



wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 8, 2026 – 01:35 PM UTC

PDB ID : 2KDP / pdb_00002kdp
BMRB ID : 16127
Title : Solution Structure of the SAP30 zinc finger motif
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Deposited on : 2009-01-14

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
wwPDB-RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

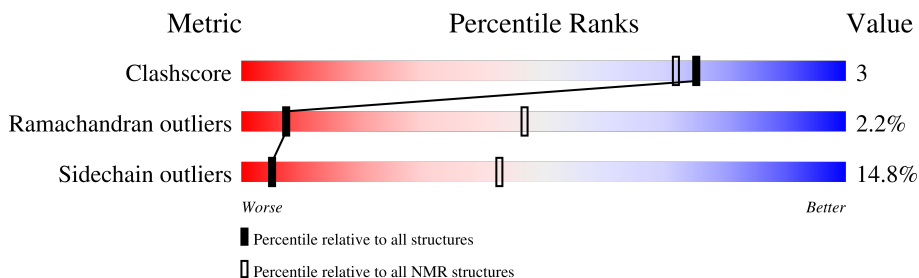
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 85%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	229148	14424
Ramachandran outliers	224038	12848
Sidechain outliers	223484	12823

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	71	 65% 15% 20%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 47 models. Model 1 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models).

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:65-A:121 (57)	0.43	1

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 6 clusters and 12 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 4, 9, 12, 15, 22, 26, 27, 29, 30, 31, 37, 42, 45
2	10, 24, 32, 33, 36, 40, 41, 44
3	2, 3, 8, 16, 19, 20
4	13, 14, 25
5	5, 6
6	23, 34
Single-model clusters	7; 11; 17; 18; 21; 28; 35; 38; 39; 43; 46; 47

3 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1156 atoms, of which 589 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Histone deacetylase complex subunit SAP30.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	A	71	1155	341	589	119	102	4	0

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	61	SER	-	expression tag	UNP O75446
A	62	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP O75446
A	63	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP O75446

- Molecule 2 is ZINC ION (CCD ID: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	
			Total	Zn
2	A	1	1	1

5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *molecular dynamics*.

Of the 3000 calculated structures, 47 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with acceptable covalent geometry and in good agreement with experimental data*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
TALOS	structure solution	
ARIA	structure solution	
ARIA	refinement	
CNS	structure solution	
CNS	refinement	
Procheck	refinement	
ISD	refinement	1.1

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	818
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	818
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	85%

6 Model quality [i](#)

6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section:
ZN

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	455	467	466	3±1
All	All	21432	21949	21902	134

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

5 of 30 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:89:ILE:HG23	1:A:119:ILE:HG21	0.79	1.54	41	28
1:A:65:GLN:O	1:A:66:LEU:HD12	0.70	1.87	29	1
1:A:118:LEU:O	1:A:118:LEU:HD23	0.62	1.94	13	24
1:A:83:ALA:HB2	1:A:116:LYS:HD3	0.62	1.72	38	4
1:A:75:ARG:O	1:A:77:GLY:N	0.58	2.36	38	30

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	57/71 (80%)	48±2 (85±4%)	7±2 (13±4%)	1±1 (2±1%)	7	47
All	All	2679/3337 (80%)	2271 (85%)	348 (13%)	60 (2%)	7	47

5 of 9 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	76	CYS	36
1	A	106	ALA	11
1	A	110	TYR	4
1	A	65	GLN	2
1	A	75	ARG	2

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	50/61 (82%)	43±3 (85±5%)	7±3 (15±5%)	5	43
All	All	2350/2867 (82%)	2003 (85%)	347 (15%)	5	43

5 of 31 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	91	LYS	35
1	A	87	LYS	27
1	A	107	ARG	25
1	A	90	GLN	21
1	A	102	LEU	20

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 1 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation [i](#)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 85% for the well-defined parts and 81% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping [i](#)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	818
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	818
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing [i](#)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	70	-0.23 ± 0.13	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	65	-0.10 ± 0.12	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	65	-0.09 ± 0.09	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	66	-1.67 ± 0.69	Should be applied

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 85%, i.e. 677 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 801. 0 out of 6 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	277/288 (96%)	114/117 (97%)	109/114 (96%)	54/57 (95%)
Sidechain	374/469 (80%)	245/300 (82%)	123/141 (87%)	6/28 (21%)

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	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Aromatic	26/44 (59%)	11/21 (52%)	11/19 (58%)	4/4 (100%)
Overall	677/801 (85%)	370/438 (84%)	243/274 (89%)	64/89 (72%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

