



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 6, 2026 – 03:34 PM UTC

PDB ID : 2KMX / pdb_00002kmx
BMRB ID : 16441
Title : Solution structure of the nucleotide binding domain of the human Menkes protein in the ATP-bound form
Authors : Banci, L.; Bertini, I.; Cantini, F.; Inagaki, S.; Migliardi, M.; Rosato, A.
Deposited on : 2009-08-05

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Buster-report : wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
wwPDB-RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

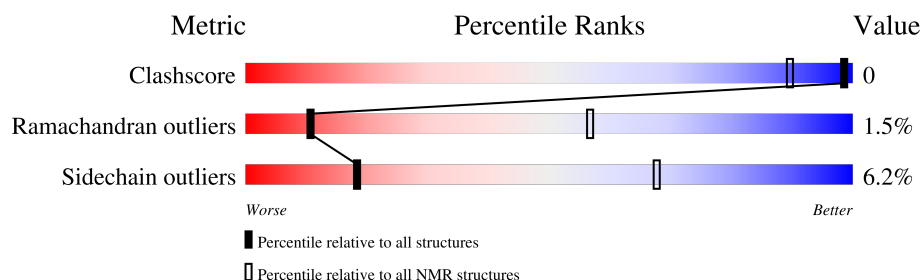
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 86%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	229148	14424
Ramachandran outliers	224038	12848
Sidechain outliers	223484	12823

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	185	

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 15 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *fewest violations*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:1053-A:1125, A:1177-A:1229 (126)	0.84	15

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters and 3 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 9, 10, 13, 15, 16, 18, 19, 20
2	6, 17
3	5, 8
Single-model clusters	11; 12; 14

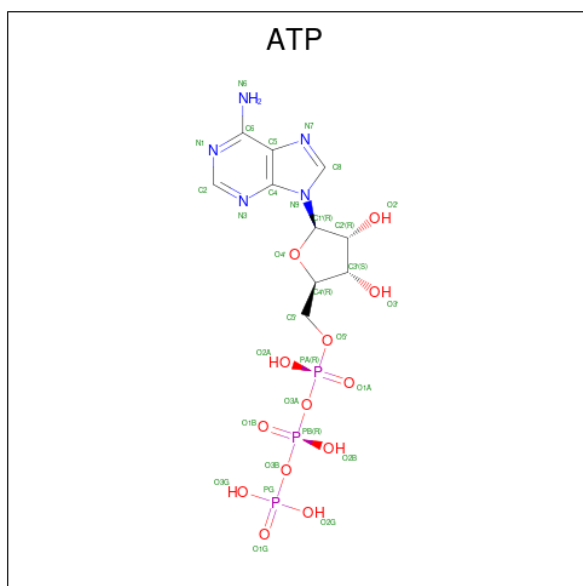
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Copper-transporting ATPase 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	185	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			2820	872	1405	249	285	9	

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1047	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q04656
A	1048	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP Q04656
A	1049	THR	-	expression tag	UNP Q04656
A	1050	MET	-	expression tag	UNP Q04656

- Molecule 2 is ADENOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (CCD ID: ATP) (formula: $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_5\text{O}_{13}\text{P}_3$).



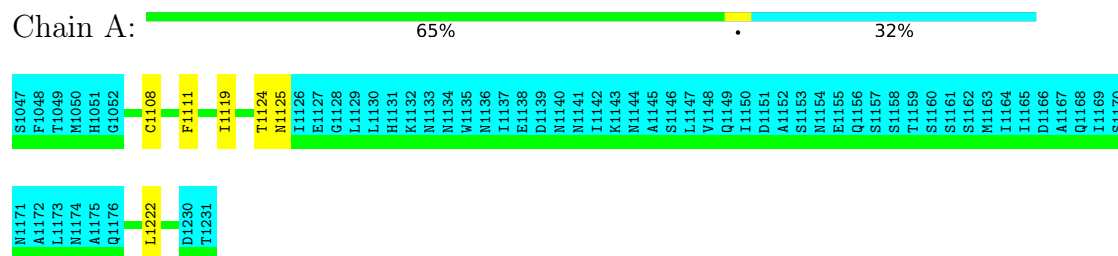
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					
2	A	1	Total	C	H	N	O	P
			43	10	12	5	13	3

4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Copper-transporting ATPase 1

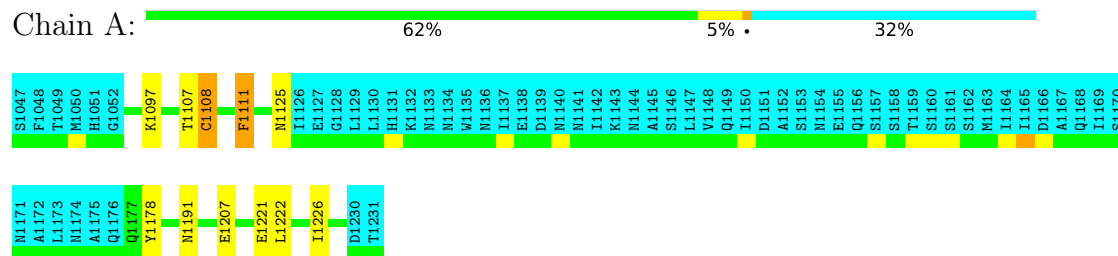


4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

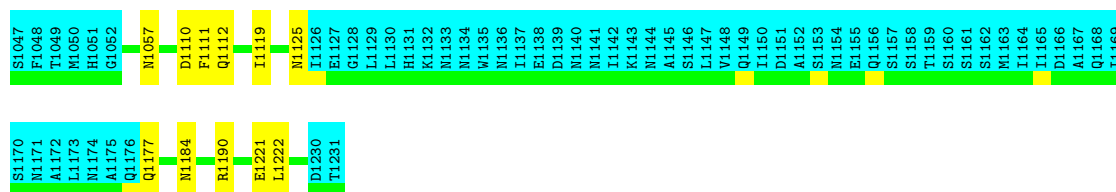
- Molecule 1: Copper-transporting ATPase 1



4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

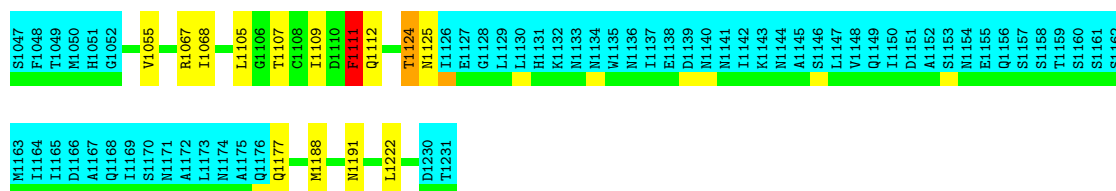
- Molecule 1: Copper-transporting ATPase 1





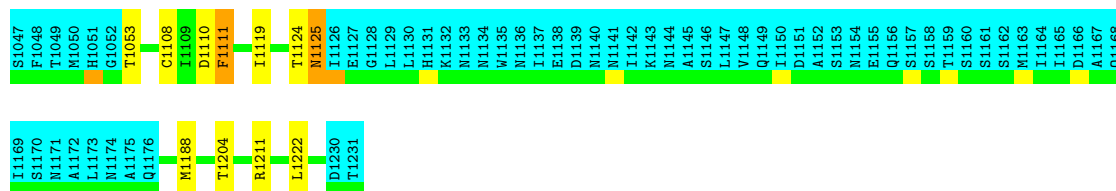
4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: Copper-transporting ATPase 1



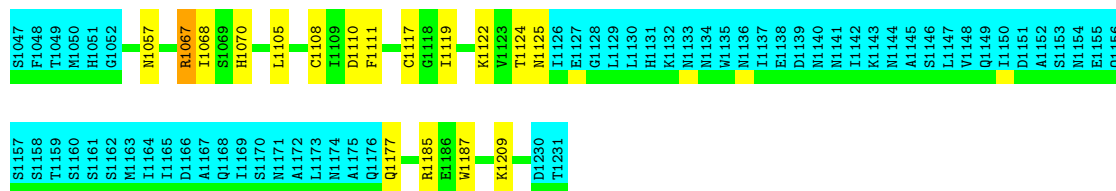
4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: Copper-transporting ATPase 1



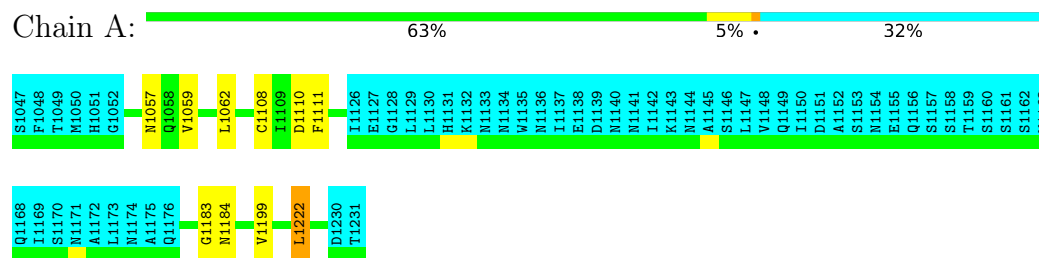
4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: Copper-transporting ATPase 1



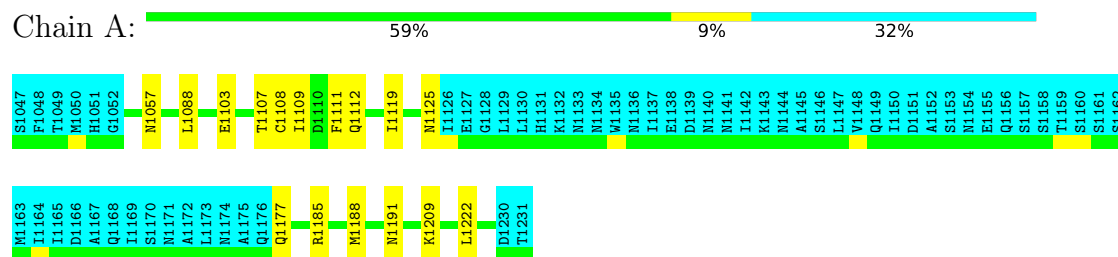
4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: Copper-transporting ATPase 1



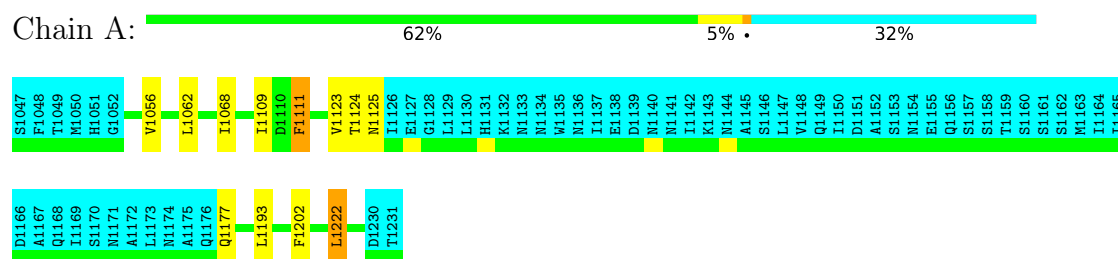
4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: Copper-transporting ATPase 1



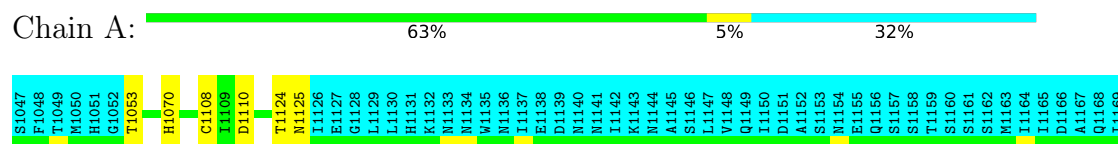
4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: Copper-transporting ATPase 1



4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: Copper-transporting ATPase 1

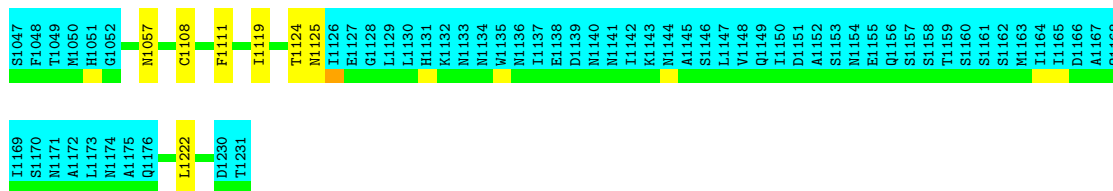




4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: Copper-transporting ATPase 1

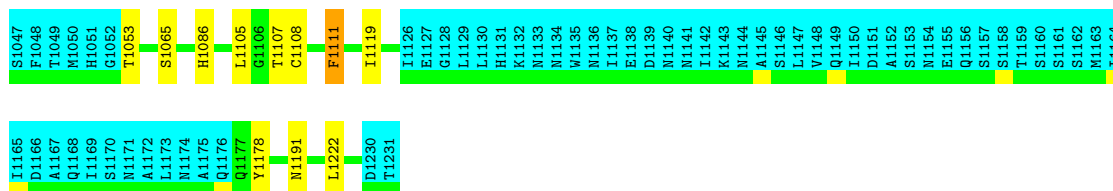
Chain A: 64% 32%



4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: Copper-transporting ATPase 1

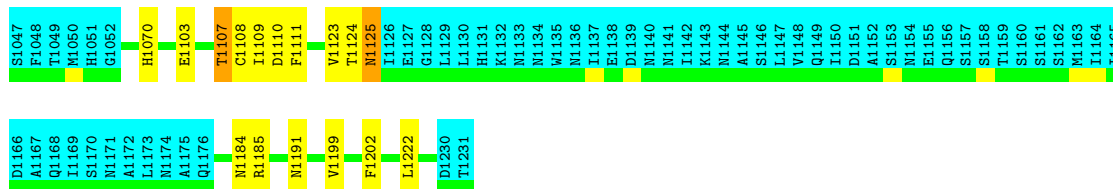
Chain A: 62% 5% 32%



4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: Copper-transporting ATPase 1

Chain A: 59% 8% 32%



4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: Copper-transporting ATPase 1

N1171	L1222	D1230
A1172		T1231
L1173		
N1174		
A1175		
Q1176		

5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 500 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *target function*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure solution	
Amber	refinement	10

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	2054
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	2046
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	8
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	86%

6 Model quality [i](#)

6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ATP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.91±0.01	0±0/979 (0.0± 0.0%)	1.53±0.03	4±2/1330 (0.3± 0.2%)
All	All	0.91	0/19580 (0.0%)	1.53	87/26600 (0.3%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0±0.0	0.1±0.3
All	All	0	2

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	1111	PHE	CA-CB-CG	8.78	122.58	113.80	1	10
1	A	1202	PHE	CA-CB-CG	7.45	121.25	113.80	14	4
1	A	1108	CYS	CA-C-N	7.10	133.09	122.58	6	13
1	A	1108	CYS	C-N-CA	7.10	133.09	122.58	6	13
1	A	1111	PHE	CA-C-N	6.82	132.33	122.44	1	4
1	A	1111	PHE	C-N-CA	6.82	132.33	122.44	1	4
1	A	1124	THR	CA-C-N	6.57	134.09	121.54	3	7
1	A	1124	THR	C-N-CA	6.57	134.09	121.54	3	7
1	A	1219	ASP	CA-CB-CG	6.40	119.00	112.60	19	1
1	A	1109	ILE	N-CA-CB	-5.89	105.55	112.32	7	1
1	A	1086	HIS	CA-C-N	5.78	124.98	118.97	11	1
1	A	1086	HIS	C-N-CA	5.78	124.98	118.97	11	1

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	1183	GLY	N-CA-C	5.64	117.79	110.45	6	1
1	A	1067	ARG	CA-C-N	5.54	129.77	122.51	5	1
1	A	1067	ARG	C-N-CA	5.54	129.77	122.51	5	1
1	A	1189	ILE	CA-C-N	5.42	129.35	120.63	16	1
1	A	1189	ILE	C-N-CA	5.42	129.35	120.63	16	1
1	A	1125	ASN	CA-CB-CG	-5.41	107.19	112.60	4	1
1	A	1053	THR	CA-C-N	5.35	125.55	120.31	11	1
1	A	1053	THR	C-N-CA	5.35	125.55	120.31	11	1
1	A	1110	ASP	CA-CB-CG	5.30	117.90	112.60	16	1
1	A	1070	HIS	N-CA-C	5.27	117.71	111.33	5	4
1	A	1125	ASN	CA-C-N	5.22	127.61	120.77	12	1
1	A	1125	ASN	C-N-CA	5.22	127.61	120.77	12	1
1	A	1184	ASN	CA-CB-CG	5.14	117.74	112.60	15	1
1	A	1207	GLU	CA-C-N	5.12	127.56	120.29	1	1
1	A	1207	GLU	C-N-CA	5.12	127.56	120.29	1	1
1	A	1183	GLY	CA-C-N	5.11	128.33	120.82	17	1
1	A	1183	GLY	C-N-CA	5.11	128.33	120.82	17	1
1	A	1125	ASN	OD1-CG-ND2	-5.02	117.58	122.60	4	1

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	1111	PHE	Sidechain	1
1	A	1185	ARG	Sidechain	1

6.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	966	979	979	0±1
All	All	19940	19820	19820	8

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 0.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:1107:THR:HG22	1:A:1108:CYS:H	0.56	1.60	7	2
1:A:1117:CYS:HG	1:A:1187:TRP:CD1	0.52	2.23	5	1
1:A:1062:LEU:HD23	1:A:1222:LEU:HD22	0.51	1.82	6	3
1:A:1207:GLU:HG2	1:A:1213:ALA:HB3	0.45	1.89	14	1
1:A:1203:MET:HE1	1:A:1215:LEU:HG	0.41	1.91	9	1

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	126/185 (68%)	115±2 (91±1%)	9±2 (7±2%)	2±1 (2±1%)	11	57
All	All	2520/3700 (68%)	2294 (91%)	187 (7%)	39 (2%)	11	57

All 10 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	1125	ASN	15
1	A	1111	PHE	6
1	A	1177	GLN	5
1	A	1190	ARG	3
1	A	1067	ARG	2
1	A	1103	GLU	2
1	A	1065	SER	2
1	A	1107	THR	2
1	A	1185	ARG	1
1	A	1068	ILE	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation

was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	110/162 (68%)	103±3 (94±2%)	7±3 (6±2%)	18	68
All	All	2200/3240 (68%)	2063 (94%)	137 (6%)	18	68

All 39 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	1222	LEU	17
1	A	1119	ILE	12
1	A	1111	PHE	9
1	A	1057	ASN	7
1	A	1110	ASP	7
1	A	1112	GLN	7
1	A	1191	ASN	5
1	A	1068	ILE	5
1	A	1105	LEU	5
1	A	1109	ILE	5
1	A	1177	GLN	4
1	A	1184	ASN	4
1	A	1107	THR	4
1	A	1124	THR	4
1	A	1185	ARG	4
1	A	1188	MET	3
1	A	1086	HIS	3
1	A	1097	LYS	2
1	A	1178	TYR	2
1	A	1221	GLU	2
1	A	1067	ARG	2
1	A	1053	THR	2
1	A	1209	LYS	2
1	A	1199	VAL	2
1	A	1088	LEU	2
1	A	1123	VAL	2
1	A	1074	LEU	2
1	A	1226	ILE	1
1	A	1055	VAL	1
1	A	1204	THR	1
1	A	1211	ARG	1
1	A	1108	CYS	1
1	A	1122	LYS	1
1	A	1059	VAL	1

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	1056	VAL	1
1	A	1193	LEU	1
1	A	1102	THR	1
1	A	1085	GLU	1
1	A	1219	ASP	1

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	ATP	A	1232	-	32,33,33	1.99±0.17	5±0 (14±1%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	ATP	A	1232	-	48,52,52	1.15±0.18	4±2 (8±4%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	ATP	A	1232	-	-	0±0,22,38,38	0±0,3,3,3

All unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	A	1232	ATP	PB-O3B	7.39	1.51	1.59	19	20
2	A	1232	ATP	PA-O3A	6.80	1.52	1.59	2	20
2	A	1232	ATP	PB-O3A	6.55	1.52	1.59	19	20
2	A	1232	ATP	PG-O3G	2.39	1.45	1.54	9	18
2	A	1232	ATP	PG-O2G	2.31	1.46	1.54	18	17

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

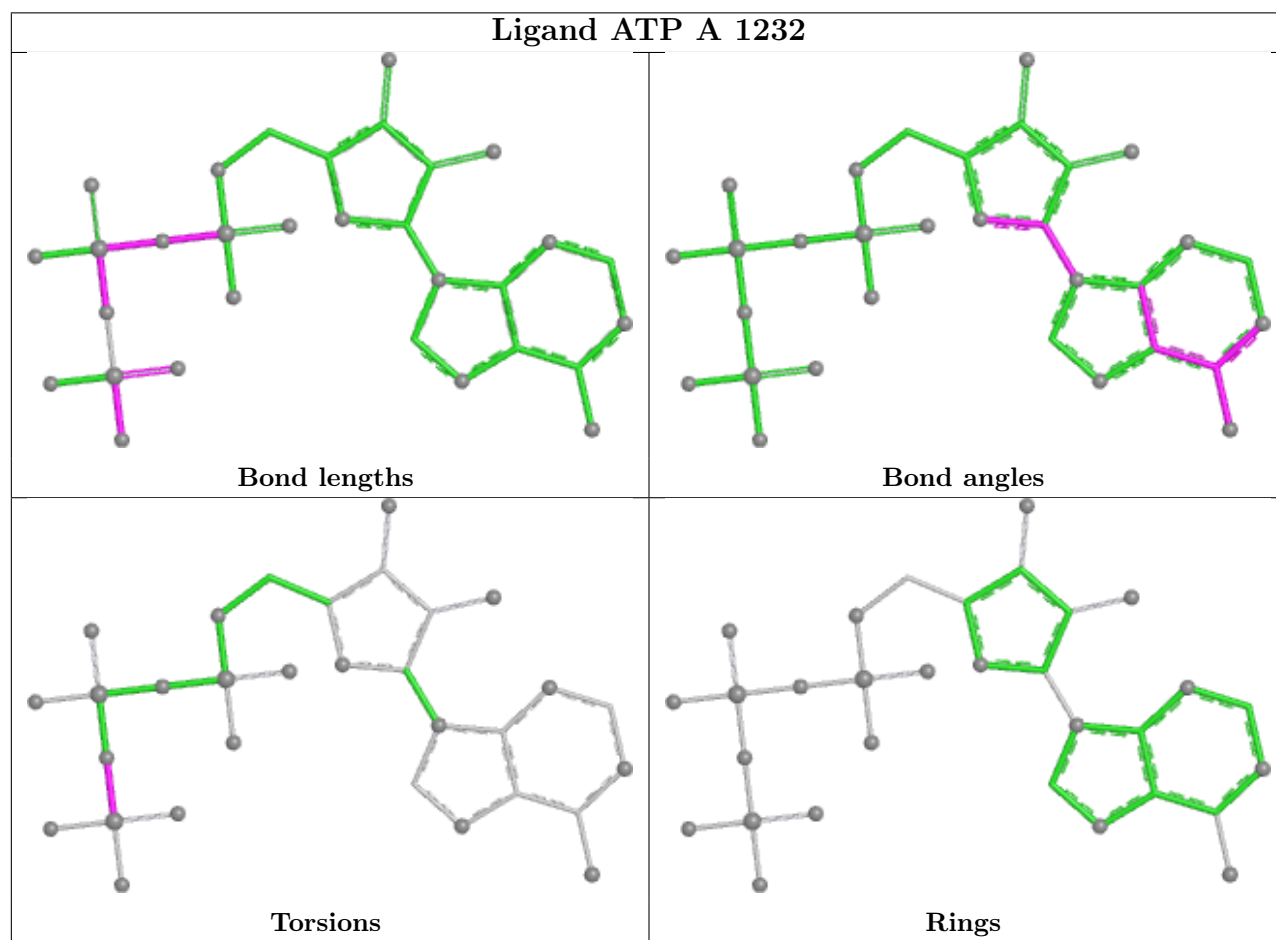
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	A	1232	ATP	O4'-C1'-N9	6.20	120.00	108.09	13	15
2	A	1232	ATP	N6-C6-N1	3.76	110.01	118.38	13	17
2	A	1232	ATP	C6-C5-C4	3.17	112.85	117.18	17	20
2	A	1232	ATP	C1'-N9-C8	2.82	133.36	127.09	17	3
2	A	1232	ATP	O3'-C3'-C2'	2.66	103.28	111.82	17	5
2	A	1232	ATP	C4'-O4'-C1'	2.43	104.09	109.47	5	3
2	A	1232	ATP	C6-C5-N7	2.43	136.78	132.09	17	9
2	A	1232	ATP	C4-N9-C1'	2.36	121.12	126.63	13	2
2	A	1232	ATP	O4'-C1'-C2'	2.36	101.57	106.62	5	1
2	A	1232	ATP	C5-C6-N6	2.25	128.86	123.29	13	2
2	A	1232	ATP	O3G-PG-O2G	2.07	115.58	107.80	9	4
2	A	1232	ATP	C2'-C1'-N9	2.00	108.33	113.30	8	1

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



6.7 Other polymers [\(i\)](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 86% for the well-defined parts and 84% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	2054
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	2046
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	8
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	1

The following assigned chemical shifts were not mapped to the molecules present in the coordinate file.

- No matching atom found in the structure. All 8 occurrences are reported below.

List ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift Data		
					Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	1231	ATP	H1'	5.93	0.030	1
1	A	1231	ATP	H2	8.189	0.030	1
1	A	1231	ATP	H2'	3.543	0.030	1
1	A	1231	ATP	H3'	3.091	0.030	1
1	A	1231	ATP	H4'	4.082	0.030	1
1	A	1231	ATP	H5'1	3.475	0.030	2
1	A	1231	ATP	H5'2	3.586	0.030	2
1	A	1231	ATP	H8	7.175	0.030	1

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction $\pm$ precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	175	-0.69 ± 0.11	Should be checked
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	164	-0.16 ± 0.09	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	157	0.02 ± 0.09	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	172	-0.26 ± 0.30	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 86%, i.e. 1453 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1693. 0 out of 24 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	606/633 (96%)	254/258 (98%)	231/252 (92%)	121/123 (98%)
Sidechain	827/982 (84%)	567/641 (88%)	250/306 (82%)	10/35 (29%)
Aromatic	20/78 (26%)	20/40 (50%)	0/33 (0%)	0/5 (0%)
Overall	1453/1693 (86%)	841/939 (90%)	481/591 (81%)	131/163 (80%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 84%, i.e. 2045 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2442. 0 out of 29 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	862/930 (93%)	358/378 (95%)	332/370 (90%)	172/182 (95%)
Sidechain	1155/1398 (83%)	791/910 (87%)	343/438 (78%)	21/50 (42%)
Aromatic	28/114 (25%)	28/59 (47%)	0/47 (0%)	0/8 (0%)
Overall	2045/2442 (84%)	1177/1347 (87%)	675/855 (79%)	193/240 (80%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	1079	THR	HG1	5.44	0.08 – 2.19	20.4

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication

of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

