



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 15, 2026 – 11:06 AM UTC

PDB ID : 4JVD / pdb_00004jvd
Title : Crystal structure of PqsR coinducer binding domain of Pseudomonas aeruginosa with ligand NHQ
Authors : Ilangovan, A.; Emsley, J.; Williams, P.
Deposited on : 2013-03-25
Resolution : 2.95 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Buster-report	:	wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4	:	9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

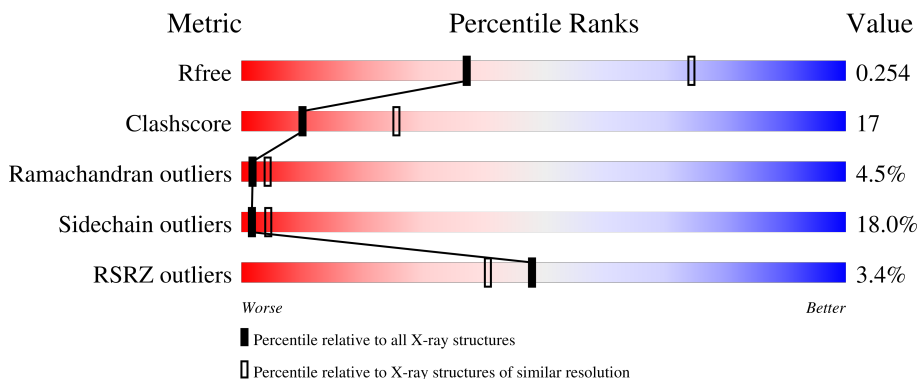
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.95 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	1130 (2.98-2.94)
Clashscore	190562	1157 (2.98-2.94)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	1101 (2.98-2.94)
Sidechain outliers	187428	1101 (2.98-2.94)
RSRZ outliers	180081	1130 (2.98-2.94)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	216	3% 49% 33% 10% 6%

2 Entry composition [i](#)

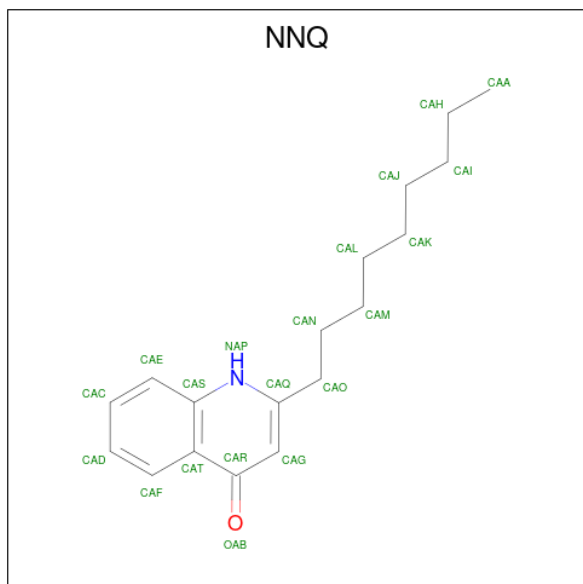
There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1616 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Transcriptional regulator MvfR.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	203	1596	1011	277	302	6	0	0	0

- Molecule 2 is 2-nonylquinolin-4(1H)-one (CCD ID: NNQ) (formula: C₁₈H₂₅NO).

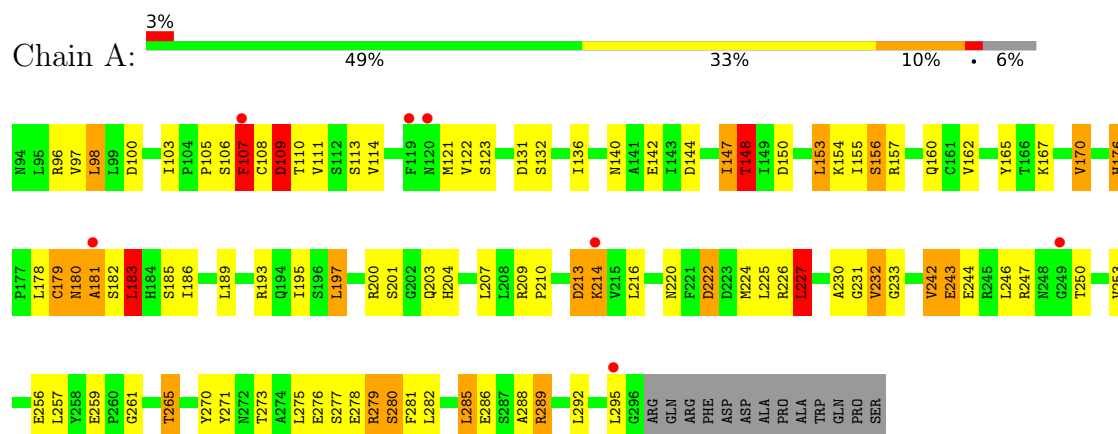


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O		
2	A	1	20	18	1	1	0	0

3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Transcriptional regulator MvfR



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 65 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	120.35Å 120.35Å 115.36Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	29.11 – 2.95 29.11 – 2.95	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.4 (29.11-2.95) 99.4 (29.11-2.95)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.06	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.07	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	3.50 (at 2.95Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.7.0029	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.203 , 0.256 0.208 , 0.254	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	522 reflections (4.81%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	93.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.068	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.27 , 52.9	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.48$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	1616	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	100.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.26% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NNQ

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	1.00	2/1626 (0.1%)	1.27	11/2206 (0.5%)

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	222	ASP	CA-C	-5.19	1.46	1.52
1	A	107	PHE	N-CA	5.07	1.52	1.46

All (11) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	170	VAL	CB-CA-C	6.71	119.08	110.96
1	A	253	VAL	CB-CA-C	-6.55	102.04	111.34
1	A	222	ASP	N-CA-C	-6.46	104.09	112.68
1	A	227	LEU	N-CA-C	6.30	117.81	111.07
1	A	180	ASN	CB-CA-C	-6.12	108.90	117.23
1	A	122	VAL	CB-CA-C	-5.86	103.76	110.73
1	A	109	ASP	N-CA-C	-5.65	105.50	112.90
1	A	176	HIS	N-CA-C	-5.56	102.77	109.83
1	A	148	THR	CB-CA-C	-5.42	98.14	110.07
1	A	256	GLU	N-CA-C	5.30	117.14	111.36
1	A	144	ASP	N-CA-C	-5.16	107.36	113.97

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1596	0	1590	56	1
2	A	20	0	25	1	0
All	All	1616	0	1615	56	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 17.

All (56) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:288:ALA:O	1:A:292:LEU:HG	1.59	1.02
1:A:110:THR:HG21	1:A:292:LEU:HD21	1.49	0.94
1:A:181:ALA:O	1:A:185:SER:OG	1.96	0.84
1:A:100:ASP:OD1	1:A:148:THR:HG22	1.84	0.77
1:A:106:SER:C	1:A:108:CYS:H	1.92	0.74
1:A:110:THR:O	1:A:114:VAL:HG23	1.93	0.68
1:A:98:LEU:C	1:A:98:LEU:HD23	2.18	0.68
1:A:106:SER:O	1:A:108:CYS:N	2.27	0.68
1:A:220:ASN:HD21	1:A:222:ASP:HB2	1.65	0.62
1:A:96:ARG:HD3	1:A:142:GLU:O	2.00	0.60
1:A:295:LEU:H	1:A:295:LEU:HD23	1.66	0.60
1:A:105:PRO:HA	1:A:108:CYS:SG	2.41	0.59
1:A:157:ARG:O	1:A:273:THR:HG23	2.04	0.57
1:A:167:LYS:HD3	1:A:261:GLY:O	2.05	0.56
1:A:242:VAL:HG13	1:A:246:LEU:HD13	1.88	0.55
1:A:278:GLU:O	1:A:279:ARG:C	2.49	0.55
1:A:195:ILE:O	1:A:224:MET:HE2	2.07	0.55
1:A:160:GLN:HG3	1:A:270:TYR:CE1	2.43	0.54
1:A:107:PHE:CZ	1:A:292:LEU:HB3	2.43	0.54
1:A:100:ASP:OD1	1:A:148:THR:CG2	2.54	0.53
1:A:109:ASP:OD2	1:A:109:ASP:N	2.41	0.53
1:A:178:LEU:HD13	1:A:189:LEU:HD23	1.90	0.53
1:A:155:ILE:O	1:A:156:SER:C	2.52	0.52
1:A:265:THR:HG21	2:A:401:NNQ:H24	1.92	0.52
1:A:289:ARG:O	1:A:292:LEU:N	2.41	0.51

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:271:TYR:O	1:A:271:TYR:CD2	2.66	0.49
1:A:132:SER:OG	1:A:148:THR:HG21	2.12	0.49
1:A:107:PHE:CD1	1:A:292:LEU:HD13	2.48	0.49
1:A:275:LEU:HA	1:A:278:GLU:HG3	1.93	0.48
1:A:100:ASP:OD2	1:A:100:ASP:C	2.55	0.48
1:A:242:VAL:CG1	1:A:246:LEU:HD13	2.43	0.48
1:A:278:GLU:O	1:A:280:SER:N	2.47	0.48
1:A:230:ALA:N	1:A:231:GLY:HA2	2.28	0.47
1:A:281:PHE:CE1	1:A:285:LEU:HD22	2.49	0.47
1:A:209:ARG:HG3	1:A:210:PRO:HD2	1.95	0.47
1:A:213:ASP:OD1	1:A:213:ASP:N	2.48	0.47
1:A:243:GLU:OE2	1:A:247:ARG:NH1	2.48	0.46
1:A:213:ASP:HA	1:A:214:LYS:C	2.40	0.46
1:A:176:HIS:O	1:A:179:CYS:HB2	2.15	0.46
1:A:183:LEU:HD23	1:A:257:LEU:HB3	1.98	0.46
1:A:132:SER:CB	1:A:148:THR:HG21	2.46	0.46
1:A:107:PHE:CE1	1:A:292:LEU:HB3	2.51	0.45
1:A:276:GLU:O	1:A:277:SER:C	2.58	0.45
1:A:153:LEU:HD23	1:A:153:LEU:H	1.80	0.45
1:A:201:SER:C	1:A:203:GLN:H	2.25	0.44
1:A:197:LEU:O	1:A:204:HIS:HE1	2.01	0.43
1:A:148:THR:HB	1:A:150:ASP:H	1.83	0.43
1:A:105:PRO:O	1:A:109:ASP:OD2	2.38	0.42
1:A:186:ILE:HD12	1:A:257:LEU:HB2	2.01	0.42
1:A:225:LEU:O	1:A:226:ARG:C	2.62	0.42
1:A:227:LEU:HD12	1:A:227:LEU:HA	1.78	0.42
1:A:131:ASP:O	1:A:132:SER:C	2.61	0.41
1:A:193:ARG:HD2	1:A:232:VAL:CG2	2.50	0.41
1:A:182:SER:HB3	1:A:257:LEU:HD12	2.02	0.41
1:A:103:ILE:HG13	1:A:147:ILE:HG22	2.03	0.41
1:A:180:ASN:O	1:A:181:ALA:C	2.64	0.40

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:165:TYR:OH	1:A:259:GLU:OE2[9_555]	2.19	0.01

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	201/216 (93%)	173 (86%)	19 (10%)	9 (4%)	2 4

All (9) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	154	LYS
1	A	156	SER
1	A	183	LEU
1	A	107	PHE
1	A	181	ALA
1	A	233	GLY
1	A	244	GLU
1	A	279	ARG
1	A	111	VAL

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	178/189 (94%)	146 (82%)	32 (18%)	2 4

All (32) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	97	VAL
1	A	98	LEU

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	109	ASP
1	A	113	SER
1	A	121	MET
1	A	123	SER
1	A	136	ILE
1	A	140	ASN
1	A	147	ILE
1	A	148	THR
1	A	153	LEU
1	A	162	VAL
1	A	170	VAL
1	A	179	CYS
1	A	183	LEU
1	A	197	LEU
1	A	200	ARG
1	A	207	LEU
1	A	213	ASP
1	A	214	LYS
1	A	216	LEU
1	A	227	LEU
1	A	232	VAL
1	A	242	VAL
1	A	243	GLU
1	A	250	THR
1	A	265	THR
1	A	280	SER
1	A	282	LEU
1	A	285	LEU
1	A	286	GLU
1	A	289	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	140	ASN
1	A	180	ASN
1	A	191	ASN
1	A	204	HIS
1	A	220	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	NNQ	A	401	-	21,21,21	1.63	3 (14%)	25,26,26	1.73	5 (20%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NNQ	A	401	-	-	4/9/9/9	0/2/2/2

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	401	NNQ	CAT-CAR	-6.41	1.37	1.48
2	A	401	NNQ	CAG-CAR	-2.28	1.39	1.44
2	A	401	NNQ	CAT-CAS	-2.08	1.37	1.41

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	401	NNQ	CAO-CAQ-CAG	-3.74	119.36	125.16
2	A	401	NNQ	CAN-CAO-CAQ	-3.67	106.17	114.09
2	A	401	NNQ	CAO-CAQ-NAP	3.31	120.20	115.57
2	A	401	NNQ	CAF-CAT-CAS	2.85	122.02	118.81
2	A	401	NNQ	OAB-CAR-CAT	-2.78	117.47	121.38

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

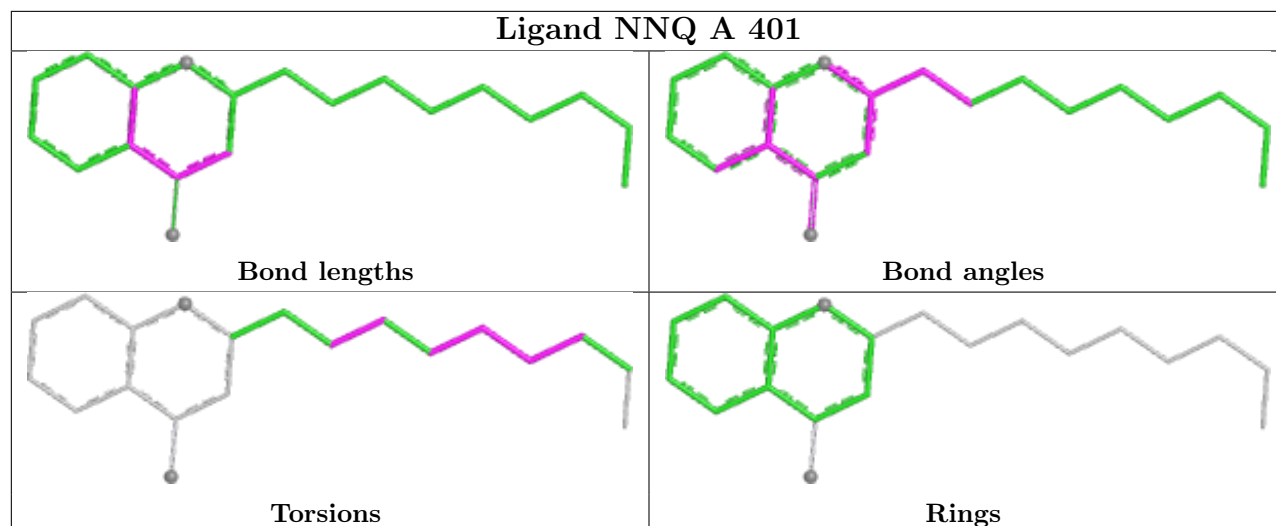
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	401	NNQ	CAI-CAJ-CAK-CAL
2	A	401	NNQ	CAH-CAI-CAJ-CAK
2	A	401	NNQ	CAL-CAM-CAN-CAO
2	A	401	NNQ	CAJ-CAK-CAL-CAM

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	401	NNQ	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	203/216 (93%)	0.06	7 (3%) 48 41	67, 95, 140, 165	0

All (7) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	107	PHE	3.8
1	A	181	ALA	2.9
1	A	214	LYS	2.9
1	A	120	ASN	2.9
1	A	119	PHE	2.7
1	A	295	LEU	2.5
1	A	249	GLY	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

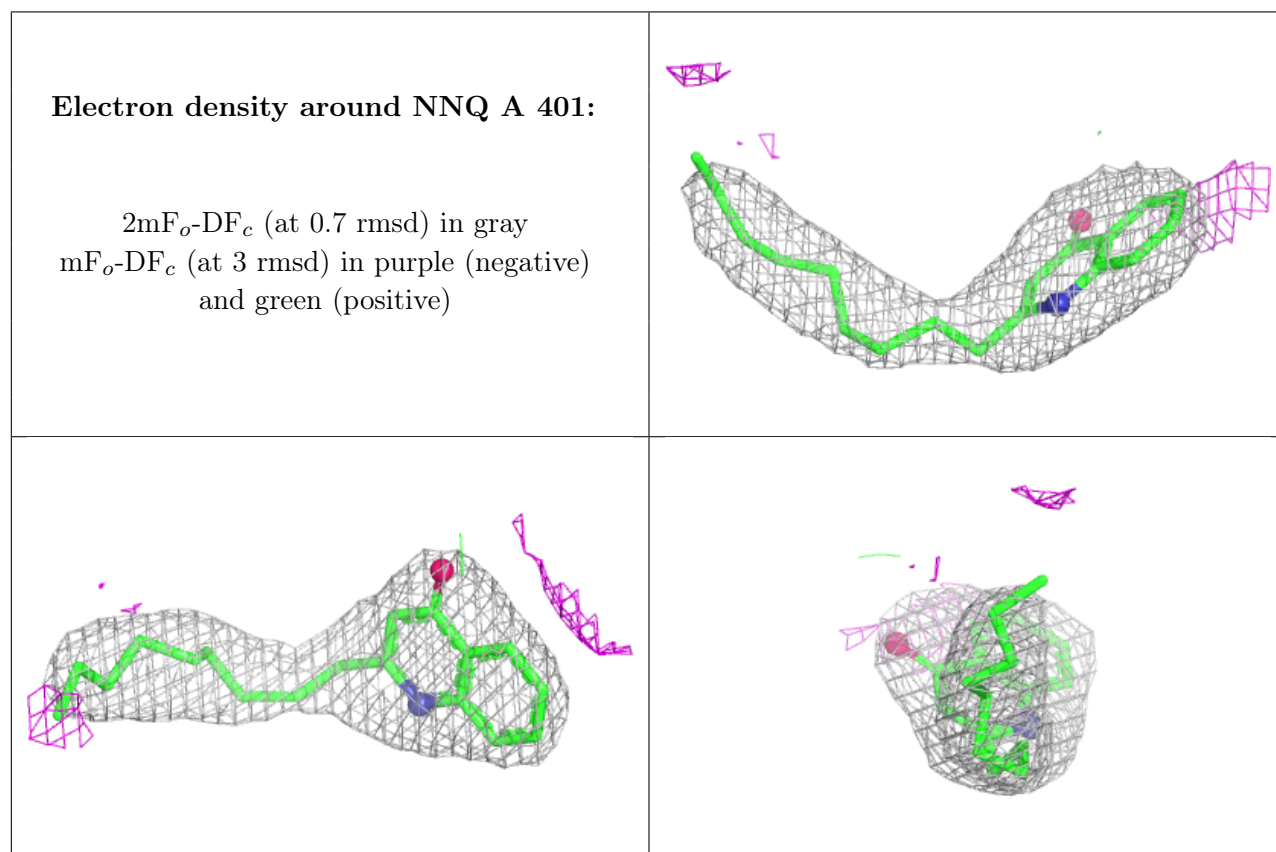
There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
2	NNQ	A	401	20/20	0.96	0.10	74,84,99,105	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



6.5 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.