



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 9, 2026 – 07:27 AM UTC

PDB ID : 4KF5 / pdb_00004kf5
Title : Crystal Structure of Split GFP complexed with engineered sfCherry with an insertion of GFP fragment
Authors : Nguyen, H.B.; Hung, L.-W.; Yeates, T.O.; Waldo, G.S.; Terwilliger, T.C.
Deposited on : 2013-04-26
Resolution : 2.60 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4	:	9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

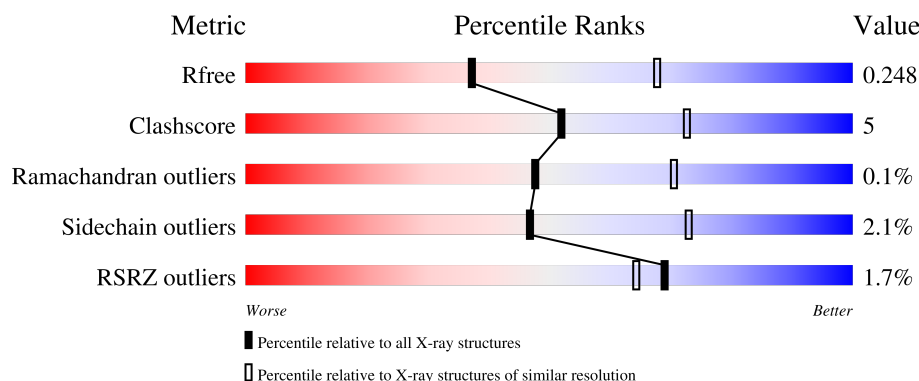
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

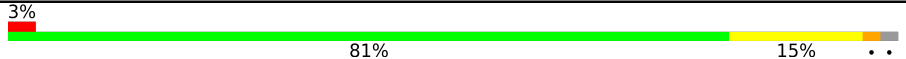
The reported resolution of this entry is 2.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	4008 (2.60-2.60)
Clashscore	190562	4347 (2.60-2.60)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	4277 (2.60-2.60)
Sidechain outliers	187428	4277 (2.60-2.60)
RSRZ outliers	180081	4008 (2.60-2.60)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	194	
1	B	194	
2	C	260	
2	D	260	

2 Entry composition

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7230 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called fluorescent protein GFP1-9.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	190	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1530	977	260	289	4			
1	B	190	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1530	977	260	289	4			

- Molecule 2 is a protein called fluorescent protein sfCherry+GFP10-11.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	C	258	Total	C	N	O	S	3	0	0
			2065	1311	341	404	9			
2	D	258	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2065	1311	341	404	9			

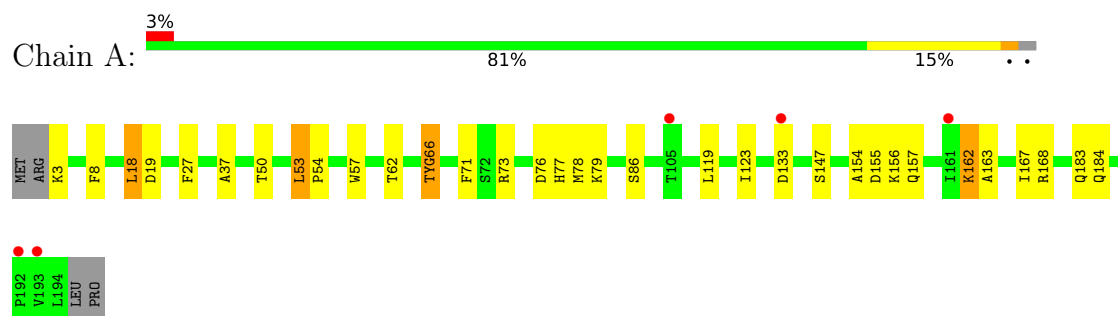
- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	6	Total	O	0	0
			6	6		
3	B	5	Total	O	0	0
			5	5		
3	C	17	Total	O	0	0
			17	17		
3	D	12	Total	O	0	0
			12	12		

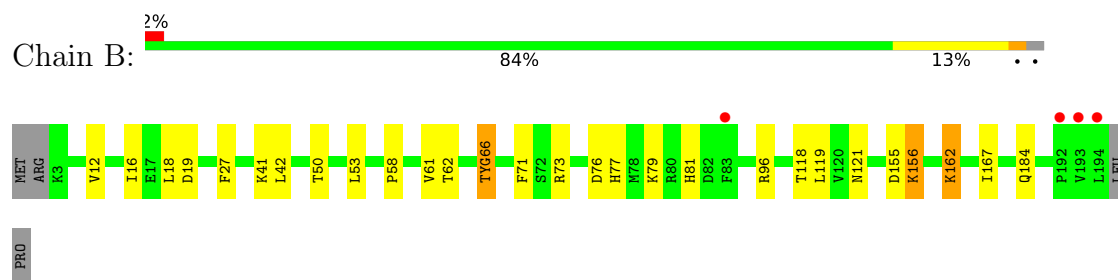
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

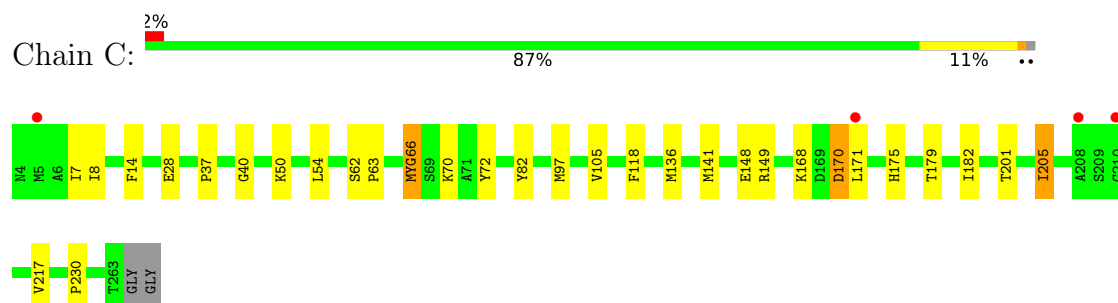
- Molecule 1: fluorescent protein GFP1-9



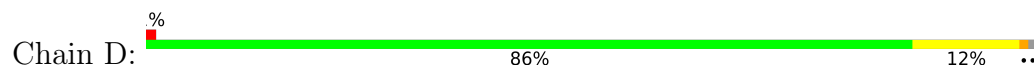
- Molecule 1: fluorescent protein GFP1-9

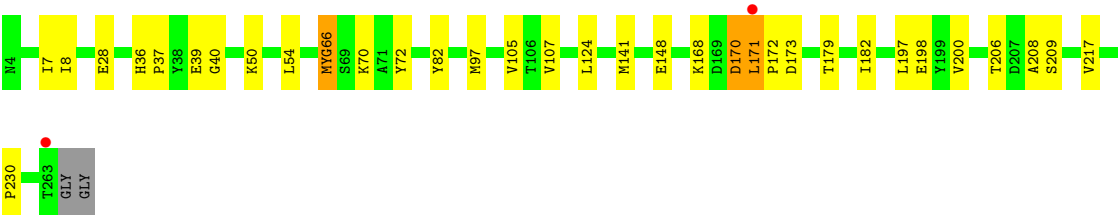


- Molecule 2: fluorescent protein sfCherry+GFP10-11



- Molecule 2: fluorescent protein sfCherry+GFP10-11





4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	74.36Å 86.49Å 167.94Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	46.99 – 2.60 46.99 – 2.60	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	92.5 (46.99-2.60) 91.4 (46.99-2.60)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.07	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.07	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.66 (at 2.61Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (phenix.refine: dev_1338)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.203 , 0.248 0.206 , 0.248	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	2000 reflections (5.86%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	56.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.745	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.26 , 26.6	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.48$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	7230	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	78.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 8.20% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CRO, CH6

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.28	0/1542	0.72	0/2081
1	B	0.27	0/1542	0.72	0/2081
2	C	0.29	0/2090	0.75	2/2824 (0.1%)
2	D	0.28	0/2090	0.74	3/2824 (0.1%)
All	All	0.28	0/7264	0.73	5/9810 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1
1	B	0	1
All	All	0	2

There are no bond length outliers.

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	D	54	LEU	CA-C-N	6.19	126.31	119.87
2	D	54	LEU	C-N-CA	6.19	126.31	119.87
2	C	54	LEU	CA-C-N	5.39	125.47	119.87
2	C	54	LEU	C-N-CA	5.39	125.47	119.87
2	D	209	SER	CB-CA-C	-5.20	110.56	116.54

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	155	ASP	Peptide
1	B	155	ASP	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1530	0	1490	19	0
1	B	1530	0	1490	16	0
2	C	2065	0	1991	22	0
2	D	2065	0	1991	23	0
3	A	6	0	0	0	0
3	B	5	0	0	1	0
3	C	17	0	0	2	0
3	D	12	0	0	0	0
All	All	7230	0	6962	72	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All (72) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:D:170:ASP:OD1	2:D:170:ASP:N	2.28	0.65
2:C:182:ILE:HG13	2:D:182:ILE:HG13	1.79	0.65
2:D:141:MET:HE2	2:D:168:LYS:HG3	1.82	0.60
2:C:97:MET:HG2	2:C:217:VAL:HG22	1.83	0.60
2:C:141:MET:HE2	2:C:168:LYS:HG3	1.85	0.59
2:C:175:HIS:HB3	2:C:205:ILE:HD11	1.85	0.58
2:D:82:TYR:HB2	2:D:230:PRO:HD3	1.86	0.58
2:C:170:ASP:N	2:C:170:ASP:OD1	2.36	0.58
2:D:171:LEU:HB3	2:D:172:PRO:HD2	1.86	0.56
2:D:97:MET:HG2	2:D:217:VAL:HG22	1.88	0.55
1:A:154:ALA:HB1	2:C:171:LEU:HD22	1.89	0.55
1:B:66:CRO:N2	1:B:66:CRO:HD1	2.22	0.54
2:C:40:GLY:HA2	2:C:72:TYR:O	2.08	0.54
1:A:73:ARG:HB3	2:C:201:THR:HG22	1.91	0.53

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:77:HIS:CD2	1:A:78:MET:HG3	2.44	0.52
1:B:76:ASP:HA	1:B:79:LYS:HG3	1.91	0.52
2:C:7:ILE:HG23	2:C:8:ILE:H	1.74	0.51
2:D:7:ILE:HG23	2:D:8:ILE:H	1.74	0.51
1:A:162:LYS:HE2	1:A:184:GLN:HB2	1.93	0.50
1:B:42:LEU:HB2	2:D:198:GLU:HB3	1.93	0.50
2:D:170:ASP:O	2:D:171:LEU:HB2	2.10	0.50
1:A:76:ASP:HA	1:A:79:LYS:HG3	1.93	0.50
1:B:162:LYS:HE2	1:B:184:GLN:HB2	1.94	0.50
2:D:36:HIS:HB2	2:D:39:GLU:HB2	1.93	0.50
2:D:40:GLY:HA2	2:D:72:TYR:O	2.11	0.50
1:A:71:PHE:HE2	1:A:119:LEU:HD22	1.78	0.49
1:A:71:PHE:CE2	1:A:119:LEU:HD22	2.47	0.49
2:C:136:MET:HG2	3:C:303:HOH:O	2.13	0.49
1:A:163:ALA:HB3	1:A:183:GLN:HB3	1.94	0.48
1:A:66:CRO:HD1	1:A:66:CRO:N2	2.28	0.48
1:B:156:LYS:HE3	1:B:156:LYS:H	1.80	0.47
2:C:149:ARG:NH1	3:C:312:HOH:O	2.47	0.47
1:A:18:LEU:HG	1:A:123:ILE:HB	1.97	0.46
1:B:77:HIS:HB2	2:D:208:ALA:HB2	1.98	0.46
2:C:8:ILE:HD12	2:C:118:PHE:HZ	1.81	0.45
1:B:27:PHE:HA	1:B:50:THR:HG21	1.98	0.45
1:B:66:CRO:O2	1:B:96:ARG:NH2	2.43	0.45
2:D:7:ILE:HG23	2:D:8:ILE:N	2.32	0.45
2:D:97:MET:HB2	2:D:105:VAL:HB	1.99	0.45
1:B:58:PRO:HA	1:B:61:VAL:HG23	1.99	0.44
2:C:7:ILE:HG23	2:C:8:ILE:N	2.31	0.44
2:D:66:CH6:N2	2:D:66:CH6:HD1	2.31	0.44
1:B:62:THR:HG21	1:B:167:ILE:HG13	1.99	0.44
1:A:66:CRO:CE1	2:C:179:THR:HG21	2.47	0.44
2:D:70:LYS:NZ	2:D:148:GLU:OE1	2.47	0.44
2:D:179:THR:HG22	2:D:200:VAL:HG22	2.00	0.44
1:A:3:LYS:O	1:A:86:SER:HA	2.19	0.43
2:C:14:PHE:HB3	2:C:118:PHE:HB2	2.00	0.43
2:D:107:VAL:HG22	2:D:124:LEU:HD12	2.00	0.43
2:C:70:LYS:NZ	2:C:148:GLU:OE1	2.45	0.43
1:A:27:PHE:HA	1:A:50:THR:HG21	2.00	0.43
2:D:28:GLU:HB2	2:D:50:LYS:HB2	2.01	0.42
1:A:147:SER:O	1:A:168:ARG:NH2	2.51	0.42
1:B:81:HIS:HE1	2:D:173:ASP:OD2	2.02	0.42
1:A:53:LEU:HD12	1:A:57:TRP:CE2	2.55	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:73:ARG:NE	3:B:205:HOH:O	2.51	0.42
1:B:41:LYS:HE3	2:D:197:LEU:HD11	2.02	0.41
1:A:53:LEU:HD23	1:A:54:PRO:HD2	2.02	0.41
1:A:157:GLN:CD	1:A:157:GLN:H	2.29	0.41
2:C:62:SER:OG	2:C:63:PRO:HD3	2.20	0.41
1:B:16:ILE:HG12	1:B:121:ASN:HB3	2.03	0.41
1:A:62:THR:HG21	1:A:167:ILE:HG13	2.03	0.41
1:B:71:PHE:CE2	1:B:119:LEU:HD22	2.56	0.41
2:D:7:ILE:HG23	2:D:8:ILE:HG12	2.02	0.41
1:A:8:PHE:HB3	1:A:37:ALA:HB3	2.02	0.41
2:C:82:TYR:HB2	2:C:230:PRO:HD3	2.03	0.41
1:B:12:VAL:HB	1:B:71:PHE:CZ	2.56	0.41
2:D:37:PRO:HA	2:D:72:TYR:HA	2.02	0.40
2:C:66:CH6:N2	2:C:66:CH6:HD1	2.36	0.40
2:C:28:GLU:HB2	2:C:50:LYS:HB2	2.03	0.40
2:C:37:PRO:HA	2:C:72:TYR:HA	2.03	0.40
2:C:97:MET:HB2	2:C:105:VAL:HB	2.03	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	185/194 (95%)	180 (97%)	5 (3%)	0	100	100
1	B	185/194 (95%)	180 (97%)	5 (3%)	0	100	100
2	C	253/260 (97%)	244 (96%)	9 (4%)	0	100	100
2	D	253/260 (97%)	245 (97%)	7 (3%)	1 (0%)	30	51
All	All	876/908 (96%)	849 (97%)	26 (3%)	1 (0%)	48	70

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	D	171	LEU

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	164/168 (98%)	158 (96%)	6 (4%)	30	57
1	B	164/168 (98%)	158 (96%)	6 (4%)	30	57
2	C	221/221 (100%)	219 (99%)	2 (1%)	70	87
2	D	221/221 (100%)	219 (99%)	2 (1%)	70	87
All	All	770/778 (99%)	754 (98%)	16 (2%)	47	73

All (16) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	18	LEU
1	A	19	ASP
1	A	53	LEU
1	A	133	ASP
1	A	156	LYS
1	A	162	LYS
1	B	18	LEU
1	B	19	ASP
1	B	53	LEU
1	B	118	THR
1	B	156	LYS
1	B	162	LYS
2	C	170	ASP
2	C	205	ILE
2	D	170	ASP
2	D	206	THR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	159	ASN
1	B	81	HIS
1	B	139	HIS
1	B	159	ASN
2	D	228	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

4 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
1	CRO	B	66	1	22,23,24	5.81	5 (22%)	30,32,34	2.82	7 (23%)
2	CH6	D	66	2	23,24,25	4.80	5 (21%)	28,32,34	3.15	6 (21%)
1	CRO	A	66	1	22,23,24	5.77	5 (22%)	30,32,34	2.97	6 (20%)
2	CH6	C	66	2	23,24,25	4.75	5 (21%)	28,32,34	3.19	6 (21%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	CRO	B	66	1	-	1/12/31/32	0/2/2/2
2	CH6	D	66	2	-	6/12/31/32	0/2/2/2
1	CRO	A	66	1	-	1/12/31/32	0/2/2/2
2	CH6	C	66	2	-	4/12/31/32	0/2/2/2

All (20) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	B	66	CRO	CB2-CA2	23.51	1.57	1.35
1	A	66	CRO	CB2-CA2	23.40	1.57	1.35
2	D	66	CH6	CB2-CA2	18.50	1.52	1.35
2	C	66	CH6	CB2-CA2	18.27	1.52	1.35
1	B	66	CRO	O2-C2	8.82	1.41	1.23
1	A	66	CRO	O2-C2	8.79	1.41	1.23
2	D	66	CH6	O2-C2	8.64	1.40	1.23
2	C	66	CH6	O2-C2	8.59	1.40	1.23
1	B	66	CRO	C1-N2	7.90	1.43	1.32
1	A	66	CRO	C1-N2	7.89	1.43	1.32
2	C	66	CH6	C1-N2	7.18	1.42	1.32
2	D	66	CH6	C1-N2	7.13	1.42	1.32
2	D	66	CH6	C1-N3	5.20	1.46	1.37
2	C	66	CH6	C1-N3	5.12	1.45	1.37
1	A	66	CRO	C1-N3	4.32	1.44	1.37
2	D	66	CH6	CG2-CB2	4.29	1.54	1.46
1	B	66	CRO	C1-N3	4.23	1.44	1.37
2	C	66	CH6	CG2-CB2	4.11	1.54	1.46
1	B	66	CRO	CG2-CB2	3.72	1.53	1.46
1	A	66	CRO	CG2-CB2	3.39	1.53	1.46

All (25) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	D	66	CH6	CG2-CB2-CA2	-10.67	117.18	129.87
1	A	66	CRO	CG2-CB2-CA2	-10.56	117.31	129.87
2	C	66	CH6	CG2-CB2-CA2	-10.29	117.63	129.87
2	C	66	CH6	O2-C2-CA2	-9.40	125.02	131.02
1	B	66	CRO	CG2-CB2-CA2	-9.13	119.02	129.87
2	D	66	CH6	O2-C2-CA2	-8.41	125.66	131.02
1	B	66	CRO	O2-C2-CA2	-7.57	126.19	131.02
1	A	66	CRO	O2-C2-CA2	-7.54	126.21	131.02
2	D	66	CH6	CA2-C2-N3	6.15	108.66	103.50
1	B	66	CRO	CA2-C2-N3	5.98	108.53	103.50
1	A	66	CRO	CA2-C2-N3	5.93	108.48	103.50
2	C	66	CH6	CA2-C2-N3	5.92	108.48	103.50
1	A	66	CRO	N3-C1-N2	-4.67	107.80	111.48
2	C	66	CH6	N3-C1-N2	-4.38	108.03	111.48
1	B	66	CRO	N3-C1-N2	-4.38	108.03	111.48
2	D	66	CH6	N3-C1-N2	-4.33	108.07	111.48
1	B	66	CRO	CA2-N2-C1	3.90	108.85	105.80
1	A	66	CRO	CA2-N2-C1	3.81	108.78	105.80
1	B	66	CRO	C2-CA2-N2	-2.77	106.97	108.95

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	C	66	CH6	CE1-CZ-CE2	-2.75	115.39	119.77
2	D	66	CH6	CE1-CZ-CE2	-2.67	115.51	119.77
1	A	66	CRO	C2-CA2-N2	-2.64	107.06	108.95
2	C	66	CH6	CA2-N2-C1	2.49	107.75	105.80
2	D	66	CH6	CA2-N2-C1	2.48	107.74	105.80
1	B	66	CRO	CA1-C1-N2	2.05	126.66	123.88

There are no chirality outliers.

All (12) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	C	66	CH6	C1-CA1-CB1-CG1
2	C	66	CH6	N2-CA2-CB2-CG2
2	C	66	CH6	C2-CA2-CB2-CG2
2	D	66	CH6	N1-CA1-CB1-CG1
2	D	66	CH6	C1-CA1-CB1-CG1
2	D	66	CH6	N2-CA2-CB2-CG2
2	D	66	CH6	C2-CA2-CB2-CG2
1	A	66	CRO	C3-CA3-N3-C2
2	D	66	CH6	CB1-CG1-SD-CE
2	D	66	CH6	C3-CA3-N3-C1
1	B	66	CRO	C3-CA3-N3-C2
2	C	66	CH6	N1-CA1-CB1-CG1

There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 6 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	B	66	CRO	2	0
2	D	66	CH6	1	0
1	A	66	CRO	2	0
2	C	66	CH6	1	0

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	189/194 (97%)	0.31	5 (2%) 57 51	45, 88, 144, 181	0
1	B	189/194 (97%)	0.36	4 (2%) 63 58	54, 94, 128, 153	0
2	C	257/260 (98%)	0.11	4 (1%) 70 66	42, 64, 95, 133	1 (0%)
2	D	257/260 (98%)	0.05	2 (0%) 82 80	41, 66, 97, 122	0
All	All	892/908 (98%)	0.19	15 (1%) 69 64	41, 73, 122, 181	1 (0%)

All (15) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	192	PRO	4.2
2	C	208	ALA	3.6
1	B	83	PHE	3.3
1	A	161	ILE	3.0
2	D	171	LEU	2.9
2	C	210	GLY	2.8
1	A	193	VAL	2.7
1	B	194	LEU	2.7
2	D	263	THR	2.2
1	A	133	ASP	2.2
2	C	5	MET	2.2
1	B	192	PRO	2.1
2	C	171	LEU	2.1
1	B	193	VAL	2.1
1	A	105	THR	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column

labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors($\text{\AA}^2$)	Q<0.9
1	CRO	B	66	22/23	0.89	0.13	54,64,79,88	0
2	CH6	C	66	23/24	0.91	0.12	48,56,61,73	0
2	CH6	D	66	23/24	0.91	0.11	57,65,70,82	0
1	CRO	A	66	22/23	0.93	0.10	55,70,75,75	0

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.