



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 6, 2026 – 01:38 PM UTC

PDB ID : 1KAC / pdb_00001kac
Title : KNOB DOMAIN FROM ADENOVIRUS SEROTYPE 12 IN COMPLEX
WITH DOMAIN 1 OF ITS CELLULAR RECEPTOR CAR
Authors : Bewley, M.C.; Springer, K.; Zhang, Y.B.; Freimuth, P.; Flanagan, J.M.
Deposited on : 1999-05-05
Resolution : 2.60 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	NOT EXECUTED
EDS	:	NOT EXECUTED
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

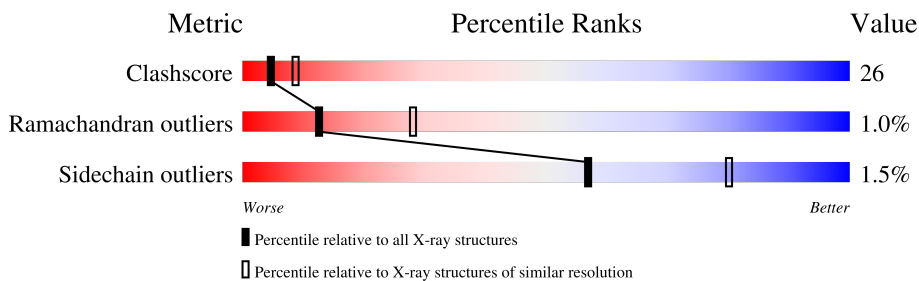
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	190562	4347 (2.60-2.60)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	4277 (2.60-2.60)
Sidechain outliers	187428	4277 (2.60-2.60)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	185	
2	B	124	

2 Entry composition

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2430 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called PROTEIN (FIBER KNOB PROTEIN).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	185	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1401	888	228	278	7			

- Molecule 2 is a protein called PROTEIN (COXSACKIE VIRUS AND ADENOVIRUS RECEPTOR).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	124	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			959	611	155	190	3			

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	23	GLY	SER	conflict	UNP P78310

- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	40	Total	O	0	0
			40	40		
3	B	30	Total	O	0	0
			30	30		

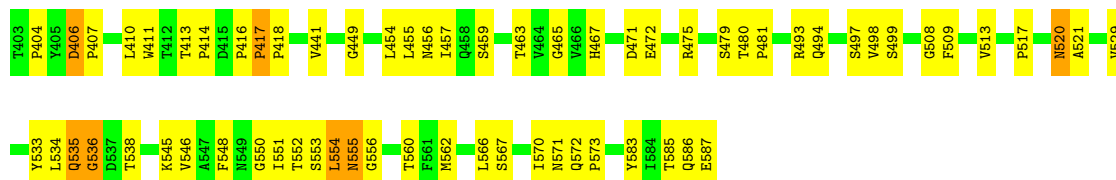
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

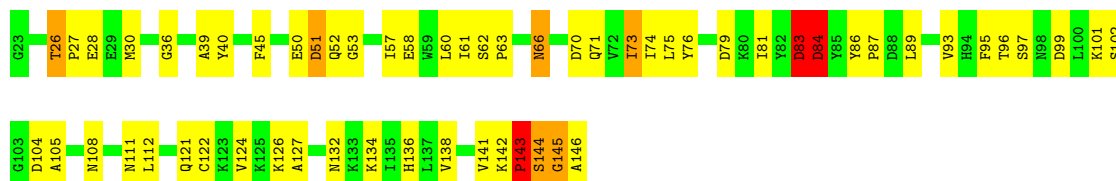
- Molecule 1: PROTEIN (FIBER KNOB PROTEIN)

Chain A: 



- Molecule 2: PROTEIN (COXSACKIE VIRUS AND ADENOVIRUS RECEPTOR)

Chain B: 



4 Data and refinement statistics

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 43 3 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	167.85Å 167.85Å 167.85Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	20.00 – 2.60	Depositor
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	96.8 (20.00-2.60)	Depositor
R_{merge}	0.70	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
Refinement program	CNS 5.0	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.220 , 0.250	Depositor
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
Total number of atoms	2430	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	44.0	wwPDB-VP

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.45	0/1434	1.10	10/1964 (0.5%)
2	B	5.78	4/978 (0.4%)	2.24	10/1326 (0.8%)
All	All	3.70	4/2412 (0.2%)	1.66	20/3290 (0.6%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
2	B	0	2

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	83	ASP	CG-OD1	110.25	3.34	1.25
2	B	84	ASP	CG-OD1	92.17	3.00	1.25
2	B	83	ASP	CG-OD2	87.32	2.91	1.25
2	B	84	ASP	CG-OD2	64.89	2.48	1.25

All (20) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	83	ASP	OD1-CG-OD2	-34.07	41.14	122.90
2	B	83	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	-33.21	42.02	118.40
2	B	84	ASP	OD1-CG-OD2	-31.65	46.93	122.90
2	B	84	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	-28.80	52.17	118.40
2	B	83	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-26.51	57.44	118.40
2	B	84	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-21.13	69.80	118.40
2	B	145	GLY	N-CA-C	-9.37	90.98	113.18
1	A	536	GLY	N-CA-C	-6.69	105.99	115.43
2	B	73	ILE	CB-CA-C	-6.00	106.61	111.71
1	A	417	PRO	N-CA-C	-5.69	103.76	110.70

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	406	ASP	CA-C-N	5.52	125.61	119.87
1	A	406	ASP	C-N-CA	5.52	125.61	119.87
1	A	555	ASN	N-CA-C	-5.46	102.38	113.29
1	A	520	ASN	N-CA-C	5.43	119.61	112.92
1	A	552	THR	N-CA-C	5.34	118.14	109.86
1	A	554	LEU	N-CA-C	-5.12	99.90	110.80
2	B	26	THR	CA-C-N	5.12	126.24	119.84
2	B	26	THR	C-N-CA	5.12	126.24	119.84
1	A	416	PRO	CA-C-N	5.07	125.60	120.38
1	A	416	PRO	C-N-CA	5.07	125.60	120.38

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	B	83	ASP	Sidechain
2	B	84	ASP	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1401	0	1389	58	0
2	B	959	0	963	65	0
3	A	40	0	0	0	0
3	B	30	0	0	0	0
All	All	2430	0	2352	122	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 26.

All (122) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:74:ILE:HG13	2:B:83:ASP:OD1	1.55	1.04

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:83:ASP:OD1	2:B:83:ASP:HB3	1.62	1.00
2:B:84:ASP:OD1	2:B:84:ASP:HB2	1.65	0.97
2:B:61:ILE:HB	2:B:73:ILE:HD11	1.50	0.94
2:B:83:ASP:HB3	2:B:83:ASP:OD2	1.68	0.94
2:B:51:ASP:HB3	2:B:126:LYS:HB3	1.49	0.92
2:B:84:ASP:HB2	2:B:84:ASP:OD2	1.78	0.83
2:B:96:THR:HG22	2:B:108:ASN:ND2	1.94	0.82
2:B:141:VAL:HG23	2:B:142:LYS:HG2	1.60	0.82
1:A:463:THR:HG21	1:A:562:MET:HE3	1.65	0.77
1:A:459:SER:HA	1:A:570:ILE:CD1	2.15	0.76
2:B:74:ILE:CG1	2:B:83:ASP:OD1	2.32	0.75
1:A:570:ILE:O	1:A:572:GLN:HG3	1.87	0.74
1:A:411:TRP:CH2	1:A:414:PRO:HD3	2.23	0.74
1:A:463:THR:CG2	1:A:562:MET:HE3	2.16	0.74
2:B:66:ASN:HD22	2:B:66:ASN:C	1.95	0.74
2:B:53:GLY:O	2:B:126:LYS:HD3	1.90	0.72
2:B:39:ALA:HB2	2:B:112:LEU:HD11	1.73	0.70
1:A:475:ARG:HB2	1:A:475:ARG:HH11	1.56	0.69
2:B:51:ASP:O	2:B:126:LYS:HD2	1.94	0.68
1:A:517:PRO:HB2	1:A:520:ASN:OD1	1.93	0.68
2:B:84:ASP:OD2	2:B:84:ASP:CB	2.42	0.67
2:B:84:ASP:OD1	2:B:84:ASP:CB	2.39	0.67
1:A:459:SER:HA	1:A:570:ILE:HD11	1.75	0.66
2:B:30:MET:HE3	2:B:138:VAL:HG21	1.78	0.66
2:B:86:TYR:HD2	2:B:89:LEU:HB2	1.61	0.66
2:B:83:ASP:OD2	2:B:83:ASP:CB	2.45	0.63
1:A:570:ILE:HG22	1:A:571:ASN:N	2.12	0.63
1:A:475:ARG:HB2	1:A:475:ARG:NH1	2.14	0.62
2:B:76:TYR:HD1	2:B:81:ILE:HD13	1.65	0.61
1:A:459:SER:HA	1:A:570:ILE:HD12	1.82	0.61
2:B:83:ASP:OD1	2:B:83:ASP:CB	2.44	0.61
1:A:521:ALA:HB2	1:A:550:GLY:HA2	1.82	0.61
2:B:97:SER:HB2	2:B:104:ASP:OD2	2.00	0.61
2:B:143:PRO:O	2:B:144:SER:HB2	2.00	0.61
2:B:28:GLU:HG3	2:B:134:LYS:O	2.02	0.60
2:B:122:CYS:O	2:B:132:ASN:HA	2.01	0.59
2:B:36:GLY:HA2	2:B:111:ASN:HD22	1.66	0.59
2:B:121:GLN:HE21	2:B:132:ASN:HD22	1.50	0.59
2:B:60:LEU:HD12	2:B:60:LEU:N	2.17	0.58
1:A:411:TRP:CZ2	1:A:493:ARG:HG3	2.38	0.58
1:A:475:ARG:HH11	1:A:475:ARG:CB	2.17	0.58

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:36:GLY:HA2	2:B:111:ASN:ND2	2.20	0.56
2:B:84:ASP:OD2	2:B:84:ASP:CG	2.48	0.56
1:A:418:PRO:HD2	2:B:75:LEU:HD22	1.86	0.56
2:B:84:ASP:OD1	2:B:84:ASP:OD2	2.23	0.56
1:A:553:SER:OG	1:A:554:LEU:N	2.39	0.55
2:B:83:ASP:OD1	2:B:83:ASP:OD2	2.23	0.55
2:B:141:VAL:HG23	2:B:142:LYS:N	2.21	0.55
2:B:143:PRO:O	2:B:144:SER:CB	2.54	0.55
2:B:66:ASN:C	2:B:66:ASN:ND2	2.65	0.54
1:A:570:ILE:CG2	1:A:571:ASN:N	2.71	0.54
1:A:441:VAL:HG23	1:A:585:THR:HG22	1.90	0.53
2:B:141:VAL:HG23	2:B:142:LYS:H	1.74	0.52
2:B:28:GLU:OE2	2:B:136:HIS:HE1	1.92	0.52
1:A:417:PRO:O	1:A:418:PRO:C	2.53	0.51
2:B:57:ILE:HB	2:B:76:TYR:HB3	1.92	0.51
1:A:441:VAL:HG23	1:A:585:THR:CG2	2.40	0.50
2:B:89:LEU:HG	2:B:93:VAL:CG2	2.41	0.50
1:A:521:ALA:HB2	1:A:550:GLY:CA	2.41	0.50
2:B:74:ILE:CD1	2:B:83:ASP:OD1	2.60	0.50
1:A:463:THR:HG22	1:A:562:MET:HE3	1.93	0.49
1:A:551:ILE:O	1:A:551:ILE:HG13	2.12	0.49
1:A:553:SER:O	1:A:554:LEU:HG	2.12	0.49
1:A:533:TYR:CD2	1:A:538:THR:HA	2.47	0.49
1:A:467:HIS:HD2	1:A:560:THR:OG1	1.96	0.49
1:A:472:GLU:HA	1:A:555:ASN:O	2.13	0.48
1:A:534:LEU:C	1:A:536:GLY:H	2.21	0.48
1:A:554:LEU:C	1:A:556:GLY:H	2.21	0.48
2:B:58:GLU:HG2	2:B:60:LEU:CD1	2.44	0.48
1:A:411:TRP:CZ3	1:A:414:PRO:HD3	2.49	0.47
1:A:497:SER:OG	1:A:498:VAL:N	2.47	0.47
1:A:517:PRO:HB2	1:A:520:ASN:CG	2.39	0.47
1:A:449:GLY:HA3	1:A:454:LEU:HB3	1.96	0.47
1:A:534:LEU:O	1:A:535:GLN:HB2	2.12	0.47
1:A:548:PHE:CZ	1:A:583:TYR:HB3	2.50	0.47
2:B:89:LEU:HG	2:B:93:VAL:HG23	1.97	0.47
1:A:508:GLY:HA2	1:A:587:GLU:OXT	2.14	0.47
1:A:554:LEU:O	1:A:555:ASN:HB2	2.15	0.47
2:B:45:PHE:CG	2:B:124:VAL:HG11	2.51	0.46
1:A:456:ASN:OD1	1:A:571:ASN:HA	2.15	0.46
2:B:61:ILE:HG12	2:B:62:SER:N	2.31	0.46
1:A:479:SER:O	1:A:480:THR:C	2.58	0.46

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:60:LEU:HD23	2:B:70:ASP:HB3	1.97	0.46
1:A:570:ILE:HG22	1:A:571:ASN:CG	2.41	0.46
1:A:498:VAL:HG12	1:A:499:SER:O	2.15	0.45
1:A:554:LEU:O	1:A:555:ASN:CB	2.64	0.45
2:B:145:GLY:O	2:B:146:ALA:O	2.33	0.45
1:A:513:VAL:HG22	1:A:586:GLN:OE1	2.17	0.45
1:A:554:LEU:C	1:A:556:GLY:N	2.75	0.45
2:B:99:ASP:OD1	2:B:102:SER:HB3	2.17	0.45
2:B:26:THR:HA	2:B:27:PRO:HD3	1.79	0.44
2:B:86:TYR:CD2	2:B:89:LEU:HB2	2.47	0.44
1:A:457:ILE:HG13	1:A:572:GLN:O	2.17	0.44
1:A:410:LEU:HG	1:A:509:PHE:CE2	2.53	0.44
2:B:63:PRO:HB2	2:B:66:ASN:ND2	2.32	0.44
1:A:404:PRO:O	1:A:494:GLN:HG3	2.18	0.43
2:B:50:GLU:O	2:B:52:GLN:N	2.50	0.43
2:B:76:TYR:OH	2:B:101:LYS:HE3	2.18	0.43
2:B:40:TYR:CD1	2:B:96:THR:HG21	2.54	0.43
2:B:40:TYR:CE1	2:B:96:THR:HG21	2.54	0.43
2:B:58:GLU:HG2	2:B:60:LEU:HD11	2.00	0.42
1:A:455:LEU:C	1:A:573:PRO:HA	2.44	0.42
1:A:471:ASP:OD2	1:A:475:ARG:NH1	2.52	0.42
1:A:551:ILE:O	1:A:551:ILE:HG23	2.19	0.42
2:B:126:LYS:O	2:B:127:ALA:C	2.63	0.42
1:A:554:LEU:HD23	1:A:554:LEU:HA	1.86	0.42
2:B:79:ASP:OD2	2:B:101:LYS:NZ	2.48	0.42
1:A:570:ILE:CG2	1:A:571:ASN:H	2.33	0.41
1:A:413:THR:HG22	1:A:498:VAL:HG23	2.02	0.41
2:B:30:MET:HE3	2:B:138:VAL:CG2	2.49	0.41
1:A:406:ASP:HA	1:A:407:PRO:HD2	1.86	0.41
2:B:60:LEU:HA	2:B:71:GLN:O	2.20	0.41
2:B:57:ILE:HD13	2:B:105:ALA:HB2	2.03	0.41
1:A:465:GLY:HA3	1:A:562:MET:SD	2.61	0.40
2:B:121:GLN:HE21	2:B:132:ASN:ND2	2.18	0.40
1:A:546:VAL:HA	1:A:560:THR:O	2.20	0.40
1:A:566:LEU:O	1:A:567:SER:C	2.64	0.40
2:B:86:TYR:HA	2:B:87:PRO:HD2	1.90	0.40
1:A:529:VAL:HG22	1:A:545:LYS:HG3	2.03	0.40
2:B:73:ILE:HG23	2:B:89:LEU:HD23	2.02	0.40
2:B:81:ILE:HD12	2:B:95:PHE:CE1	2.57	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	183/185 (99%)	166 (91%)	17 (9%)	0	100	100
2	B	122/124 (98%)	107 (88%)	12 (10%)	3 (2%)	4	8
All	All	305/309 (99%)	273 (90%)	29 (10%)	3 (1%)	12	28

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	144	SER
2	B	51	ASP
2	B	143	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	164/164 (100%)	162 (99%)	2 (1%)	63	83
2	B	108/108 (100%)	106 (98%)	2 (2%)	50	75
All	All	272/272 (100%)	268 (98%)	4 (2%)	57	80

All (4) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	481	PRO
1	A	535	GLN
2	B	66	ASN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	143	PRO

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (9) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	456	ASN
1	A	467	HIS
1	A	494	GLN
1	A	571	ASN
2	B	66	ASN
2	B	108	ASN
2	B	111	ASN
2	B	121	GLN
2	B	136	HIS

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.