



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 5, 2026 – 06:24 AM UTC

PDB ID : 1JVK / pdb_00001jvk
Title : THREE-DIMENSIONAL STRUCTURE OF AN IMMUNOGLOBULIN
LIGHT CHAIN DIMER ACTING AS A LETHAL AMYLOID PRECURSOR
Authors : Bourne, P.C.; Ramsland, P.A.; Shan, L.; Fan, Z.-C.; DeWitt, C.R.; Shultz,
B.B.; Terzyan, S.S.; Edmundson, A.B.
Deposited on : 2001-08-30
Resolution : 1.94 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4	:	9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

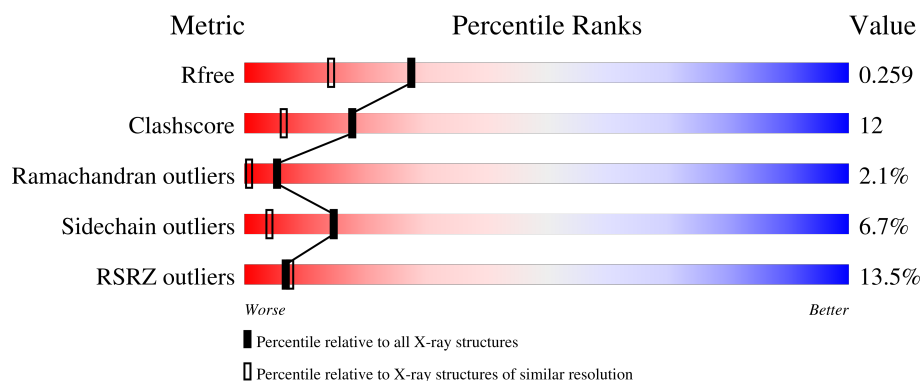
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.94 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	1452 (1.94-1.94)
Clashscore	190562	1494 (1.94-1.94)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	1479 (1.94-1.94)
Sidechain outliers	187428	1479 (1.94-1.94)
RSRZ outliers	180081	1453 (1.94-1.94)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	216	9% 79% 19% .
1	B	216	18% 68% 26% 6%

2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3418 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called IMMUNOGLOBULIN LAMBDA LIGHT CHAIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	216	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1585	989	264	327	5			
1	B	215	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1582	987	263	328	4			

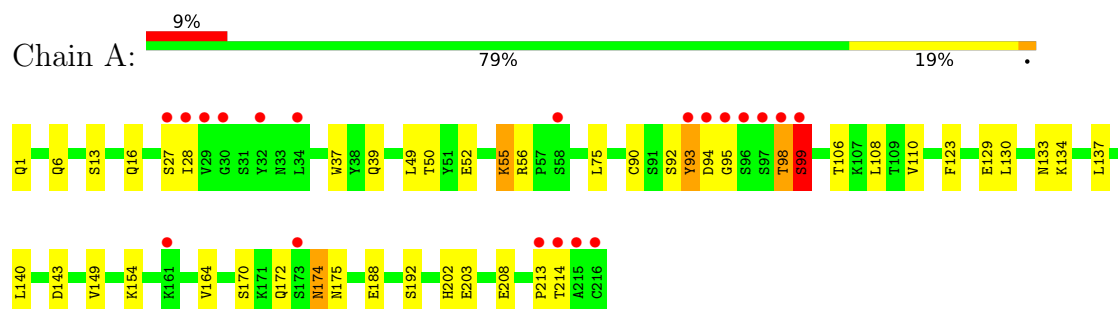
- Molecule 2 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	128	Total	O	0	0
			128	128		
2	B	123	Total	O	0	0
			123	123		

3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: IMMUNOGLOBULIN LAMBDA LIGHT CHAIN



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	48.28Å 83.32Å 112.59Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	19.80 – 1.94 19.80 – 1.94	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	100.0 (19.80-1.94) 98.1 (19.80-1.94)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.04	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.64 (at 1.94Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.0	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.221 , 0.254 0.232 , 0.259	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1717 reflections (5.07%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	30.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.091	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.36 , 38.4	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	3418	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	34.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.40% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PCA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	1.19	1/1614 (0.1%)	1.20	2/2203 (0.1%)
1	B	1.05	1/1611 (0.1%)	1.14	5/2199 (0.2%)
All	All	1.12	2/3225 (0.1%)	1.17	7/4402 (0.2%)

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	110	VAL	CA-CB	-5.39	1.47	1.53
1	B	6	GLN	C-O	-5.16	1.19	1.24

All (7) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	98	THR	N-CA-C	-8.90	99.94	112.13
1	B	157	SER	N-CA-C	-6.27	105.30	114.39
1	B	2	THR	N-CA-CB	5.81	121.38	111.50
1	B	119	SER	N-CA-C	-5.41	101.66	110.20
1	A	143	ASP	CB-CA-C	-5.36	104.12	111.73
1	B	192	SER	N-CA-C	5.17	117.66	111.71
1	B	142	SER	N-CA-C	5.10	116.74	109.14

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within

the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1585	0	1537	33	0
1	B	1582	0	1541	47	0
2	A	128	0	0	3	0
2	B	123	0	0	7	0
All	All	3418	0	3078	77	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

All (77) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:95:GLY:O	1:A:99:SER:HA	1.47	1.12
1:B:81:GLN:NE2	1:B:83:GLU:OE1	1.83	1.11
1:A:56:ARG:NH1	2:A:310:HOH:O	1.89	1.03
1:A:94:ASP:OD1	2:A:226:HOH:O	1.86	0.92
1:B:203:GLU:OE1	2:B:283:HOH:O	1.97	0.83
1:A:92:SER:O	1:A:93:TYR:HB2	1.84	0.77
1:B:201:THR:OG1	1:B:206:THR:OG1	2.05	0.75
1:B:156:ASP:OD1	1:B:193:HIS:CD2	2.40	0.74
1:B:156:ASP:OD1	1:B:193:HIS:HD2	1.73	0.71
1:B:135:ALA:HB3	1:B:185:LEU:HD12	1.73	0.69
1:A:27:SER:HA	1:A:93:TYR:CE1	2.28	0.69
1:B:85:GLU:OE2	2:B:243:HOH:O	2.10	0.68
1:B:83:GLU:CD	1:B:83:GLU:H	2.02	0.66
1:B:106:THR:HG22	1:B:108:LEU:CD2	2.26	0.66
1:B:135:ALA:HB3	1:B:185:LEU:CD1	2.26	0.65
1:A:27:SER:HA	1:A:93:TYR:HE1	1.62	0.65
1:A:123:PHE:CZ	1:B:138:VAL:HG23	2.31	0.65
1:A:49:LEU:O	1:A:50:THR:CG2	2.46	0.64
1:B:1:PCA:O	2:B:278:HOH:O	2.15	0.63
1:A:93:TYR:HB3	1:A:99:SER:O	1.99	0.62
1:B:185:LEU:HB2	1:B:189:GLN:HE21	1.66	0.61
1:A:175:ASN:ND2	2:A:299:HOH:O	2.34	0.60
1:A:55:LYS:N	1:A:55:LYS:HD3	2.17	0.60
1:B:10:VAL:HG22	1:B:108:LEU:HD22	1.84	0.59
1:A:164:VAL:O	1:A:164:VAL:HG13	2.01	0.59
1:B:10:VAL:HG23	1:B:108:LEU:HD13	1.85	0.59
1:B:13:SER:O	1:B:16:GLN:HG2	2.04	0.57
1:B:154:LYS:HB2	1:B:197:SER:HB2	1.87	0.57

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:137:LEU:HD12	1:A:137:LEU:N	2.20	0.57
1:A:49:LEU:O	1:A:50:THR:HG23	2.05	0.56
1:B:106:THR:HG22	1:B:108:LEU:HD22	1.87	0.56
1:A:92:SER:O	1:A:93:TYR:CB	2.54	0.55
1:B:174:ASN:ND2	1:B:176:LYS:H	2.05	0.55
1:B:170:SER:OG	1:B:172:GLN:NE2	2.41	0.53
1:A:55:LYS:N	1:A:55:LYS:CD	2.70	0.53
1:B:199:GLN:HG2	1:B:208:GLU:HG3	1.90	0.53
1:A:13:SER:H	1:A:16:GLN:NE2	2.07	0.52
1:B:214:THR:O	1:B:215:ALA:CB	2.59	0.50
1:B:8:ALA:O	1:B:107:LYS:HG2	2.12	0.50
1:A:129:GLU:OE2	1:A:134:LYS:NZ	2.34	0.50
1:A:170:SER:OG	1:A:172:GLN:OE1	2.19	0.49
1:B:10:VAL:CG2	1:B:108:LEU:HD13	2.41	0.49
1:A:123:PHE:CZ	1:B:138:VAL:CG2	2.94	0.49
1:B:88:TYR:CD1	1:B:108:LEU:HG	2.47	0.49
1:B:155:ALA:O	1:B:195:SER:O	2.30	0.48
1:A:49:LEU:C	1:A:50:THR:HG23	2.38	0.48
1:A:6:GLN:NE2	1:A:106:THR:OG1	2.45	0.48
1:B:187:PRO:O	1:B:191:LYS:HG2	2.13	0.48
1:B:129:GLU:CD	1:B:136:THR:H	2.22	0.47
1:B:185:LEU:HD12	1:B:185:LEU:C	2.39	0.47
1:B:169:PRO:HD3	2:B:279:HOH:O	2.15	0.46
1:A:52:GLU:CG	1:B:98:THR:OG1	2.63	0.46
1:B:212:ALA:O	1:B:213:PRO:C	2.58	0.46
1:B:28:ILE:O	2:B:285:HOH:O	2.20	0.46
1:B:174:ASN:HD22	1:B:174:ASN:C	2.23	0.46
1:A:188:GLU:O	1:A:192:SER:HB3	2.15	0.45
1:B:125:PRO:HG3	1:B:137:LEU:HD12	1.99	0.45
1:B:174:ASN:ND2	1:B:174:ASN:C	2.75	0.45
1:B:135:ALA:O	1:B:185:LEU:CD1	2.65	0.44
1:B:164:VAL:HG12	1:B:183:LEU:HD13	2.00	0.44
1:B:39:GLN:HB2	1:B:49:LEU:HD11	2.00	0.44
1:A:129:GLU:HG2	1:A:134:LYS:HG3	1.99	0.43
1:B:3:ALA:HB1	1:B:28:ILE:HD11	2.01	0.43
1:B:185:LEU:HD11	1:B:190:TRP:HB2	2.01	0.43
1:A:108:LEU:C	1:A:108:LEU:HD23	2.44	0.43
1:B:101:VAL:HG12	2:B:217:HOH:O	2.17	0.43
1:B:212:ALA:O	1:B:213:PRO:O	2.36	0.43
1:A:37:TRP:CD2	1:A:75:LEU:HB2	2.54	0.42
1:A:39:GLN:HB2	1:A:49:LEU:HD11	2.01	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:167:THR:HG21	2:B:263:HOH:O	2.20	0.42
1:A:98:THR:C	1:A:99:SER:OG	2.64	0.41
1:A:202:HIS:O	1:A:203:GLU:C	2.64	0.41
1:A:37:TRP:CZ3	1:A:90:CYS:HB3	2.55	0.41
1:A:154:LYS:NZ	1:A:208:GLU:OE2	2.46	0.41
1:B:135:ALA:O	1:B:185:LEU:HD12	2.20	0.40
1:A:174:ASN:C	1:A:174:ASN:HD22	2.29	0.40
1:B:9:SER:CB	1:B:107:LYS:HG3	2.51	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	214/216 (99%)	201 (94%)	9 (4%)	4 (2%)	6	1
1	B	213/216 (99%)	200 (94%)	8 (4%)	5 (2%)	5	0
All	All	427/432 (99%)	401 (94%)	17 (4%)	9 (2%)	5	1

All (9) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	93	TYR
1	A	99	SER
1	B	58	SER
1	A	28	ILE
1	B	155	ALA
1	B	59	GLY
1	B	213	PRO
1	B	2	THR
1	A	213	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	178/180 (99%)	170 (96%)	8 (4%)	24	11
1	B	179/180 (99%)	163 (91%)	16 (9%)	9	2
All	All	357/360 (99%)	333 (93%)	24 (7%)	15	4

All (24) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	55	LYS
1	A	99	SER
1	A	130	LEU
1	A	133	ASN
1	A	140	LEU
1	A	149	VAL
1	A	174	ASN
1	A	214	THR
1	B	6	GLN
1	B	68	LYS
1	B	69	SER
1	B	80	LEU
1	B	108	LEU
1	B	119	SER
1	B	156	ASP
1	B	157	SER
1	B	158	SER
1	B	174	ASN
1	B	188	GLU
1	B	194	ARG
1	B	195	SER
1	B	206	THR
1	B	207	VAL
1	B	209	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (13) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	16	GLN
1	A	81	GLN
1	A	113	GLN
1	A	133	ASN
1	A	174	ASN
1	A	175	ASN
1	A	193	HIS
1	B	172	GLN
1	B	174	ASN
1	B	189	GLN
1	B	193	HIS
1	B	199	GLN
1	B	202	HIS

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$
1	PCA	B	1	1	7,8,9	3.39	2 (28%)	9,10,12	2.40	2 (22%)
1	PCA	A	1	1	7,8,9	2.22	2 (28%)	9,10,12	3.10	6 (66%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	PCA	B	1	1	-	0/0/11/13	0/1/1/1
1	PCA	A	1	1	-	0/0/11/13	0/1/1/1

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	B	1	PCA	CA-N	6.57	1.54	1.46
1	B	1	PCA	CD-N	5.91	1.49	1.34
1	A	1	PCA	CD-N	4.72	1.46	1.34
1	A	1	PCA	CA-N	3.23	1.50	1.46

All (8) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	1	PCA	CB-CA-C	-6.10	104.28	112.66
1	B	1	PCA	CA-N-CD	-4.84	97.02	113.58
1	A	1	PCA	OE-CD-CG	-4.28	119.07	126.72
1	B	1	PCA	OE-CD-CG	-3.95	119.67	126.72
1	A	1	PCA	CA-N-CD	-3.38	102.00	113.58
1	A	1	PCA	CB-CA-N	2.73	110.75	103.24
1	A	1	PCA	CG-CD-N	2.30	114.02	108.39
1	A	1	PCA	CB-CG-CD	-2.14	101.09	104.41

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	B	1	PCA	1	0

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	215/216 (99%)	0.66	20 (9%) 14 16	18, 28, 56, 68	0
1	B	214/216 (99%)	0.89	38 (17%) 4 4	17, 35, 59, 69	4 (1%)
All	All	429/432 (99%)	0.77	58 (13%) 7 7	17, 30, 58, 69	4 (0%)

All (58) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	98	THR	9.2
1	A	95	GLY	8.0
1	A	29	VAL	7.6
1	B	155	ALA	7.6
1	A	28	ILE	7.0
1	A	216	CYS	6.7
1	B	215	ALA	6.5
1	A	93	TYR	5.6
1	A	96	SER	5.4
1	A	94	ASP	5.0
1	B	185	LEU	4.5
1	B	58	SER	4.4
1	B	205	SER	4.4
1	B	186	THR	4.2
1	A	97	SER	4.0
1	B	108	LEU	4.0
1	A	27	SER	3.9
1	B	135	ALA	3.7
1	A	213	PRO	3.7
1	B	158	SER	3.6
1	B	160	VAL	3.6
1	A	215	ALA	3.6
1	B	187	PRO	3.3
1	A	99	SER	3.3

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	154	LYS	3.3
1	B	201	THR	3.2
1	A	32	TYR	3.1
1	B	22	CYS	3.1
1	B	32	TYR	3.1
1	B	202	HIS	3.0
1	B	192	SER	3.0
1	A	34	LEU	2.9
1	B	214	THR	2.9
1	A	30	GLY	2.9
1	B	151	VAL	2.8
1	A	214	THR	2.7
1	B	137	LEU	2.7
1	B	164	VAL	2.7
1	B	211	VAL	2.7
1	B	182	TYR	2.6
1	B	207	VAL	2.6
1	B	150	THR	2.6
1	B	159	PRO	2.6
1	B	161	LYS	2.6
1	B	152	ALA	2.4
1	B	188	GLU	2.4
1	B	156	ASP	2.3
1	B	196	TYR	2.3
1	A	173	SER	2.3
1	B	43	GLY	2.2
1	A	161	LYS	2.2
1	A	58	SER	2.2
1	B	107	LYS	2.2
1	B	206	THR	2.2
1	B	13	SER	2.1
1	B	144	PHE	2.1
1	B	59	GLY	2.1
1	B	204	GLY	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors($\text{\AA}^2$)	Q<0.9
1	PCA	B	1	8/9	0.65	0.23	42,46,46,47	0
1	PCA	A	1	8/9	0.90	0.10	29,33,35,35	0

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.