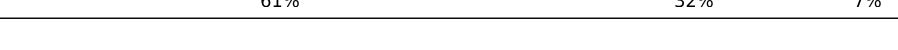
Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
RNA backbone	8273	3508	-
Q-score	-	25397	3132 (3.91 - 4.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	1	75	
2	2	71	
3	3	87	

Continued on next page...

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
4	P	84	
5	g	1539	
6	k	167	
7	l	206	
8	n	135	
9	p	130	
10	q	129	
11	t	124	
12	u	89	
13	y	82	
14	A	180	

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 14 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 34331 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called 30S ribosomal protein S18.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
1	1	55	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			455	288	86	81		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called 30S ribosomal protein S21.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	2	51	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			425	265	86	73	1		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called 30S ribosomal protein S20.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	3	85	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			665	411	137	114	3		

- Molecule 4 is a protein called 30S ribosomal protein S17.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	P	80	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			648	411	121	113	3		

- Molecule 5 is a RNA chain called 16S ribosomal RNA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
5	g	1074	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			23057	10283	4239	7462	1073		

- Molecule 6 is a protein called 30S ribosomal protein S5.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
6	k	150	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1105	687	211	201	6		

- Molecule 7 is a protein called 30S ribosomal protein S4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
7	l	205	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1643	1026	315	298	4		

- Molecule 8 is a protein called 30S ribosomal protein S6, fully modified isoform.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
8	n	100	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			817	515	148	148	6		

- Molecule 9 is a protein called 30S ribosomal protein S8.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
9	p	129	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			979	616	173	184	6		

- Molecule 10 is a protein called Small ribosomal subunit protein uS11.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
10	q	117	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			877	540	174	160	3		

- Molecule 11 is a protein called Small ribosomal subunit protein uS12.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
11	t	123	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			955	590	196	165	4		

- Molecule 12 is a protein called 30S ribosomal protein S15.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
12	u	88	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			714	439	144	130	1		

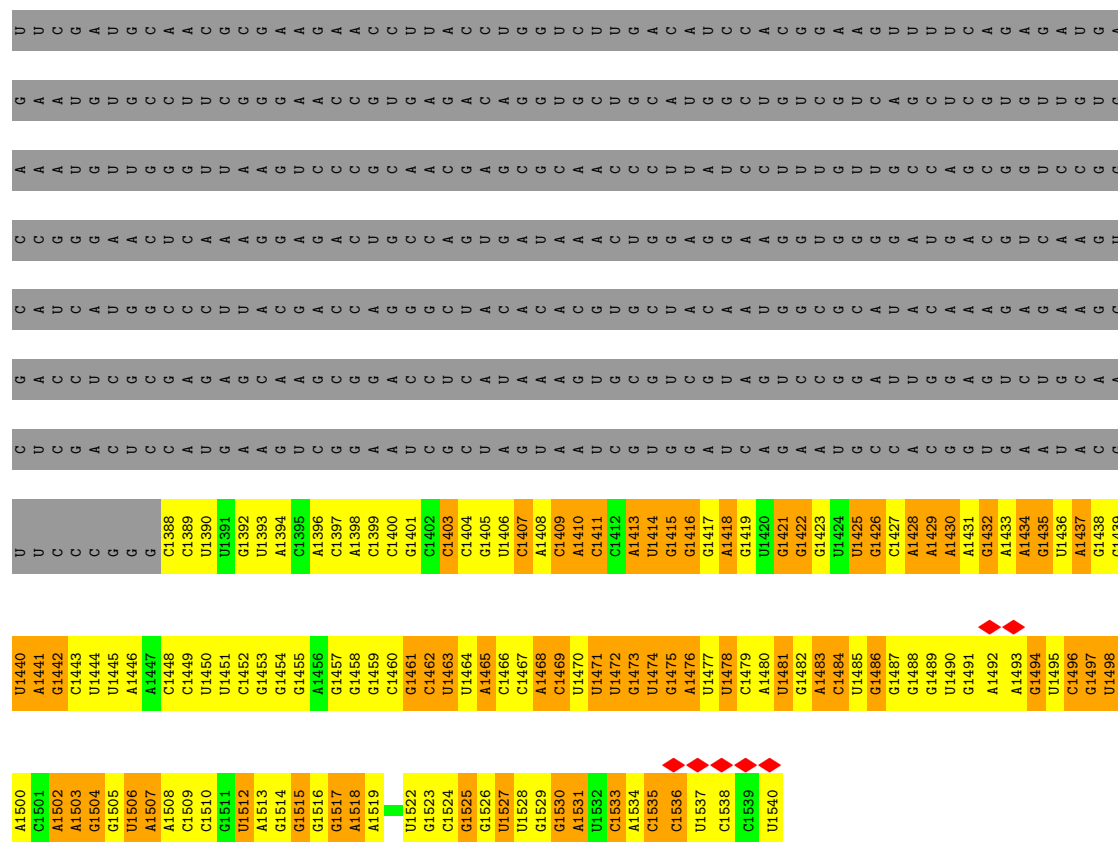
- Molecule 13 is a protein called 30S ribosomal protein S16.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
13	y	82	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			649	406	128	114	1		

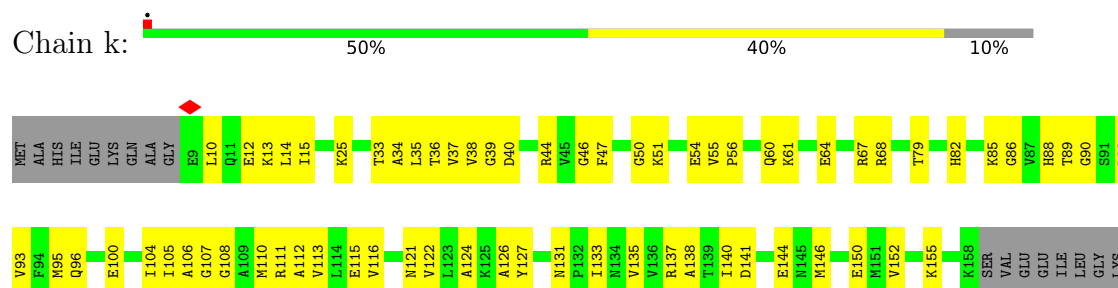
- Molecule 14 is a protein called Translation initiation factor IF-3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
14	A	167	1342	843	241	252	6	0	0

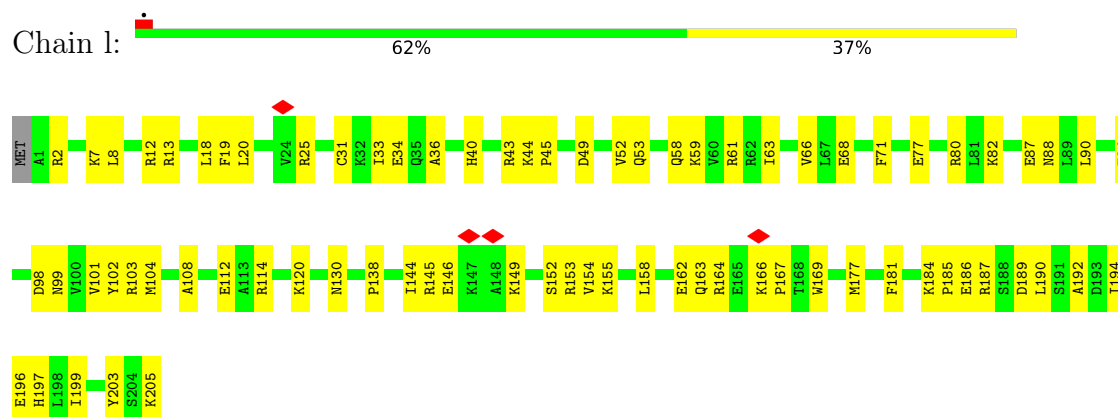




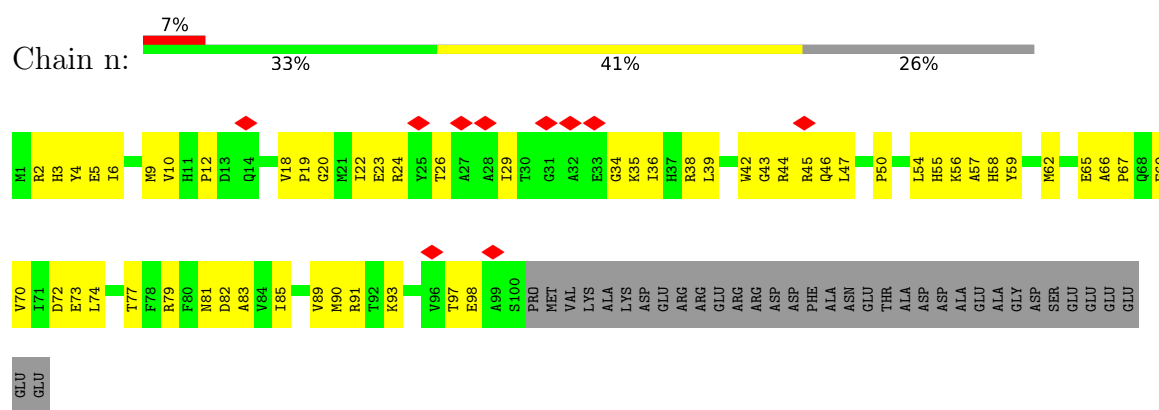
• Molecule 6: 30S ribosomal protein S5



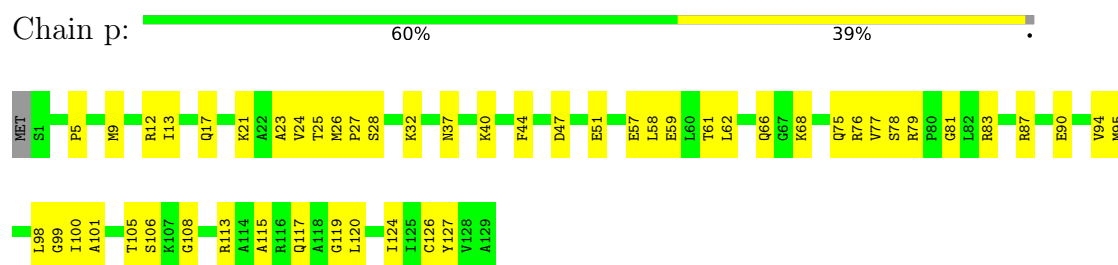
• Molecule 7: 30S ribosomal protein S4



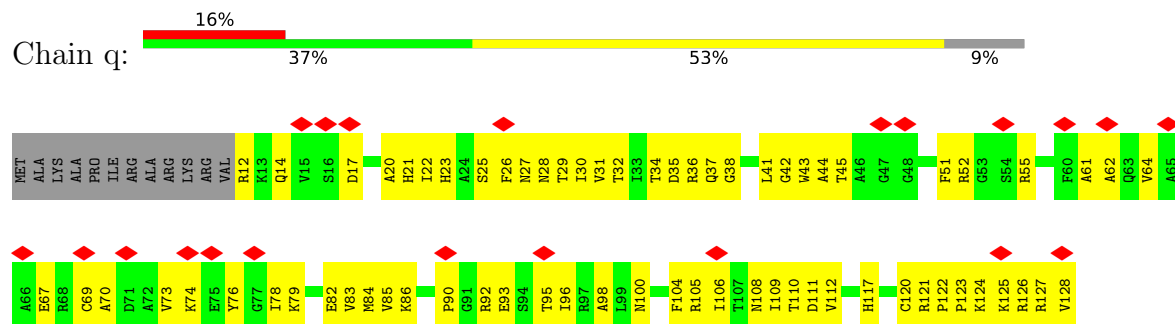
• Molecule 8: 30S ribosomal protein S6, fully modified isoform



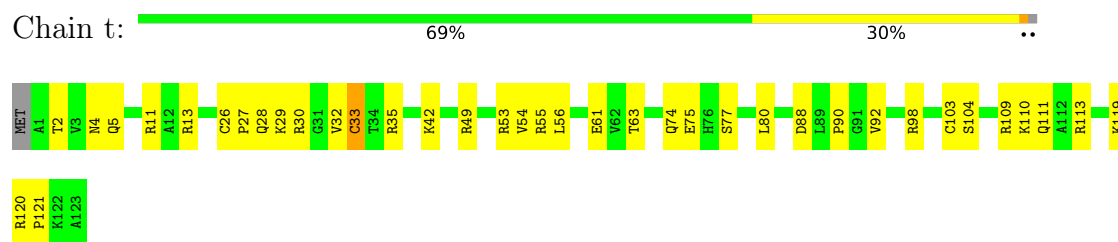
- Molecule 9: 30S ribosomal protein S8



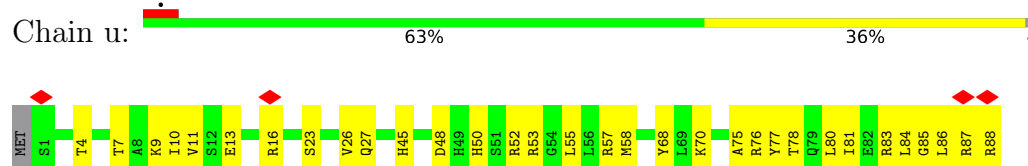
- Molecule 10: Small ribosomal subunit protein uS11



- Molecule 11: Small ribosomal subunit protein uS12



- Molecule 12: 30S ribosomal protein S15



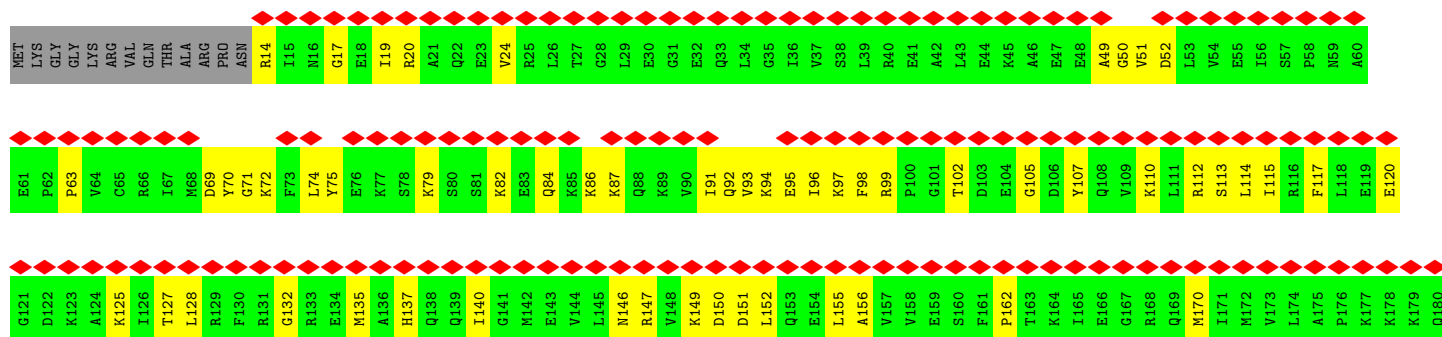
- Molecule 13: 30S ribosomal protein S16

Chain y:  63% 37%



- Molecule 14: Translation initiation factor IF-3

Chain A:  61% 32% 7%



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	145664	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TALOS ARCTICA	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	200	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	60	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1500	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2500	Depositor
Magnification	45000	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.025	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.002	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.001	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.0078	Depositor
Map size (Å)	384.0, 384.0, 384.0	wwPDB
Map dimensions	320, 320, 320	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.2, 1.2, 1.2	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	1	0.16	0/462	0.38	0/621
2	2	0.17	0/430	0.59	1/570 (0.2%)
3	3	0.17	0/671	0.38	0/888
4	P	0.20	0/657	0.46	0/881
5	g	0.20	0/25820	0.35	0/40281
6	k	0.22	0/1118	0.53	0/1504
7	l	0.17	0/1665	0.41	0/2227
8	n	0.25	0/835	0.60	0/1128
9	p	0.22	0/989	0.48	0/1326
10	q	0.19	0/893	0.52	0/1205
11	t	0.20	0/969	0.47	0/1300
12	u	0.17	0/722	0.46	0/964
13	y	0.17	0/659	0.39	0/884
14	A	0.16	0/1356	0.44	0/1807
All	All	0.20	0/37246	0.39	1/55586 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
14	A	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	2	14	ALA	CB-CA-C	-6.17	109.45	116.54

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
14	A	91	ILE	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	1	455	0	478	18	0
2	2	425	0	449	29	0
3	3	665	0	714	26	0
4	P	648	0	691	34	0
5	g	23057	0	11600	1085	0
6	k	1105	0	1148	55	0
7	l	1643	0	1710	59	0
8	n	817	0	808	45	0
9	p	979	0	1034	46	0
10	q	877	0	887	66	0
11	t	955	0	1019	36	0
12	u	714	0	737	29	0
13	y	649	0	666	23	0
14	A	1342	0	1404	65	0
All	All	34331	0	23345	1468	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 27.

The worst 5 of 1468 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
5:g:781:A:N6	5:g:801:U:C2	2.16	1.12
5:g:520:A:H62	5:g:529:G:N2	1.51	1.09
5:g:21:G:N2	5:g:914:A:H62	1.49	1.08
5:g:148:G:H1	5:g:174:A:N6	1.58	0.99
5:g:520:A:N6	5:g:529:G:H21	1.63	0.97

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	1	53/75 (71%)	52 (98%)	1 (2%)	0	100	100
2	2	49/71 (69%)	40 (82%)	8 (16%)	1 (2%)	6	31
3	3	83/87 (95%)	81 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
4	P	78/84 (93%)	69 (88%)	9 (12%)	0	100	100
6	k	148/167 (89%)	133 (90%)	14 (10%)	1 (1%)	18	55
7	l	203/206 (98%)	191 (94%)	11 (5%)	1 (0%)	24	62
8	n	98/135 (73%)	87 (89%)	11 (11%)	0	100	100
9	p	127/130 (98%)	123 (97%)	4 (3%)	0	100	100
10	q	115/129 (89%)	108 (94%)	7 (6%)	0	100	100
11	t	121/124 (98%)	108 (89%)	12 (10%)	1 (1%)	16	52
12	u	86/89 (97%)	82 (95%)	3 (4%)	1 (1%)	10	42
13	y	80/82 (98%)	74 (92%)	6 (8%)	0	100	100
14	A	165/180 (92%)	153 (93%)	12 (7%)	0	100	100
All	All	1406/1559 (90%)	1301 (92%)	100 (7%)	5 (0%)	31	66

All (5) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	2	39	LYS
11	t	33	CYS
12	u	45	HIS
6	k	100	GLU
7	l	36	ALA

5.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM

entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	1	48/65 (74%)	48 (100%)	0	100	100
2	2	44/61 (72%)	44 (100%)	0	100	100
3	3	65/66 (98%)	65 (100%)	0	100	100
4	P	74/78 (95%)	74 (100%)	0	100	100
6	k	113/126 (90%)	113 (100%)	0	100	100
7	l	172/173 (99%)	172 (100%)	0	100	100
8	n	87/116 (75%)	87 (100%)	0	100	100
9	p	104/105 (99%)	104 (100%)	0	100	100
10	q	90/99 (91%)	90 (100%)	0	100	100
11	t	103/104 (99%)	103 (100%)	0	100	100
12	u	76/77 (99%)	76 (100%)	0	100	100
13	y	65/65 (100%)	65 (100%)	0	100	100
14	A	146/156 (94%)	146 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	1187/1291 (92%)	1187 (100%)	0	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 13 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
7	l	139	ASN
9	p	117	GLN
14	A	146	ASN
10	q	27	ASN
11	t	28	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Backbone Outliers	Pucker Outliers
5	g	1072/1539 (69%)	425 (39%)	0

5 of 425 RNA backbone outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
5	g	4	U
5	g	5	U
5	g	6	G
5	g	9	G
5	g	14	U

There are no RNA pucker outliers to report.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

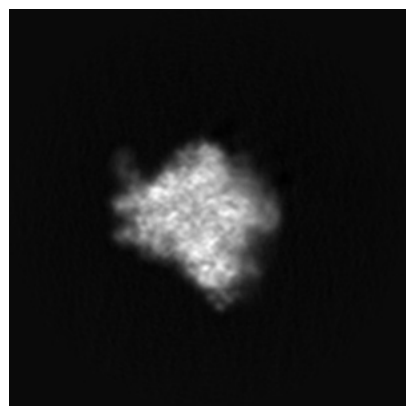
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-36620. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

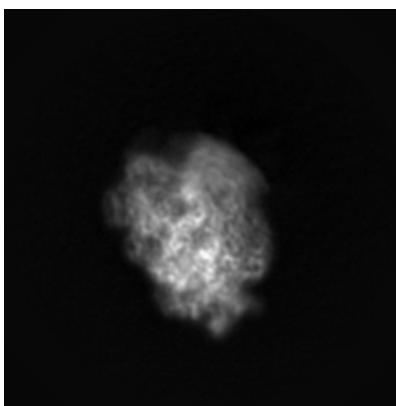
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

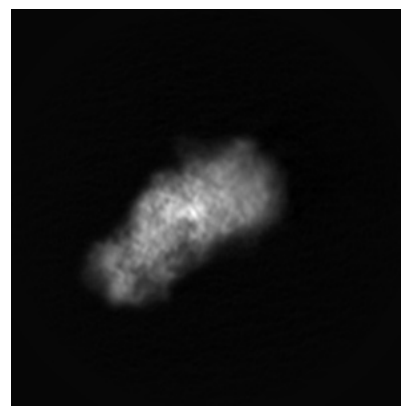
6.1.1 Primary map



X

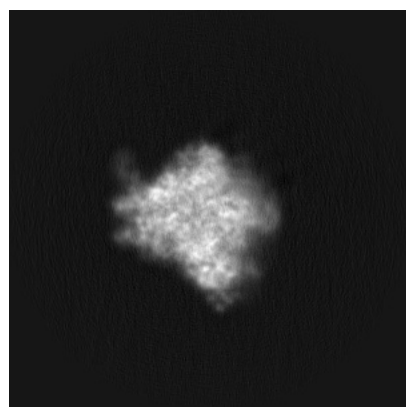


Y

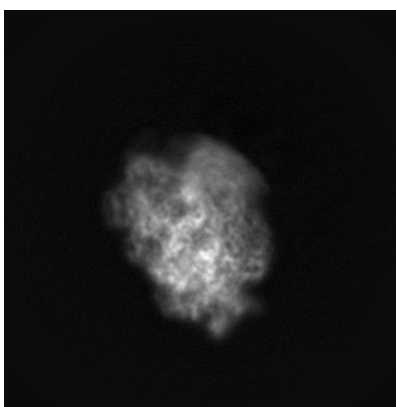


Z

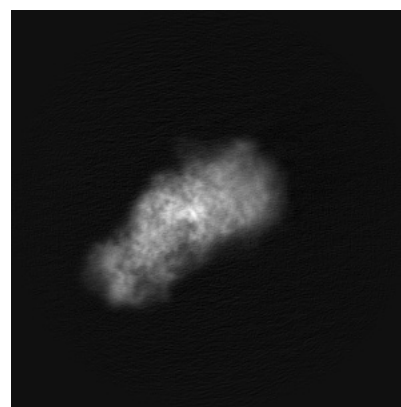
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

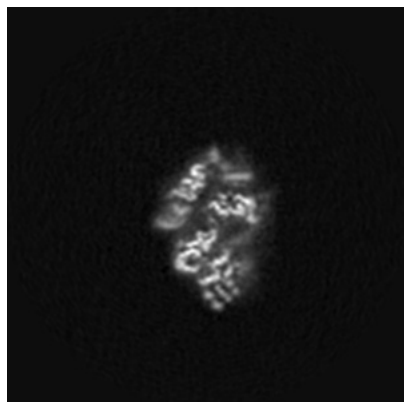


Z

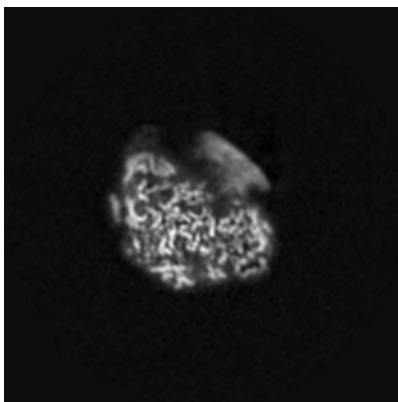
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

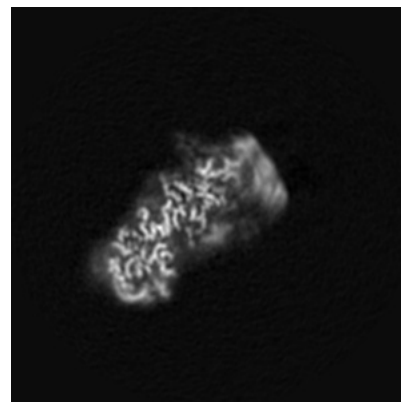
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 160

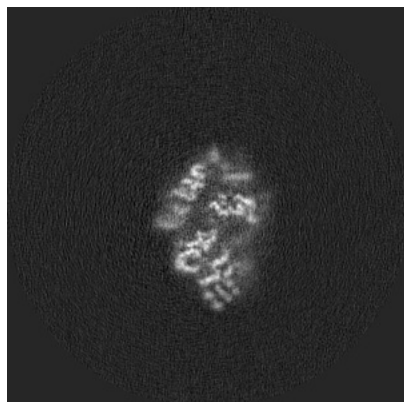


Y Index: 160

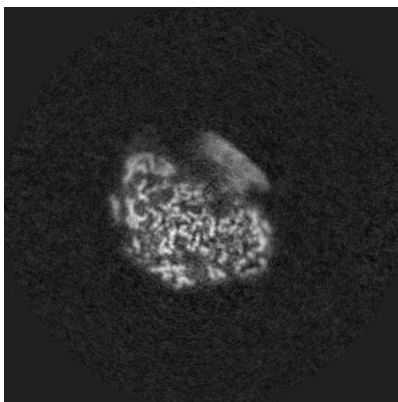


Z Index: 160

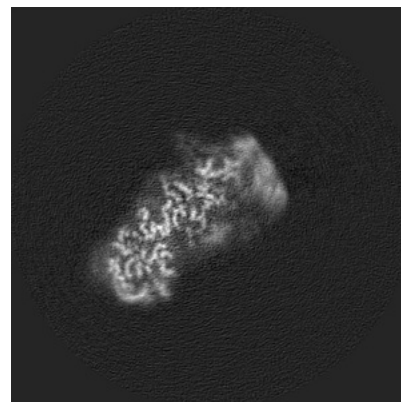
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 160



Y Index: 160

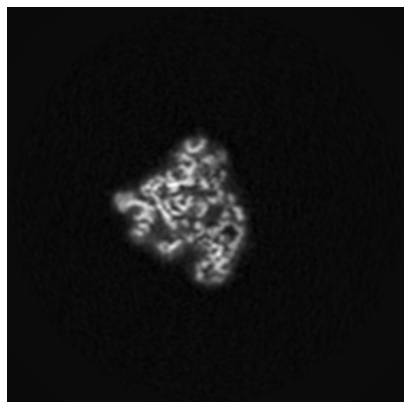


Z Index: 160

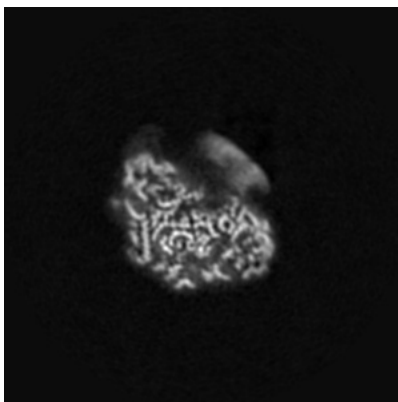
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

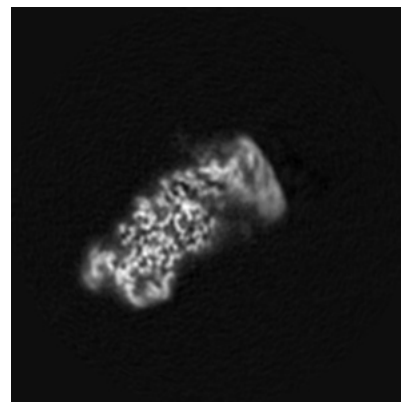
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 121

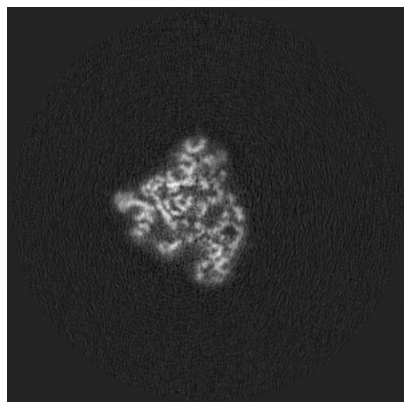


Y Index: 157

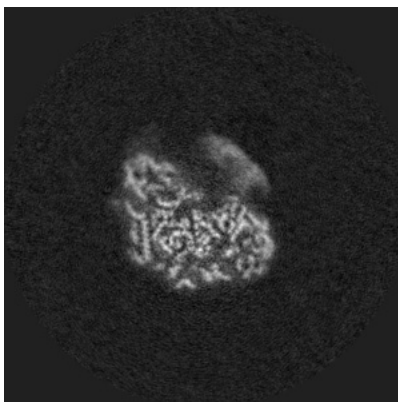


Z Index: 166

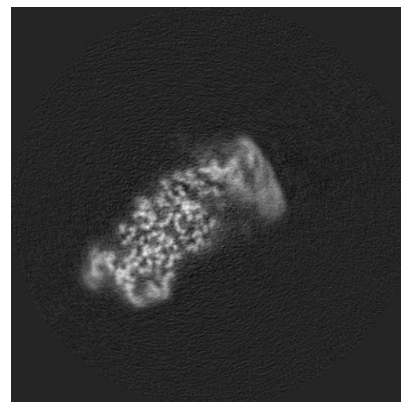
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 121



Y Index: 156

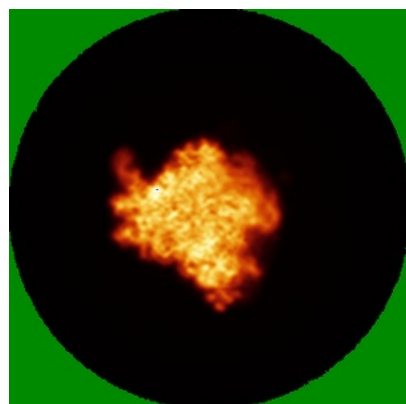


Z Index: 166

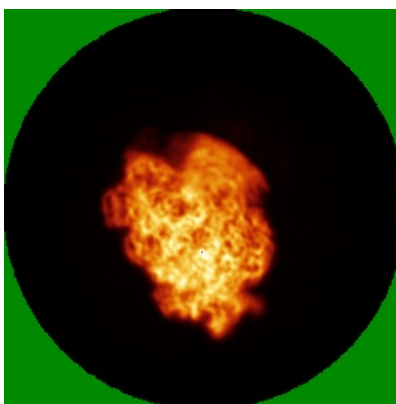
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

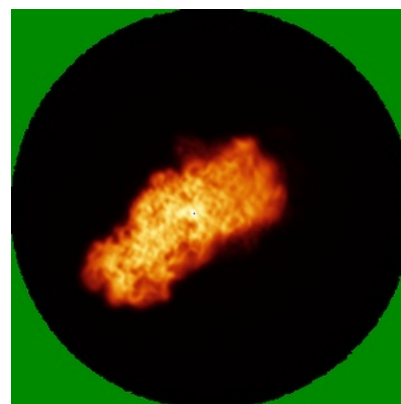
6.4.1 Primary map



X

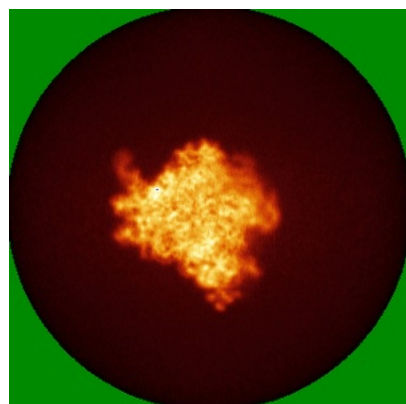


Y

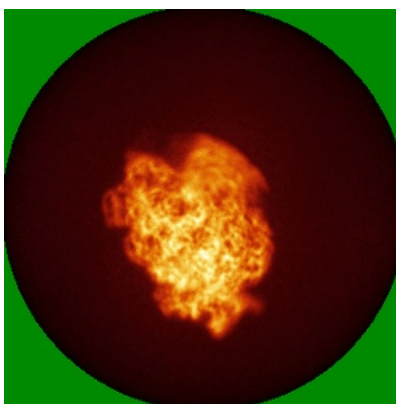


Z

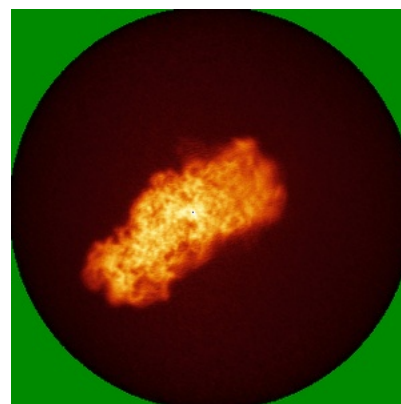
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

This section was not generated.

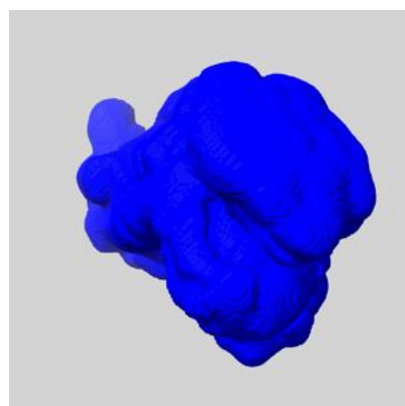
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

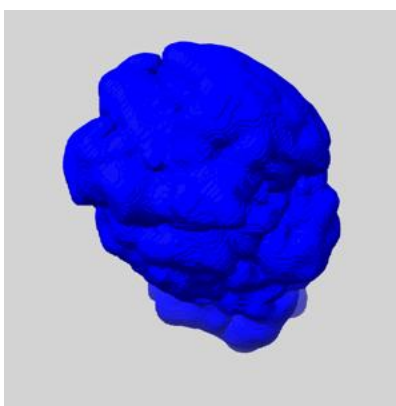
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

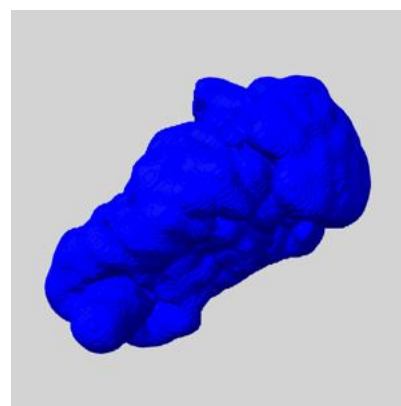
6.6.1 emd_36620_msk_1.map [i](#)



X



Y

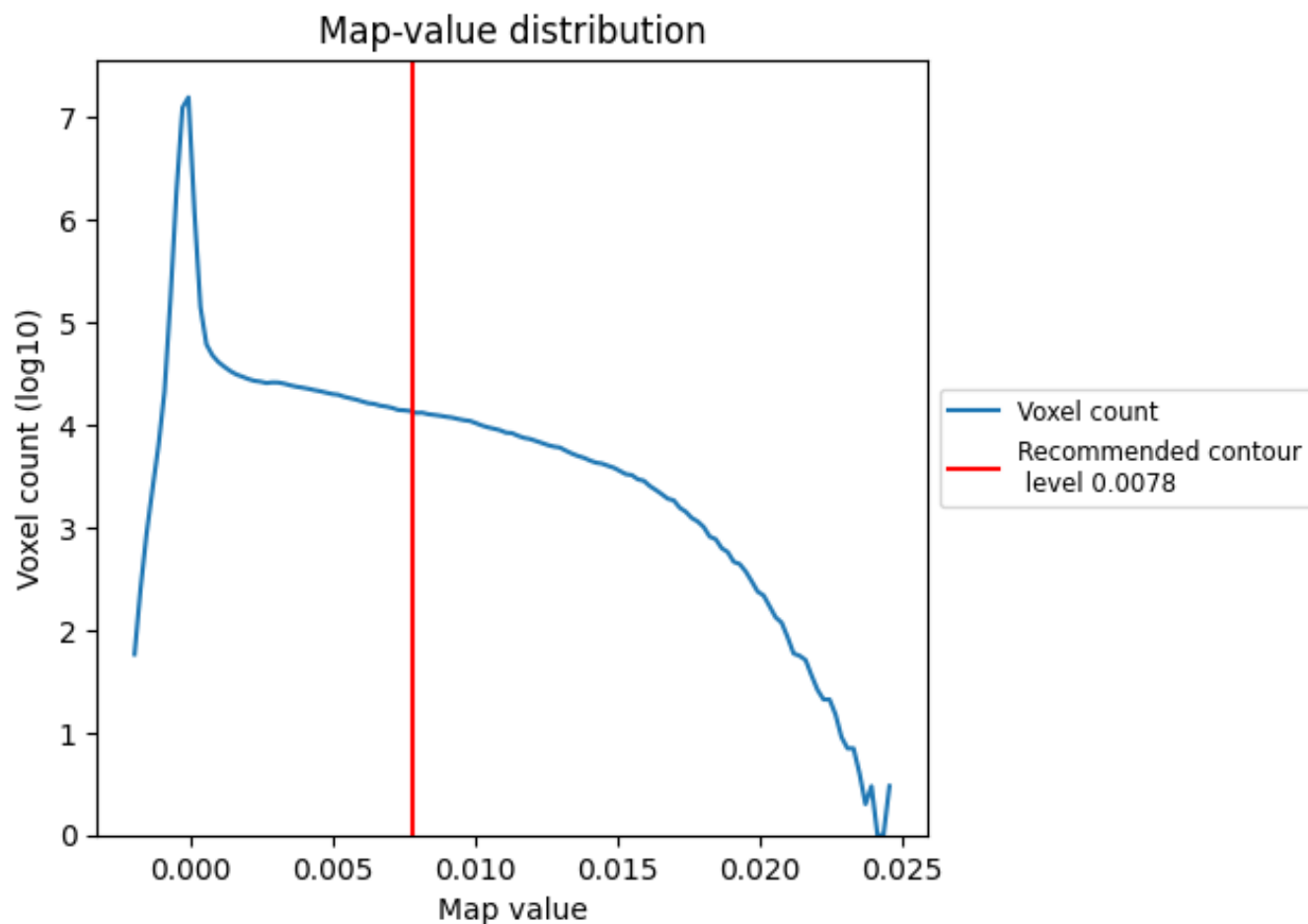


Z

7 Map analysis [i](#)

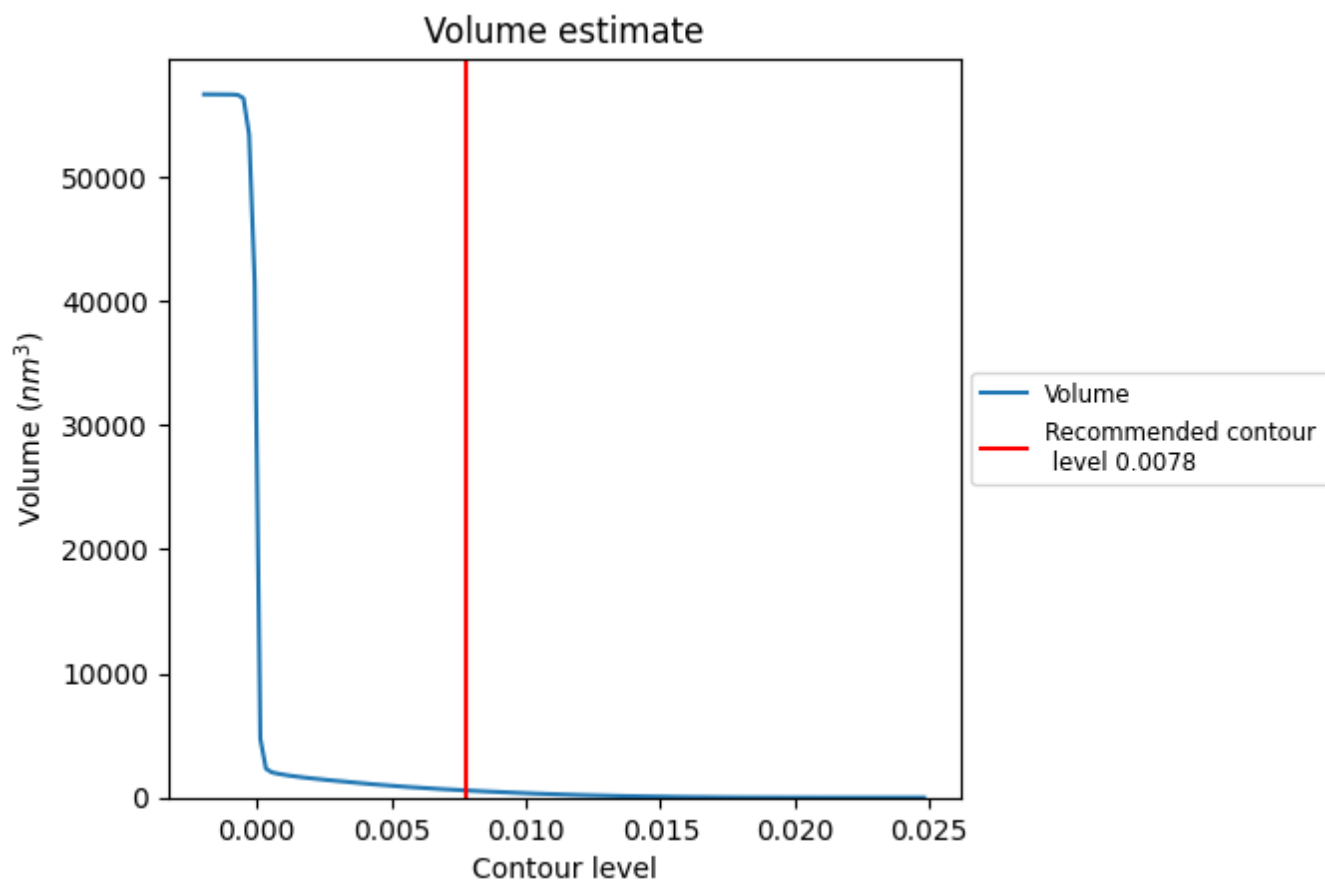
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

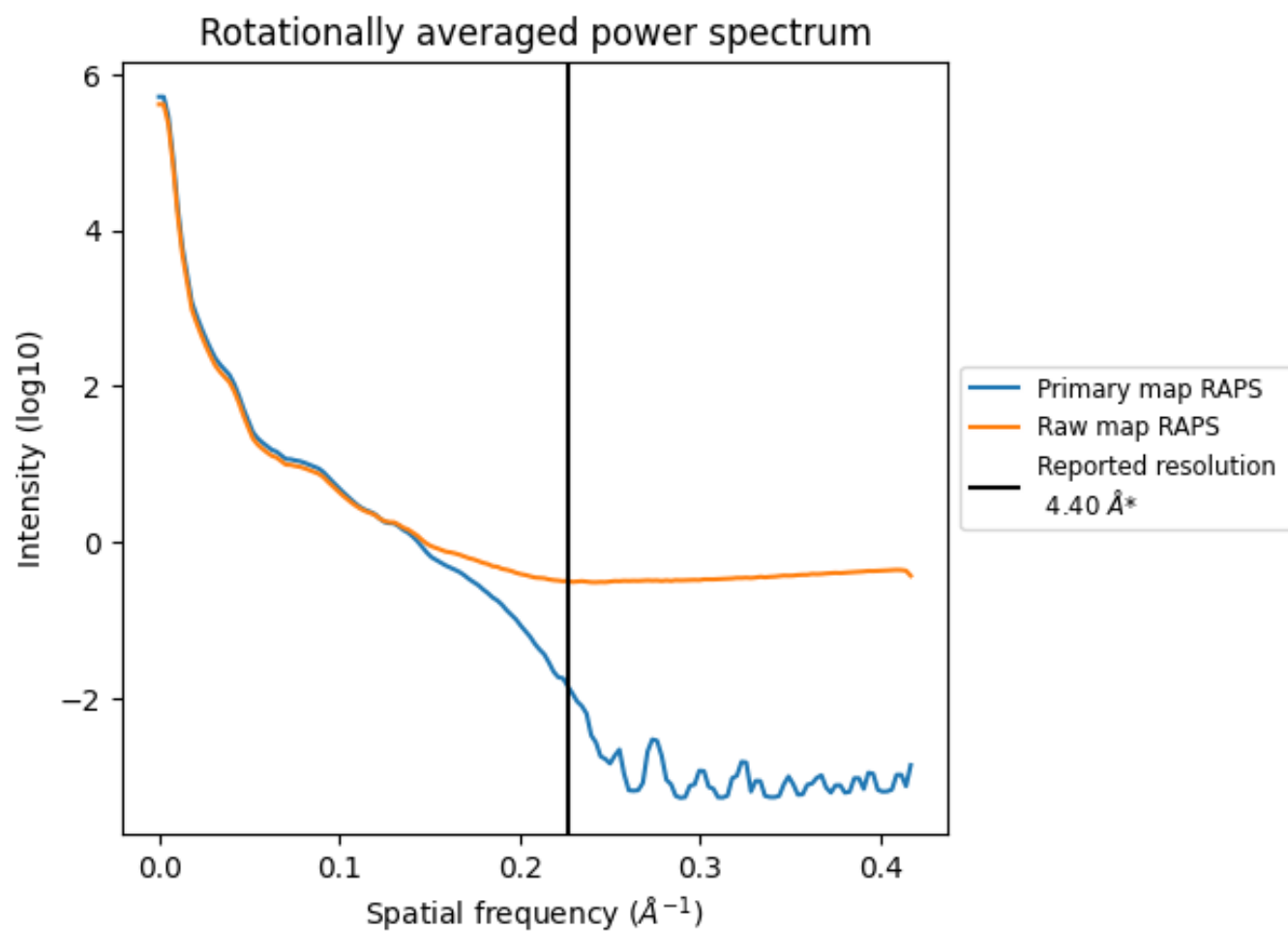
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 571 nm^3 ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 516 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

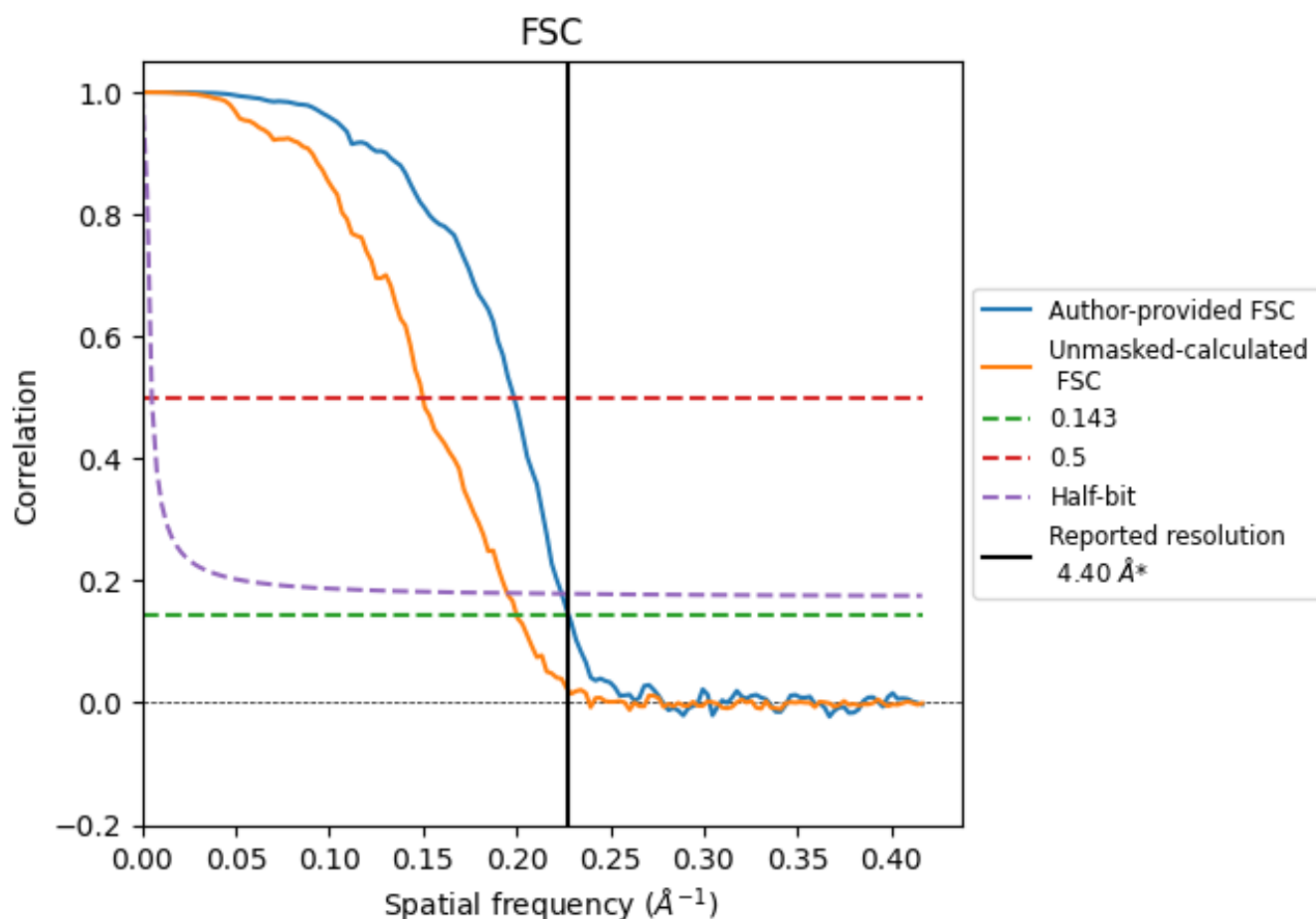


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.227 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.227 Å⁻¹

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

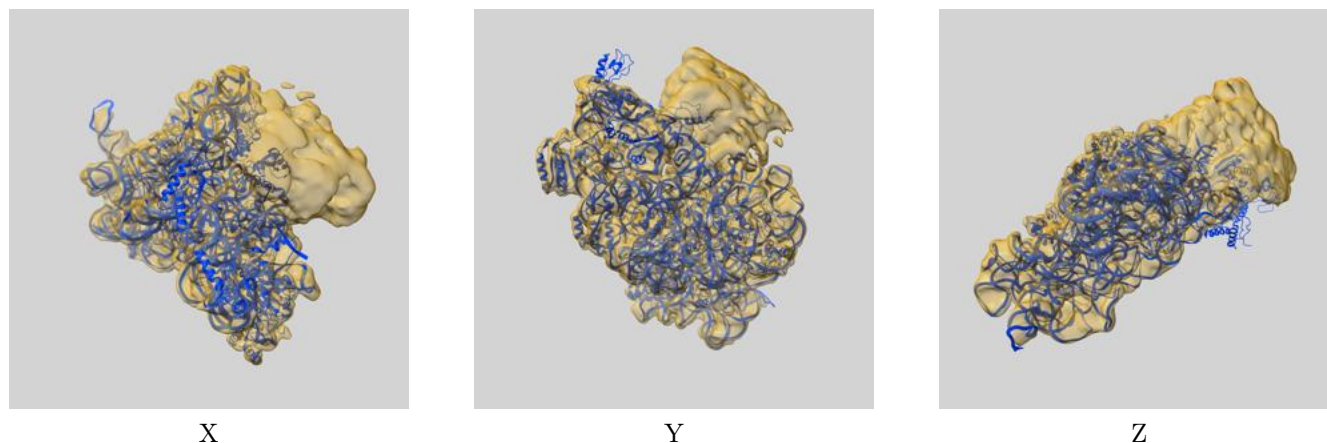
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	4.40	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	4.39	5.04	4.46
Unmasked-calculated*	5.00	6.67	5.13

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 5.00 differs from the reported value 4.4 by more than 10 %

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

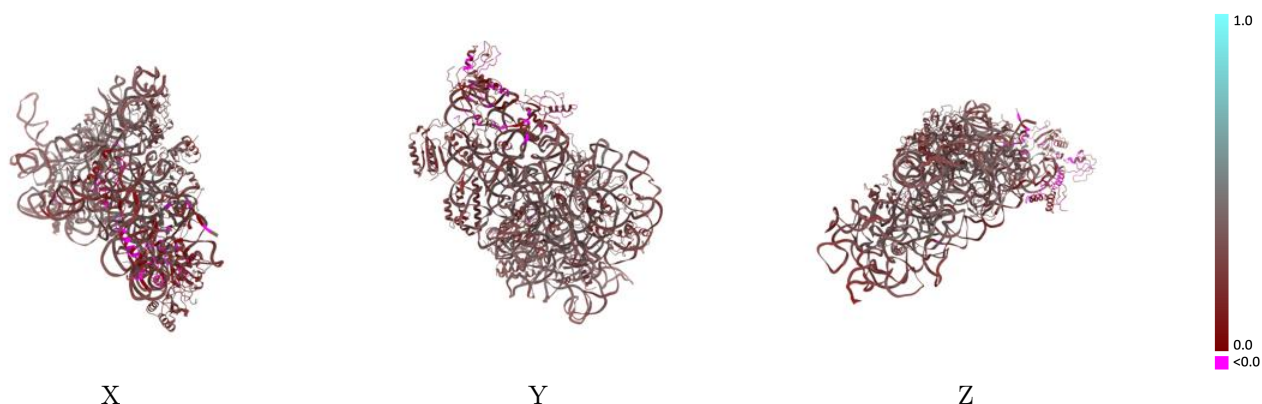
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-36620 and PDB model 8JSH. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [7](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



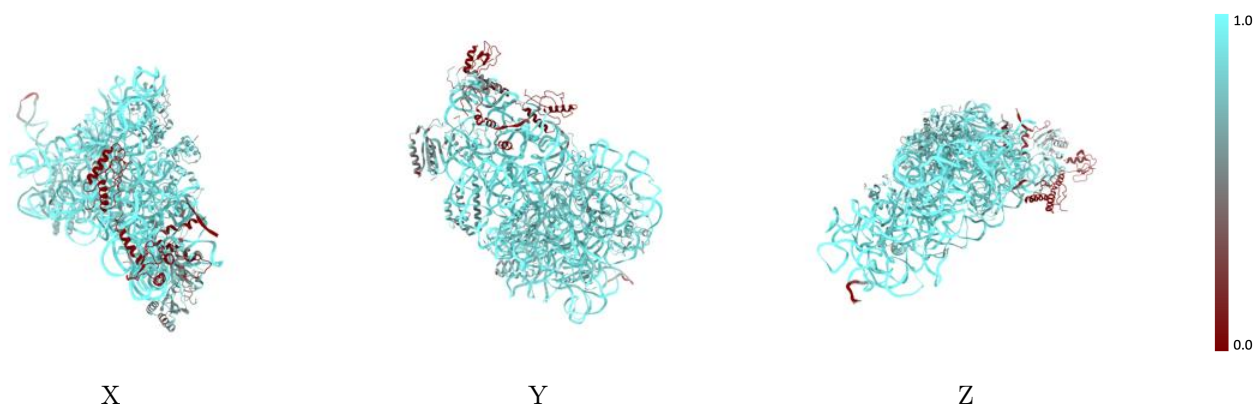
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.0078 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



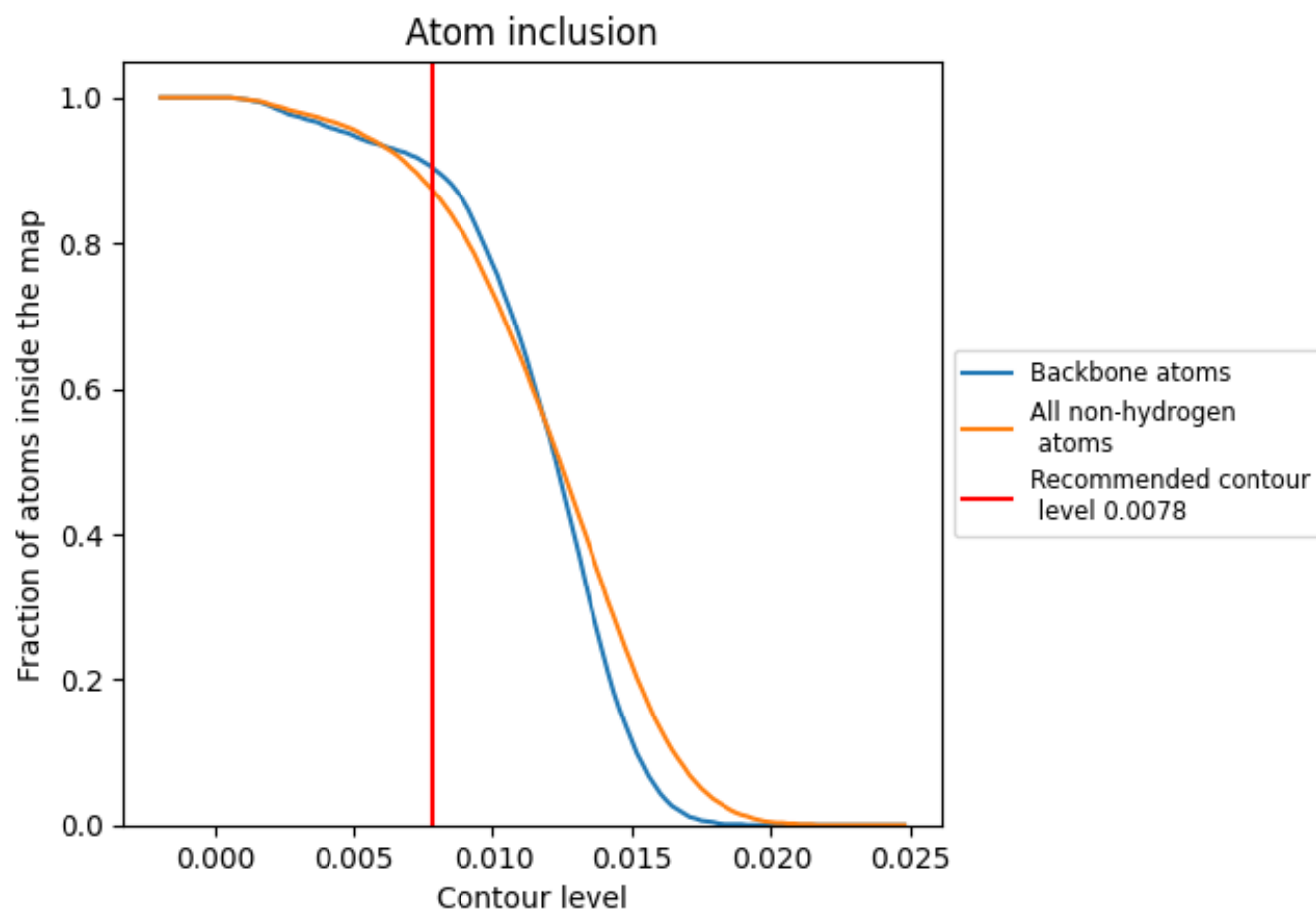
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.0078).

9.4 Atom inclusion ⓘ



At the recommended contour level, 90% of all backbone atoms, 87% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.0078) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.8740	0.2940
1	0.7340	0.2570
2	0.0590	0.1480
3	0.8390	0.2470
A	0.0610	0.0770
P	0.8670	0.3160
g	0.9690	0.3160
k	0.8310	0.3100
l	0.7750	0.2760
n	0.6160	0.2560
p	0.8230	0.2930
q	0.6610	0.2060
t	0.8680	0.3300
u	0.7640	0.2500
y	0.8800	0.3140

1.0

0.0

<0.0