



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 17, 2026 – 10:16 PM UTC

PDB ID : 4KCU / pdb_00004kcu
Title : Pyruvate kinase (PYK) from Trypanosoma brucei soaked with D-Malate
Authors : Zhong, W.; Morgan, H.P.; McNae, I.W.; Michels, P.A.M.; Fothergill-Gilmore, L.A.; Walkinshaw, M.D.
Deposited on : 2013-04-24
Resolution : 2.35 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 2.0
EDS : 3.0
Buster-report : wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4 : 9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness : 1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

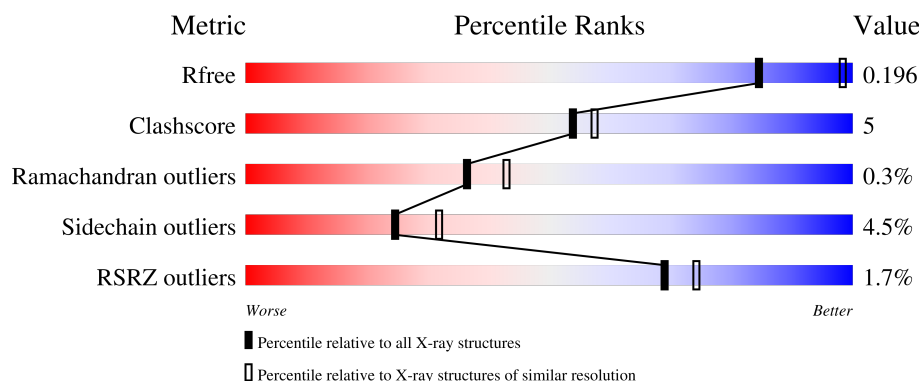
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.35 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	1596 (2.36-2.36)
Clashscore	190562	1663 (2.36-2.36)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	1646 (2.36-2.36)
Sidechain outliers	187428	1646 (2.36-2.36)
RSRZ outliers	180081	1598 (2.36-2.36)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	499	3% 84% 13% .
1	B	499	87% 12% .

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	MLT	B	503	-	X	-	-

2 Entry composition

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8133 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Pyruvate kinase 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	498	Total	C	N	O	S	0	3	0
			3812	2372	682	727	31			
1	B	498	Total	C	N	O	S	0	5	0
			3819	2378	680	730	31			

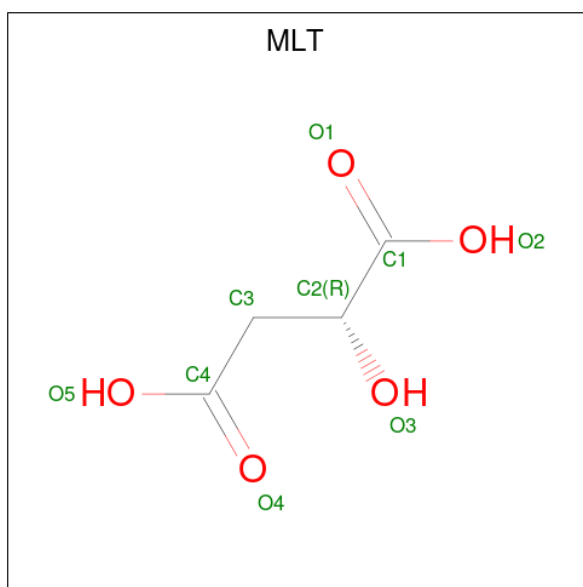
- Molecule 2 is MAGNESIUM ION (CCD ID: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	Mg	0	0
			1	1		
2	B	1	Total	Mg	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 3 is POTASSIUM ION (CCD ID: K) (formula: K).

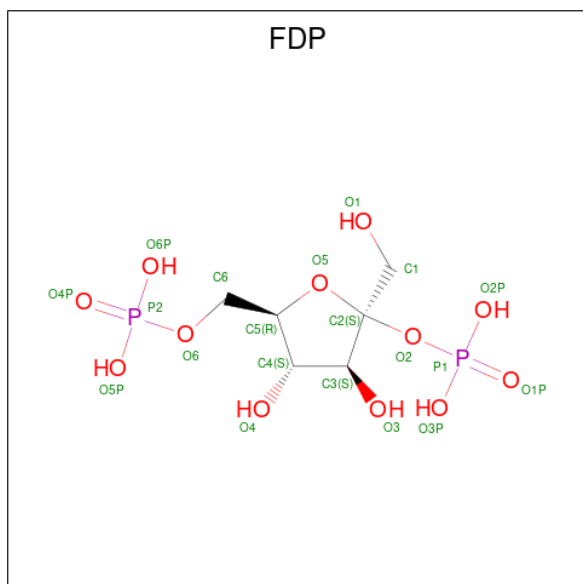
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	K	0	0
			1	1		
3	B	1	Total	K	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 4 is D-MALATE (CCD ID: MLT) (formula: C₄H₆O₅).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			9	4	5		
4	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			9	4	5		

- Molecule 5 is 2,6-di-O-phosphono-beta-D-fructofuranose (CCD ID: FDP) (formula: $C_6H_{14}O_{12}P_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	C	O	P	0	0
			20	6	12	2		

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	B	1	Total	C	O	P	0	0
			20	6	12	2		

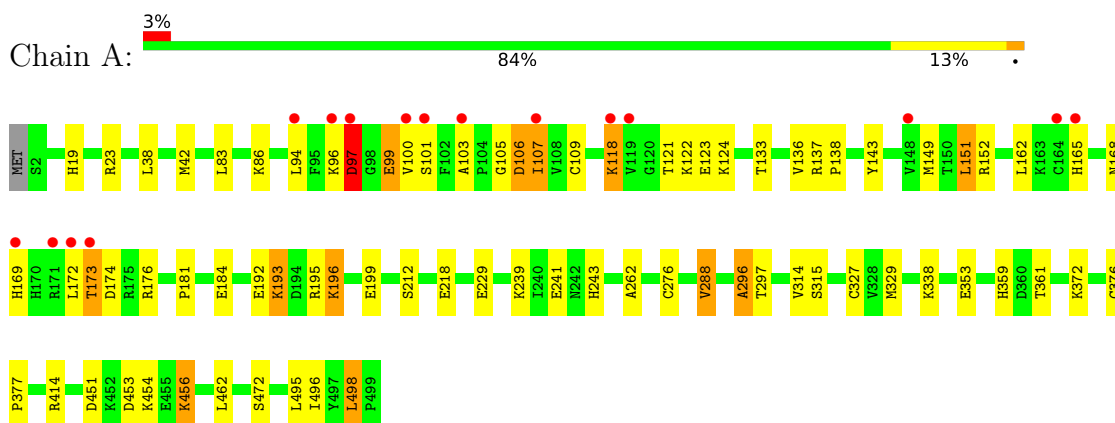
- Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	249	Total	O	0	0
			249	249		
6	B	191	Total	O	0	0
			191	191		

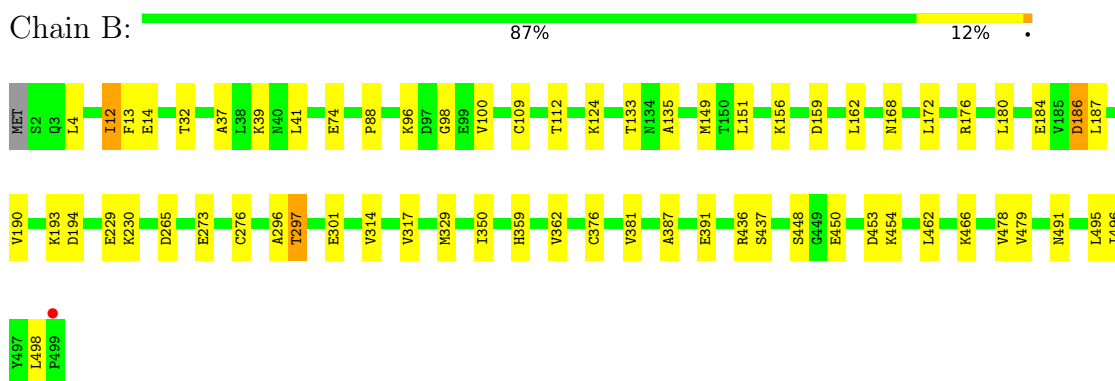
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Pyruvate kinase 1



• Molecule 1: Pyruvate kinase 1



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	I 2 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	103.37Å 108.27Å 265.19Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	67.18 – 2.35 67.18 – 2.35	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.8 (67.18-2.35) 99.9 (67.18-2.35)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.72 (at 2.34Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.6.0117	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.160 , 0.206 (Not available) , 0.196	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	3153 reflections (5.06%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	32.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.116	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.33 , 33.7	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.48$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.016 for -k,-h,-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	8133	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	38.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.79% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: K, FDP, MLT, MG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.92	2/3877 (0.1%)	0.79	0/5240
1	B	0.94	1/3890 (0.0%)	0.79	4/5257 (0.1%)
All	All	0.93	3/7767 (0.0%)	0.79	4/10497 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	2

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	19	HIS	CG-CD2	5.83	1.42	1.35
1	A	414	ARG	C-O	-5.18	1.21	1.23
1	B	359	HIS	CG-CD2	5.16	1.41	1.35

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	376[A]	CYS	CA-C-N	-5.07	113.82	119.19
1	B	376[A]	CYS	C-N-CA	-5.07	113.82	119.19
1	B	376[B]	CYS	CA-C-N	-5.07	113.82	119.19
1	B	376[B]	CYS	C-N-CA	-5.07	113.82	119.19

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	296	ALA	Peptide
1	A	99	GLU	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3812	0	3873	43	0
1	B	3819	0	3885	38	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
2	B	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	B	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	9	0	3	1	0
4	B	9	0	4	1	0
5	A	20	0	10	0	0
5	B	20	0	10	0	0
6	A	249	0	0	2	0
6	B	191	0	0	1	0
All	All	8133	0	7785	76	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All (76) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:149:MET:HE2	1:A:151:LEU:HD21	1.38	1.03
1:A:103:ALA:O	1:A:106:ASP:HB2	1.69	0.93
1:A:149:MET:CE	1:A:151:LEU:HD21	2.06	0.85
1:B:479:VAL:HG21	1:B:496:ILE:HD12	1.60	0.82
1:A:276[B]:CYS:SG	1:B:314:VAL:HG12	2.19	0.81
1:B:12:ILE:HD11	1:B:13:PHE:CE2	2.24	0.71
1:A:173:THR:HG23	1:A:176:ARG:HD2	1.74	0.70
1:A:105:GLY:HA2	1:A:165:HIS:CE1	2.28	0.69
1:A:453:ASP:C	1:A:454:LYS:HG2	2.19	0.68
1:B:453:ASP:C	1:B:454:LYS:HG2	2.21	0.65

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:359:HIS:HD2	1:A:361:THR:H	1.46	0.63
1:A:96:LYS:O	1:A:97:ASP:HB2	1.99	0.60
1:A:241:GLU:HG2	1:A:262:ALA:HB3	1.83	0.60
1:B:190:VAL:HG23	1:B:194:ASP:HB2	1.86	0.57
1:A:451:ASP:OD1	1:A:456:LYS:HB2	2.04	0.57
1:B:176:ARG:NE	1:B:176:ARG:HA	2.22	0.54
1:B:190:VAL:HG23	1:B:194:ASP:CB	2.38	0.54
1:A:86:LYS:HD2	1:A:193:LYS:HE3	1.90	0.54
1:B:387:ALA:O	1:B:391[B]:GLU:HG2	2.09	0.53
1:B:172:LEU:HD22	1:B:176:ARG:HG3	1.90	0.53
1:A:83:LEU:C	1:A:83:LEU:HD23	2.34	0.53
1:A:195:ARG:NH2	1:A:199:GLU:OE1	2.42	0.53
1:A:243:HIS:CE1	1:B:13:PHE:CE2	2.97	0.53
1:A:296:ALA:HB1	1:A:329:MET:HE2	1.91	0.52
1:A:456:LYS:HE2	6:A:1327:HOH:O	2.09	0.52
1:B:186:ASP:CG	1:B:186:ASP:O	2.53	0.51
1:A:105:GLY:O	1:A:107:ILE:HD12	2.10	0.51
1:A:149:MET:CE	1:A:151:LEU:CD2	2.84	0.51
1:B:133:THR:HB	1:B:156:LYS:HD2	1.94	0.50
1:A:133:THR:HG22	1:A:162:LEU:HG	1.92	0.50
1:A:288:VAL:HG23	1:B:4:LEU:HD21	1.94	0.49
4:A:1003:MLT:H2	6:A:1143:HOH:O	2.14	0.48
1:B:265:ASP:N	4:B:503:MLT:O1	2.39	0.48
1:B:149:MET:HA	1:B:168:ASN:HD21	1.80	0.47
1:B:149:MET:HE3	1:B:151:LEU:HD21	1.97	0.47
1:A:212:SER:HA	1:A:239:LYS:HD3	1.97	0.47
1:B:296:ALA:O	1:B:297:THR:HB	2.14	0.47
1:A:38:LEU:O	1:A:42:MET:HG3	2.16	0.46
1:A:462:LEU:HD22	1:A:498:LEU:CD2	2.45	0.46
1:A:100:VAL:HG11	1:A:122:LYS:CA	2.45	0.46
1:A:109:CYS:O	1:A:124:LYS:HA	2.15	0.46
1:A:314:VAL:HG12	1:B:276[B]:CYS:SG	2.56	0.46
1:B:109:CYS:O	1:B:124:LYS:HA	2.16	0.46
1:A:137:ARG:HB3	1:A:138:PRO:CD	2.46	0.45
1:B:39:LYS:HE3	1:B:74:GLU:OE1	2.16	0.45
1:A:353:GLU:HG3	1:B:273:GLU:CG	2.47	0.45
1:B:41:LEU:HD23	1:B:41:LEU:HA	1.78	0.45
1:A:137:ARG:CB	1:A:138:PRO:CD	2.94	0.44
1:B:135:ALA:HB2	6:B:733:HOH:O	2.17	0.44
1:A:243:HIS:CE1	1:B:13:PHE:HE2	2.34	0.44
1:B:498:LEU:HD23	1:B:498:LEU:HA	1.79	0.44

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:12:ILE:CD1	1:B:13:PHE:CE2	2.98	0.44
1:A:338:LYS:HB3	1:A:338:LYS:HE3	1.68	0.44
1:B:176:ARG:HA	1:B:176:ARG:HE	1.83	0.43
1:A:143:TYR:CE1	1:A:181:PRO:HG2	2.54	0.43
1:A:376[B]:CYS:HB2	1:A:377:PRO:HD2	2.00	0.43
1:B:156:LYS:HA	1:B:162:LEU:HD23	2.00	0.43
1:B:436:ARG:O	1:B:437:SER:HB2	2.19	0.43
1:A:149:MET:HA	1:A:168:ASN:HD21	1.84	0.43
1:B:96:LYS:C	1:B:98:GLY:H	2.26	0.42
1:A:99:GLU:HA	1:A:172:LEU:O	2.19	0.42
1:B:317:VAL:HB	1:B:350:ILE:HG21	2.02	0.42
1:B:88:PRO:HB2	1:B:187:LEU:HD13	2.01	0.42
1:B:462:LEU:HD22	1:B:498:LEU:HD21	2.02	0.41
1:A:94:LEU:HB2	1:A:118:LYS:HA	2.01	0.41
1:A:100:VAL:HG12	1:A:101:SER:N	2.36	0.41
1:A:121:THR:C	1:A:123:GLU:H	2.29	0.41
1:A:100:VAL:HG11	1:A:122:LYS:N	2.36	0.41
1:B:478:VAL:HG22	1:B:495:LEU:HD22	2.02	0.41
1:B:296:ALA:HB1	1:B:329:MET:HE2	2.03	0.41
1:B:32:THR:HA	1:B:37:ALA:HB1	2.03	0.41
1:B:159:ASP:OD1	1:B:159:ASP:N	2.54	0.41
1:A:23:ARG:O	1:A:327:CYS:HA	2.21	0.41
1:A:196:LYS:HB3	1:A:196:LYS:HE2	1.83	0.41
1:B:381:VAL:HG21	1:B:491:ASN:HA	2.03	0.41
1:A:173:THR:OG1	1:A:174:ASP:N	2.54	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	499/499 (100%)	473 (95%)	24 (5%)	2 (0%)	30	34

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	B	501/499 (100%)	487 (97%)	13 (3%)	1 (0%)	43	52
All	All	1000/998 (100%)	960 (96%)	37 (4%)	3 (0%)	36	43

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	297	THR
1	B	297	THR
1	A	97	ASP

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	425/423 (100%)	402 (95%)	23 (5%)	20	24
1	B	427/423 (101%)	412 (96%)	15 (4%)	32	42
All	All	852/846 (101%)	814 (96%)	38 (4%)	24	32

All (38) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	97	ASP
1	A	106	ASP
1	A	107	ILE
1	A	118	LYS
1	A	136	VAL
1	A	151	LEU
1	A	152	ARG
1	A	169	HIS
1	A	173	THR
1	A	184	GLU
1	A	192	GLU
1	A	193	LYS
1	A	196	LYS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	218	GLU
1	A	229	GLU
1	A	288	VAL
1	A	315	SER
1	A	372	LYS
1	A	456	LYS
1	A	472	SER
1	A	495	LEU
1	A	496	ILE
1	A	498	LEU
1	B	12	ILE
1	B	14	GLU
1	B	100	VAL
1	B	112	THR
1	B	180	LEU
1	B	184	GLU
1	B	186	ASP
1	B	193	LYS
1	B	229	GLU
1	B	230	LYS
1	B	301	GLU
1	B	362	VAL
1	B	448	SER
1	B	450	GLU
1	B	466	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (13) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	131	GLN
1	A	165	HIS
1	A	243	HIS
1	A	359	HIS
1	B	19	HIS
1	B	168	ASN
1	B	169	HIS
1	B	204	GLN
1	B	242	ASN
1	B	244	GLN
1	B	247	GLN
1	B	359	HIS
1	B	402	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

Of 8 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$
5	FDP	A	1004	-	19,20,20	0.95	2 (10%)	29,32,32	0.95	1 (3%)
5	FDP	B	504	-	19,20,20	1.38	2 (10%)	29,32,32	0.99	2 (6%)
4	MLT	A	1003	2	8,8,8	1.57	1 (12%)	10,10,10	1.86	3 (30%)
4	MLT	B	503	-	8,8,8	1.84	4 (50%)	10,10,10	1.66	2 (20%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	FDP	A	1004	-	-	1/12/34/34	0/1/1/1
5	FDP	B	504	-	-	1/12/34/34	0/1/1/1
4	MLT	A	1003	2	-	6/8/8/8	-
4	MLT	B	503	-	-	6/8/8/8	-

All (9) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
5	B	504	FDP	P1-O2	4.12	1.66	1.59
5	B	504	FDP	O5-C5	3.62	1.51	1.43
4	B	503	MLT	C3-C4	2.54	1.57	1.51
4	A	1003	MLT	C2-C1	2.54	1.55	1.52
5	A	1004	FDP	O5-C5	2.40	1.49	1.43
4	B	503	MLT	C2-C1	2.33	1.55	1.52
4	B	503	MLT	O3-C2	2.08	1.47	1.42
4	B	503	MLT	C3-C2	2.03	1.57	1.52
5	A	1004	FDP	P2-O6P	2.02	1.62	1.54

All (8) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	B	503	MLT	O1-C1-C2	-3.51	115.59	122.60
4	A	1003	MLT	O1-C1-C2	-3.25	116.11	122.60
4	A	1003	MLT	C2-C3-C4	-2.86	104.60	112.08
4	B	503	MLT	O2-C1-C2	2.81	118.69	112.74
5	A	1004	FDP	O6-P2-O4P	2.57	113.37	106.44
5	B	504	FDP	O6-P2-O4P	2.37	112.84	106.44
4	A	1003	MLT	O2-C1-C2	2.28	117.57	112.74
5	B	504	FDP	C6-C5-C4	-2.18	107.36	115.21

There are no chirality outliers.

All (14) torsion outliers are listed below:

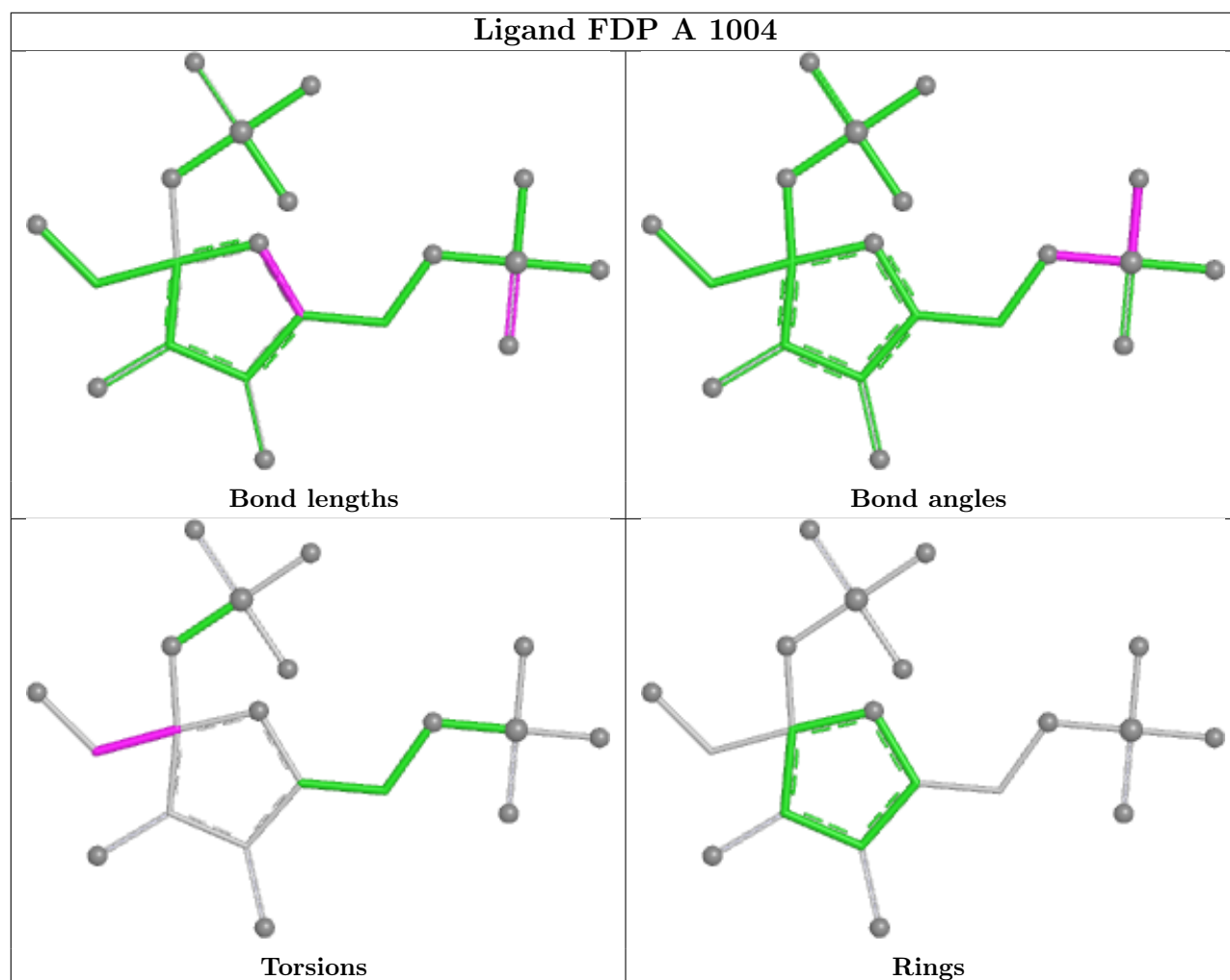
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	1003	MLT	O1-C1-C2-O3
4	A	1003	MLT	O2-C1-C2-O3
4	A	1003	MLT	O2-C1-C2-C3
4	A	1003	MLT	C1-C2-C3-C4
4	A	1003	MLT	O3-C2-C3-C4
4	B	503	MLT	O1-C1-C2-C3
4	B	503	MLT	O2-C1-C2-C3
4	B	503	MLT	C1-C2-C3-C4
4	B	503	MLT	O3-C2-C3-C4
4	B	503	MLT	O1-C1-C2-O3
4	B	503	MLT	O2-C1-C2-O3
5	A	1004	FDP	O1-C1-C2-C3
4	A	1003	MLT	O1-C1-C2-C3
5	B	504	FDP	O1-C1-C2-C3

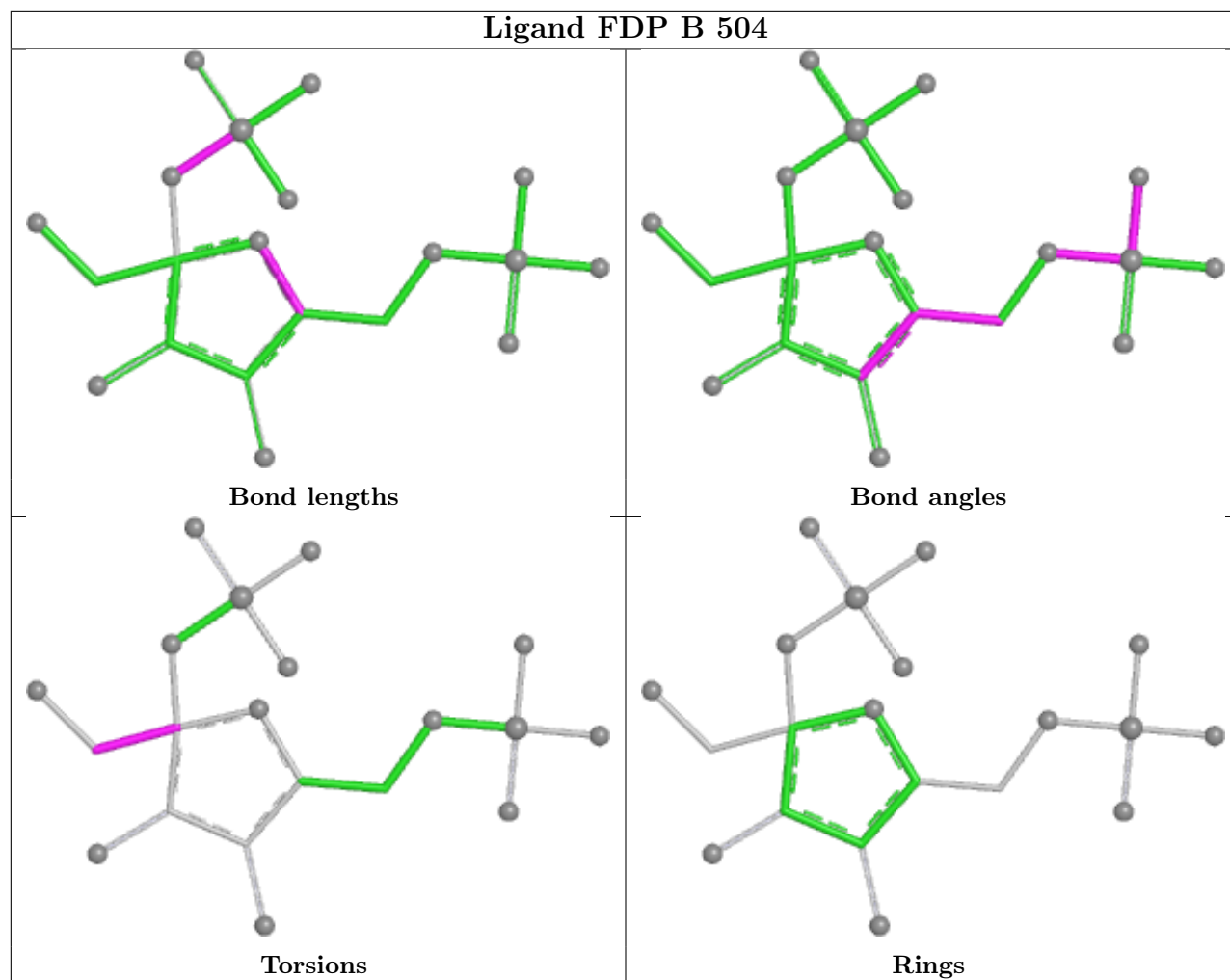
There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	1003	MLT	1	0
4	B	503	MLT	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	498/499 (99%)	-0.44	16 (3%) 50 57	16, 31, 93, 125	3 (0%)
1	B	498/499 (99%)	-0.61	1 (0%) 91 92	13, 33, 58, 88	5 (1%)
All	All	996/998 (99%)	-0.53	17 (1%) 69 74	13, 32, 75, 125	8 (0%)

All (17) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	96	LYS	3.6
1	A	173	THR	3.2
1	A	118	LYS	3.0
1	A	119	VAL	2.9
1	A	169	HIS	2.7
1	A	171	ARG	2.6
1	A	165	HIS	2.5
1	A	100	VAL	2.5
1	A	148	VAL	2.4
1	A	107	ILE	2.4
1	A	94	LEU	2.3
1	A	101	SER	2.2
1	B	499	PRO	2.2
1	A	103	ALA	2.1
1	A	164	CYS	2.0
1	A	97	ASP	2.0
1	A	172	LEU	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

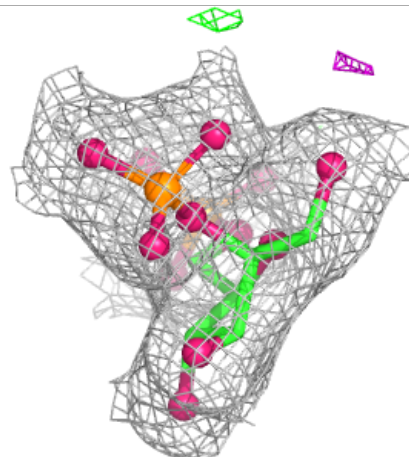
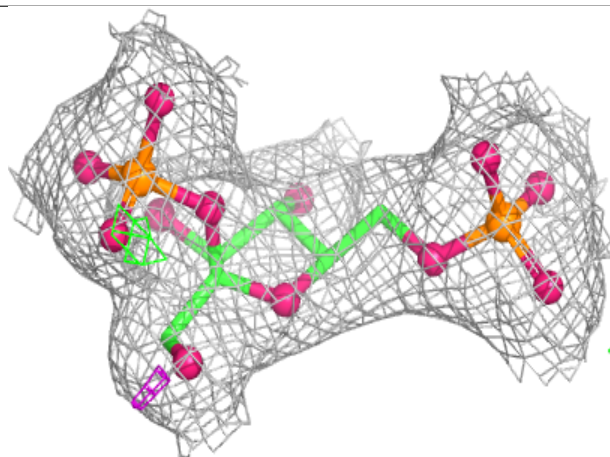
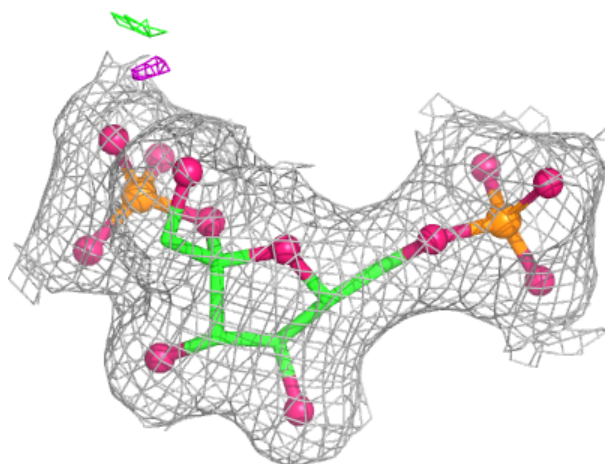
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors($\text{\AA}^2$)	Q<0.9
2	MG	B	501	1/1	0.75	0.29	62,62,62,62	0
4	MLT	B	503	9/9	0.85	0.16	42,60,92,93	0
4	MLT	A	1003	9/9	0.95	0.08	32,39,57,68	0
3	K	B	502	1/1	0.99	0.06	44,44,44,44	0
2	MG	A	1001	1/1	0.99	0.04	34,34,34,34	0
3	K	A	1002	1/1	0.99	0.05	36,36,36,36	0
5	FDP	A	1004	20/20	0.99	0.04	19,22,28,29	0
5	FDP	B	504	20/20	0.99	0.04	23,26,31,32	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

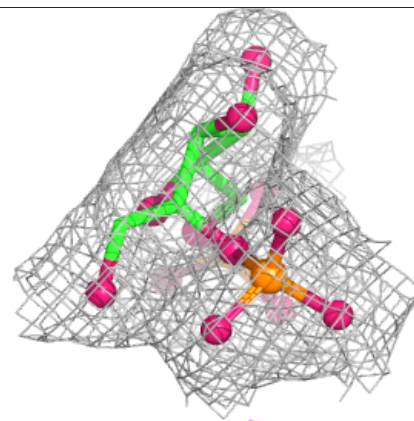
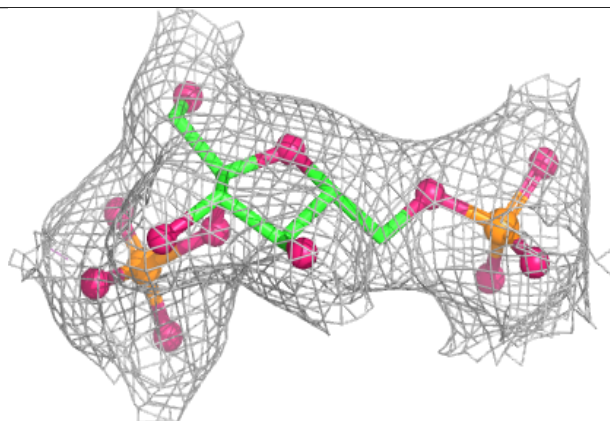
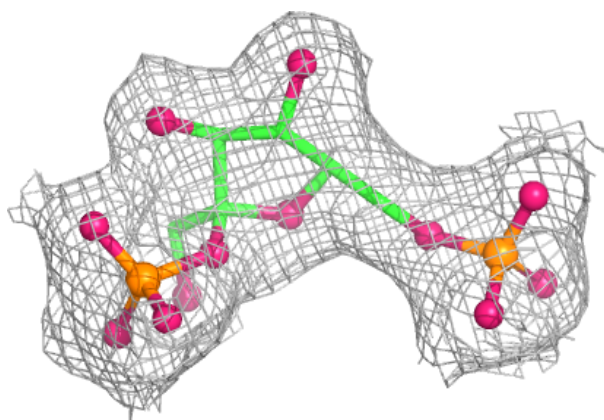
Electron density around FDP A 1004:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



Electron density around FDP B 504:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.