



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 10, 2026 – 01:36 PM UTC

PDB ID : 7KPN / pdb_00007kpn
EMDB ID : EMD-22988
Title : Adeno-associated virus serotype 5 in complex with the cellular receptor AAVR
at 2.5 Angstroms resolution, AAV5 AAVR
Authors : Silveria, M.; Chapman, M.S.
Deposited on : 2020-11-12
Resolution : 2.50 Å(reported)
Based on initial model : 3NTT

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

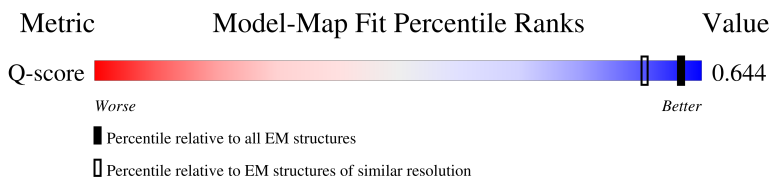
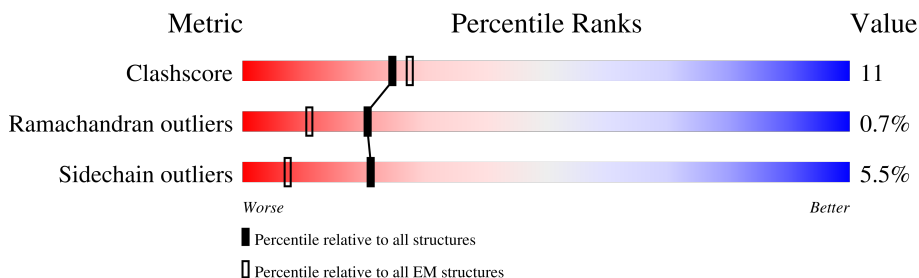
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	7115 (2.00 - 3.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	Z	199	
2	A	723	

2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4810 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Dyslexia-associated protein KIAA0319-like protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	Z	88	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			698	445	115	137	1		

There are 9 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
Z	302	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP Q8IZA0
Z	303	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q8IZA0
Z	304	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q8IZA0
Z	305	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q8IZA0
Z	306	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q8IZA0
Z	307	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q8IZA0
Z	308	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q8IZA0
Z	309	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q8IZA0
Z	310	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q8IZA0

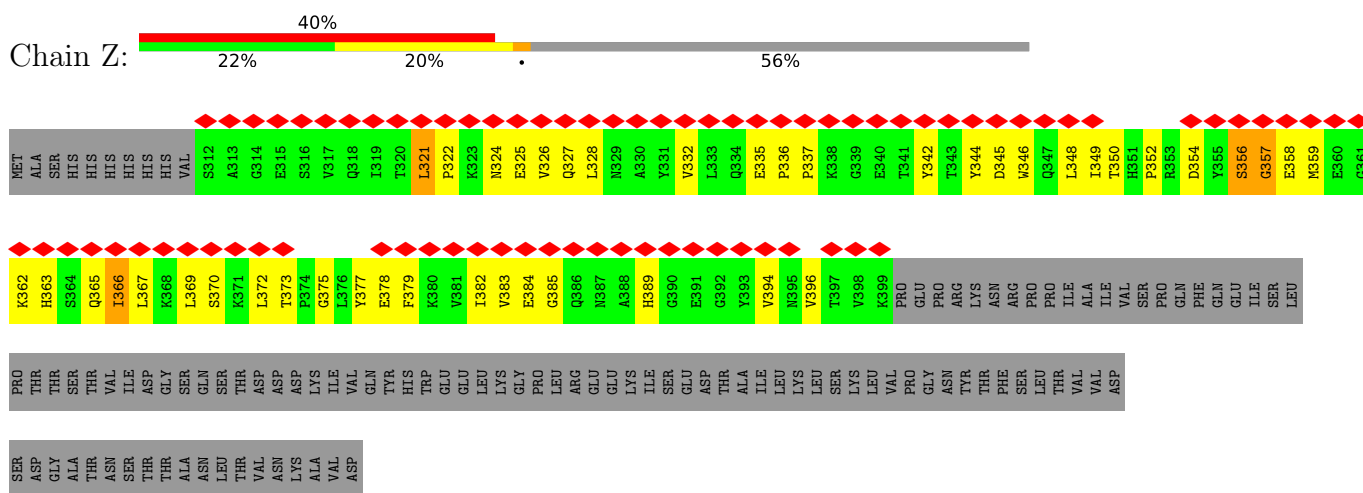
- Molecule 2 is a protein called Capsid protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	A	516	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			4112	2600	705	791	16		

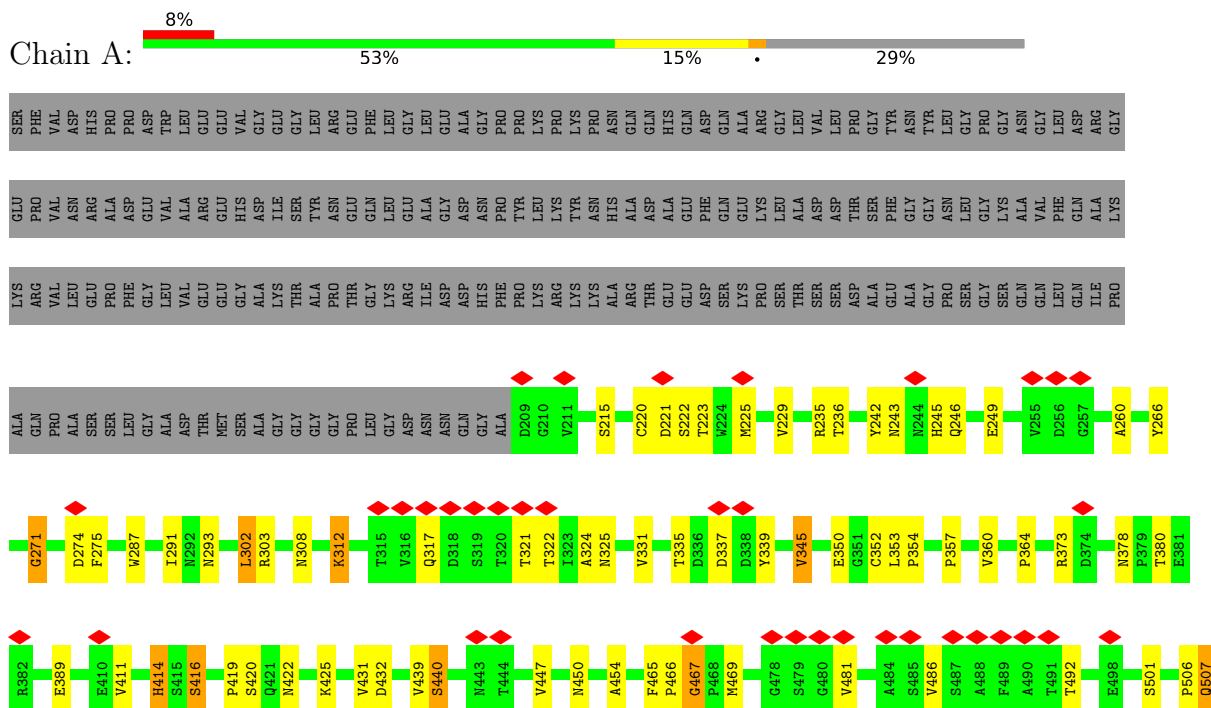
3 Residue-property plots

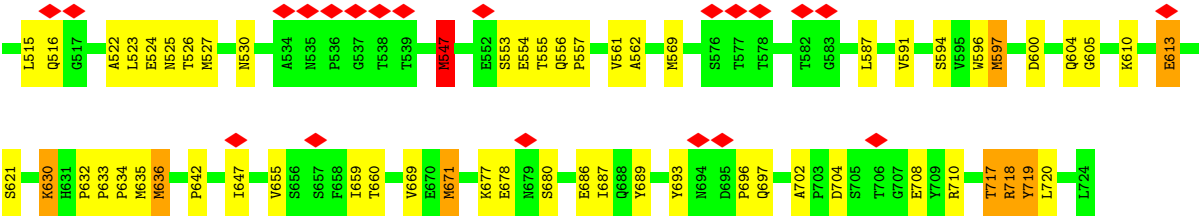
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Dyslexia-associated protein KIAA0319-like protein



- Molecule 2: Capsid protein





4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	159673	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING ONLY; CTF correction was performed on a per particle basis.	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	32.9	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	-700	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	-2700	Depositor
Magnification	64000	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	175.991	Depositor
Minimum map value	-100.955	Depositor
Average map value	-0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	10.000	Depositor
Recommended contour level	36	Depositor
Map size (Å)	340.558, 340.558, 340.558	wwPDB
Map dimensions	512, 512, 512	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.6651524, 0.6651524, 0.6651524	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	Z	0.49	0/714	0.79	4/969 (0.4%)
2	A	1.01	3/4240 (0.1%)	1.24	37/5793 (0.6%)
All	All	0.96	3/4954 (0.1%)	1.19	41/6762 (0.6%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
2	A	0	3

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	636	MET	SD-CE	8.35	2.00	1.79
2	A	469	MET	SD-CE	5.79	1.94	1.79
2	A	671	MET	SD-CE	5.27	1.92	1.79

All (41) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	605	GLY	CA-C-N	11.39	131.15	119.76
2	A	605	GLY	C-N-CA	11.39	131.15	119.76
2	A	357	PRO	N-CA-C	10.34	123.31	110.70
2	A	345	VAL	N-CA-C	10.01	120.03	110.42
2	A	260	ALA	N-CA-C	-6.91	104.82	113.18
2	A	220	CYS	N-CA-C	-6.55	97.10	108.69
2	A	271	GLY	N-CA-C	-6.51	101.63	111.14
2	A	350	GLU	N-CA-C	6.50	118.25	110.19
2	A	246	GLN	N-CA-C	6.40	119.97	109.85
2	A	591	VAL	CA-C-N	-6.36	113.40	120.14
2	A	591	VAL	C-N-CA	-6.36	113.40	120.14

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	562	ALA	N-CA-C	6.25	118.89	111.71
2	A	547	MET	N-CA-C	6.24	120.09	110.42
2	A	702	ALA	CA-C-N	6.22	125.98	119.76
2	A	702	ALA	C-N-CA	6.22	125.98	119.76
2	A	680	SER	N-CA-C	6.18	118.90	110.55
2	A	447	VAL	N-CA-C	6.13	117.55	109.21
2	A	659	ILE	N-CA-C	-6.08	100.87	108.89
2	A	569	MET	N-CA-C	6.07	117.76	108.42
2	A	331	VAL	N-CA-C	-5.94	99.18	108.86
2	A	378	ASN	N-CA-C	5.80	118.08	110.08
2	A	337	ASP	N-CA-C	5.64	119.42	112.54
2	A	229	VAL	N-CA-C	-5.57	100.99	108.35
2	A	523	LEU	N-CA-C	5.57	118.88	111.75
2	A	525	ASN	N-CA-C	-5.46	105.83	112.88
2	A	522	ALA	N-CA-C	-5.44	97.76	107.98
1	Z	356	SER	N-CA-C	-5.43	105.45	112.68
2	A	414	HIS	N-CA-C	-5.42	102.86	110.50
2	A	697	GLN	N-CA-C	-5.39	106.86	113.50
2	A	630	LYS	N-CA-C	-5.37	105.34	111.14
2	A	467	GLY	CA-C-N	5.32	125.25	119.78
2	A	467	GLY	C-N-CA	5.32	125.25	119.78
1	Z	335	GLU	CA-C-N	5.27	125.81	120.38
1	Z	335	GLU	C-N-CA	5.27	125.81	120.38
1	Z	366	ILE	N-CA-C	5.22	115.10	107.37
2	A	526	THR	N-CA-C	5.14	117.87	109.59
2	A	353	LEU	N-CA-C	-5.13	103.70	109.60
2	A	293	ASN	N-CA-C	5.04	120.96	114.56
2	A	324	ALA	CA-C-N	-5.02	115.17	122.65
2	A	324	ALA	C-N-CA	-5.02	115.17	122.65
2	A	287	TRP	N-CA-C	-5.01	105.90	111.36

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	A	339	TYR	Sidechain
2	A	689	TYR	Sidechain
2	A	719	TYR	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	Z	698	0	685	39	0
2	A	4112	0	3858	60	0
All	All	4810	0	4543	99	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 11.

All (99) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:Z:321:LEU:HB3	1:Z:322:PRO:HD2	1.44	0.96
2:A:555:THR:HG22	2:A:597:MET:HE3	1.53	0.90
2:A:506:PRO:O	2:A:507:GLN:HB2	1.79	0.80
2:A:492:THR:HG22	2:A:524:GLU:OE1	1.87	0.74
2:A:373:ARG:HB2	2:A:380:THR:HG22	1.70	0.74
2:A:416:SER:HB3	2:A:717:THR:HG23	1.70	0.71
2:A:302:LEU:HD12	2:A:303:ARG:N	2.06	0.70
2:A:242:TYR:O	2:A:243:ASN:HB2	1.90	0.70
1:Z:359:MET:HB2	1:Z:362:LYS:HE2	1.74	0.69
1:Z:321:LEU:HB3	1:Z:322:PRO:CD	2.22	0.68
1:Z:369:LEU:HD11	1:Z:379:PHE:CZ	2.29	0.67
1:Z:379:PHE:HB2	1:Z:394:VAL:HG13	1.77	0.67
1:Z:324:ASN:HB2	1:Z:372:LEU:HB2	1.78	0.66
2:A:419:PRO:HD3	2:A:597:MET:HE2	1.79	0.64
1:Z:345:ASP:HB2	1:Z:382:ILE:CG2	2.27	0.64
2:A:302:LEU:HD12	2:A:303:ARG:H	1.63	0.63
1:Z:356:SER:O	1:Z:357:GLY:O	2.16	0.63
2:A:302:LEU:HD13	2:A:671:MET:HG2	1.81	0.63
2:A:439:VAL:HG11	2:A:450:ASN:HB2	1.82	0.62
2:A:678:GLU:HG3	2:A:720:LEU:HD13	1.82	0.61
2:A:467:GLY:HA3	2:A:596:TRP:HB3	1.82	0.60
1:Z:384:GLU:HG2	1:Z:389:HIS:HA	1.83	0.60
1:Z:346:TRP:HD1	1:Z:362:LYS:O	1.84	0.59
2:A:516:GLN:H	2:A:556:GLN:NE2	1.99	0.59
1:Z:344:TYR:O	1:Z:363:HIS:HA	2.02	0.59

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:A:317:GLN:HG2	2:A:317:GLN:O	2.03	0.58
1:Z:379:PHE:HB2	1:Z:394:VAL:CG1	2.34	0.57
1:Z:332:VAL:HG21	1:Z:383:VAL:HB	1.87	0.57
2:A:335:THR:CG2	2:A:636:MET:HE2	2.35	0.56
2:A:439:VAL:O	2:A:440:SER:HB3	2.05	0.56
2:A:416:SER:CB	2:A:717:THR:HG23	2.37	0.55
2:A:527:MET:HE2	2:A:527:MET:HA	1.88	0.55
1:Z:359:MET:HB3	1:Z:367:LEU:HD11	1.89	0.54
2:A:215:SER:H	2:A:308:ASN:ND2	2.06	0.54
2:A:414:HIS:CD2	2:A:717:THR:HG21	2.43	0.54
1:Z:328:LEU:O	1:Z:366:ILE:HA	2.08	0.54
1:Z:348:LEU:HD13	1:Z:379:PHE:CE2	2.42	0.53
1:Z:332:VAL:HG21	1:Z:383:VAL:CB	2.39	0.53
1:Z:350:THR:HB	1:Z:378:GLU:HB2	1.91	0.53
2:A:704:ASP:OD1	2:A:708:GLU:HG2	2.08	0.53
1:Z:350:THR:HB	1:Z:378:GLU:HG2	1.91	0.52
2:A:554:GLU:HG3	2:A:718:ARG:HB2	1.92	0.52
1:Z:336:PRO:HB2	1:Z:337:PRO:HD2	1.92	0.52
1:Z:359:MET:HE2	1:Z:367:LEU:HD21	1.92	0.52
2:A:613:GLU:HA	2:A:613:GLU:OE1	2.10	0.52
2:A:223:THR:O	2:A:225:MET:HE3	2.09	0.51
1:Z:325:GLU:HG3	1:Z:370:SER:HA	1.93	0.51
2:A:249:GLU:HB2	2:A:266:TYR:CE1	2.45	0.51
2:A:553:SER:O	2:A:556:GLN:HG2	2.10	0.51
2:A:345:VAL:HG23	2:A:635:MET:HE3	1.93	0.50
2:A:600:ASP:OD1	2:A:717:THR:HG22	2.11	0.50
2:A:419:PRO:HD3	2:A:597:MET:CE	2.41	0.50
1:Z:350:THR:HB	1:Z:378:GLU:CG	2.42	0.50
1:Z:362:LYS:HA	1:Z:367:LEU:HD13	1.95	0.49
1:Z:344:TYR:CD2	1:Z:383:VAL:HG22	2.49	0.48
2:A:235:ARG:HD2	2:A:354:PRO:HD2	1.95	0.48
2:A:312:LYS:NZ	2:A:325:ASN:HB3	2.27	0.48
2:A:312:LYS:HZ3	2:A:325:ASN:HB3	1.79	0.47
1:Z:359:MET:CE	1:Z:367:LEU:HD21	2.44	0.47
2:A:647:ILE:HD11	2:A:655:VAL:HG13	1.96	0.47
2:A:422:ASN:HB3	2:A:425:LYS:HG2	1.95	0.47
2:A:547:MET:HE3	2:A:547:MET:HA	1.96	0.47
2:A:630:LYS:HD2	2:A:630:LYS:HA	1.68	0.47
2:A:693:TYR:HB2	2:A:696:PRO:HG3	1.97	0.46
1:Z:345:ASP:HB2	1:Z:382:ILE:HG23	1.98	0.46
2:A:414:HIS:NE2	2:A:717:THR:HG21	2.30	0.46

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:A:291:ILE:HD12	2:A:719:TYR:CE2	2.51	0.46
2:A:271:GLY:HA2	2:A:364:PRO:O	2.16	0.45
2:A:515:LEU:HD13	2:A:561:VAL:CG2	2.47	0.45
2:A:236:THR:HB	2:A:360:VAL:HG22	1.99	0.45
2:A:245:HIS:ND1	2:A:642:PRO:HB3	2.31	0.45
1:Z:359:MET:CB	1:Z:362:LYS:HE2	2.44	0.44
1:Z:336:PRO:HG3	1:Z:342:TYR:CZ	2.53	0.44
2:A:274:ASP:O	2:A:352:CYS:HA	2.17	0.44
2:A:647:ILE:HD11	2:A:655:VAL:CG1	2.48	0.43
1:Z:342:TYR:CE1	1:Z:385:GLY:HA3	2.53	0.43
2:A:302:LEU:HD11	2:A:669:VAL:CG1	2.48	0.43
2:A:556:GLN:N	2:A:557:PRO:CD	2.82	0.42
1:Z:358:GLU:N	1:Z:358:GLU:OE1	2.52	0.42
2:A:636:MET:HE3	2:A:636:MET:HB2	1.89	0.42
1:Z:350:THR:HB	1:Z:378:GLU:CB	2.49	0.42
2:A:610:LYS:HG3	2:A:632:PRO:HG3	2.01	0.42
2:A:530:ASN:HA	2:A:547:MET:HE3	2.02	0.42
2:A:516:GLN:H	2:A:556:GLN:HE22	1.67	0.42
1:Z:349:ILE:HG13	1:Z:378:GLU:HB2	2.02	0.41
1:Z:326:VAL:HG22	1:Z:327:GLN:N	2.36	0.41
1:Z:377:TYR:HB2	1:Z:396:VAL:HB	2.02	0.41
2:A:335:THR:HG21	2:A:636:MET:HE2	2.01	0.41
2:A:633:PRO:HA	2:A:634:PRO:HD3	1.79	0.41
2:A:671:MET:HE2	2:A:671:MET:HB3	1.64	0.41
1:Z:324:ASN:O	1:Z:372:LEU:HD12	2.20	0.41
2:A:432:ASP:OD1	2:A:454:ALA:N	2.53	0.41
2:A:223:THR:O	2:A:225:MET:CE	2.68	0.41
1:Z:352:PRO:HG3	1:Z:375:GLY:HA3	2.03	0.41
1:Z:344:TYR:CZ	1:Z:365:GLN:HG2	2.56	0.40
1:Z:354:ASP:OD1	1:Z:373:THR:HG21	2.21	0.40
2:A:439:VAL:O	2:A:440:SER:CB	2.68	0.40
2:A:465:PHE:HA	2:A:466:PRO:HD3	1.90	0.40
2:A:708:GLU:O	2:A:708:GLU:HG3	2.21	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	Z	86/199 (43%)	74 (86%)	10 (12%)	2 (2%)	5	8
2	A	514/723 (71%)	482 (94%)	30 (6%)	2 (0%)	30	49
All	All	600/922 (65%)	556 (93%)	40 (7%)	4 (1%)	20	34

All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	Z	357	GLY
1	Z	321	LEU
2	A	321	THR
2	A	440	SER

5.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	Z	77/178 (43%)	77 (100%)	0	100	100
2	A	451/612 (74%)	422 (94%)	29 (6%)	16	33
All	All	528/790 (67%)	499 (94%)	29 (6%)	21	40

All (29) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	A	221	ASP
2	A	222	SER

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	A	275	PHE
2	A	302	LEU
2	A	312	LYS
2	A	322	THR
2	A	389	GLU
2	A	411	VAL
2	A	416	SER
2	A	420	SER
2	A	431	VAL
2	A	481	VAL
2	A	486	VAL
2	A	501	SER
2	A	507	GLN
2	A	547	MET
2	A	587	LEU
2	A	594	SER
2	A	597	MET
2	A	604	GLN
2	A	613	GLU
2	A	621	SER
2	A	660	THR
2	A	677	LYS
2	A	686	GLU
2	A	687	ILE
2	A	710	ARG
2	A	717	THR
2	A	718	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (19) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	Z	327	GLN
1	Z	365	GLN
1	Z	387	ASN
2	A	213	ASN
2	A	261	ASN
2	A	308	ASN
2	A	317	GLN
2	A	340	GLN
2	A	359	GLN
2	A	365	GLN
2	A	375	ASN

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	A	509	ASN
2	A	556	GLN
2	A	564	ASN
2	A	619	HIS
2	A	646	ASN
2	A	661	GLN
2	A	679	ASN
2	A	694	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

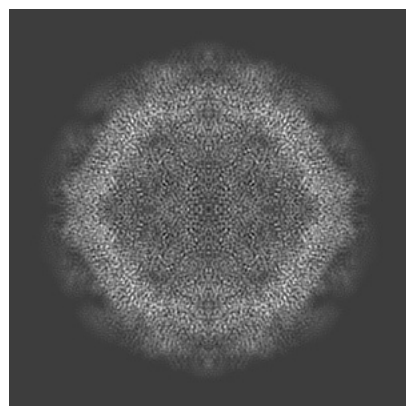
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-22988. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

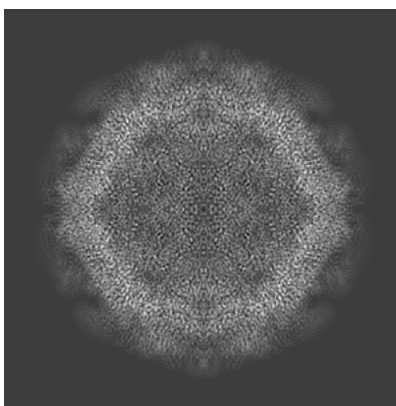
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

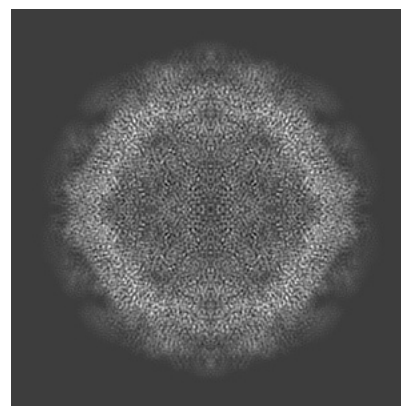
6.1.1 Primary map



X

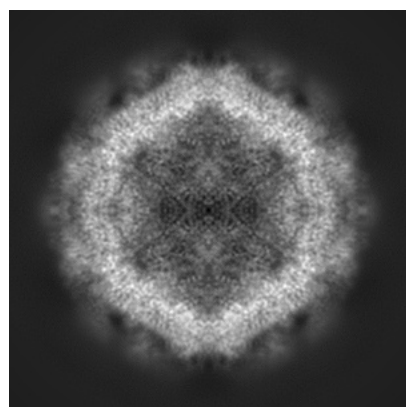


Y

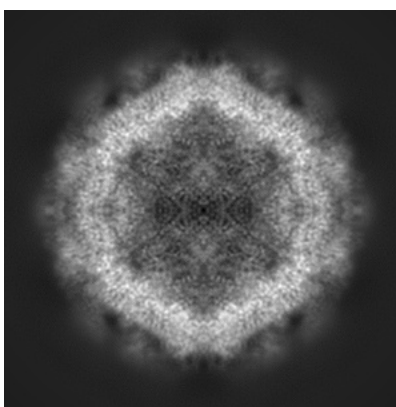


Z

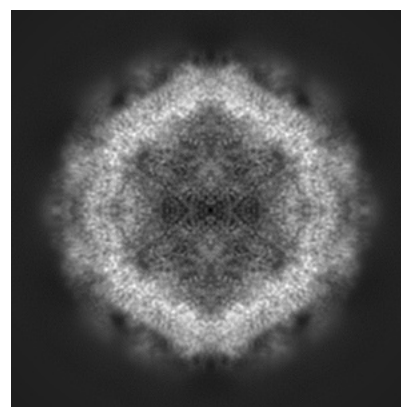
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

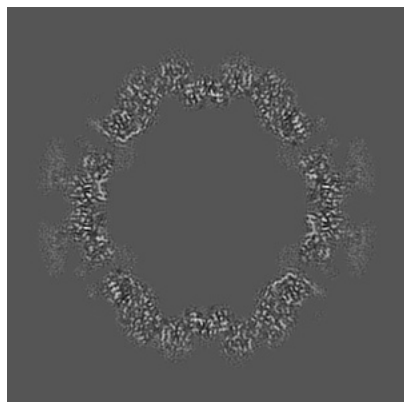


Z

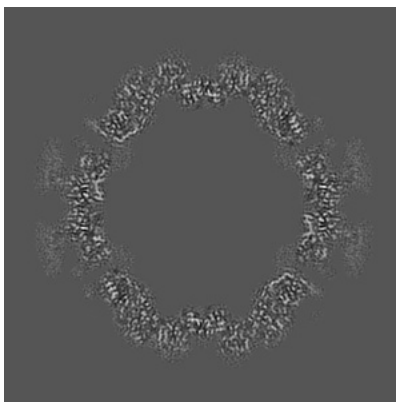
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

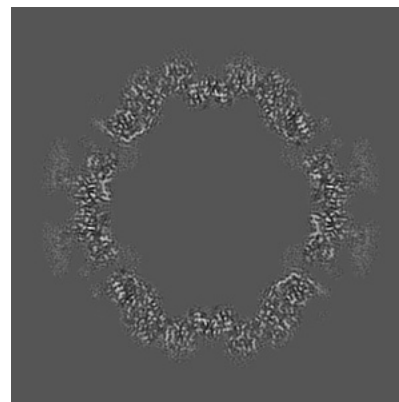
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 256

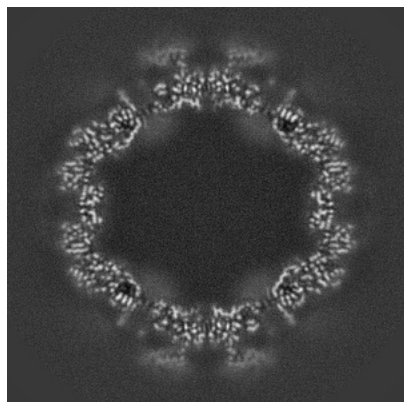


Y Index: 256

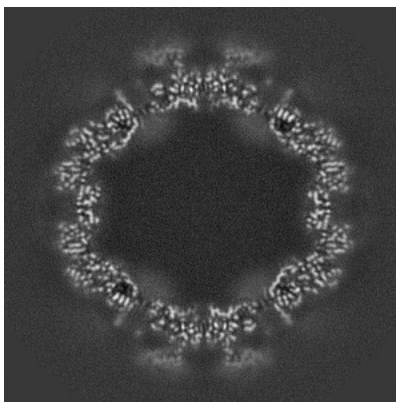


Z Index: 256

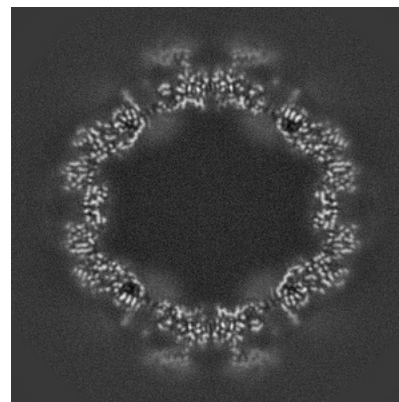
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 256



Y Index: 256

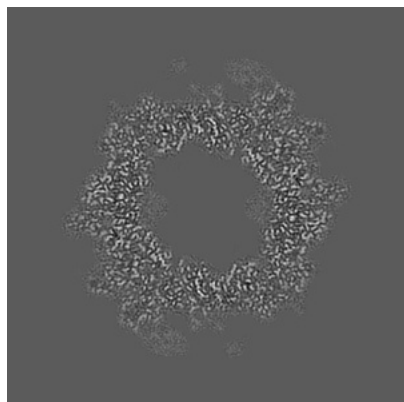


Z Index: 256

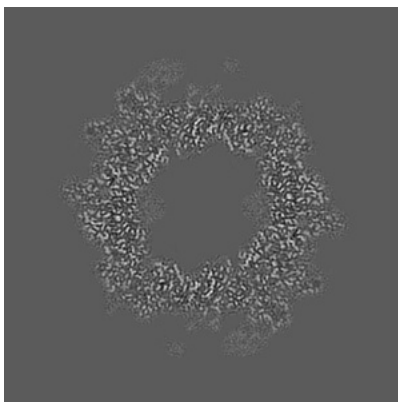
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

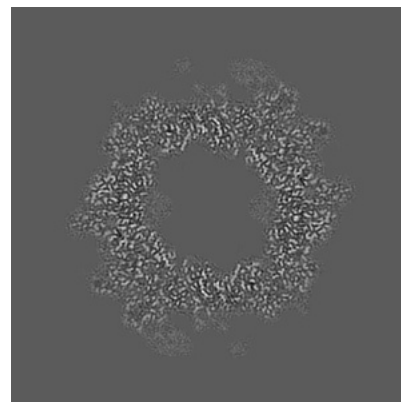
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 153

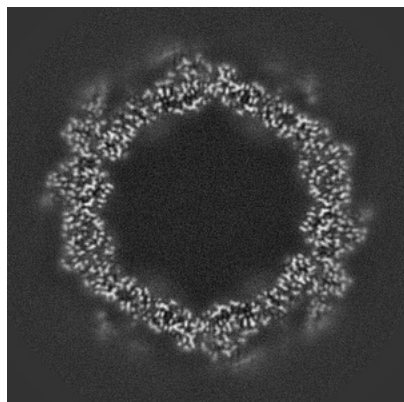


Y Index: 357

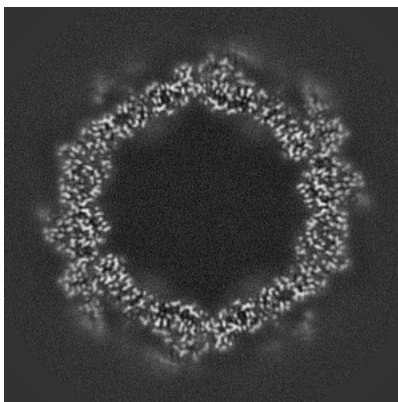


Z Index: 153

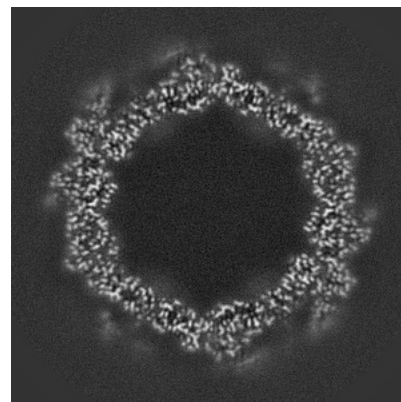
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 277



Y Index: 233

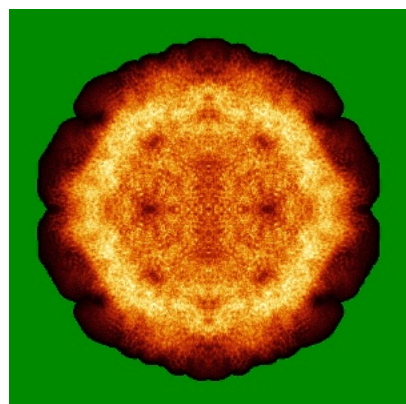


Z Index: 277

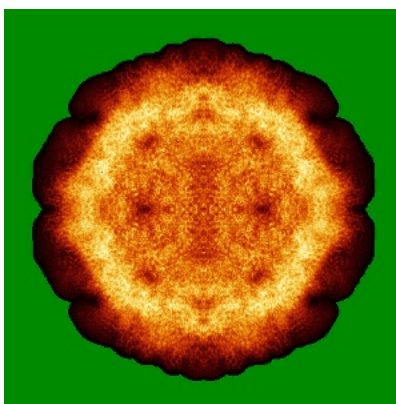
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

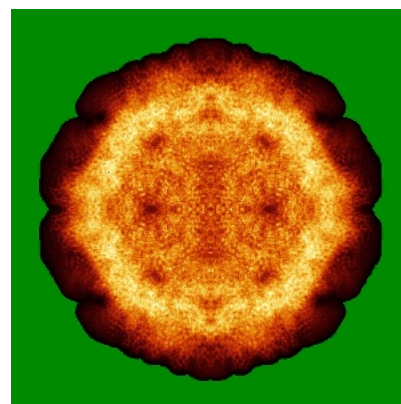
6.4.1 Primary map



X

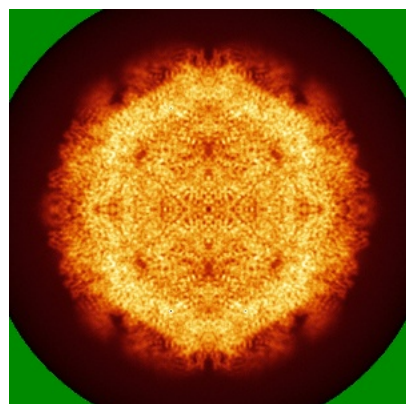


Y

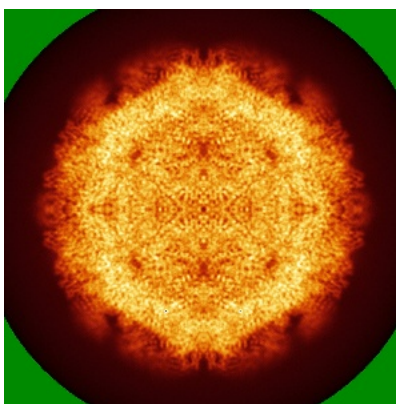


Z

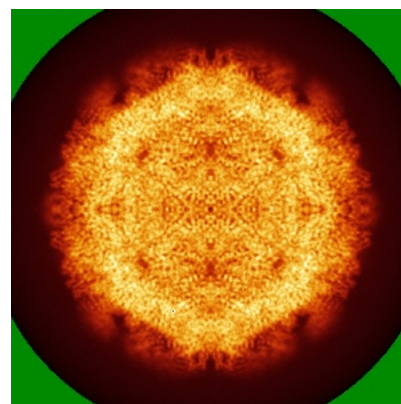
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

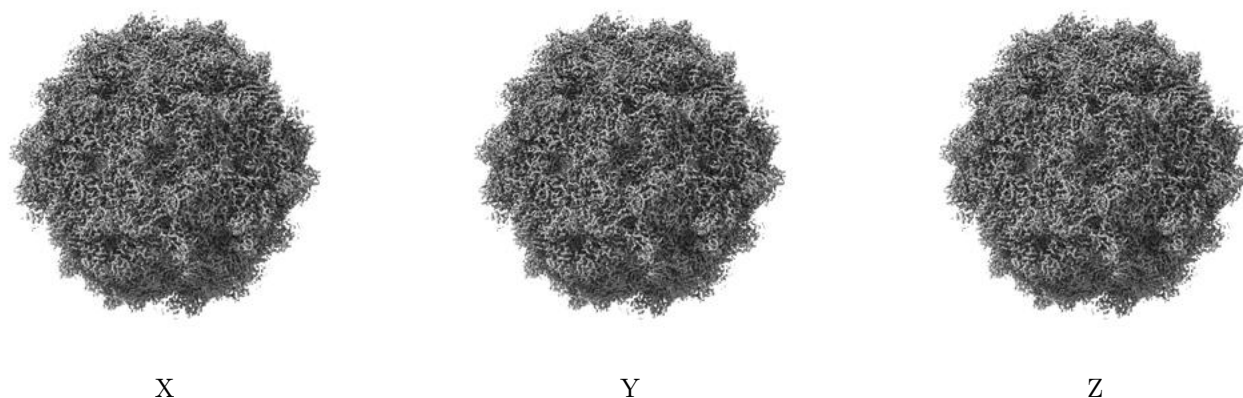


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

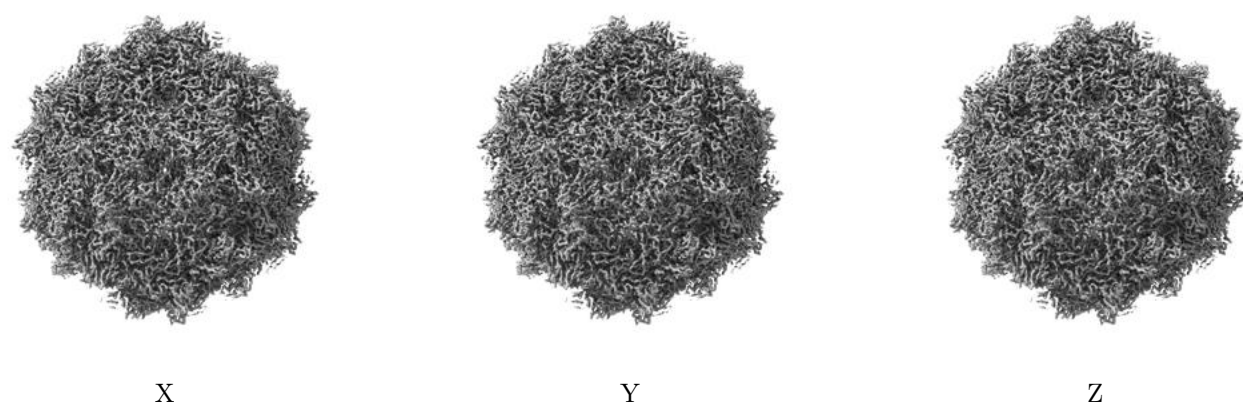
6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 36.0. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

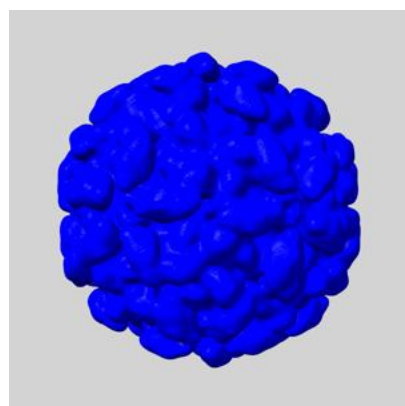
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

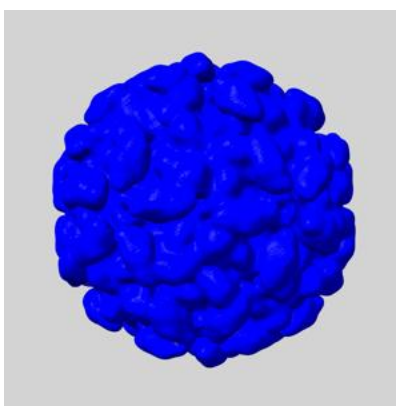
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

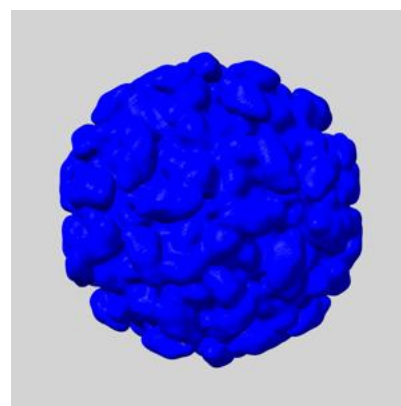
6.6.1 emd_22988_msk_1.map [i](#)



X



Y

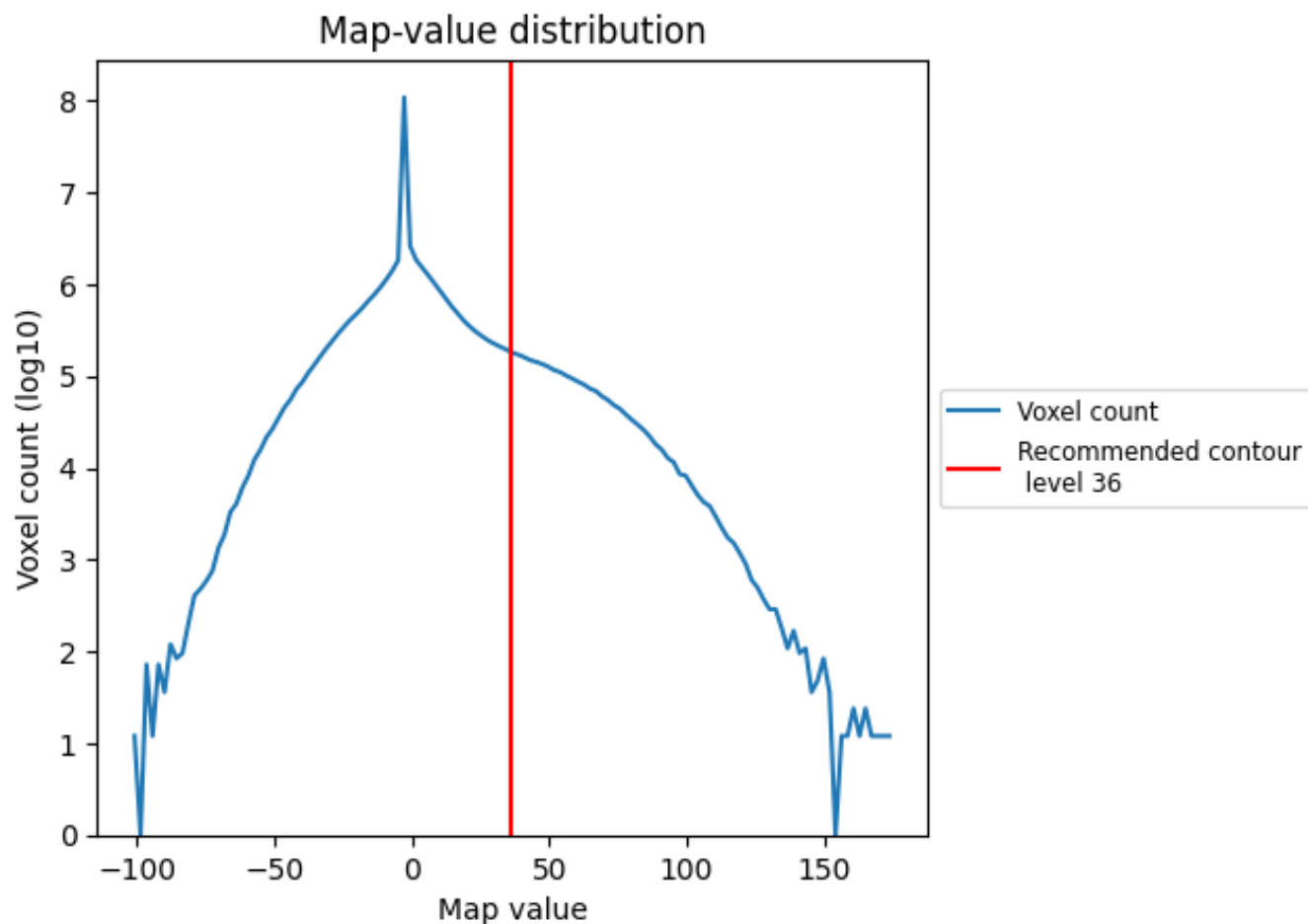


Z

7 Map analysis [i](#)

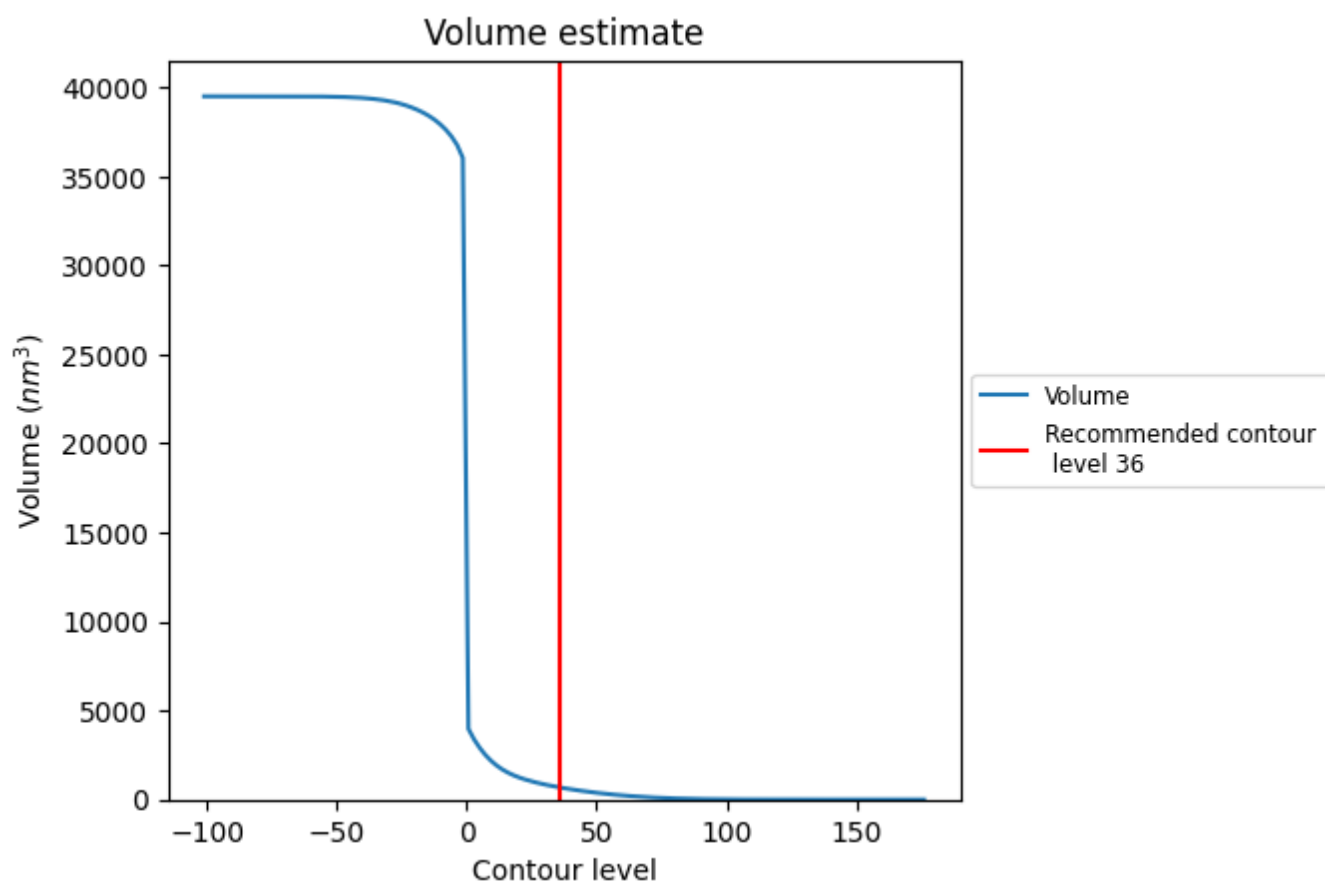
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

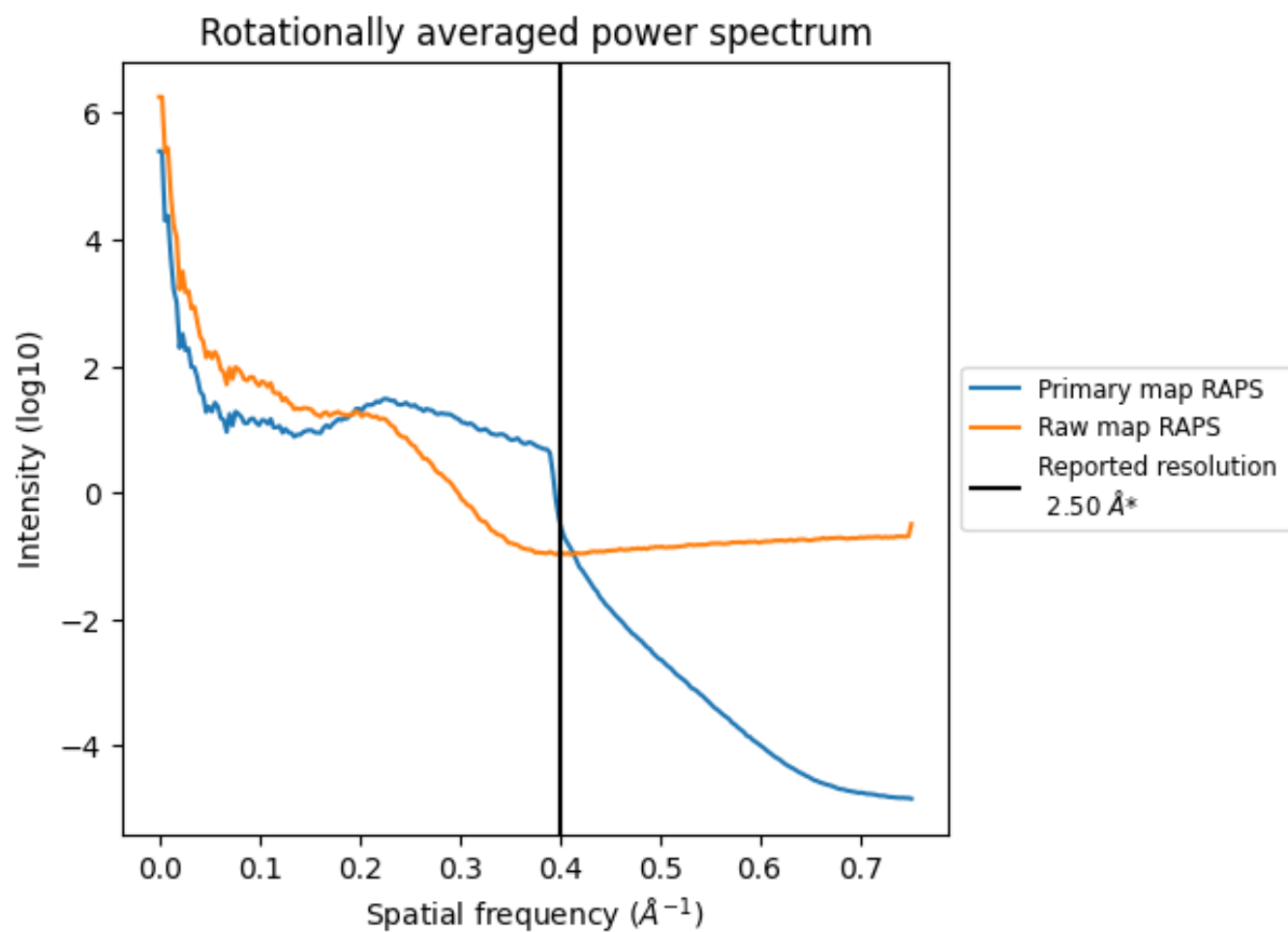
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 678 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 612 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

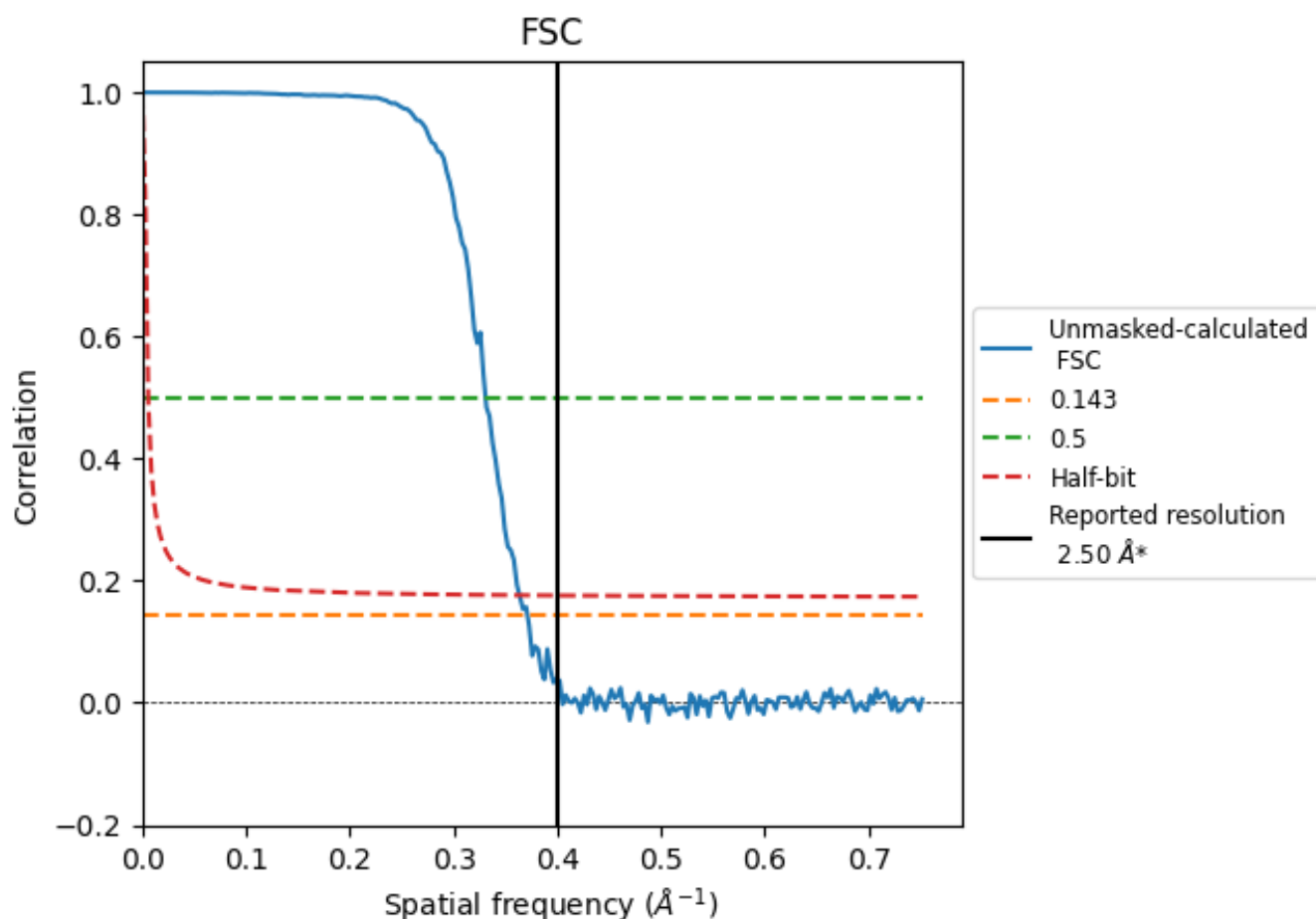


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of $0.400 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.400 $\text{\AA}^{-1}$

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	2.50	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	-	-	-
Unmasked-calculated*	2.69	3.02	2.75

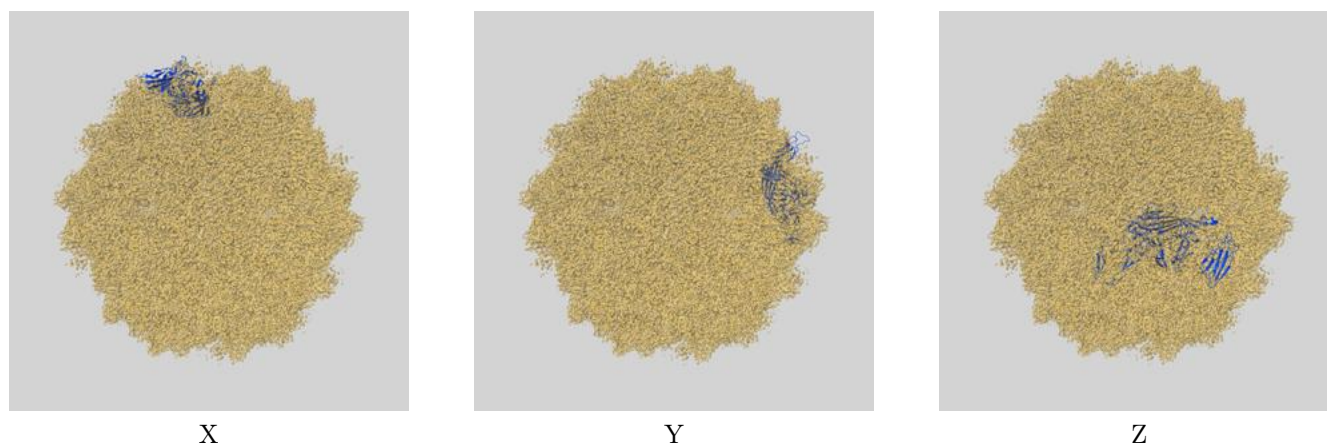
*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

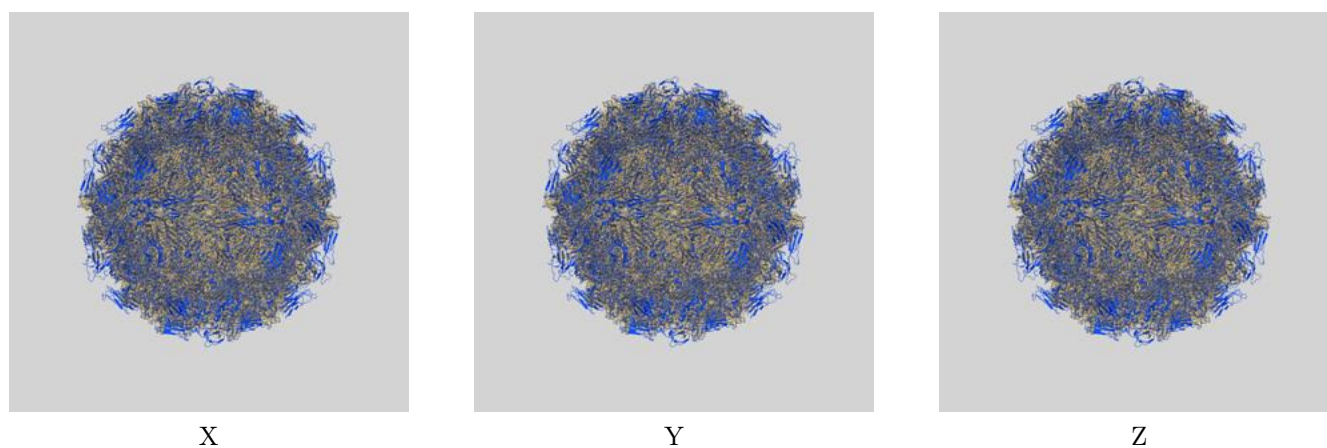
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-22988 and PDB model 7KPN. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [4](#).

9.1 Map-model overlays

9.1.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)

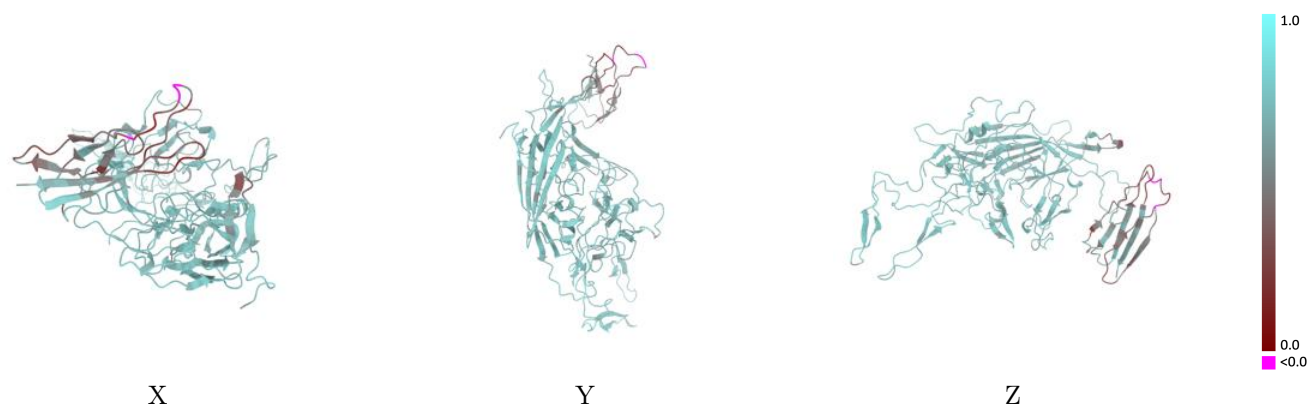


9.1.2 Map-model assembly overlay [i](#)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 36.0 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)

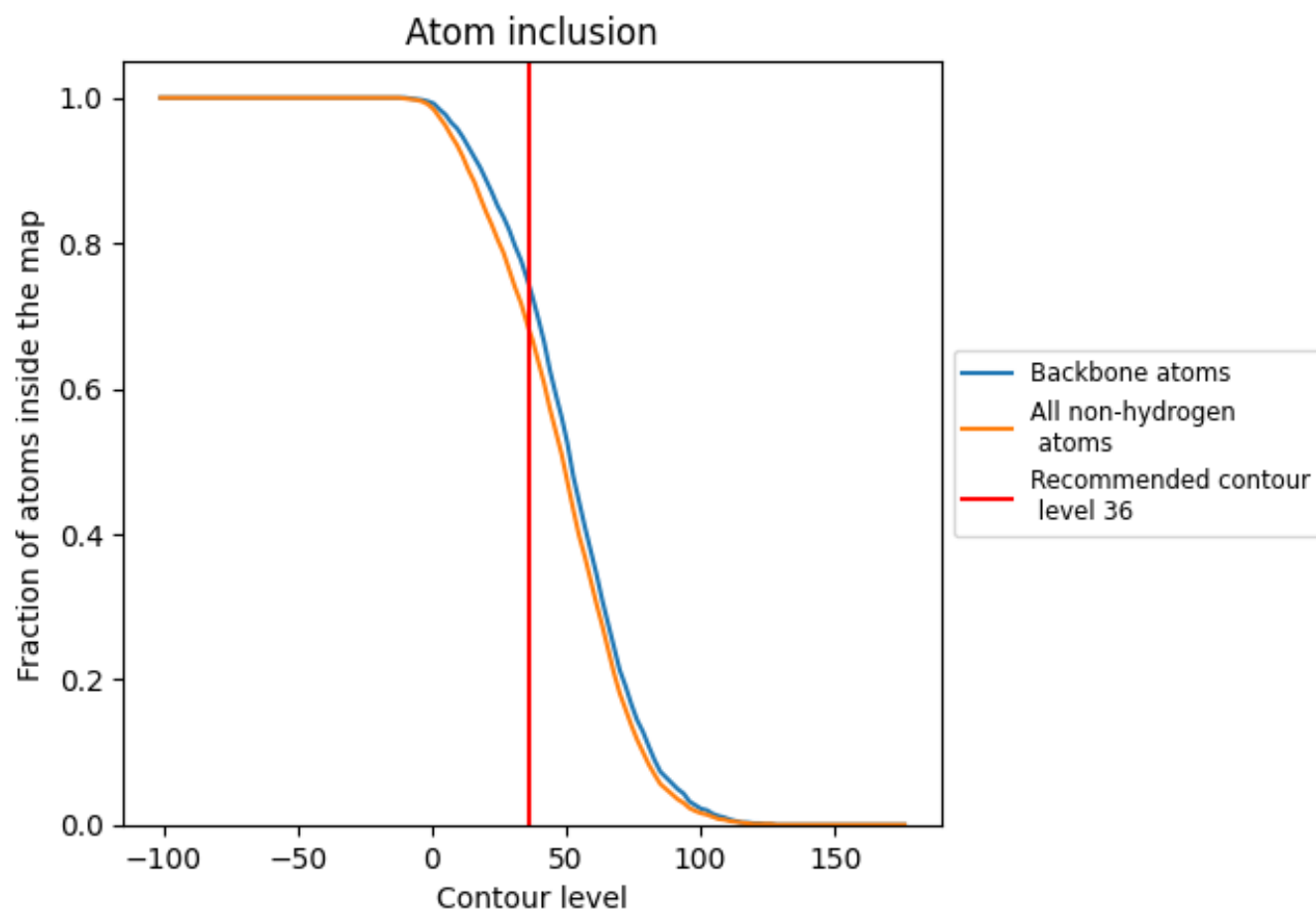


The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)

This section was not generated.

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 74% of all backbone atoms, 68% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (36) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.6830	0.6440
A	0.7810	0.6780
Z	0.1120	0.4410

