



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 9, 2026 – 07:21 AM UTC

PDB ID : 5KG8 / pdb_00005kg8
EMDB ID : EMD-8244
Title : Rigor myosin X co-complexed with an actin filament
Authors : Sindelar, C.V.; Houdusse, A.; Sweeney, L.
Deposited on : 2016-06-12
Resolution : 9.10 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

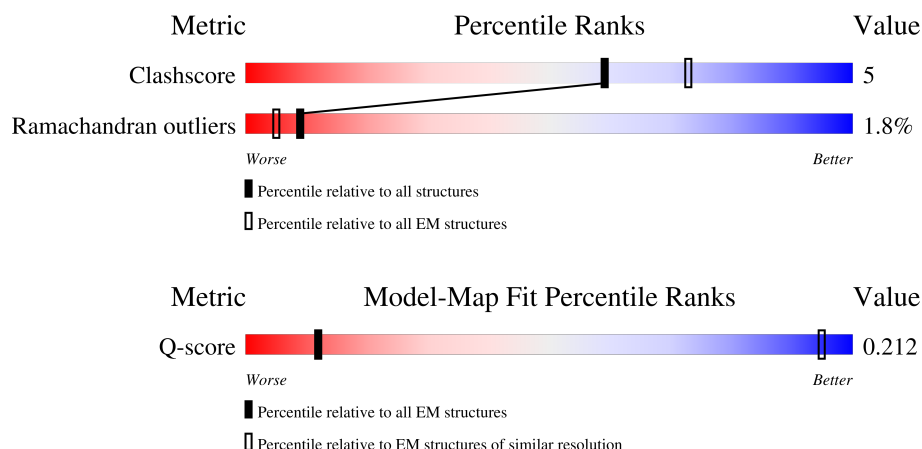
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

1 Overall quality at a glance i

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 9.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Q-score	-	25397	244 (8.60 - 9.60)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	739	26% 84% 6% • 8%
2	B	375	5% 78% 6% 17%
2	C	375	7% 78% 5% 17%
2	D	375	5% 79% 5% 17%

2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6464 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Unconventional myosin-X.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
1	A	677	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			2708	1354	677	677		

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	599	ALA	THR	conflict	UNP Q9HD67
A	600	ALA	LEU	conflict	UNP Q9HD67
A	601	ALA	LYS	conflict	UNP Q9HD67
A	602	ALA	CYS	conflict	UNP Q9HD67
A	603	ALA	GLY	conflict	UNP Q9HD67
A	604	ALA	SER	conflict	UNP Q9HD67
A	605	ALA	LYS	conflict	UNP Q9HD67
A	606	ALA	HIS	conflict	UNP Q9HD67

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Actin, alpha skeletal muscle.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
2	B	313	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			1252	626	313	313		
2	C	313	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			1252	626	313	313		
2	D	313	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			1252	626	313	313		

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	73	CYS	HIS	conflict	UNP P68135
C	73	CYS	HIS	conflict	UNP P68135
D	73	CYS	HIS	conflict	UNP P68135

4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	HELICAL	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	HELICAL, twist=167.1°, rise=27.44 Å, axial sym=C1	Depositor
Number of segments used	57927	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TECNAI F20	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	200	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{Å}^2$)	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1438	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	5251	Depositor
Magnification	26780	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.115	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.029	Depositor
Average map value	0.007	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.017	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.05	Depositor
Map size (Å)	239.104, 239.104, 239.104	wwPDB
Map dimensions	128, 128, 128	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.868, 1.868, 1.868	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	1.07	9/2701 (0.3%)	1.54	32/3364 (1.0%)
2	B	0.39	0/1248	1.18	7/1553 (0.5%)
2	C	0.42	0/1248	1.21	7/1553 (0.5%)
2	D	0.41	0/1248	1.20	7/1553 (0.5%)
All	All	0.76	9/6445 (0.1%)	1.35	53/8023 (0.7%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	8

All (9) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	474	TYR	C-O	-16.86	1.04	1.24
1	A	485	ASP	CA-C	-12.69	1.37	1.52
1	A	473	GLU	C-O	-9.88	1.12	1.24
1	A	373	LEU	C-N	-9.74	1.18	1.33
1	A	320	LYS	C-N	-8.43	1.21	1.33
1	A	86	ARG	C-O	-8.31	1.14	1.24
1	A	580	ARG	CA-C	-7.60	1.42	1.52
1	A	478	GLY	C-O	-5.97	1.15	1.23
1	A	509	GLU	C-O	-5.93	1.16	1.24

All (53) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	580	ARG	CA-C-O	-22.73	88.01	120.51
1	A	478	GLY	O-C-N	-12.04	107.05	122.70
1	A	373	LEU	CA-C-N	11.98	141.04	122.23

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	373	LEU	C-N-CA	11.98	141.04	122.23
1	A	473	GLU	O-C-N	-10.24	110.48	122.15
1	A	260	TYR	O-C-N	9.08	134.04	122.87
1	A	580	ARG	N-CA-C	8.61	129.14	110.80
1	A	478	GLY	CA-C-O	7.54	133.69	120.57
1	A	52	GLN	CA-C-N	7.49	135.18	121.70
1	A	52	GLN	C-N-CA	7.49	135.18	121.70
2	C	236	LEU	N-CA-C	-7.43	104.24	112.72
1	A	373	LEU	O-C-N	-7.17	112.83	122.43
2	D	236	LEU	N-CA-C	-7.05	104.68	112.72
1	A	299	THR	N-CA-C	-7.01	100.18	111.04
1	A	485	ASP	N-CA-C	6.96	120.03	108.96
1	A	473	GLU	CA-C-O	6.94	127.78	120.42
1	A	445	HIS	CA-C-N	6.91	129.53	120.28
1	A	445	HIS	C-N-CA	6.91	129.53	120.28
2	D	311	ASP	N-CA-C	-6.70	105.11	113.28
1	A	346	GLY	N-CA-C	-6.48	100.95	112.22
2	B	236	LEU	N-CA-C	-6.44	105.38	112.72
1	A	93	TYR	CA-C-N	6.43	133.27	121.70
1	A	93	TYR	C-N-CA	6.43	133.27	121.70
1	A	508	GLU	CA-C-O	6.14	127.27	120.82
1	A	59	PRO	CA-C-N	6.14	133.26	121.54
1	A	59	PRO	C-N-CA	6.14	133.26	121.54
2	D	366	GLY	CA-C-N	6.12	126.57	119.47
2	D	366	GLY	C-N-CA	6.12	126.57	119.47
1	A	485	ASP	CA-C-O	-6.11	113.58	120.43
2	C	311	ASP	N-CA-C	-5.87	106.11	113.28
2	B	163	VAL	N-CA-C	5.86	114.41	107.73
2	B	101	HIS	CA-C-N	5.71	126.58	120.13
2	B	101	HIS	C-N-CA	5.71	126.58	120.13
2	C	101	HIS	CA-C-N	5.67	126.54	120.13
2	C	101	HIS	C-N-CA	5.67	126.54	120.13
1	A	608	ARG	CA-C-N	5.66	126.53	120.13
1	A	608	ARG	C-N-CA	5.66	126.53	120.13
1	A	299	THR	CA-C-N	5.66	132.15	121.97
1	A	299	THR	C-N-CA	5.66	132.15	121.97
1	A	301	SER	CA-C-N	5.65	127.85	120.28
1	A	301	SER	C-N-CA	5.65	127.85	120.28
1	A	390	ASN	O-C-N	-5.57	116.16	122.68
1	A	485	ASP	O-C-N	5.51	129.47	123.13
2	D	64	ILE	N-CA-C	-5.42	107.19	112.29
2	B	366	GLY	CA-C-N	5.38	126.57	119.84

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	366	GLY	C-N-CA	5.38	126.57	119.84
2	B	311	ASP	N-CA-C	-5.37	106.73	113.28
2	D	101	HIS	CA-C-N	5.31	126.13	120.13
2	D	101	HIS	C-N-CA	5.31	126.13	120.13
2	C	366	GLY	CA-C-N	5.24	126.39	119.84
2	C	366	GLY	C-N-CA	5.24	126.39	119.84
2	C	201	VAL	N-CA-C	5.21	115.94	110.62
1	A	723	LYS	N-CA-C	5.13	117.47	109.52

There are no chirality outliers.

All (8) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	104	ASN	Mainchain
1	A	345	GLY	Peptide
1	A	486	TRP	Peptide
1	A	532	HIS	Peptide
1	A	580	ARG	Mainchain
1	A	581	PHE	Peptide,Mainchain
1	A	607	ARG	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2708	0	725	21	0
2	B	1252	0	340	7	0
2	C	1252	0	340	6	0
2	D	1252	0	340	5	0
All	All	6464	0	1745	38	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All (38) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:532:HIS:C	1:A:534:TYR:H	1.78	0.91
1:A:580:ARG:O	1:A:581:PHE:C	2.23	0.80
1:A:474:TYR:O	1:A:478:GLY:O	2.05	0.74
1:A:532:HIS:C	1:A:534:TYR:N	2.48	0.66
1:A:580:ARG:O	1:A:581:PHE:O	2.13	0.65
1:A:86:ARG:O	1:A:90:ASN:O	2.13	0.65
2:C:21:PHE:O	2:C:23:GLY:N	2.30	0.65
2:D:21:PHE:O	2:D:23:GLY:N	2.33	0.62
1:A:580:ARG:C	1:A:581:PHE:O	2.45	0.59
2:C:251:GLY:O	2:C:253:GLU:N	2.35	0.58
1:A:528:HIS:O	1:A:531:ASN:O	2.23	0.57
1:A:58:HIS:O	1:A:59:PRO:C	2.47	0.57
1:A:585:TYR:C	1:A:587:LEU:H	2.12	0.56
2:D:251:GLY:O	2:D:253:GLU:N	2.39	0.55
2:D:13:GLY:C	2:D:15:GLY:H	2.16	0.54
2:B:21:PHE:O	2:B:23:GLY:N	2.40	0.53
2:B:13:GLY:C	2:B:15:GLY:H	2.18	0.52
1:A:513:PRO:CA	2:B:146:GLY:O	2.58	0.51
1:A:206:ALA:O	1:A:262:ILE:N	2.39	0.51
1:A:473:GLU:O	1:A:477:GLU:N	2.42	0.50
2:B:251:GLY:O	2:B:253:GLU:N	2.44	0.49
2:C:13:GLY:C	2:C:15:GLY:H	2.20	0.49
1:A:585:TYR:O	1:A:587:LEU:N	2.43	0.49
2:B:368:SER:C	2:B:370:VAL:H	2.21	0.48
1:A:645:PRO:O	1:A:646:ASP:C	2.57	0.47
1:A:473:GLU:O	1:A:477:GLU:CA	2.62	0.46
2:C:368:SER:O	2:C:370:VAL:N	2.48	0.46
1:A:86:ARG:O	1:A:90:ASN:C	2.58	0.46
2:B:351:THR:C	2:B:353:GLN:H	2.24	0.45
2:C:368:SER:C	2:C:370:VAL:H	2.25	0.45
2:C:351:THR:C	2:C:353:GLN:H	2.26	0.44
2:D:368:SER:C	2:D:370:VAL:H	2.24	0.44
1:A:532:HIS:O	1:A:534:TYR:N	2.41	0.43
1:A:61:ASN:C	1:A:63:GLU:H	2.27	0.43
1:A:353:THR:C	1:A:355:LEU:H	2.26	0.43
2:D:368:SER:O	2:D:370:VAL:N	2.52	0.42
2:B:368:SER:O	2:B:370:VAL:N	2.52	0.42
1:A:147:ARG:O	1:A:148:HIS:C	2.65	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	663/739 (90%)	619 (93%)	30 (4%)	14 (2%)	5	30
2	B	305/375 (81%)	267 (88%)	33 (11%)	5 (2%)	7	38
2	C	305/375 (81%)	267 (88%)	33 (11%)	5 (2%)	7	38
2	D	305/375 (81%)	265 (87%)	35 (12%)	5 (2%)	7	38
All	All	1578/1864 (85%)	1418 (90%)	131 (8%)	29 (2%)	9	34

All (29) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	59	PRO
1	A	105	PRO
1	A	296	GLU
1	A	300	ILE
1	A	487	ILE
1	A	533	PHE
2	B	22	ALA
2	B	45	VAL
2	B	369	ILE
2	C	22	ALA
2	C	45	VAL
2	C	252	ASN
2	C	369	ILE
2	D	22	ALA
2	D	45	VAL
2	D	252	ASN
2	D	369	ILE
1	A	543	ASN
1	A	586	ASP
1	A	646	ASP
2	B	252	ASN
1	A	52	GLN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	381	ARG
1	A	581	PHE
2	B	244	ASP
2	C	244	ASP
2	D	244	ASP
1	A	62	GLU
1	A	582	ASP

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report in this entry.

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

The following chains have linkage breaks:

Mol	Chain	Number of breaks
1	A	1

All chain breaks are listed below:

Model	Chain	Residue-1	Atom-1	Residue-2	Atom-2	Distance (Å)
1	A	373:LEU	C	374:THR	N	1.18

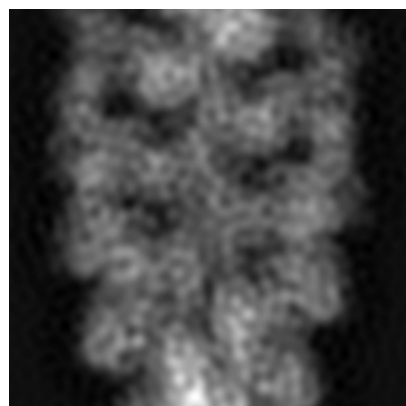
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-8244. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

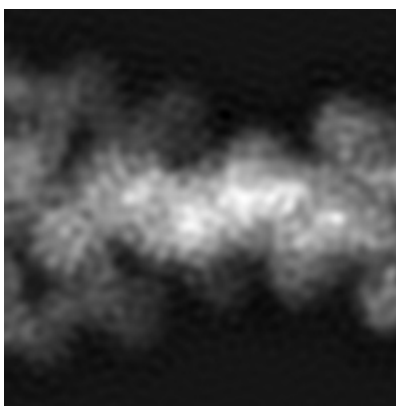
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

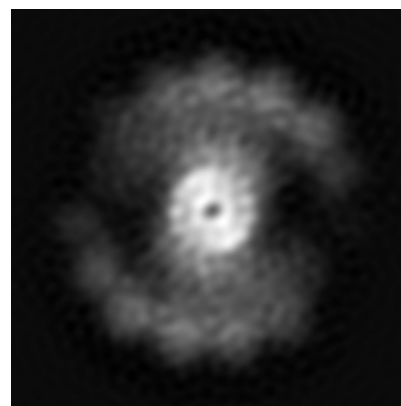
6.1.1 Primary map



X

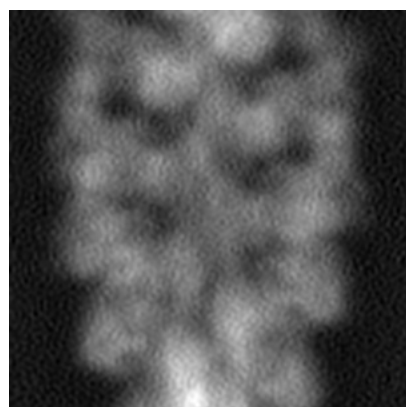


Y

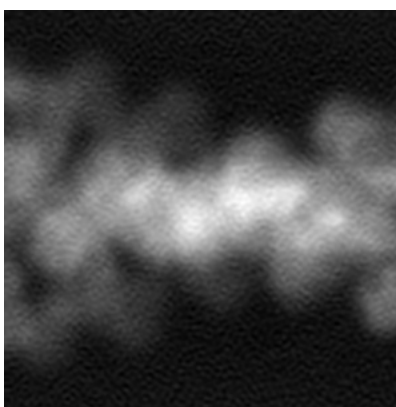


Z

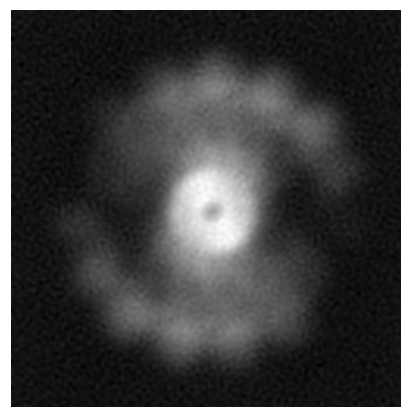
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

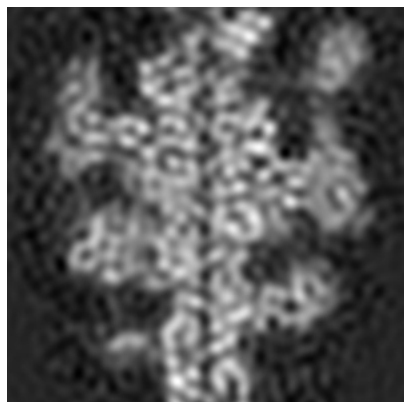


Z

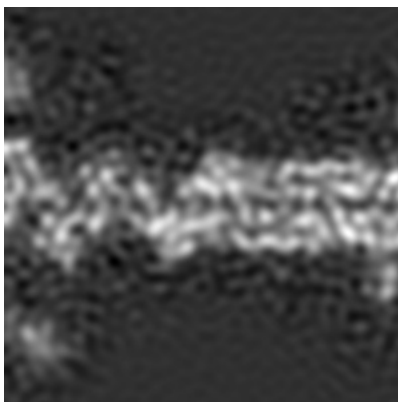
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

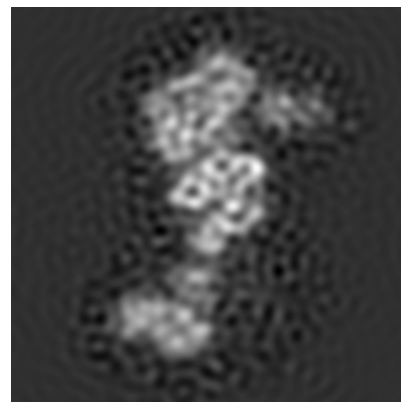
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 64

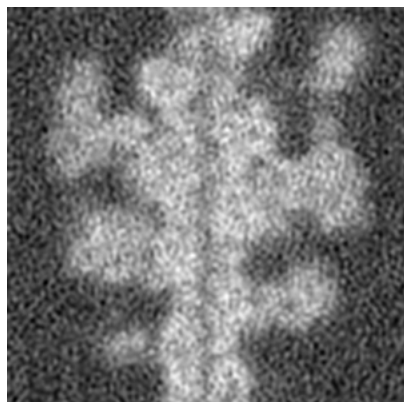


Y Index: 64

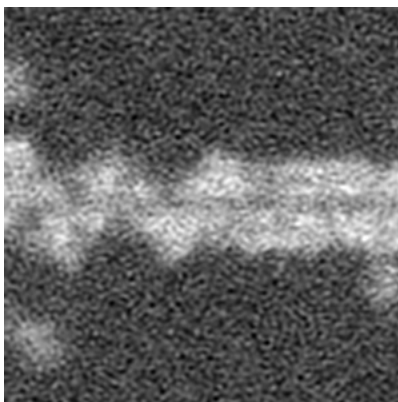


Z Index: 64

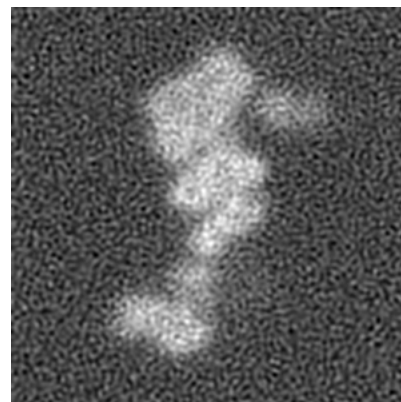
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 64



Y Index: 64



Z Index: 64

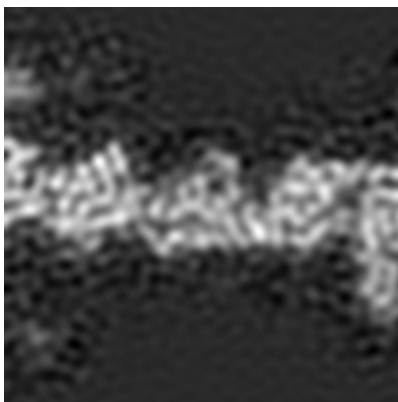
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

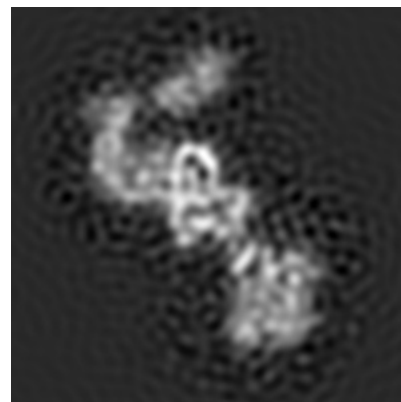
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 69

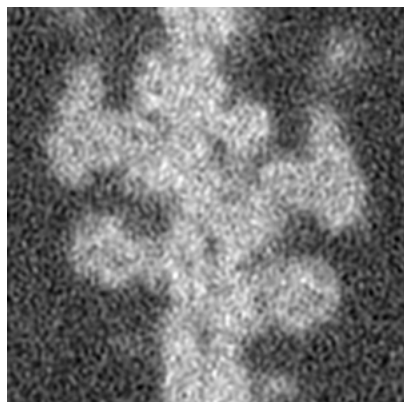


Y Index: 67

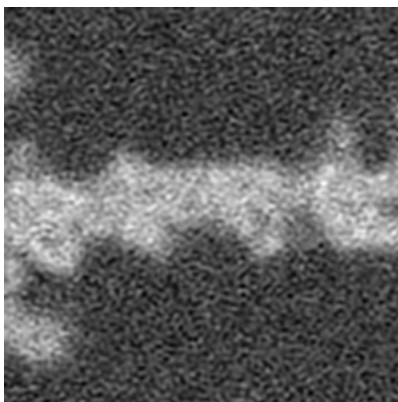


Z Index: 117

6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 68



Y Index: 58

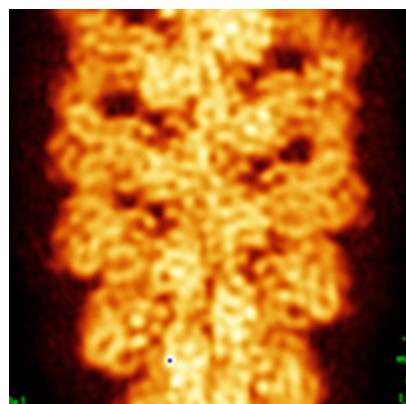


Z Index: 89

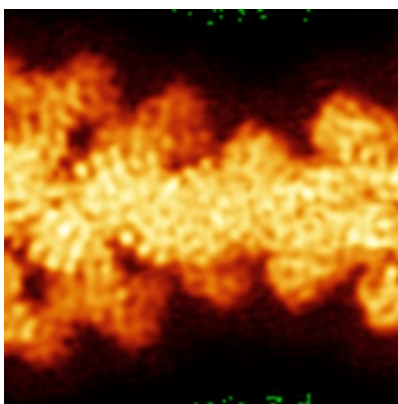
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

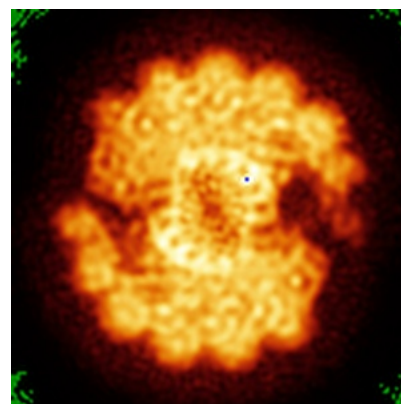
6.4.1 Primary map



X

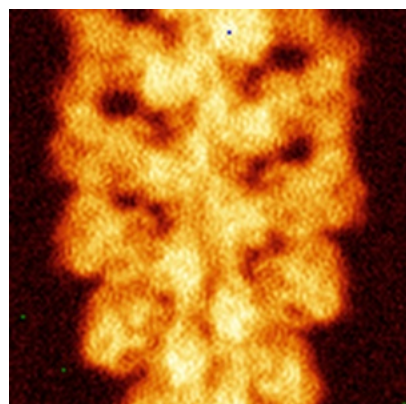


Y

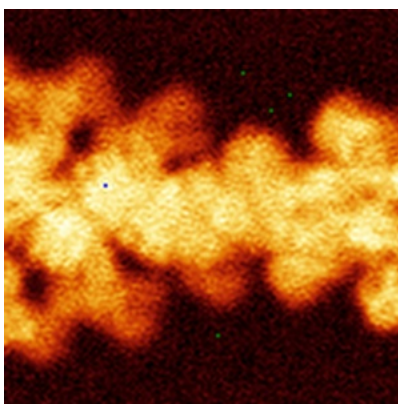


Z

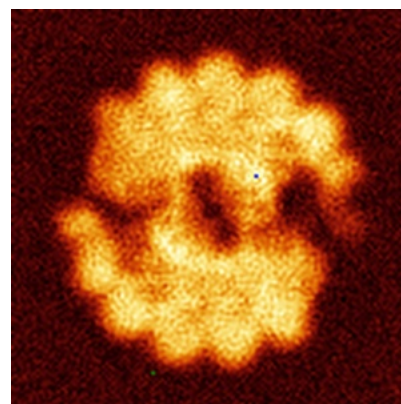
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

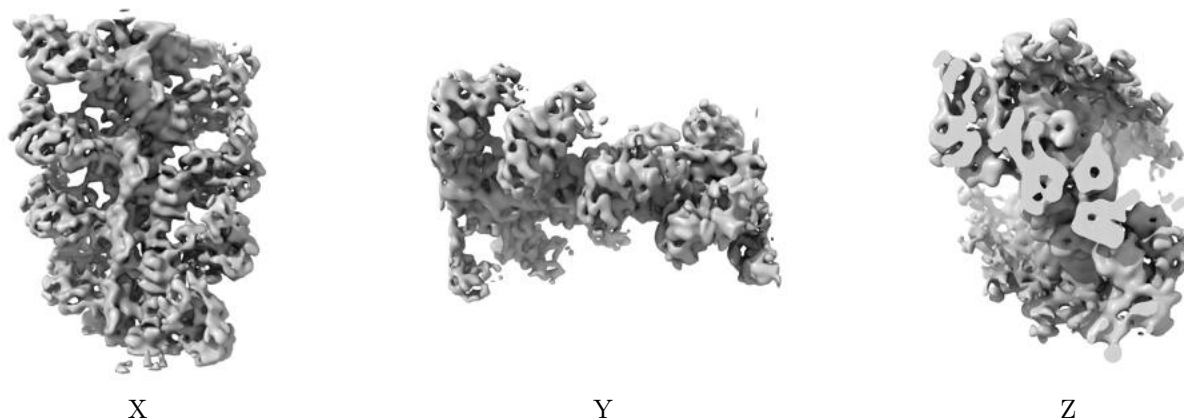


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

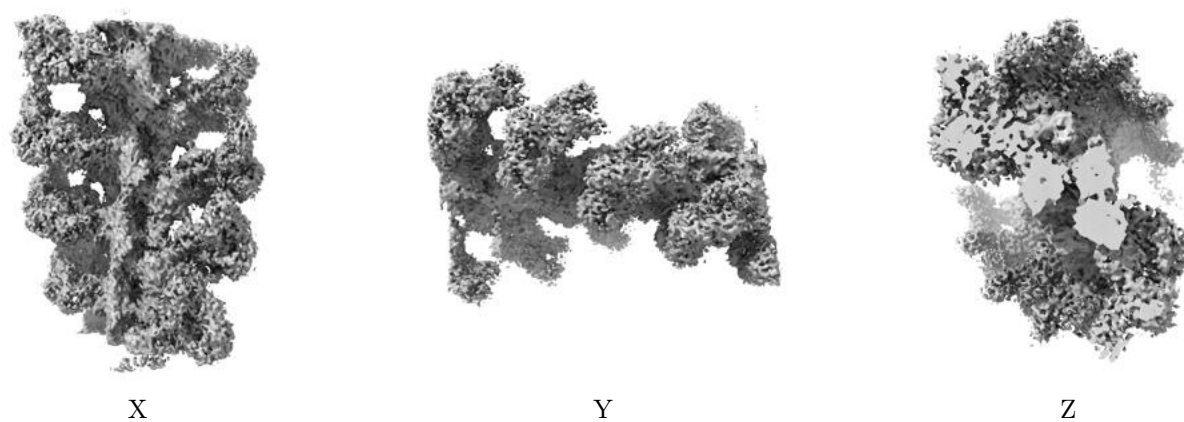
6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.05. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

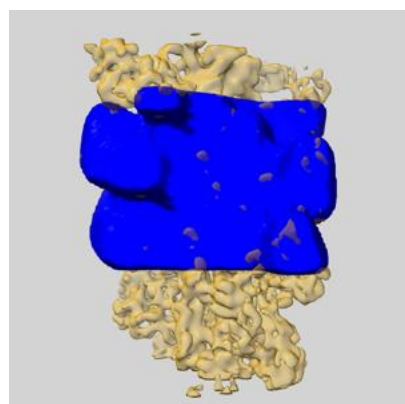
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

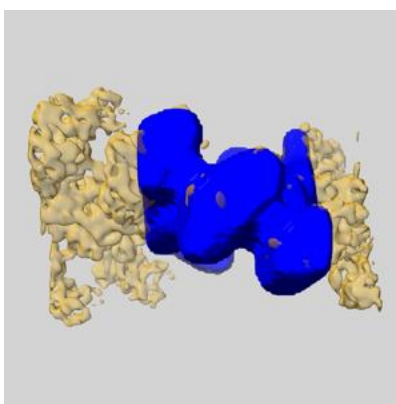
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

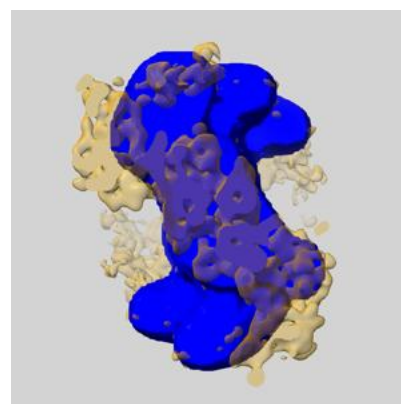
6.6.1 emd_8244_msk_1.map [i](#)



X



Y

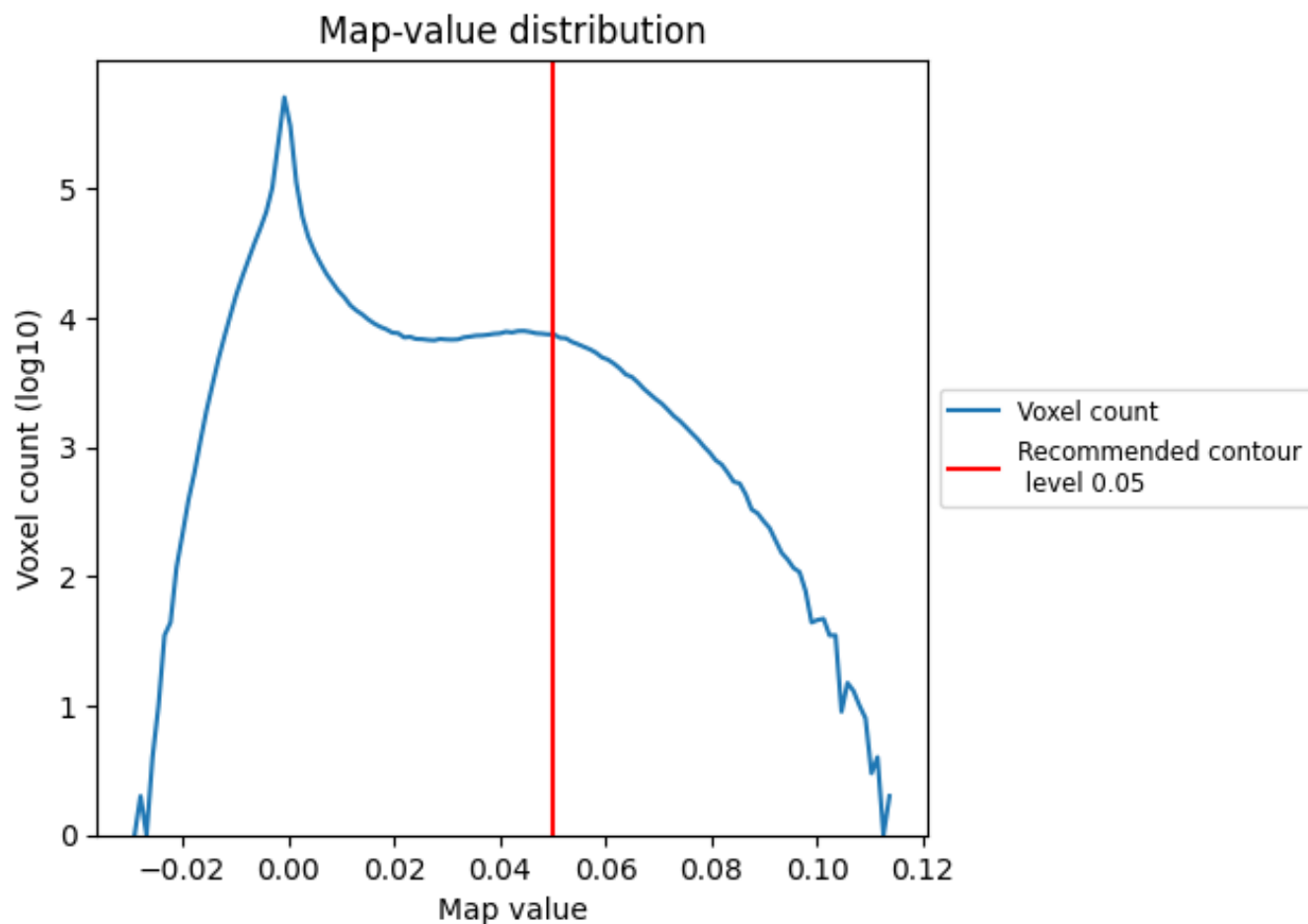


Z

7 Map analysis [i](#)

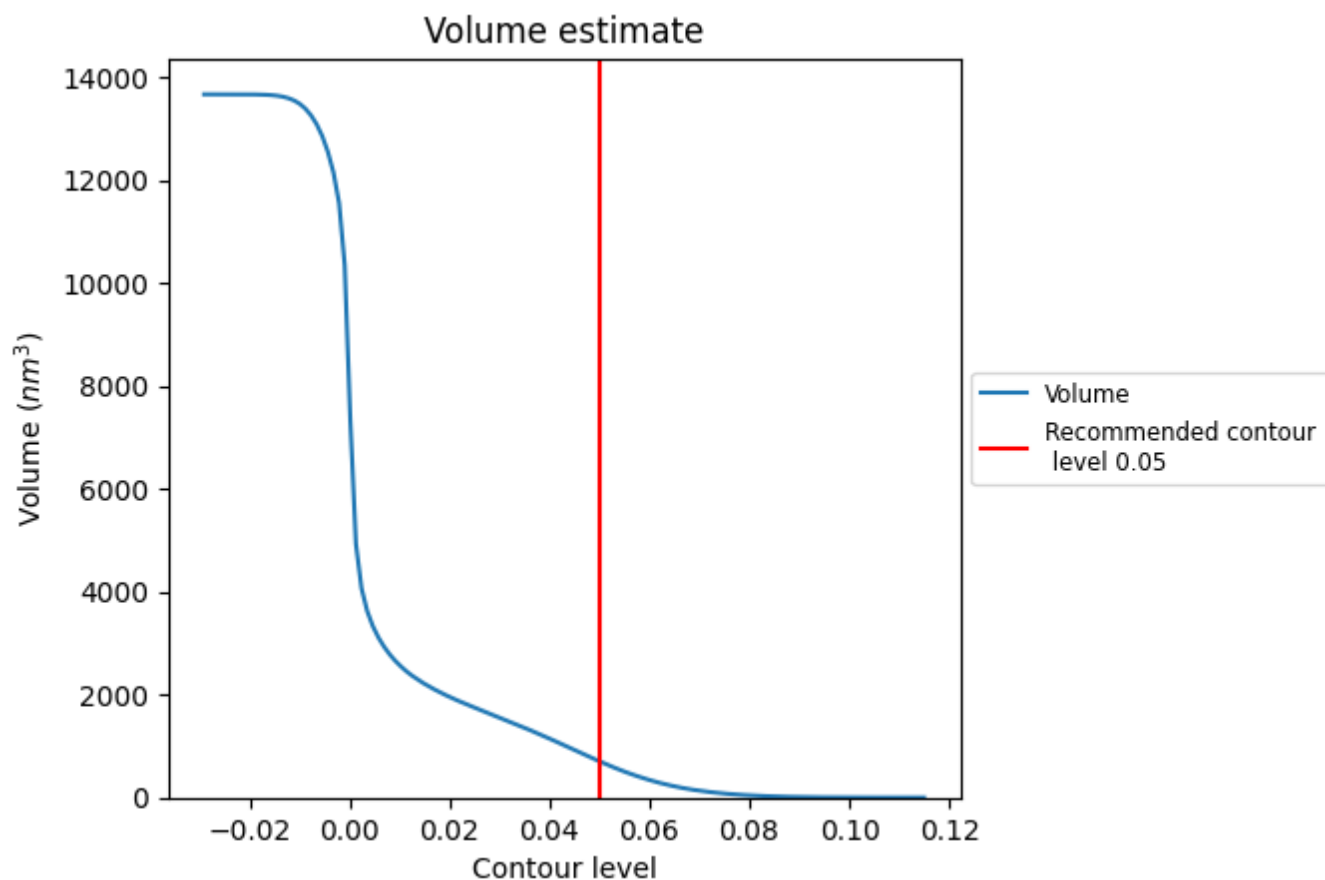
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

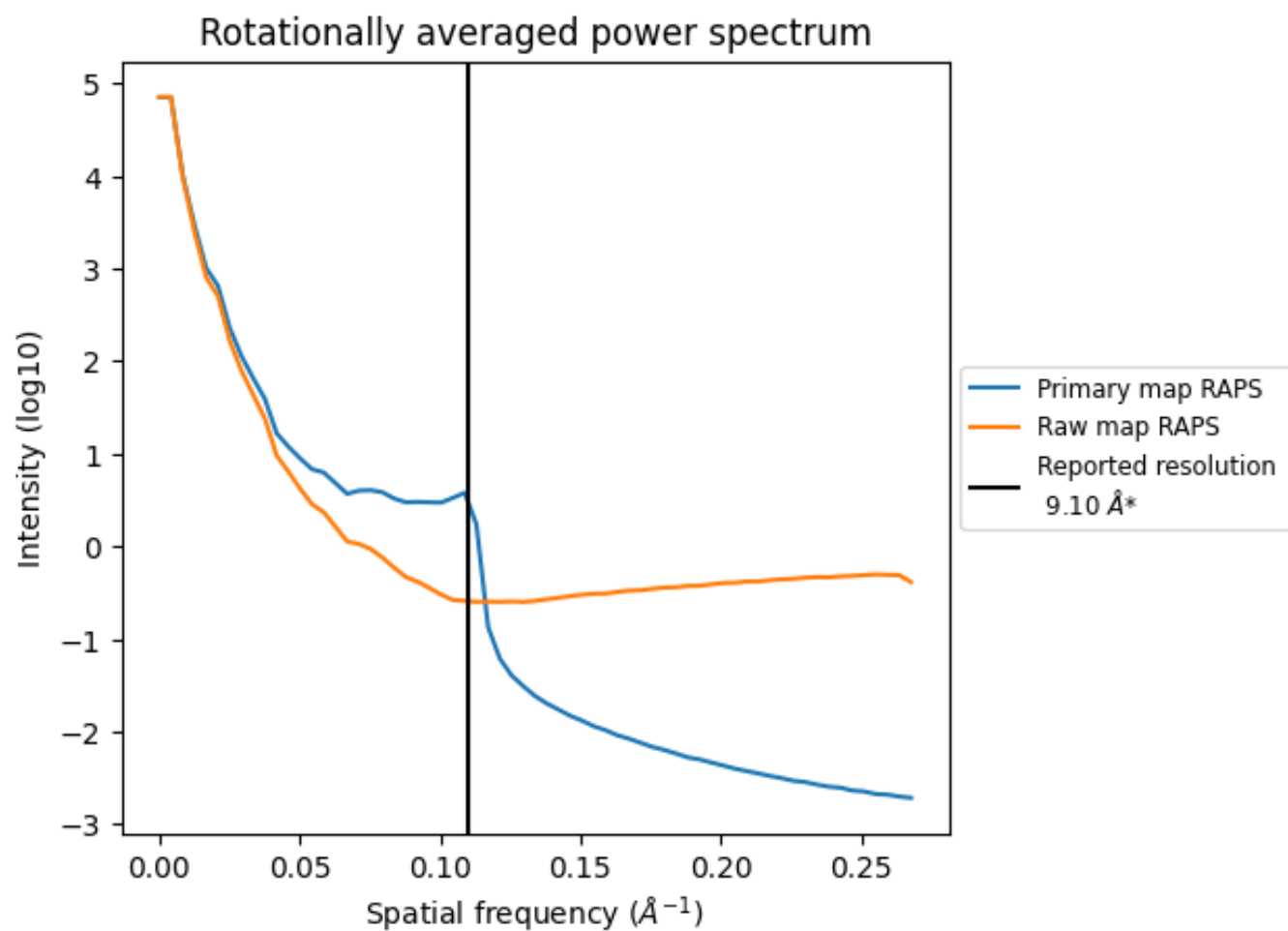
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 705 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 637 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

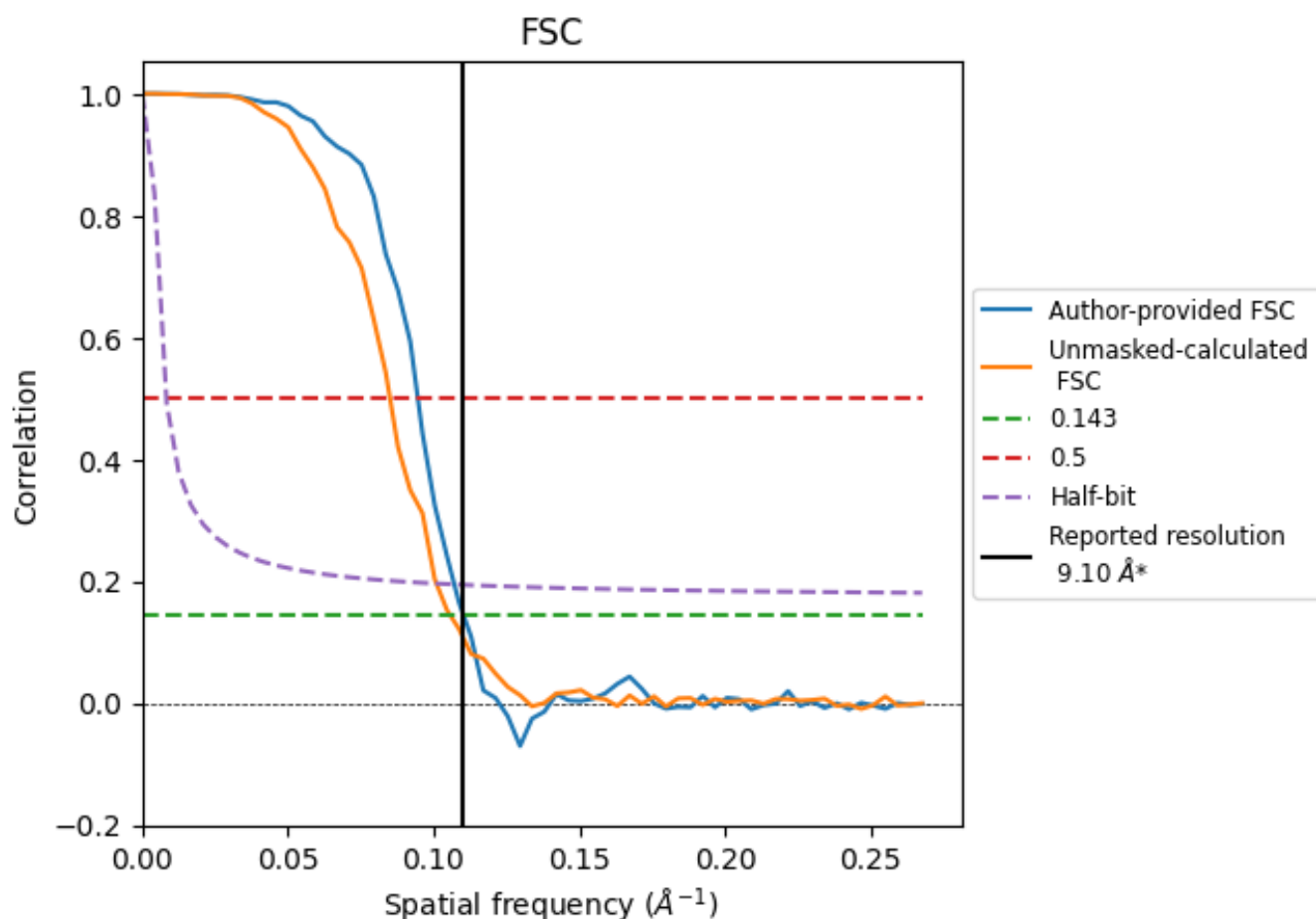


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.110 $\text{\AA}^{-1}$

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.110 $\text{\AA}^{-1}$

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

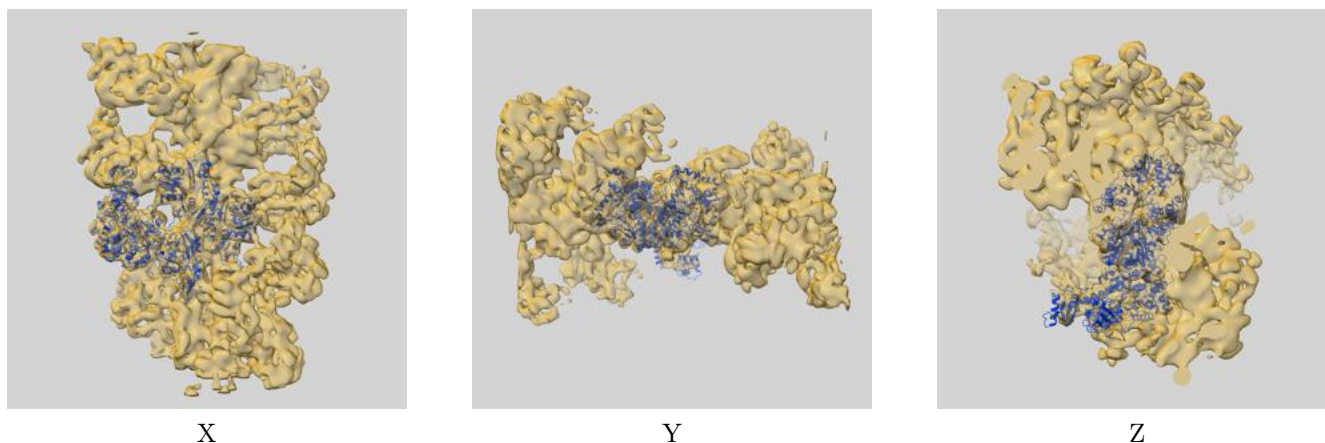
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	9.10	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	9.06	10.57	9.33
Unmasked-calculated*	9.45	11.75	9.90

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

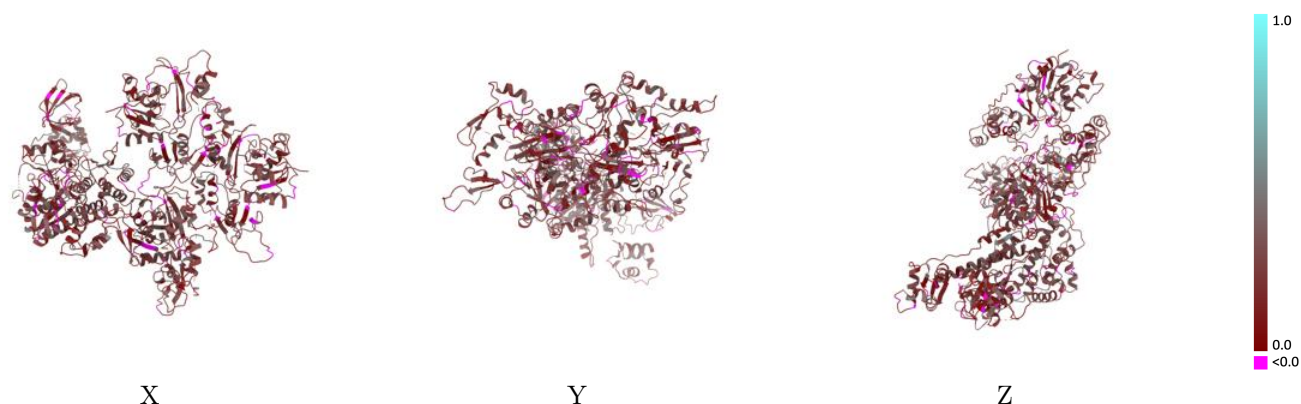
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-8244 and PDB model 5KG8. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in [section 3](#) on [page 4](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



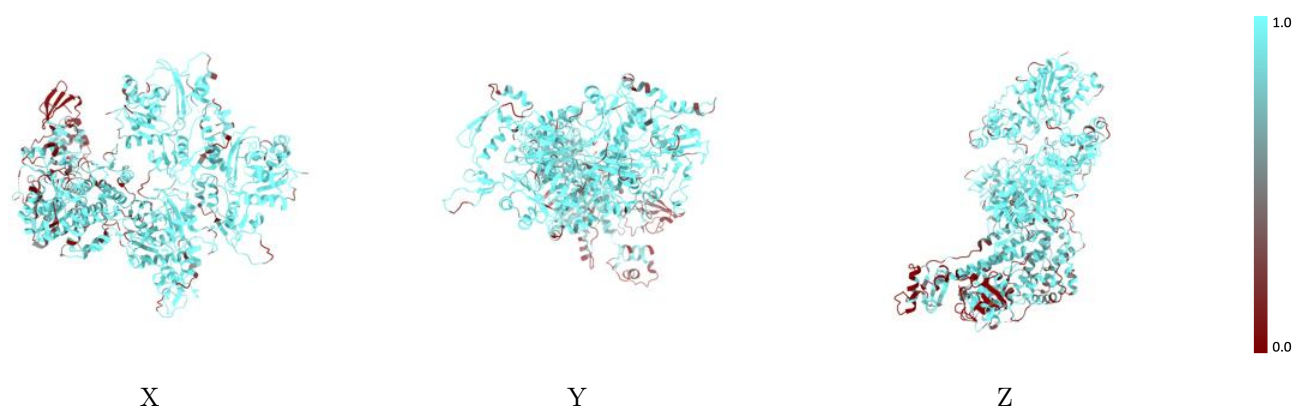
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.05 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



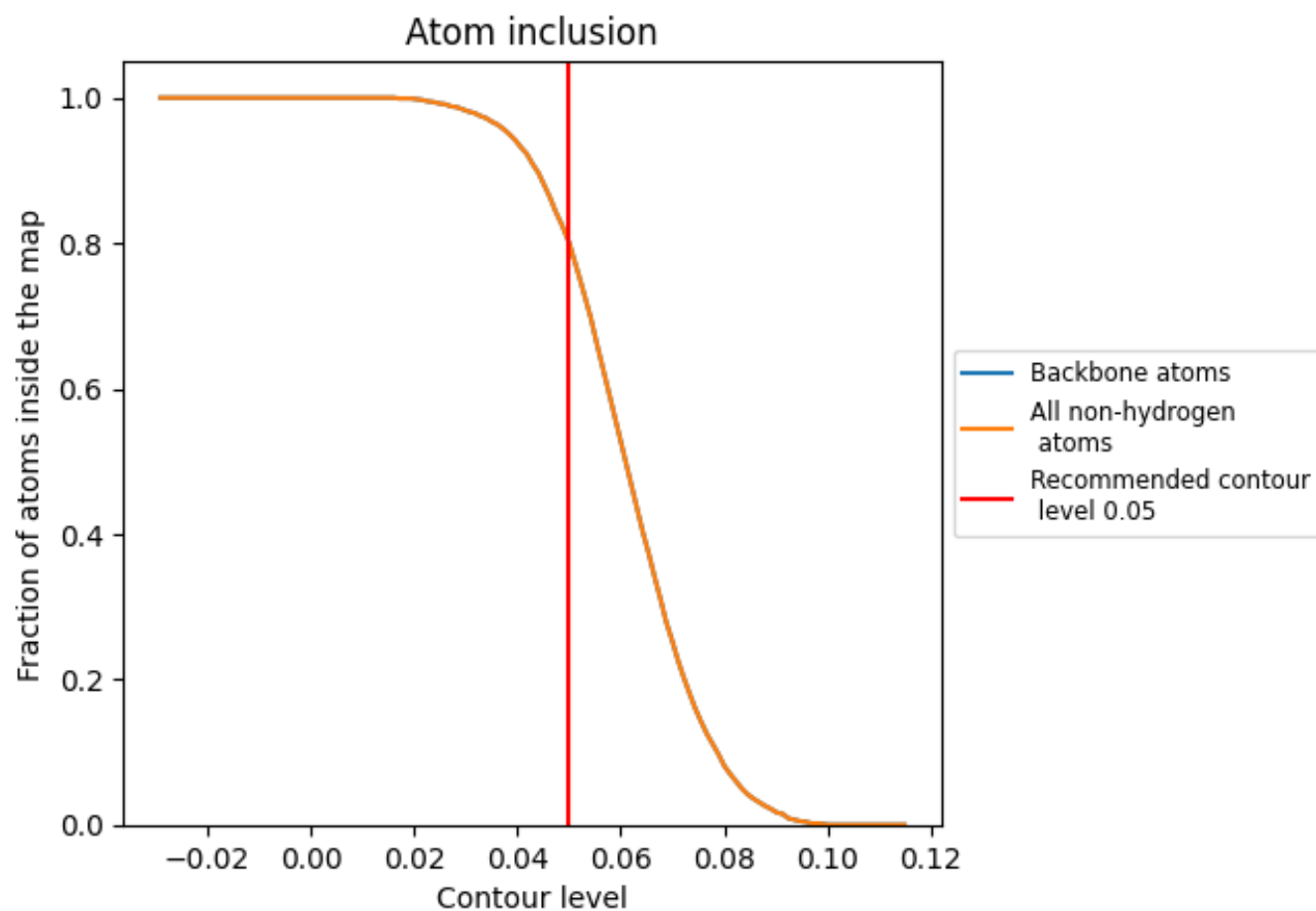
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.05).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 80% of all backbone atoms, 80% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.05) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.8010	0.2120
A	0.6670	0.2110
B	0.9070	0.2180
C	0.8860	0.2090
D	0.8990	0.2090

